Welfare Reform Act 2009

CHAPTER 24

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Ss. 1-4

An Act to amend the law relating to social security; to make provision enabling disabled people to be given greater control over the way in which certain public services are provided for them; to amend the law relating to child support; to make provision about the registration of births; and for connected purposes.

[12th November 2009]

BE IT ENACTED by the Queen's most Excellent Majesty, by and with the advice and consent of the Lords Spiritual and Temporal, and Commons, in this present Parliament assembled, and by the authority of the same, as follows:-

PART 1

SOCIAL SECURITY

"Work for your benefit" schemes etc.

1.	amends 1995 c. 18, see Annex 1, page	2.7795
[¹]		
	Revised system of working-age benefits	
2.		2.7795

Lone parents

- **3.**—(1) In section 124 of the Social Security Contributions and Benefits Act 1992 (c. 4) (conditions for income support), after subsection (1) insert–
 - "(1A) Regulations under paragraph (e) of subsection (1) must secure that a person who—
 - (a) is not a member of a couple, and
 - (b) is responsible for, and a member of the same household as, a child under the age of $[5^2]$

falls within a category of person prescribed under that paragraph.

- (1B) Subsection (1A) does not apply if regulations under subsection (4)(c) of section 1A of the Jobseekers Act 1995 containing the provision mentioned in subsection (5) of that section are in force."
- (2) amend 1992 (c. 5), see Annex 1, page 2.7795
 - S. 3(3)-(5) is maintained in force in certain circumstances. See art. 7(1) of S.I. 2013/983 for details.
 - - (a) in subsection (1), after "section 12(1)" insert ", and who is not a lone parent of a child under the age of 3,", and

(b) after subsection (6) insert—
"(6A) Regulations under this section shall include provision for securing that lone parents are entitled (subject to meeting any prescribed conditions) to restrict the times at which they are required to undertake work-related activity."

S. 1(1)-(3) & 3(3)-(5) repealed (see art. 7(1) of S.I. 2013/983) by Pt. 3 to Sch. 14 of the Welfare Reform Act 2012 (c. 5).

² Word substituted in s. 3(1) (20.3.12) by the Welfare Reform Act 2012 (c. 5), s. 58(2).

(5) amends 2007 (c. 5), see Annex 1, page 2.7795

4.-(1) The Jobseekers Act 1995 (c. 18) is amended as follows.

Entitlement to jobseeker's allowance without seeking employment etc.

- (2) In section 1 (the jobseeker's allowance)-
 - (a) for subsections (2) to (2D) substitute-
 - "(1A) The circumstances in which a claimant is entitled to a jobseeker's allowance are set out in-
 - (a) section 1A (jobseeker's allowance other than joint-claim jobseeker's allowance), and
 - (b) section 1B (joint-claim jobseeker's allowance).", and
 - (b) in subsection (4), for the definition of "a joint-claim couple" substitute-

""a joint-claim couple" means a couple other than a couple of a prescribed description;".

(3) After section 1 insert-

"1A Jobseeker's allowance other than joint-claim jobseeker's allowance

- (1) A claimant is entitled to a jobseeker's allowance if the claimant meets-
 - (a) the basic conditions; and
 - (b) the conditions set out in section 2 (the contribution-based conditions).
 - (2) A claimant who-
 - (a) is not a member of a joint-claim couple, or
 - (b) is a member of a joint-claim couple the other member of which has limited capability for work,

is entitled to a jobseeker's allowance if the claimant meets condition A or B.

- (3) Condition A is that the claimant meets-
 - (a) the basic conditions; and
- (b) the applicable conditions set out in section 3 (the incomebased conditions).
- (4) Condition B is that the claimant-
 - (a) is not otherwise entitled to a jobseeker's allowance;
 - (b) meets the basic conditions other than the jobseeking conditions;
 - (c) falls within a prescribed description of person; and
 - (d) meets the applicable conditions set out in section 3.

- (5) Regulations under paragraph (c) of subsection (4) must secure that a person who—
 - (a) is not a member of a couple, and
 - (b) is responsible for, and a member of the same household as, a child under the age of 7,

falls within a description of person prescribed under that paragraph.

- (6) Subsection (5) does not apply if regulations under subsection (1)(e) of section 124 of the Benefits Act containing the provision mentioned in subsection (1A) of that section are in force.
- (7) For the purposes of this Act a person meets the basic conditions if the person-
 - (a) is available for employment;
 - (b) has entered into a jobseeker's agreement which remains in force;
 - (c) is actively seeking employment;
 - (d) is not engaged in remunerative work;
 - (e) does not have limited capability for work;
 - (f) is not receiving relevant education;
 - (g) is under pensionable age; and
 - (h) is in Great Britain.
- (8) Regulations may prescribe circumstances in which subsection (2) is to apply to a claimant who is a member of a joint-claim couple the other member of which does not have limited capability for work.
- (9) Subsections (1) and (2) are subject to the provisions of this Act.

1B Joint-claim jobseeker's allowance

- (1) A joint-claim couple are entitled to a jobseeker's allowance if—
 - (a) a claim for the allowance is made jointly by the couple;
 - (b) each member of the couple meets the basic conditions;and
 - (c) the conditions set out in section 3A are met in relation to the couple.
- (2) Regulations may, in respect of cases where a person would (but for the regulations) be a member of two or more joint-claim couples, make provision for only one of those couples to be a joint-claim couple.
- (3) The regulations may, in particular, make provision for the couple which is to be the joint-claim couple to be nominated—
 - (a) by the persons who are members of the couple; or
 - (b) in default of one of the couples being so nominated, by the Secretary of State.
 - (4) Subsection (1) is subject to the provisions of this Act."

Ss. 4-6

- (4) Schedule 1 contains-
 - (a) amendments of the Jobseekers Act 1995 (c. 18) to provide for work-focused interviews, and action plans in consequence of work-focused interviews, for persons entitled to a jobseeker's allowance without being required to meet the jobseeking conditions,
 - (b) amendments of that Act to provide for the imposition on such persons of requirements to undertake work-related activity, and
 - (c) other amendments in consequence of, or otherwise in connection with, the amendments made by this section or the amendments mentioned in paragraphs (a) and (b).

Couples where at least one member capable of work

- **5.**—(1) In section 124 of the Social Security Contributions and Benefits Act 1992 (c. 4) (conditions for income support)—
 - (a) in subsection (1), after paragraph (g) (but before the "and" at the end of it) insert–
 - "(ga)except in such circumstances as may be prescribed, if he is a member of a couple, the other member of the couple has limited capability for work;",
 - (b) after subsection (6) insert-
 - "(6A) The question whether a person has, or does not have, limited capability for work shall be determined for the purposes of this section in accordance with the provisions of Part 1 of the Welfare Reform Act 2007 (employment and support allowance).
 - (6B) References in that Part to the purposes of that Part shall be construed, where the provisions of that Part have effect for the purposes of this section, as references to the purposes of this section," and
 - (c) in subsection (7), for "Part 1 of the Welfare Reform Act 2007 (employment and support allowance)" substitute "that Part".
- (2) In paragraph 6 of Schedule 1 to the Welfare Reform Act 2007 (c. 5) (conditions for income-related employment and support allowance)–
 - (a) in sub-paragraph (1), after paragraph (d) insert-
 - "(da)is not a member of a couple the other member of which does not have limited capability for work;", and"
 - (b) after sub-paragraph (2) insert-
 - "(2A) Regulations may prescribe circumstances in which subparagraph (1)(da) does not apply."

Statutory sick pay and employment and support allowance

- **6.** In section 20 of the Welfare Reform Act 2007 (relationship of employment and support allowance with statutory sick pay and other statutory payments), for subsection (1) substitute—
 - "(1) A person-
 - (a) is not entitled to a contributory allowance in respect of a day, and

(b) except as regulations may provide, is not entitled to an incomerelated allowance in respect of a day,

if, for the purposes of statutory sick pay, that day is a day of incapacity for work in relation to a contract of service and falls within a period of entitlement (whether or not it is a qualifying day)."

7.—(1) The Secretary of State may by regulations make such provision as the Secretary of State considers necessary or expedient for the purposes of, or in connection with, the transition of persons to—

Transitional provision relating to sections 4 to 6

- (a) income-based jobseeker's allowance, or
- (b) income-related employment and support allowance,

by virtue of any provision of sections 4 to 6.

- (2) Regulations under this section may, in particular, make provision-
 - (a) for the termination or cancellation of awards of income support or income-related employment and support allowance;
 - (b) for a person whose award of income support or income-related employment and support allowance has been terminated or cancelled under regulations made by virtue of paragraph (a) to be treated as having been awarded a transitional allowance;
 - (c) for any such award of a transitional allowance to be-
 - (i) of such a kind.
 - (ii) for such period,
 - (iii) of such an amount, and
 - (iv) subject to such conditions,
 - as may be determined in accordance with the regulations;
 - (d) for a person's continuing entitlement to a transitional allowance to be determined by reference to such provision as may be made by the regulations;
 - (e) for the termination of an award of a transitional allowance;
 - (f) for the review of an award of a transitional allowance;
 - (g) that-
 - (i) days which were days of entitlement to income support or income-related employment and support allowance, and
 - (ii) such other days as may be specified in or determined in accordance with the regulations,
 - are to be treated as having been days during which a person was, or would have been, entitled to an income-based jobseeker's allowance or income-related employment and support allowance.
- (3) Subsections (3) to (5) of section 175 of the Social Security Contributions and Benefits Act 1992 (c. 4) (supplementary provisions in relation to powers to make subordinate legislation under that Act) apply in relation to the power to make regulations under this section as they apply to any power to make regulations under that Act.
- (4) The power to make regulations under this section is exercisable by statutory instrument.
- (5) A statutory instrument containing regulations under this section is subject to annulment in pursuance of a resolution of either House of Parliament.

Ss. 7-9

regulations imposing

work-related activity

requirements on lone

parents of children under

(6) In this section-

"income-based jobseeker's allowance" has the same meaning as in the Jobseekers Act 1995 (c. 18);

"income-related employment and support allowance" means an incomerelated allowance under Part 1 of the Welfare Reform Act 2007 (c. 5) (employment and support allowance);

"transitional allowance" means an income-based jobseeker's allowance or income-related employment and support allowance.

 $[\dots^1]$

- S. 8 maintained in force in certain circumstances. See art. 7(1) of S.I. 2013/983 for when to apply at page 14.3231.

 Parliamentary procedure:

 8.—(1) This section applies to regulations made under
 - **8.**—(1) This section applies to regulations made under any relevant provision which impose a requirement on any lone parent of a child under the age of 7 to undertake work-related activity (within the meaning of the regulations).
 - (2) In subsection (1) "relevant provision" means-
 - (a) section 2D(1) of the Social Security Administration Act 1992 (c. 5),
 - (b) section 18B of the Jobseekers Act 1995 (c. 18), or
 - (c) section 13 of the Welfare Reform Act 2007 (c. 5).
 - (3) A statutory instrument containing regulations to which this section applies (whether alone or with other provision) may not be made at any time during the period of 5 years beginning with the day on which this Act is passed unless a draft of the statutory instrument has been laid before, and approved by a resolution of, each House of Parliament.
 - (4) If subsection (3) applies to any regulations, any provision of an Act under which a statutory instrument containing the regulations would be subject to annulment in pursuance of a resolution of either House of Parliament does not apply.

Abolition of income support

Abolition of income support

- **9.** -(1) This section applies if, whether as a result of-
 - (a) provision made by any regulations under section 1A(4)(c) or (8) of the Jobseekers Act 1995 (as inserted by section 4 above), or
 - (b) provision made by or under any other enactment, or otherwise,

the Secretary of State considers that it is no longer appropriate for any category of person to be prescribed under section 124(1)(e) of the Social Security Contributions and Benefits Act 1992 (c. 4) (conditions for income support).

- (2) The Secretary of State may by order provide for section 124 of the Social Security Contributions and Benefits Act 1992 (which establishes the entitlement to income support) to cease to have effect.
 - (3) If an order is made under subsection (2)-
 - (a) the amendments made by Schedule 2, and
 - (b) the repeals in Part 1 of Schedule 7.

have effect in accordance with provision made by the order.

(4) The Secretary of State may by order make such transitional or

¹ S. 8 repealed (see art. 7(1) of S.I. 2013/983 for when to apply) by Pt. 5 of Sch. 14 of the Welfare Reform Act 2012 (c. 5).

consequential provision or savings as the Secretary of State considers necessary or expedient for the purposes of or in connection with the abolition of income support (including provision of the kind mentioned in section 7(2)).

- (5) The consequential provision that may be made by an order under subsection (4) includes, in particular, provision amending, repealing or revoking—
 - (a) any provision of any Act (whenever passed), or
 - (b) any provision of any instrument made under any Act (whenever made).
 - (6) In subsection (5) "Act" means-
 - (a) an Act of Parliament,
 - (b) an Act of the Scottish Parliament, or
 - (c) a Measure or Act of the National Assembly for Wales.
- (7) Subsections (3) to (5) of section 175 of the Social Security Contributions and Benefits Act 1992 (c. 4) (supplementary provisions in relation to powers to make subordinate legislation under that Act) apply in relation to any power to make an order under this section as they apply to any power to make orders under that Act.
- (8) Any power to make an order under this section is exercisable by statutory instrument.
- (9) An order under subsection (2) may not be made unless a draft of the statutory instrument containing the order (whether alone or with other provision) has been laid before, and approved by a resolution of, each House of Parliament.
- (10) A statutory instrument containing an order under subsection (4) is (unless a draft of it has been approved by a resolution of each House of Parliament) subject to annulment in pursuance of a resolution of either House of Parliament.

Work-related activity for claimants of employment and support allowance

 $[...^{1}]$

S. 10 is maintained in force in certain circumstances. See art. 7(1) of S.I. 2013/983 (for when to apply) at page 14.3231.

10. amends 2007 (c. 5), see Annex 1, page 2.7795

Jobseeker's allowance and employment and support allowance: drugs

11.—(1) Part 1 of Schedule 3 makes provision for or in connection with imposing requirements on claimants for a jobseeker's allowance in cases where-

Claimants dependent on drugs etc.

- (a) they are dependent on, or have a propensity to misuse, any drug, and
- (b) any such dependency or propensity is a factor affecting their prospects of obtaining or remaining in work.
- (2) Part 1 of that Schedule also contains a power for the provisions concerned to apply in relation to alcohol.
- (3) Part 2 of that Schedule makes similar provision in relation to claimants for an employment and support allowance.

S. 10 repealed (see art. 7(1) of S.I. 2013/983 for when to apply) by Pt. 5 of Sch. 14 to the Welfare Reform Act 2012 (c. 5).

Ss. 13-22

Contributory jobseeker's allowance and employment and support allowance

12. —(1)–(5)	. amends 1995 c. 18, see Annex 1 at page 2.7795
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(6) amends 2002 c. 19, see Annex 1 at page 2.7795.

Conditions for contributory employment and support allowance

13.—(1)-(4) amends the Welfare Rerform Act 2007 c. 5, see Annex 1 at page 2.7795.

- (5) In sub-paragraph (4)-
 - (a) in paragraph (a), for "persons who" substitute "persons—
 (i) who",
 - (b) in that paragraph, after "prescribed time" insert ", or (ii) who satisfy other prescribed conditions", and
 - (c) in paragraph (b), for "so entitled" substitute "entitled as mentioned in paragraph (a)(i)".

Disability living allowance

14. amends 1992 (c. 4), see Annex 1, page 2.7795

Abolition of adult dependency increases

Maternity allowance and carer's allowance

15.—(1) The following provisions of the Social Security Contributions and Benefits Act 1992 (c. 4) ("the Benefits Act") are omitted on 6 April 2010–

- (a) section 82 (maternity allowance: increase for adult dependants); and
- (b) section 90 (carer's allowance: increase for adult dependants).
- (2) Nothing in subsection (1) or Part 2 of Schedule 7 applies in relation to-
 - (a) the amount of a maternity allowance payable for a maternity allowance period (within the meaning of section 35(2) of the Benefits Act) which begins before 6 April 2010 but ends on or after that date, or
 - (b) the amount of a carer's allowance payable to a qualifying person at any time on or after 6 April 2010 but before the appropriate date.
- (3) In subsection (2)(b)-

"a qualifying person" means a person who-

- (a) has, before 6 April 2010, made a claim for an increase in a carer's allowance under section 90 of the Benefits Act; and
- (b) immediately before that date is either entitled to the increase claimed or a beneficiary to whom section 92 of the Benefits Act applies in respect of that increase (continuation of awards where fluctuating earnings);

"the appropriate date" means whichever is the earlier of-

- (a) 6 April 2020; and
- (b) the date when the qualifying person ceases to be either entitled to that increase or a beneficiary to whom section 92 of the Benefits Act applies in respect of that increase.

External provider social loans and community care grants

16. – **22.** [...¹]

¹ S. 16-22 repealed (1.4.13) by the Welfare Reform Act 2012 (c. 5) s. 73 & 101(2).

Ss. 23-25

Up-rating of benefits

Power to up-rate benefits following review in tax year 2009-10

- **23.** In relation to the review under subsection (1) of section 150 of the Social Security Administration Act 1992 (annual up-rating of benefits) in the tax year ending with 5 April 2010, the other provisions of that section are to have effect as if—
 - (a) after subsection (2) there were inserted-
 - "(2A) Where it appears to the Secretary of State that the general level of prices is no greater at the end of the period under review than it was at the beginning of that period, the Secretary of State may, if the Secretary of State considers it appropriate having regard to the national economic situation and any other matters which the Secretary of State considers relevant, lay before Parliament the draft of an up-rating order—
 - (a) which increases by such a percentage or percentages as the Secretary of State thinks fit any of the sums mentioned in subsection (1); and
 - (b) stating the amount of any sums which are mentioned in subsection (1) but which the order does not increase.",
 - (b) in subsection (5), after "(2)" there were inserted "or (2A)", and
 - (c) in subsection (6)-
 - (i) after "(2)" there were inserted "or (2A)", and
 - (ii) after "requires" there were inserted "or authorises".

Benefit sanctions for offenders

- (2) In Schedule 4-
 - (a) Part 1 contains further amendments of the Social Security Fraud Act 2001 (c. 11), and
 - (b) Part 2 contains related amendments of other Acts.

25. [...¹]

¹ S. 25 repealed (22.10.12) by the Welfare Reform Act 2012 (c. 5), Sch. 14, part 3.

29. amends 1995 (c. 18) and 2007 (c. 5), see Annex 1, page 2.7795

Miscellaneous

- (2) In section 37(1)(c) of that Act (regulations subject to the affirmative resolution procedure), after "or paragraph" insert "8B or".
- **30.**—(1) In Schedule 1 to the Jobseekers Act 1995 (supplementary provisions), after paragraph 14A insert—

"Good or just cause for acts or omissions

Good cause for failure to comply with regulations etc.

