Transport Act 2000

2000 CHAPTER 38

An Act to make provision about transport. [30th November 2000]

Be it enacted by the Queen’s most Excellent Majesty, by and with the advice and consent of the Lords Spiritual and Temporal, and Commons, in this present Parliament assembled, and by the authority of the same, as follows:—

Modifications etc. (not altering text)

C1 Act: power to amend conferred (N.I.) (27.3.2006) by The Insolvency (Northern Ireland) Order 2005 (S.I. 2005/1455), arts. 1(3), 4(a); S.R. 2006/21, art. 2 (subject to S.R. 2006/22, arts. 2-7)


C3 Act applied (with modifications) (temp.) by SI 2007/2053 art. 6 (as added) (17.3.2008) by The Traffic Management Act 2004 (Commencement No. 5 and Transitional Provisions) (England) (Amendment) Order 2008 (S.I. 2008/757), art. 5
PART I

AIR TRAFFIC

CHAPTER I

AIR TRAFFIC SERVICES

General duties

1 Secretary of State's general duty.

(1) The Secretary of State must exercise his functions under this Chapter so as to maintain a high standard of safety in the provision of air traffic services; and that duty is to have priority over the application of subsections (2) to (5).

(2) The Secretary of State must exercise his functions under this Chapter in the manner he thinks best calculated—

(a) to further the interests of operators and owners of aircraft, owners and managers of aerodromes, persons travelling in aircraft and persons with rights in property carried in them;

(b) to promote efficiency and economy on the part of licence holders;

(c) to secure that licence holders will not find it unduly difficult to finance activities authorised by their licences.

(3) The only interests to be considered under subsection (2)(a) are interests regarding the range, availability, continuity, cost and quality of air traffic services.

(4) The reference in subsection (2)(a) to furthering interests includes a reference to furthering them (where the Secretary of State thinks it appropriate) by promoting competition in the provision of air traffic services.

(5) If in a particular case there is a conflict in the application of the provisions of subsections (2) to (4), in relation to that case the Secretary of State must apply them in the manner he thinks is reasonable having regard to them as a whole.

(6) The Secretary of State must exercise his functions under this Chapter so as to impose on licence holders the minimum restrictions which are consistent with the exercise of those functions.

(7) This section does not apply to the exercise of the Secretary of State’s functions under section 38.

Commencement Information

11 S. 1 wholly in force at 1.2.2001, see s. 275(1)(2) and S.I. 2001/57, art. 3(1), Sch. 2 Pt. 1 (subject to the transitional provision and saving in Sch. 2 Pt. II)
2 CAA’s general duty.

(1) The CAA must exercise its functions under this Chapter so as to maintain a high standard of safety in the provision of air traffic services; and that duty is to have priority over the application of subsections (2) to (5).

(2) The CAA must exercise its functions under this Chapter in the manner it thinks best calculated—

(a) to further the interests of operators and owners of aircraft, owners and managers of aerodromes, persons travelling in aircraft and persons with rights in property carried in them;

(b) to promote efficiency and economy on the part of licence holders;

(c) to secure that licence holders will not find it unduly difficult to finance activities authorised by their licences;

(d) to take account of any international obligations of the United Kingdom notified to the CAA by the Secretary of State (whatever the time or purpose of the notification);

(e) to take account of any guidance on environmental objectives given to the CAA by the Secretary of State after the coming into force of this section.

(3) The only interests to be considered under subsection (2)(a) are interests regarding the range, availability, continuity, cost and quality of air traffic services.

(4) The reference in subsection (2)(a) to furthering interests includes a reference to furthering them (where the CAA thinks it appropriate) by promoting competition in the provision of air traffic services.

(5) If in a particular case there is a conflict in the application of the provisions of subsections (2) to (4), in relation to that case the CAA must apply them in the manner it thinks is reasonable having regard to them as a whole.

(6) The CAA must exercise its functions under this Chapter so as to impose on licence holders the minimum restrictions which are consistent with the exercise of those functions.

(7) Section 4 of the Civil Aviation Act 1982 (CAA’s general objectives) does not apply in relation to the performance by the CAA of its functions under this Chapter.

Restrictions

3 Restrictions on providing services.

(1) A person commits an offence if he provides air traffic services in respect of a managed area.
(2) But subsection (1) is subject to subsections (3) to (5).

(3) Subsection (1) does not apply if the person—
   (a) is authorised by an exemption to provide the services, or
   (b) acts as an employee or agent of a person who is authorised by an exemption to provide the services.

(4) Subsection (1) does not apply if the person—
   (a) holds a licence authorising him to provide the services, or
   (b) acts as an employee or agent of a person who is authorised by a licence to provide the services.

(5) Subsection (1) does not apply if the services are provided by the CAA in pursuance of directions under section 66(1).

(6) For the purposes of this section—
   (a) air traffic services are to be treated as provided at the place from which they are provided;
   (b) air traffic services may be provided in respect of a managed area whether or not the aircraft concerned is in that area when they are provided.

(7) A person who commits an offence under this section is liable—
   (a) on summary conviction, to a fine not exceeding the statutory maximum;
   (b) on conviction on indictment, to a fine.

(8) No proceedings may be started in England and Wales or Northern Ireland for an offence under this section except by or on behalf of—
   (a) the Secretary of State, or
   (b) the CAA acting with his consent.

4 Exemptions.

(1) The Secretary of State may by order grant an exemption authorising the provision of air traffic services in respect of a managed area.

(2) An exemption—
   (a) may be granted to a particular person or to persons of a specified description or to all persons;
   (b) may be granted in respect of air traffic services of one or more specified descriptions;
   (c) may be granted in respect of air traffic services provided in specified circumstances;
   (d) may be granted in respect of one or more specified areas (any of which may consist of all or part of a managed area);
   (e) may be granted subject to such conditions as may be specified.

(3) An exemption granted to persons of a specified description must be published in such manner as the Secretary of State thinks appropriate for bringing it to the attention of persons of that description.

(4) An exemption continues in force for the period specified in or determined by or under it, unless it previously ceases to have effect in accordance with its provisions.
5 Licences: general.

(1) A licence may be granted to a company authorising it to provide air traffic services in respect of a managed area.

(2) A licence—
   (a) may be granted in respect of air traffic services of one or more specified descriptions;
   (b) may be granted in respect of one or more specified areas (any of which may consist of all or part of a managed area).

(3) A licence is not valid unless it is in writing.

(4) A licence is not valid unless it is granted to \[F1F2\] a company \[F2\]... that is limited by shares.\]

(5) A licence continues in force for the period specified in it or determined by or under it, unless it previously ceases to have effect in accordance with its provisions.

(6) A licence may not be transferred.

6 Licences: grant.

(1) A licence may be granted by—
   (a) the Secretary of State after consulting the CAA,
   (b) the CAA with the consent of the Secretary of State, or
   (c) the CAA in accordance with a general authority given by the Secretary of State.

(2) A general authority may be given on condition that the CAA complies with specified requirements (whether as to consulting the Secretary of State or obtaining his consent before granting a licence, as to the provisions to be included in a licence, or otherwise).

(3) An application for a licence—
   (a) must be made in the prescribed manner;
   (b) must contain or be accompanied by prescribed information;
(c) must be accompanied by the application fee (if any);
(d) must, if the licence authority requires, be published by the applicant in the prescribed manner and within a period notified to it by the licence authority.

(4) On an application the licence authority may grant or refuse the licence.

(5) Before granting or refusing a licence the licence authority must—
(a) publish a notice in such manner as the authority thinks appropriate for bringing it to the attention of persons likely to be affected by the grant or refusal,
(b) serve a copy of the notice on the applicant, and
(c) consider any representations made in accordance with the notice (and not withdrawn).

(6) The notice must—
(a) state either that the licence authority proposes to grant the licence or that it proposes to refuse it and (in either case) the reasons for so proposing, and
(b) state the period (not less than 28 days starting with the date of publication of the notice) within which representations may be made regarding the proposed grant or refusal.

(7) As soon as practicable after granting a licence the grantor must send a copy—
(a) to the CAA, if the grantor is the Secretary of State;
(b) to the Secretary of State, if the grantor is the CAA.

(8) The following requirements do not apply in relation to licences which need to be granted before the coming into force of section 3—
(a) the requirement to consult imposed by subsection (1)(a);
(b) the requirements imposed by subsection (3);
(c) the requirements imposed by subsections (5) and (6).

(9) The licence authority is the Secretary of State or the CAA (depending on the person to whom it falls to grant the licence).

(10) The application fee is—
(a) the prescribed fee, if the licence authority is the Secretary of State;
(b) the charge determined under a scheme or regulations made under section 11 of the Civil Aviation Act 1982, if the licence authority is the CAA.

(11) “Prescribed” means prescribed by regulations made by the Secretary of State.
(2) In particular, provision of the following kinds may be included—
   (a) provision requiring the licence holder to enter into an agreement for a purpose specified in the licence and provision for determining the terms of the agreement;
   (b) provision requiring the licence holder to comply with any requirements imposed at any time (by directions or otherwise) by a person with respect to any matter specified, or of a description specified, in the licence;
   (c) provision requiring the licence holder, except in so far as a person consents to its doing or not doing them, not to do or to do such things as may be specified, or of a description specified, in the licence;
   (d) provision requiring the licence holder to refer to a person for approval or determination such matters as may be specified, or of a description specified, in the licence.

(3) A reference in subsection (2) to a person is to—
   (a) a person specified, or of a description specified, in the licence for the purpose concerned, or
   (b) if the licence so provides, a person nominated for the purpose concerned by a person falling within paragraph (a);
and any of those persons may be the licence authority or some other person.

(4) A licence may include provisions requiring a payment on its grant or payments during its currency (or both)—
   (a) of an amount or amounts specified in the licence or determined by or under it;
   (b) to a person or persons specified in the licence or determined by or under it.

(5) A provision relating to the modification of a licence is to have effect in addition to the provisions of this Chapter regarding modification.

(6) Such provisions as the licence authority thinks fit may be expressed as conditions.

(7) The licence authority is the Secretary of State or the CAA (depending on the person to whom it falls to grant the licence).

8 Duties of licence holders.

(1) While a licence is in force its holder—
   (a) must secure that a safe system for the provision of authorised air traffic services in respect of a licensed area is provided, developed and maintained;
   (b) must take all reasonable steps to secure that the system is also efficient and co-ordinated;
   (c) must take all reasonable steps to secure that the demand for authorised air traffic services in respect of a licensed area is met;
   (d) must have regard, in providing, developing and maintaining the system, to the demands which are likely to be placed on it in the future.
(2) A licensed area is an area in respect of which the licence authorises its holder to provide air traffic services.

(3) Authorised services are services of the description specified in the licence as the description of services which the holder of the licence is authorised to provide.

(4) For the purposes of subsection (1)(a) a system for the provision of services is safe if (and only if) in providing the services the person who provides them complies with such requirements as are imposed by Air Navigation Orders with regard to their provision.

(5) An Air Navigation Order is an Order in Council under section 60 of the Civil Aviation Act 1982.

9 Power to exclude services from effect of section 8.

(1) If a notice given by the CAA to a licence holder so provides, such air traffic services as are specified in the notice are to be treated as not being authorised services for the purposes of section 8 in its application to that holder.

(2) A notice under subsection (1) may specify the air traffic services by reference to part of a licensed area.

(3) A notice under this section may be modified or revoked by a further notice given by the CAA to the holder concerned.

10 Breach of duties or conditions.

(1) No action is to lie in respect of a failure by a licence holder to perform—
   (a) a duty imposed by section 8;
   (b) a condition of a licence.

(2) But subsection (1) does not affect—
   (a) a right of action in respect of an act or omission which takes place in the course of the provision of air traffic services;
   (b) the power to make an order under section 20, a duty to comply with the order and a power to bring proceedings in respect of the duty.
Modification of licences

11 Modification by agreement.

(1) The CAA may modify the conditions of a licence if its holder consents to the modifications.

(2) Before making modifications under this section the CAA must—
   (a) publish a notice in such manner as the CAA thinks appropriate for bringing it to the attention of persons likely to be affected by the making of the modifications,
   (b) serve a copy of the notice on the licence holder,
   (c) send a copy of the notice to the Secretary of State, and
   (d) consider any representations made in accordance with the notice.

(3) The notice must—
   (a) state that the CAA proposes to make the modifications and state their effect and the reasons for so proposing, and
   (b) state the period (not less than 28 days starting with the date of publication of the notice) within which representations may be made regarding the proposed modifications.

(4) If within the period stated under subsection (3)(b) the Secretary of State gives a direction to the CAA requiring it not to make the modifications the CAA must comply with the direction.

(5) As soon as practicable after making modifications under this section the CAA must send a copy of them to the licence holder and a copy to the Secretary of State.

12 References to [F3Competition and Markets Authority].

(1) The CAA may make to the [F4Competition and Markets Authority (referred to in this Chapter as “the CMA“)] [a reference requiring [F5the CMA] to investigate and report on—

   (a) whether any matters which are specified in the reference and which relate to the provision of air traffic services by or on behalf of a licence holder operate against the public interest or may be expected to do so;

   (b) if so, whether the effects adverse to the public interest which the matters have or may be expected to have could be remedied or prevented by modifying the conditions of the licence.
(2) The CAA may at any time by notice given to the [F6 CMA] vary a reference by adding to the matters specified in it or by excluding from it one or more of those matters; and on receiving a notice the [F6 CMA] must give effect to the variation.

(3) To help the [F6 CMA] in its investigation the CAA may specify in the reference or a variation of it—
   (a) any effects adverse to the public interest which in its opinion the matters specified in the reference or variation have or may be expected to have;
   (b) any modifications of the conditions of the licence by which in its opinion those effects could be remedied or prevented.

(4) As soon as practicable after making a reference or variation the CAA must—
   (a) serve a copy of the reference or variation on the licence holder;
   (b) publish particulars of the reference or variation in such manner as the CAA considers appropriate for bringing it to the attention of persons likely to be affected by it;
   (c) send a copy of the reference or variation to the Secretary of State.

(5) If before the end of the period of 28 days starting with the day on which the Secretary of State receives the copy he gives a direction to the [F7 CMA] requiring it not to proceed with the reference or not to give effect to the variation, the [F7 CMA] must comply with the direction.

(6) To help the [F7 CMA] in its investigation the CAA must give to the [F7 CMA]—
   (a) any information the CAA has which relates to matters within the scope of the investigation and which the [F7 CMA] requests;
   (b) any information the CAA has which relates to matters within the scope of the investigation and which the CAA thinks it would be appropriate for it to give without a request;
   (c) any other help which the CAA is able to give in relation to matters within the scope of the investigation and which the [F7 CMA] requests.

(7) In carrying out the investigation concerned the [F7 CMA] must take account of any information given under subsection (6).

(8) In deciding under this section whether a matter operates, or may be expected to operate, against the public interest the [F7 CMA] must have regard to the matters as respects which duties are imposed on the Secretary of State and the CAA by sections 1 and 2.

[F8(8A) The functions of the CMA with respect to a reference under this section are to be carried out on behalf of the CMA by a group constituted for the purpose by the chair of the CMA under Schedule 4 to the Enterprise and Regulatory Reform Act 2013 (including functions relating to the making of modifications following a report on a reference, and functions under sections 109 to 115 of the Enterprise Act 2002, as applied by sections 12B and 18).]
Textual Amendments

F3 Words in s. 12 heading substituted (1.4.2014) by Enterprise and Regulatory Reform Act 2013 (c. 24), s. 103(3), Sch. 6 para. 86(5); S.I. 2014/416, art. 2(1)(d) (with Sch.)

F4 Words in s. 12(1) substituted (1.4.2014) by Enterprise and Regulatory Reform Act 2013 (c. 24), s. 103(3), Sch. 6 para. 86(2)(a); S.I. 2014/416, art. 2(1)(d) (with Sch.)

F5 Words in s. 12(1) substituted (1.4.2014) by Enterprise and Regulatory Reform Act 2013 (c. 24), s. 103(3), Sch. 6 para. 86(2)(b); S.I. 2014/416, art. 2(1)(d) (with Sch.)

F6 Words in s. 12(2)(3) substituted (1.4.2014) by Enterprise and Regulatory Reform Act 2013 (c. 24), s. 103(3), Sch. 6 para. 86(3); S.I. 2014/416, art. 2(1)(d) (with Sch.)

F7 Word in s. 12(5)-(8) substituted (1.4.2014) by Enterprise and Regulatory Reform Act 2013 (c. 24), s. 103(3), Sch. 6 para. 86(4); S.I. 2014/416, art. 2(1)(d) (with Sch.)

F8 S. 12(8A) inserted (1.4.2014) by Enterprise and Regulatory Reform Act 2013 (c. 24), s. 103(3), Sch. 6 para. 86(4); S.I. 2014/416, art. 2(1)(d) (with Sch.)

F9 S. 12(9)(10)(11) repealed (20.6.2003) by Enterprise Act 2002 (c. 40), s. 279, Sch. 25 para. 44(2), Sch. 26; S.I. 2003/1397, art. 2(1), Sch. (with art. 8)

Commencement Information

I11 S. 12 wholly in force at 1.2.2001, see s. 275(1)(2) and S.I. 2001/57, art. 3(1), Sch. 2 Pt. I (subject to the transitional provision and saving in Sch. 2 Pt. II)

\[\text{F10}\]

References under section 12: time limits

(1) Every reference under section 12 shall specify a period (not longer than six months beginning with the date of the reference) within which a report on the reference is to be made.

(2) A report of the CMA on a reference under section 12 shall not have effect (and no action shall be taken in relation to it under section 14) unless the report is made before the end of the period specified in the reference or such further period (if any) as may be allowed by the CAA under subsection (3).

(3) The CAA may, if it has received representations on the subject from the CMA and is satisfied that there are special reasons why the report cannot be made within the period specified in the reference, extend that period by no more than six months.

(4) No more than one extension is possible under subsection (3) in relation to the same reference.

(5) The CAA shall, in the case of an extension made by it under subsection (3)—

(a) publish that extension in such manner as it considers appropriate for the purpose of bringing it to the attention of persons likely to be affected by it; and

(b) send a copy of what has been published by it under paragraph (a) to the licence holder and the Secretary of State.

Textual Amendments

F10 Ss. 12A, 12B inserted (20.6.2003) by Enterprise Act 2002 (c. 40), s. 279, Sch. 25 para. 44(3); S.I. 2003/1397, art. 2(1), Sch. (with art. 8)

F11 Word in s. 12A(2)(3) substituted (1.4.2014) by Enterprise and Regulatory Reform Act 2013 (c. 24), s. 103(3), Sch. 6 para. 87; S.I. 2014/416, art. 2(1)(d) (with Sch.)
12B References under section 12: application of Enterprise Act 2002

(1) The following sections of Part 3 of the Enterprise Act 2002 shall apply, with the modifications mentioned in subsections [F12(1A),] (2) and (3), for the purposes of references under section 12 as they apply for the purposes of references under that Part—

(a) section 109 (attendance of witnesses and production of documents etc.);
(b) section 110 (enforcement of powers under section 109: general);
(c) section 111 (penalties);
(d) section 112 (penalties: main procedural requirements);
(e) section 113 (payments and interest by instalments);
(f) section 114 (appeals in relation to penalties);
(g) section 115 (recovery of penalties); and
(h) section 116 (statement of policy).

[F13(1A)] Section 109 shall, in its application by virtue of subsection (1) above, have effect as if—

(a) for subsection (A1), there were substituted—

“(A1) For the purposes of this section, a permitted purpose is assisting the CMA in carrying out any functions exercisable by it in connection with a reference under section 12 of the Transport Act 2000.”,
and

(b) subsection (8A) were omitted.]

(2) Section 110 shall, in its application by virtue of subsection (1), have effect as if—

(a) subsection (2) were omitted; [F14...

[F15(aa)] after subsection (3), there were inserted—

“(3A) No penalty shall be imposed by virtue of subsection (1) or (3) if more than 4 weeks have passed since the publication of the report of the CMA on the reference concerned; but this subsection shall not apply in relation to any variation or substitution of the penalty which is permitted by virtue of this Part.”; and]

(b) in subsection (9) the words from “or section” to “section 65(3))” were omitted.

[F16(3)] Section 111(5)(b) shall, in its application by virtue of subsection (1), have effect as if for sub-paragraph (ii) there were substituted—

“(ii) if earlier, the day on which the report of the CMA on the reference concerned is made or, if no such report is made within the period permitted for that purpose, the latest day on which the report may be made within the permitted period.”]

(4) Section 117 of the Enterprise Act 2002 (false or misleading information) shall apply in relation to functions of the [F17CMA] in connection with references under section 12 as it applies in relation to its functions under Part 3 of that Act but as if, in subsections (1)(a) and (2), [F18—]

[F18(a)] the words “, OFCOM or the Secretary of State” were omitted; and]

[F18(b)] for the words “their functions” there were substituted “ its functions ”.]

(5) Provisions of Part 3 of the Enterprise Act 2002 which have effect for the purposes of sections 109 to 117 of that Act (including, in particular, provisions relating to offences
and the making of orders) shall, for the purposes of the application of those sections by virtue of subsection (1) or (4), have effect in relation to those sections as applied by virtue of those subsections.

(6) Accordingly, corresponding provisions of this Act shall not have effect in relation to those sections as applied by virtue of those subsections.

### Reports on references.

(1) In making a report on a reference under section 12 the CMA—

(a) must include definite conclusions on the questions contained in the reference and such an account of its reasons for the conclusions as in its opinion facilitates a proper understanding of the questions and of the conclusions;

(b) if it concludes that any of the matters specified in the reference operate against the public interest or may be expected to do so, must specify the effects adverse to the public interest which the matters have or may be expected to have;

(c) if it concludes that any adverse effects so specified could be remedied or prevented by modifications of the conditions of the licence, must specify modifications by which the effects could be remedied or prevented.

(1A) For the purposes of sections 14 to 17, a conclusion contained in a report of the CMA is to be disregarded if the conclusion is not that of at least two-thirds of the members of the group constituted by the chair of the CMA for the purpose of carrying out the functions of the CMA with respect to the reference.

(1B) If a member of a group so constituted disagrees with any conclusions contained in a report made on a reference under section 12 as the conclusions of the CMA, the
report shall, if the member so wishes, include a statement of his disagreement and of his reasons for disagreeing.]

(2) the purposes of the law relating to defamation, absolute privilege attaches to any report made by the [F23 CMA] on a reference under section 12.

(2A) In making any report on a reference under section 12 the [F23 CMA] must have regard to the following considerations before disclosing any information.

(2B) The first consideration is the need to exclude from disclosure (so far as practicable) any information whose disclosure the [F23 CMA] thinks is contrary to the public interest.

(2C) The second consideration is the need to exclude from disclosure (so far as practicable)

(a) commercial information whose disclosure the [F23 CMA] thinks might significantly harm the legitimate business interests of the undertaking to which it relates, or

(b) information relating to the private affairs of an individual whose disclosure the [F23 CMA] thinks might significantly harm the individual’s interests.

(2D) The third consideration is the extent to which the disclosure of the information mentioned in subsection (2C)(a) or (b) is necessary for the purposes of the report.

(3) A report of the [F25 CMA] on a reference under section 12 must be made to the CAA.

(4) The CAA—

(a) must on receiving such a report send a copy to the licence holder and a copy to the Secretary of State;

(b) must, after the end of the specified period, publish the report in such manner as the CAA considers appropriate for bringing it to the attention of persons likely to be affected by it.

(5) But if the Secretary of State thinks that the publication of any matter would be against the public interest or any person’s commercial interests, he may before the end of the specified period give a direction to the CAA requiring it to exclude the matter from every copy of the report to be published as mentioned above.

(6) The specified period is the period of 14 days starting with the day after the Secretary of State receives the copy under subsection (4).
Modification following report.

(1) This section applies if a report of the [F26 CMA] on a reference under section 12—
   (a) includes conclusions to the effect that any of the matters specified in the reference operate against the public interest or may be expected to do so,
   (b) specifies effects adverse to the public interest which the matters have or may be expected to have,
   (c) includes conclusions to the effect that the effects could be remedied or prevented by modifications of the conditions of the licence, and
   (d) specifies modifications by which the effects could be remedied or prevented.

(2) The CAA must suggest such modifications of the conditions of the licence as it thinks are needed to remedy or prevent the adverse effects specified in the report.

(3) Before suggesting modifications the CAA must—
   (a) have regard to the modifications specified in the report,
   (b) publish a notice in such manner as the CAA thinks appropriate for bringing the matters to which it relates to the attention of persons likely to be affected by the making of the modifications,
   (c) serve a copy of the notice on the licence holder, and
   (d) consider any representations made in accordance with the notice (and not withdrawn).

(4) The notice must—
   (a) state that the CAA proposes to suggest the modifications and state their effect and the reasons for so proposing, and
   (b) state the period (not less than 28 days starting with the date of publication of the notice) within which representations may be made regarding the proposals.

(5) If the CAA suggests modifications under this section it must—
   (a) give notice to the [F27 CMA] setting out the modifications it suggests and the reasons for its suggestions, and
   (b) send to the [F27 CMA] copies of any representations made in accordance with the notice published under subsection (3) (and not withdrawn).
15  [\textit{F28}CMA's] power to give direction.

(1) This section applies if the [\textit{F29}CMA ] is given notice under section 14.

(2) Within the permitted period the [\textit{F30}CMA ] may give a direction to the CAA—
   (a) not to make the modifications set out in the notice, or
   (b) not to make such of those modifications as are specified in the direction.

(3) But the [\textit{F31}CMA] may give a direction only if it thinks the modifications set out in the
   notice are not the modifications which are needed to remedy or prevent the adverse
   effects specified in the [\textit{F32}CMA's] report on the reference under section 12.

(4) If the [\textit{F33}CMA] gives a direction it must—
   (a) publish a notice in such manner as the [\textit{F33}CMA] thinks appropriate for
       bringing the matters to which it relates to the attention of persons likely to be
       affected by the direction, and
   (b) serve a copy of the notice on the licence holder.

(5) The notice must set out—
   (a) the modifications set out in the notice given under section 14,
   (b) the direction, and
   (c) the reasons for giving the direction.

(6) If the permitted period expires without a direction being given under subsection (2)
    the CAA must make the modifications set out in the notice given under section 14.

(7) If within the permitted period a direction is given under subsection (2)(b) the CAA
    must make the modifications which are—
    (a) set out in the notice given under section 14, and
    (b) not specified in the direction.

(8) As soon as practicable after making modifications under this section the CAA must
    send a copy of them to the licence holder and a copy to the Secretary of State.

(9) The permitted period is the period of four weeks starting with the day the [\textit{F34}CMA]
    is given notice under section 14.

(10) But if within that period—
     (a) the [\textit{F35}CMA] applies to the Secretary of State to extend it to six weeks, and
     (b) he directs that it is to be so extended,
    the permitted period is the period of six weeks starting with the day the [\textit{F35}CMA] is
    given notice under section 14.

(1) This section applies if the [F36]CMA] gives a direction under section 15(2).

(2) If the direction is given under section 15(2)(a) the [F36]CMA] must itself make such modifications of the conditions of the licence as it thinks are needed to remedy or prevent the adverse effects specified in the [F36]CMA's] report on the reference under section 12.

(3) If the direction is given under section 15(2)(b) the [F40]CMA] must itself make such modifications of the conditions of the licence as it thinks are needed to remedy or prevent such of the adverse effects as—

(a) are specified in the [F41]CMA's] report on the reference under section 12, and

(b) would not be remedied or prevented by the modifications set out in the notice under section 14 and not specified under section 15(2)(b).

(4) Before making modifications under this section the [F42]CMA] must—

(a) publish a notice in such manner as the [F39]CMA] thinks appropriate for bringing the matters to which it relates to the attention of persons likely to be affected by the making of the modifications,

(b) serve a copy of the notice on the licence holder and a copy on the CAA, and

(c) consider any representations made in accordance with the notice (and not withdrawn).

(5) The notice must—

(a) state that the [F42]CMA] proposes to make the modifications and state their effect and the reasons for so proposing, and

(b) state the period (not less than 28 days starting with the date of publication of the notice) within which representations may be made regarding the proposed modifications.

(6) As soon as practicable after making modifications under this section the [F42]CMA] must—
(a) publish a notice in such manner as the \[F42\] CMA thinks appropriate for bringing the matters to which it relates to the attention of persons likely to be affected by the modifications, and

(b) serve a copy of the notice on the licence holder, a copy on the Secretary of State and a copy on the CAA.

(7) The notice under subsection (6) must—

(a) state that the modifications have been made,

(b) set them out, and

(c) set out the reasons for making them.

