

Criminal Finances Act 2017

2017 CHAPTER 22

PART 3

CORPORATE OFFENCES OF FAILURE TO PREVENT FACILITATION OF TAX EVASION

Failure of relevant bodies to prevent tax evasion facilitation offences by associated persons

45 Failure to prevent facilitation of UK tax evasion offences

- (1) A relevant body (B) is guilty of an offence if a person commits a UK tax evasion facilitation offence when acting in the capacity of a person associated with B.
- (2) It is a defence for B to prove that, when the UK tax evasion facilitation offence was committed—
 - (a) B had in place such prevention procedures as it was reasonable in all the circumstances to expect B to have in place, or
 - (b) it was not reasonable in all the circumstances to expect B to have any prevention procedures in place.
- (3) In subsection (2) "prevention procedures" means procedures designed to prevent persons acting in the capacity of a person associated with B from committing UK tax evasion facilitation offences.
- (4) In this Part "UK tax evasion offence" means—
 - (a) an offence of cheating the public revenue, or
 - (b) an offence under the law of any part of the United Kingdom consisting of being knowingly concerned in, or in taking steps with a view to, the fraudulent evasion of a tax.
- (5) In this Part "UK tax evasion facilitation offence" means an offence under the law of any part of the United Kingdom consisting of—
 - (a) being knowingly concerned in, or in taking steps with a view to, the fraudulent evasion of a tax by another person,

Status: This is the original version (as it was originally enacted).

- (b) aiding, abetting, counselling or procuring the commission of a UK tax evasion offence, or
- (c) being involved art and part in the commission of an offence consisting of being knowingly concerned in, or in taking steps with a view to, the fraudulent evasion of a tax.
- (6) Conduct carried out with a view to the fraudulent evasion of tax by another person is not to be regarded as a UK tax evasion facilitation offence by virtue of subsection (5) (a) unless the other person has committed a UK tax evasion offence facilitated by that conduct.
- (7) For the purposes of this section "tax" means a tax imposed under the law of any part of the United Kingdom, including national insurance contributions under—
 - (a) Part 1 of the Social Security Contributions and Benefits Act 1992, or
 - (b) Part 1 of the Social Security Contributions and Benefits (Northern Ireland) Act 1992.
- (8) A relevant body guilty of an offence under this section is liable—
 - (a) on conviction on indictment, to a fine;
 - (b) on summary conviction in England and Wales, to a fine;
 - (c) on summary conviction in Scotland or Northern Ireland, to a fine not exceeding the statutory maximum.