

# Powers of Criminal Courts (Sentencing) Act 2000

**2000 CHAPTER 6** 

# PART V

# CUSTODIAL SENTENCES ETC.

# CHAPTER III

# REQUIRED CUSTODIAL SENTENCES FOR CERTAIN OFFENCES

# 109 Life sentence for second serious offence.

- (1) This section applies where-
  - (a) a person is convicted of a serious offence committed after 30th September 1997; and
  - (b) at the time when that offence was committed, he was 18 or over and had been convicted in any part of the United Kingdom of another serious offence.
- (2) The court shall impose a life sentence, that is to say—
  - (a) where the offender is 21 or over when convicted of the offence mentioned in subsection (1)(a) above, a sentence of imprisonment for life,
  - (b) where he is under 21 at that time, a sentence of custody for life under section 94 above,

unless the court is of the opinion that there are exceptional circumstances relating to either of the offences or to the offender which justify its not doing so.

- (3) Where the court does not impose a life sentence, it shall state in open court that it is of that opinion and what the exceptional circumstances are.
- (4) An offence the sentence for which is imposed under subsection (2) above shall not be regarded as an offence the sentence for which is fixed by law.

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- (5) An offence committed in England and Wales is a serious offence for the purposes of this section if it is any of the following, namely—
  - (a) an attempt to commit murder, a conspiracy to commit murder or an incitement to murder;
  - (b) an offence under section 4 of the Offences Against the <sup>M1</sup>Person Act 1861 (soliciting murder);
  - (c) manslaughter;
  - (d) an offence under section 18 of the Offences Against the <sup>M2</sup>Person Act 1861 (wounding, or causing grievous bodily harm, with intent);
  - (e) rape or an attempt to commit rape;
  - (f) an offence under section 5 of the <sup>M3</sup>Sexual Offences Act 1956 (intercourse with a girl under 13);
  - [<sup>F1</sup>(fa) an offence under section 1 or 2 of the Sexual Offences Act 2003 (in this section, "the 2003 Act") (rape, assault by penetration);
    - (fb) an offence under section 4 of the 2003 Act (causing a person to engage in sexual activity without consent), where the activity caused involved penetration within subsection (4)(a) to (d) of that section;
    - (fc) an offence under section 5 or 6 of the 2003 Act (rape of a child under 13, assault of a child under 13 by penetration);
    - (fd) an offence under section 8 of the 2003 Act (causing or inciting a child under 13 to engage in sexual activity), where an activity involving penetration within subsection (3)(a) to (d) of that section was caused;
    - (fe) an offence under section 30 of the 2003 Act (sexual activity with a person with a mental disorder impeding choice), where the touching involved penetration within subsection (3)(a) to (d) of that section;
    - (ff) an offence under section 31 of the 2003 Act (causing or inciting a person, with a mental disorder impeding choice, to engage in sexual activity), where an activity involving penetration within subsection (3)(a) to (d) of that section was caused;
    - (fg) an attempt to commit an offence within any of paragraphs (fa) to (ff);]
    - (g) an offence under section 16 (possession of a firearm with intent to injure), section 17 (use of a firearm to resist arrest) or section 18 (carrying a firearm with criminal intent) of the <sup>M4</sup>Firearms Act 1968; and
    - (h) robbery where, at some time during the commission of the offence, the offender had in his possession a firearm or imitation firearm within the meaning of that Act.
- (6) An offence committed in Scotland is a serious offence for the purposes of this section if the conviction for it was obtained on indictment in the High Court of Justiciary and it is any of the following, namely—
  - (a) culpable homicide;
  - (b) attempted murder, incitement to commit murder or conspiracy to commit murder;
  - (c) rape or attempted rape;
  - (d) clandestine injury to women or an attempt to cause such injury;
  - (e) sodomy, or an attempt to commit sodomy, where the complainer, that is to say, the person against whom the offence was committed, did not consent;
  - (f) assault where the assault—

Status: Point in time view as at 01/04/2005.