- 14B (1) This paragraph applies to any regulations made under this Act that prescribe matters to be taken into account in determining whether a person has good cause or just cause for any act or omission (including any failure to comply with the regulations).
- (2) The provision made by the regulations prescribing those matters must include provision relating to-
 - (a) the person's physical or mental health or condition;
 - (b) the availability of childcare."
- (2) In Schedule 2 to the Welfare Reform Act 2007 (c. 5) (employment and support allowance: supplementary provisions), after paragraph 10 insert—"Good cause for failure to comply with certain regulations
 - 10A (1) This paragraph applies to any regulations made under section 11, 12 or 13 [¹or Schedule 1A] that prescribe matters to be taken into account in determining whether a person has good cause for any failure to comply with the regulations.
 - (2) The provision made by the regulations prescribing those matters must include provision relating to-
 - (a) the person's physical or mental health or condition;
 - (b) the availability of childcare."
- **31.**—(1) In section 9 of the Jobseekers Act 1995 (c. 18) (the jobseeker's agreement), after subsection (4) insert—

Jobseekers' agreements and action plans: wellbeing of children

- "(4A) In preparing a jobseeker's agreement for a claimant, the officer must have regard (so far as practicable) to its impact on the well-being of any child who may be affected by it."
- (2) In section 14 of the Welfare Reform Act 2007 (employment and support allowance: action plans in connection with work-focused interviews), at the end insert—

 $^{^{1}}$ S. 29 repealed (see art. 7(1) of S.I. 2013/983) by Pt. 3 of Sch. 14 of the Welfare Reform Act 2012 (c. 5).

Words inserted in s. 30(2) (12.11.09) by Sch. 3, para. 8(5)(a) of the Welfare Reform Act 2009 (c. 24).

Ss. 31-34

"(5)In preparing any action plan, the Secretary of State must have regard (so far as practicable) to its impact on the well-being of any person under the age of 16 who may be affected by it."

 $[\dots^1]$

Contracting out functions under Jobseekers Act 1995 S. 32(1)-(3) are maintained in force in certain situations. See art. 7(1) of S.I. 2013/983 for commencement dates at page 14.3231.

- **32.**—(1) The Jobseekers Act 1995 is amended as follows.
- (2) Before section 21 (but after the italic heading immediately before that section) insert-

"20E Contracting out

- (1) The following functions of the Secretary of State may be exercised by, or by employees of, such person (if any) as the Secretary of State may authorise for the purpose, namely—
 - (a) conducting interviews under section 11A;
 - (b) providing documents under section 11C;
 - (c) giving, varying or revoking directions under section 18B(5);
 - (d) asking questions under paragraph 1 of Schedule A1;
 - (e) making decisions under paragraph 2 or 3 of that Schedule;
 - (f) exercising any functions in relation to rehabilitation plans under paragraph 5 or 6 of that Schedule.
- (2) The following functions of officers of the Secretary of State may be exercised by, or by employees of, such person (if any) as the Secretary of State may authorise for the purpose, namely—
 - (a) specifying places and times, and being contacted, under section 8;
 - b) entering into or varying any jobseeker's agreement under section 9 or 10 and referring any proposed agreement or variation to the Secretary of State under section 9 or 10;
 - (c) giving notifications under section 16 or 18A;
 - (d) giving, varying or revoking directions under section 18A.
- (3)–(12) inserted into 1995 (c. 18), see Annex 1 at page 2.7795 (3) In each of the following provisions for "employment officer" substitute "officer of the Secretary of State"–
 - (a) section 8(1)(a),
 - (b) section 9(1), (5), (6) and (7)(b),
 - (c) section 10(1), (4), (5) and (6)(b)(ii),
 - (d) section 16(3)(b)(ii),
 - (e)-(f) $[...^2]$

 $(4) [...^2]$

(5) In relation to any time before paragraph 4 of Schedule 1 to this Act is fully in force, section 20E(2)(c) and (d) of the Jobseekers Act 1995 (c. 18) have effect as if they included references to the giving of notifications or directions under section 19 or 20A of that Act.

33. [...³]

34. amends 1992 (c. 5), 1995 (c. 18) and 1999 (c. 30), see Annex 1, page 2.7795

¹ S. 32(1)-(3) repealed (see art. 7(1) of S.I. 2013/983) by Pt. 4 of Sch. 14 to the Welfare Reform Act 2012 (c. 5).

 $^{^{2}}$ S. 32(3)(e), (f) & (4) repealed (22.10.12) by the Welfare Reform Act 2012 (c. 5), Sch. 14, pt 3.

³ S. 33 repealed (22.10.12) by the Welfare Reform Act 2012 (c. 5), Sch. 14, part 3.

Power to rename council

tax benefit

S. 35 & 36 has been repealed by Sch. 14 of the Welfare Reform Act 2012 (c. 5), but kept in force for transitional purposes. See art. 9 of S.I. 2013/358 for details of when to apply.

 $[...^{1}]$

35. amends 1992 (c. 5), see Annex 1, page 2.7795

36.—(1) The Secretary of State shall by order provide for the benefit referred to in section 123(1)(e) of the Social Security Contributions and Benefits Act 1992 (council tax benefit) to be known instead, either generally or in cases prescribed by the order, as council tax rebate.

- (2) An order under this section may-
 - (a) amend references to council tax benefit in any Act (whenever passed) or in any instrument made under any Act (whenever made);
 - (b) make provision about the interpretation of references to council tax benefit in other documents:
 - (c) make different provision for different areas.
- (3) In subsection (2)(a) "Act" means-
 - (a) an Act of Parliament,
 - (b) an Act of the Scottish Parliament, or
 - (c) a Measure or Act of the National Assembly for Wales.
- (4) The power to make an order under this section is exercisable by statutory instrument.
- (5) Subsections (3) to (5) of section 175 of the Social Security Contributions and Benefits Act 1992 (general provisions as to regulations and orders) apply in relation to the power conferred by this section as they apply in relation to a power conferred by that Act to make an order.
- (6) The first order under this section may not be made unless a draft of the statutory instrument containing the order has been laid before, and approved by a resolution of, each House of Parliament.
- (7) A statutory instrument containing an order under this section to which subsection (6) does not apply is subject to annulment in pursuance of a resolution of either House of Parliament.
- **37.**—(1) Sections 80 and 81 of the Benefits Act (which continue to have effect in certain cases despite their repeal by the Tax Credits Act 2002 (c. 21)) are to have effect as if the references in those sections to a child or children included references to a qualifying young person or persons.
- Minor amendments
- (2) "Qualifying young person" has the same meaning as in Part 9 of the Benefits Act.
- (3) In section 150(2) of the Benefits Act (interpretation of Part 10: Christmas bonus), in the definition of "qualifying employment and support allowance", for "an employment and support allowance" substitute "a contributory allowance".
- (4) Despite the provision made by the Welfare Reform Act 2007 (Commencement No. 6 and Consequential Provisions) Order 2008 (S.I. 2008/787), paragraph 9(7) and (8) of Schedule 3 to the Welfare Reform Act 2007 (c. 5) (which amend sections 88 and 89 of the Benefits Act) are deemed not to be in force by virtue of the provision made by that order at any time after the passing of this Act.
- (5) In this section "the Benefits Act" means the Social Security Contributions and Benefits Act 1992 (c. 4).

 $^{^{1}\,}$ S. 35 & 36 repealed (1.4.13) by the Welfare Reform Act 2012 (c. 5), Sch. 14.

PART 2

DISABLED PEOPLE: RIGHT TO CONTROL PROVISION OF SERVICES

Introductory

38. The purpose of this Part is to enable disabled people aged 18 or over to exercise greater choice in relation to, and greater control over, the way in which relevant services (as defined by section 39) are provided to or for them, in cases where the provision of the relevant services is a function of a relevant authority (as defined by section 40).

Purpose of Part 2

39.—(1) In this Part "relevant services" means services—

- Relevant services
- (a) which are provided to or for the benefit of a disabled person ("P") (whether or not in connection with P's disability), and
- (b) which relate to one or more of the following matters.
- (2) Those matters are-
 - (a) the provision of further education for P;
 - (b) facilitating the undertaking by P of further education or higher education;
 - (c) the provision of training for P;
 - (d) securing employment for P;
 - (e) facilitating P's continued employment;
 - (f) enabling P to live independently or more independently in P's home;
 - (g) the provision of residential accommodation for P;
 - (h) enabling P to overcome barriers to participation in society.
- (3) Relevant services also include the provision by or on behalf of a relevant authority to or for the benefit of a disabled person of grants or loans relating to one or more of the matters mentioned in subsection (2).
- (4) Relevant services do not include excluded services (provision as to direct payments relating to excluded services being made by other legislation).
- (5) Subsection (4) is subject to section 44(4) (which relates to pilot schemes) and to section 48 (which gives power to repeal the exclusion of community care services).
 - (6) In relation to England and Wales, the following are excluded services-
 - (a) community care services,
 - (b) services provided under the Carers and Disabled Children Act 2000 (c. 16), and
 - (c) services provided under section 17 of the Children Act 1989 (c. 41) (provision of services for children in need, their families and others).
 - (7) In relation to Scotland, the following are excluded services-
 - (a) community care services, and
 - (b) services provided under section 22(1) of the Children (Scotland) Act 1995 (c. 36) (promotion of welfare of children in need).
 - (8) In this section "further education" and "higher education"-
 - (a) in relation to England and Wales, have the same meaning as in the Education Act 1996 (c. 56);
 - (b) in relation to Scotland, have the same meaning as in the Further and Higher Education (Scotland) Act 1992 (c. 37).

S. 40

Relevant authority

- 40.—(1) In this Part "relevant authority" means-
 - (a) a Minister of the Crown or government department;
 - (b) the Scottish Ministers;
 - (c) the Welsh Ministers;
 - (d) a local authority;
 - (e) a person or body whose functions are exercised on behalf of the Crown;
 - (f) any other body which meets conditions A and B below.
- (2) Condition A is that the body is established by virtue of Her Majesty's prerogative or by an enactment or is established in any other way by a Minister of the Crown acting as such or by a government department.
- (3) Condition B is that the body's revenues derive wholly or mainly from public funds.
 - (4) In subsection (1)(d) "local authority" means-
 - (a) a local authority within the meaning of the Local Government Act 1972 (c. 70),
 - (b) a council constituted under section 2 of the Local Government etc. (Scotland) Act 1994 (c. 39),
 - (c) the Greater London Authority,
 - (d) the Common Council of the City of London in its capacity as a local authority, or

- (e) the Council of the Isles of Scilly.
- (5) In subsection (2) "Minister of the Crown" includes the Scottish Ministers and the Welsh Ministers.

Power to make regulations

41.—(1) The appropriate authority (as defined by section 45) may by regulations made by statutory instrument make any provision that would in the opinion of the authority making the regulations serve the purpose of this Part.

Power to make provision enabling exercise of greater choice and control

- (2) Regulations under this section may, in particular, make provision for and in connection with requiring a relevant authority to take the following steps in relation to a disabled person ("P") for whom it is obliged, or has decided, to provide, or arrange the provision of, relevant services—
 - (a) to inform P of the right to control conferred by virtue of the regulations, of the value of the relevant services to which P is entitled and of the choices available to P by virtue of the regulations;
 - (b) to work with P to determine the outcomes to be achieved by the provision of the relevant services;
 - (c) to work with P to prepare a plan (a "support plan") setting out how those outcomes will be achieved;
 - (d) to work with P to review and revise the support plan in prescribed circumstances;
 - (e) if P so requests, to make payments to P in respect of P securing the provision of an equivalent service;
 - (f) to the extent that P chooses to receive relevant services provided or arranged by the relevant authority, to provide, or arrange for them to be provided, in accordance with P's support plan as far as it is reasonably practicable to do so.
 - (3) Regulations under this section may also-
 - (a) specify who is or is not to be treated as a disabled person for any purpose of the regulations;
 - (b) make provision about the circumstances in which a relevant authority is to be taken to have decided to provide a relevant service to a person;
 - (c) make provision as to matters to which a relevant authority must, or may, have regard when making a decision for the purposes of a provision of the regulations;
 - (d) make provision as to steps which a relevant authority must, or may, take before, or after, the relevant authority makes a decision for the purposes of a provision of the regulations (including provision requiring the relevant authority to review its decision).
- (4) Regulations under this section may enable or require the disclosure of information by one relevant authority to another for prescribed purposes of the regulations.
 - (5) Regulations under this section may, for the purpose of this Part-
 - (a) vary the conditions attached to any power of a relevant authority to provide financial assistance to disabled people;
 - (b) vary the conditions attached to any power of a relevant authority to provide financial assistance to another relevant authority in connection with the provision of relevant services to disabled people by the other authority.
- (6) Regulations under this section may require a relevant authority exercising any function under the regulations to have regard to any guidance given from time to time by the appropriate authority.

S. 42

Provision that may be made about direct payments

- **42.**—(1) In this section "direct payments regulations" means regulations under section 41 making provision by virtue of subsection (2)(e) of that section and "direct payments" means payments made by a relevant authority under the regulations.
- (2) Direct payments regulations relating to a relevant service ("the qualifying service") of a relevant authority ("the providing authority") may in particular—
 - (a) specify circumstances in which the providing authority is or is not required to comply with a request for direct payments to be made under the regulations, whether those circumstances relate to the disabled person or to the qualifying service:
 - (b) make provision about the manner in which a request for direct payments is to be made;
 - (c) make provision enabling a disabled person to require a providing authority to assess the amount of the payments to which the person would be entitled if the person were to request the authority to make them;
 - (d) enable a disabled person to require a providing authority to comply with a request to provide direct payments in place of the qualifying service (or its provision at certain times or in certain circumstances) while providing, or continuing to provide, other relevant services (or providing, or continuing to provide, the qualifying service at other times or in other circumstances);
 - (e) make provision displacing functions or obligations of the providing authority with respect to the provision of the qualifying service (whether arising under any enactment, under any trust or otherwise) to such extent and subject to such conditions as may be prescribed.
- (3) Direct payments regulations must include provision excluding any duty of a providing authority to comply with a request for direct payments, or a class of such requests, if compliance with the request, or with requests falling within that class, would in all the circumstances impose an unreasonable financial burden on the providing authority.
 - (4) Direct payments regulations may-
 - (a) make provision for and in connection with requiring or authorising the providing authority to make direct payments to the disabled person or such other person as the authority may determine ("the payee") in accordance with the regulations in respect of the person securing the provision of the equivalent service;
 - (b) make provision as to the conditions falling to be complied with by the payee in relation to the direct payments;
 - (c) prescribe circumstances in which the providing authority may or must terminate the making of direct payments;
 - (d) prescribe circumstances in which the providing authority may require repayment (whether by the payee or otherwise) of the whole or any part of the direct payments;
 - (e) make provision for any sum falling to be paid or repaid to the providing authority by virtue of any condition or other requirement imposed in pursuance of the regulations to be recoverable as a debt due to the authority;
 - (f) prescribe circumstances in which any sum is to cease to be payable by virtue of paragraph (d);
 - (g) make provision authorising direct payments to be made to a prescribed person on behalf of the disabled person.
- (5) For the purposes of subsection (4)(b), the conditions that are to be taken to be conditions in relation to direct payments include, in particular, conditions relating to—
 - (a) what is or is not to be regarded as an equivalent service,
 - (b) the securing of the provision of the equivalent service,

- (c) the provider of the service,
- (d) the person to whom the payments are made in respect of the provision of the service, or
- (e) the provision of the service.
- **43.**—(1) Regulations under section 41 may make provision for and in connection with enabling any request or consent for the purposes of the regulations (including any request or consent relating to payments by virtue of subsection (2)(e) of that section) to be made or given on behalf of a disabled person who falls within subsection (2) by a person of a prescribed description.

Exercise of rights on behalf of persons who lack capacity

- (2) A person falls within this subsection-
 - (a) in relation to England and Wales, if the person lacks capacity, within the meaning of the Mental Capacity Act 2005 (c. 9), in relation to the decision concerned, and
 - (b) in relation to Scotland, if the person is incapable, within the meaning of the Adults with Incapacity (Scotland) Act 2000 (asp 4), in relation to that decision.
- **44.**—(1) Regulations to which this subsection applies may be made so as to have effect for a specified period not exceeding 36 months.

Pilot schemes

- (2) Subsection (1) applies to regulations under section 41 that are made with a view to ascertaining—
 - (a) the extent to which their provisions contribute to achieving the purpose of this Part,
 - (b) the extent of any beneficial effects on the lives of the disabled people affected, and
 - (c) the extent of any financial burden imposed on the relevant authorities to which the regulations relate.
- (3) Regulations which, by virtue of subsection (1), are to have effect for a limited period are referred to in this section as a "pilot scheme".
- (4) Subsections (6)(a) and (7)(a) of section 39 do not restrict the power to make a pilot scheme; and accordingly a pilot scheme may relate to community care services.
 - (5) A pilot scheme may provide that its provisions are to apply only in relation to-
 - (a) one or more specified areas;
 - (b) one or more specified classes of person;
 - (c) persons selected-
 - (i) by reference to prescribed criteria, or
 - (ii) on a sampling basis.
- (6) A pilot scheme may make consequential or transitional provision with respect to the cessation of the scheme on the expiry of the specified period.
- (7) A pilot scheme may be replaced by a further pilot scheme making the same or similar provision.
- (8) The appropriate authority which made a pilot scheme must prepare and publish a report on the operation of the scheme.

Supplementary

45.—(1) Subsection (2) has effect to determine the appropriate authority by which regulations under section 41 may be made.

The appropriate authority by which regulations under section 41 are made

Ss. 45-46

- (2) The Secretary of State is the appropriate authority, except that-
 - (a) in relation to provision that would be within the legislative competence of the Scottish Parliament if it were included in an Act of that Parliament, the Scottish Ministers are the appropriate authority,
 - (b) in relation to provision that would be within the legislative competence of the National Assembly for Wales if it were included in a Measure of the Assembly (or, if regulations are made after the Assembly Act provisions come into force, an Act of the Assembly), the Welsh Ministers are the appropriate authority,
 - (c) in relation to provision that does not fall within paragraph (b) and relates to relevant services in Wales with respect to which functions are exercisable—
 - (i) by a Minister of the Crown, and
 - (ii) by the Welsh Ministers, the First Minister or the Counsel General,

the Secretary of State or the Welsh Ministers are the appropriate authority, and

- (d) in relation to provision that does not fall within paragraph (b) or (c) and relates to relevant services in Wales with respect to which functions are exercisable by the Welsh Ministers, the First Minister or the Counsel General, the Welsh Ministers are the appropriate authority.
- (3) Any power of the Secretary of State to make regulations under section 41–
 - (a) is exercisable only with the consent of the Treasury; and
 - (b) does not include power to make provision-
 - (i) removing or modifying any function of the Welsh Ministers, the First Minister or the Counsel General, or
 - (ii) conferring or imposing any function on the Welsh Ministers, the First Minister or the Counsel General.
- (4) Any power of the Welsh Ministers to make regulations under section 41 by virtue of subsection (2)(c) or (d) does not include power to make provision—
 - (a) removing or modifying any function of a Minister of the Crown, or
 - (b) conferring or imposing any function on a Minister of the Crown.
 - (5) In this section-

"the Assembly Act provisions" has the meaning given by section 103(8) of the Government of Wales Act 2006 (c. 32);

"the Counsel General" means the Counsel General to the Welsh Assembly Government:

"the First Minister" means the First Minister for Wales;

"Minister of the Crown" includes the Treasury.

- **46.**—(1) Any power to make regulations under section 41 may be exercised—
 - (a) in relation to all cases to which it extends,
 - (b) in relation to those cases subject to specified exceptions, or
 - (c) in relation to any specified cases or classes of case.
- (2) Any such power may be exercised so as to make, as respects the cases in relation to which it is exercised—
 - (a) the full provision to which the power extends or any less provision (whether by way of exception or otherwise);
 - (b) the same provision for all cases in relation to which it is exercised, or different provision for different cases or different classes of case or different provision as respect the same case or class of case for different purposes;
 - (c) any such provision either unconditionally or subject to any specified condition.