17 \[F43\] CMA's duty as to modifications under section 16.

(1) The \[F44\] CMA must exercise its functions under section 16(2) and (3) so as to maintain a high standard of safety in the provision of air traffic services; and that duty is to have priority over the application of subsections (2) to (5).

(2) The \[F44\] CMA must exercise its functions under section 16(2) and (3) in the manner it thinks best calculated—

(a) to further the interests of operators and owners of aircraft, owners and managers of aerodromes, persons travelling in aircraft and persons with rights in property carried in them;

(b) to promote efficiency and economy on the part of licence holders;

(c) to secure that licence holders will not find it unduly difficult to finance activities authorised by their licences;

(d) to take account of any international obligations of the United Kingdom notified to the CAA by the Secretary of State (whatever the time or purpose of the notification) and notified to the \[F45\] CMA by the CAA;
(c) to take account of any guidance on environmental objectives given to the CAA by the Secretary of State after the coming into force of this section and notified to the CMA by the CAA.

(3) The only interests to be considered under subsection (2)(a) are interests regarding the range, availability, continuity, cost and quality of air traffic services.

(4) The reference in subsection (2)(a) to furthering interests includes a reference to furthering them (where the CMA thinks it appropriate) by promoting competition in the provision of air traffic services.

(5) If in a particular case there is a conflict in the application of the provisions of subsections (2) to (4), in relation to that case the CMA must apply them in the manner it thinks is reasonable having regard to them as a whole.

(6) The CMA must exercise its functions under section 16(2) and (3) so as to impose on licence holders the minimum restrictions which are consistent with the exercise of those functions.

Textual Amendments

- **F43** Word in s. 17 heading substituted (1.4.2014) by Enterprise and Regulatory Reform Act 2013 (c. 24), s. 103(3), Sch. 6 para. 93(3); S.I. 2014/416, art. 2(1)(d) (with Sch.)
- **F44** Word in s. 17(1) substituted (1.4.2014) by Enterprise and Regulatory Reform Act 2013 (c. 24), s. 103(3), Sch. 6 para. 93(2); S.I. 2014/416, art. 2(1)(d) (with Sch.)
- **F45** Word in s. 17(2) substituted (1.4.2014) by Enterprise and Regulatory Reform Act 2013 (c. 24), s. 103(3), Sch. 6 para. 93(2); S.I. 2014/416, art. 2(1)(d) (with Sch.)
- **F46** Word in s. 17(4)-(6) substituted (1.4.2014) by Enterprise and Regulatory Reform Act 2013 (c. 24), s. 103(3), Sch. 6 para. 93(3); S.I. 2014/416, art. 2(1)(d) (with Sch.)

Commencement Information

- **I16** S. 17 wholly in force at 1.2.2001, see s. 275(1)(2) and S.I. 2001/57, art. 3(1), Sch. 2 Pt. I (subject to the transitional provision and saving in Sch. 2 Pt. II)

**F47**

### Sections 15 and 16: general.

(1) For the purposes of the law relating to defamation, absolute privilege attaches to any notice under section 15(4) or 16(4) or (6).

(2) In publishing or serving any notice under section 15(4) or 16(4) or (6), the CMA must have regard to the following considerations before disclosing any information.

(3) The first consideration is the need to exclude from disclosure (so far as practicable) any information whose disclosure the CMA thinks is contrary to the public interest.

(4) The second consideration is the need to exclude from disclosure (so far as practicable)

- (a) commercial information whose disclosure the CMA thinks might significantly harm the legitimate business interests of the undertaking to which it relates, or

- (b) information relating to the private affairs of an individual whose disclosure the CMA thinks might significantly harm the individual’s interests.
(5) The third consideration is the extent to which the disclosure of the information mentioned in subsection (4)(a) or (b) is necessary for the purposes of the notice.

(6) The following sections of Part 3 of the Enterprise Act 2002 shall apply, with the modifications mentioned in subsections [F49(6A),] (7) and (8), for the purposes of any investigation by the CMA for the purposes of the exercise of its functions under section 15 or 16, as they apply for the purposes of any investigation on references under that Part—

(a) section 109 (attendance of witnesses and production of documents etc.);
(b) section 110 (enforcement of powers under section 109: general);
(c) section 111 (penalties);
(d) section 112 (penalties: main procedural requirements);
(e) section 113 (payments and interest by instalments);
(f) section 114 (appeals in relation to penalties);
(g) section 115 (recovery of penalties); and
(h) section 116 (statement of policy).

[F51(6A) Section 109 shall, in its application by virtue of subsection (6), have effect as if—

(a) for subsection (A1), there were substituted—

"(A1) For the purposes of this section, a permitted purpose is assisting the CMA in carrying out any functions exercisable by it in connection with an investigation for the purposes of the exercise of its functions under section 15 or 16 of the Transport Act 2000."; and

(b) subsection (8A) were omitted.]

(7) Section 110 shall, in its application by virtue of subsection (6), have effect as if—

(a) subsection (2) were omitted;
(b) [F52 after subsection (3), there were inserted—

"(3A) No penalty shall be imposed by virtue of subsection (1) or (3) if more than 4 weeks have passed since the publication by the CMA of a notice under section 16(6) of the Transport Act 2000 in connection with the reference concerned or, if no direction has been given by the CMA under section 15(2) of that Act in connection with the reference concerned and within the period permitted for that purpose, the latest day on which it was possible to give such a direction within the permitted period; but this subsection shall not apply in relation to any variation or substitution of the penalty which is permitted by virtue of this Part."; and]

(c) in subsection (9) the words from “or section” to “section 65(3))” were omitted.

(8) Section 111(5)(b) shall, in its application by virtue of subsection (6), have effect as if for sub-paragraph (ii) there were substituted—

"(“) if earlier, the day on which a notice is published by the CMA under section 16(6) of the Transport Act 2000 in connection with the reference concerned or, if no direction is given by the CMA under section 15(2) of that Act in connection with the reference concerned and within the period permitted for that purpose, the latest day on which such a direction may be given within the permitted period."
(9) Section 117 of the Enterprise Act 2002 (false or misleading information) shall apply in relation to functions of the [\textsuperscript{F54}] CMA in connection with the exercise of its functions under section 15 or 16 as it applies in relation to its functions under Part 3 of that Act but as if, in subsections (1)(a) and (2), [\textsuperscript{F55}— ]

- the words “, OFCOM or the Secretary of State” were omitted; and
- for the words “their functions” there were substituted “ its functions ”

(10) Provisions of Part 3 of the Enterprise Act 2002 which have effect for the purposes of sections 109 to 117 of that Act (including, in particular, provisions relating to offences and the making of orders) shall, for the purposes of the application of those sections by virtue of subsection (6) or (9), have effect in relation to those sections as applied by virtue of those subsections.

(11) Accordingly, corresponding provisions of this Act shall not have effect in relation to those sections as applied by virtue of those subsections.

Textual Amendments

\textbf{F47} S. 18 substituted (20.6.2003) by Enterprise Act 2002 (c. 40), s. 279, Sch. 25 para. 44(5); S.I. 2003/1397, art. 2(1), Sch. (with art. 8)

\textbf{F48} Word in s. 18(2)-(4) substituted (1.4.2014) by Enterprise and Regulatory Reform Act 2013 (c. 24), s. 103(3), Sch. 6 para. 94(2); S.I. 2014/416, art. 2(1)(d) (with Sch.)

\textbf{F49} Word in s. 18(6) inserted (1.4.2014) by The Enterprise and Regulatory Reform Act 2013 (Consequential, Transitional and Saving Provisions) Order 2014 (S.I. 2014/892), art. 1(1), Sch. 1 para. 151(2) (with art. 3, Sch. 2 para. 2)

\textbf{F50} Word in s. 18(6) substituted (1.4.2014) by Enterprise and Regulatory Reform Act 2013 (c. 24), s. 103(3), Sch. 6 para. 94(2); S.I. 2014/416, art. 2(1)(d) (with Sch.)

\textbf{F51} S. 18(6A) inserted (1.4.2014) by The Enterprise and Regulatory Reform Act 2013 (Consequential, Transitional and Saving Provisions) Order 2014 (S.I. 2014/892), art. 1(1), Sch. 1 para. 151(3) (with art. 3, Sch. 2 para. 2)

\textbf{F52} S. 18(7)(b) substituted (1.4.2014) by The Enterprise and Regulatory Reform Act 2013 (Consequential, Transitional and Saving Provisions) Order 2014 (S.I. 2014/892), art. 1(1), Sch. 1 para. 151(4)(b) (with art. 3, Sch. 2 para. 2)

\textbf{F53} Word in s. 18(8) substituted (1.4.2014) by Enterprise and Regulatory Reform Act 2013 (c. 24), s. 103(3), Sch. 6 para. 94(3); S.I. 2014/416, art. 2(1)(d) (with Sch.)

\textbf{F54} Word in s. 18(9) substituted (1.4.2014) by Enterprise and Regulatory Reform Act 2013 (c. 24), s. 103(3), Sch. 6 para. 94(4)(a); S.I. 2014/416, art. 2(1)(d) (with Sch.)

\textbf{F55} Words in s. 18(9) substituted (1.4.2014) by Enterprise and Regulatory Reform Act 2013 (c. 24), s. 103(3), Sch. 6 para. 94(4)(b); S.I. 2014/416, art. 2(1)(d) (with Sch.)

19 Modification by order under other enactments.

[\textsuperscript{F56}(1) Where the [\textsuperscript{F55}CMAs] or (as the case may be) the Secretary of State (in this section “the relevant authority”) makes a relevant order, the order may also provide for the modification of the conditions of a licence to such extent as may appear to the relevant authority to be requisite or expedient for the purpose of giving effect to, or taking account of, any provision made by the order.

(2) In subsection (1) above “relevant order” means—

- an order under section 75, 83 or 84 of, or paragraph 5, 10 or 11 of Schedule 7 to, the 2002 Act where—

(i) one or more than one of the enterprises which have, or may have, ceased to be distinct enterprises was engaged in the provision of air traffic services; or

(ii) one or more than one of the enterprises which will or may cease to be distinct enterprises is engaged in the provision of air traffic services; or

(b) an order under section 160 or 161 of that Act where the feature, or combination of features, of the market^[F58] or markets[^] in the United Kingdom for goods or services which prevents, restricts or distorts competition relates to the provision of air traffic services.]

(5) As soon as practicable after making modifications under this section the[^F59] relevant authority^[F59] must send a copy of them to the licence holder and a copy to the CAA.

[^F60]Expressions used in subsection (2) above and in Part 3 or (as the case may be) Part 4 of the 2002 Act have the same meanings in that subsection as in that Part.]


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### Textual Amendments

- **F56** S. 19(1)(2) substituted for s. 19(1)-(4) (20.6.2003) by Enterprise Act 2002 (c. 40), s. 279, Sch. 9 para. 15(2); S.I. 2003/1397, art. 2(1), Sch.
- **F57** Word in s. 19(1) substituted (1.4.2014) by Enterprise and Regulatory Reform Act 2013 (c. 24), s. 103(3), Sch. 6 para. 95; S.I. 2014/416, art. 2(1)(d) (with Sch.)
- **F58** Words in s. 19(2)(b) inserted (1.4.2014) by The Enterprise and Regulatory Reform Act 2013 (Competition) (Consequential, Transitional and Saving Provisions) Order 2014 (S.I. 2014/892), art. 1(1), Sch. 1 para. 152 (with art. 3)
- **F59** Words in s. 19(5) substituted (20.6.2003) by Enterprise Act 2002 (c. 40), s. 279, Sch. 9 para. 15(3); S.I. 2003/1397, art. 2(1), Sch.
- **F60** S. 19(6) substituted (20.6.2003) by Enterprise Act 2002 (c. 40), s. 279, Sch. 9 para. 15(4); S.I. 2003/1397, art. 2(1), Sch.
- **F61** Words in s. 19(7) substituted (20.6.2003) by Enterprise Act 2002 (c. 40), s. 279, Sch. 9 para. 15(5); S.I. 2003/1397, art. 2(1), Sch.

### Modifications etc. (not altering text)

- **C4** S. 19(2)(a) modified (20.6.2003) by The Enterprise Act 2002 (Protection of Legitimate Interests) Order 2003 (S.I. 2003/1592), art. 1(1), Sch. 4 para. 17

### Commencement Information

- **I17** S. 19 wholly in force at 1.2.2001, see s. 275(1)(2) and S.I. 2001/57, art. 3(1), Sch. 2 Pt. I (subject to the transitional provision and saving in Sch. 2 Pt. II)

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### Enforcement

#### 20 Orders for securing compliance.

(1) If the CAA is satisfied that a licence holder is contravening or is likely to contravene a section 8 duty or a licence condition it must make a final order containing provision it thinks is needed to secure compliance with the duty or condition.
(2) If the CAA is not so satisfied but it appears to it that a licence holder is contravening or is likely to contravene a section 8 duty or a licence condition and that a provisional order is needed, it must make a provisional order containing provision it thinks is needed to secure compliance with the duty or condition.

(3) In deciding whether a provisional order is needed the CAA must have regard in particular to—

   (a) the extent to which any person is likely to sustain loss or damage as a result of anything likely to be done or omitted in contravention of the section 8 duty or licence condition unless a provisional order is made, and
   
   (b) the fact that the only remedy for a contravention of a section 8 duty or licence condition is under this section and section 24 (unless there is an act or omission which takes place in the course of the provision of air traffic services).

(4) A final or provisional order must require the licence holder to do or not to do specified things or things of a specified description.

(5) A final or provisional order—

   (a) takes effect at a time determined by or under the order;
   
   (b) must secure that that time is the earliest practicable time;
   
   (c) may be revoked at any time by the CAA.

(6) A final order continues to have effect until such time (if any) as the CAA revokes it.

(7) A provisional order ceases to have effect at the termination time, and that is the earlier of—

   (a) the end of the period (not exceeding three months) which is determined by or under the order and which starts when it takes effect;
   
   (b) such time (if any) as the CAA revokes it.

(8) But if the CAA confirms a provisional order under subsection (9) before the termination time it continues to have effect until such time (if any) as the CAA revokes it.

(9) The CAA must confirm a provisional order (with or without modifications) if—

   (a) it is satisfied that the licence holder is contravening or is likely to contravene a section 8 duty or a licence condition, and
   
   (b) it thinks its confirmation (with any modifications) is needed to secure compliance with the duty or condition.

(10) In relation to a licence holder—

    (a) a section 8 duty is a duty imposed on the holder by section 8;
    
    (b) a licence condition is a condition of the licence concerned.

(11) In sections 21 to 25 any reference to a section 8 duty or to a licence condition or to a final or provisional order must be construed in accordance with this section.

(12) This section has effect subject to section 21.
21 Exceptions.

(1) The CAA must not make a final order or make or confirm a provisional order if it is satisfied that—

(a) the duty imposed on it by section 2 precludes it from doing so, \[F62\]...

(b) .............................................

(2) If the CAA is satisfied that any of the conditions in subsection (3) applies it must not make a final order or make or confirm a provisional order unless it believes that it is appropriate to do so.

(3) The conditions are that—

(a) the licence holder has agreed to take and is taking all the steps the CAA thinks appropriate to secure or facilitate compliance with the duty or condition concerned;

(b) the contraventions or apprehended contraventions are trivial;

(c) the contraventions or apprehended contraventions will not adversely affect the interests of the persons referred to in subsection (4);

(d) the Secretary of State has made an application under section 28 for an air traffic administration order in relation to the licence holder.

(4) The persons are operators and owners of aircraft, owners and managers of aerodromes, persons travelling in aircraft and persons with rights in property carried in them.

(5) These interests are the only ones to be considered under subsection (3)(c)—

(a) interests regarding safety;

(b) interests regarding the range, availability, continuity, cost and quality of air traffic services.

\[F63\] Before making a final order or making or confirming a provisional order, the CAA must consider whether it would be more appropriate to proceed under the Competition Act 1998.]

\[F63\] The CAA must not make a final order or make or confirm a provisional order to the extent that it considers that it would be more appropriate to proceed under the Competition Act 1998.]
(a) publish a notice in such manner as it thinks appropriate for bringing the matters to which the notice relates to the attention of persons likely to be affected by them,
(b) serve on the licence holder a copy of the notice and a copy of the order proposed (or proposed to be confirmed), and
(c) consider any representations made in accordance with the notice (and not withdrawn).

(2) The notice must—
(a) state that the CAA proposes to make or confirm the order and state its effect,
(b) state the section 8 duty or licence condition with which the order is intended to secure compliance, the acts or omissions which the CAA thinks constitute (or would constitute) contraventions of the duty or condition, and any other facts which it thinks justify the making or confirmation of the order, and
(c) state the period (not less than 21 days starting with the date of publication of the notice) within which representations may be made regarding the proposed order or confirmation.

(3) The CAA must not make a final order with modifications, or confirm a provisional order with modifications, unless—
(a) the licence holder consents to the modifications, or
(b) subsection (4) is complied with.

(4) This subsection is complied with if the CAA—
(a) serves on the licence holder a notice of the proposal to make or confirm the order with modifications,
(b) states in the notice the period (not less than seven days starting with the date of the service of the notice) within which representations may be made regarding the proposed modifications, and
(c) considers any representations made in accordance with the notice (and not withdrawn).

(5) But if the modifications are trivial the CAA must be treated as complying with subsection (4) if it serves on the licence holder a notice of the proposal to make or confirm the order with modifications.

(6) As soon as practicable after making a final order or making or confirming a provisional order the CAA must—
(a) serve a copy of the order on the licence holder and a copy on the Secretary of State, and
(b) publish the order in such manner as the CAA thinks appropriate for bringing it to the attention of persons likely to be affected by it.

(7) Before revoking a final order or a provisional order which has been confirmed the CAA must—
(a) publish a notice in such manner as it thinks appropriate for bringing the revocation to the attention of persons likely to be affected by it,
(b) serve a copy of the notice on the licence holder, and
(c) consider any representations made in accordance with the notice (and not withdrawn).

(8) The notice must—
(a) state that the CAA proposes to revoke the order and state its effect, and
(b) state the period (not less than 21 days starting with the date of publication of
the notice) within which representations may be made regarding the proposed
revocation.

(9) If after acting under subsection (7) the CAA decides not to revoke the order it must—
(a) publish a notice of its decision in such manner as it thinks appropriate for
bringing the decision to the attention of persons likely to be affected by it, and
(b) serve a copy of the notice on the licence holder.

(10) If the CAA is satisfied as mentioned in section 21(1) it must—
(a) serve a notice that it is so satisfied on the licence holder, and
(b) publish the notice in such manner as it thinks appropriate for bringing the
matters to which the notice relates to the attention of persons likely to be
affected by them.

(11) If the CAA is satisfied as mentioned in section 21(2) and it does not believe it is
appropriate to make a final order or make or confirm a provisional order, it must—
(a) serve a notice to that effect on the licence holder, and
(b) publish the notice in such manner as it thinks appropriate for bringing the
matters to which the notice relates to the attention of persons likely to be
affected by them.

### Commencement Information

120 S. 22 wholly in force at 1.2.2001, see s. 275(1)(2) and S.I. 2001/57, art. 3(1), Sch. 2 Pt. I (subject to
the transitional provision and saving in Sch. 2 Pt. II)

### 23 Validity of orders.

(1) This section applies if a licence holder to which a final or provisional order relates is
aggrieved by the order and wants to question its validity on the ground that—
(a) its making or confirmation was not within the powers conferred by sections
20 and 21, or
(b) any of the requirements of section 22(1) to (6) have not been complied with.

(2) The licence holder may apply to the court.

(3) If a copy of the order as made or confirmed was served on the licence holder the
application to the court must be made within the period of 42 days starting with the
day the copy was served on it.

(4) On an application under this section the court may quash the order or any provision
of it if satisfied that—
(a) the making or confirmation of the order was not within the powers conferred
by sections 20 and 21, or
(b) the interests of the licence holder have been substantially prejudiced by a
failure to comply with the requirements of section 22(1) to (6).

(5) Except as provided by this section, the validity of a final or provisional order may not
be questioned in any legal proceedings.
(6) A reference to the court is to—
   (a) the High Court in relation to England and Wales or Northern Ireland;
   (b) the Court of Session in relation to Scotland.

24  Effect of orders.
(1) The licence holder to which a final or provisional order relates has a duty to comply with it.
(2) The duty is owed to any person who may be affected by a contravention of the order.
(3) A breach of the duty which causes such a person to sustain loss or damage is actionable by him.
(4) In proceedings brought against a licence holder under subsection (3) it is a defence for it to prove that it took all reasonable steps and exercised all due diligence to avoid contravening the order.
(5) Compliance with a final or provisional order is also enforceable by civil proceedings brought by the CAA for an injunction or for interdict or for any other appropriate relief or remedy.
(6) Subsection (5) does not prejudice a right a person may have by virtue of subsection (3) to bring civil proceedings for contravention or apprehended contravention of a final or provisional order.

25  Power to obtain information.
(1) This section applies if it appears to the CAA that a licence holder may have contravened or may be contravening or is likely to contravene a section 8 duty or a licence condition.
(2) For any purpose connected with such of the CAA’s functions under sections 20 and 21 as are exercisable in relation to the matter it may serve on any person a notice which—
   (a) requires the person to produce any documents which are specified or described in the notice and are in his custody or under his control, and to produce them at a time and place so specified and to a person so specified, or
   (b) requires the person to supply information specified or described in the notice, and to supply it at a time and place and in a form and manner so specified and to a person so specified.
(3) A requirement may be made under subsection (2)(b) only if the person is carrying on a business.

(4) No person may be required under this section—
   (a) to produce documents which he could not be compelled to produce in civil proceedings in the court;
   (b) to supply information which he could not be compelled to supply in such proceedings.

(5) If a person without reasonable excuse fails to do anything required of him by a notice under subsection (2) he is guilty of an offence and liable on summary conviction to a fine not exceeding level 5 on the standard scale.

(6) If a person intentionally alters, suppresses or destroys a document which he has been required to produce by a notice under subsection (2) he is guilty of an offence and liable—
   (a) on summary conviction, to a fine not exceeding the statutory maximum;
   (b) on conviction on indictment, to a fine.

(7) If a person makes default in complying with a notice under subsection (2) the court may on the CAA's application make such order as the court thinks fit for requiring the default to be made good.

(8) An order under subsection (7) may provide that all the costs or expenses of and incidental to the application are to be borne—
   (a) by the person in default, or
   (b) if officers of a company or other association are responsible for its default, by those officers.

(9) A reference to producing a document includes a reference to producing a legible and intelligible copy of information recorded otherwise than in legible form.

(10) A reference to suppressing a document includes a reference to destroying the means of reproducing information recorded otherwise than in legible form.

(11) A reference to the court is to—
   (a) the High Court in relation to England and Wales or Northern Ireland;
   (b) the Court of Session in relation to Scotland.

Commencement Information

123  S. 25 wholly in force at 1.2.2001, see s. 275(1)(2) and S.I. 2001/57, art. 3(1), Sch. 2 Pt. I (subject to the transitional provision and saving in Sch. 2 Pt. II)

Administration orders etc.

26  Protection of licence companies etc.

(1) No licence company may be wound up voluntarily.

(2) No application may be made to a court for an administration order under Part II of the 1986 Act in relation to a licence company, and—
(a) anything purporting to be such an application is of no effect;
(b) no administration order may be made under that Part in relation to a licence company.

(3) No step may be taken by a person to enforce any security over the property of a licence company unless the person has given to the Secretary of State and the CAA at least 14 days’ notice of his intention to take the step.

(4) No application for the winding up of a licence company may be made by a person other than the Secretary of State unless the person has given to the Secretary of State and the CAA at least 14 days’ notice of his intention to make the application.

(5) In subsection (3) “security” and “property” have the same meanings as in Parts I to VII of the 1986 Act.

(6) In this section and sections 27 to 30—
(a) references to a licence company are to a company which holds a licence;
(b) references to the 1986 Act are to the Insolvency Act 1986.

### Commencement Information

**I24** S. 26 wholly in force at 1.2.2001, see s. 275(1)(2) and S.I. 2001/57, art. 3(1), Sch. 2 Pt. I (subject to the transitional provision and saving in Sch. 2 Pt. II)

### Marginal Citations

**M4** 1986 c. 45.

## 27 Duty to make order.

(1) This section applies if an application is made to any court for the winding up of a licence company.

(2) The Secretary of State and the CAA are entitled to be heard by the court.

(3) The court must not make a winding up order or appoint a provisional liquidator.

(4) But if the court is satisfied that it would be appropriate to make a winding up order if the company were not a licence company, it must instead make an air traffic administration order.

(5) The Secretary of State and the CAA may propose a person to manage the company’s affairs, business and property while an air traffic administration order is in force; and if they do the court must appoint that person.

(6) A reference to the court is to the court which (but for this section) would have jurisdiction to wind up the company.

### Commencement Information

**I25** S. 27 wholly in force at 1.2.2001, see s. 275(1)(2) and S.I. 2001/57, art. 3(1), Sch. 2 Pt. I (subject to the transitional provision and saving in Sch. 2 Pt. II)
28  Power to make order.

(1) The court may make an air traffic administration order in relation to a licence company if—
   (a) an application by petition is made by the Secretary of State or by the CAA with his consent, and
   (b) the court is satisfied that one or more of the following four conditions is satisfied.

(2) The first condition is that the company is or is likely to be unable to pay its debts.

(3) The second condition is that—
   (a) the Secretary of State certifies that but for section 27 it would be appropriate for him to petition for the company’s winding up under section 124A of the 1986 Act (petition following inspectors’ report etc), and
   (b) but for section 27 it would be just and equitable (as mentioned in section 124A) for the company to be wound up.

(4) The third condition is that—
   (a) there has been or is or is likely to be a contravention by the company of a section 8 duty,
   (b) no notice has been served under section 22(10) or (11) in relation to the contravention or apprehended contravention, and
   (c) the contravention or apprehended contravention is serious enough to make it inappropriate for the company to continue to hold the licence concerned.

(5) The fourth condition is that—
   (a) a final or provisional order has been made or confirmed in relation to a section 8 duty or a licence condition,
   (b) the order is not the subject of proceedings under section 23, and
   (c) there has been or is or is likely to be such a contravention of the order by the company as to make it inappropriate for it to continue to hold the licence concerned.

(6) For the purposes of subsection (2) a company is unable to pay its debts if it is deemed to be unable to do so under section 123 of the 1986 Act.

(7) A reference in subsection (4) or (5) to a section 8 duty or to a licence condition or to a final or provisional order is to be construed in accordance with section 20.

(8) A reference to the court is to the court which (but for section 27) would have jurisdiction to wind up the company.

Commencement Information

126  S. 28 wholly in force at 1.2.2001, see s. 275(1)(2) and S.I. 2001/57, art. 3(1), Sch. 2 Pt. I (subject to the transitional provision and saving in Sch. 2 Pt. II)

29  Air traffic administration orders.

(1) An air traffic administration order made under section 27 or 28 is an order directing that in the period while the order is in force the company’s affairs, business and property are to be managed by a person appointed by the court—
(a) for the achievement of the following two purposes, and
(b) in a manner which protects the interests of the company’s members and creditors.

(2) The first purpose is—
   (a) the transfer to another company, as a going concern, of so much of the licence company’s undertaking as it is necessary to transfer to ensure that its licensed activities may be properly carried out, or
   (b) the transfer to different companies of different parts of the licence company’s undertaking, as going concerns, where the parts together constitute so much of its undertaking as is described in paragraph (a).

(3) The second purpose is the carrying on, pending the transfer, of the licence company’s licensed activities.

(4) A reference to a licence company’s licensed activities is to the activities which the licence concerned authorises the company to carry out.

(5) In subsection (1) “business” and “property” have the same meanings as in the 1986 Act.

(6) The reference in subsection (1) to the court is to the court making the order.

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### Commencement Information

127  S. 29 wholly in force at 1.2.2001, see s. 275(1)(2) and S.I. 2001/57, art. 3(1), Sch. 2 Pt. I (subject to the transitional provision and saving in Sch. 2 Pt. II)

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### 30 Petitions and orders: supplementary.

(1) A petition under section 28 above cannot be withdrawn except with the court’s leave.

(2) Section 9(4) and (5) of the 1986 Act (court’s powers) apply on the hearing of a petition under section 28 above as they apply on the hearing of a petition for an administration order.