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- (i) is aggravated because it was carried out to the victim's severe injury or the danger of the victim's life; or
- (ii) was carried out with an intention to rape or to ravish the victim;
- (g) robbery where, at some time during the commission of the offence, the offender had in his possession a firearm or imitation firearm within the meaning of the <sup>M5</sup>Firearms Act 1968;
- (h) an offence under section 16 (possession of a firearm with intent to injure), section 17 (use of a firearm to resist arrest) or section 18 (carrying a firearm with criminal intent) of that Act;
- (i) lewd, libidinous or indecent behaviour or practices; and
- (j) an offence under section 5(1) of the <sup>M6</sup>Criminal Law (Consolidation) (Scotland) Act 1995 (unlawful intercourse with a girl under 13).
- (7) An offence committed in Northern Ireland is a serious offence for the purposes of this section if it is any of the following, namely—
  - (a) an offence falling within any of paragraphs (a) to (e) of subsection (5) above;
  - (b) an offence under section 4 of the <sup>M7</sup>Criminal Law Amendment Act 1885 (intercourse with a girl under 14);
  - (c) an offence under Article 17 (possession of a firearm with intent to injure), Article 18(1) (use of a firearm to resist arrest) or Article 19 (carrying a firearm with criminal intent) of the <sup>M8</sup>Firearms (Northern Ireland) Order 1981; and
  - (d) robbery where, at some time during the commission of the offence, the offender had in his possession a firearm or imitation firearm within the meaning of that Order.

#### **Textual Amendments**

**F1** S. 109(5)(fa)-(fg) inserted (1.5.2004) by Sexual Offences Act 2003 (c. 42), s. 141, **Sch. 6 para. 43(3)**; S.I. 2004/874, art. 2

#### **Marginal Citations**

- **M1** 1861 c. 100.
- M2 1861 c. 100.
- **M3** 1956 c. 69.
- M4 1968 c. 27.
- M5 1968 c. 27.
- M6 1995 c. 39.
- M7 1885 c. 69.
- **M8** S.I. 1981/155 (N.I. 2).

#### 110 Minimum of seven years for third class A drug trafficking offence.

- (1) This section applies where—
  - (a) a person is convicted of a class A drug trafficking offence committed after 30th September 1997;
  - (b) at the time when that offence was committed, he was 18 or over and had been convicted in any part of the United Kingdom of two other class A drug trafficking offences; and
  - (c) one of those other offences was committed after he had been convicted of the other.

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- (2) The court shall impose an appropriate custodial sentence for a term of at least seven years except where the court is of the opinion that there are particular circumstances which—
  - (a) relate to any of the offences or to the offender; and
  - (b) would make it unjust to do so in all the circumstances.
- (3) Where the court does not impose such a sentence, it shall state in open court that it is of that opinion and what the particular circumstances are.
- (4) Where—
  - (a) a person is charged with a class A drug trafficking offence (which, apart from this subsection, would be triable either way), and
  - (b) the circumstances are such that, if he were convicted of the offence, he could be sentenced for it under subsection (2) above,

the offence shall be triable only on indictment.

- (5) In this section "class A drug trafficking offence" means a drug trafficking offence committed in respect of a class A drug; and for this purpose—
  - "class A drug" has the same meaning as in the <sup>M9</sup>Misuse of Drugs Act 1971; [<sup>F2</sup>" drug trafficking offence " means an offence which is specified in—
  - ((a)) paragraph 1 of Schedule 2 to the Proceeds of Crime Act 2002 (drug trafficking offences), or
  - ((b)) so far as it relates to that paragraph, paragraph 10 of that Schedule.]

(6) In this section "an appropriate custodial sentence" means—

- (a) in relation to a person who is 21 or over when convicted of the offence mentioned in subsection (1)(a) above, a sentence of imprisonment;
- (b) in relation to a person who is under 21 at that time, a sentence of detention in a young offender institution.

#### **Textual Amendments**

F2 Words in s. 110(5) substituted (24.3.2003) by Proceeds of Crime Act 2002 (c. 29), s. 458(1), Sch. 11 para. 37(2); S.I. 2003/333, art. 2, Sch. (with arts. 10-13)

#### **Marginal Citations**

**M9** 1971 c. 38.

#### 111 Minimum of three years for third domestic burglary.

(1) This section applies where—

- (a) a person is convicted of a domestic burglary committed after 30th November 1999;
- (b) at the time when that burglary was committed, he was 18 or over and had been convicted in England and Wales of two other domestic burglaries; and
- (c) one of those other burglaries was committed after he had been convicted of the other, and both of them were committed after 30th November 1999.