Regulations under section 41: supplementary provisions

- (3) Where any such power is expressed to be exercisable for alternative purposes, it may be exercised in relation to the same case for all or any of those purposes.
 - (4) Any such power includes power-
 - (a) to make such incidental, supplementary, consequential or saving provision as the authority making the regulations considers to be necessary or expedient;
 - (b) to provide for a person to exercise a discretion in dealing with any matter;
 - (c) to amend or repeal an enactment whenever passed or made.
- **47.**—(1) Before laying before Parliament (or the Scottish Parliament or the National Assembly for Wales) a draft of a statutory instrument containing regulations under section 41, the appropriate authority must—

Consultation

- (a) publish draft regulations in such manner as it thinks fit, and
- (b) invite representations to be made to it about the draft, during a specified period of not less than 12 weeks, by persons appearing to it to be affected by the proposals.
- (2) In this section "the appropriate authority" is to be read in accordance with section 45(2).
 - **48.**—(1) An order under this subsection may repeal section 39(6)(a).

Power to repeal exclusion of community care services

- (2) The power to make an order under subsection (1) is exercisable-
 - (a) in relation to England, by the Secretary of State with the consent of the Treasury, and
 - (b) in relation to Wales, by the Welsh Ministers.
- (3) The power of the Secretary of State to make an order under subsection (1) is exercisable only if—
 - (a) the Secretary of State has previously made a pilot scheme that relates to community care services, and has in accordance with section 44(8) published a report on the operation of the pilot scheme, or
 - (b) the Secretary of State has previously given directions under a relevant enactment with a view to enabling disabled people to exercise (either in England generally or in a specified area or areas) greater choice in relation to, and greater control over, the way in which community care services are provided to or for them.
 - (4) In subsection (3)-
 - (a) "pilot scheme" has the meaning given by section 44(3);
 - (b) "relevant enactment" means-
 - (i) section 7A of the Local Authority Social Services Act 1970 (directions by Secretary of State as to exercise of social services functions), or
 - (ii) section 47(4) of the National Health Service and Community Care Act 1990 (directions by Secretary of State in relation to assessment of needs for community care services).
 - (5) The Scottish Ministers may by order repeal section 39(7)(a).
- (6) An order under subsection (1) or (5) may make any consequential modification of section 39(5) or 44(4).
- (7) The power to make an order under subsection (1) or (5) is exercisable by statutory instrument.

Ss. 49-51

Regulations and orders: control by Parliament or other legislature

- **49.**—(1) The Secretary of State may not make a statutory instrument containing regulations under section 41 or an order under section 48(1) unless a draft of the instrument has been laid before, and approved by a resolution of, each House of Parliament.
- (2) The Scottish Ministers may not make a statutory instrument containing regulations under section 41 or an order under section 48(5) unless a draft of the instrument has been laid before, and approved by a resolution of, the Scottish Parliament.
- (3) The Welsh Ministers may not make a statutory instrument containing regulations under section 41 or an order under section 48(1) unless a draft of the instrument has been laid before, and approved by a resolution of, the National Assembly for Wales.

Interpretation of Part 2

50.—In this Part-

"community care services" means-

- (a) in relation to England and Wales, community care services as defined by section 46(3) of the National Health Service and Community Care Act 1990 (c. 19);
- (b) in relation to Scotland, community care services as defined by section 5A of the Social Work (Scotland) Act 1968 (c. 49);

"employment" includes self-employment;

"enactment" means an enactment contained in, or in an instrument made under-

- (a) an Act of Parliament,
- (b) an Act of the Scottish Parliament, or
- (c) a Measure or Act of the National Assembly for Wales;

"prescribed" means specified in, or determined in accordance with, regulations under section 41;

"relevant authority" has the meaning given by section 40;

"relevant services" has the meaning given by section 39.

PART 3

CHILD MAINTENANCE

Disqualification for holding etc. driving licence or travel authorisation

- **51.**—(1) The Child Support Act 1991 (c. 48) is amended as follows. (2) In section 39B (disqualification for holding or obtaining travel authorisation)—
 - (a) in subsection (1), for "The [¹Secretary of State] may apply to the court for an order under this section" substitute "The [¹Secretary of State] may make an order under this section (referred to in this section and sections 39C to 39F as a "disqualification order")", and
 - (b) for subsections (3) to (13) substitute-

"(3)A disqualification order shall provide that the person against whom it is made is disqualified for holding or obtaining—

- (a) a driving licence,
- (b) [2a United Kingdom passport], or
- (c) both a driving licence and [¹a United Kingdom passport], while the order has effect.

Words substituted in s. 51(2)(a) & inserted sec. 39B(4) (1.8.12) by S.I. 2012/2007, art. 99(2) & (3).

Words substituted in the inserted s. 39B(3)(b) & (c) (21.1.11) by The Identity Documents Act 2010 (c. 40), Sch. para. 7(2).

- (4) Before making a disqualification order against a person, the [¹Secretary of State] shall consider whether the person needs the relevant document in order to earn a living.
- (5) A disqualification order shall specify the amount in respect of which it is made.
 - (6) That amount shall be the aggregate of-
 - (a) the amount sought to be recovered as mentioned in subsection (1)(a), or so much of it as remains unpaid; and
 - (b) the amount which the person against whom the order is made is required to pay by the order under section 39DA(1).
- (7) The [¹Secretary of State] shall serve a copy of the disqualification order (together with a copy of the order under section 39DA(1)) on the person against whom it is made.
 - (8) In this section-

"driving licence" means a licence to drive a motor vehicle granted under Part 3 of the Road Traffic Act 1988;

"relevant document", in relation to a disqualification order made against a person, means the document (or documents) for the holding or obtaining of which the person is disqualified by the order; [¹United Kingdom passport" has the same meaning as in the Immigration Act 1971 (see section 33(1)).]

[2...1

- (3) In section 39C (period for which orders under section 39B are to have effect), for subsection (1) substitute—
 - "(1)A disqualification order shall specify the period for which it is to have effect.
 - (1A) That period shall not exceed 12 months (subject to any extension under section 39CA or 39CB).
 - (1B) That period shall begin to run with-
 - (a) the first day after the end of the period within which an appeal may be brought against the order under section 39CB(1); or
 - (b) if the running of the period is suspended at that time, the first day when its running is no longer suspended."
 - (4) After that section insert-

"39CA Surrender of relevant documents

- (1) A person against whom a disqualification order is made who holds any relevant document shall surrender it in the prescribed manner to the prescribed person within the required period.
- (2) For this purpose "the required period" means the period of 7 days beginning with the start of the period for which the order has effect or has effect again following a period of suspension.
- (3) But, if immediately before the end of the required period the person has a good reason for not surrendering any relevant

¹ Words substituted in inserted s. 39B(7) (1.8.12) by S.I. 2012/2007, art. 99(3).

² Defn. of "United Kingdom passport" inserted & defn. of "travel authorisation", deleted in inserted s. 39B(8) (21.1.11) by the Identity Documents Act 2010 (c. 40) Sch. para. 7(3).

document, the person shall instead surrender it as soon as practicable after the end of that period.

- (4) The Secretary of State may by regulations make provision prescribing circumstances in which a person is, or is not, to be regarded for the purposes of subsection (3) as having a good reason for not surrendering any relevant document.
- (5) The requirements imposed by subsections (1) and (3) cease to have effect if the period for which the disqualification order has effect is suspended or ends.
- (6) A person who fails to comply with a requirement imposed by subsection (1) or (3) commits an offence.
- (7) A person guilty of an offence under subsection (6) shall be liable on summary conviction to a fine not exceeding level 3 on the standard scale.
- (8) On sentencing a person for an offence under that subsection the court may by order extend the period for which the disqualification order is to have effect by such period as may be specified in the order under this subsection.
- (9) But the power conferred by subsection (8) may not be exercised so as to provide for the disqualification order to have effect for a period exceeding 2 years in total.
- (10) In this section "relevant document" has the same meaning as in section 39.
- (11) Where this section applies in relation to a driving licence at any time before the commencement of Schedule 3 to the Road Safety Act 2006, any reference in this section to any relevant document includes the licence's counterpart (within the meaning of section 108(1) of the Road Traffic Act 1988).

39CB Appeals against disqualification orders

- (1) A person against whom a disqualification order is made may appeal to the court against the order within a prescribed period (which must begin with the first day on which that person had actual notice of the order).
- (2) Where an appeal is brought under subsection (1), the running of the period for which the order has effect shall be suspended until the time at which the appeal is determined, withdrawn or discontinued.
 - (3) If-
 - (a) the person against whom a disqualification order is made does not bring an appeal within the period specified in subsection (1), and
 - (b) prescribed conditions are satisfied,

the court may grant leave for an appeal to be brought after the end of that period.

(4) On granting leave under subsection (3) the court may suspend the running of the period for which the order has effect until such time and on such conditions (if any) as it thinks just.

- (5) On an appeal under this section the court-
 - (a) shall reconsider the exercise by the [¹Secretary of State] of [¹the] powers under section 39B; and
 - (b) may by order affirm, vary or revoke the disqualification order.
- (6) On an appeal under this section the court shall not question—
 - (a) the liability order by reference to which the [¹Secretary of State] acted as mentioned in section 39B(1)(a);
 - (b) any liability order made against the same person after the disqualification order was made; or
 - (c) the maintenance calculation by reference to which any liability order within paragraph (a) or (b) was made.
- (7) The power under subsection (5) to vary a disqualification order includes power to extend the period for which it has effect; but that power may not be exercised so as to provide for it to have effect for a period exceeding 2 years in total.
- (8) If, on appeal under this section, the court affirms or varies a disqualification order, the court shall substitute for the amount specified under section 39B(5) the aggregate of—
 - (a) the amount sought to be recovered as mentioned in section 39B(1)(a), or so much of it as remains unpaid;
 - (b) the amount which the person against whom the order was made is required to pay by the order under section 39DA(1), so far as remaining unpaid;
 - (c) the amount which that person is required to pay by the order under section 39DA(2); and
 - (d) if a liability order has been made against that person since the disqualification order was made, the amount in respect of which the liability order was made, so far as remaining unpaid.
- (9) On the affirmation or variation of the disqualification order by the court, any existing suspension of the running of the period for which the order is to have effect shall cease.
- (10) But the court may suspend the running of that period until such time and on such conditions (if any) as it thinks fit if—
 - (a) the person against whom the disqualification order was made agrees to pay the amount specified in the order; or
 - (b) the court is of the opinion that the suspension in question is justified by exceptional circumstances.
- (11) If, on an appeal under this section, the court revokes a disqualification order, the court shall also revoke the order made under section 39DA(1).
- (12) But subsection (11) does not apply if the court is of the opinion that, having regard to all the circumstances, it is reasonable to require the person against whom the disqualification order was made to pay the costs mentioned in section 39DA(1).
 - (13)In this section "the court" means-
 - (a) in relation to England and Wales, a magistrates' court;
 - (b) in relation to Scotland, the sheriff."

¹ Words substituted in inserted s. 39B(5)(a) (1.8.12) by S.I. 2012/2007, art. 99(4)(a).

² Words substituted in inserted s. 39B(6)(a) (1.8.12) by S.I. 2012/2007, art. 99(4)(b).

(5) After section 39D insert-

"39DA Recovery of [1Secretary of State's] costs

- (1) On making a disqualification order against any person the ['Secretary of State] shall also make an order requiring that person to pay an amount in respect of the costs incurred by the 'Secretary of State's in exercising [...1] functions under section 39B.
- (2) If on an appeal under section 39CB the court affirms or varies a disqualification order made against any person, the court shall also make an order requiring that person to pay an amount in respect of the costs incurred by the [¹Secretary of State] in connection with the appeal ("the [¹Secretary of State's] appeal costs").
 - (3) If-
 - (a) on an appeal under that section the court revokes a disqualification order made against any person, and
 - (b) the court is satisfied that, having regard to all the circumstances, it is reasonable to require that person to pay an amount in respect of the [¹Secretary of State's] appeal costs,

the court shall also make an order requiring that person to pay an amount in respect of those costs.

- (4) Any amount payable by virtue of an order made under this section shall be-
 - (a) specified in the order; and
 - (b) determined in accordance with regulations made by the Secretary of State.
 - (5) The provisions of this Act with respect to-
 - (a) the collection of child support maintenance, and
 - (b) the enforcement of an obligation to pay child support maintenance.

apply equally (with any necessary modifications) to amounts which a person is required to pay under this section."

(6) Schedule 5 contains consequential amendments and other amendments related to the provision made by this section.

Report on operation of driving licence amendments

- **52.**—(1) The Secretary of State must prepare a report on the operation during the review period of the amendments of the 1991 Act made by section 51 and Schedule 5 so far as those amendments relate to the disqualification of any person for holding or obtaining a driving licence.
- (2) "The review period" is the period of 24 months beginning with the day on which section 51 and Schedule 5 come into force in relation to the disqualification of any person for holding or obtaining a driving licence.
 - (3) The Secretary of State must-
 - (a) prepare the report, and
 - (b) lay it before Parliament,

within 6 months from the end of the review period.

(4) The continued effect of the driving licence amendments depends on whether the Secretary of State makes an order under this subsection within the relevant period providing for those provisions to continue to have effect.

Words in inserted s. 39DA(1)-(3) & title substituted and omitted (1.8.12) by S.I. 2012/2007, art. 99(5)(a)-(d).

- (5) "The relevant period" means the period of 30 days beginning with the day on which the report is laid before Parliament; and, in reckoning this period, no account is to be taken of any time during which Parliament—
 - (a) is dissolved or prorogued, or
 - (b) is adjourned for more than 4 days.
- (6) If no order is made as mentioned in subsection (4), the Secretary of State must instead make an order under this subsection containing such amendments of the 1991 Act as the Secretary of State considers necessary to secure that the effect of the driving licence amendments is reversed.
- (7) The effect of the driving licence amendments is to be regarded as reversed if the 1991 Act is amended so that it has the same effect in relation to the disqualification of any person for holding or obtaining a driving licence as it would have had if this Act had not been passed.
- (8) An order under subsection (6) may contain consequential provision and transitional provision or savings.
- (9) The consequential provision that may be made by an order under subsection (6) includes, in particular, provision amending, repealing or revoking—
 - (a) any provision of any Act passed before the making of the order, or
 - (b) any provision of any instrument made under any Act before the making of the order.
- (10) Any power to make an order under this section is exercisable by statutory instrument.
- (11) An order under subsection (4) may not be made unless a draft of the statutory instrument containing the order has been laid before, and approved by a resolution of, each House of Parliament.
- (12) A statutory instrument containing an order under subsection (6) is subject to annulment in pursuance of a resolution of either House of Parliament.
 - (13) In this section-

"the 1991 Act" means the Child Support Act 1991 (c. 48);

"driving licence" has the same meaning as in section 39B of the 1991 Act;

"the driving licence amendments" means the amendments of the 1991 Act made by section 51 and Schedule 5 so far as relating to the disqualification of any person for holding or obtaining a driving licence.

53.—(1) The Secretary of State must prepare a report on the operation during the review period of the amendments of the 1991 Act made by section 51 and Schedule 5 so far as those amendments relate to the disqualification of any person for holding or obtaining [¹a United Kingdom passport].

Report on operation of ['passport] amendments

- (2) "The review period" is the period of 24 months beginning with the day on which section 51 and Schedule 5 come into force in relation to the disqualification of any person for holding or obtaining [¹a United Kingdom passport].
 - (3) The Secretary of State must-
 - (a) prepare the report, and
 - (b) lay it before Parliament,

within 6 months from the end of the review period.

Words substituted in s. 53(1) & (2) & heading (21.1.11) by The Identity Documents Act 2010 (c. 40), Sch. 1, para. 21(2) & (5).

- (4) The continued effect of [1the passport amendments] depends on whether the Secretary of State makes an order under this subsection within the relevant period providing for those amendments to continue to have effect.
- (5) "The relevant period" means the period of 30 days beginning with the day on which the report is laid before Parliament; and, in reckoning this period, no account is to be taken of any time during which Parliament—
 - (a) is dissolved or prorogued, or
 - (b) is adjourned for more than 4 days.
- (6) If no order is made as mentioned in subsection (4), the Secretary of State must instead make an order under this subsection containing such amendments of the 1991 Act as the Secretary of State considers necessary to secure that the effect of [1] the passport amendments] is reversed.
- (7) The effect of ['the passport amendments] is to be regarded as reversed if the 1991 Act is amended so that it has the same effect in relation to the disqualification of any person for holding or obtaining ['a United Kingdom passport] as it would have had if this Act had not been passed.
- (8) An order under subsection (6) may contain consequential provision and transitional provision or savings.
- (9) The consequential provision that may be made by an order under subsection (6) includes, in particular, provision amending, repealing or revoking—
 - (a) any provision of any Act passed before the making of the order, or
 - (b) any provision of any instrument made under any Act before the making of the order.
- (10) Any power to make an order under this section is exercisable by statutory instrument.
- (11) An order under subsection (4) may not be made unless a draft of the statutory instrument containing the order has been laid before, and approved by a resolution of, each House of Parliament.
- (12) A statutory instrument containing an order under subsection (6) is subject to annulment in pursuance of a resolution of either House of Parliament.

(13) In this section-

"the 1991 Act" means the Child Support Act 1991 (c. 48);

["²the passport amendments" means the amendment of the 1991 Act made by section 51 and Schedule 5 so far as relating to the disqualification of any person for holding or obtaining a United Kingdom passport;

"United Kingdom passport" has the same meaning as in the Immigration Act 1971 (see section 33(1)).]

 $[...^2]$

 $[...^{2}]$

¹ Words substituted in s. 53(4), (6) & (7) (21.1.11) by the Identity Documents Act 2010 (c. 40), s. 21(2) & (3)

Defns. inserted ("a United Kingdom passport" & "the passport amendments") & deleted ("travel authorisation" & "the travel authorisation amendments") in s. 53(13), (21.1.11) by the Identity Documents Act 2010 (c. 40), s. 21(4).

54.—(1) Section 29 of the Child Support Act 1991 (collection of child support maintenance) is amended as follows.

Payments of child support maintenance

- (2) In subsection (3) (provision which may be made by regulations for payment of child support maintenance), for paragraph (c) substitute–
 - "(c) for determining, on the basis of prescribed assumptions, the total amount of the payments of child support maintenance payable in a reference period (including provision for adjustments to such an amount);
 - (ca) requiring payments of child support maintenance to be made-
 - (i) by reference to such an amount and a reference period; and
 - (ii) at prescribed intervals falling in a reference period;".
 - (3) After that subsection insert-

"(3A) In subsection (3)(c) and (ca) "a reference period" means-

- (a) a period of 52 weeks beginning with a prescribed date;or
- (b) in prescribed circumstances, a prescribed period."

55.—(1) amends 1991 (c. 48), see annex 1, page 2.7795

- (2) For subsection (3A) substitute-
 - "(3A) In the case of regulations under section 14 which require a person liable to make payments of child support maintenance to notify—
 - (a) a change of address, or
 - (b) any other change of circumstances,

a person who fails to comply with the requirement is guilty of an offence".

(3) amends 1991 (c. 48), see annex 1, page 2.7795

PART 4

BIRTH REGISTRATION

56. Schedule 6 contains-

Registration of births

- (a) amendments of the Births and Deaths Registration Act 1953 (c. 20) relating to the registration of the births of children whose parents are neither married to each other nor civil partners of each other,
- (b) amendments of that Act relating to the late registration of births, and
- (c) related amendments of other legislation.