(3) Section 10(1), (2), (4) and (5) of the 1986 Act (effect of petition) apply in the case of a petition under section 28 above as if—
   (a) the reference in subsection (1) to an administration order were to an air traffic administration order;
   (b) the reference in subsection (1)(c) to proceedings included a reference to proceedings under or for the purposes of section 20 above;
   (c) in subsection (1)(c) after “its property” there were inserted “, and no right of re-entry or forfeiture may be enforced against the company in respect of any land;”;
   (d) subsection (2)(b) and (c) were omitted.

(4) Schedules 1 and 2 contain provisions relating to air traffic administration orders.

(5) The power given by section 411 of the 1986 Act to make rules applies for the purpose of giving effect to the air traffic administration order provisions as it applies for the purpose of giving effect to Parts I to VII of that Act, but taking references to those Parts as references to those provisions.
(6) The air traffic administration order provisions are sections 27 to 29, this section and Schedules 1 and 2.

(7) The reference in subsection (1) to the court is to the court to which the application by petition is made.

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31  Government financial help.

(1) If an air traffic administration order is in force in relation to a company the Secretary of State may—
   (a) make grants or loans to the company of such sums as he thinks appropriate to facilitate the achievement of the order’s purposes;
   (b) agree to indemnify the air traffic administrator in respect of liabilities incurred and loss or damage sustained by him in connection with carrying out his functions under the order.

(2) The Secretary of State may guarantee, in such manner and on such terms as he thinks fit, the repayment of the principal of, the payment of interest on and the discharge of any other financial obligation in connection with any sum borrowed from any person by a company in relation to which an air traffic administration order is in force when the guarantee is given.

(3) The terms on which a grant is made under this section may require all or part of it to be repaid to the Secretary of State if there is a contravention of the other terms on which it is made.

(4) A loan made under this section must be repaid to the Secretary of State at such times and by such methods, and interest must be paid to him at such rates and times, as may be specified in directions given by him from time to time.

(5) Subsections (3) and (4) do not prejudice any provision applied in relation to the company by Schedule 1.

(6) A grant, loan, agreement to indemnify, guarantee or direction under this section requires the Treasury’s consent.

(7) The air traffic administrator is the person appointed by the court to achieve the purposes of the air traffic administration order.

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32  Guarantees under section 31.

(1) This section applies to a guarantee given under section 31.
(2) Immediately after a guarantee is given the Secretary of State must lay a statement of it before each House of Parliament.

(3) If a sum is paid out for fulfilling a guarantee, as soon as possible after the end of each relevant financial year the Secretary of State must lay a statement relating to the sum before each House of Parliament.

(4) If any sums are paid out for fulfilling a guarantee the borrowing company must make to the Secretary of State at such times and in such manner as may be specified in directions given by him from time to time—
   (a) payments of such amounts as he may specify in such directions in or towards repayment of the sums paid out, and
   (b) payments of interest at such rate as he may specify in such directions on what is outstanding in respect of sums paid out.

(5) Subsection (4) does not prejudice any provision applied in relation to the borrowing company by Schedule 1.

(6) A direction under this section requires the Treasury’s consent.

(7) Relevant financial years are financial years starting with that in which the sum is paid out and ending with that in which all liability in respect of the principal of the sum and interest on it is finally discharged.

(8) The borrowing company is the company which borrowed the sums in respect of which the guarantee was given.

### Miscellaneous

33 **Northern Ireland.**

Schedule 3 contains provisions relating to Northern Ireland.

### Investigations.

(1) The CAA must investigate an alleged or apprehended contravention of a section 8 duty or of a condition of a licence if the alleged or apprehended contravention is the subject of a representation made to the CAA by or on behalf of a person who appears to it to have an interest in the matter.

(2) But this does not apply if the representation appears to the CAA to be frivolous or vexatious.
35 Register.

(1) The CAA must compile and maintain a register for the purposes of this Chapter.

(2) The register must be kept at such premises and in such form as the CAA decides.

(3) The CAA must cause these matters to be entered in the register—
   (a) the provisions of every exemption;
   (b) the provisions of every licence;
   (c) every modification of the conditions of a licence;
   (d) every revocation or surrender of a licence;
   (e) the provisions of every requirement or determination made or direction, consent or approval given under a licence;
   (f) the terms of every notice given under section 9;
   (g) the terms of every final or provisional order made under section 20, every revocation of such an order, and every notice under section 22(10) or (11).

(4) The duty in subsection (3) does not extend to anything of which the CAA is unaware.

(5) So far as practicable the CAA must secure the exclusion from the register of any matter relating to the affairs of a person if the CAA thinks its inclusion would or might seriously and prejudicially affect the person’s interests.

(6) If the Secretary of State thinks that entry of anything in the register would be against the public interest or any person’s commercial interests, he may give a direction to the CAA requiring the CAA not to enter it.

(7) The CAA must secure that the contents of the register are available for inspection by the public during such hours as may be specified in an order made by the Secretary of State.

(8) If requested by any person to do so the CAA must supply him with a copy (certified to be true) of the register or of an extract from it.

(9) But subsection (8) does not apply if a charge required by a scheme or regulations made under section 11 of the M5 Civil Aviation Act 1982 is not paid.
36 **Land.**

Schedule 4 gives licence holders powers in relation to land.

37 **Licence holders as statutory undertakers.**

Schedule 5 contains provisions treating licence holders as statutory undertakers.

38 **Directions in interests of national security etc.**

(1) The Secretary of State may give to a licence holder or to licence holders generally such directions of a general character as he thinks are necessary or expedient—
   (a) in the interests of national security, or
   (b) in the interests of encouraging or maintaining the United Kingdom’s relations with another country or territory.

(2) The Secretary of State may give to a licence holder a direction requiring it to do or not to do a particular thing, if the Secretary of State thinks it necessary or expedient to give the direction in the interests of national security.

(3) The Secretary of State may give to a licence holder a direction requiring it—
   (a) to do or not to do a particular thing in connection with anything authorised by the licence, or
   (b) to secure that a particular thing is done or not done in connection with anything authorised by the licence,
   if the Secretary of State thinks it necessary or expedient to give the direction in order to discharge or facilitate the discharge of an international obligation of the United Kingdom.

(4) In exercising his powers under subsections (1) to (3) the Secretary of State must have regard to the need to maintain a high standard of safety in the provision of air traffic services.

(5) In so far as a direction under this section conflicts with the requirements of section 93 or of an order under section 94, the direction is to be disregarded.

(6) In so far as a direction under this section conflicts with the requirements of an enactment or instrument other than section 93 or an order under section 94, the requirements are to be disregarded.

(7) Before giving a direction under this section to a particular licence holder (as opposed to licence holders generally) the Secretary of State must consult it.

(8) The Secretary of State must send a copy of a direction under this section to the CAA.

(9) The Secretary of State must lay before each House of Parliament a copy of a direction under this section unless he thinks its disclosure is against the interests of national security or the interests of the United Kingdom’s relations with another country or territory or the commercial interests of any person.

(10) A person must not disclose, and is not required by any enactment or otherwise to disclose, a direction given or other thing done by virtue of this section if the Secretary of State notifies him that he thinks disclosure is against the interests of national security or the interests of the United Kingdom’s relations with another country or territory or the commercial interests of any person (other than the person notified).
(11) A person commits an offence if—
   (a) without reasonable excuse he contravenes or fails to comply with a direction under this section, or
   (b) he makes a disclosure in contravention of subsection (10).

(12) A person who commits an offence under this section is liable—
   (a) on summary conviction, to a fine not exceeding the statutory maximum;
   (b) on conviction on indictment, to a fine or imprisonment for a term not exceeding two years or both.

Commencement Information

S. 38 wholly in force at 1.2.2001, see s. 275(1)(2) and S.I. 2001/57, art. 3(1), Sch. 2 Pt. I (subject to the transitional provision and saving in Sch. 2 Pt. II)

39 Directions relating to the environment.

(1) The Secretary of State may give such directions as he thinks are necessary or expedient—
   (a) to prevent or deal with noise, vibration, pollution or other disturbance attributable to aircraft used for the purpose of civil aviation;
   (b) to limit or mitigate the effects of such noise, vibration, pollution or disturbance.

(2) Directions under this section may be given to—
   (a) a licence holder or licence holders generally;
   (b) a person who is authorised by an exemption to provide air traffic services (an authorised person) or authorised persons generally.

(3) A direction under this section may be of a general character or may require a licence holder or an authorised person to do or not to do a particular thing.

(4) A direction under this section may include provision requiring persons to have regard to guidance which relates to the environment and which the Secretary of State may issue from time to time.

(5) In so far as a direction under this section conflicts with the requirements of section 38 or 93 or of an order under section 94, the direction is to be disregarded.

(6) In so far as a direction under this section conflicts with the requirements of an enactment or instrument other than section 38 or 93 or an order under section 94, the requirements are to be disregarded.

(7) Before giving a direction under this section to a particular licence holder or authorised person (as opposed to licence holders or authorised persons generally) requiring him to do or not to do a particular thing, the Secretary of State must consult—
   (a) that licence holder or authorised person;
   (b) the CAA.
Interpretation

(1) This section defines these expressions (here listed alphabetically) for the purposes of this Chapter—
   (a) aerodrome;
   (b) condition of a licence;
   (c) exemption;
   (d) licence;
   (e) licence holder;
   (f) managed area;
   (g) manager of an aerodrome;
   (h) modification.

(2) An aerodrome is an aerodrome as defined in section 105(1) of the M6 Civil Aviation Act 1982; and a manager of an aerodrome is a person who is in charge of it or holds a licence granted in respect of it by virtue of section 60 of that Act (Chicago Convention, regulation of air navigation etc).

(3) These are managed areas—
   (a) the United Kingdom;
   (b) any area which is outside the United Kingdom but in respect of which the United Kingdom has undertaken under international arrangements to provide air traffic services.

(4) An exemption is an exemption under this Chapter.

(5) A licence is a licence under this Chapter, and references to a licence holder must be construed accordingly.

(6) A condition of a licence is a provision of the licence which is expressed as a condition.

(7) “Modification” includes addition, alteration and omission, and cognate expressions are to be construed accordingly.
CHAPTER II

TRANSFER SCHEMES

Introduction

41 Meaning of transfer scheme.

(1) For the purposes of this Chapter a transfer scheme is a scheme which contains provisions falling within one or more of subsections (2) to (8).

(2) Provisions falling within this subsection are ones for the transfer of any of the CAA’s property, rights or liabilities or of all or part of its undertaking to any of the following—
   (a) the Secretary of State;
   (b) a company which is wholly owned by the Crown;
   (c) a company which is wholly owned by the CAA;
   (d) a company which is a wholly owned subsidiary of a company falling within paragraph (b) or (c).

(3) Provisions falling within this subsection are ones for the transfer of any of the property, rights or liabilities of a company (the transferor) which is wholly owned by the CAA or of all or part of the transferor’s undertaking to any of the following—
   (a) the Secretary of State;
   (b) the CAA;
   (c) a company which is wholly owned by the Crown;
   (d) a company which is wholly owned by the CAA;
   (e) a company which is a wholly owned subsidiary of a company falling within paragraph (b) or (c).

(4) Provisions falling within this subsection are ones for the transfer of any of the property, rights or liabilities of a company (the transferor) which is a wholly owned subsidiary of a company wholly owned by the CAA, or of all or part of the transferor’s undertaking, to any of the following—
   (a) the CAA;
   (b) a company which is wholly owned by the Crown;
   (c) a company which is wholly owned by the CAA;
   (d) a company which is a wholly owned subsidiary of a company falling within paragraph (b) or (c).

(5) Provisions falling within this subsection are ones for the transfer of any of the property, rights or liabilities of a company (the transferor) which was wholly owned by the CAA on the coming into force of this section, or of all or part of the transferor’s undertaking, to any of the following—
   (a) a company which is wholly owned by the Crown;
   (b) a company which is a wholly owned subsidiary of the transferor.

(6) Provisions falling within this subsection are ones for the transfer of any of the property, rights or liabilities of a company (the transferor) which was wholly owned by the Crown, or of all or part of the transferor’s undertaking, to the CAA.

(7) Provisions falling within this subsection are ones for the transfer of any of the property, rights or liabilities of a company (the transferor) in circumstances where the transferor
is a wholly owned subsidiary of a company (the holding company) wholly owned by the Crown and the holding company was wholly owned by the CAA on the coming into force of this section, or of all or part of the transferor’s undertaking, to any of the following—
(a) a company which is wholly owned by the Crown;
(b) a company which is a wholly owned subsidiary of a company falling within paragraph (a).

(8) Provisions falling within this subsection are ones for the transfer of any of the property, rights or liabilities of a company (the transferor) which is a wholly owned subsidiary of a company wholly owned by the Crown, or of all or part of the transferor’s undertaking, to the CAA.

(9) To the extent that a scheme provides for the transfer of all or part of an undertaking, references in the following provisions of this Chapter to property, rights and liabilities are to the undertaking or part (including property, rights and liabilities falling within it).

### Commencement Information

137 S. 41 wholly in force at 1.2.2001, see s. 275(1)(2) and S.I. 2001/57, art. 3(1), Sch. 2 Pt. I (subject to the transitional provision and saving in Sch. 2 Pt. II)

### 42 Transfer schemes: supplementary.

(1) The things which may be transferred by a transfer scheme include—
(a) anything which the transferor would not otherwise be capable of transferring or assigning;
(b) anything to which the transferor may become entitled or subject after the scheme is made and before it comes into force;
(c) anything situated anywhere in the United Kingdom or elsewhere;
(d) anything subsisting under an enactment;
(e) anything subsisting under the law of any part of the United Kingdom or of any country or territory outside the United Kingdom.

(2) A scheme may divide any property, rights or liabilities of a transferor and in connection with the division may—
(a) create for a transferor or transferee an interest in any property to which the scheme relates;
(b) create new rights and liabilities as between a transferor and a transferee with respect to any property to which the scheme relates;
(c) in connection with any provision made by virtue of paragraph (a) or (b), make incidental provision as to the interests, rights and liabilities of other persons with respect to any property to which the scheme relates.

(3) A scheme may impose obligations on a transferor and transferee to take any necessary steps to secure that the following have effect—
(a) any interest, right or liability created by virtue of subsection (2)(a) or (b);
(b) any incidental provision made by virtue of subsection (2)(c).

(4) A scheme may—
(a) impose on a transferor or transferee an obligation to enter into a specified written agreement with a specified person or persons (who may be or include a transferor or transferee);
(b) impose on a transferor or transferee an obligation to execute a specified instrument in favour of a specified person or persons (who may be or include a transferor or transferee);
(c) make provision (for instance, where part of particular property is transferred) that rights and liabilities specified or identified in the scheme are enforceable by or against a transferor or transferee (or both).

(5) A scheme may make such supplementary, incidental, consequential or transitional provisions as the scheme’s maker thinks are appropriate.

### CAA’s schemes

#### 43 Transfer schemes made by CAA.

(1) After consulting the CAA the Secretary of State may give a direction requiring it to make a transfer scheme.

(2) A direction may specify how a scheme is to be made and the time within which it is to be made and submitted to the Secretary of State (as well as what is to be transferred, the transferor and the transferee).

(3) In so far as a direction conflicts with the requirements of an enactment or instrument, the requirements are to be disregarded.

(4) No direction may be given under this section before the end of the period of three months starting with the day on which this Act is passed.

### Commencement Information

| 138 | S. 42 wholly in force at 1.2.2001, see s. 275(1)(2) and S.I. 2001/57, art. 3(1), Sch. 2 Pt. I (subject to the transitional provision and saving in Sch. 2 Pt. II) |

#### Effect of scheme made by CAA.

(1) This section applies to a scheme made under section 43.

(2) A scheme does not come into force unless the Secretary of State approves it in writing.

(3) Subject to that, a scheme comes into force on—
   (a) the day it specifies for it to come into force, or
   (b) if the approval specifies a day for it to come into force, that day.

(4) The Secretary of State may modify a scheme before approving it and after consulting each person who is a transferor or a transferee.
(5) When a scheme comes into force it has effect to transfer (in accordance with its provisions) the property, rights and liabilities to which it applies.

(6) Any transferor or transferee (other than the Secretary of State) must provide the Secretary of State with any information and other assistance he may reasonably require in connection with his powers to approve and modify under this section.

(7) If a body fails without reasonable excuse to comply with subsection (6) it is guilty of an offence and liable on summary conviction to a fine not exceeding level 5 on the standard scale.

(8) In this section “modify” includes add to, omit from and otherwise alter.

(9) No approval may be given under this section before the end of the period of three months starting with the day on which this Act is passed.

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**Secretary of State’s schemes**

**45 Transfer schemes made by Secretary of State.**

(1) This section applies if—
   (a) the CAA fails to submit a transfer scheme within the time specified in a direction under section 43, or
   (b) the Secretary of State does not approve a transfer scheme submitted by the CAA.

(2) In such a case the Secretary of State may make a transfer scheme after consulting each person who is a transferor or a transferee.

(3) A scheme made under this section comes into force on the day it specifies for it to come into force.

(4) When the scheme comes into force it has effect to transfer (in accordance with its provisions) the property, rights and liabilities to which it applies.

(5) No scheme may be made under this section before the end of the period of three months starting with the day on which this Act is passed.

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**46 Information for purposes of section 45.**

(1) If the Secretary of State proposes to make a transfer scheme he may give a direction to an interested body requiring it—
(a) to provide him with such information as he thinks necessary to enable him to make the scheme, and
(b) to do so within the period (not less than 28 days starting with the date on which the direction is given) specified in the direction.

(2) These are interested bodies—
(a) the CAA;
(b) a company which is wholly owned by the Crown;
(c) a company which is wholly owned by the CAA;
(d) a company which is a wholly owned subsidiary of a company falling within paragraph (b) or (c).

(3) If a body fails to comply with a direction under subsection (1) the Secretary of State may serve on it a notice which—
(a) requires it to produce any documents which are specified or described in the notice and are in its custody or under its control, and to produce them at a time and place so specified and to a person so specified, or
(b) requires it to supply information specified or described in the notice, and to supply it at a time and place and in a form and manner so specified and to a person so specified.

(4) No body may be required under this section—
(a) to produce documents which it could not be compelled to produce in civil proceedings in the court;
(b) to supply information which it could not be compelled to supply in such proceedings.

(5) If a body fails without reasonable excuse to do anything required of it by a notice under subsection (3) it is guilty of an offence and liable on summary conviction to a fine not exceeding level 5 on the standard scale.

(6) If a body intentionally alters, suppresses or destroys a document which it has been required to produce by a notice under subsection (3) it is guilty of an offence and liable—
(a) on summary conviction, to a fine not exceeding the statutory maximum;
(b) on conviction on indictment, to a fine.

(7) If a body makes default in complying with a notice under subsection (3) the court may on the Secretary of State’s application make such order as the court thinks fit for requiring the default to be made good.

(8) An order under subsection (7) may provide that all the costs or expenses of and incidental to the application are to be borne—
(a) by the body in default, or
(b) if officers of the body are responsible for its default, those officers.

(9) A reference to producing a document includes a reference to producing a legible and intelligible copy of information recorded otherwise than in legible form.

(10) A reference to suppressing a document includes a reference to destroying the means of reproducing information recorded otherwise than in legible form.

(11) A reference to the court is to—
(a) the High Court in relation to England and Wales or Northern Ireland;
47 Accounting provisions.

(1) This section applies if any property, rights or liabilities are transferred under a transfer scheme—
(a) from the CAA to a company,
(b) from a company to the CAA, or
(c) from a company to a company.

(2) The transfer scheme may state—
(a) the value at which any asset transferred to the transferee under the scheme is to be entered in the opening accounts of the transferee;
(b) the amount at which any liability so transferred is to be entered in those accounts.

(3) The value or amount which may be stated by virtue of subsection (2) is—
(a) in a case where the whole of the asset or liability is transferred by the transfer scheme, the value or amount at which the asset or liability appeared in the last full accounts of the transferor;
(b) in a case where part only of the asset or liability is so transferred, such part of the value or amount at which the asset or liability appeared in the last full accounts of the transferor as may be determined by or in accordance with the transfer scheme.

(4) But if the maker of the transfer scheme considers that some other value or amount is appropriate, the value or amount which may be stated by virtue of subsection (2) is that other amount or value.

(5) If no value or amount appeared as mentioned in subsection (3) in the case of an asset or liability, the value or amount which may be stated by virtue of subsection (2) is the value or amount which the maker of the transfer scheme considers appropriate.

(6) The transfer scheme may provide that the amount to be included in the opening accounts of the transferee as representing its accumulated realised profits is to be determined as if such proportion of any profits realised and retained by the transferor as may be determined by or in accordance with the transfer scheme had been realised and retained by the transferee.

(7) The transfer scheme may provide that the amount to be included in the opening accounts of the transferee as representing its accumulated realised losses is to be determined as if such proportion of any accumulated realised losses of the transferor as may be determined by or in accordance with the transfer scheme had been losses realised by the transferee.
(8) When the transfer scheme comes into force, a statement or provision under subsection (2), (6) or (7) has effect to require any value or amount concerned to be entered or determined accordingly.

### Commencement Information

**43** S. 47 wholly in force at 1.2.2001, see s. 275(1)(2) and S.I. 2001/57, art. 3(1), Sch. 2 Pt. I (subject to the transitional provision and saving in Sch. 2 Pt. II)

### 48 Accounting provisions: interpretation.

(1) This section applies for the purposes of section 47.

(2) The opening accounts of the transferee are—
   
   (a) if the transferee is the CAA, the annual accounts prepared by it in accordance with section 15 of the Civil Aviation Act 1982 for the accounting year next ending after the transfer date;
   
   (b) if the transferee is a company, any statutory accounts prepared by it for the accounting year next ending after the transfer date.

(3) The last full accounts of the transferor are—
   
   (a) if the transferor is the CAA, the annual accounts prepared by it in accordance with section 15 of the Civil Aviation Act 1982 for the accounting year last ended before the making of the transfer scheme;
   
   (b) if the transferor is a company, the statutory accounts of the company for the accounting year last ended before the making of the transfer scheme.

(4) An accounting year is—
   
   (a) in the case of the CAA, the period of 12 months ending with 31 March in any year;
   
   (b) in the case of a company, its financial year within the meaning of the Companies Act 2006.

(5) Statutory accounts are accounts prepared by a company for the purpose of any provision of the Companies Act 2006 (including group accounts).

### Textual Amendments

**F64** Words in s. 48(4)(b) substituted (6.4.2008) by The Companies Act 2006 (Consequential Amendments etc) Order 2008 (S.I. 2008/948), art. 2(2), Sch. 1 para. 218(2) (with arts. 6, 11, 12)

**F65** Words in s. 48(5) substituted (6.4.2008) by The Companies Act 2006 (Consequential Amendments etc) Order 2008 (S.I. 2008/948), art. 2(2), Sch. 1 para. 218(2) (with arts. 6, 11, 12)

### Commencement Information

**44** S. 48 wholly in force at 1.2.2001, see s. 275(1)(2) and S.I. 2001/57, art. 3(1), Sch. 2 Pt. I (subject to the transitional provision and saving in Sch. 2 Pt. II)

### Marginal Citations

**M7** 1982 c. 16.

**M8** 1982 c. 16.
Ownership of transferee companies

49 Issue of securities.

(1) This section applies if any property, rights or liabilities are transferred under a transfer scheme to a transferee which at the time of the transfer is a company falling within subsection (4).

(2) The Secretary of State may give a direction under this section to the transferee if when the direction is given it is a company falling within subsection (4).

(3) A direction under this section is one requiring the transferee—
   (a) to issue to the appropriate person such securities of the transferee as are specified in the direction,
   (b) to do so at a time or times (specified in the direction) when it is a company falling within subsection (4), and
   (c) to do so on such terms as are specified in the direction.

(4) A company falls within this subsection if it is—
   (a) a company which is wholly owned by the Crown,
   (b) a company which is wholly owned by the CAA, or
   (c) a company which is a wholly owned subsidiary of a company falling within paragraph (a) or (b).

(5) The appropriate person is such of the following as the Secretary of State may specify in the direction—
   (a) the transferee;
   (b) the Secretary of State;
   (c) the CAA;
   (d) a company which is wholly owned by the Crown;
   (e) a company which is wholly owned by the CAA;
   (f) a company which is a wholly owned subsidiary of a company falling within paragraph (d) or (e).

(6) Shares issued in pursuance of this section—
   (a) must be of such nominal value as may be specified in a direction given by the Secretary of State, and
   (b) must be issued as fully paid and treated for the purposes of [the Companies Act 2006] as if they had been paid up by virtue of the payment to the transferee of their nominal value in cash.
50 Government investment in securities.

(1) This section applies if any property, rights or liabilities are transferred under a transfer scheme to a transferee which at the time of the transfer is—
   (a) a company which is wholly owned by the Crown,
   (b) a company which is wholly owned by the CAA, or
   (c) a company which is a wholly owned subsidiary of a company falling within paragraph (a) or (b).

(2) The Treasury or the Secretary of State with the Treasury’s consent may—
   (a) acquire securities of the transferee by subscription or purchase;
   (b) acquire options to acquire or dispose of securities of the transferee.

(3) The Secretary of State must not dispose of any securities or options acquired under this section without the Treasury’s consent.

51 Crown shareholding.

(1) This section applies if any property, rights or liabilities are transferred under a transfer scheme to a transferee which at the time of the transfer is—
   (a) a company which is wholly owned by the Crown,
   (b) a company which is wholly owned by the CAA, or
   (c) a company which is a wholly owned subsidiary of a company falling within paragraph (a) or (b).

(2) The Secretary of State may by order designate such a transferee for the purposes of this section.

(3) The Secretary of State must ensure that the Crown does not dispose of any of the shares it holds in the designated company unless he is satisfied that a scheme is in place to ensure the completion of any project which—
   (a) concerns the development of major facilities connected with air traffic services, and
   (b) was commissioned before the coming into force of this section by the CAA or a company wholly owned by the CAA.

(4) The Secretary of State must ensure that the Crown does not dispose of any of the shares it holds in the designated company unless—
   (a) the Crown holds at least 49 per cent of the company’s issued ordinary share capital immediately before the disposal, and
   (b) the Crown will continue to hold at least 49 per cent of that share capital immediately after the disposal.

(5) The Secretary of State must ensure that at any given time the Crown holds at least 25 per cent of the designated company’s issued ordinary share capital.
(6) The Secretary of State must ensure that the Crown continues to hold any special share provided for under the designated company’s articles of association.

(7) A special share is a share which can be held only by the Crown and which gives the shareholder the right to prevent certain events by withholding consent.

(8) The Secretary of State must not consent to any alteration of the designated company’s articles of association which requires his consent on behalf of the Crown as special shareholder unless a statement of the intended consent has been laid before and approved by resolution of each House of Parliament.

(9) If a person enters into a transaction relating to shares issued by the designated company—
   (a) he need not enquire whether the transaction results in a contravention of subsection (3), (4), (5) or (6), and
   (b) his rights in relation to the shares are not to be questioned on the grounds of, or affected by, a contravention of subsection (3), (4), (5) or (6).

(10) Grounds on which the Secretary of State may be satisfied that a scheme is in place as mentioned in subsection (3) include the grounds that the arrangements for the disposal of the shares include provision obliging the person acquiring them to ensure the completion of the project.

(11) For the purposes of this section a project concerns the development of major facilities if (and only if) the Secretary of State thinks that the value of the project is above £200 million.

(12) The Secretary of State may by order amend or repeal this section.

**Commencement Information**

S. 51 wholly in force at 1.2.2001, see s. 275(1)(2) and S.I. 2001/57, art. 3(1), Sch. 2 Pt. I (subject to the transitional provision and saving in Sch. 2 Pt. II)

**Transferee companies: other provisions**

**Loans.**

(1) This section applies if any property, rights or liabilities are transferred under a transfer scheme to a transferee which at the time of the transfer is a company falling within subsection (3).

(2) With the Treasury’s approval the Secretary of State may make loans of such amounts as he thinks fit to the transferee if when the loans are made it is a company falling within subsection (3).

(3) A company falls within this subsection if it is—
   (a) a company which is wholly owned by the Crown,
   (b) a company which is wholly owned by the CAA, or
   (c) a company which is a wholly owned subsidiary of a company falling within paragraph (a) or (b).

(4) If loans are made under this section—
(a) they must be repaid to the Secretary of State at such times and by such methods as he may specify in a direction given with the Treasury’s approval;

(b) interest on them must be paid to him at such rates and at such times as may be specified in such a direction.

(5) The Secretary of State must exercise his powers under this section so as to ensure that the aggregate of the amounts outstanding in respect of the principal of loans made under this section does not at any time exceed £1,000 million.

