INCOME TAX (TRADING AND OTHER INCOME) ACT 2005

EXPLANATORY NOTES

COMMENTARY ON SECTIONS

Schedule 2: Transitionals and savings etc.

Part 3: Trading income

Paragraph 48: Apportionment of profits or losses to tax years before tax year 2005-06 – basis periods

- 3545. Section 883 provides that the Act takes effect for income tax purposes for the tax year 2005-06. For trade profits taxed under Chapter 2 of Part 2 of this Act the income chargeable for 2005-06 is determined by reference to the basis period for that tax year.
- 3546. Chapter 15 of Part 2 of this Act sets out the rules for relating basis periods to periods of account. In the case of an established trade the basis period for 2005-06 will usually be the 12 month period of account ending in the year 2005-06. That period of account will not normally form the basis period for any other tax year.
- 3547. But if the trade has just started it may be necessary to apportion the result of a period of account. For example, if a trade starts on 1 January 2005 and the first accounts are made up to 31 December 2005 that period of account will form the following basis periods:
 - tax year 2004-05 basis period 1 January 2005 to 5 April 2005; and
 - tax year 2005-06 basis period 1 January 2005 to 31 December 2005.
- 3548. Section 72 of ICTA, rewritten as section 203 allows the profits for the basis period 1 January to 5 April 2005 to be arrived at by apportionment.
- 3549. In calculating the amount of overlap relief, (see section 204), it is important that the same figure of taxable profit is attributed to the period 1 January 2005 to 5 April 2005 for both tax years.
- 3550. The purpose of this paragraph is to allow the profits of a period of account that straddles 6 April 2005 to be calculated using the rewritten legislation even though tax years earlier than 2005-06 will be affected. This Act includes a number of minor changes in the law. Without this paragraph it would be necessary for traders to take account of those changes only for the tax year 2005-06.
- 3551. If a taxpayer does not want the new law to apply to a transaction that occurred before 6 April 2005 he or she can elect for the old legislation to continue to apply.