PART 5

GENERAL

57.—(1) The Secretary of State may by regulations made by statutory instrument make such provision amending or revoking any instrument made under any other Act before the passing of this Act as appears to the Secretary of State to be appropriate in consequence of any provision of this Act, other than a provision contained in Part 2.

Consequential amendments of subordinate legislation

(2) Regulations under this section may include-

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- (a) transitional provisions or savings, and
- (b) provision conferring a discretion on any person.
- (3) A statutory instrument containing regulations under this section is subject to annulment in pursuance of a resolution of either House of Parliament.

Repeals and revocations

- **58.**—(1) Schedule 7 contains repeals and revocations.
- (2) The following repeals and revocation in Part 2 of that Schedule (which are made in consequence of section 15(1)) have effect on 6 April 2010–
 - (a) the repeals in the Social Security Contributions and Benefits Act 1992 (c. 4) other than those of sections 88, 89, 91 and 92;
 - (b) the repeal of paragraph 24 of Schedule 1 to the Jobseekers Act 1995 (c. 18);
 - (c) the repeals in the Welfare Reform and Pensions Act 1999 (c. 30), the Tax Credits Act 2002 (c. 21), the Civil Partnership Act 2004 (c. 33) and the Child Benefit Act 2005 (c. 6); and
 - (d) the revocation in the Regulatory Reform (Carer's Allowance) Order 2002 (S.I. 2002/1457).
- (3) The repeal in that Part of paragraph 9 of Part 4 of Schedule 4 to the Social Security Contributions and Benefits Act 1992 is not to be taken as affecting the operation of article 3 of the Tax Credits Act 2002 (Commencement No. 3 and Transitional Provisions and Savings) Order 2003 (S.I. 2003/938) (savings in relation to the abolition of child dependency increases).

Financial provisions

- **59.**—(1) There is to be paid out of money provided by Parliament–
 - (a) any expenditure incurred in consequence of this Act by a Minister of the Crown, a government department or the Registrar General for England and Wales, and
 - (b) any increase attributable to this Act in the sums payable under any other Act out of money so provided.
- (2) There is to be paid into the Consolidated Fund any increase attributable to this Act in the sums payable into that Fund under any other Act.

Extent

60.—(1) The following provisions of this Act extend to England and Wales, Scotland and Northern Ireland–

section 24 and Schedule 4 (loss of benefit provisions); section 36 (power to rename council tax benefit); and this section and sections 61 and 62.

- (2) Section 56 and Schedule 6 (birth registration) extend to England and Wales only.
- (3) Subject to subsection (4), the other provisions of this Act extend to England and Wales and Scotland only.
- (4) Any amendment, repeal or revocation made by this Act has the same extent as the enactment to which it relates.
 - (5) Subsection (4) is subject to paragraph 20(2) of Schedule 6.

Commencement

61.—(1) The following provisions of this Act come into force on the day on which this Act is passed–

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sections 1 and 2;
section 8;
section 11;
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section 23;
sections 27 and 28;
section 37;
section 57;
sections 59 and 60;
this section;
section 62; and
Schedule 3.
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(2) The following provisions of this Act come into force at the end of the period of 2 months beginning with the day on which this Act is passed—

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section 15;
section 34;
Part 2;
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section 58(2) and (3); and

Part 2 of Schedule 7 so far as relating to the repeals and revocation mentioned in section 58(2).

- (3) The other provisions of this Act come into force on such day as the Secretary of State may by order made by statutory instrument appoint.
 - (4) An order under subsection (3) may-
 - (a) appoint different days for different purposes and in relation to different areas;
 - (b) make such provision as the Secretary of State considers necessary or expedient for transitory, transitional or saving purposes in connection with the coming into force of any provision falling within that subsection.
- (5) Before making an order under subsection (3) in relation to any provision of Part 1 of Schedule 6 (birth registration), the Secretary of State must consult the Registrar General for England and Wales.
 - **62.** This Act may be cited as the Welfare Reform Act 2009.

Short title

SCHEDULES

SCHEDULE 1

Section 4

AMENDMENTS CONNECTED TO SECTION 4

PART 1

AMENDMENTS OF JOBSEEKERS ACT 1995

Introduction

1. The Jobseekers Act 1995 (c. 18) is amended as follows.

Work-focused interviews etc.

- 2. In section 8(1) (attendance, information and evidence), after "other than a" insert "claimant whose claim is based on meeting condition B in section 1A or".
 - 3. After section 11 insert-

"Work-focused interviews etc.

11A. Persons not required to meet the jobseeking conditions

- (1) Regulations may make provision for or in connection with imposing on a person-
 - (a) who makes a claim for a jobseeker's allowance (other than a joint-claim jobseeker's allowance), and
 - (b) to whom section 8(1) does not apply,
- a requirement to take part in a work-focused interview as an additional condition which the person must meet before the person becomes entitled to the allowance.
- (2) Regulations may make provision for or in connection with imposing on a person-
 - (a) who is entitled to a jobseeker's allowance (other than a joint-claim jobseeker's allowance), and
 - (b) to whom section 8(1) does not apply,
- a requirement to take part in one or more work-focused interviews as a condition of continuing to be entitled to the full amount of the allowance payable apart from the regulations.
- (3) No requirement may be imposed by virtue of this section on a person who—
 - (a) is not a member of a couple, and
 - (b) is responsible for, and a member of the same household as, a child under the age of one.
- (4) In this section and sections 11B and 11C "work-focused interview", in relation to any person, means an interview conducted for such purposes connected with employment or training in the case of that person as may be prescribed.
 - (5) The purposes which may be so prescribed include-
 - (a) purposes connected with a person's existing or future employment or training prospects or needs; and

(b) (in particular) assisting or encouraging a person to enhance the person's employment prospects.

11B Provision which may be made by regulations under section 11A

- (1) Regulations under section 11A(1) or (2) may, in particular, make provision—
 - (a) prescribing circumstances in which a person is to be subject to a requirement to take part in one or more workfocused interviews (a "relevant requirement");
 - (b) for notifying a person of a relevant requirement;
 - (c) prescribing the work-focused interviews in which a person who is subject to a relevant requirement is required to take part;
 - (d) for determining, in relation to work-focused interviews under the regulations, when and how the interview is to be conducted and, if it is to be conducted face to face, where it is to take place;
 - (e) for notifying persons who are subject to a relevant requirement of what is determined in respect of the matters mentioned in paragraph (d);
 - (f) prescribing circumstances in which a person who is a party to a work-focused interview under the regulations is to be regarded as having, or not having, taken part in it;
 - (g) for securing that the appropriate consequence follows if a person who is subject to a relevant requirement–
 - (i) fails to take part in the work-focused interview, and
 - (ii) does not, within a prescribed period, show that the person had good cause for that failure;
 - (h) prescribing matters which are, or are not, to be taken into account in determining whether a person has good cause for any failure to comply with the regulations;
 - (i) prescribing circumstances in which a person is, or is not, to be regarded as having good cause for any such failure.
- (2) For the purposes of subsection (1)(g) "the appropriate consequence" means-
 - (a) in the case of regulations under section 11A(1), that the person is to be regarded as not having made a claim for the allowance or, if the allowance has already been awarded (because the case is within subsection (6)), the entitlement to it is to cease immediately;
 - (b) in the case of regulations under section 11A(2), that the amount of the allowance is to be reduced by the prescribed amount until the prescribed time.
- (3) Regulations under section 11A(2) may, in relation to any such reduction, provide—
 - (a) for the amount of the reduction to be calculated in the first instance by reference to such amount as may be prescribed;
 - (b) for the amount as so calculated to be restricted, in prescribed circumstances, to the prescribed extent;
 - (c) where the person is also entitled to one or more relevant benefits, for determining the extent, and the order, in which the jobseeker's allowance and the relevant benefits are to be reduced in order to give effect to the required reduction.

- (4) Regulations under section 11A(1) or (2) may provide that a relevant requirement that would otherwise apply to a person by virtue of the regulations-
 - (a) is, in any prescribed circumstances, either not to apply or not to apply until such time as is prescribed;
 - (b) is not to apply if the Secretary of State determines that a work-focused interview would not be of assistance to the person or would otherwise not be appropriate in the circumstances:
 - (c) is not to apply until such time as the Secretary of State determines, if the Secretary of State determines that a workfocused interview would not be of assistance to the person, or would otherwise not be appropriate in the circumstances, until that time.
- (5) The regulations may make provision for treating a person in relation to whom a relevant requirement does not apply, or does not apply until a particular time, as having complied with the requirement to such extent and for such purposes as may be prescribed.
 - (6) Where-
 - (a) a person is subject to a relevant requirement as a result of regulations under section 11A(1), and
 - (b) the interview is postponed by or under provision of the regulations made as a result of subsection (4)(a) or (c) above,

the time to which it is so postponed may be a time falling after an award of the allowance.

(7) In this section "relevant benefit," in relation to any person, means any benefit in relation to which the person is required to take part in a work-focused interview by virtue of regulations made under section 2A of the Administration Act.

11C Action plans in connection with work-focused interviews

- (1) The Secretary of State must in prescribed circumstances provide an action plan to a person subject to a requirement imposed under section 11A to take part in a work-focused interview.
- (2) In this section an "action plan" means a document prepared for such purposes as may be prescribed.
 - (3) Regulations may make provision about-
 - (a) the form of action plans;
 - (b) the content of action plans;
 - (c) the review and updating of action plans.
- (4) Regulations may make provision for reconsideration of an action plan at the request of the person to whom it is provided and may, in particular, make provision about—
 - (a) the circumstances in which reconsideration may be requested;
 - (b) the period within which any reconsideration must take place;
 - (c) the matters to which regard must be had when deciding on reconsideration whether the plan should be changed;

- (d) notification of the decision on reconsideration;
- (e) the giving of directions for the purpose of giving effect to the decision on reconsideration.
- (5) In preparing any action plan, the Secretary of State must have regard (so far as practicable) to its impact on the well-being of any child who may be affected by it."

Directions given by officers of the Secretary of State etc.

4. After section 18 insert-

"Claimants to comply with directions etc.

18A Requirements imposed on claimants by officers of the Secretary of State

- (1) A claimant must carry out any direction given by an officer of the Secretary of State to the claimant with a view to achieving one or both of the following—
 - (a) assisting the claimant to find employment;
 - (b) improving the claimant's existing or future prospects of being or remaining employed.
 - (2) A direction under subsection (1)-
 - (a) must be reasonable, having regard to the claimant's circumstances:
 - (b) must be in writing; and
 - (c) may be varied or revoked by a subsequent direction given under that subsection.
- (3) If an officer of the Secretary of State notifies a claimant of a place on a training scheme which is vacant or about to become vacant, the claimant—
 - (a) must apply for the place, and
 - (b) if offered the place, must accept it and attend the scheme.
- (4) If an officer of the Secretary of State notifies a claimant of a place on an employment programme which is vacant or about to become vacant, the claimant—
 - (a) must apply for the place, and
 - (b) if offered the place, must accept it and attend the programme.
- (5) If an officer of the Secretary of State notifies a claimant of a situation in any employment which is vacant or about to become vacant, the claimant—
 - (a) must apply for the situation, and
 - (b) if offered the situation, must accept it.
- (6) In the case of a person whose claim to a jobseeker's allowance is based on meeting condition B in section 1A-
 - (a) a subsection (1)(a) direction may not be given except as mentioned in subsection (7); and
 - (b) subsections (4) and (5) do not apply (but see subsection (7)).

- (7) If a person whose claim to a jobseeker's allowance is based on meeting condition B in section 1A so agrees—
 - (a) a subsection (1)(a) direction may be given to the person; and
 - (b) a subsection (1)(b) direction may require the person to apply for a place on an employment programme and, if offered the place, accept it and attend the programme.
- (8) Regulations may, in the case of a person of a prescribed description whose claim to a jobseeker's allowance is based on meeting condition B in section 1A, provide—
 - (a) for a subsection (1)(b) direction not to be given or not to be given in prescribed circumstances;
 - (b) for subsection (3) not to apply or not to apply in prescribed circumstances.
 - (9) For the purposes of this section-

"employment programme" has such meaning as may be prescribed; "subsection (1)(a) direction" means a direction under subsection (1) given with a view to achieving the purpose mentioned in paragraph (a) of that subsection;

"subsection (1)(b) direction" means a direction under subsection (1) given with a view to achieving the purpose mentioned in paragraph (b) of that subsection;

"training scheme" has such meaning as may be prescribed.

- (10) For the purposes of the application of this section in the case of a joint-claim couple claiming a joint-claim jobseeker's allowance—
 - (a) a direction or notification under this section may be given to only one member of the couple, or
 - (b) separate directions or notifications under this section may be given to each member of the couple,

and references in this section to a claimant are to be read accordingly.

(11) Nothing in any provision of this section is to be read as prejudicing the generality of any other provision of this section or of section 18B.

(12) For the sanctions for failure to comply with this section, see sections 19 and 20A (as read with sections 18C and 18D).

18B Work-related activity: section 1A(4) claimants

- (1) Regulations may make provision for or in connection with imposing on a person-
 - (a) whose claim to a jobseeker's allowance is based on meeting condition B in section 1A, and
- (b) who is not a lone parent of a child under the age of 3, a requirement to undertake work-related activity in accordance with regulations.
- (2) Regulations under this section may, in particular, make provision–
 - (a) prescribing circumstances in which a person is to be subject to any requirement imposed by the regulations (a "relevant requirement");
 - (b) for notifying a person of a relevant requirement;

- (c) prescribing the time or times at which a person who is subject to a relevant requirement is required to undertake work-related activity and the amount of work-related activity the person is required at any time to undertake;
- (d) prescribing circumstances in which a person who is subject to a relevant requirement is, or is not, to be regarded as undertaking work-related activity.
- (3) Regulations under this section may include provision that in such circumstances as the regulations may provide a person's obligation under the regulations to undertake work-related activity at a particular time is not to apply, or is to be treated as not having applied.
- (4) Regulations under this section must include provision for securing that lone parents are entitled (subject to meeting any prescribed conditions) to restrict the times at which they are required to undertake work-related activity.
- (5) In prescribed circumstances, the Secretary of State may by direction given to a person subject to a requirement imposed under subsection (1) provide that the activity specified in the direction is—
 - (a) to be the only activity which, in the person's case, is to be regarded as being work-related activity; or
 - (b) to be regarded, in the person's case, as not being work-related activity.
- (6) But a direction under subsection (5) may not specify medical or surgical treatment as the only activity which, in any person's case, is to be regarded as being work-related activity.
 - (7) A direction under subsection (5) given to any person-
 - (a) must be reasonable, having regard to the person's circumstances;
 - (b) must be given to the person by being included in an action plan provided to the person under section 11C; and
 - (c) may be varied or revoked by a subsequent direction under that subsection.
- (8) Where a direction under subsection (5) varies or revokes a previous direction, it may provide for the variation or revocation to have effect from a time before the giving of the direction.
 - (9) For the purposes of this section-

"lone parent" means a person who-

- (a) is not a member of a couple, and
- (b) is responsible for, and a member of the same household as, a child;

"work-related activity", in relation to a person, means activity which makes it more likely that the person will obtain or remain in work or be able to do so.

- (10) Nothing in this section is to be read as prejudicing the generality of any provision of section 18A.
- (11) For the sanctions for failure to comply with this section, see section 19 (as read with sections 18C and 18D)."

5. Before section 19 (but after the italic heading immediately before that section) insert—

"18C Definitions for purposes of sections 19 and 20A

- (1) This section applies for the purposes of sections 19 and 20A.
- (2) A person ("P") is in breach of a jobseeker's direction if P has, without good cause, refused or failed to carry out a direction given to P under section 18A(1).
- (3) A person ("P") is in breach of a training scheme requirement if P-
 - (a) has, without good cause, refused or failed to do as mentioned in section 18A(3);
 - (b) has, without good cause, neglected to avail himself or herself of a reasonable opportunity of a place on a training scheme;
 - (c) has, without good cause, given up a place on a training scheme;
 - (d) has, without good cause, failed to attend a training scheme on which P has been given a place; or
 - (e) has lost a place on a training scheme through misconduct.
- (4) A person ("P") is in breach of an employment programme requirement if P-
 - (a) has, without good cause, refused or failed to do as mentioned in section 18A(4);
 - (b) has, without good cause, neglected to avail himself or herself of a reasonable opportunity of a place on an employment programme;
 - (c) has, without good cause, given up a place on an employment programme;
 - (d) has, without good cause, failed to attend an employment programme on which P has been given a place; or
 - (e) has lost a place on an employment programme through misconduct.
- (5) A person ("P") is in breach of an employment requirement if P-
 - (a) has, without good cause, refused or failed to do as mentioned in section 18A(5);
 - (b) has lost employment as an employed earner through misconduct;
 - (c) has, without just cause, voluntarily left employment as an employed earner; or
 - (d) has, without good cause, neglected to avail himself or herself of a reasonable opportunity of employment.
- (6) A person ("P") is in breach of a work-related activity requirement if P has, without good cause, refused or failed to comply with a requirement imposed on P under section 18B.
- (7) In this section "employment programme" and "training scheme" have the same meaning as in section 18A.

18D Section 18C: supplemental

- (1) A person is not to be regarded as breaching any requirement under section 18C merely because the person refuses to seek or accept employment in a situation which is vacant in consequence of a stoppage of work due to a trade dispute.
- (2) A person is not to be regarded as breaching a jobseeker's direction, a training scheme requirement or an employment programme requirement under section 18C if—
 - (a) a direction is in force under section 16 with respect to the person; and
 - (b) the person has acted in such a way as to risk-
 - (i) having that direction revoked under section 16(3)(b), or
 - (ii) having the amount of jobseeker's allowance reduced by virtue of section 17 because the condition mentioned in section 17(3)(b) or (c) is satisfied.
- (3) In such circumstances as may be prescribed, a person who might otherwise be regarded as having left employment voluntarily is to be treated for the purposes of section 18C as not having left voluntarily.
- (4) The circumstances that may be prescribed include, in particular, where the person has been dismissed by reason of redundancy within the meaning of section 139(1) of the Employment Rights Act 1996 after volunteering or agreeing to be so dismissed.
- (5) Regulations must make provision for the purpose of enabling any person of a prescribed description to accept any employed earner's employment without breaching an employment requirement by virtue of section 18C(5)(c) or (d) should the person leave that employment voluntarily and without just cause at any time during a trial period.
 - (6) "Trial period" has such meaning as may be prescribed.
 - (7) Regulations may for the purposes of section 18C-
 - (a) prescribe matters which are, or are not, to be taken into account in determining whether a person has good cause or just cause for any act or omission;
 - (b) prescribe circumstances in which a person is, or is not, to be regarded as having good cause or just cause for any act or omission.
- (8) Subject to those regulations, in determining whether, for the purposes of section 18C, a person has, or does not have, good cause or just cause for any act or omission, any matter relating to the level of remuneration in the employment in question is to be disregarded.
- (9) Regulations may, in the case of a person of a prescribed description whose claim to a jobseeker's allowance is based on meeting condition B in section 1A, provide that section 18C(3)(b) to (e)–
 - (a) are not to apply, or
 - (b) are not to apply in prescribed circumstances.