(6) In respect of each financial year the Secretary of State must prepare, in such form as may be specified in a direction given by the Treasury, an account of—

(a) sums issued to him out of the National Loans Fund for making loans under this section,

(b) sums received by him under subsection (4), and

(c) how he has disposed of those sums.

(7) The Secretary of State must send the account to the Comptroller and Auditor General not later than the end of the month of August in the following financial year.

(8) The Comptroller and Auditor General must examine, certify and report on the account and must lay copies of it and of his report before each House of Parliament.

53 Guarantees.

(1) This section applies if any property, rights or liabilities are transferred under a transfer scheme to a transferee which at the time of the transfer is a company falling within subsection (3).

(2) The Treasury or the Secretary of State may guarantee the discharge of any financial obligation of the transferee if when the guarantee is made it is a company falling within subsection (3).

(3) A company falls within this subsection if it is—

(a) a company which is wholly owned by the Crown,

(b) a company which is wholly owned by the CAA, or

(c) a company which is a wholly owned subsidiary of a company falling within paragraph (a) or (b).

(4) In the case of a financial obligation incurred before the giving of a guarantee, it is immaterial when the obligation was incurred.

(5) A guarantee may be given on such terms and in such manner as the Treasury or the Secretary of State decides.

(6) A guarantee may continue to have effect after the transferee has ceased to be a company falling within subsection (3).

(7) The Treasury may not give a guarantee in relation to a financial obligation which is owed by the transferee to the Secretary of State.
(8) A guarantee may not be given unless the Treasury or the Secretary of State has entered into arrangements under which the transferee will be liable to make payments (including payments of interest) in respect of sums issued in fulfilment of the guarantee.

(9) The Treasury and the Secretary of State must exercise their powers under this section so as to ensure that the aggregate of the amounts of principal in relation to which guarantees are given under this section does not at any time exceed £500 million.

(10) As soon as practicable after giving a guarantee under this section the Treasury or the Secretary of State must lay a statement of the guarantee before each House of Parliament.

(11) As soon as practicable after issuing a sum in fulfilment of a guarantee under this section the Treasury or the Secretary of State must lay a statement relating to the sum before each House of Parliament.

(12) If a payment is not made as required by arrangements under subsection (8), as soon as practicable after the default occurs the Treasury or the Secretary of State (depending on who made the arrangements) must lay a statement of the default before each House of Parliament.

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54 Grants.

(1) This section applies if any property, rights or liabilities are transferred under a transfer scheme to a transferee which at the time of the transfer is a company falling within subsection (3).

(2) With the Treasury’s approval the Secretary of State may make grants towards the transferee’s expenditure if when the grants are made it is a company falling within subsection (3).

(3) A company falls within this subsection if it is—
   (a) a company which is wholly owned by the Crown,
   (b) a company which is wholly owned by the CAA, or
   (c) a company which is a wholly owned subsidiary of a company falling within paragraph (a) or (b).

(4) Grants may be of such amounts and be made at such times and in such manner as the Secretary of State may determine with the Treasury’s approval.

(5) Grants may be made subject to such conditions as the Secretary of State may determine with the Treasury’s approval.

(6) Grants may be retained by the transferee after it has ceased to be a company falling within subsection (3) (subject to any condition imposed under subsection (5)).
55  **Trustee investments.**

(1) This section applies if—

(a) any property, rights or liabilities are transferred under a transfer scheme to a transferee which at the time of the transfer is a company wholly owned by the Crown,

(b) at a time after the transfer the first condition (set out in subsection (2)) is satisfied, and

(c) the second condition (set out in subsection (3)) is satisfied.

(2) The first condition is that the transferee is a company whose shares or debentures are included in the Official List, within the meaning of Part IV of the Financial Services Act 1986, in pursuance of that Part.

(3) The second condition is that immediately before its shares or debentures are admitted to the Official List the transferee is wholly owned by the Crown.

(4) If this section applies, subsection (5) has effect for the purpose of applying paragraph 3(b) of Part IV of Schedule 1 to the Trustee Investments Act 1961 (dividends to be paid in each of the five years immediately preceding investment year) in relation to investment in shares or debentures of the transferee in the year of issue or any later year.

(5) The transferee must be taken to have paid a dividend as mentioned in paragraph 3(b)—

(a) in every year which precedes the year of issue and which is included in the relevant five years, and

(b) in the year of issue, if it is included in the relevant five years and the transferee does not in fact pay such a dividend in that year.

(6) For the purposes of this section—

(a) the year of issue is the calendar year in which shares in the transferee are first issued in pursuance of section 49;

(b) the relevant five years are the five years immediately preceding the year in which the investment in question is made or proposed to be made.
56 Shadow directors.

(1) This section applies if—
   (a) any property, rights or liabilities are transferred under a transfer scheme to a transferee which at the time of the transfer is a company falling within subsection (2), and
   (b) at a time after the transfer the condition set out in subsection (3) is satisfied.

(2) A company falls within this subsection if it is—
   (a) a company which is wholly owned by the Crown,
   (b) a company which is wholly owned by the CAA, or
   (c) a company which is a wholly owned subsidiary of a company falling within paragraph (a) or (b).

(3) The condition is that—
   (a) the transferee continues to be, or becomes and continues to be, a company which is wholly owned by the Crown or a wholly owned subsidiary of such a company, or
   (b) the Crown continues to hold any special share provided for under the transferee’s articles of association.

(4) For the purposes of the provisions listed in subsection (5) none of the persons listed in subsection (8) is to be regarded as a shadow director of the transferee or of a company associated with the transferee at a time while the condition set out in subsection (3) is satisfied.

(5) The provisions are—
   (a) section 162(6) of the Companies Act 2006 (register of directors: liability for offence);
   (b) Chapter 3 of Part 10 of that Act (declaration of interest in existing transaction or arrangement);
   (c) sections 190 to 196 of that Act (transactions requiring members’ approval: substantial property transactions);
   (d) sections 197 to 214 of that Act (transactions requiring members’ approval: loans etc.);
   (e) regulation 28(3) of the Companies, Limited Liability Partnership and Business (Names and Trading Disclosures) Regulations 2015 (liability for offence), as it applies in relation to an offence under regulation 26 (disclosure of names of directors).

(8) The persons are—
   (a) a Minister of the Crown;
   (b) a Northern Ireland Minister;
   (c) a nominee of a person falling within paragraph (a) or (b); and
   (d) a Northern Ireland Department.

(9) A special share is a share which can be held only by the Crown and which gives the shareholder the right to prevent certain events by withholding consent.

(10) A company is associated with the transferee if the conditions in subsections (11) and (12) are satisfied.
(11) The first condition is that the company is designated for the purposes of this subsection by an order of the Secretary of State.

(12) The second condition is that the company is—
   (a) wholly owned by the Crown, or
   (b) a subsidiary of the transferee.

Textual Amendments
F67  S. 56(4)(5) substituted for s. 56(4)-(7) (1.10.2007) by The Companies Act 2006 (Commencement No. 3, Consequential Amendments, Transitional Provisions and Savings) Order 2007 (S.I. 2007/2194), art. 1(3)(a), Sch. 4 para. 95 (with art. 12)

Commencement Information
I52  S. 56 wholly in force at 1.2.2001, see s. 275(1)(2) and S.I. 2001/57, art. 3(1), Sch. 2 Pt. I (subject to the transitional provision and saving in Sch. 2 Pt. II)

Extinguishment of liabilities

57  Extinguishment of liabilities.

(1) With the Treasury’s consent the Secretary of State may give a direction under this section to the CAA if he thinks that to do so would be appropriate in connection with a transfer scheme which has been or is proposed to be made.

(2) A direction may be given in relation to a company which is wholly owned by the CAA when the direction is given, and it may require the CAA—
   (a) to release the company from liability in respect of debts which the company owes to the CAA and which are specified in the direction;
   (b) to do so at a time when the company is wholly owned by the CAA;
   (c) to become a party to such arrangements as the direction may specify with a view to the release taking effect.

(3) A direction may by virtue of subsection (2)(c) include provision as to instruments, their form and the time they are to be made.

(4) A direction has effect to require the CAA to act in accordance with it even if to do so would not be in furtherance of the CAA’s functions arising apart from this section.

(5) If a direction is given the Secretary of State may by order extinguish the CAA’s liability in respect of debts which satisfy these conditions—
   (a) the CAA owes the debts to him,
   (b) he thinks they correspond to those specified in the direction, and
   (c) they are specified in the order.

(6) A direction or order may relate to liability for principal only.
Securities to be issued.

(1) With the Treasury’s consent the Secretary of State may give one or more directions under this section if he thinks that to do so would be appropriate in connection with a direction which has been given under section 57.

(2) A direction under this section may be given to a company falling within subsection (3), and it may require the company—
   (a) to issue to the appropriate person specified in the direction such securities of the company as the direction specifies, or
   (b) to issue to different appropriate persons so specified such securities of the company as the direction specifies.

(3) These companies fall within this subsection—
   (a) the company whose liability the direction under section 57 requires to be released;
   (b) a company which wholly owns that company;
   (c) a company which is a wholly owned subsidiary of a company falling within paragraph (a) or (b).

(4) These are appropriate persons—
   (a) the Secretary of State;
   (b) the company whose liability the direction under section 57 requires to be released;
   (c) a company which wholly owns that company.

(5) But a company does not fall within subsection (3), and a company is not an appropriate person, unless—
   (a) it is wholly owned by the Crown when the direction under this section is given, or
   (b) it is a wholly owned subsidiary of a company which is wholly owned by the Crown when the direction under this section is given.

(6) Different directions may be given under this section to the same company; and different directions may be given to different companies.

(7) A company which is given a direction under this section must issue securities in accordance with it.

(8) Securities issued in pursuance of this section must be issued at such times and on such terms as the direction concerned specifies.

(9) Shares issued in pursuance of this section—
   (a) must be of such nominal value as the direction concerned specifies, and
   (b) must be issued as fully paid and treated for the purposes of the Companies Act 2006 as if they had been paid up by virtue of the payment to the issuing company of their nominal value in cash.
59 Securites: other provisions.

(1) If a security is issued to a company in pursuance of section 49 or 58, for the purposes of its statutory accounts the value of the security when issued must be taken to have been equal to—

   (a) its nominal value (if it is a share);
   (b) the principal sum payable under it (if it is a debenture).

(2) The nominal value or principal sum mentioned above must be taken to be accumulated realised profits for the purposes of the company’s statutory accounts.

(3) If a direction under section 49 or 58 requires a company to issue a debenture the direction may specify—

   (a) the principal sum payable under the debenture;
   (b) the terms as to the payment of the principal sum;
   (c) the terms as to the payment of interest on the principal sum.

(4) The principal sum payable under the debenture, and the terms as to the payment of it and of interest on it, must be taken to be those so specified.

(5) Statutory accounts are accounts prepared by a company for the purpose of any provision of [F71 the Companies Act 2006] (including group accounts).

Miscellaneous

60 Enforcement of certain obligations.

(1) An obligation imposed by a provision included in a scheme by virtue of section 42(4) (a) is enforceable by civil proceedings by a person with whom the agreement is to be made or by any transferor or transferee.
(2) An obligation imposed by a provision included in a scheme by virtue of section 42(4)
(b) is enforceable by civil proceedings by a person in whose favour the instrument is
to be executed or by any transferor or transferee.

(3) The proceedings may be for an injunction or for interdict or for any other appropriate
relief or remedy.

(4) A transaction effected in pursuance of an obligation mentioned in subsection (1) or
(2)—
   (a) is to have effect subject to the provisions of any enactment providing for
       transactions of the kind concerned to be registered in a statutory register, but
   (b) subject to that, is to be binding on all other persons, even if it would otherwise
       require the consent or concurrence of any other person.

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**Special provisions about land.**

(1) For the purposes of this section these rights affecting land are relevant land rights—
   (a) a right of reverter (or in Scotland the right of the fiar on the termination of
       a liferent);
   (b) a right of pre-emption;
   (c) a right of forfeiture;
   (d) a right of re-entry;
   (e) a right of irritancy;
   (f) an option;
   (g) a right similar to anything falling within paragraphs (a) to (f).

(2) No relevant land right is to operate or become exercisable as a result of a transfer of
land—
   (a) under a transfer scheme,
   (b) in consequence of anything done under Schedule 6, or
   (c) pursuant to an obligation imposed by a provision included in a scheme by
       virtue of section 42(4)(a) or (b).

(3) In the case of a transfer mentioned in subsection (2) a relevant land right is to have
effect as if—
   (a) the person to whom the land is transferred were the same person in law as the
       person transferring the land, and
   (b) no transfer of the land had taken place.

(4) Subsection (5) applies if—
   (a) apart from subsections (2) and (3) a relevant land right would have operated
       in favour of a person or become exercisable by him, but
   (b) the circumstances are such that in consequence of those subsections the right
       cannot subsequently operate in his favour or become exercisable by him (as
       the case may be).
(5) In such a case just compensation is payable to him by the person to whom the land is transferred or the person transferring it (or both) in respect of the right’s extinguishment.

(6) A dispute about whether or how much compensation is payable or about the person to or by whom it is payable must be referred to and decided by—
   (a) an arbitrator appointed by the President of the Royal Institution of Chartered Surveyors (if the proceedings are to be held in England and Wales),
   (b) an arbiter appointed by the Chairman of the Royal Institution of Chartered Surveyors in Scotland (if the proceedings are to be held in Scotland), or
   (c) an arbitrator appointed by the Chairman of the Royal Institution of Chartered Surveyors in Northern Ireland (if the proceedings are to be held in Northern Ireland).

(7) If it appears to the person transferring the land that a person is or may be entitled to compensation he must—
   (a) notify that person in writing that he is or may be entitled, and
   (b) invite him to make representations to the person transferring the land, and to do so not later than the expiry of the period of 14 days starting with the date of issue of the notification.

(8) But if the person transferring the land is not aware of the name and address of the person concerned he must publish in such manner as he thinks appropriate a notice—
   (a) containing information about the right affected, and
   (b) inviting any person who thinks he is or may be entitled to compensation to make representations to the person transferring the land, and to do so within the period (not less than 28 days starting with the date of publication of the notice) specified in the notice.

(9) Subsections (2) and (3) apply in relation to the doing of any thing in relation to land (including the grant or creation of an estate or interest in it or right over it) as they apply in relation to a transfer of land; and a reference in this section to the person to whom the land is transferred or the person transferring it is to be construed accordingly.

Textual Amendments
F72 Words in s. 61(6)(c) substituted (3.4.2006) by Constitutional Reform Act 2005 (c. 4), s. 148(1), Sch. 4 para. 294; S.I. 2006/1014, art. 2(a), Sch. 1 para. 11(x)

Commencement Information
I57 S. 61 wholly in force at 1.2.2001, see s. 275(1)(2) and S.I. 2001/57, art. 3(1), Sch. 2 Pt. I (subject to the transitional provision and saving in Sch. 2 Pt. II)

62 Exercise of functions through nominees.

(1) The Treasury or the Secretary of State with the Treasury’s approval may for the purposes of section 49, 50 or 58 appoint a person to act as the nominee, or one of the nominees, of the Treasury or the Secretary of State.

(2) In accordance with directions given from time to time by the Treasury or by the Secretary of State—
(a) securities may be issued under section 49 or 58 to a nominee of the Secretary of State appointed for the purposes of that section, and

(b) a nominee of the Treasury or the Secretary of State appointed for the purposes of section 50 may acquire securities under that section.

(3) A person holding any securities as a nominee of the Treasury or the Secretary of State by virtue of this section must hold and deal with them (or any of them) on such terms and in such manner as may be specified in directions given by the Treasury or the Secretary of State.

(4) A direction of the Secretary of State under subsection (2) or (3) requires the Treasury’s consent.

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<td>158 S. 62 wholly in force at 1.2.2001, see s. 275(1)(2) and S.I. 2001/57, art. 3(1), Sch. 2 Pt. I (subject to the transitional provision and saving in Sch. 2 Pt. II)</td>
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63 Further provisions about transfer schemes.

Schedule 6 contains provisions about transfer schemes.

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64 Tax.

Schedule 7 contains provisions about tax.

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<td>160 S. 64 wholly in force at 1.2.2001, see s. 275(1)(2) and S.I. 2001/57, art. 3(1), Sch. 2 Pt. I (subject to the transitional provision and saving in Sch. 2 Pt. II)</td>
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</tbody>
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Interpretation

65 Interpretation.

(1) This section defines these expressions (here listed alphabetically) for the purposes of this Chapter—

(a) company;
(b) company which wholly owns a company;
(c) company wholly owned by the CAA;
(d) company wholly owned by the Crown;
(e) a Northern Ireland Minister;
(f) securities;
(g) shares held by the Crown;
(h) subsidiary and wholly owned subsidiary;
(i) transferee;
(j) transferor.

(2) “Company”[F73] means a company as defined in section 1(1) of the Companies Act 2006.

(3) A company is wholly owned by the Crown at any time when all its shares are held by the Crown.

(4) Shares are held by the Crown if they are held—
(a) by a Minister of the Crown or his nominee,
(b) by a Northern Ireland Minister or his nominee,
(c) by a Northern Ireland department, or
(d) by a company of which all the shares are held by the Crown.

(5) “Northern Ireland Minister” includes the First Minister and the deputy First Minister in Northern Ireland.

(6) A company is wholly owned by the CAA at any time when it has no members except—
(a) the CAA and its wholly owned subsidiaries, or
(b) persons acting on behalf of the CAA or its wholly owned subsidiaries.

(7) A company which wholly owns another company is a company of which the other is a wholly owned subsidiary.

(8) The expressions “subsidiary” and “wholly owned subsidiary” have the meanings given by [F74 section 1159 of the Companies Act 2006].

(9) “Securities” has the same meaning as in section 142 of the Financial Services Act 1986.

(10) A transferee is any person to whom anything is or is to be transferred by a scheme.

(11) A transferor is any person from whom anything is or is to be transferred by a scheme.

(12) The definitions in this section apply unless the contrary intention appears.

Textual Amendments

[F73] Words in s. 65(2) substituted (1.10.2009) by the Companies Act 2006 (Consequential Amendments, Transitional Provisions and Savings) Order 2009 (S.I. 2009/1941), art. 1(2), Sch. 1 para. 184(6)(a) (with art. 10)


Marginal Citations

M11 1986 c. 60.
CHAPTER III

AIR NAVIGATION

66 Air navigation: directions.

(1) The Secretary of State may give directions to the CAA imposing duties or conferring powers (or both) on it with regard to air navigation in a managed area.

(2) No action is to lie in respect of a failure by the CAA to perform a duty imposed on it by a direction under subsection (1); but that does not affect a right of action in respect of an act or omission which takes place in the course of performing the CAA’s air navigation functions.

[F75(3) The chief executive of the CAA must, with the approval of the chair and at least one other non-executive member of the CAA, nominate another executive member of the CAA for the purposes of this section.]

[F75(3A) A person nominated under subsection (3) must perform on the CAA’s behalf such of its air navigation functions as the Secretary of State may specify.]

[F75(3B) The chief executive must consult the Secretary of State before nominating a person under subsection (3).]

(4) The following provisions are not to apply to the CAA’s air navigation functions—

(a) section 7(1) of the Civil Aviation Act 1982 (Secretary of State’s power to prescribe functions not to be performed by a person on CAA’s behalf);

(b) paragraph 15 of Schedule 1 to that Act (CAA’s power to authorise a person to perform functions on its behalf).

(5) A person nominated under subsection (3) may authorise a member or employee of the CAA to perform on his behalf the functions which he is to perform by virtue of that subsection.

Textual Amendments

F75 S. 66(3)-(3B) substituted for s. 66(3) (19.2.2013) by Civil Aviation Act 2012 (c. 19), ss. 98(1), 110(3) (c) (with Sch. 10 paras. 12, 17, Sch. 14 para. 8)

Commencement Information

I61 S. 66 wholly in force at 1.2.2001, see s. 275(1)(2) and S.I. 2001/57, art. 3(1), Sch. 2 Pt. I (subject to the transitional provision and saving in Sch. 2 Pt. II)

Marginal Citations

M12 1982 c. 16.

67 National security.

(1) The Secretary of State may nominate a [F76 non-executive member] of the CAA for the purposes of this section, and in this section references to the national security nominee are to the person nominated under this section.

(2) Subsection (3) applies if—
(a) there is a difference of opinion between the national security nominee and the CAA,
(b) the difference of opinion relates to the CAA’s air navigation functions, and
(c) the national security nominee thinks that if the CAA’s opinion prevailed it could have an effect contrary to the interests of national security.

(3) In such a case—
(a) the CAA must refer the matter to the Secretary of State, and
(b) after consulting the CAA the Secretary of State may give it such directions regarding the matter as he thinks fit.

(4) The national security nominee may authorise a member or employee of the CAA to perform on his behalf the functions which he is to perform by virtue of this section; and while such an authorisation is effective references in subsection (2) to the national security nominee are to the person authorised under this subsection.

Textual Amendments

F76 Words in s. 67(1) substituted (19.2.2013) by Civil Aviation Act 2012 (c. 19), ss. 98(2), 110(3)(c) (with Sch. 10 paras. 12, 17)

Commencement Information

I62 S. 67 wholly in force at 1.2.2001, see s. 275(1)(2) and S.I. 2001/57, art. 3(1), Sch. 2 Pt. I (subject to the transitional provision and saving in Sch. 2 Pt. II)

68 Directions: further provision.

(1) Directions under section 66(1) may include provision as to the manner in which the CAA is to exercise its air navigation functions.

(2) The provision may include—
(a) provision requiring consultation with specified persons or specified descriptions of persons in relation to specified matters;
(b) provision requiring the CAA to seek the approval of the Secretary of State in relation to specified matters;
(c) provision requiring the CAA in specified circumstances to refer specified matters to the Secretary of State.

(3) If a matter is referred to the Secretary of State by virtue of subsection (2)(b) or (c) he may give such directions to the CAA as he thinks fit.

Commencement Information

I63 S. 68 wholly in force at 1.2.2001, see s. 275(1)(2) and S.I. 2001/57, art. 3(1), Sch. 2 Pt. I (subject to the transitional provision and saving in Sch. 2 Pt. II)

69 Directions: supplementary.

(1) In so far as a direction under section 66(1), 67(3) or 68(3) conflicts with the requirements of section 93 or of an order under section 94, the direction is to be disregarded.
(2) In so far as a direction under section 66(1), 67(3) or 68(3) conflicts with the requirements of an enactment or instrument other than section 93 or an order under section 94, the requirements are to be disregarded.

(3) If a direction is given under section 66(1) the CAA—
   (a) must publish the direction in such manner as may be specified in regulations made by the Secretary of State;
   (b) must set out the direction in the report made under section 21 of the Civil Aviation Act 1982 (annual report) for the accounting year in which the direction is given.

(4) If a direction is given under section 67(3) or section 68(3) the CAA—
   (a) must set out the direction in the report made under section 21 of the Civil Aviation Act 1982 for the accounting year in which the direction is given, but
   (b) must exclude a direction or part of a direction as to which the Secretary of State notifies the CAA that in his opinion it is against the national interest to set it out in the report.

General duty.

(1) The CAA must exercise its air navigation functions so as to maintain a high standard of safety in the provision of air traffic services; and that duty is to have priority over the application of subsections (2) and (3).

(2) The CAA must exercise its air navigation functions in the manner it thinks best calculated—
   (a) to secure the most efficient use of airspace consistent with the safe operation of aircraft and the expeditious flow of air traffic;
   (b) to satisfy the requirements of operators and owners of all classes of aircraft;
   (c) to take account of the interests of any person (other than an operator or owner of an aircraft) in relation to the use of any particular airspace or the use of airspace generally;
   (d) to take account of any guidance on environmental objectives given to the CAA by the Secretary of State after the coming into force of this section;
   (e) to facilitate the integrated operation of air traffic services provided by or on behalf of the armed forces of the Crown and other air traffic services;
   (f) to take account of the interests of national security;
   (g) to take account of any international obligations of the United Kingdom notified to the CAA by the Secretary of State (whatever the time or purpose of the notification).
(3) If in a particular case there is a conflict in the application of the provisions of subsection (2), in relation to that case the CAA must apply them in the manner it thinks is reasonable having regard to them as a whole.

(4) The CAA must exercise its air navigation functions so as to impose on providers of air traffic services the minimum restrictions which are consistent with the exercise of those functions.

(5) Section 4 of the Civil Aviation Act 1982 (CAA's general objectives) does not apply in relation to the performance by the CAA of its air navigation functions.

### Commencement Information

S. 70 wholly in force at 1.2.2001, see s. 275(1)(2) and S.I. 2001/57, art. 3(1), Sch. 2 Pt. I (subject to the transitional provision and saving in Sch. 2 Pt. II)

### Marginal Citations

M15 1982 c. 16.

### Information for purposes of Chapter III.

(1) The CAA may, for any purpose connected with its air navigation functions, serve on a person who provides air traffic services a notice which—

(a) requires the person to produce any documents which are specified or described in the notice and are in his custody or under his control, and to produce them at a time and place so specified and to a person so specified, or

(b) requires the person to supply information specified or described in the notice, and to supply it at a time and place and in a form and manner so specified and to a person so specified.

(2) A requirement may be made under subsection (1)(b) only if the person is carrying on a business.

(3) No person may be required under this section—

(a) to produce documents which he could not be compelled to produce in civil proceedings in the court;

(b) to supply information which he could not be compelled to supply in such proceedings.

(4) If a person without reasonable excuse fails to do anything required of him by a notice under subsection (1) he is guilty of an offence and liable on summary conviction to a fine not exceeding level 5 on the standard scale.

(5) If a person intentionally alters, suppresses or destroys a document which he has been required to produce by a notice under subsection (1) he is guilty of an offence and liable—

(a) on summary conviction, to a fine not exceeding the statutory maximum;

(b) on conviction on indictment, to a fine.

(6) If a person makes default in complying with a notice under subsection (1) the court may on the CAA's application make such order as the court thinks fit for requiring the default to be made good.
(7) An order under subsection (6) may provide that all the costs or expenses of and incidental to the application are to be borne—
   (a) by the person in default, or
   (b) if officers of a company or other association are responsible for its default, by those officers.

(8) A reference to producing a document includes a reference to producing a legible and intelligible copy of information recorded otherwise than in legible form.

(9) A reference to suppressing a document includes a reference to destroying the means of reproducing information recorded otherwise than in legible form.

(10) A reference to the court is to—
   (a) the High Court in relation to England and Wales or Northern Ireland;
   (b) the Court of Session in relation to Scotland.

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**Interpretation.**

(1) This section applies for the purposes of this Chapter.

(2) The CAA’s air navigation functions are the functions which the CAA is to perform in pursuance of directions under section 66(1).

(3) These are managed areas—
   (a) the United Kingdom;
   (b) any area which is outside the United Kingdom but in respect of which the United Kingdom has undertaken under international arrangements to carry out activities with regard to air navigation.

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**Charges**

(1) The CAA may specify—
(a) the amounts of, or methods of calculating, the charges which are to be paid by virtue of this section in respect of chargeable air services (or of such descriptions of those services as the CAA specifies),
(b) the operators and owners of aircraft (or descriptions of such operators and owners) who are to pay the charges,
(c) the persons (or descriptions of persons) to whom they are to be paid, and
(d) the currencies in which they are to be paid.

(2) On or after making specifications under subsection (1) the CAA may stipulate—
(a) that charges are to be dispensed with in cases of specified descriptions;
(b) that interest at a specified rate is to be paid on charges in respect of any period in which they are due but unpaid;
(c) that interest is to be paid with the charges or separately;
(d) that charges of a specified description are payable elsewhere than in the United Kingdom;
(e) that charges of a specified description are to be disposed of in a specified way when received.

(3) Charges of the specified amounts, or calculated in accordance with the specified methods, must be paid in accordance with specifications made under subsection (1).

(4) But if stipulations are made under subsection (2)(a) the charges concerned are not to be paid.

(5) If stipulations are made under subsection (2)(b) or (c) interest must be paid accordingly.

(6) If stipulations are made under subsection (2)(d) the charges concerned are payable accordingly.

(7) If stipulations are made under subsection (2)(e) the charges concerned must be disposed of accordingly.

(8) Subsections (3) to (7) have effect subject to section 74.

(9) For the purposes of subsection (1)(c) persons include—
(a) Eurocontrol and other international organisations, and
(b) governments of countries or territories outside the United Kingdom.

