

## Corporation Tax Act 2010

### **2010 CHAPTER 4**

### **PART 14**

CHANGE IN COMPANY OWNERSHIP

### **CHAPTER 4**

COMPANY WITH INVESTMENT BUSINESS: RESTRICTIONS ON RELIEF: ASSET TRANSFERRED WITHIN GROUP

## Apportionment of amounts

### 702 **Apportionment of amounts**

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- (1) This section applies for the purposes of this Chapter, but subsection (2) is subject to subsection (3).
- (2) Any amount for the actual accounting period in column 1 of the following table is to be apportioned to the two notional accounting periods in accordance with the corresponding method of apportionment in column 2 of the table.

### Row 1. Amount to be apportioned

# the with accounting period.

## 2. Method of apportionment

The amount which would in (1) If the amount in column 1 does relevant not exceed the amount of the relevant provisions (and but for this Chapter) gain, apportion the whole of it to the be included in respect of chargeable second notional accounting period. gains or, as the case may be, non- (2) If the amount in column 1 exceeds trading chargeable realisation gains the amount of the relevant gain, in the total profits of the actual apportion the excess to the first notional accounting period and an amount equal to the relevant gain

to the second notional accounting period.

- 2 relationships (see section 703(2)).
- 3 period of any adjusted non-trading on a time basis according to the deficit from the company's loan respective lengths of the two notional relationships (see section 703(3)).
- The amount of any non-trading debit (1) If condition A in section 703(4) 4 debtor relationship of the company.
- 5 actual accounting period under accounting period. section 457(1) [F1, 463G(6) or 463H(4) of CTA 2009.1
- The amount of any non-trading Apportion 6 within column 1 of row 7.
- 7 The amount of any non-trading loss Apportion the whole of the amount forward to the actual accounting accounting period. period under section 753(3) of CTA 2009 and treated under that section as if it were a non-trading [F2]loss on intangible fixed assets for that period.
- 8 The amount of any expenses Apportion section 703(6)).

The amount for the actual accounting Apportion the amount in column 1 period of any adjusted non-trading on a time basis according to the profits from the company's loan respective lengths of the two notional accounting periods.

The amount for the actual accounting Apportion the amount in column 1 accounting periods.

that falls to be brought into account is met, apportion the amount in for the actual accounting period for column 1 by reference to the time the purposes of Part 5 of CTA 2009 of accrual of the amount to which (loan relationships) in respect of any the debit relates. (2) If condition B in section 703(5) is met, apportion the amount in column 1 to the first notional accounting period.

The amount of any non-trading Apportion the whole of the amount deficit carried forward to the in column 1 to the first notional

to each credits or debits in respect of accounting period the credits or intangible fixed assets that fall to be debits that would fall to be brought brought into account for the actual into account in that period if accounting period under section 751 it were a period of account for of CTA 2009 (non-trading gains and which accounts were drawn up in losses), but excluding any amount accordance with generally accepted accounting practice.

on intangible fixed assets carried in column 1 to the first notional

to each of management referable to the accounting period the amounts that actual accounting period within would fall to be brought into account the meaning of Chapter 2 of in that period as an amount in column Part 16 of CTA 2009 (companies 1 if it were a period of account for with investment business) (but see which accounts were drawn up in accordance with generally accepted accounting practice.

Chapter 4 – Company with investment business: restrictions on relief: asset transferred within group

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Changes to legislation: There are currently no known outstanding effects for the Corporation Tax Act 2010, Cross Heading: Apportionment of amounts. (See end of Document for details)

- 9 The amount of any excess carried Apportion the whole of the amount forward under section 1223 of in column 1 to the first notional CTA 2009 (expenses of management accounting period. carried forward) to the actual accounting period.
- 10 The amount of any allowances falling Apportion the amount in column 1 to be made for the actual accounting on a time basis according to the period as a result of section 253 of respective lengths of the two notional CAA 2001 which would (but for this accounting periods. Chapter) be added to the expenses of management for the period because of section 1233 of CTA 2009 (excess capital allowances).
  - Any other amounts by reference to Apportion the amount in column 1 which the profits or losses of the on a time basis according to the
- 11 for this Chapter) be calculated.
  - actual accounting period would (but respective lengths of the two notional accounting periods.
- (3) If any method of apportionment in column 2 of rows 2 to 11 of the table in subsection (2) would work unjustly or unreasonably in any case, such other method is to be used as is just and reasonable.
- (4) For the meaning of certain expressions used in this section, see section 703.

### **Textual Amendments**

- Words in s. 702(2) Table substituted (with effect in accordance with Sch. 4 para. 190 of the amending Act) by Finance (No. 2) Act 2017 (c. 32), Sch. 4 para. 86(2) (with Sch. 4 para. 86(4))
- Words in s. 702(2) Table substituted (with effect in accordance with Sch. 4 para. 190 of the amending Act) by Finance (No. 2) Act 2017 (c. 32), Sch. 4 para. 86(3) (with Sch. 4 para. 86(4))

#### 703 Meaning of certain expressions in section 702

- (1) This section applies for the purposes of the table in section 702(2).
- (2) For the purposes of column 1 of row 2 of the table, the amount for the actual accounting period of any adjusted non-trading profits from the company's loan relationships is the amount which would be the amount of the profits from those relationships chargeable under section 299 of CTA 2009 (charge to tax on non-trading profits) if, in calculating that amount, amounts for that period within column 1 of row 4 or 5 of the table were disregarded.
- (3) For the purposes of column 1 of row 3 of the table, the amount for the actual accounting period of any adjusted non-trading deficit from the company's loan relationships is the amount which would be the amount of the non-trading deficit from those relationships if, in calculating that amount, amounts for that period within column 1 of row 4 or 5 of the table were disregarded.
- (4) Condition A is that—
  - (a) the amount in column 1 of row 4 of the table is determined on an amortised cost basis of accounting, and
  - none of the following provisions applies—

Changes to legislation: There are currently no known outstanding effects for the Corporation Tax Act 2010, Cross Heading: Apportionment of amounts. (See end of Document for details)

- (i) section 373 of CTA 2009 (late interest treated as not accruing until paid in some cases),
- (ii) section 407 of that Act (postponement until redemption of debits for connected companies' deeply discounted securities), or
- (iii) section 409 of that Act (postponement until redemption of debits for close companies' deeply discounted securities).

### (5) Condition B is that—

- (a) the amount in column 1 of row 4 of the table is determined on an amortised cost basis of accounting, and
- (b) any of the provisions mentioned in subsection (4)(b) applies.
- (6) The expenses of management mentioned in column 1 of row 8 of the table do not include any expenses for which a deduction under section 1219 of CTA 2009 (expenses of management of a company's investment business) would be disallowed because of subsection (3)(b) of that section.

## **Changes to legislation:**

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