- (10) Regulations may make provision for the purposes of section 18C(6)–
 - (a) prescribing the evidence which a person who is subject to a requirement imposed under section 18B needs to provide in order to show compliance with the requirement;
 - (b) prescribing matters which are, or are not, to be taken into account in determining whether a person has complied with such a requirement.
- (11) Regulations may make provision for determining, for the purposes of this section, the day on which a person's employment is to be regarded as starting."
- 6. For sections 19 and 20 substitute-

"19 Certain circumstances in which a jobseeker's allowance is not payable

- (1) This section applies in relation to a jobseeker's allowance other than a joint-claim jobseeker's allowance (as to which see section 20A).
- (2) In the case of a claimant whose claim to a jobseeker's allowance is not based on meeting condition B in section 1A, a jobseeker's allowance is not payable in respect of the claimant for the relevant period if the claimant is in breach of—
 - (a) a jobseeker's direction,
 - (b) a training scheme requirement,
 - (c) an employment programme requirement, or
 - (d) an employment requirement,

even though the claimant meets the conditions for entitlement to the allowance.

- (3) In the case of a claimant whose claim to a jobseeker's allowance is based on meeting condition B in section 1A, a jobseeker's allowance is not payable in respect of the claimant for the relevant period if the claimant is in breach of—
 - (a) a jobseeker's direction,
 - (b) a training scheme requirement, or
 - (c) a work-related activity requirement,

even though the claimant meets the conditions for entitlement to the allowance.

- (4) In this section "the relevant period" means-
 - in any case where the allowance is not payable because the claimant is in breach of an employment requirement, such period as may be determined by the Secretary of State; and
- (b) in any other case, such period as may be prescribed.
- (5) The period which may be determined or prescribed under subsection (4) must be at least one week but not more than 26 weeks.
 - (6) Regulations may prescribe-
 - (a) circumstances which the Secretary of State is to take into account, and
 - (b) circumstances which the Secretary of State is not to take into account,

in determining a period under subsection (4)(a).

20 Exemptions from section 19

- (1) In such circumstances as may be prescribed, an incomebased jobseeker's allowance is payable in respect of a claimant even though section 19 prevents payment of a jobseeker's allowance to the claimant.
- (2) An income-based jobseeker's allowance is payable by virtue of subsection (1) only if the claimant has complied with such requirements as to the provision of information as may be prescribed for the purposes of this subsection.
- (3) Regulations under subsection (1) may, in particular, provide for an income-based jobseeker's allowance payable by virtue of that subsection to be—
 - (a) payable at a prescribed rate;
 - (b) payable for a prescribed period (which may differ from the period fixed under section 19(4))."
- 7. For sections 20A and 20B substitute-

"20A Certain circumstances in which a joint-claim jobseeker's allowance is not payable

- (1) This section applies in relation to a joint-claim jobseeker's allowance.
- (2) A member of a joint-claim couple is subject to sanctions for the purposes of this section for the relevant period if the member is in breach of—
 - (a) a jobseeker's direction.
 - (b) a training scheme requirement,
 - (c) an employment programme requirement, or
 - (d) an employment requirement.
 - (3) In this section "the relevant period" means-
 - (a) in any case where the member is subject to sanctions because the member is in breach of an employment requirement, such period as may be determined by the Secretary of State; and
 - (b) in any other case, such period as may be prescribed.
- (4) The period which may be determined or prescribed under subsection (3) must be at least one week but not more than 26 weeks.
- (5) Even though the couple meet the conditions for entitlement to a joint-claim jobseeker's allowance—
 - (a) the allowance is not payable for any period during which both members of the couple are subject to sanctions; and
 - (b) the amount of the allowance payable in respect of the couple for any period during which only one member of the couple is subject to sanctions is reduced to an amount calculated by the prescribed method ("the reduced amount").
- (6) The method prescribed for calculating the reduced amount may, in particular, involve—

- (a) deducting amounts from, or making percentage reductions of, the amount which would be the amount of the allowance if neither member of the couple were subject to sanctions;
- (b) disregarding portions of the applicable amount;
- (c) treating amounts as being income or capital of the couple.
- (7) During any period for which the amount of a joint-claim jobseeker's allowance is the reduced amount, the allowance is payable to the member of the couple who is not subject to sanctions.
 - (8) Regulations may prescribe-
 - (a) circumstances which the Secretary of State is to take into account, and
 - (b) circumstances which the Secretary of State is not to take into account,

in determining a period under subsection (3)(a).

20B Exemptions from section 20A

- (1) In such circumstances as may be prescribed, a joint-claim jobseeker's allowance is payable in respect of a joint-claim couple even though section 20A(5)(a) prevents payment of the allowance to the couple.
- (2) A jobseeker's allowance is payable by virtue of subsection (1) only if the couple have complied with such requirements as to the provision of information as may be prescribed for the purposes of this subsection.
- (3) Regulations under subsection (1) may, in particular, provide for a jobseeker's allowance payable by virtue of that subsection to be—
 - (a) payable at a prescribed rate;
 - (b) payable for a prescribed period (which may differ from the period during which both members of the couple are subject to sanctions for the purposes of section 20A)."

Other amendments

8. In section 1(4) (the jobseeker's allowance), for the definition of "a joint-claim jobseeker's allowance" substitute—

"a joint-claim jobseeker's allowance" means a jobseeker's allowance entitlement to which is based on section 1B."

- 9. In section 2(1) (the contribution-based conditions), for "section 1(2)(d)" substitute "section 1A(1)(b)".
 - 10.-(1) Section 3 (the income-based conditions) is amended as follows.
 - (2) In subsection (1), for "section 1(2A)(b)" substitute "section 1A(3)(b)".
 - (3) After that subsection insert-
 - "(1A) The conditions referred to in section 1A(4)(d) are that the claimant—
 - (a) satisfies the conditions set out in subsection (1)(a), (b), (c), (dd), (de) and (e) above;
 - is not a member of a couple the other member of which is entitled to an income-based jobseeker's allowance; and

- (c) is a person-
 - (i) who has reached the age of 18; or
 - (ii) who has reached the age of 16 but not the age of 18 and falls within a prescribed description of person."
- 11. In section 3A(1) (the conditions for claims by joint-claim couples), for "section 1(2B)(c)" substitute "section 1B(1)(c)".
- 12. In section 4(11A) (amount payable by way of a jobseeker's allowance), for "section 1(2C)" substitute "section 1A(8)".
 - 13. In section 9 (the jobseeker's agreement)-
 - (a) in subsection (2), for "section 1" substitute "section 1A",
 - (b) in subsection (5), for "section 1(2)(a) and (c)" substitute "section 1A(7)(a) and (c)",
 - (c) in subsection (6)(a)-
 - (i) in sub-paragraph (i), for "section 1(2)(a)" substitute "section 1A(7)(a)", and
 - (ii) in sub-paragraph (ii), for "section 1(2)(c)" substitute "section 1A(7)(c)", and
 - (d) in subsection (10), for "section 1(2)(b)" substitute "section 1A(7)(b)".
 - 14. In section 10 (variation of jobseeker's agreement)-
 - (a) in subsection (4), for "section 1(2)(a) and (c)" substitute "section 1A(7)(a) and (c)", and
 - (b) in subsection (5)(a)-
 - (i) in sub-paragraph (i), for "section 1(2)(a)" substitute "section 1A(7)(a)", and
 - (ii) in sub-paragraph (ii), for "section 1(2)(c)" substitute "section 1A(7)(c)".
 - 15.-(1) Section 14 (trade disputes) is amended as follows.
- (2) In subsection (1), at the beginning insert "Except in prescribed circumstances,"
- (3) In subsection (2), at the beginning insert "Except in prescribed circumstances,"
 - (4) After subsection (2) insert-
 - "(2A) Subsections (1) and (2) do not apply to a person who is a member of a couple unless the other member of the couple is a person to whom either of those subsections apply (but see instead the provision made by section 15)."
 - 16.-(1) Section 15 (effect on other claimants) is amended as follows.
 - (2) For subsection (1) substitute-
 - "(1)Except in prescribed circumstances, subsection (2) applies in relation to any person ("P") who—
 - (a) is a member of a couple, and
 - (b) claims an income-based jobseeker's allowance,

in any case where, if subsection (2A) of section 14 were to be disregarded, either P or the other member of the couple (but not both) would be prevented by that section from being entitled to a jobseeker's allowance.

- (1A) In this section any reference to the relevant person is to the member of the couple concerned who would be prevented by that section from being so entitled (whether or not that person is also the claimant)."
- (3) In subsection (2)-
 - (a) in paragraph (a), for "A" substitute "the relevant person",
 - (b) in paragraph (b), for the words from "where" to "them" substitute "any portion of the applicable amount which is included in respect of the couple", and
 - (c) in paragraph (c), for "A" (in both places) substitute "the relevant person" and for "A's" substitute "that person's".
- (4) In subsection (4), for "A" (in both places) substitute "the relevant person".
- 17.—(1)Section 15A (trade disputes: joint-claim couples) is amended as follows.
 - (2) After subsection (1), insert-
 - "(1A) Section 14 shall apply as if subsection (2A) of that section were omitted."
- (3) In subsection (4), omit paragraph (b) (together with the "or" immediately before it).
 - (4) In subsection (5)-
 - (a) for paragraph (b) substitute-
 - "(b) references to the relevant person are to the person mentioned in subsection (4)(a) above;", and
 - (b) omit paragraph (c) (but not the "and" at the end of it).
 - 18. After section 15A insert-

"15B Other provision relating to a person's return to work

- (1) This section applies if a person ("P") returns to work with the same employer after a period during which—
 - (a) P is, or would be, prevented by section 14 from being entitled to a jobseeker's allowance, or
 - (b) section 15(2) applies in a case where (if subsection (2A) of section 14 were to be disregarded) P would be prevented by that section from being so entitled.
- (2) It does not matter whether or not the return to work is before the end of the stoppage of work in question.
- (3) In the case of a claim for an income-based jobseeker's allowance other than a joint-claim jobseeker's allowance—
 - (a) P is to be treated as not engaged in remunerative work until the end of the period of 15 days beginning with the day on which P returns to work, and
 - (b) any sum paid by way of a jobseeker's allowance for that period of 15 days to P or, if P is a member of a couple, to the other member of the couple is recoverable in accordance with regulations from the person to whom it was paid or from any prescribed person or, where the person to whom it was paid is a member of a couple, from the other member of the couple.

- (4) In the case of a claim for a joint-claim jobseeker's allowance-
- (a) P is to be treated as meeting the jobseeking conditions, and as not engaged in remunerative work, until the end of the period of 15 days beginning with the day on which P returns to work, and
- (b) any sum paid by way of a joint-claim jobseeker's allowance for that period of 15 days in respect of the couple is recoverable in accordance with regulations from each member of the couple or from any prescribed person."

19. In-

- (a) section 17A(8) (schemes for assisting persons to obtain employment: "work for your benefit" schemes etc.), which is inserted by section 1 of this Act,
- (b) section 20C(7) (sanctions for violent conduct in connection with claim), which is inserted by section 25 of this Act, and
- (c) paragraph 7(4) of Schedule A1 (claimants dependent on drugs etc.), which is inserted by Schedule 3 to this Act,

for "section 20B(4)" substitute "section 20B(1)".

- 20. In section 22(2) (members of the forces), for "section 19(6)(b)" substitute "section 18C(5)(c)".
 - 21. In section 35(1) (interpretation)-
 - (a) after the definition of "the applicable amount" insert—
 " "the basic conditions" means the conditions set out in section
 1A(7);", and
 - (b) after the definition of "jobseeker's agreement" insert—
 " "the jobseeking conditions" means the conditions set out in section
 1A(7)(a) to (c);".
- 22. In section 36(4A)(b) (regulations and orders), which is inserted by section 1 of this Act, after "section" insert "11A, 11C, 18B or".
 - 23.-(1) Schedule 1 (supplementary provisions) is amended as follows.
 - (2) In paragraph 2, at the end insert-
 - "(3) Regulations may provide that the condition in section 1A(7)(e) (person not to have limited capability for work) is not to apply in prescribed circumstances to a person whose claim to a jobseeker's allowance is based on meeting condition B in section 1A."
 - (3) For paragraph 8 substitute-
 - "8 Regulations may prescribe circumstances in which a person may be entitled to an income-based jobseeker's allowance without being required to meet the jobseeking conditions in any case where the person would not otherwise be so entitled."
- (4) In paragraph 8A(1), for "conditions referred to in section 1(2B)(b)" substitute "basic conditions".
 - (5) In paragraph 14-
 - (a) renumber the existing text as sub-paragraph (1), and
 - (b) after that sub-paragraph (as renumbered) insert-

"(2)Regulations may provide that the condition in section 1A(7)(f) (person not to be receiving relevant education) is not to apply in prescribed circumstances to a person whose claim to a jobseeker's allowance is based on meeting condition B in section 1A."

(6) After paragraph 14 insert-

"Pensionable age

14A Regulations may provide that in prescribed circumstances the condition in section 1A(7)(g) (person to be under pensionable age) is to have effect in relation to a person whose claim to a jobseeker's allowance is based on meeting condition B in section 1A as if for "pensionable age" there were substituted "the qualifying age for state pension credit (within the meaning of the State Pension Credit Act 2002)" "

PART 2

AMENDMENTS OF OTHER ACTS

Social Security Administration Act 1992 (c. 5)

24. In section 2A of the Social Security Administration Act 1992 (claim or full entitlement to certain benefits conditional on work-focused interview), at the end insert—

"(9) For the purposes of this section-

- (a) the references in subsections (3)(a) and (5)(c) to a relevant benefit include references to a jobseeker's allowance in relation to which a person is required to take part in a work-focused interview by virtue of regulations made under section 11A of the Jobseekers Act 1995;
- (b) the reference in subsection (5)(c) to any reduction of the amount of benefit payable to any person under subsection (4)(b) includes a reference to any reduction of the amount of a jobseeker's allowance payable in respect of that person by virtue of those regulations."

Social Security Act 1998 (c. 14)

25. In paragraph 3(d) of Schedule 3 to the Social Security Act 1998 (decisions against which an appeal lies), after "section 19" insert "or 20A".

Welfare Reform Act 2007 (c. 5)

26. In section 1(6) of the Welfare Reform Act 2007 (employment and support allowance), in the definition of "joint-claim jobseeker's allowance", for "section 1(2B)" substitute "section 1B".

SCHEDULE 2

Section 9

ABOLITION OF INCOME SUPPORT: CONSEQUENTIAL AMENDMENTS

Magistrates' Courts Act 1980 (c. 43)

1. In sections 89(2A) and 90(3A) of the Magistrates' Courts Act 1980 (transfer of fine order), for "income support" substitute "jobseeker's allowance etc."

Criminal Justice Act 1991 (c. 53)

2. In section 24 of the Criminal Justice Act 1991 (recovery of fines etc. by deductions from income support), in the title, for "income support" substitute "jobseeker's allowance etc."

Social Security Administration Act 1992 (c. 5)

3. In section 74 of the Social Security Administration Act 1992 (income support and other payments), in the title, for "Income support" substitute "Income-based jobseeker's allowance".

Local Government Finance Act 1992 (c. 14)

- 4. In paragraph 12(1) of Schedule 4 to the Local Government Finance Act 1992 (enforcement: relationship between remedies)–
 - (a) in paragraph (b), for "income support" substitute "jobseeker's allowance payable to any person whose claim to the allowance is based on meeting condition B in section 1A of the Jobseekers Act 1995" and
 - (b) in paragraph (d), for "income support" substitute "jobseeker's allowance payable as mentioned in paragraph (b)."

Jobseekers Act 1995 (c. 18)

- 5. The Jobseekers Act 1995 is amended as follows.
- 6. In section 2(1) (the contribution-based conditions), at the end of paragraph (b) insert "and".
- 7. In section 3A(1)(c) (the conditions for claims by joint-claim couples), for "any such family" substitute "a family of which the couple are members."

Immigration and Asylum Act 1999 (c. 33)

- 8. In section 97(5) of the Immigration and Asylum Act 1999 (persons for whom support may be provided: supplemental), for paragraph (a) (together with the "or" at the end of it) substitute—
 - "(a) to such portion of the applicable amount in respect of an incomebased jobseeker's allowance provided under section 4 of the Jobseekers Act 1995, or".

Social Security Fraud Act 2001 (c. 11)

- 9. The Social Security Fraud Act 2001 is amended as follows.
- 10. In section 6B(5) (loss of benefit in case of conviction, penalty or caution for benefit offence), which is inserted by section 24 of this Act, for "subsections (6)" substitute "subsections (7)".

WELFARE REFORM ACT 2009 (c. 24)

Sch. 2

11. In section 7(2) (loss of benefit for commission of benefit offences), for "subsections (3)" substitute "subsections (4)".

Courts Act 2003 (c. 39)

- 12. The Courts Act 2003 is amended as follows.
- 13. In paragraph 10(a) of Schedule 5 (applications for benefit deductions), for "income support" substitute "jobseeker's allowance".
- 14. In paragraph 2(1)(a)(v) of Schedule 6 (discharge of fines by unpaid work), for "income support" substitute "jobseeker's allowance".

Child Trust Funds Act 2004 (c. 6)

15. In section 9(8)(a) of the Child Trust Funds Act 2004 (supplementary contribution by HMRC), for "income support, or income-based jobseeker's allowance," substitute "income-based jobseeker's allowance."

Age-Related Payments Act 2004 (c. 10)

16. In section 2(3)(b) of the Age-Related Payments Act 2004 (entitlement: basic cases), at the end of sub-paragraph (i) insert "or".

Welfare Reform Act 2007 (c. 5)

- 17. In paragraph 11 of Schedule 4 to the Welfare Reform Act 2007 (transition relating to Part 1 of Act), after the definition of "incapacity benefit" insert—
 - " "income support" means income support under section 124 of the Contributions and Benefits Act;".

SCHEDULE 3

Section 11

CLAIMANTS DEPENDENT ON DRUGS ETC

PART 1

JOBSEEKER'S ALLOWANCE

Requirements imposed on claimants dependent on drugs etc.

Paras. 1.-4. amends 1995 (c. 18), 1998 (c. 14) and 2007 (c. 5), see annex 1, page 2.7795

Report on initial operation of drugs provisions

- 5.—(1) The Secretary of State must prepare a report on the operation of the first set of regulations made under paragraphs 1, 2, 3, 5 and 6 of Schedule A1 to the Jobseekers Act 1995 during the review period.
- (2) "The review period" is the period of 24 months beginning with the day on which those regulations come into force.
 - (3) The Secretary of State must-
 - (a) prepare the report, and
 - (b) lay it before Parliament,

within 6 months from the end of the review period.

- (4) The continued effect of the drugs provisions depends on whether the Secretary of State makes an order under this sub-paragraph within the relevant period providing for those provisions to continue to have effect.
- (5) "The relevant period" means the period of 30 days beginning with the day on which the report is laid before Parliament; and, in reckoning this period, no account is to be taken of any time during which Parliament—
 - (a) is dissolved or prorogued, or
 - (b) is adjourned for more than 4 days.
- (6) If no order is made as mentioned in sub-paragraph (4), the Secretary of State must instead make an order under this sub-paragraph providing for the repeal of the drugs provisions on a date specified in the order.
 - (7) An order under sub-paragraph (6) may contain transitional provision or savings.
- (8) Any power to make an order under this paragraph is exercisable by statutory instrument.
- (9) An order under sub-paragraph (4) may not be made unless a draft of the statutory instrument containing the order has been laid before, and approved by a resolution of, each House of Parliament.
- (10) A statutory instrument containing an order under sub-paragraph (6) is subject to annulment in pursuance of a resolution of either House of Parliament.
 - (11) In this paragraph "the drugs provisions" means-
 - (a) section 17C of, and Schedule A1 to, the Jobseekers Act 1995 (c. 18),
 - (b) the words inserted into that Act, and the Social Security Act 1998 (c. 14), by paragraphs 3 and 4 of this Schedule, and
 - (c) paragraphs 1 to 4 of this Schedule.