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**Commencement Information**

168 S. 73 wholly in force at 1.2.2001, see s. 275(1)(2) and S.I. 2001/57, art. 3(1), Sch. 2 Pt. I (subject to the transitional provision and saving in Sch. 2 Pt. II)

74 **Publication, commencement, amendment and revocation.**

(1) If the CAA makes specifications or stipulations under section 73—
(a) it must publish a notice containing them;
(b) they become effective as provided in the published notice.

(2) The CAA may amend or revoke any specifications or stipulations published under this section, and—
(a) it must publish a notice containing any amendment or revocation;
(b) the amendment or revocation becomes effective as provided in the published notice.

(3) An amendment or revocation does not affect any liability incurred before the amendment or revocation becomes effective.

(4) Publication under this section must be made—
   (a) in the London Gazette, the Edinburgh Gazette and the Belfast Gazette, or
   (b) in such other manner as the Secretary of State may provide by order.

 specifications: supplementary.

(1) This section applies for the purposes of specifications under section 73(1).

(2) The CAA may specify—
   (a) different amounts or methods in respect of different descriptions of services;
   (b) different amounts or methods in respect of different classes or descriptions of aircraft;
   (c) different amounts or methods in respect of different circumstances in which aircraft are used.

(3) In specifying amounts or methods the CAA must have regard to—
   (a) tariffs which are approved under any international agreement to which the United Kingdom is a party;
   (b) tariffs which in the CAA’s opinion are likely to be approved under any such agreement before or within one month after the date when the specifications are to take effect;
   (c) tariffs which in the CAA’s opinion are likely to be approved, before or within one month after the date when the specifications are to take effect, under any international agreement to which the United Kingdom is likely to be a party before or within one month after that date.

(4) Methods may be expressed by reference to such factors (including exchange rates between currencies) as the CAA thinks fit.

(5) A description of services may be expressed by reference to such factors (including the area in respect of which they are provided) as the CAA thinks fit.

(6) A description of operators and owners may be so general as to refer to all operators and owners.

(7) Owners and operators may be specified (or of a description specified) if the services concerned are available for the aircraft concerned, and it is immaterial whether or not the services are actually used or could be used with the equipment installed in the aircraft.
76 Liability, recovery etc.

(1) Liability to pay a charge by virtue of section 73 arises whether or not—
   (a) the aircraft concerned is registered in the United Kingdom;
   (b) it is in the United Kingdom when the services concerned are provided;
   (c) the services concerned are provided from a place in the United Kingdom.

(2) A charge payable by virtue of section 73 is recoverable in the United Kingdom wherever it is payable (without prejudice to its recovery elsewhere).

(3) A court in any part of the United Kingdom has jurisdiction to hear and determine—
   (a) a claim for a charge or interest payable by virtue of section 73;
   (b) a claim, by a person appearing to the court to have an interest in the matter, that a charge which by virtue of that section must be disposed of in a particular way has not been disposed of in that way.

(4) Subsection (3) applies even if the person against whom the claim is made is not resident within the court’s jurisdiction.

77 Chargeable air services.

(1) For the purposes of this Chapter chargeable air services are services which—
   (a) fall within subsection (2), and
   (b) are not excepted air services (as defined in subsection (3)).

(2) These services fall within this subsection—
   (a) air traffic services provided in respect of the United Kingdom;
   (b) air traffic services which the United Kingdom has undertaken under international arrangements to provide in respect of an area outside the United Kingdom;
   (c) air traffic services which are provided in respect of an area outside the United Kingdom and the charges for which the United Kingdom has undertaken to collect under international arrangements;
   (d) services which are provided by the CAA in performing its air navigation functions (within the meaning of Chapter III) and for which Eurocontrol is to collect charges under the Eurocontrol agreement;
   (e) air traffic services which do not fall within paragraph (d) and for which Eurocontrol is to collect charges under the Eurocontrol agreement.

(3) These are excepted air services—
(a) air traffic services provided by the owner or manager of an aerodrome or by his employee [F77 other than services which fall within subsection (3A)];

(b) air traffic services provided on behalf of the owner or manager of an aerodrome (other than a designated aerodrome) in circumstances where the person providing the services is not an employee of the owner or manager and they are provided under a contract or other arrangement made by the owner or manager and the person providing them.

[F78(3A) Air traffic services fall within this subsection if—

(a) they are services for which Eurocontrol is to collect charges under the Eurocontrol agreement, and

(b) they are provided by the owner or manager of an aerodrome or by his employee under a contract or other arrangement made by the owner or manager with the CAA and the CAA in making that contract or other arrangement is acting in pursuance of its air navigation functions (within the meaning of Chapter III).]

(4) A designated aerodrome is an aerodrome designated by the Secretary of State by order for the purposes of subsection (3)(b).

(5) The Secretary of State may by order amend the meaning of chargeable air services for the purposes of this Chapter.

Textual Amendments

F77 Words in s. 77(3)(a) added (1.4.2001) by S.I. 2001/492, art. 2(2)
F78 S. 77(3A) inserted (1.4.2001) by S.I. 2001/492, art. 2(3)

Commencement Information

I72 S. 77 wholly in force at 1.2.2001, see s. 275(1)(2) and S.I. 2001/57, art. 3(1), Sch. 2 Pt. I (subject to the transitional provision and saving in Sch. 2 Pt. II)

78 Amounts for recovery etc.

(1) This section applies if—

(a) an amount of a charge is specified under section 73(1) in respect of a service falling within section 77(2)(d) or (e), and

(b) under the Eurocontrol agreement Eurocontrol is to collect a charge in respect of the specification and publication of the amount of the charge and its recovery.

(2) In specifying the amount of the charge the CAA may include an amount in respect of the specification and publication of the amount of the charge and its recovery.

(3) References to an amount include references to a method of calculating an amount.

Commencement Information

I73 S. 78 wholly in force at 1.2.2001, see s. 275(1)(2) and S.I. 2001/57, art. 3(1), Sch. 2 Pt. I (subject to the transitional provision and saving in Sch. 2 Pt. II)
79 Further duties of the CAA.

(1) The CAA—
   (a) must exercise its powers under section 73 if it thinks it should do so in order for international agreements to which the United Kingdom is a party to be fulfilled, and
   (b) in exercising those powers must act in the manner it thinks best calculated to take account of those agreements.

(2) The CAA must exercise its powers under section 73 in relation to services falling within section 77(2)(b) if it thinks it should do so in order to enable the provider of the services to be paid for their provision.

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Commencement Information

174 S. 79 wholly in force at 1.2.2001, see s. 275(1)(2) and S.I. 2001/57, art. 3(1), Sch. 2 Pt. I (subject to the transitional provision and saving in Sch. 2 Pt. II)

80 Secretary of State’s duties.

(1) If information is given to the Secretary of State by the CAA concerning the charges the CAA would like to be paid in respect of chargeable air services which fall within section 77(2)(d), he must (so far as practicable) ensure that the information is given to Eurocontrol.

(2) If information is given to the Secretary of State by a licence holder concerning the charges it would like to be paid in respect of chargeable air services which it provides and which fall within section 77(2)(e), he must (so far as practicable) ensure that the information is given to Eurocontrol.

(3) But subsection (2) does not apply if the CAA tells the Secretary of State that giving the information to Eurocontrol could result in the licence holder being paid charges whose calculation was in contravention of the provisions of the licence.

(4) If money is received by the government of the United Kingdom from Eurocontrol in respect of a chargeable air service falling within section 77(2)(d) or (e), the Secretary of State must (so far as practicable) ensure that the money is paid to the person who provided the service.

(5) If money falls to be paid by Eurocontrol in respect of a chargeable air service falling within section 77(2)(d) or (e), the Secretary of State must (so far as practicable) ensure that the money falls to be paid by Eurocontrol to the person who provided the service.

(6) The reference to money being received by the government of the United Kingdom is to money being received by a person on behalf of that government.

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Commencement Information

175 S. 80 wholly in force at 1.2.2001, see s. 275(1)(2) and S.I. 2001/57, art. 3(1), Sch. 2 Pt. I (subject to the transitional provision and saving in Sch. 2 Pt. II)
81 Records.

(1) The Secretary of State may make regulations in order to facilitate the assessment and collection of charges payable by virtue of section 73.

(2) The regulations may require operators or owners of aircraft or managers of aerodromes—

(a) to make such records of the movements of aircraft, and of such other particulars relating to aircraft, as are specified;

(b) to preserve the records for a specified period;

(c) to produce relevant records for inspection by specified persons at specified times;

(d) to provide specified particulars of relevant records to specified persons.

(3) Relevant records are records required to be preserved by the operators, owners or managers by the regulations or an Air Navigation Order.

(4) The persons who may be specified under subsection (2)(c) or (d) are—

(a) in the case of charges payable to Eurocontrol, officers of the CAA or of Eurocontrol;

(b) in the case of other charges, officers of the CAA or of the organisation, government or other person to whom the charges are payable.

(5) The requirements may be imposed on the operator or owner of an aircraft whether or not—

(a) it is registered in the United Kingdom;

(b) it is in the United Kingdom when the services concerned are provided;

(c) the services concerned are provided from a place in the United Kingdom.

(6) A record includes (in addition to a record in writing)—

(a) a disc, tape, sound-track or other device in which sounds or signals are embodied so as to be capable of being reproduced from it (with or without the aid of some other instrument);

(b) a film, tape or other device in which visual images are embodied so as to be capable of being reproduced from it (with or without the aid of some other instrument);

(c) a photograph.

(7) An Air Navigation Order is an Order in Council under section 60 of the Civil Aviation Act 1982.

(8) In subsection (4)—

(a) a reference to officers of the CAA includes a reference to persons authorised to act as such officers;

(b) a reference to officers of Eurocontrol includes a reference to persons authorised to act as such officers.
82 Offences.

(1) A person commits an offence if without reasonable excuse he fails to comply with a requirement of regulations made under section 81.

(2) A person commits an offence if he is in possession of information provided to him or obtained by him under regulations made under section 81 and he discloses the information otherwise than—
   (a) with the consent of the person by whom it was provided or from whom it was obtained,
   (b) for the purposes of the regulations,
   (c) for the purposes of any proceedings arising out of this Chapter,
   (d) for the purposes of any criminal proceedings (however arising),
   (e) for the purposes of any proceedings brought by virtue of paragraph 3 of Schedule 4 to the Civil Aviation Act 1982 (claims against Eurocontrol),
   (f) for the purposes of a public inquiry or investigation held or carried out under regulations made under section 75 of the Civil Aviation Act 1982, or
   (g) for the purposes of a report of any proceedings, inquiry or investigation mentioned above.

(3) A person commits an offence if in providing particulars under a provision contained in regulations by virtue of section 81(2)(d)—
   (a) he provides particulars which he knows are false in a material particular, or
   (b) he recklessly provides particulars which are false in a material particular.

(4) A person who commits an offence under subsection (1) is liable on summary conviction to a fine not exceeding level 3 on the standard scale.

(5) A person who commits an offence under subsection (2) is liable on summary conviction to a fine not exceeding level 3 on the standard scale or to imprisonment for a term not exceeding 3 months or to both.

(6) A person who commits an offence under subsection (3) is liable—
   (a) on summary conviction, to a fine not exceeding the statutory maximum or to imprisonment for a term not exceeding 3 months or to both;
   (b) on conviction on indictment, to a fine or to imprisonment for a term not exceeding 2 years or to both.
83 Detention and sale.

(1) The Secretary of State may make regulations containing—

(a) provision which, in the case of default by an operator in paying a charge payable by virtue of section 73, authorises the detention (pending payment) of any aircraft falling within subsection (2);

(b) provision which, in the case of default by an operator in complying with a requirement imposed by regulations made under section 81 to produce records for inspection or provide particulars of records, authorises the detention (pending compliance) of any aircraft of which he is the operator when detention begins;

(c) provision which authorises the sale of any detained aircraft if the default is not remedied within a specified period.

(2) These aircraft fall within this subsection—

(a) the aircraft in respect of which the charge was incurred (whether or not the person who is the operator of the aircraft when detention begins is the defaulter);

(b) any aircraft of which the defaulter is the operator when detention begins.

(3) Regulations under subsection (1) may—

(a) provide that detention (or continued detention) is authorised only in specified circumstances or at specified places;

(b) provide that in specified circumstances detention is authorised only if a specified person consents;

(c) provide that sale is authorised only in specified circumstances (which may relate to the court’s consent, to be given only in specified circumstances);

(d) specify the descriptions of person authorised to detain or sell aircraft;

(e) provide for the power of detention or sale to extend to other matters (such as the aircraft’s equipment);

(f) provide for the application of the proceeds of sale;

(g) provide for them to be applied in a specified order;

(h) make provision corresponding to any provision made by or under section 88 of the Civil Aviation Act 1982 (detention and sale of aircraft for unpaid airport charges);

(i) generally make such provision as the Secretary of State thinks is necessary or expedient to secure detention or sale.

Commencement Information

178 S. 83 wholly in force at 1.2.2001, see s. 275(1)(2) and S.I. 2001/57, art. 3(1), Sch. 2 Pt. I (subject to the transitional provision and saving in Sch. 2 Pt. II)
84 Interpretation.

(1) This section applies for the purposes of this Chapter.

(2) Eurocontrol has the meaning given by section 24 of the Civil Aviation Act 1982.

(3) The Eurocontrol agreement is the multilateral agreement relating to route charges signed at Brussels on 12 February 1981 or any agreement replacing it.

(4) An aerodrome is an aerodrome as defined in section 105(1) of the Civil Aviation Act 1982; and a manager of an aerodrome is a person who is in charge of it or holds a licence granted in respect of it by virtue of section 60 of that Act (Chicago Convention, regulation of air navigation etc).

(5) “Licence holder” has the meaning given by section 40.

85 Interpretation of Chapter V.

(1) For the purposes of this Chapter—
   \[F79:\] the 2002 Act is the Enterprise Act 2002;
   \[F80:\] the 1998 Act is the Competition Act 1998;
   \[CMA\] the CMA is the Competition and Markets Authority.

(2) For the purposes of this Chapter these expressions have the meanings given by section 40—
   (a) aerodrome;
   (b) licence;
   (c) licence holder.

(3) If an expression is used in this Chapter and also in ... the 1998 Act it has the same meaning in this Chapter as it has in the [F82:1998 Act].
Functions exercisable by CAA and [F83CMA]

(1) The functions to which subsections (2) and (3) apply shall be concurrent functions of the CAA and [F84the CMA].

[F85(2) This subsection applies to the [F86CMA’s] functions under Part 4 of the 2002 Act (other than sections 166 [F87, 171 and 174E]) so far as [F88those functions—]

[F88(a) are exercisable by the CMA Board (within the meaning of Schedule 4 to the Enterprise and Regulatory Reform Act 2013), and]

[F88(b)] relate to the supply of air traffic services.]

[F89(3) This subsection applies to the [F86CMA’s] functions under the provisions of Part 1 of the 1998 Act (other than sections 31D(1) to (6), 38(1) to (6) [F91, 40B(1) to (4)] and 51), so far as relating to—

(a) agreements, decisions or concerted practices of the kind mentioned in section 2(1) of that Act,
(b) conduct of the kind mentioned in section 18(1) of that Act,
(c) agreements, decisions or concerted practices of the kind mentioned in [F92Article 101(1) of the Treaty on the Functioning of the European Union], or
(d) conduct which amounts to abuse of the kind mentioned in [F93Article 102 of the Treaty on the Functioning of the European Union],

which relate to the supply of air traffic services.]

(4) References to [F94the CMA in—

(a) [F95Part 4 of the 2002 Act (except for sections 166 [F96, 171 and 174E] but including provisions of that Act applied by that Part), and
(b) Part I of the 1998 Act ([F97except in sections 31D(1) to (6), 38(1) to (6) [F98, 40B(1) to (4)]], 51, 52(6) and (8) and 54),

must be read as including references to the CAA.

[F99(4A) References to section 5 of the 2002 Act in Part 4 of that Act must be read as including a reference to section 91(1) of this Act.]

(5) But [F100...—

(a) [F101subsections (4) and (4A) apply only so far as they are] consequential on subsections (1) to (3) above, and
(b) [F102 subsection (4) applies] only if the context does not otherwise require.

[F103] (5A) Section 130A of the 2002 Act is to have effect in its application in relation to the CAA by virtue of subsections (1) and (2)—

(a) as if for subsection (1) of that section there were substituted—

“(1) Where the Civil Aviation Authority—

(a) is proposing to carry out its functions under section 91(1) of the Transport Act 2000 in relation to a matter for the purposes mentioned in subsection (2), and

(b) considers that the matter is one in respect of which it would be appropriate for the Authority to exercise its powers under section 174 (investigation) in connection with deciding whether to make a reference under section 131, the Authority must publish a notice under this section (referred to in this Part as a “market study notice”).”, and

(b) as if in subsection (2)(a) of that section, for “the acquisition or supply of goods or services of one or more than one description in the United Kingdom” there were substituted “the supply of air traffic services (within the meaning given by section 98 of the Transport Act 2000)”.

(6) If a question arises as to whether subsections (1) to (3) above apply to a particular case the question must be referred to and determined by the Secretary of State.

(7) No objection may be taken to anything done by or in relation to the CAA—

(a) [F104 Part 4 of the 2002 Act], or

(b) under Part I of the 1998 Act (except under section 31D(1) to (6), 38(1) to (6), 40B(1) to (4)) or 51), on the ground that it should have been done by or in relation to [F105 the CMA].

Textual Amendments

F83 Word in s. 86 heading substituted (1.4.2014) by virtue of The Enterprise and Regulatory Reform Act 2013 (Competition) (Consequential, Transitional and Saving Provisions) Order 2014 (S.I. 2014/892), art. 1(1), Sch. 1 para. 154(10) (with art. 3).

F84 Words in s. 86(1) substituted (1.4.2014) by The Enterprise and Regulatory Reform Act 2013 (Competition) (Consequential, Transitional and Saving Provisions) Order 2014 (S.I. 2014/892), art. 1(1), Sch. 1 para. 154(2) (with art. 3).

F85 S. 86(2) substituted (20.6.2003) by Enterprise Act 2002 (c. 40), s. 279, Sch. 9 para. 24(2); S.I. 2003/1397, art. 2(1), Sch.

F86 Word in s. 86(2) substituted (1.4.2014) by The Enterprise and Regulatory Reform Act 2013 (Competition) (Consequential, Transitional and Saving Provisions) Order 2014 (S.I. 2014/892), art. 1(1), Sch. 1 para. 154(3)(a) (with art. 3).

F87 Words in s. 86(2) substituted (1.4.2014) by The Enterprise and Regulatory Reform Act 2013 (Competition) (Consequential, Transitional and Saving Provisions) Order 2014 (S.I. 2014/892), art. 1(1), Sch. 1 para. 154(3)(b) (with art. 3).

F88 Words in s. 86(2) substituted (1.4.2014) by The Enterprise and Regulatory Reform Act 2013 (Competition) (Consequential, Transitional and Saving Provisions) Order 2014 (S.I. 2014/892), art. 1(1), Sch. 1 para. 154(3)(c) (with art. 3).

F89 S. 86(3) substituted (1.5.2004) by The Competition Act 1998 and Other Enactments (Amendment) Regulations 2004 (S.I. 2004/1261), reg. 1(a), Sch. 2 para. 10(2)(a).
F90 Word in s. 86(3) substituted (1.4.2014) by The Enterprise and Regulatory Reform Act 2013 (Consequential, Transitional and Saving Provisions) Order 2014 (S.I. 2014/892), art. 1(1), Sch. 1 para. 154(4) (with art. 3)

F91 Words in s. 86(3) inserted (1.4.2014) by Enterprise and Regulatory Reform Act 2013 (c. 24), s. 103(3), Sch. 15 para. 14; S.I. 2014/416, art. 2(1)(f) (with Sch.)

F92 Words in s. 86(3)(c) substituted (1.8.2012) by The Treaty of Lisbon (Changes in Terminology or Numbering) Order 2012 (S.I. 2012/1809), art. 2(1), Sch. Pt. 1 (with art. 2(2))

F93 Words in s. 86(3)(d) substituted (1.8.2012) by The Treaty of Lisbon (Changes in Terminology or Numbering) Order 2012 (S.I. 2012/1809), art. 2(1), Sch. Pt. 1 (with art. 2(2))

F94 Words in s. 86(4) substituted (1.4.2014) by The Enterprise and Regulatory Reform Act 2013 (Consequential, Transitional and Saving Provisions) Order 2014 (S.I. 2014/892), art. 1(1), Sch. 1 para. 154(5)(a) (with art. 3)

F95 Words in s. 86(4)(a) substituted (20.6.2003) by Enterprise Act 2002 (c. 40), s. 279, Sch. 9 para. 24(3); S.I. 2003/1397, art. 2(1), Sch.

F96 Words in s. 86(4) substituted (1.4.2014) by The Enterprise and Regulatory Reform Act 2013 (Consequential, Transitional and Saving Provisions) Order 2014 (S.I. 2014/892), art. 1(1), Sch. 1 para. 154(5)(b) (with art. 3)

F97 Words in s. 86(4)(b) substituted (1.5.2004) by The Competition Act 1998 and Other Enactments (Amendment) Regulations 2004 (S.I. 2004/1261), reg. 1(a), Sch. 2 para. 10(2)(b)

F98 Words in s. 86(4)(b) inserted (1.4.2014) by Enterprise and Regulatory Reform Act 2013 (c. 24), s. 103(3), Sch. 15 para. 14; S.I. 2014/416, art. 2(1)(f) (with Sch.)

F99 S. 86(4A) inserted (1.4.2014) by The Enterprise and Regulatory Reform Act 2013 (Consequential, Transitional and Saving Provisions) Order 2014 (S.I. 2014/892), art. 1(1), Sch. 1 para. 154(6) (with art. 3)

F100 Words in s. 86(5) omitted (1.4.2014) by virtue of The Enterprise and Regulatory Reform Act 2013 (Consequential, Transitional and Saving Provisions) Order 2014 (S.I. 2014/892), art. 1(1), Sch. 1 para. 154(7)(a) (with art. 3)

F101 Words in s. 86(5)(a) substituted (1.4.2014) by The Enterprise and Regulatory Reform Act 2013 (Consequential, Transitional and Saving Provisions) Order 2014 (S.I. 2014/892), art. 1(1), Sch. 1 para. 154(7)(b) (with art. 3)

F102 Words in s. 86(5)(b) inserted (1.4.2014) by The Enterprise and Regulatory Reform Act 2013 (Consequential, Transitional and Saving Provisions) Order 2014 (S.I. 2014/892), art. 1(1), Sch. 1 para. 154(7)(c) (with art. 3)

F103 S. 86(5A) inserted (1.4.2014) by The Enterprise and Regulatory Reform Act 2013 (Consequential, Transitional and Saving Provisions) Order 2014 (S.I. 2014/892), art. 1(1), Sch. 1 para. 154(8) (with art. 3)

F104 Words in s. 86(7)(a) substituted (20.6.2003) by Enterprise Act 2002 (c. 40), s. 279, Sch. 9 para. 24(4); S.I. 2003/1397, art. 2(1), Sch.

F105 Words in s. 86(7)(b) substituted (1.5.2004) by The Competition Act 1998 and Other Enactments (Amendment) Regulations 2004 (S.I. 2004/1261), reg. 1(a), Sch. 2 para. 10(2)(c)

F106 Words in s. 86(7)(b) inserted (1.4.2014) by Enterprise and Regulatory Reform Act 2013 (c. 24), s. 103(3), Sch. 15 para. 14; S.I. 2014/416, art. 2(1)(f) (with Sch.)

F107 Words in s. 86(7) substituted (1.4.2014) by The Enterprise and Regulatory Reform Act 2013 (Consequential, Transitional and Saving Provisions) Order 2014 (S.I. 2014/892), art. 1(1), Sch. 1 para. 154(9) (with art. 3)

Commencement Information

I81 S. 86 wholly in force at 1.2.2001, see s. 275(1)(2) and S.I. 2001/57, art. 3(1), Sch. 2 Pt. I (subject to the transitional provision and saving in Sch. 2 Pt. II)
CAA’s Act functions.

(1) For the purposes of this section the CAA’s Act functions are the functions mentioned in subsection (2) of section 86 which, by virtue of that section, are functions of the CAA.

(2) The CAA must exercise its Act functions so as to maintain a high standard of safety in the provision of air traffic services; and that duty is to have priority over the application of subsections (3) to (6).

(3) The CAA must exercise its Act functions in the manner it thinks best calculated—

(a) to further the interests of operators and owners of aircraft, owners and managers of aerodromes, persons travelling in aircraft and persons with rights in property carried in them;

(b) to promote efficiency and economy on the part of suppliers of air traffic services;

(c) to secure that suppliers of air traffic services who are licence holders will not find it unduly difficult to finance activities authorised by their licences;

(d) to take account of any international obligations of the United Kingdom notified to the CAA by the Secretary of State (whatever the time or purpose of the notification);

(e) to take account of any guidance on environmental objectives given to the CAA by the Secretary of State after the coming into force of this section.

(4) The only interests to be considered under subsection (3)(a) are interests regarding the range, availability, continuity, cost and quality of air traffic services.

(5) The reference in subsection (3)(a) to furthering interests includes a reference to furthering them (where the CAA thinks it appropriate) by promoting competition in the provision of air traffic services.

(6) If in a particular case there is a conflict in the application of the provisions of subsections (3) to (5), in relation to that case the CAA must apply them in the manner it thinks is reasonable having regard to them as a whole.

(7) The CAA must exercise its Act functions so as to impose on suppliers of air traffic services the minimum restrictions which are consistent with the exercise of those functions.

(8) Section 4 of the Civil Aviation Act 1982 (CAA’s general objectives) does not apply in relation to the performance by the CAA of its Act functions.
88 **CAA’s 1998 Act functions.**

(1) For the purposes of this section the CAA’s 1998 Act functions are the functions mentioned in subsection (3) of section 86 which, by virtue of that section, are functions of the CAA.

(2) In exercising its 1998 Act functions the CAA may (in particular) have regard to any matter which satisfies the following condition.

(3) The condition is that the matter is one to which, by virtue of section 87, the CAA must have regard in exercising its 2002 Act functions (within the meaning of that section).

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**Textual Amendments**


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**Commencement Information**

I83 S. 88 wholly in force at 1.2.2001, see s. 275(1)(2) and S.I. 2001/57, art. 3(1), Sch. 2 Pt. I (subject to the transitional provision and saving in Sch. 2 Pt. II)

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89 **Carrying out functions.**

(1) For the purposes of this section the 2002 Act functions are the functions mentioned in subsection (2) of section 86 which, by virtue of that section, are concurrent functions of the CAA and the CMA.

(2) Before the CMA or the CAA first carries out the 2002 Act functions in relation to a matter it must consult the other.

(3) If the CMA or the CAA has carried out the 2002 Act functions in relation to a matter the other must not carry out the 2002 Act functions in relation to the matter.

(4) If in carrying out the 2002 Act functions the CAA makes a market investigation reference (under section 131 of the 2002 Act), to help the CMA group (constituted under Schedule 4 to the Enterprise and Regulatory Reform Act 2013) which is to conduct the investigation on the reference the CAA must give to it—

(a) any information the CAA has which relates to matters within the scope of the investigation and which the CMA requests;

(b) any information the CAA has which relates to matters within the scope of the investigation and which the CAA thinks it would be appropriate for it to give without a request;

(c) any other help which the CAA is able to give in relation to matters within the scope of the investigation and which the CMA requests.

(5) In carrying out the investigation concerned the CMA group must take account of any information given under subsection (4).

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**Textual Amendments**

F110 Word in s. 89 substituted (20.6.2003) by Enterprise Act 2002 (c. 40), s. 279, Sch. 9 para. 26; S.I. 2003/1397, art. 2(1), Sch.
Chapter VI – Miscellaneous and general

Publication of information and advice.

(1) The CAA may publish information and advice which it thinks it is expedient to give to—
   (a) operators and owners of aircraft;
   (b) owners and managers of aerodromes;
   (c) persons travelling in aircraft and persons with rights in property carried in them.

(2) The CAA may instead arrange for the publication of such information and advice.

(3) Publication under this section is to be in the form and manner the CAA thinks appropriate.

(4) So far as practicable the CAA must secure the exclusion of any matter relating to the affairs of a person if the CAA thinks its publication would or might seriously and prejudicially affect the person’s interests.

(5) But subsection (4) does not apply if the CAA thinks publication of the matter would be in the public interest.
(6) The Competition and Markets Authority must consult the CAA before publishing under section 6 of the Enterprise Act 2002 any information or advice which may be published under this section.

