

SCHEDULES

SCHEDULE 1

Section 1(3)

PERSONS IN PUBLIC SERVICE: DEFINITIONS

Civil servants

- 1 In this Act, “civil servants” means persons employed in the civil service of the State (not including the civil service of Northern Ireland).

Judiciary

- 2 (1) In this Act, “the judiciary” means holders of an office specified in an order made by—
- (a) the Secretary of State, in relation to an office with a jurisdiction exercised exclusively in relation to Scotland, or
 - (b) the Lord Chancellor, in any other case.
- (2) An order under sub-paragraph (1) may only specify an office in or as regards Scotland or Northern Ireland if the office is not a devolved office.
- (3) An order under this paragraph is subject to the negative procedure.

Local government workers

- 3 (1) In this Act, “local government workers” means persons employed in local government service and specified in scheme regulations.
- (2) In this paragraph, “local government service” means service specified in scheme regulations.

Teachers

- 4 In this Act, “teachers” includes persons who are employed otherwise than as teachers—
- (a) in a capacity connected with education which to a substantial extent involves the control or supervision of teachers, or
 - (b) in employment which involves the performance of duties in connection with the provision of education or services ancillary to education, and
- who are specified in scheme regulations.

Health service workers

- 5 (1) In this Act, “health service workers” means persons engaged in health services and specified in scheme regulations.
- (2) In this paragraph, “health services” means services specified in scheme regulations.

Status: This is the original version (as it was originally enacted).

Fire and rescue workers

- 6 In this Act, “fire and rescue workers” means persons employed by—
- (a) a fire and rescue authority in England or Wales, or
 - (b) the Scottish Fire and Rescue Service.

Police forces

- 7 In this Act “members of a police force”—
- (a) in relation to England and Wales, includes special constables and police cadets;
 - (b) in relation to Scotland, means members of the Police Service of Scotland and police cadets.

Armed forces

- 8 In this Act, “the armed forces” means the naval, military and air forces of the Crown.

Transitional provision

- 9 In relation to a time before the coming into force of section 101 of the Police and Fire Reform (Scotland) Act 2012 ([asp 8](#)), the reference in paragraph 6(b) to the Scottish Fire and Rescue Service is to be read as a reference to a relevant authority (as defined in section 6 of the Fire (Scotland) Act 2005 ([asp 5](#))).
- 10 In relation to a time before the coming into force of section 6 of the Police and Fire Reform (Scotland) Act 2012, the reference in paragraph 7(b) to the Police Service of Scotland is to be read as a reference to a police force within the meaning of the Police (Scotland) Act 1967.