(12) This paragraph applies whether or not the regulations mentioned in sub-paragraph (1) are, by virtue of section 29 of the Jobseekers Act 1995 (pilot schemes), made so as to have effect for a limited period.

PART 2

EMPLOYMENT AND SUPPORT ALLOWANCE

Requirements imposed on persons dependent on drugs etc.

Report on the initial operation of drugs provisions

- 9.—(1) The Secretary of State must prepare a report on the operation of the first set of regulations made under paragraphs 1, 2, 3, 5 and 6 of Schedule 1A to the Welfare Reform Act 2007 (c. 5) during the review period.
- (2) "The review period" is the period of 24 months beginning with the day on which those regulations come into force.
 - (3) The Secretary of State must-
 - (a) prepare the report, and
 - (b) lay it before Parliament,

within 6 months from the end of the review period.

- (4) The continued effect of the drugs provisions depends on whether the Secretary of State makes an order under this sub-paragraph within the relevant period providing for those provisions to continue to have effect.
- (5) "The relevant period" means the period of 30 days beginning with the day on which the report is laid before Parliament; and, in reckoning this period, no account is to be taken of any time during which Parliament—
 - (a) is dissolved or prorogued, or
 - (b) is adjourned for more than 4 days.
- (6) If no order is made as mentioned in sub-paragraph (4), the Secretary of State must instead make an order under this sub-paragraph providing for the repeal of the drugs provisions on a date specified in the order.
 - (7) An order under sub-paragraph (6) may contain transitional provision or savings.
- (8) Any power to make an order under this paragraph is exercisable by statutory instrument.
- (9) An order under sub-paragraph (4) may not be made unless a draft of the statutory instrument containing the order has been laid before, and approved by a resolution of, each House of Parliament.
- (10) A statutory instrument containing an order under sub-paragraph (6) is subject to annulment in pursuance of a resolution of either House of Parliament.
 - (11) In this paragraph "the drugs provisions" means-
 - (a) section 15A of, and Schedule 1A to, the Welfare Reform Act 2007 (c. 5),
 - (b) the words inserted into that Act by paragraph 8 of this Schedule, and
 - (c) paragraphs 6 to 8 of this Schedule.

(12) This paragraph applies whether or not the regulations mentioned in sub-paragraph (1) are, by virtue of section 19 of the Welfare Reform Act 2007 (pilot schemes), made so as to have effect for a limited period.

SCHEDULE 4

Section 24

LOSS OF BENEFIT PROVISIONS: FURTHER AMENDMENTS PART 1

FURTHER AMENDMENTS OF SOCIAL SECURITY FRAUD ACT 2001

PART 2

RELATED AMENDMENTS OF OTHER ACTS

SCHEDULE 5

Section 51

SECTION 51: CONSEQUENTIAL AMENDMENTS ETC.

Child Support Act 1991 (c. 48)

- 1. The Child Support Act 1991 is amended as follows.
- 2. In section 39B (disqualification for holding or obtaining travel authorisation), in the title, after "**obtaining**" insert "**driving licence or**".
- 3.-(1) Section 39C (period for which orders under section 39B are to have effect) is amended as follows.
 - (2) In subsection (2)-
 - (a) for "an order under section 39B, the court" substitute "a disqualification order, the [¹Secretary of State]", and
 - (b) for "as the court" substitute "as the [1Secretary of State]".
 - (3) In subsection (3)-
 - (a) for "such an order the court" substitute "a disqualification order, the [¹Secretary of State]", and
 - (b) for "as the court" substitute "as the [1Secretary of State]".
 - (4) In subsection (4)-
 - (a) for "court" (in both places) substitute "[1Secretary of State]", and
 - (b) in paragraph (a), for "the order under section 39B" substitute "the disqualification order".
 - (5) In subsection (5)-
 - (a) for "application under section 39B" substitute "disqualification order", and

Words substituted in Sch. 5, paras. 3(2)(a), (b), (3)(a) & (b) and (4)(a) (1.8.12) by s.I. 2012/2007, art. 100(2).

- (b) for "an order under that section" substitute "a previous disqualification order".
- (6) In the title, for "orders under section 39B" substitute "disqualification orders".
- 4. In section 39D (power to order search), for subsections (1) and (2) substitute—
 - "(1)On an appeal under section 39CB the court may order the person against whom the disqualification order was made to be searched.
 - (2) Any money found on such a search shall, unless the court otherwise directs, be applied towards payment of any amount that would otherwise, on the affirmation or variation of the order, be substituted under section 39CB(8) for the amount specified under section 39B(5); and the balance (if any) shall be returned to the person searched."
- 5.-(1) Section 39E (variation and revocation of orders following payment) is amended as follows.
 - (2) In subsection (1)-
 - (a) for "an order under section 39B" substitute "a disqualification order",
 - (b) for "court" substitute "[1Secretary of State]",
 - (c) omit "the [1Secretary of State] or", and
 - (d) in paragraphs (a) and (b), for "the order under section 39B" substitute "the disqualification order".
 - (3) After that subsection insert-
 - "(1A) The power conferred by subsection (1) shall be exercisable by the court instead of by the [¹Secretary of State] at any time when an appeal brought under section 39CB against the order has not been determined, withdrawn or discontinued."
 - (4) In subsection (2)-
 - (a) for "an order under section 39B" substitute "a disqualification order",
 - (b) for "court" substitute "[1Secretary of State]",
 - (c) omit "the [1Secretary of State] or", and
 - (d) for "the order under section 39B" substitute "the disqualification order".
 - (5) Omit subsections (3) to (5).
 - 6. For section 39F substitute-

"39FPower to make supplementary provision

- (1) The Secretary of State may by regulations make provision with respect to-
 - (a) disqualification orders;
 - (b) appeals against disqualification orders; and
 - (c) orders under section 39DA.
 - (2) The regulations may, in particular, make provision-
 - (a) as to the form and content of a disqualification order;
 - (b) as to the surrender of documents under section 39CA and their return when the period for which a disqualification order has effect is suspended or has ended;

¹ Words substituted in sch. 5, para. 5(2)(b), (c), (3), (4)(b) & (c) (1.8.12) by S.I. 2012/2007, art. 100(3)(a)-(c).

- (c) that a statement in writing to the effect that wages of any amount have been paid to a person during any period, purporting to be signed by or on behalf of the person's employer, shall be evidence (or, in Scotland, sufficient evidence) of the facts stated for the purposes of an appeal under section 39CB;
- (d) permitting or requiring the court to dismiss an appeal brought under that section where the person who brought it fails to appear at the hearing;
- (e) requiring the court to send notice to the [¹Secretary of State] of any order made on an appeal under that section;
- (f) as to the exercise by the [¹Secretary of State] and the court of the power conferred by section 39E(1);
- (g) as to the revival of a disqualification order in such circumstances as may be prescribed;
- (h) or sections 39C to 39E to have effect with prescribed modifications in cases where a person against whom a disqualification order has effect is outside the United Kingdom."
- 7. Omit section 39G (application of sections 39B and 39F to Scotland).
- 8. Omit section 40B (disqualification for holding or obtaining driving licence).
- 9. In section 52(2A)(b) (regulations and orders: affirmative resolution procedure), after "under section" insert "39CA(4), 39CB(3)(b),"

Child Maintenance and Other Payments Act 2008 (c. 6)

10. In section 59(5) and (6) of the Child Maintenance and Other Payments Act 2008 (transition), after "39B," insert "39CB,".

SCHEDULE 6

Section 56

REGISTRATION OF BIRTHS

PART 1

AMENDMENTS OF BIRTHS AND DEATHS REGISTRATION ACT 1953

- 1. In this Schedule "the 1953 Act" means the Births and Deaths Registration Act 1953 (c. 20).
- 2.-(1) Section 1 of the 1953 Act (particulars of births required to be registered) is amended as follows.
 - (2) In subsection (2), for paragraph (a) substitute-
 - "(a) the mother of the child;
 - (aa) the father of the child where-
 - (i) the child is one whose father and mother were married to each other at the time of the child's birth, or
 - (ii) the father is a qualified informant by virtue of subsection (2)(a) of section 10 (registration of father where parents not married or of second female parent where parents not civil partners) or by virtue of regulations under subsection (6)(b) of section 2E (scientific tests);".
 - (3) For subsection (3) substitute-

¹ Words substituted in para. 6 of Sch. 5 (1.8.12) by S.I. 2012/2007, art. 100(4).

"(3)In subsection (2)(aa)-

- (a) the first reference to the father is, in the case of a child who has a parent by virtue of section 42 or 43 of the Human Fertilisation and Embryology Act 2008, to be read as a reference to the woman who is a parent by virtue of that section:
- (b) the reference in sub-paragraph (ii) to the father being a qualified informant by virtue of section 10(2)(a) is, in the case of a child who has a parent by virtue of section 43 of that Act, to be read as a reference to that parent being a qualified informant by virtue of section 10(2A)(a)."

(4) After subsection (3) insert-

"(4)In this Part, references to a child whose father and mother were, or were not, married to each other at the time of the child's birth are to be read in accordance with section 1 of the Family Law Reform Act 1987 (which extends the cases in which a person is treated as being a person whose father and mother were married to each other at the time of the person's birth)."

- 3.-(1) Section 2 of the 1953 Act (information concerning birth to be given to registrar within 42 days) is amended as follows.
- (2) In subsection (1), after "every birth" insert "of a child whose father and mother were married to each other at the time of the child's birth".
- (3) In subsection (2), for "subsection (1)" substitute "subsection (1)(a) and (b)".
- (4) In the title, for the words from "to be given" onwards substitute "of child whose parents are married".
 - 4. After section 2 of the 1953 Act insert-

"2A Information concerning birth of child whose parents are not married

- (1) In the case of every birth of a child whose father and mother were not married to each other at the time of the birth, it shall be the duty–
 - (a) of the mother of the child, and
 - (b) in the case of the death or inability of the mother, of each qualified informant falling within section 1(2)(b) to (e),

to give to the registrar, before the expiration of a period of 42 days from the date of the birth, information of the particulars required to be registered concerning the birth, together with any other information required by section 2B(1), and in the presence of the registrar to sign the register.

- (2) The giving of information and the signing of the register by any one qualified informant shall act as a discharge of any duty under this section of every other qualified informant, but this does not affect—
 - (a) any duty of the father by virtue of regulations under section 2C (confirmation of parentage information given by mother), or
 - (b) any duty by virtue of regulations under section 2E (scientific tests).
- (3) This section ceases to apply if, before the end of the period mentioned in subsection (1) and before the birth has been registered, an inquest is held at which the child is found to have been still-born.

(4) In the case of a child who has a parent by virtue of section 43 of the Human Fertilisation and Embryology Act 2008, the reference in subsection (2)(a) to the father is to be read as a reference to the woman who is a parent by virtue of that section.

2B Duties of unmarried mother when acting alone

- (1) Where no request for the entry of a person's name as the father of the child is made by virtue of any of paragraphs (a) to (g) of section 10(1) (registration of father where parents are not married) or by virtue of regulations under section 2E (scientific tests), the information to be given under section 2A(1) by the mother includes such information relating to the father as may be prescribed for the purposes of this subsection by regulations made by the Minister, which may include information that is not intended to be entered on the register.
- (2) The Registrar General may by regulations authorise or require the information relating to the father to be provided in a prescribed form or manner.
- (3) Subsection (1) does not require the mother to provide information relating to the father if she makes in the presence of the registrar a declaration in the prescribed form stating that one or more of the following conditions is met.
 - (4) Those conditions are-
 - (a) that by virtue of section 41 of the Human Fertilisation and Embryology Act 2008 the child has no father,
 - (b) that the father has died,
 - (c) that the mother does not know the father's identity,
 - (d) that the mother does not know the father's whereabouts,
 - (e) that the father lacks capacity (within the meaning of the Mental Capacity Act 2005) in relation to decisions under this Part,
 - (f) that the mother has reason to fear for her safety or that of the child if the father is contacted in relation to the registration of the birth, and
 - (g) any other conditions prescribed by regulations made by the Minister.
 - (5) Subsection (1) does not apply-
 - (a) in the case of a still-birth,
 - (b) if the child has died, or
 - (c) if the mother acknowledges in accordance with regulations made by virtue of subsection (2)(b) of section 2D (declaration before registration by person claiming to be other parent) that a person who has previously given notice by virtue of subsection (2)(a) of that section is the other parent of the child.
- (6) The Minister may by regulations provide that, except in such cases as the regulations may prescribe, where the mother is required by subsection (1) to give information relating to the father—
 - (a) the mother's duty under section 2A to sign the register is to have effect as a duty to sign a declaration in such form as may be so prescribed,

- (b) the registrar is not to register the birth of the child until such time as may be determined in accordance with the regulations, and
- (c) the entry in the register is to be taken for the purposes of this Act to have been signed by the person who signed the declaration.
- (7) No information relating to the father is to be entered in the register merely because it is given by the mother by virtue of subsection (1).
- (8) In the case of a child who has a parent by virtue of section 43 of the Human Fertilisation and Embryology Act 2008–
 - references in this section to the father are to be read as references to the woman who is a parent by virtue of that section.
 - (b) the reference in subsection (1) to paragraphs (a) to (g) of section 10(1) is to be read as a reference to paragraphs (a) to (f) of section 10(1B), and
 - (c) paragraphs (a) and (c) of subsection (4) do not apply.

2C Confirmation of parentage information given by mother

- (1) The Minister may by regulations provide for a procedure under which a person may be registered as the father of a child in a case where information relating to that person is given by virtue of section 2B(1) by the mother of the child and is subsequently confirmed by that person.
 - (2) Regulations under this section may in particular-
 - (a) enable or require the registrar by notice to require the person in relation to whom information has been given by virtue of section 2B(1) by the mother ("the alleged father") to state whether or not he acknowledges that he is the father of the child,
 - (b) where the alleged father acknowledges that he is the father of the child, require the alleged father to give prescribed information to the registrar,
 - (c) where the alleged father gives that information to the registrar, require the registrar to enter the alleged father's name in the register as the father of the child or, where the birth has already been registered, to re-register the birth so as to show the alleged father as the father, and
 - (d) provide that in prescribed cases where the alleged father is not required by the regulations to sign the register, the entry in the register is to be taken for the purposes of this Act to have been signed by the alleged father.
 - (3) In the case of a child who has a parent by virtue of section 43 of the Human Fertilisation and Embryology Act 2008, references in subsection (1) or (2) to the father are to be read as references to the woman who is a parent by virtue of that section (and references to the alleged father have a corresponding meaning).
 - (4) Regulations under this section may-
 - (a) require anything to be done in a prescribed form or manner or in the presence of the registrar,
 - (b) make provision as to the time within which anything is required or authorised to be done.

(5) In this section "prescribed" means prescribed by regulations made under this section by the Minister.

2D Declaration before registration by person claiming to be other parent

- (1) The Minister may by regulations provide for a procedure under which a person may be registered as the father of a child whose father and mother were not married to each other at the time of the child's birth, on the basis of information that is—
 - (a) given by that person (in the absence of the mother) before the birth is registered, and
 - (b) confirmed by the mother when she provides information of the particulars required to be registered concerning the birth.
 - (2) Regulations under this section may in particular-
 - (a) enable a person who believes himself to be the father of a child to make a declaration to that effect to the registrar before the birth of the child is registered,
 - (b) require the mother of the child, on giving information concerning the birth of the child or in such other circumstances as may be prescribed, to state whether or not she acknowledges that the person is the father of the child.
 - (c) where the mother acknowledges that the person is the father of the child, require the registrar to enter the person's name in the register as the father of the child, and
 - (d) provide that in prescribed cases where the person is not required by the regulations to sign the register, the entry in the register is to be taken for the purposes of this Act to have been signed by the person.
- (3) In the case of a child who has a parent by virtue of section 43 of the Human Fertilisation and Embryology Act 2008, references in subsections (1) and (2) to the father (except in the reference in subsection (1) to a child whose father and mother were not married to each other at the time of the child's birth) are to be read as references to the woman who is a parent by virtue of that section.
 - (4) Regulations under this section may-
 - (a) require anything to be done in a prescribed form or manner or in the presence of the registrar,
 - (b) make provision as to the time within which anything is required or authorised to be done.
 - (5) This section does not apply-
 - (a) in relation to a still-birth, or
 - (b) if the child has died.
- (6) In this section "prescribed" means prescribed by regulations made under this section by the Minister.

2E Use of scientific tests with consent of parties

(1) The Minister may by regulations make provision enabling a report of a qualifying scientific test to be used in connection with the registration or re-registration under this Act of the birth of a child in cases where—

- (a) the birth has not been registered under this Act, or
- (b) the birth has been registered but no person has been registered as the father of the child (or as a parent of the child by virtue of section 42, 43 or 46(1) or (2) of the Human Fertilisation and Embryology Act 2008).
- (2) A qualifying scientific test is a scientific test that complies with prescribed requirements and is carried out by a person who is accredited by the Minister for the purposes of this section in accordance with the regulations.
- (3) The regulations may not require any person to participate in a qualifying scientific test.
- (4) The regulations may not enable or require a report of a qualifying scientific test to be used as mentioned in subsection (1) unless, before the test is carried out, the mother and the man to whom the test relates—
 - (a) consent to the carrying out of the test, and
 - (b) agree in the prescribed manner that if the report of the test is positive the man's name will be entered in the register as the father of the child.
- (5) For the purposes of this section, the report of a qualifying scientific test is positive if the report states that the result of the test indicates to a prescribed degree of certainty that the man concerned is the father of the child.
 - (6) Regulations under this section may-
 - (a) enable or require the mother or the man, if the report of the qualifying scientific test is positive, to apply for the registration (or re-registration) of the birth so as to show the man as the father,
 - (b) provide that where the regulations enable or require the man to apply for registration, the man is to be treated for the purposes of this Part as a qualified informant concerning the birth of the child,
 - (c) impose obligations on the registrar in relation to the registration (or re-registration) of the birth,
 - (d) require anything to be done in a prescribed form or manner or in the presence of the registrar,
 - (e) make provision as to the time within which anything is required or authorised to be done.
- (7) The regulations may not require the registrar to enter a man's name in the register as the father of a child if it appears to the registrar that by virtue of any provision of sections 35 to 47 of the Human Fertilisation and Embryology Act 2008 the man is not the father of the child.
 - (8) This section does not apply in relation to a still-birth.
- (9) In this section "prescribed" means prescribed by regulations made under this section by the Minister."
- 5. In section 4 of the 1953 Act (registrar's power to require information concerning birth), in paragraph (a), for "three months" substitute "12 months".