(7) An aerodrome is an aerodrome as defined by section 105(1) of the Civil Aviation Act 1982; and a manager of an aerodrome is a person who is in charge of it or holds a licence granted in respect of it by virtue of section 60 of that Act (Chicago Convention, regulation of air navigation etc.).

Textual Amendments

F118 Words in s. 90(6) substituted (1.4.2003) by Enterprise Act 2002 (c. 40), s. 279, Sch. 25 para. 44(9)(a); S.I. 2003/766, art. 2, Sch. (with art. 3) (as amended (20.7.2007) by S.I. 2007/1846, reg. 3(2), Sch.)

F119 Words in s. 90(6) substituted (1.4.2014) by The Enterprise and Regulatory Reform Act 2013 (Consequential, Transitional and Saving Provisions) Order 2014 (S.I. 2014/892), art. 1(1), Sch. 1 para. 156 (with art. 3)

F120 S. 90(8) repealed (1.4.2003) by Enterprise Act 2002 (c. 40), s. 279, Sch. 25 para. 44(9)(b), Sch. 26; S.I. 2003/766, art. 2, Sch. (with art. 3) (as amended (20.7.2007) by S.I. 2007/1846, reg. 3(2), Sch.)

Commencement Information

185 S. 90 wholly in force at 1.2.2001, see s. 275(1)(2) and S.I. 2001/57, art. 3(1), Sch. 2 Pt. I (subject to the transitional provision and saving in Sch. 2 Pt. II)

Marginal Citations

M24 1982 c. 16.

91 Review and information.

(1) So far as it appears to the CAA practicable to do so with a view to facilitating the exercise of its functions under this Part, it must—

(a) keep under review the provision (in the United Kingdom and elsewhere) of air traffic services;

(b) collect information about the provision (in the United Kingdom and elsewhere) of those services.

(2) The Secretary of State may give directions indicating considerations to which the CAA is to have particular regard in deciding the order of priority in which matters are to be reviewed in performing its duty under subsection (1)(a).

(3) If the CAA thinks it expedient or it is asked by the Secretary of State or the Competition and Markets Authority to do so, it must provide information, advice and help to the Secretary of State or the Competition and Markets Authority regarding any matter in respect of which the CAA has a function under this Part.

(4) The CAA may recover from the Secretary of State or the Competition and Markets Authority a sum equal to any expense reasonably incurred by it in providing anything to the person concerned under subsection (3).
Textual Amendments

F121 Words in s. 91(3)(4) substituted (1.4.2014) by The Enterprise and Regulatory Reform Act 2013 (Competition) (Consequential, Transitional and Saving Provisions) Order 2014 (S.I. 2014/892), art. 1(1), Sch. 1 para. 157 (with art. 3)

F122 S. 91(5) repealed (1.4.2003) by Enterprise Act 2002 (c. 40), s. 279, Sch. 25 para. 44(10)(b), Sch. 26; S.I. 2003/766, art. 2, Sch. (with art. 3) (as amended (20.7.2007) by S.I. 2007/1846, reg. 3(2), Sch.)

Commencement Information

I86 S. 91 wholly in force at 1.2.2001, see s. 275(1)(2) and S.I. 2001/57, art. 3(1), Sch. 2 Pt. I (subject to the transitional provision and saving in Sch. 2 Pt. II)

92 Secretary of State’s directions to CAA.

The Secretary of State may give directions indicating considerations to which the CAA is to have particular regard in deciding whether and how to exercise its functions under this Part.

Commencement Information

I87 S. 92 wholly in force at 1.2.2001, see s. 275(1)(2) and S.I. 2001/57, art. 3(1), Sch. 2 Pt. I (subject to the transitional provision and saving in Sch. 2 Pt. II)

93 Control in time of hostilities etc.

(1) The Secretary of State may—

(a) give directions to any listed person in any time of actual or imminent hostilities or of severe international tension or of great national emergency;

(b) give directions to any listed person requiring him to participate in the planning of steps which might be taken in any time of actual or imminent hostilities or of severe international tension or of great national emergency.

(2) The listed persons are—

(a) the CAA;

(b) a person who provides air traffic services;

(c) a person who operates a United Kingdom air transport undertaking;

(d) a person who operates an airport;

(e) a person who owns or operates a relevant asset.

(3) The power under subsection (1)(a) includes—

(a) in the case of the CAA, power to direct it to carry out its functions in a specified manner or for specified purposes;

(b) in the case of a person who provides air traffic services, power to direct him to do so in a specified manner or for specified purposes;

(c) in the case of a person who owns a relevant asset, power to direct him to permit the use of the asset or to exercise his rights over it in a specified manner or for specified purposes;
(d) in the case of a person who operates a relevant asset, power to direct him to exercise his powers of management over the asset in a specified manner or for a specified purpose.

(4) The power under subsection (1)(a) includes power to give directions designed—

(a) to regulate or prohibit (absolutely or subject to conditions) the navigation of all or any descriptions of aircraft over the United Kingdom or over part of it or over any area of sea;

(b) to regulate or prohibit (absolutely or subject to conditions) the use, building, maintenance or establishment of aerodromes or flying schools or of any description of aerodrome or flying school;

(c) to secure that relevant assets are taken into the Secretary of State’s possession for use by or for the purposes of the armed forces of the Crown.

(5) In so far as a direction under this section conflicts with the requirements of an order under section 94, the direction is to be disregarded.

(6) In so far as a direction under this section conflicts—

(a) with the requirements of an enactment or instrument other than an order under section 94, or

(b) with any duty which arises otherwise than under an enactment or instrument, the requirements are or the duty is to be disregarded.

(7) A person directed under this section commits an offence if without reasonable excuse he contravenes or fails to comply with the direction.

(8) A person who commits an offence under subsection (7) is liable—

(a) on summary conviction, to a fine not exceeding the statutory maximum;

(b) on conviction on indictment, to a fine or imprisonment for a term not exceeding two years or both.

(9) A person (other than the CAA) who suffers direct injury or loss arising from compliance with a direction under subsection (1)(a) is entitled to receive compensation from the Secretary of State.

(10) The compensation must be of an amount agreed by the person and the Secretary of State or (in default of agreement) of an amount decided by—

(a) an arbitrator appointed by the President of the Royal Institution of Chartered Surveyors (if the proceedings are to be held in England and Wales),

(b) an arbiter appointed by the Chairman of the Royal Institution of Chartered Surveyors in Scotland (if the proceedings are to be held in Scotland), or

(c) an arbitrator appointed by the Chairman of the Royal Institution of Chartered Surveyors in Northern Ireland (if the proceedings are to be held in Northern Ireland).

Textual Amendments

F123 Words in s. 93(10)(c) substituted (3.4.2006) by Constitutional Reform Act 2005 (c. 4), s. 148(1), Sch. 4 para. 295; S.I. 2006/1014, art. 2(a), Sch. 1 para. 11(x)
94 Orders for possession of aerodromes etc.

(1) This section applies in any time of actual or imminent hostilities or of severe international tension or of great national emergency.

(2) The Secretary of State may by order provide for—
   (a) any aerodrome, and
   (b) any aircraft, machinery, plant, material or thing found in or on any aerodrome, to be taken into his possession and used by or for the purposes of the armed forces of the Crown.

(3) An order under this section may, for the purpose of securing compliance with the provisions of the order—
   (a) provide for the detention of aircraft;
   (b) make such other provision as appears to the Secretary of State to be necessary or expedient for securing such detention.

(4) A person must comply with an order under this section notwithstanding any other duty, however arising.

(5) An order under this section may, for the purpose of securing compliance with the provisions of the order, provide for—
   (a) persons to be guilty of offences in such circumstances as may be specified in the order;
   (b) persons to be liable on conviction of those offences to such penalties as may be so specified.

(6) The power under subsection (5) does not include power—
   (a) to provide for offences to be triable only on indictment;
   (b) to authorise the imposition, on summary conviction of an offence, of any term of imprisonment or of a fine exceeding the statutory maximum;
   (c) to authorise the imposition, on conviction on indictment of an offence, of a term of imprisonment exceeding two years.

(7) Any person who suffers direct injury or loss arising from compliance with an order under this section is entitled to receive compensation from the Secretary of State.

(8) The compensation must be of an amount agreed by the person and the Secretary of State or (in default of agreement) of an amount decided by—
   (a) an arbitrator appointed by the President of the Royal Institution of Chartered Surveyors (if the proceedings are to be held in England and Wales),
   (b) an arbiter appointed by the Chairman of the Royal Institution of Chartered Surveyors in Scotland (if the proceedings are to be held in Scotland), or
   (c) an arbitrator appointed by the [Chairman of the Royal Institution of Chartered Surveyors in Northern Ireland] (if the proceedings are to be held in Northern Ireland).
95 Sections 93 and 94: interpretation.

(1) This section defines these expressions (here listed alphabetically) for the purposes of sections 93 and 94 and this section—
   (a) aerodrome;
   (b) airport, and its operator;
   (c) great national emergency;
   (d) relevant asset, and a person who owns or operates it;
   (e) United Kingdom air transport undertaking.

(2) A great national emergency is a natural disaster or other emergency which the Secretary of State thinks is or may be likely to give rise to such disruption of the means of transport that the population, or a substantial part of the population, of the United Kingdom is or may be likely to be deprived of essential goods or services.

(3) An aerodrome is an aerodrome as defined in section 105(1) of the Civil Aviation Act 1982.

(4) An airport is the aggregate of the land, buildings and works comprised in an aerodrome; and a person operates an airport if he manages it.

(5) A United Kingdom air transport undertaking is an undertaking which appears to the Secretary of State to have its principal place of business in the United Kingdom and which includes the provision of services for the carriage by air of passengers or cargo for hire or reward.

(6) A relevant asset is any—
   (a) aerodrome,
   (b) property used in connection with the operation of an aerodrome,
   (c) aircraft, or
   (d) property used in connection with the provision of air traffic services.

(7) An owner of a relevant asset is a person—
   (a) who owns it or has a right over or interest in it, and
   (b) whose consent is needed for its use by any other person.

(8) An operator of a relevant asset is a person who manages it.
96 Civil Aviation Authority Pension Scheme.

(1) The Secretary of State may by order make provision for the allocation of assets, rights, liabilities or obligations between different sections of the Civil Aviation Authority Pension Scheme.

(2) An order under this section may include provision for or in connection with—
   (a) securing that the Scheme continues to be approved for the purposes of the relevant enactments;
   (b) the amendment of the Scheme;
   (c) the manner in which questions arising under the order are to be determined.

(3) The reference in subsection (2) to the amendment of the Scheme includes a reference to the amendment of—
   (a) the trust deed of the Scheme;
   (b) the rules of the Scheme;
   (c) any other instrument relating to the constitution, management or operation of the Scheme.

(4) An order under this section may be made so as to have effect from a date falling before the making of the order.

(5) In making an order under this section the Secretary of State must secure that each person falling within subsection (6) is overall in materially at least as good a position, as respects pension arrangements, as a result of the order.

(6) A person falls within this subsection if—
   (a) he is or has at any time been a contributing member of the Scheme, or
   (b) he is or may become entitled to benefits in respect of a person falling within paragraph (a).

(7) A contributing member of the Scheme is a member who makes, and whose employer makes in respect of him, contributions under the Scheme.

(8) The relevant enactments are—
   (a) Chapter I of Part XIV of the Income and Corporation Taxes Act 1988 (retirement benefit schemes);
   (b) Part III of the Pension Schemes Act 1993, so far as relating to occupational pension schemes.
Amendments.

Schedule 8 contains amendments.

Air traffic services.

1. For the purposes of this Part these are air traffic services—
   a) providing instructions, information or advice with a view to preventing aircraft colliding with other aircraft or with other obstructions (whether in the air or on the ground);
   b) providing instructions, information or advice with a view to securing safe and efficient flying;
   c) managing the flow of air traffic with a view to ensuring the most efficient use of airspace;
   d) providing facilities for communicating with aircraft and for the navigation and surveillance of aircraft;
   e) notifying organisations of aircraft needing search and rescue facilities, and assisting organisations to provide such facilities.

2. The Secretary of State may by order amend the meaning of air traffic services for the purposes of this Part.

The CAA.

For the purposes of this Part the CAA is the Civil Aviation Authority.
100 Service of documents.

(1) A document required or authorised by virtue of this Part to be served on a person may be served—
   (a) by delivering it to him or by leaving it at his proper address or by sending it by post to him at that address;
   (b) if the person is a body corporate, by serving it in accordance with paragraph (a) on the secretary of the body;
   (c) if the person is a partnership, by serving it in accordance with paragraph (a) on a partner or a person having the control or management of the partnership business.

(2) For the purposes of this section and section 7 of the Interpretation Act 1978 (service of documents by post) in its application to this section, the proper address of a person on whom a document is to be served is his last known address, except that—
   (a) in the case of service on a body corporate or its secretary, it is the address of the registered or principal office of the body;
   (b) in the case of service on a partnership or a partner or a person having the control or management of a partnership business, it is the address of the principal office of the partnership.

(3) For the purposes of subsection (2) the principal office of a company constituted under the law of a country or territory outside the United Kingdom or of a partnership carrying on business outside the United Kingdom is its principal office within the United Kingdom.

(4) Subsection (5) applies if a person to be served under this Part with a document by another has specified to that other an address within the United Kingdom other than his proper address (as determined under subsection (2)) as the one at which he or someone on his behalf will accept documents of the same description as that document.

(5) In relation to that document that address must be treated as his proper address for the purposes of this section and section 7 of the Interpretation Act 1978 in its application to this section, instead of that determined under subsection (2).

(6) This section does not apply to a document if rules of court make provision about its service.

(7) In this section references to serving include references to similar expressions (such as giving or sending).
101 Making of false statements etc.

(1) A person commits an offence if in giving information or making an application in relevant circumstances—
   (a) he makes a statement which he knows to be false in a material particular, or
   (b) he recklessly makes a statement which is false in a material particular.

(2) A person gives information or makes an application in relevant circumstances if he gives or makes it in pursuance of—
   (a) a provision contained in or made under this Part, or
   (b) a direction given, notice served or other thing done in pursuance of such a provision.

(3) A person who commits an offence under this section is liable—
   (a) on summary conviction, to a fine not exceeding the statutory maximum;
   (b) on conviction on indictment, to a fine.

(4) No proceedings may be started in England and Wales for an offence under this section except by or with the consent of the Secretary of State or the Director of Public Prosecutions.

(5) No proceedings may be started in Northern Ireland for an offence under this section except by or with the consent of the Secretary of State or the Director of Public Prosecutions for Northern Ireland.

Comencement Information

S. 101 wholly in force at 1.2.2001, see s. 275(1)(2) and S.I. 2001/57, art. 3(1), Sch. 2 Pt. I (subject to the transitional provision and saving in Sch. 2 Pt. II)

102 Disclosure of information.

Schedule 9 contains provision about the disclosure of information.

Comencement Information

S. 102 wholly in force at 1.2.2001, see s. 275(1)(2) and S.I. 2001/57, art. 3(1), Sch. 2 Pt. I (subject to the transitional provision and saving in Sch. 2 Pt. II)

103 Orders and regulations.

(1) A power to make an Order in Council or an order or regulations under this Part may be exercised differently in relation to different cases or descriptions of case.

(2) An Order in Council or an order or regulations under this Part may include such supplementary, incidental, consequential or transitional provisions as the person exercising the power thinks are necessary or expedient.

(3) A power to make an order or regulations under this Part is exercisable by statutory instrument.
(4) In subsections (1) and (3) references to a power to make an order are to a power of the Secretary of State; and in subsection (2) the reference to an order is to an order made by the Secretary of State.

(5) A statutory instrument is subject to annulment in pursuance of a resolution of either House of Parliament if the instrument contains an order or regulations made by the Secretary of State under any provision of this Part other than section 51 or 94.

(6) No order is to be made under section 51 unless a draft has been laid before and approved by resolution of each House of Parliament.

(7) The power to make an order under section 4 is exercisable only after consultation with the CAA, unless the exemption needs to be granted before the coming into force of section 3.

(8) The power to make an order under section 98 is exercisable only after consultation with the CAA.

(9) The power to make regulations under section 6 is exercisable only after consultation with the CAA.

(10) The power to make an order under section 57 is exercisable only with the Treasury’s consent.

(11) The power to make an order under section 77(5) is exercisable only after consultation with the CAA and holders of licences under Chapter I.

(12) The power to make an order under section 96 is exercisable only after consultation with the trustees of the Civil Aviation Pension Scheme.

(13) If apart from this subsection a draft of an order under section 51 would be treated for the purposes of the standing orders of either House of Parliament as a hybrid instrument, it is to proceed in that House as if it were not such an instrument.

**Commencement Information**

198 S. 103 wholly in force at 1.2.2001, see s. 275(1)(2) and S.I. 2001/57, art. 3(1), Sch. 2 Pt. I (subject to the transitional provision and saving in Sch. 2 Pt. II)

104 Directions.

(1) A person to whom a direction is given under this Part must give effect to the direction.

(2) A direction under a provision of this Part may be varied or revoked by a direction under the same provision.

(3) A direction under this Part must be in writing.

**Commencement Information**

199 S. 104 wholly in force at 1.2.2001, see s. 275(1)(2) and S.I. 2001/57, art. 3(1), Sch. 2 Pt. I (subject to the transitional provision and saving in Sch. 2 Pt. II)
105  **Crown application.**

(1) The provisions mentioned in subsection (2) bind the Crown.

(2) The provisions are—

(a) section 3;
(b) sections 26 to 30 and 33;
(c) sections 41, 42, 44, 45 and 60;
(d) Chapter V, to the extent that it applies or modifies the operation of provisions of the M30 **Competition Act 1998**;
(e) sections 93 to 95;
(f) section 104, so far as relating to other provisions of this Part which bind the Crown;
(g) Schedule 1, to the extent that it applies, amends or modifies the operation of provisions of the M31 **Insolvency Act 1986** which bind the Crown so far as affecting or relating to the matters specified in paragraphs (a) to (e) of section 434 of that Act;
(h) Schedule 2;
(i) Schedule 3, to the extent that it applies, amends or modifies the operation of provisions of the M32 **Insolvency (Northern Ireland) Order 1989** which bind the Crown so far as affecting or relating to the matters specified in paragraphs (a) to (e) of Article 378 of that Order;
(j) Schedule 6.

(3) Her Majesty may by Order in Council apply, with or without modification, any of the provisions mentioned in subsection (4) to any aircraft belonging to or exclusively employed in the service of Her Majesty.

(4) The provisions are—

(a) Chapter IV (except section 82);
(b) any order or regulations under any provision mentioned in paragraph (a).

(5) This section (except so far as it relates to Chapter V) has effect subject to section 106; and, so far as it relates to Chapter V, it has effect subject to section 73 of the M33 **Competition Act 1998**.
of Session may, on the application of a person appearing to the Court to have an interest, declare unlawful any act or omission of the Crown which constitutes such a contravention.

(2) Notwithstanding subsection (1), the provisions contained in or made under section 3(1), 93(7) or 94(5) apply to persons in the public service of the Crown as they apply to other persons.

(3) However, section 3(1) does not apply if the services there mentioned are provided by or on behalf of the armed forces of the Crown; and the person to whom and aircraft for which the services are provided are immaterial.

(4) Nothing in section 105 or this section affects Her Majesty in her private capacity; and this subsection must be construed as if section 38(3) of the Crown Proceedings Act 1947 (meaning of Her Majesty in her private capacity) were contained in this Act.

### Extension outside United Kingdom.

(1) Her Majesty may by Order in Council direct that any of the provisions listed in subsection (2) is to extend to any relevant overseas territory specified in the Order, with the modifications (if any) so specified.

(2) The provisions are—
   (a) Chapter I;
   (b) Chapter II;
   (c) Chapter III;
   (d) Chapter IV;
   (e) sections 90 to 104 and Schedules 8 and 9;
   (f) section 273 so far as it relates to offences under this Part.

(3) These are relevant overseas territories—
   (a) any of the Channel Islands;
   (b) the Isle of Man;
   (c) any colony.

(4) In this section “modifications” includes additions, omissions and other alterations.
PART II

LOCAL TRANSPORT

Local transport plans and bus strategies

108 Local transport plans.

(1) Each local transport authority must—

(a) develop policies for the promotion and encouragement of safe, integrated, efficient and economic transport \[\textit{F125}\] ...to, from and within their area, and

(b) carry out their functions so as to implement those policies.

(2) \[\textit{F126}\]In subsection (1), “transport” means—

(a) \[\textit{F125}\]the transport required to meet the needs of persons living or working in the authority’s area, or visiting or travelling through that area, and

(b) \[\textit{F125}\]the transport required for the transportation of freight; and

\[\textit{F126}\]includes facilities and services for pedestrians.

\[\textit{F128}\](2ZA) Each local transport authority whose area is in England must—

(a) in developing policies in accordance with subsection (1)(a), and

(b) in carrying out their functions in accordance with subsection (1)(b),

comply with the duties set out in subsection (2ZB).
(2ZB) The duties are—
  (a) to take into account any policies announced by Her Majesty's government, and
  (b) to have regard to any guidance issued for the purposes of this paragraph by
      the Secretary of State,
      with respect to mitigation of, or adaptation to, climate change or otherwise with respect
      to the protection or improvement of the environment.

(2ZC) The power to issue guidance under subsection (2ZB)(b) does not affect the generality
  of the power to issue guidance under section 112(1).]

[130] (2A) Each local transport authority whose area is in Wales must also—
  (a) develop policies for the implementation in their area of the Wales Transport
      Strategy, and
  (b) carry out their functions so as to implement those policies.]

[131] (3) Each local transport authority whose area is in England must prepare a document to
      be known as (or two or more documents to be known together as) the local transport
      plan containing—
      (a) their policies under subsection (1)(a); and
      (b) their proposals for the implementation of those policies.

(3A) Each local transport authority whose area is in Wales must prepare a document to be
      known as the local transport plan containing—
      (a) their policies under subsection (1)(a), and
      (b) their policies under subsection (2A).

(3B) A local transport authority whose area is in England must, in complying with the duty
      under subsection (1)(b), have regard to the proposals contained in their plan.

(4) In this Part “local transport authority” means—
  (a) a county council in England,
  (b) a council of a non-metropolitan district in England comprised in an area for
      which there is no county council,
  (c) an Integrated Transport Authority for an integrated transport area in England, or
  (d) a county council or county borough council in Wales.

[134] (5) In this Part “local transport policies” means policies developed under subsection (1)
      (a).]

**Textual Amendments**

F125 Words in s. 108(1)(a) repealed (9.2.2009 for E., 1.4.2009 for W.) by Local Transport Act 2008
  (c. 26), ss. 8(2), 134(4), Sch. 7 Pt. 1; S.I. 2009/107, art. 2(2), Sch. 2 Pt. 1 (with Sch. 2 paras. 13); S.I.
  2009/579, art. 2(b)

F126 Words in s. 108(2) substituted (9.2.2009 for E., 1.4.2009 for W.) by Local Transport Act 2008 (c. 26),
  ss. 8(3)(a), 134(4); S.I. 2009/107, art. 2(2), Sch. 2 Pt. 1 (with Sch. 2 paras. 13); S.I. 2009/579, art. 2(b)

F127 Words in s. 108(2) substituted (9.2.2009 for E., 1.4.2009 for W.) by Local Transport Act 2008 (c. 26),
  ss. 8(3)(b), 134(4); S.I. 2009/107, art. 2(2), Sch. 2 Pt. 1 (with Sch. 2 paras. 13); S.I. 2009/579, art. 2(b)

F128 Word in s. 108(2) substituted (9.2.2009 for E., 1.4.2009 for W.) by Local Transport Act 2008 (c. 26),
  ss. 8(3)(c), 134(4); S.I. 2009/107, art. 2(2), Sch. 2 Pt. 1 (with Sch. 2 paras. 13); S.I. 2009/579, art. 2(b)
109 [F135] Further provision about plans: England

(1) A local transport authority [F136] whose area is in England] must keep their local transport plan under review and alter it if they consider it appropriate to do so.

[F137](2) The authority may replace their plan as they think fit.

[F138](2A) In preparing their local transport plan, and in keeping it under review, an authority other than an Integrated Transport Authority [F139] or a combined authority] must consult—

(a) the Secretary of State in relation to functions which the Secretary of State has—
   (i) as highway authority by virtue of section 1 of the Highways Act 1980,
   or
   (ii) as traffic authority by virtue of section 121A of the Road Traffic Regulation Act 1984,

(b) if the local transport authority is a county council, the councils of the districts in the county (if any).

(2B) In preparing their local transport plan, and in keeping it under review, an Integrated Transport Authority [F140] or a combined authority] must consult—

(a) each local traffic authority (within the meaning of the Road Traffic Regulation Act 1984) for any area within the integrated transport area of the Integrated
Transport Authority [F141 or (as the case may be) the area of the combined authority],

(b) the Secretary of State in relation to functions which the Secretary of State has

(i) as highway authority by virtue of section 1 of the Highways Act 1980, or

(ii) as traffic authority by virtue of section 121A of the Road Traffic Regulation Act 1984,

(c) each county council and each district council for any area within the integrated transport area of the Integrated Transport Authority [F142 or (as the case may be) the area of the combined authority].

(2C) In preparing their local transport plan, and in keeping it under review, the authority must consult such of the following persons as they consider appropriate—

(a) operators of any network or station, or of any railway services, in their area;

(b) operators or providers of other transport services in their area, or organisations appearing to the authority to be representative of the interests of such persons;

(c) organisations appearing to the authority to be representative of the interests of users of transport services and facilities in their area;

and must also consult any other persons whom they consider appropriate.

(2D) Any expression which is used in subsection (2C)(a) or (b) and in Part 1 of the Railways Act 1993 has the meaning given in that Part, taking “railway” to have its wider meaning (see section 81 of that Act).]

(3) As soon as practicable after any occasion when they prepare a new plan or alter their plan, the authority must—

(a) publish the plan or the plan as altered in such manner as they think fit, and

(b) send a copy of it to the Secretary of State [F143] ... and to such other persons (if any) as may be specified in guidance under section 112(1).

(4) The authority must also—

(a) cause a copy of their local transport plan to be made available for inspection (at all reasonable hours) at such places as they think fit,

(b) give notice, by such means as they think expedient for bringing it to the attention of the public, as to the places at which a copy of it may be inspected, and

(c) supply a copy of it (or any part of it) to any person on request, either free of charge or at a charge representing no more than the cost of providing the copy.

Textual Amendments

F135 S. 109 heading substituted (26.5.2006) by Transport (Wales) Act 2006 (c. 5), s. 12, Sch. para. 3(2); S.I. 2006/1403, art. 2(2)(c)

F136 Words in s. 109(1) inserted (26.5.2006) by Transport (Wales) Act 2006 (c. 5), s. 12, Sch. para. 3(3); S.I. 2006/1403, art. 2(2)(c)

F137 S. 109(2) substituted (1.4.2009 for W., 1.4.2011 for E.) by Local Transport Act 2008 (c. 26), ss. 9(3), 134(4); S.I. 2009/107, art. 5(1) (with art. 5(2)); S.I. 2009/579, art. 2(b)
S. 109(2A)-(2D) inserted (9.2.2009 for E., 1.4.2009 for W.) by Local Transport Act 2008 (c. 26), ss. 9(4), 134(4); S.I. 2009/107, art. 2(2); S.I. 2009/579, art. 2(b)

F139 Words in s. 109(2A) inserted (17.12.2009) by Local Democracy, Economic Development and Construction Act 2009 (c. 20), s. 148(6), Sch. 6 para. 97(3)(a); S.I. 2009/3318, art. 2(c)

F140 Words in s. 109(2B) inserted (17.12.2009) by Local Democracy, Economic Development and Construction Act 2009 (c. 20), s. 148(6), Sch. 6 para. 97(3)(b); S.I. 2009/3318, art. 2(c)

F141 Words in s. 109(2B)(a) inserted (17.12.2009) by Local Democracy, Economic Development and Construction Act 2009 (c. 20), s. 148(6), Sch. 6 para. 97(3)(c); S.I. 2009/3318, art. 2(c)

F142 Words in s. 109(2B)(c) inserted (17.12.2009) by Local Democracy, Economic Development and Construction Act 2009 (c. 20), s. 148(6), Sch. 6 para. 97(3)(d); S.I. 2009/3318, art. 2(c)

F143 Words in s. 109(3)(b) omitted (26.5.2006) by virtue of Transport (Wales) Act 2006 (c. 5), s. 12, Sch. para. 3(4); S.I. 2006/1403, art. 2(2)(c)

F144 S. 109(5)(6) repealed (9.2.2009 for E., 1.4.2009 for W.) by Local Transport Act 2008 (c. 26), ss. 9(5), 134(4), Sch. 7 Pt. 1; S.I. 2009/107, art. 2(2); Sch. 2 Pt. 1; S.I. 2009/579, art. 2(b)

Textual Amendments

F145 Ss. 109A-109C inserted (26.5.2006) by Transport (Wales) Act 2006 (c. 5), s. 12, Sch. para. 4; S.I. 2006/1403, art. 2(2)(c)
109B Further provision about plans: Wales

(1) A local transport authority whose area is in Wales must keep their local transport plan under review and alter it if they consider it appropriate to do so.

