



Criminal Justice Administration Act 1914

1914 CHAPTER 58 4 and 5 Geo 5

Bail and Remand

19 ^[F1]Continuous bail.

Where a person is remanded on bail [^{F2}the court may, where it remands him on bail in criminal proceedings (within the meaning of the ^{M1}Bail Act 1976) direct him to appear or, in any other case, direct that his recognizance be conditioned]for his appearance at every time and place to which during the course of the proceedings the hearing may be from time to time adjourned, without prejudice, however, to the power of the court to vary the order at any subsequent hearing.]

Textual Amendments

F1 S. 19 repealed, so far as it relates to bail granted by a Magistrates' Court, by [Magistrates' Courts Act 1952 \(c. 55\), s. 132, Sch. 6](#)

F2 Words substituted by [Bail Act 1976 \(c. 63\), Sch. 2 para. 7](#)

Marginal Citations

M1 [1976 c. 63.](#)

20— F3
23.

Textual Amendments

F3 [Ss. 18, 20–23, 25](#) repealed by [Magistrates' Courts Act 1952 \(c. 55\), s. 132, Sch. 6](#)

24 Declaration of law as to mode of entering into recognizance.

For removing doubts it is hereby declared that where as a condition of the release of any person he is required to enter into a recognizance with sureties, the recognizances

Status: Point in time view as at 01/02/1991.

Changes to legislation: There are currently no known outstanding effects for the Criminal Justice Administration Act 1914, Cross Heading: Bail and Remand. (See end of Document for details)

of the sureties may be taken separately and either before or after the recognizances of the principal, and if so taken the recognizances of the principal and sureties shall be as binding as if they had been taken together and at the same time.

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