- 6. In section 5 of the 1953 Act (registration of births free of charge) for "three months" substitute "12 months".
- 7. Omit section 6 of the 1953 Act (which makes special provision about registration between 3 and 12 months from the date of birth).
- 8. In section 7 of the 1953 Act (registration after twelve months from date of birth) omit subsection (3) (which excludes still-births).
- 9. In section 8 of the 1953 Act (penalty for improper registration after 3 months from date of birth)–
 - (a) for "the two last foregoing sections" substitute "section 7", and
 - (b) for "three months" (both in the section and in the title) substitute "12 months".
- 10.-(1) Section 9 of the 1953 Act (giving of information to a person other than the registrar) is amended as follows.
 - (2) After subsection (3) insert-
 - "(3A) Anything that section 2B (duties of unmarried mother when acting alone) requires to be done in the presence of, or in relation to, the registrar may, in prescribed cases, be done in the presence of, or in relation to, such officer as may be prescribed."
 - (3) After subsection (5) insert-
 - "(6)Regulations under section 2C, 2D, 2E, 10B or 10C may enable anything that would otherwise be required or authorised to be done under the regulations in the presence of, or in relation to, the registrar to be done instead in the presence of, or in relation to, such officer as may be prescribed by the regulations."
- 11.—(1) Section 10 of the 1953 Act (registration of father where parents not married or of second female parent where parents not civil partners) is amended as follows.
 - (2) In subsection (1)-
 - (a) for the words from the beginning to "the registrar" substitute "In the case of a child whose father and mother were not married to each other at the time of the child's birth, no person shall as father of the child be required to give information concerning the birth of the child except by virtue of regulations under section 2C or 2E, and the registrar,"
 - (b) in paragraph (b) for sub-paragraph (ii) substitute-
 - "(ii) a declaration in the prescribed form which is made by that person, states himself to be the father of the child, and is countersigned by a prescribed person; or",
 - (c) in paragraph (c) for sub-paragraph (ii) substitute-
 - "(ii) a declaration in the prescribed form which is made by the mother, states that that person is the father of the child, and is countersigned by a prescribed person; or", and
 - (d) at the end of paragraph (g) insert "or
 - (h) in accordance with regulations made under section 2C (confirmation of parentage information given by mother), section 2D (declaration before registration by person claiming to be other parent) or section 2E (scientific tests)."

- (3) In subsection (1B)-
 - (a) for the words from the beginning to "that section" substitute "In the case of a child to whom section 1(3) of the Family Law Reform Act 1987 does not apply, no woman shall as parent of the child by virtue of section 43 of the Human Fertilisation and Embryology Act 2008 be required to give information concerning the birth of the child except by virtue of regulations under section 2C, and the registrar shall not enter the name of any woman as a parent of the child by virtue of that section",
 - (b) in paragraph (b) for sub-paragraph (ii) substitute-
 - "(ii) a declaration in the prescribed form which is made by the woman concerned, states herself to be a parent of the child by virtue of section 43 of that Act, and is countersigned by a prescribed person; or",
 - (c) in paragraph (c) for sub-paragraph (ii) substitute-
 - "(ii) a declaration in the prescribed form which is made by the mother, states that the woman concerned is a parent of the child by virtue of section 43 of that Act, and is countersigned by a prescribed person; or," and
 - (d) at the end of paragraph (f) insert "or
 - (g) in accordance with regulations made under section 2C (confirmation of parentage information given by mother) or section 2D (declaration before registration by person claiming to be other parent)".
- (4) After subsection (1B) insert-
 - "(1C) Subsections (1) and (1B) have effect subject to section 10ZA."
- (5) In subsections (2)(b) and (2A)(b), for "section 2" substitute "section 2A".
 - (6) Omit subsection (3).
- 12.—(1) Section 10A of the 1953 Act (Re-registration where parents neither married nor civil partners) is amended as follows.
 - (2) In subsection (1)-
 - (a) in paragraph (b) for sub-paragraph (ii) substitute-
 - "(ii) a declaration in the prescribed form which is made by that person, states himself to be the father of the child, and is countersigned by a prescribed person; or",
 - (b) in paragraph (c) for sub-paragraph (ii) substitute-
 - "(ii) a declaration in the prescribed form which is made by the mother, states that that person is the father of the child, and is countersigned by a prescribed person; or."
 - (3) In subsection (1B)-
 - (a) in paragraph (b) for sub-paragraph (ii) substitute-
 - "(ii) a declaration in the prescribed form which is made by the woman concerned, states herself to be a parent of the child by virtue of section 43 of that Act, and is countersigned by a prescribed person; or",
 - (b) in paragraph (c) for sub-paragraph (ii) substitute-

- "(ii) a declaration in the prescribed form which is made by the mother, states that the woman concerned is a parent of the child by virtue of section 43 of that Act, and is countersigned by a prescribed person; or".
- (4) In subsection (2), omit paragraph (d) (requirement for signature by superintendent registrar where re-registration takes place more than 3 months after the birth) and the word "and" immediately before it.

13. After section 10A of the 1953 Act insert-

"10B Re-registration after sole registration: information provided by other parent and confirmed by mother

- (1) The Minister may by regulations make provision for the reregistration of a birth to show a person as the father of a relevant child, on the basis of information given by that person after the birth is registered and confirmed by the mother.
 - (2) In this section a "relevant child" means a child-
 - (a) whose father and mother were not married to each other at the time of the child's birth, and
 - (b) whose birth has been registered before or after the commencement of this section without any person being registered as the father of the child (or as a parent of the child by virtue of section 42, 43 or 46(1) or (2) of the Human Fertilisation and Embryology Act 2008).
 - (3) Regulations under subsection (1) may-
 - (a) enable a person who believes himself to be the father of a relevant child to make a declaration to that effect to the registrar,
 - (b) enable or require the registrar by notice to require the mother to state whether or not she acknowledges that the person is the father of the child, and
 - (c) where the mother acknowledges that the person is the father, require the registrar to re-register the birth so as to show the person as the father.
- (4) In the case of a child who has a parent by virtue of section 43 of the Human Fertilisation and Embryology Act 2008, references in subsections (1) and (3) to the father are to be read as references to the woman who is a parent by virtue of that section.
 - (5) Regulations under this section may-
 - (a) require anything to be done in a prescribed form or manner or in the presence of the registrar,
 - (b) make provision as to the time within which anything is required or authorised to be done.
- (6) Regulations under this section may not provide for any birth to be re-registered except with the authority of the Registrar General.
- (7) In this section "prescribed" means prescribed by regulations made under this section by the Minister.

10C Re-registration after sole registration: information provided by mother and confirmed by other parent

(1) The Minister may by regulations make provision for the reregistration of a birth to show a person as the father of a relevant

child, on the basis of information given by the mother after the birth is registered and confirmed by that person.

- (2) In this section a "relevant child" means a child-
 - (a) whose father and mother were not married to each other at the time of the child's birth, and
 - (b) whose birth has been registered before or after the commencement of this section without any person being registered as the father of the child (or as a parent of the child by virtue of section 42, 43 or 46(1) or (2) of the Human Fertilisation and Embryology Act 2008).
- (3) Regulations under subsection (1) may-
 - (a) enable the mother of a relevant child to make a declaration to the registrar stating that a specified person ("the alleged father") is the father of the child,
- (b) enable or require the registrar by notice to require the alleged father to state whether or not he acknowledges that he is the father of the child,
- (c) where the alleged father acknowledges that he is the father of the child, require the alleged father to give prescribed information to the registrar, and
- (d) where the alleged father gives that information to the registrar, require the registrar to re-register the birth so as to show the alleged father as the father.
- (4) In the case of a child who has a parent by virtue of section 43 of the Human Fertilisation and Embryology Act 2008, references in subsections (1) and (3) to the father are to be read as references to the woman who is a parent by virtue of that section (and references to the alleged father have a corresponding meaning).
 - (5) Regulations under this section may-
 - (a) require anything to be done in a prescribed form or manner or in the presence of the registrar,
 - (b) make provision as to the time within which anything is required or authorised to be done.
- (6) Regulations under this section may not provide for any birth to be re-registered except with the authority of the Registrar General.
- (7) In this section "prescribed" means prescribed by regulations made under this section by the Minister."
- 14. In section 34 of the 1953 Act (entry in register as evidence of birth or death), in subsection (3), for paragraph (a) substitute—
 - "(a) if it appears that not more than 12 months have so intervened-
 - (i) the original entry was made after the commencement of paragraph 7 of Schedule 6 to the Welfare Reform Act 2009, or
 - (ii) the entry purports either to be signed by the superintendent registrar as well as by the registrar or to have been made with the authority of the Registrar General;".
- 15. In section 36 of the 1953 Act (penalties for failure to give information) after paragraph (a) insert—
 - "(aa) if, being required by regulations under section 2C, 2D, 2E, 10B or 10C to do anything within a particular time, he refuses or fails without reasonable excuse to do so;".

- 16. In section 39 of the 1953 Act (regulations), in paragraph (a), for "this Act" substitute "any provision of this Act other than sections 2B(1), (4) and (6), 2C, 2D, 2E, 10B and 10C".
 - 17. After section 39 of the 1953 Act insert-

"39A Regulations made by the Minister: further provisions

- (1) Regulations made by the Minister under the relevant provisions may—
 - (a) make different provision for different cases or areas,
 - (b) provide for exemptions from any of the provisions of the regulations, and
 - (c) contain such incidental, supplemental and transitional provision as the Minister considers appropriate.
- (2) Before making regulations under the relevant provisions, the Minister must consult the Registrar General.
- (3) Any power of the Minister to make regulations under the relevant provisions is exercisable by statutory instrument.
- (4) A statutory instrument containing regulations made by the Minister under the relevant provisions is subject to annulment in pursuance of a resolution of either House of Parliament.
- (5) In this section "the relevant provisions" means sections 2B(1), (4) and (6), 2C, 2D, 2E, 10B and 10C."
- 18. In section 41 of the 1953 Act (interpretation), in the definition of "prescribed", after " "prescribed", insert "(except in sections 2B(1), (4) and (6), 2C, 2D, 2E, 10B and 10C)."

PART 2

OTHER AMENDMENTS

Perjury Act 1911 (c. 6)

- 19. In section 4 of the Perjury Act 1911 (false statements, etc, as to births or deaths) after subsection (1) insert–
 - "(1A) For the purposes of subsection (1)(a), information which a person is required to provide to a registrar of births or deaths for the purposes of subsection (1) of section 2B of the Births and Deaths Registration Act 1953 (duties of unmarried mother when acting alone) is to be taken to be information concerning a birth."

Population (Statistics) Act 1938 (c. 12)

- 20.—(1) In the Schedule to the Population (Statistics) Act 1938 (particulars which may be required on registration of a birth), in paragraph 1–
 - (a) for paragraph (a) substitute-
 - "(a) in all cases-
 - (i) the age of the mother;
 - (ii) the number of previous children of the mother, and how many of them were born alive or were still-born;".

- (b) for paragraph (c) substitute-
 - "(c) where the birth is of a child whose father and mother were married to each other at the time of the child's birth (or is by reason of any marriage of the child's parents treated by section 1(2) of the Family Law Reform Act 1987 as such a child for the purposes of that Act)—
 - (i) the date of the marriage, and
 - (ii) whether the mother had been married, or had formed a civil partnership, before her marriage to the child's father;
 - (d) where the birth is of a child to whom section 1(3) of that Act applies by reason of any civil partnership between the child's parents—
 - (i) the date of the formation of the civil partnership, and
 - (ii) whether the mother had been married, or had formed a civil partnership, before she formed the civil partnership with the child's other parent;
 - (e) where the birth does not fall within paragraph (c) or (d), whether at any time before the birth the mother had been married or had formed a civil partnership."
- (2) This paragraph does not extend to Scotland.

Children Act 1989 (c. 41)

- 21—(1) Section 4 of the Children Act 1989 (acquisition of parental responsibility by father) is amended as follows.
- (2) At the beginning of subsection (1)(a) insert "except where subsection (1C) applies,"
 - (3) In subsection (1A), after paragraph (a) insert-
 - "(aa) regulations under section 2C, 2D, 2E, 10B or 10C of the Births and Deaths Registration Act 1953;"
 - (4) After subsection (1B) insert-
 - "(1C) The father of a child does not acquire parental responsibility by virtue of subsection (1)(a) if, before he became registered as the child's father under the enactment in question—
 - (a) the court considered an application by him for an order under subsection (1)(c) in relation to the child but did not make such an order, or
 - (b) in a case where he had previously acquired parental responsibility for the child, the court ordered that he was to cease to have that responsibility."
- 22.—(1) Section 4ZA of the Children Act 1989 (acquisition of parental responsibility by second female parent) is amended as follows.
- (2) At the beginning of subsection (1)(a) insert "except where subsection (3A) applies,".
 - (3) In subsection (2), after paragraph (a) insert—
 - "(aa) regulations under section 2C, 2D, 10B or 10C of the Births and Deaths Registration Act 1953;"."

(4) After subsection (3) insert-

- "(3A) A person who is a parent of a child by virtue of section 43 of the Human Fertilisation and Embryology Act 2008 does not acquire parental responsibility by virtue of subsection (1)(a) if, before she became registered as a parent of the child under the enactment in question—
 - (a) the court considered an application by her for an order under subsection (1)(c) in relation to the child but did not make such an order, or
 - (b) in a case where she had previously acquired parental responsibility for the child, the court ordered that she was to cease to have that responsibility."

Child Support Act 1991 (c. 48)

23. In section 26 of the Child Support Act 1991 (disputes about parentage), in subsection (2), in Case A2, in paragraph (b), after "10 or 10A of" insert ", or regulations made under section 2C, 2D, 2E, 10B or 10C of,"

Child Support (Northern Ireland) Order 1991 (S.I. 1991/2628 (N.I. 23))

24. In Article 27 of the Child Support (Northern Ireland) Order 1991 (disputes about parentage), in paragraph (2), in Case A2, in paragraph (b), after "10 or 10A of" insert ", or regulations made under section 2C, 2D, 2E, 10B or 10C of,"

Children (Scotland) Act 1995 (c. 36)

- 25. In section 3 of the Children (Scotland) Act 1995 (provisions relating both to parental responsibilities and parental rights), in subsection (3A), after paragraph (b) insert—
 - "(ba) regulations under section 2C, 2D, 10B or 10C of the Births and Deaths Registration Act 1953;".

Children (Northern Ireland) Order 1995 (S.I. 1995/755 (N.I. 2))

- 26.—(1) Article 7 of the Children (Northern Ireland) Order 1995 (acquisition of parental responsibility) is amended as follows.
 - (2) In paragraph (2A) for the "or" at the end of paragraph (b) substitute— "(ba) regulations under section 2C, 2D, 2E, 10B or 10C of the Births and Deaths Registration Act 1953; or".
 - (3) In paragraph (2B), for the "or" at the end of paragraph (b) substitute—"(ba) regulations under section 2C, 2D, 10B or 10C of the Births and Deaths Registration Act 1953; or".

SCHEDULE 7

Section 58

REPEALS AND REVOCATIONS

PART 1

ABOLITION OF INCOME SUPPORT

Reference	Extent of repeal or revocation
Maintenance Orders Act 1950 (c. 37)	In section 4– (a) subsection (1)(d), and (b) in subsection (2), the words "or the said section 106". In section 9– (a) subsection (1)(d), and (b) in subsection (2), the words "or the said section 106".
Transport Act 1982 (c. 49)	In section 70(2)(b), the words "income support,"
Social Security Act 1986 (c. 50)	In Schedule 10, paragraphs 35 and 36.
Children Act 1989 (c. 41)	In section 17(9), the words "of income support under Part VII of the Social Security Contributions and Benefits Act 1992," In section 17A(5)(b), the words "of income support under Part 7 of the Social Security Contributions and Benefits Act 1992 (c. 4)," In section 29(3) and (3A), the words "of income support under Part VII of the Social Security Contributions and Benefits Act 1992," In Schedule 2, in paragraph 21(4), the words "of income support under Part VII of the Social Security Contributions and Benefits Act 1992,"
Child Support Act 1991 (c. 48)	In section 54(1), the definition of "income support". In Schedule 1 (as it has effect apart from the Child Support, Pensions and Social Security Act 2000 (c. 6)), in paragraph 5(4), the words "income support,".
Criminal Justice Act 1991 (c. 53)	In section 24– (a) in subsections (1) and (2)(d), the words "income support,", and (b) in subsection (4), the definition of "income support".

Reference	Extent of repeal or revocation
Social Security Contributions and Benefits Act 1992 (c. 4)	Section 123(1)(a) and (2). Section 124. Sections 126 and 127.
Social Security Administration Act 1992 (c. 5)	Section 2A(2)(a). Section 2AA(2)(a). Section 2D(1), (3)(a), (8), (9)(b) and (10). Section 2E(2)(a). Section 5(2)(b). In section 15A— (a) in subsection (1), the words "income support," in each place, and (b) in subsection (4), in the definition of "qualifying associate", the words "income support," and, in the definition of "relevant benefits", paragraph (b). Section 71(11)(b). In section 74— (a) in subsections (1)(b), (2)(b) and (3)(b)(i) and (ii), the words "income support," (b) in subsection (3)(c), the words "the income support or", and (c) in subsection (3), in the words following paragraph (c), the words "income support or". In section 74A(7), the words "income support,". In section 78(6)(d), the words "income support,". Section 106. Section 108. In section 109(1), the words "income support or" in both places. Section 124(2)(b). In section 126(1), the words "income support,"." Sections 159 and 160. Section 163(2)(d)(i). Section 179(5)(a). In section 191, in the definition of "income-related benefit", paragraph (a).
Social Security (Consequential Provisions) Act 1992 (c. 6)	In Schedule 2, paragraphs 3(1)(a) and (b) and (2) and 108.
Local Government Finance Act 1992 (c. 14)	In Schedule 4, in paragraph 6(1) and (2)(b), the words "income support,"

Reference	Extent of repeal or revocation
Schedule 8, in paragraph 6(1) and (2)(b), the words "income support,"	Local Government Finance Act In 1992 (c. 14) - (cont'd)
Jobseekers Act 1995 (c. 18) Employment Tribunals Act 1996	Section 1A(6). In section 2(1), paragraph (d) together with the "and" immediately before it). In section 3— (a) in subsection (1)(b), the words "income support," (b) subsection (1)(c), and (c) in subsection (1A)(a), the word "(c)," Section 3A(1)(b). In section 16(1)(a)(ii), the words "or to income support." In section 26— (a) in subsection (1), the words "or to income support," (b) in subsection (3), the words "or (as the case may be) income support," (c) in subsection (4)(d), the words "and periods of entitlement to income support," (d) in subsection (4)(e), the words "wholly by way of income support or," and (e) in subsection (4)(l), the words "or to income support." In section 28(1), the words "or income support." Section 31. In Schedule 2, paragraphs 30 to 32. In section 16(3)(a), (b) and (c) and
(c. 17)	(5)(e), the words ", income support". In section 17(1), the words ", income support" in both places and the words "or V".
Education Act 1996 (c. 56)	Section 457(4)(b)(i). Section 512ZB(4)(a)(i) and (b)(i).
Social Security Act 1998 (c. 14)	Section 8(3)(c). In section 34(3), the words "or to income support". In Schedule 2– (a) paragraph 6(b)(i), and (b) in paragraph 7, the words "income support or" and the words "160(2) or". In Schedule 7, paragraphs 95 and 97.
Access to Justice Act 1999 (c. 22)	In Schedule 4, paragraph 48.