(2) The authority must in particular review the plan as soon as practicable after the publication of the Wales Transport Strategy or any revision of it.

(3) The authority must replace their local transport plan not later than five years after the date on which the plan was approved under section 109A.

(4) Section 109A applies to a replacement plan and a plan as altered as it applies to a plan as originally prepared.

(5) A local transport authority whose area is in Wales shall be taken to have complied with subsection (3) if (but only if)—
   (a) the authority submit their replacement plan to the National Assembly for Wales for approval under section 109A before the end of the five year period mentioned in subsection (3), and
   (b) the Assembly approves the plan under section 109A (whether the approval is given before or after the end of that five year period).

(6) If an authority fail to comply with subsection (3) because they fail to submit their replacement plan to the Assembly for approval under section 109A before the end of the five year period mentioned in that subsection, the authority must replace their local transport plan as soon as practicable after the expiry of the five year period.

(7) If an authority fail to comply with subsection (3) because the Assembly refuses to approve a plan submitted to it under section 109A, the authority must replace their local transport plan as soon as practicable after the refusal.

(8) As soon as practicable after their plan, or their plan as altered, has been approved under section 109A, a local transport authority whose area is in Wales must—
   (a) publish the plan or the plan as altered in such manner as they think fit, and
   (b) send a copy of it to such persons (if any) as may be specified in guidance under section 112(1).

(9) The authority must also—
   (a) cause a copy of their local transport plan to be made available for inspection (at all reasonable hours) at such places as they think fit,
   (b) give notice, by such means as they think expedient for bringing it to the attention of the public, as to the places at which a copy of it may be inspected, and
   (c) supply a copy of it (or any part of it) to any person on request, either free of charge or at a charge representing no more than the cost of providing the copy.

Textual Amendments

F145 Ss. 109A-109C inserted (26.5.2006) by Transport (Wales) Act 2006 (c. 5), s. 12, Sch. para. 4; S.I. 2006/1403, art. 2(2)(c)

109C  Transitional provisions: Wales

(1) Where a local transport authority whose area is in Wales have, before 1st August 2001, prepared and published a document which—
   (a) contains policies developed by them for the purposes described in section 108(1)(a), and
   (b) was prepared and published in accordance with guidance issued by the National Assembly for Wales,
that document shall be taken to be the authority's local transport plan.

(2) But, in the case of a document which is a local transport plan by virtue of subsection (1), section 109B(3) requires its replacement not later than such date as is specified in an order made by the National Assembly for Wales (rather than not later than five years after the date on which it was approved under section 109A).

(3) For the purposes of section 109B(3), a local transport plan made before the coming into force of section 109A by a local transport authority whose area is in Wales shall be taken to have been approved under section 109A on the date on which it was made.}
(c) the alteration and replacement of such plans...

(d) the publication and making available of such plans... as originally made and as altered or replaced,

which is issued from time to time by the Secretary of State (as respects England) or the National Assembly for Wales (as respects Wales).

(2) In developing... and implementing their policies under section 108(1)... a local transport authority must have regard to the transport needs of... disabled persons (within the meaning of the Equality Act 2010)... and of persons who are elderly or have mobility problems.
(a) in section 108(1)(b), the reference to “those policies” is a reference to the policies developed by the Integrated Transport Authority or (as the case may be) the combined authority for that area;

(b) in section 108(3B), the reference to “their plan” is a reference to the local transport plan of the Integrated Transport Authority or (as the case may be) the combined authority for that area;

(c) in section 109(4), the reference to “their local transport plan” is a reference to the local transport plan of the Integrated Transport Authority or (as the case may be) the combined authority for that area.

(...)

Modification of provisions about plans and strategies: Wales

(1) The National Assembly for Wales may by order modify the application of sections 108 to 109B in relation to local transport authorities whose areas are in Wales for the purpose of—

(a) permitting a local transport plan to be prepared in respect of part only of an authority’s area;

(b) permitting a local transport plan to be prepared by two or more authorities jointly in respect of an area comprising all or any part or parts of their areas.

(2) An order under subsection (1) made for the purpose mentioned in subsection (1)(b) may in particular include provision for—

(a) the plan to be prepared by one of the authorities concerned on behalf of both or all of them;

(b) administrative arrangements, including the apportionment of the cost of preparing the plan between the authorities concerned.

(3) Before making an order under subsection (1) the Assembly must consult the local transport authorities concerned and any other persons it considers appropriate.
113B Directions concerning plans and strategies: Wales

(1) The National Assembly for Wales may issue to a local transport authority whose area is in Wales general or specific directions as to the manner in which they are to carry out their functions under [F162 sections 108 to 109B].

(2) Directions issued by the Assembly under subsection (1) may include in particular directions—
   (a) as to the timetable in accordance with which a local transport plan or alterations to a local transport plan must be prepared;
   (b) as to the action required to be taken to implement the policies contained in a local transport plan;
   (c) as to the steps required to be taken to remove the effects of action which is incompatible with those policies.

(3) Directions under this section—
   (a) must be in writing;
   (b) may be varied or revoked by further directions under this section.

(4) Before issuing, varying or revoking directions under this section the Assembly must consult the local transport authority concerned and any other persons it considers appropriate.

F160 Ss. 113A, 113B inserted (26.5.2006) by Transport (Wales) Act 2006 (c. 5), s. 12, Sch. para. 6; S.I. 2006/1403, art. 2(2)(c)

F161 Words in s. 113A(1) substituted (9.2.2009 for E., 1.4.2009 for W.) by Local Transport Act 2008 (c. 26), ss. 10(6), 134(4); S.I. 2009/107, art. 2(2), Sch. 2 Pt. 1 (with Sch. 2 para. 2); S.I. 2009/579, art. 2(b) (with Sch. para. 1)

Bus services: advanced quality partnership schemes

F163 Ss. 113C-113O and cross-heading inserted (27.4.2017 for specified purposes, 27.6.2017 in so far as not already in force) by Bus Services Act 2017 (c. 21), ss. 1, 26(3)
113C Advanced quality partnership schemes

(1) A local transport authority whose area is in England, or two or more such authorities acting jointly, may make an advanced quality partnership scheme if they are satisfied that the scheme will contribute to the implementation of their local transport policies.

(2) An advanced quality partnership scheme is—
   (a) a scheme falling within subsection (3) or (4), or
   (b) a scheme falling within both subsection (3) and subsection (4).

(3) A scheme falls within this subsection if it is a scheme under which—
   (a) the authority or authorities provide particular facilities in the whole or part of their area, or combined area, and
   (b) operators of local services who wish to use those facilities must undertake to provide local services of a particular standard when using them.

(4) A scheme falls within this subsection if it is a scheme under which—
   (a) the authority or authorities take particular measures in relation to routes in the whole or part of their area, or combined area, that are served, or proposed to be served, by local services, and
   (b) operators of local services who wish to provide local services with stopping places on those routes must undertake to provide local services of a particular standard when providing such local services on those routes.

(5) A scheme may not be made unless the authority or authorities are satisfied that—
   (a) the steps to be taken by the authority or authorities under the scheme, and
   (b) the provision of local services of the standard or standards required by undertakings given under the scheme,

   are likely to achieve one or more of the outcomes described in subsection (6) in relation to the whole or part of their area, or combined area.

(6) The outcomes mentioned in subsection (5) are—
   (a) an improvement in the quality of local services that benefits persons using those services;
   (b) a reduction or limitation of traffic congestion, noise or air pollution;
   (c) an increase in the use of local services or an end to, or a reduction in, a decline in the use of local services.

(7) An advanced quality partnership scheme may not be made unless the authority or authorities have complied with the notice and consultation requirements imposed by section 113G.

(8) The power to make an advanced quality partnership scheme includes power to provide for—
   (a) different facilities to be provided under the scheme,
   (b) different measures to be taken under the scheme, or
   (c) different standards of services to be provided under the scheme,

   as from different dates after the scheme comes into operation.

(9) An advanced quality partnership scheme must include a description of the authority's or authorities' plans for consulting such organisations appearing to the authority or authorities to be representative of users of local services as they think fit in order to seek their views on how well the scheme is working.
(10) In carrying out their functions under this Part in relation to advanced quality partnership schemes, local transport authorities whose areas are in England must cooperate with one another.

(11) In considering whether to make an advanced quality partnership scheme, a local transport authority must have regard to the desirability, in appropriate cases, of making a scheme jointly with another such authority.

113D Advanced quality partnership schemes: registration restrictions

(1) If the authority or authorities making an advanced quality partnership scheme consider that it is necessary or expedient for any restrictions to be imposed on the registration of—

   (a) any local services, or
   (b) any local services of a particular description,

they may impose those restrictions (“registration restrictions”) by specifying or describing them in the scheme.

(2) Any restrictions so imposed must be for the purpose of preventing or restricting—

   (a) the provision of local services, or
   (b) the variation or withdrawal of local services,

in cases where the authority or authorities consider that any such provision, or (as the case may be) variation or withdrawal, of services might be detrimental to the provision of services under the scheme.

(3) Where a scheme includes any registration restrictions by virtue of subsection (1), it must also specify the criteria (“registration criteria”) by reference to which a traffic commissioner is to decide whether or not to accept an application for registration.

(4) In this section “registration”, in relation to any service—

   (a) means registration of prescribed particulars of the service under section 6 of the Transport Act 1985 (registration of local services), and
   (b) includes a reference to the variation or cancellation of any such registration.

113E Advanced quality partnership schemes: facilities, measures and standards

(1) The facilities which may be specified in an advanced quality partnership scheme—

   (a) must be facilities provided at specific locations along routes served, or proposed to be served, by local services within the area to which the scheme relates, or facilities which are ancillary to such facilities, but
   (b) may not be facilities which are required to be provided as a result of section 139 or 140.

(2) The measures which may be specified in a scheme—

   (a) must be measures taken for the purpose of—

      (i) increasing the use of local services serving the routes to which the measures relate or ending or reducing a decline in the use of such services, or
      (ii) improving the quality of local services serving the routes to which the measures relate, but
   (b) may not include the provision of—
(i) facilities falling within subsection (1)(a), or
(ii) facilities which are required to be provided as a result of section 139 or 140.

(3) The Secretary of State may by regulations make further provision about the measures which may or may not be specified in a scheme.

(4) The standard of services which may be specified in a scheme includes—
   (a) requirements which the vehicles being used to provide the services must meet, including requirements about emissions or types of fuel or power, and
   (b) requirements as to frequency or timing of the services, but the specification of any such requirements is not to prevent operators from providing services in excess of those requirements.

(5) The standard of services which may be specified in a scheme may also include—
   (a) requirements as to the maximum fares that may be charged for particular journeys, or for journeys of particular descriptions, on services to which the scheme applies,
   (b) requirements as to the ways in which passengers may pay for journeys,
   (c) requirements about providing information to the public about local services or particular descriptions of local services, and
   (d) requirements as to the publicising of local services, fares or ticketing arrangements or particular descriptions of local services, fares or ticketing arrangements.

(6) Requirements under subsection (5)(b), (c) and (d) may include requirements for operators of local services to co-operate with one another.

(7) A scheme may include a requirement falling within subsection (4)(b) or (5)(a) only if there are no admissible objections to the requirement from relevant operators.

(8) A scheme may include a requirement falling within subsection (4)(a) or (5)(b) that relates to an undertaking that would fall to be given under section 113C(4)(b) only if there are no admissible objections to the requirement from relevant operators.

(9) Section 113N(3) to (8) makes further provision with respect to schemes which include the requirements referred to in subsections (7) and (8).

**Modifications etc. (not altering text)**


### 113F  Advanced quality partnership schemes: traffic regulation orders

(1) If the provision of any of the facilities or taking of any of the measures specified in an advanced quality partnership scheme requires the making of a traffic regulation order in respect of a road or other place in a metropolitan district (other than a road for which the Secretary of State is the traffic authority), the scheme may not be made unless it is made by—
   (a) the local transport authority or authorities, and
   (b) the metropolitan district council for the district,
acting jointly.

(2) If the provision of any of the facilities or taking of any of the measures specified in an advanced quality partnership scheme requires the making of a traffic regulation order in respect of a road for which the Secretary of State is the traffic authority, the scheme may not be made unless it is made by—
   (a) the local transport authority or authorities, and
   (b) the Secretary of State,
acting jointly.

(3) Where subsection (1) or (2) applies so that a metropolitan district council or the Secretary of State is a maker of the scheme, then (subject to section 113M) the relevant references to the authority or authorities include (as well as the local transport authority or authorities)—
   (a) the metropolitan district council, or
   (b) the Secretary of State.

(4) For the purpose of subsection (3) the relevant references are those in—
   (a) section 113C(3), (4), (5)(a) and (7), and
   (b) sections 113G to 113L,
and paragraph 27(2A) of Schedule 9 to the Road Traffic Regulation Act 1984.

113G Notice and consultation requirements

(1) If an authority or authorities propose to make an advanced quality partnership scheme, they must give notice of the proposed scheme in such manner as they consider appropriate for drawing it to the attention of persons in the area to which it relates.

(2) The notice must either contain full details of—
   (a) any facilities specified in the scheme,
   (b) any measures specified in the scheme,
   (c) the standards of services specified in the scheme,
   (d) any registration restrictions and registration criteria specified in the scheme, and
   (e) the plans described in the scheme for consulting in order to seek views on how well the scheme is working,
or state where such details may be inspected.

(3) After giving notice of the proposed scheme, the authority or authorities must consult—
   (a) all operators of local services who would, in the opinion of the authority or authorities, be affected by it,
   (b) such organisations appearing to the authority or authorities to be representative of users of local services as they think fit,
   (c) any other relevant local authority any part of whose area would, in the opinion of the authority or authorities, be affected by it,
   (d) a traffic commissioner,
   (e) the chief officer of police for each police area covering the whole or part of that area,
   (f) the Passengers' Council,
   (g) the Competition and Markets Authority, and
(h) such other persons as the authority or authorities think fit.

(4) For the purpose of subsection (3)(c) the following are relevant local authorities—
   (a) local transport authorities,
   (b) district councils in England,
   (c) National Park authorities,
   (d) the Broads Authority,
   (e) London transport authorities, and
   (f) councils in Scotland.

113H Making of scheme

(1) If, after taking the steps described in section 113G, an authority or authorities decide that it is appropriate to make the advanced quality partnership scheme, they may make it as proposed or with modifications.

(2) The scheme must specify each of the following—
   (a) any facilities to be provided under it by the authority or authorities,
   (b) any measures to be taken under it by the authority or authorities and the routes to which they relate,
   (c) the standards of services to be provided under it by operators of local services in accordance with their undertakings given in relation to facilities or measures to be provided or taken under the scheme,
   (d) any registration restrictions imposed by it and any registration criteria specified in it,
   (e) the date on which it is to come into operation,
   (f) the period for which it is to remain in operation, which must not be less than five years, and
   (g) if—
      (i) any facilities are to be provided under the scheme,
      (ii) any measures are to be taken under the scheme, or
      (iii) any standards of services are to be provided under the scheme,
      as from a date after the scheme comes into operation, the date as from which they are to be so provided or taken.

(3) The scheme may provide that—
   (a) local services specified in it, or
   (b) local services of a class specified in it,
   are to be excluded from the scheme, subject to such conditions (if any) as may be specified in it.

(4) The date as from which any particular facilities are to be provided, any particular measures are to be taken, or any services of a particular standard are to be provided, must not be earlier than—
   (a) in the case of facilities or measures, the latest of dates A to C (see subsections (6) to (8)), and
   (b) in the case of services, the later of dates A and D (see subsections (6) and (9)), unless the case falls within subsection (5).

(5) If under the scheme—
(a) particular facilities are to be provided or particular measures are to be taken by the authority or authorities, and
(b) as from the date by which the facilities are to be provided or the measures are to be taken, services of a particular standard are to be provided by operators of local services when using the facilities or when providing local services with stopping places on routes to which the measures relate,
the date as from which the facilities are to be provided or the measures are to be taken (and as from which the services are to be provided) must not be earlier than the latest of dates A to D.

(6) Date A is the date 3 months after the date on which the scheme is made.

(7) Date B is the date by which, in the opinion of the authority or authorities, it will be reasonably practicable for the authority or authorities to provide the facilities or take the measures.

(8) Date C is the date 3 months after—
(a) the date on which any traffic regulation order required for the provision of any of the facilities or taking of any of the measures is made, or
(b) if more than one such order is required for the provision of the facilities or the taking of the measures, the date on which the last of them is made.

(9) Date D is the date by which, in the opinion of the authority or authorities, it will be reasonably practicable for operators of local services to provide services of the particular standard.

(10) Not later than 14 days after the date on which the scheme is made, the authority or authorities must give notice of the making of the scheme—
(a) in such manner as they consider appropriate for drawing it to the attention of persons in the area to which it relates,
(b) to all operators of local services who would, in their opinion, be affected by the scheme, and
(c) to a traffic commissioner.

(11) The notice must—
(a) either contain full details of the scheme or state where such details may be inspected, and
(b) if the scheme made is a modified version of that proposed, state that fact.

113I Postponement of scheme or of provision of particular facilities, taking of particular measures or provision of particular standards of service

(1) If it appears to the authority or authorities appropriate to do so, they may decide that any of the dates specified in subsection (3) shall be postponed by such period as they think fit.

(2) A date may not be postponed under subsection (1) by a period or periods which in total exceed 12 months.

(3) The dates are—
(a) the date on which the scheme is to come into operation,
(b) the date as from which any particular facilities are to be provided under the scheme,
(c) the date as from which any particular measures are to be taken under the scheme, and
(d) the date as from which any particular services are to be provided to a particular standard under the scheme.

(4) Before making such a decision the authority or authorities must consult all operators of local services who would, in their opinion, be affected by the scheme.

(5) Not later than 14 days after the date on which any such decision is made they must give notice of the decision—
(a) in such manner as they consider appropriate for drawing it to the attention of persons in the area to which it relates,
(b) to all operators of local services who would, in their opinion, be affected by the scheme, and
(c) to a traffic commissioner.

113J Effect of scheme

(1) The authority or authorities must—
(a) provide each of the specified facilities or take each of the specified measures not later than the date specified for it to be provided or taken under the scheme, and
(b) continue to provide the facilities or keep the measures in effect throughout the remainder of the period for which the scheme is in operation.

(2) But subsection (1) does not apply in relation to any period during which the authority or authorities are temporarily unable to provide the facilities or take the measures or keep the measures in effect owing to circumstances beyond their control.

(3) Nor does it apply in the case of the Secretary of State if the Secretary of State is unable to provide the facilities or take the measures or keep the measures in effect owing to the variation or revocation of a traffic regulation order.

(4) The operator of a local service may not use facilities provided under an advanced quality partnership scheme unless—
(a) the operator has given a written undertaking to a traffic commissioner that, when using the facilities on any date, the operator will provide the service to the standard specified in the scheme that is relevant to the use of those facilities on that date, and
(b) the operator provides the service to that standard when using the facilities, except in relation to any period during which the operator is temporarily unable to do so owing to circumstances beyond the operator's control.

(5) Where a measure has been taken under an advanced quality partnership scheme, the operator of a local service may not use a stopping place on a route to which that measure relates unless—
(a) the operator has given a written undertaking to a traffic commissioner that, when using such a stopping place on any date, the operator will provide the service to the standard specified in the scheme that is relevant to the use of such a stopping place on that date, and
(b) the operator provides the service to that standard when using such a stopping place, except in relation to any period during which the operator is temporarily unable to do so owing to circumstances beyond the operator's control.
(6) But subsections (4) and (5) do not apply in relation to services which are excluded from the scheme as a result of any provision of the scheme made in accordance with section 113H(3).

(7) Where the exclusion of a local service from the scheme is made subject to conditions as a result of such a provision, those conditions are to be treated, during any period in which the scheme is in operation, as if they were prescribed particulars of the service concerned registered under section 6 of the Transport Act 1985 (registration of local services).

113K Regulations about schemes involving existing facilities or measures which are already in effect

(1) The Secretary of State may by regulations make provision about the specifying in advanced quality partnership schemes of—

(a) facilities which are already being provided before the schemes are proposed (“existing facilities”), and

(b) measures which are already in effect before the schemes are proposed (“existing measures”).

(2) The regulations may in particular—

(a) provide that existing facilities may not be specified if they were being provided before a date prescribed by, or determined in accordance with, the regulations,

(b) provide that existing measures may not be specified if they were in effect before such a date,

(c) provide that—

(i) particular existing facilities or classes of existing facilities, or

(ii) particular existing measures or classes of existing measures,

may not be specified (whenever they were first provided or taken),

(d) provide that—

(i) particular existing facilities or classes of existing facilities, or

(ii) particular existing measures or classes of existing measures,

may be specified only in circumstances prescribed by the regulations,

(e) provide that, in circumstances prescribed by the regulations—

(i) particular existing facilities or classes of existing facilities, or

(ii) particular existing measures or classes of existing measures,

may be specified only with the consent of a person prescribed by, or determined in accordance with, the regulations, and

(f) make provision modifying any provision of sections 113G to 113I in relation to schemes which specify existing facilities or existing measures.

113L Variation or revocation of schemes

(1) The authority or authorities who made an advanced quality partnership scheme may vary the scheme if they decide that it is appropriate to do so.

(2) The authority or authorities who made a scheme may revoke it before the end of the period for which it would otherwise remain in operation if all persons who have given
an undertaking to provide a service to the standard specified in the scheme consent to
the revocation of the scheme; and such consent must not be unreasonably withheld.

(3) If the variation of a scheme under subsection (1) would require the making of a traffic
regulation order, the variation is subject to the same procedure as the making of a
scheme.

(4) Any other variation of a scheme under subsection (1), or the revocation of a scheme
under subsection (2), is subject to that procedure, except to the extent that the
procedure is modified by regulations made under section 113N.

113M Variation: supplementary

(1) The relevant references to the authority or authorities in relation to an advanced quality
partnership scheme—

(a) include a local transport authority if it has been varied so that it relates to that
authority's area, but

(b) do not include a local transport authority if it has been varied so that it no
longer relates to that authority's area.

(2) But if (although the scheme does not relate to a local transport authority's area) it
would do by reason of a proposed variation, those references (apart from those in
section 113J) include that authority.

(3) The relevant references (apart from those in section 113C(1) and in the words before
paragraph (a) of section 113C(5)) to the authority or authorities in relation to an
advanced quality partnership scheme—

(a) include a traffic regulation authority if it has been varied so that it specifies
traffic regulation facilities or traffic regulation measures, but

(b) do not include a traffic regulation authority if it has been varied so that it no
longer specifies such facilities or measures.

(4) But if (although the scheme does not specify facilities which are traffic regulation
facilities in relation to a traffic regulation authority or measures which are traffic
regulation measures in relation to a traffic regulation authority) it would do by reason
of a proposed variation, those references (apart from those in section 113J) include
that authority.

(5) And if (although the scheme specifies facilities which are traffic regulation facilities
in relation to a traffic regulation authority or measures which are traffic regulation
measures in relation to a traffic regulation authority)—

(a) the traffic regulation order, or (where more than one) each of the traffic
regulation orders, required to be made by that authority for the provision of
those facilities or the taking of those measures has been revoked, and

(b) the scheme is proposed to be varied (but not so that it specifies other facilities
which are traffic regulation facilities in relation to that authority or other
measures which are traffic regulation measures in relation to that authority),

the relevant references (apart from those in section 113J) do not include that authority.

(6) For the purposes of this section the relevant references are those in—

(a) section 113C(1) to (7),

(b) section 113D, and

(c) sections 113G to 113L,
and paragraph 27(2A) of Schedule 9 to the Road Traffic Regulation Act 1984.

(7) In this section “traffic regulation authority” means—
(a) a metropolitan district council, or
(b) the Secretary of State.

(8) For the purposes of this section—
(a) facilities are traffic regulation facilities, in relation to a traffic regulation authority and an advanced quality partnership scheme, if that authority was required to be a maker of the scheme because it originally specified those facilities or would have been required to be a maker of it had it done so;
(b) measures are traffic regulation measures, in relation to a traffic regulation authority and an advanced quality partnership scheme, if that authority was required to be a maker of the scheme because it originally specified those measures or would have been required to be a maker of it had it done so.

113N Regulations about schemes

(1) The Secretary of State may by regulations make further provision with respect to—
(a) the procedure to be followed when making, varying or revoking advanced quality partnership schemes,
(b) the content or operation of schemes which include—
(i) a requirement falling within section 113E(4)(b) or (5)(a), or
(ii) a requirement falling within section 113E(4)(a) or (5)(b) relating to an undertaking that would fall to be given under section 113C(4)(b),
(c) the local services or classes of local services which must be, or may be, excluded from schemes,
(d) the conditions which must be, or may be, attached to such exclusions,
(e) the form and manner in which undertakings are to be given to a traffic commissioner in connection with schemes,
(f) the making of traffic regulation orders in connection with schemes, and
(g) such other incidental matters in connection with advanced quality partnership schemes as the Secretary of State thinks fit.

(2) The regulations may in particular make provision with respect to—
(a) giving notice of proposed schemes or proposed variations or revocation of schemes,
(b) objections to such proposals,
(c) the holding of inquiries or hearings into objections,
(d) modifications of such proposals,
(e) the form of schemes or variations, and
(f) giving notice of schemes which have been made or of the variation or revocation of schemes.

(3) As regards schemes which include or would include—
(a) a requirement described in subsection (1)(b)(i), or
(b) a requirement described in subsection (1)(b)(ii),
regulations under subsection (1)(a) or (b) may in particular make the provision referred to in subsection (4).
(4) The provision mentioned in subsection (3) is provision—
   (a) for section 113E(7) or (8) not to apply in such circumstances as may be prescribed,
   (b) in prescribed circumstances where such schemes, or any provisions of such schemes, are subject to postponement under section 113I, for any such requirement not to take effect unless prescribed conditions are satisfied,
   (c) as to the meaning of “admissible objection” for the purposes of section 113E(7) and (8) and subsection (5)(b) of this section,
   (d) as to the meaning of “relevant operator” for those purposes, and
   (e) as to the determination of any question whether an objection is an admissible objection or an operator is a relevant operator.

(5) As regards schemes which include a requirement described in subsection (1)(b)(i), regulations under subsection (1)(b) may also make provision—
   (a) requiring such schemes to include provision—
      (i) as respects the setting of frequencies, timings or maximum fares to which the requirements relate,
      (ii) for a minimum interval before any requirements as to frequencies, timings or maximum fares may next be reviewed,
      (iii) for a maximum interval before any such requirements must next be reviewed,
      (iv) as respects other circumstances in which any such requirements must or may be reviewed, and
      (v) as respects revision of any such requirements after a review, and
   (b) for any requirement as to frequencies, timings or maximum fares to be revised only if there are no admissible objections to the revision from relevant operators.

(6) The revision of requirements as to frequencies, timings or maximum fares under any provision included in a scheme by virtue of regulations under subsection (5)(a) is not to be regarded as a variation of the scheme for the purposes of section 113L (variation or revocation of schemes).

(7) Nothing in subsection (5) or (6) is to be taken to derogate from what may be done under or by virtue of section 113L.

(8) The provision that may be made by virtue of subsection (4)(e) includes provision for and in connection with—
   (a) the appointment of a person (“an adjudicator”) to make such a determination as is mentioned in that paragraph;
   (b) the appointment of a person (“an assessor”) to assist an adjudicator in considering any question which appears to arise in relation to such a determination;
   (c) the payment—
      (i) by the Secretary of State to an adjudicator, or
      (ii) by the Secretary of State or an adjudicator to an assessor, of such remuneration as may be determined by or in accordance with the regulations.
113O Guidance about schemes

(1) The Secretary of State may issue guidance concerning the carrying out by local transport authorities whose areas are in England and metropolitan district councils of their functions under this Part in relation to advanced quality partnership schemes.

(2) Those authorities and councils must have regard to any such guidance.

