

Debt Relief (Developing Countries) Act 2010

2010 CHAPTER 22

Introduction

2 Qualifying debts: further definitions

- (1) The expressions used in section 1(3) have the meaning given below.
- (2) "Debt" includes—
 - (a) a liability that falls to be discharged otherwise than by the making of a payment,
 - (b) an obligation to repurchase property that arises under an agreement for the sale and repurchase of property (whether or not the same property), and
 - (c) a liability of the lessee under a finance lease (except a liability so far as relating to the operation or maintenance of property subject to the lease).
- (3) "Debt" does not include—
 - (a) a liability to pay for goods or services that arose on the delivery of the goods or the provision of services,
 - (b) a liability that falls to be discharged in less than a year from the time it was incurred ("a short-term debt") unless the short-term debt is within subsection (4), or
 - (c) a liability incurred after commencement that replaces anything that was (at the time of the replacement) within paragraph (a) or (b).
- (4) A short-term debt is within this subsection if it ought to have been discharged—
 - (a) more than a year before commencement, and
 - (b) (where decision point has been reached in respect of the country concerned) more than a year before decision point.
- (5) A debt is a "public" debt of a country if it was incurred by—
 - (a) the country or any part of it (or the government of the country or any part of the country or any department of any such government),

- (b) the central bank or other monetary authority of the country, or
- (c) a body corporate controlled (directly or indirectly) by anything within paragraph (a) or (b).
- (6) In subsection (5)(a) references to part of a country include any municipality or other local government area in the country.
- (7) A debt is a "publicly guaranteed" debt of a country if—
 - (a) it is guaranteed,
 - (b) the guarantee was entered into—
 - (i) before commencement, and
 - (ii) where decision point has been reached in respect of the country, before that point was reached, and
 - (c) the debt would be a public debt of the country if it had been incurred by the guarantor.
- (8) If the conditions in subsection (7)(a) to (c) are met as regards part of a debt, that part is regarded as a publicly guaranteed debt of the country concerned.
- (9) A public or publicly guaranteed debt of a country is "external" unless the creditor was resident in the country—
 - (a) if decision point was reached in respect of the country before commencement, at the time that point was reached, or
 - (b) otherwise, at commencement.
- (10) If in any proceedings there is an issue as to whether a debt is a qualifying debt, treat the debt as external unless it is proved in those proceedings that it is not external.

Changes to legislation:

There are currently no known outstanding effects for the Debt Relief (Developing Countries) Act 2010, Section 2.