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Reference	Extent of repeal or revocation	
Welfare Reform and Pensions Act 1999 (c. 30)	In Schedule 7, paragraph 14. In Schedule 8, paragraphs 27 and 28.	
Immigration and Asylum Act 1999 (c. 33)	Section 115(1)(e).	
Children (Leaving Care) Act 2000 (c. 35)	In section 6(1), the words "income support or".	
Social Security Fraud Act 2001 (c. 11)	Section 6B(6). Section 7(3). Section 9(1)(a) and (3). Section 11(3)(b).	
Civil Jurisdiction and Judgments Order 2001 (S.I. 2001/3929)	In Schedule 3, paragraph 24.	
State Pension Credit Act 2002 (c. 16)	In Schedule 2, paragraph 2.	
Tax Credits Act 2002 (c. 21)	In Schedule 3, paragraphs 16(2)(a), 18(a) and 20(a).	
Secretaries of State for Education and Skills and for Work and Pensions Order 2002 (S.I. 2002/1397)	In Schedule 1, paragraph 7.	
IncomeTax (Earnings and Pensions) Act 2003 (c. 1)	In Schedule 6, paragraph 179.	
Age-Related Payments Act 2004 (c. 10)	In section 2(3)(b), sub-paragraph (iii) (together with the "or" immediately before it). In section 8(1), the definition of "income support".	
Civil Partnership Act 2004 (c. 33)	In Schedule 24, paragraphs 42 to 44 and 123.	
Welfare Reform Act 2007 (c. 5)	In section 1(3), paragraph (e) (but not the "and" at the end of it). In section 24(1), the definition of "income support". In Schedule 1, in paragraph 6(1)(d), the words ", income support". In Schedule 3, paragraph 9(9) and (10).	
Pensions Act 2007 (c. 22)	In Schedule 1, paragraph 25.	
Civil Jurisdiction and Judgments Regulations 2007 (S.I. 2007/1655)	In the Schedule, paragraph 16.	
Child Maintenance and Other Payments Act 2008 (c. 6)	In Schedule 7, paragraph 2(2).	

Sch. 7

Reference	Extent of repeal or revocation
Saving Gateway Accounts Act 2009 (c. 8)	Section 3(2)(a).
This Act.	Section 3(1). Section 5(1). In Schedule 4, paragraph 6(3)(b).

The repeals and revocations made by this Part of this Schedule have effect in accordance with provision made by an order under section 9.

PART 2 ABOLITION OF ADULT DEPENDENCY INCREASES

Reference	Extent of repeal or revocation		
Social Security Contributions and Benefits Act 1992 (c. 4)	In section 20(1)(d), the words "(with increase for adult dependants)". In section 63(c), the words "(with increase for adult dependants)". Section 82. Sections 88 to 92. In section 114(4), the word "82". In Part 4 of Schedule 4, paragraphs 3 and 9.		
Social Security (Incapacity for Work) Act 1994 (c. 18)	In Schedule 1, paragraphs 25 to 27.		
Jobseekers Act 1995 (c. 18)	In Schedule 2, paragraphs 24 and 27.		
Welfare Reform and Pensions	In Schedule 8, paragraph 26.		
Tax Credits Act 2002 (c. 21)	In Schedule 3, paragraph 34.		
Regulatory Reform (Carer's Allowance) Order 2002 (S.I. 2002/1457)	In the Schedule, paragraph 2(d).		
Civil Partnership Act 2004 (c. 33)	In Schedule 24, paragraph 35.		
Child Benefit Act 2005 (c. 6)	In Schedule 1, paragraph 5.		
Pensions Act 2004 (PPF Payments and FAS Payments) (Consequential Provisions) Order 2006 (S.I. 2006/343)	In the Schedule, paragraph 1(2).		
Welfare Reform Act 2007 (c. 5)	In Schedule 3, paragraph 9(7) and (8).		
Pensions Act 2007 (c. 22)	In Schedule 1, paragraphs 14 and 15.		

PART 3 SOCIAL SECURITY: OTHER REPEALS AND REVOCATIONS

Reference	Extent of repeal or revocation
Social Security Administration Act 1992 (c. 5)	In section 2A(8), in the definition of "the designated authority", paragraph (b). In section 2AA(7), in the definition of "designated authority", paragraph (b). Section 2B. Section 5(1)(r). In section 170(5)— (a) in paragraph (ae) of the definition of "the relevant enactments", the word "60,", (b) in paragraph (af) of the definition of "the relevant enactments", the words ", sections 62 to 65", (c) in paragraph (ae) of the definition of "the relevant Northern Ireland enactments", the word "60,", and (d) in paragraph (af) of the definition of "the relevant Northern Ireland enactments", the words "62 to 65,".
Jobseekers Act 1995 (c. 18)	[1] In section 15A- (a) in subsection (4), paragraph (b) (together with the "or" immediately before it), and (b) in subsection (5), paragraph (c) (but not the "and" at the end of it). In section 16(4), the definition of "employment officer". In section 17A(10), the definition of "the jobseeking conditions". Section 19(10)(a). In section 36(1), the words ", other than an order under section 8(3), 9(13), 16(4) or 19(10)(a),". In Schedule A1, in paragraph 9, the definition of "the jobseeking conditions".
Employment Rights Act 1996 (c. 18)	In Schedule 1, in paragraph 67(2), paragraph (b) (together with the "and" immediately before it).

¹ Words repealed in part 3 of Sch. 7 (14.10.12) by the Welfare Reform Act 2012 (c. 5), Sch. 14, part 3.

Sch. 7

Reference	Extent of repeal or revocation		
Social Security Act 1998 (c. 14)	In Schedule 2, paragraph 5A (together with the italic heading immediately before it). In Schedule 3, paragraph 3(e). In Schedule 7, paragraphs 141, 142 and 145.		
Welfare Reform and Pensions Act 1999 (c. 30)	Section 60. Section 72(3)(b). In section 83(8) and (9), the words "60 or". In Schedule 7, paragraphs 2(2), (3) and (4)(b), 3, 4(1), 7(5) to (7), 12 and 13. In Schedule 8, paragraph 29(3), (5) and (6). In Schedule 12, paragraph 87.		
Child Support, Pensions and Social Security Act 2000 (c. 19)	Sections 62 to 66.		
Criminal Justice and Court Services Act 2000 (c. 43)	In Schedule 7, paragraphs 205 to 207.		
Scotland Act 1998 (Transfer of Functions to the Scottish Ministers etc.) Order 2000 (S.I. 2000/1563)	Article 4.		
Social Security Fraud Act 2001 (c. 11)	In section 7– (a) in subsection (8), the definitions of "disqualifying benefit" and "sanctionable benefit", and (b) subsection (11). In section 8(2)(b), sub-paragraph (ii) and the word "or" before it. Section 12(1). In section 13, the definitions of "disqualification period" and "post-commencement offence".		
State Pension Credit Act 2002 (c. 16)	In Schedule 2, paragraph 45(3).		
Employment Act 2002 (c. 22)	In Schedule 7, paragraphs 9, 51 and 55.		
Criminal Justice Act 2003 (c. 44)	In Schedule 32, paragraphs 130 to 132.		
[1]			
Civil Partnership Act 2004 (c. 33)	Reference to "Civil Partnership Act" maintained in force in certain circumstances. See art. 4 of S.I. 2013/983 for details of when to apply. In Schedule 24, paragraphs 118, 120 and 121.		
Welfare Reform Act 2007 (c. 5)	In Schedule 3, paragraphs 12(2), 20 and 23(3).		

¹ Reference to "Civil Partnership Act" repealed (see art. 4 of S.I. 2013/983 for when to apply) by Sch. 3 of S.I. 2013/983.

Reference	Extent of repeal or revocation	
Criminal Justice and Immigration Act 2008 (c. 4)	In Schedule 4, paragraphs 65 to 67.	
Transfer of Tribunal Functions Order 2008 (S.I. 2008/2833)	In Schedule 3, paragraph 102.	

PART 4 CHILD MAINTENANCE

Reference	Extent of repeal	
Road Traffic Act 1988 (c. 52)	In section 164(5), the words ", section 40B of the Child Support Act 1991".	
RoadTraffic Offenders Act 1988 (c. 53)	In section 27(3), the words from ", or if the holder" to "Child Support Act 1991, then,".	
Child Support Act 1991 (c. 48)	In section 39E— (a) in subsections (1) and (2), the words "the Commission or", and (b) subsections (3) to (5). Section 39G. Section 40B.	
Child Support, Pensions and Social Security Act 2000 (c. 6)	Section 16(3) to (5).	
Road Safety Act 2006 (c. 49)	In Schedule 2, paragraph 33. In Schedule 3, paragraph 65(3)(b).	
Child Maintenance and Other Payments Act 2008 (c. 19)	Section 30. In section 59(5) and (6), the word ", 40B". In Schedule 3, paragraph 42. In Schedule 7, paragraph 1(15) to (18).	

PART 5 **BIRTH REGISTRATION**

Reference	Extent of repeal
Births and Deaths Registration Act 1953 (c. 20)	Section 6. Section 7(3). Section 10(3). In section 10A(2), paragraph (d) (together with the "and" immediately before it).

ANNEX 1

LIST OF OMISSIONS

The following provisions have been omitted from the text for the reasons stated:-

s. 1			inserts (12.11.09) Ss. 17A & 17B in the Jobseekers Act 1995 (c. 18)
s. 2			inserts (12.11.09) Ss. 2D - 2H and amends Ss. 2A 189(7A) & 72(3) in the SS Administration Act 1992 (c. 5)
s.10			substitutes s. 15(1)-(2) & inserts s. 15(1A) (10.2.10) of the Welfare Reform Act 2007 (c. 5)
s. 3(2)			inserts 2(2), (2A) & (2B) into the Social Security Admin. Act 1992 (c. 5)
s. 3(3)			substitutes words in s. 12 of the Welfare Reform Act 2007 (c. 5)
s. 3(5)			amends s. 24 of the Welfare Reform Act 2007 (c. 5)
s. 12(1) & (3 s. 12(2) & (5			inserts (1.10.10) s. 2(2A) into the Jobseeker's Act 1995 (c. 18) substitutes (1.11.10) s. 2(2)(b) & words in s. 2(3A) & (3B) in the Jobseeker's Act 1995 (c. 18)
s.12(6)	•••		substitutes words (1.11.10) in para. 45 of Schedule 1 to the National Insurance Contributions Act 2002 (c. 19)
s. 13(1) & (4	.)		substitutes (1.10.10 for the purpose only of conferring power to make regulations) para. 1(2) & (3) of Schedule 1 to the Welfare Reform Act 2007 (c. 5)
s.13(2)-(4)	•••		substitutes (1.11.10) para. $1(1)(c)$ & (2)-(3) & words in para. $1(1)(a)$ of Schedule 1 to the Welfare Reform Act 2007 (c. 5)
s. 14			inserts s. 73(1)(ab), 73(1AB) & words in 73(1A)(a) & (11)(a) and substitutes s. 73(1)(b) ((11.04.10) for the purpose only of conferring power to make regulations (15.10.10) for the purpose only of accessing & making decisions on eligibility and (11.04.2011) for all other purposes) in the Social Security Contributions and Benefits Act 1992 (c. 4)
s. 24	•••		inserts ss. 6A-6C ((12.1.10) for the purpose only of conferring power to make regulations and (1.4.10) for all other purposes), into the Social Security Fraud Act 2001 (c. 11)
s. 26		•••	omits ss. 62-66 (22.03.10) of the Child Support, Pensions and Social Security Act 2000 (c. 19)
s. 27	•••		inserts (12.11.09) s. 18A in the State Pension Credit Act 2002 (c. 16)
s. 28			amends (12.11.09) s. 29 in the Jobseekers Act 1995 (c. 18) & s. 19 in the Welfare Reform Act 2007 (c. 5)

Annex 1

s. 29			inserts (19.1.12) para. 8B into Sch. 1 of the Jobseeker's Act 1995 (c. 18)
s. 32(1) & (2)		inserts (9.3.11) s. 20E(3)-(12) into the Jobseekers Act 1995 (c. 18). See art. 2 of S.I. 2011/682 for details of when to apply
s. 33(1)–(3)	•••		substitutes s. 8(2)(a)-(c) and inserts s. 8(2A) ((10.2.10) for the purpose only of conferring power to make regulations (6.4.10) for all other purposes), in the Jobseekers Act 1995 (c. 18)
s. 34	•••		inserts (12.01.10) ss. 2A(7A), 2AA(6A) & para. 19 to Schedule 1 of the SS Administration Act 1992 (c. 5) and makes amendments to s. 72 of the Welfare Reform and Pensions Act (c. 30)
s. 35	•••		amends (10.2.10) ss. 2A & 2AA of the Social Security Administration Act 1992 (c. 5)
s. 55	•••		substitutes s. 14A(3A) & inserts (14.1.10) into the Child Support Act 1991 (c. 48)
Sch. 3			
Paras. 1 - 3			amend (12.11.09) ss. 36 & 37, para. 19 of Sch. 1 & inserts Schedule A1 into the Jobseekers Act 1995 (c. 18) SS Administration Act 1992 (c. 5)
Para. 6		•••	inserts (12.11.09) s. 15A into the Welfare Reform Act 2007 (c. 5)
Para. 7	•••		inserts (12.11.09) Schedule 1A into the Welfare Reform Act 2007 (c. 5)
Para. 8	•••		amends (12.11.09) ss. 16, 25, 26 & Sch. 2 of the Welfare Reform Act 2007 (c. 5)
Sch. 7			
part 2	•••		repeals text (12.01.10) in the Social Security Contributions and Benefits Act 1992 (c. 4) ss. 20(1), 63(c) & 114(4)
			repeals (12.01.10) ss. 82, 88-92 and paras. 3 & 9 in part 4 of Sch. 4
			repeals (12.01.10) Sch. 1, paras. 25 - 27 of the Social Security (Incapacity for Work) Act 1994 (c. 18).
			repeals (12.01.10) Sch. 2, paras. 24 & 27 of the Jobseekers Act 1995 (c. 18)
			repeals (12.01.10) Sch. 8, para. 26 of the Welfare Reform and Pensions Act 1999 (c. 30)
			repeals (12.01.10) Sch. 3, para. 34 of the Tax Credits Act 2002 (c. 21)
			repeals (12.01.10) the Sch., para. 2(d) of the Regulatory Reform (Carer's Allowance) Order 2002 (S.I. 2002/1457)

Annex 1

repeals Sch. 24, para. 35 of the Civil Partnership Act 2004 (c. 33)

repeals (12.01.10) Sch. 1, para. 5 of the Child Benefit Act 2005 (c. 6)

repeals (12.01.10) the Sch., para. 1(2) of the Pensions Act 2004 (PPF Payments and FAS Payments) (Consequential Provisions) Order 2006 (S.I. 2006/343)

repeals (12.01.10) Sch. 3, para. 9(7) & (8) of the Welfare Reform Act 2007 (c. 5)

repeals (12.01.10) Sch. 1, paras. 14 & 15 of the Pensions Act 2007 (c. 22)

Sch. 4

Paras. 1-8 ... amends ((12.1.10) for the purpose only of conferring power to make regulations and (1.4.10) for all other purposes), ss. 7 - 11, 13 & 21 of the Social Security Fraud Act 2001 (c. 11)

Para. 9 amends ((12.1.10) for the purpose only of conferring power to make regulations and (1.4.10) for all other purposes), s. 170 of the Social Security Administration Act 1992 (c. 5)

Para. 10 ... amends ((12.1.10) for the purpose only of conferring power to make regulations and (1.4.10) for all other purposes), para. 3 to Sch. 3 of the Social Security Act 1998 (c. 14)

ANNEX 2

WELFARE REFORM ACT 2009

COMMENCEMENT DATES

(a) List of Commencement Orders

S.I. No.	Title of Order	Page No. (if reproduced in these volumes)
2010/45	The Welfare Reform Act 2009 (Commencement No. 1) Order 2010	2.7815
2010/293	The Welfare Reform Act 2009 (Commencement No. 2 and Transitory Provision) Order 2010	2.7817
2010/2377	The Welfare Reform Act 2009 (Commencement No. 3) Order 2010	2.7821
2011/682	The Welfare Reform Act 2009 (Commencement No. 4) Order 2011	2.7825
2011/2427	The Welfare Reform Act 2009 (Commencement No. 5) Order 2011	2.7827
2011/2857	The Welfare Reform Act 2009 (Commencement No. 6) Order 2011	2.7829
2012/68	The Welfare Reform Act 2009 (Commencement No. 7) Order 2012	2.7831
2012/1246	The Welfare Reform Act 2012 (Commencement No. 2) Order 2012	2.7691

(b) dates on which provisions of the Welfare Reform Act 2009 came into force [Note: In the list below only those sections commenced will be included]

Sections etc. of Welfare Reform Act 2009	Date of Commencement	Commencing Authority
Section 1	12th November 2009	Royal Assent
Section 2	12th November 2009	Royal Assent
Section 3(2), (3) and (5)	31st October 2011	2011/2427
Section 8	12th November 2009	Royal Assent
Section 10	10th February 2010	2010/293
Section 11	12th November 2009	Royal Assent
Section 12 (partially)	1st October 2010	2010/2377
Section 12 (partially)	29th November 2011	2011/2857
Section 12 (partially)	1st November 2010	2010/2377
Section 13 (partially)	1st October 2010	2010/2377
Section 13 (partially)	29th November 2011	2011/2857
Section 13 (partially)	1st November 2010	2010/2377
Section 14 (for the purpose of conferring the power to make regulations)	11th April 2010	2010/293
Section 14 (partially)	15th October 2010	2010/293
Section 14 (for all other purposes)	11th April 2011	2010/293
Section 15	12th January 2010	Royal Assent
Section 23	12th November 2009	Royal Assent
Section 24 (for the purpose of conferring the power to make regulations)	12th January 2010	2010/45
Section 24 (for all other purposes)	1st April 2010	2010/45
Section 26	22nd March 2010	2010/293
Section 27	12th November 2009	Royal Assent
Section 28	12th November 2009	Royal Assent
Section 29	19th January 2012	2012/68
Section 32 (partially)	9th March 2011	2011/682
Section 32 (partially)	9th May 2012	2012/1246

Annex 2

Sections etc. of Welfare Reform Act 2009	Date of Commencement	Commencing Authority
Section 33 (for the purpose of conferring the power to make regulations)	10th February 2010	2010/293
Section 33 (for all other purposes)	6th April 2010	2010/293
Section 34	12th January 2010	Royal Assent
Section 35	10th February 2010	2010/293
Section 37	12th November 2009	Royal Assent
Section 38 to 50	12th January 2010	Royal Assent
Section 55(3) and section 55(1) (in so far as it relates to section 55(3))	14th January 2010	2010/45
Section 57	12th November 2009	Royal Assent
Section 58(1) (partially)	22nd March 2010	2010/293
Section 58(1) (partially)	1st April 2010	2010/293
Section 58(2) & (3)	12th January 2010	Royal Assent
Section 59	12th November 2009	Royal Assent
Section 60	12th November 2009	Royal Assent
Section 61	12th November 2009	Royal Assent
Section 62	12th November 2009	Royal Assent
Schedule 3	12th November 2009	Royal Assent
Section 4 (for the purpose of conferring the power to make regulations)	12th January 2010	2010/45
Section 4 (for all other purposes)	1st April 2010	2010/45
Section 15	12th January 2010	Royal Assent
Part 2 of Schedule 7 (partially)	12th January 2010	Royal Assent
Part 3 of Schedule 7 (partially)	22nd March 2010	2010/293
Part 3 of Schedule 7 (partially)	1st April 2010	2010/293