

# Criminal Justice and Courts Act 2015

# **2015 CHAPTER 2**

#### PART 1

### CRIMINAL JUSTICE

### Cautions etc

# 17 Restrictions on use of cautions

- (1) This section applies where, in England and Wales, a person aged 18 or over admits that he or she has committed an offence.
- (2) If the offence is an indictable-only offence, a constable may not give the person a caution except—
  - (a) in exceptional circumstances relating to the person or the offence, and
  - (b) with the consent of the Director of Public Prosecutions.
- (3) If the offence is an either-way offence specified by order made by the Secretary of State, a constable may not give the person a caution except in exceptional circumstances relating to the person or the offence.
- (4) If—
  - (a) the offence is a summary offence or an either-way offence not specified under subsection (3), and
  - (b) in the two years before the commission of the offence the person has been convicted of, or cautioned for, a similar offence,
  - a constable may not give the person a caution except in exceptional circumstances relating to the person, the offence admitted or the previous offence.
- (5) It is for a police officer not below a rank specified by order made by the Secretary of State to determine—
  - (a) whether there are exceptional circumstances for the purposes of subsection (2), (3) or (4), and

- (b) whether a previous offence is similar to the offence admitted for the purposes of subsection (4)(b).
- (6) A determination under subsection (5) must be made in accordance with guidance issued by the Secretary of State.
- (7) The Secretary of State may by order amend this section so as to provide for a different period for the purposes of subsection (4)(b).
- (8) For the purposes of this section—
  - (a) "caution" does not include a conditional caution under Part 3 of the Criminal Justice Act 2003, but
  - (b) a person has been "cautioned for" an offence if he or she has been given a caution, a conditional caution or a youth caution or youth conditional caution under Chapter 1 of Part 4 of the Crime and Disorder Act 1998.
- (9) In this section—
  - "either-way offence" means an offence triable either way;
  - "indictable-only offence" means an offence which, if committed by an adult, is triable only on indictment.
- (10) This section applies whether the offence admitted was committed before or after the time when this section comes into force.