Changes to legislation: There are currently no known outstanding effects for the Marriage (Same Sex Couples) Act 2013, Cross Heading: Evidence. (See end of Document for details)

SCHEDULES

SCHEDULE 5

CHANGE OF GENDER OF MARRIED PERSONS OR CIVIL PARTNERS

PART 1

APPLICATIONS BY MARRIED PERSONS AND CIVIL PARTNERS

Evidence

- 2 Section 3 (evidence): after subsection (6) insert—
 - "(6A) If the applicant is married, an application under section 1(1) must include a statutory declaration as to whether the marriage is a marriage under the law of England and Wales, of Scotland, of Northern Ireland, or of a country or territory outside the United Kingdom.
 - (6B) If the applicant is married, and the marriage is a protected marriage, an application under section 1(1) must also include—
 - (a) a statutory declaration by the applicant's spouse that the spouse consents to the marriage continuing after the issue of a full gender recognition certificate ("a statutory declaration of consent") (if the spouse has made such a declaration), or
 - (b) a statutory declaration by the applicant that the applicant's spouse has not made a statutory declaration of consent (if that is the case).
 - (6C) If an application includes a statutory declaration of consent by the applicant's spouse, the Gender Recognition Panel must give the spouse notice that the application has been made.".

Commencement Information

II Sch. 5 para. 2 in force at 10.12.2014 by S.I. 2014/3169, art. 2

Changes to legislation:

There are currently no known outstanding effects for the Marriage (Same Sex Couples) Act 2013, Cross Heading: Evidence.