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- (2) The court shall impose an appropriate custodial sentence for a term of at least three years except where the court is of the opinion that there are particular circumstances which—
  - (a) relate to any of the offences or to the offender; and
  - (b) would make it unjust to do so in all the circumstances.
- (3) Where the court does not impose such a sentence, it shall state in open court that it is of that opinion and what the particular circumstances are.
- (4) Where—
  - (a) a person is charged with a domestic burglary which, apart from this subsection, would be triable either way, and
  - (b) the circumstances are such that, if he were convicted of the burglary, he could be sentenced for it under subsection (2) above,

the burglary shall be triable only on indictment.

- (5) In this section "domestic burglary" means a burglary committed in respect of a building or part of a building which is a dwelling.
- (6) In this section "an appropriate custodial sentence" means-
  - (a) in relation to a person who is 21 or over when convicted of the offence mentioned in subsection (1)(a) above, a sentence of imprisonment;
  - (b) in relation to a person who is under 21 at that time, a sentence of detention in a young offender institution.

#### 112 Appeals where previous convictions set aside.

(1) This section applies where—

- (a) a sentence has been imposed on any person under subsection (2) of section 109, 110 or 111 above; and
- (b) any previous conviction of his without which that section would not have applied has been subsequently set aside on appeal.
- (2) Notwithstanding anything in section 18 of the <sup>M10</sup>Criminal Appeal Act 1968, notice of appeal against the sentence may be given at any time within 28 days from the date on which the previous conviction was set aside.

Marginal Citations M10 1968 c. 19.

## 113 Certificates of convictions for purposes of Chapter III.

- (1) Where—
  - (a) on any date after 30th September 1997 a person is convicted in England and Wales of a serious offence or a class A drug trafficking offence, or on any date after 30th November 1999 a person is convicted in England and Wales of a domestic burglary, and
  - (b) the court by or before which he is so convicted states in open court that he has been convicted of such an offence on that date, and
  - (c) that court subsequently certifies that fact,

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the certificate shall be evidence, for the purposes of the relevant section of this Chapter, that he was convicted of such an offence on that date.

(2) Where—

- (a) after 30th September 1997 a person is convicted in England and Wales of a class A drug trafficking offence or after 30th November 1999 a person is convicted in England and Wales of a domestic burglary, and
- (b) the court by or before which he is so convicted states in open court that the offence was committed on a particular day or over, or at some time during, a particular period, and
- (c) that court subsequently certifies that fact,

the certificate shall be evidence, for the purposes of the relevant section of this Chapter, that the offence was committed on that day or over, or at some time during, that period.

(3) In this section—

"serious offence", "class A drug trafficking offence" and "domestic burglary" have the same meanings as in sections 109, 110 and 111 respectively; and

"the relevant section of this Chapter", in relation to any such offence, shall be construed accordingly.

## 114 Offences under service law.

- (1) Where—
  - (a) a person has at any time been convicted of an offence under section 70 of the <sup>MII</sup>Army Act 1955, section 70 of the <sup>MI2</sup>Air Force Act 1955 or section 42 of the <sup>MI3</sup>Naval Discipline Act 1957, and
  - (b) the corresponding civil offence (within the meaning of that Act) was a serious offence, a class A drug trafficking offence or a domestic burglary,

the relevant section of this Chapter shall have effect as if he had at that time been convicted in England and Wales of the corresponding civil offence.

(2) Subsection (3) of section 113 above applies for the purposes of this section as it applies for the purposes of that section.

 Marginal Citations

 M11
 1955 c. 18

 M12
 1955 c. 19.

 M13
 1957 c. 53.

#### **115** Determination of day when offence committed.

Where an offence is found to have been committed over a period of two or more days, or at some time during a period of two or more days, it shall be taken for the purposes of sections 109, 110 and 111 above to have been committed on the last of those days.

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