Bus services: quality partnership schemes

114 Quality partnership schemes.

(1) A local transport authority, or two or more such authorities acting jointly, may make a quality partnership scheme if they are satisfied that the scheme will contribute to the implementation of their local transport policies (but this is subject to subsection (1A)).

(1A) A local transport authority whose area is in England may exercise the power to make a quality partnership scheme only if—

(a) they are acting jointly with one or more other local transport authorities, and

(b) at least one of those other local transport authorities is an authority whose area is in Wales.

(2) A quality partnership scheme is a scheme under which—

(a) the authority or authorities provide particular facilities in the whole or part of their area, or combined area, and

(b) operators of local services who wish to use the facilities must undertake to provide local services of a particular standard when using them.

(3) The authority or authorities must be satisfied that both the provision of those facilities and the provision of local services of that standard will—

(a) bring benefits to persons using local services in the whole or any part of their area, or combined area, by improving the quality of those services, or

(b) reduce or limit traffic congestion, noise or air pollution.

(3A) If the authority or authorities consider that it is necessary or expedient for any restrictions to be imposed on the registration of—

(a) any local services, or

(b) any local services of a particular description,

they may impose those restrictions (“registration restrictions”) by specifying or describing them in the scheme.

(3B) Any restrictions so imposed must be for the purpose of preventing or restricting—

(a) the provision of local services, or

(b) the variation or withdrawal of local services,

in cases where the authority or authorities consider that any such provision, or (as the case may be) variation or withdrawal, of services might be detrimental to the provision of services under the scheme.

(3C) Where a scheme includes any registration restrictions by virtue of subsection (3A), it must also specify the criteria (“registration criteria”) by reference to which a traffic commissioner is to decide whether or not to accept an application for registration.
(3D) In subsections (3A) to (3C) “registration”, in relation to any service,—

(a) means registration of prescribed particulars of the service under section 6 of the Transport Act 1985 (registration of local services), and

(b) includes a reference to the variation or cancellation of any such registration.

(4) A quality partnership scheme may not be made unless the authority or authorities have complied with the notice and consultation requirements imposed by section 115.

(5) The facilities which may be specified in a scheme—

(a) must be facilities provided at specific locations along routes served, or proposed to be served, by local services within the area to which the scheme relates, or facilities which are ancillary to such facilities, but

(b) may not be facilities which are required to be provided as a result of section 139 or 140.

(6) The standard of services which may be specified in a scheme includes—

(a) requirements which the vehicles being used to provide the services must meet, and

(b) requirements as to frequency or timing of the services,

but the specification of any such requirements is not to prevent operators from providing services in excess of those requirements.

(6A) The standard of services which may be specified in a scheme may also include requirements as to the maximum fares that may be charged for particular journeys, or for journeys of particular descriptions, on services to which the scheme applies.

(6B) A scheme may include a requirement falling within subsection (6)(b) or (6A) only if there are no admissible objections to the requirement from relevant operators. Section 122(3) to (5) makes further provision with respect to such schemes.

(6C) The power to make a quality partnership scheme includes power to provide for different facilities, or different standards of services, to be provided under the scheme as from different dates after the scheme comes into operation.

(7) If the provision of any of the facilities requires the making of a traffic regulation order in respect of a road or other place in a metropolitan district (other than a road for which the Secretary of State or the National Assembly for Wales is the traffic authority), the scheme may not be made unless it is made by—

(a) the local transport authority or authorities, and

(b) the metropolitan district council for the district, acting jointly.

(8) If the provision of any of the facilities requires the making of a traffic regulation order in respect of a road for which the Secretary of State or the National Assembly for Wales is the traffic authority, the scheme may not be made unless it is made by—

(a) the local transport authority or authorities, and

(b) the Secretary of State or the National Assembly for Wales, acting jointly.

(9) Where subsection (7) or (8) applies so that a metropolitan district council, the Secretary of State or the National Assembly for Wales is a maker of the scheme, then (subject to section 121) the relevant references to the authority or authorities include (as well
as the local transport authority or authorities) the metropolitan district council, the Secretary of State or the National Assembly for Wales.

(10) For the purpose of subsection (9) the relevant references are those in—
(a) subsections (2) and (4),
(b) sections 115 to 120, and
(c) section 127(7),
and paragraph 27(3) of Schedule 9 to the Road Traffic Regulation Act 1984.

(11) In carrying out their functions under this Part in relation to quality partnership schemes, local transport authorities must co-operate with one another.

(12) In considering whether to make a quality partnership scheme, a local transport authority must have regard to the desirability, in appropriate cases, of making a scheme jointly with another such authority.

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Textual Amendments

F164 Words in s. 114(1) substituted (9.2.2009 for E., 1.4.2009 for W.) by Local Transport Act 2008 (c. 26), ss. 13(2), 134(4); S.I. 2009/107, art. 2(2), Sch. 2 Pt. 1; S.I. 2009/579, art. 2(c)

F165 Words in s. 114(1) inserted (27.4.2017 for specified purposes, 27.6.2017 in so far as not already in force) by Bus Services Act 2017 (c. 21), s. 26(3), Sch. 1 para. 7(2)

F166 S. 114(1A) inserted (27.4.2017 for specified purposes, 27.6.2017 in so far as not already in force) by Bus Services Act 2017 (c. 21), s. 26(3), Sch. 1 para. 7(3)

F167 S. 114(3)(a) substituted (6.4.2009 for E., 31.1.2010 for W.) by Local Transport Act 2008 (c. 26), ss. 13(3), 134(4); S.I. 2009/107, art. 4(2), Sch. 5; S.I. 2009/3294, art. 2(a)

F168 S. 114(3A)-(3D) inserted (6.4.2009 for E., 31.1.2010 for W.) by Local Transport Act 2008 (c. 26), ss. 13(4), 134(4); S.I. 2009/107, art. 4(2), Sch. 5; S.I. 2009/3294, art. 2(a)

F169 Words in s. 114(3C) substituted (3.7.2013) by The Local Transport Act 2008 (Traffic Commissioners) (Consequential Amendments) Order 2013 (S.I. 2013/1644), art. 1(1), Sch. 3 (with art. 7)

F170 S. 114(6) substituted (6.4.2009 for E., 31.1.2010 for W.) by Local Transport Act 2008 (c. 26), ss. 13(5), 134(4); S.I. 2009/107, art. 4(2), Sch. 5; S.I. 2009/3294, art. 2(a)

F171 S. 114(6A)(6B) inserted (6.4.2009 for E., 31.1.2010 for W.) by Local Transport Act 2008 (c. 26), ss. 13(6), 134(4); S.I. 2009/107, art. 4(2), Sch. 5; S.I. 2009/3294, art. 2(a)

F172 S. 114(6C) inserted (6.4.2009 for E., 31.1.2010 for W.) by Local Transport Act 2008 (c. 26), ss. 13(7), 134(4); S.I. 2009/107, art. 4(2), Sch. 5; S.I. 2009/3294, art. 2(a)

Modifications etc. (not altering text)


C23 S. 114 applied (with modifications) (1.2.2005) by The Local Authorities' Plans and Strategies (Disapplication) (England) Order 2005 (S.I. 2005/157), art. 1, Sch. 2 para. 5 (with art. 7(4))

C24 S. 114(6B) excluded (1.2.2010) by The Quality Partnership Schemes (Wales) Regulations 2009 (S.I. 2009/3293), regs. 1(1), 4(3)

C25 S. 114(6B) modified (1.2.2010) by The Quality Partnership Schemes (Wales) Regulations 2009 (S.I. 2009/3293), regs. 1(1), 5-7

Commencement Information

I107 S. 114 wholly in force at 26.10.2001; s. 114 not in force at Royal Assent see s. 275(1)(2); s. 114 in force (W.) at 1.8.2001 by S.I. 2001/2788, art. 2, Sch. 1 para. 1; s. 114 in force (E.) at 26.10.2001 by S.I. 2001/3342, art. 2, Sch.
Notice and consultation requirements.

(1) If an authority or authorities propose to make a quality partnership scheme, they must give notice of the proposed scheme in at least one newspaper circulating in the area to which it relates.

(2) The notice must either contain full details of the facilities and standards of services, or state where such details may be inspected.

(3) After giving notice of the proposed scheme, the authority or authorities must consult—
   (a) all operators of local services who would, in the opinion of the authority or authorities, be affected by it,
   (b) such organisations appearing to the authority or authorities to be representative of users of local services as they think fit,
   (c) any other relevant local authority any part of whose area would, in the opinion of the authority or authorities, be affected by it,
   (d) a traffic commissioner,
   (e) the chief officer of police for each police area covering the whole or part of that area, and
   (f) such other persons as the authority or authorities think fit.

(4) For the purpose of subsection (3)(c) the following are relevant local authorities—
   (a) local transport authorities,
   (b) district councils in England,
   (c) London transport authorities, and
   (d) councils in Scotland.
116 Making of scheme.

(1) If the authority or authorities decide that it is appropriate to make the scheme, they may make it as proposed or with modifications.

(2) The scheme must specify each of the following—

(a) the facilities to be provided under it by the authority or authorities,
(b) the standard of services to be provided under it by operators of local services,
(c) the date on which it is to come into operation,
(d) the period for which it is to remain in operation, which must not be less than five years.

(3) The scheme may provide that—

(a) local services specified in it, or
(b) local services of a class specified in it,
are to be excluded from the scheme, subject to such conditions (if any) as may be specified in it.

(4) The date as from which any particular facilities, or any services of a particular standard, are to be provided must not be earlier than—

(a) in the case of facilities, the latest of dates A to C (see subsections (4B) to (4D)),
(b) in the case of services, the later of dates A and D (see subsections (4B) and (4E)),

unless the case falls within subsection (4A).

(4A) If under the scheme—

(a) particular facilities are to be provided by the authority or authorities, and
(b) as from the date by which the facilities are to be provided, services of a particular standard are to be provided by operators of local services when using the facilities,
the date as from which the facilities and the services are to be provided must not be earlier than the latest of dates A to D.

(4B) Date A is the date 3 months after the date on which the scheme is made.

(4C) Date B is the date by which, in the opinion of the authority or authorities, it will be reasonably practicable for the authority or authorities to provide the facilities.

(4D) Date C is the date 3 months after—

(a) the date on which any traffic regulation order required for the provision of any of the facilities is made, or
(b) if more than one such order is required for their provision, the date on which the last of them is made.

(4E) Date D is the date by which, in the opinion of the authority or authorities, it will be reasonably practicable for operators of local services to provide services of the particular standard.]
(6) Not later than 14 days after the date on which the scheme is made, the authority or authorities must give notice—

(a) in at least one newspaper circulating in the area to which the scheme relates,

(b) to all operators of local services who would, in the opinion of the authority or authorities, be affected by the scheme [F182], and

(F182) to a traffic commissioner]

(7) The notice must—

(a) either contain full details of the scheme or state where such details may be inspected, and

(b) if the scheme made is a modified version of that proposed, state that fact.

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Textual Amendments

F176 Words in s. 116(2) inserted (6.4.2009 for E., 31.1.2010 for W.) by Local Transport Act 2008 (c. 26), ss. 15(2), 134(4); S.I. 2009/107, art. 4(2), Sch. 5; S.I. 2009/3294, art. 2(b)

F177 S. 116(2)(bb) inserted (6.4.2009 for E., 31.1.2010 for W.) by Local Transport Act 2008 (c. 26), ss. 15(3), 134(4); S.I. 2009/107, art. 4(2), Sch. 5; S.I. 2009/3294, art. 2(b)

F178 Word in s. 116(2) repealed (6.4.2009 for E., 31.1.2010 for W.) by Local Transport Act 2008 (c. 26), s. 134(4), Sch. 7 Pt. 2; S.I. 2009/107, art. 4(2), Sch. 5; S.I. 2009/3294, art. 2(d)

F179 S. 116(2)(e) inserted (6.4.2009 for E., 31.1.2010 for W.) by Local Transport Act 2008 (c. 26), ss. 15(4), 134(4); S.I. 2009/107, art. 4(2), Sch. 5; S.I. 2009/3294, art. 2(b)

F180 S. 116(4)-(4E) substituted for s. 116(4) (6.4.2009 for E., 31.1.2010 for W.) by Local Transport Act 2008 (c. 26), ss. 15(5), 134(4); S.I. 2009/107, art. 4(2), Sch. 5; S.I. 2009/3294, art. 2(b)

F181 Word in s. 116(6) omitted (3.7.2013) by virtue of The Local Transport Act 2008 (Traffic Commissioners) (Consequential Amendments) Order 2013 (S.I. 2013/1644), art. 1(1), Sch. 3 (with art. 7)

F182 S. 116(6)(c) and word substituted for words in s. 116(6)(b) (3.7.2013) by The Local Transport Act 2008 (Traffic Commissioners) (Consequential Amendments) Order 2013 (S.I. 2013/1644), art. 1(1), Sch. 3 (with art. 7)

Commencement Information

(c) the date as from which any particular services are to be provided to a particular standard under the scheme.

(2) Before making such a decision they must consult all operators of local services who would, in their opinion, be affected by the scheme.

(3) Not later than 14 days after the date on which any such decision is made they must give notice of the decision—

(a) in at least one newspaper circulating in the area to which the scheme relates,

(b) to all operators of local services who would, in their opinion, be affected by the scheme [F186, and]

(c) to a traffic commissioner]

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**Textual Amendments**

F183 S. 117 heading substituted (6.4.2009 for E., 31.1.2010 for W.) by Local Transport Act 2008 (c. 26), ss. 16(2), 134(4); S.I. 2009/107, art. 4(2), Sch. 5; S.I. 2009/3294, art. 2(b)

F184 S. 117(1)(A) substituted for s. 117(1) (6.4.2009 for E., 31.1.2010 for W.) by Local Transport Act 2008 (c. 26), ss. 16(1), 134(4); S.I. 2009/107, art. 4(2), Sch. 5; S.I. 2009/3294, art. 2(b)

F185 Word in s. 117(3) omitted (3.7.2013) by virtue of The Local Transport Act 2008 (Traffic Commissioners) (Consequential Amendments) Order 2013 (S.I. 2013/1644), art. 1(1), Sch. 3 (with art. 7)

F186 S. 117(3)(c) and word substituted for words in s. 117(3)(b) (3.7.2013) by The Local Transport Act 2008 (Traffic Commissioners) (Consequential Amendments) Order 2013 (S.I. 2013/1644), art. 1(1), Sch. 3 (with art. 7)

118 Effect of scheme.

[F187] The authority or authorities must—

(a) provide each of the specified facilities not later than the date specified for its provision under the scheme, and

(b) continue to provide it throughout the remainder of the period for which the scheme is in operation.

(2) But subsection (1) does not apply in relation to any period during which the authority or authorities are temporarily unable to provide the facilities owing to circumstances beyond their control.

(3) Nor does it apply in the case of the Secretary of State or the National Assembly for Wales if he or it is unable to provide the facilities owing to the variation or revocation of a traffic regulation order.

(4) The operator of a local service may not use facilities provided under a quality partnership scheme unless—

(a) he has given a written undertaking to [F188, a traffic commissioner][F189] that, when using the facilities on any date, he will provide the service to the standard specified in the scheme as it has effect in relation to that date], and

(b) he provides the service to that standard when using the facilities, except in relation to any period during which he is temporarily unable to do so owing to circumstances beyond his control.
(5) But subsection (4) does not apply in relation to services which are excluded from the scheme as a result of any provision of the scheme made in accordance with section 116(3).

(6) Where the exclusion of a local service from the scheme is made subject to conditions as a result of such a provision, those conditions are to be treated, during any period in which the scheme is in operation, as if they were prescribed particulars registered under section 6 of the Transport Act 1985 (registration of local services) of the service concerned.

Textual Amendments
F187 S. 118(1) substituted (6.4.2009 for E., 31.1.2010 for W.) by Local Transport Act 2008 (c. 26), ss. 17(2), 134(4); S.I. 2009/107, art. 4(2), Sch. 5; S.I. 2009/3294, art. 2(b)
F188 Words in s. 118(4)(a) substituted (3.7.2013) by The Local Transport Act 2008 (Traffic Commissioners) (Consequential Amendments) Order 2013 (S.I. 2013/1644), art. 1(1), Sch. 3 (with art. 7)
F189 Words in s. 118(4)(a) substituted (6.4.2009 for E., 31.1.2010 for W.) by Local Transport Act 2008 (c. 26), ss. 17(3), 134(4); S.I. 2009/107, art. 4(2), Sch. 5; S.I. 2009/3294, art. 2(b)

Commencement Information
I110 S. 118 wholly in force at 26.10.2001; s. 118 not in force at Royal Assent see s. 275(1)(2); s. 118 in force (W.) at 1.8.2001 by S.I. 2001/2788, art. 2, Sch. 1 para. 1; s. 118 in force (E.) at 26.10.2001 by S.I. 2001/3342, art. 2, Sch.

Marginal Citations
M36 1985 c. 67.

119 Regulations about schemes involving existing facilities.

(1) The appropriate national authority may by regulations make provision about the specifying in quality partnership schemes of facilities which are already being provided before the schemes are proposed (“existing facilities”).

(2) The regulations may in particular—

(a) provide that existing facilities may not be specified if they were being provided before a date prescribed by, or determined in accordance with, the regulations,

(b) provide that particular existing facilities or classes of existing facilities may not be specified (whenever they were first provided),

(c) provide that particular existing facilities or classes of existing facilities may be specified only in circumstances prescribed by the regulations,

(d) provide that, in circumstances prescribed by the regulations, particular existing facilities or classes of existing facilities may be specified only with the consent of a person prescribed by, or determined in accordance with, the regulations, and

(e) make provision modifying any provision of sections 115 to 117 in relation to schemes which specify existing facilities.
120 Variation or revocation of schemes.

(1) The authority or authorities who made a quality partnership scheme may vary the scheme if they decide that it is appropriate to do so.

(2) The authority or authorities who made a scheme may revoke it before the end of the period for which it would otherwise remain in operation if all persons who have given an undertaking to provide a service to the standard specified in the scheme consent to the revocation of the scheme; and such consent must not be unreasonably withheld.

(3) If the variation of a scheme under subsection (1) would require the making of a traffic regulation order, the variation is subject to the same procedure as the making of a scheme.

(4) Any other variation of a scheme under subsection (1), or the revocation of a scheme under subsection (2), is subject to that procedure, except to the extent that the procedure is modified by regulations made under section 122.

Textual Amendments

F183 S. 117 heading substituted (6.4.2009 for E., 31.1.2010 for W.) by Local Transport Act 2008 (c. 26), ss. 16(2), 134(4); S.I. 2009/107, art. 4(2), Sch. 5; S.I. 2009/3294, art. 2(b)

Commencement Information

I111 S. 119 wholly in force at 1.8.2001; s. 119 not in force at Royal Assent see s. 275(1)(2); s. 119 in force (E.) at 1.2.2001 by S.I. 2001/57, art. 3(2), Sch. 3 Pt. I (subject to the savings in Sch. 3 Pt. II); s. 119 in force (W.) at 1.8.2001 by S.I. 2001/2788, art. 2, Sch. 1 para. 1

121 Variation: supplementary.

(1) The relevant references to the authority or authorities in relation to a quality partnership scheme—

(a) include a local transport authority if it has been varied so that it relates to that authority’s area, but

(b) do not include a local transport authority if it has been varied so that it no longer relates to that authority’s area.

(2) But if (although the scheme does not relate to a local transport authority’s area) it would do by reason of a proposed variation, those references (apart from those in section 118) include that authority.

Textual Amendments

F183 S. 117 heading substituted (6.4.2009 for E., 31.1.2010 for W.) by Local Transport Act 2008 (c. 26), ss. 16(2), 134(4); S.I. 2009/107, art. 4(2), Sch. 5; S.I. 2009/3294, art. 2(b)

Commencement Information

I112 S. 120 wholly in force at 26.10.2001; s. 120 not in force at Royal Assent see s. 275(1)(2); s. 120 in force (W.) at 1.8.2001 by S.I. 2001/2788, art. 2, Sch. 1 para. 1; s. 120 in force (E.) at 26.10.2001 by S.I. 2001/3342, art. 2, Sch.
(3) The relevant references (apart from those in section 114(1) and (3)) to the authority or authorities in relation to a quality partnership scheme—
   (a) include a traffic regulation authority if it has been varied so that it specifies traffic regulation facilities, but
   (b) do not include a traffic regulation authority if it has been varied so that it no longer specifies such facilities.

(4) But if (although the scheme does not specify facilities which are traffic regulation facilities in relation to a traffic regulation authority) it would do by reason of a proposed variation, those references (apart from those in section 118) include that authority.

(5) And if (although the scheme specifies facilities which are traffic regulation facilities in relation to a traffic regulation authority)—
   (a) the traffic regulation order, or (where more than one) each of the traffic regulation orders, required to be made by that authority for the provision of those facilities has been revoked, and
   (b) the scheme is proposed to be varied (but not so that it specifies other facilities which are traffic regulation facilities in relation to that authority),
   the relevant references (apart from those in section 118) do not include that authority.

(6) For the purposes of this section the relevant references are those in—
   (a) section 114(1) to (4),
   (b) sections 115 to 120, and
   (c) section 127(7),
   and paragraph 27(3) of Schedule 9 to the Road Traffic Regulation Act 1984.

(7) In this section “traffic regulation authority” means—
   (a) a metropolitan district council,
   (b) the Secretary of State, or
   (c) the National Assembly for Wales.

(8) For the purposes of this section facilities are traffic regulation facilities, in relation to a traffic regulation authority and a quality partnership scheme, if that authority was required to be a maker of the scheme because it originally specified those facilities or would have been required to be a maker of it had it done so.
Regulations about schemes.

(1) The appropriate national authority may by regulations make further provision with respect to—

(a) the procedure to be followed when making, varying or revoking quality partnership schemes,

(aa) the content or operation of schemes which include a requirement falling within section 114(6)(b) or (6A),

(b) the local services or classes of local services which must be, or may be, excluded from schemes,

(c) the conditions which must be, or may be, attached to such exclusions,

(d) the form and manner in which undertakings are to be given to a traffic commissioner in connection with schemes,

(e) the making of traffic regulation orders in connection with schemes, and

(f) such other incidental matters in connection with quality partnership schemes as the appropriate national authority thinks fit.

(2) The regulations may in particular make provision with respect to—

(a) giving notice of proposed schemes or proposed variations or revocation of schemes,

(b) objections to such proposals,

(c) the holding of inquiries or hearings into objections,

(d) modifications of such proposals,

(e) the form of schemes or variations, and

(f) giving notice of schemes which have been made or of the variation or revocation of schemes.

(3) As regards schemes which include any requirement mentioned in section 114(6)(b) or (6A), regulations under subsection (1)(a) or (aa) may in particular make provision—

(a) for section 114(6B) not to apply in such circumstances as may be prescribed,

(b) requiring such schemes to include provision falling within subsection (4),

(c) for any requirement as to frequencies, timings or maximum fares to be revised only if there are no admissible objections to the revision from relevant operators,

(d) in prescribed circumstances where such schemes, or any provisions of such schemes, are subject to postponement under section 117, for any such requirement not to take effect unless prescribed conditions are satisfied,

(e) as to the meaning of “admissible objection” for the purposes of section 114(6B) and paragraph (c) of this subsection,

(f) as to the meaning of “relevant operator” for those purposes,

(g) as to the determination of any question whether an objection is an admissible objection or an operator is a relevant operator.

(4) The provision referred to in subsection (3)(b) is provision—

(a) as respects the setting of frequencies, timings or maximum fares to which the requirements relate,

(b) for a minimum interval before any requirements as to frequencies, timings or maximum fares may next be reviewed,

(c) for a maximum interval before any such requirements must next be reviewed,
(d) as respects other circumstances in which any such requirements must or may be reviewed,
(e) as respects revision of any such requirements after a review.

(5) Subsections (3)(b) and (4) have effect subject to, and in accordance with, the following provisions—
(a) the revision of requirements as to frequencies, timings or maximum fares under any provision made in accordance with those subsections is not to be regarded as a variation of the scheme for the purposes of section 120 (variation or revocation of scheme), but
(b) nothing in those subsections or in paragraph (a) of this subsection shall be taken to derogate from what may be done under or by virtue of that section.

(6) The provision that may be made by virtue of subsection (3)(g) includes provision for and in connection with—
(a) the appointment of a person (“an adjudicator”) to make such a determination as is mentioned in that paragraph;
(b) the appointment of a person (“an assessor”) to assist an adjudicator in considering any question which appears to arise in relation to such a determination;
(c) the payment—
   (i) by the appropriate national authority to an adjudicator, or
   (ii) by the appropriate national authority or an adjudicator to an assessor,
   of such remuneration as may be determined by or in accordance with the regulations.]

Textual Amendments
F190  S. 122(1)(aa) inserted (6.4.2009 for E., 31.1.2010 for W.) by Local Transport Act 2008 (c. 26), ss. 18(2), 134(4); S.I. 2009/107, art. 4(2), Sch. 5; S.I. 2009/3294, art. 2(b)
F191  Words in s. 122(1)(d) substituted (3.7.2013) by The Local Transport Act 2008 (Traffic Commissioners) (Consequential Amendments) Order 2013 (S.I. 2013/1644), art. 1(1), Sch. 3 (with art. 7)
F192  S. 122(3)-(6) inserted (6.4.2009 for E., 31.1.2010 for W.) by Local Transport Act 2008 (c. 26), ss. 18(3), 134(4); S.I. 2009/107, art. 4(2), Sch. 5; S.I. 2009/3294, art. 2(b)

Modifications etc. (not altering text)
C27  S. 122(3)(c) modified (W.) (1.2.2010) by The Quality Partnership Schemes (Wales) Regulations 2009 (S.I. 2009/3293), regs. 1(1), 5-7

Commencement Information
I114  S. 122 wholly in force at 26.10.2001; s. 122 not in force at Royal Assent see s. 275(1)(2); s. 122 in force (W.) at 1.8.2001 by S.I. 2001/2788, art. 2, Sch. 1 para. 1; s. 122 in force (E.) at 26.10.2001 by S.I. 2001/3342, art. 2, Sch.

123  Guidance about schemes.

(1) The appropriate national authority may issue guidance concerning the carrying out by local transport authorities and metropolitan district councils of their functions under this Part in relation to quality partnership schemes.

(2) Those authorities and councils must have regard to any such guidance.
Textual Amendments

F183  S. 117 heading substituted (6.4.2009 for E., 31.1.2010 for W.) by Local Transport Act 2008 (c. 26), ss. 16(2), 134(4); S.I. 2009/107, art. 4(2), Sch. 5; S.I. 2009/3294, art. 2(b)

Commencement Information

I115  S. 123 wholly in force at 26.10.2001; s. 123 not in force at Royal Assent see s. 275(1)(2); s. 123 in force (W.) at 1.8.2001 by S.I. 2001/2788, art. 2, Sch. 1 para. 1; s. 123 in force (E.) at 26.10.2001 by S.I. 2001/3342, art. 2, Sch.

123A Franchising schemes

(1) A franchising authority, or two or more franchising authorities acting jointly, may make a franchising scheme covering the whole or any part of their area, or their combined area.

(2) A franchising scheme may not be made unless the franchising authority or authorities have complied with the requirements in sections 123B to 123G.

(3) A franchising scheme is a scheme—
   (a) under which the authority or authorities identify the local services that they consider appropriate to be provided in an area under local service contracts,
   (b) by virtue of which those local services may only be provided in that area in accordance with local service contracts (subject to section 123O),
   (c) by virtue of which the authority or authorities may grant service permits for other local services which have a stopping place in that area (subject to section 123H(5)), and
   (d) under which the authority or authorities identify additional facilities that they consider appropriate to provide in that area.

(4) In this Part “franchising authority” means—
   (a) a mayoral combined authority,
   (b) a county council in England for an area for which there are district councils,
   (c) a county council in England for an area for which there is no district council,
   (d) a non-metropolitan district council for an area for which there is no county council,
   (e) an Integrated Transport Authority for an integrated transport area in England, or
   (f) a combined authority which is not a mayoral combined authority.

But each of paragraphs (b) to (f) has effect only if the Secretary of State by regulations so provides.
In this Part “local service contract”, in relation to a franchising scheme, means an agreement that complies with section 123K(1) to (3) under which—

(a) the franchising authority or authorities grant to another person the exclusive right to operate the local services to which the contract relates, and

(b) the person undertakes to provide the local services on such terms (including in particular as to frequency, fares and standard of service) as may be specified in the agreement.

The terms as to standard of service that may be specified include terms about requirements which vehicles being used to provide the service must meet, including requirements about emissions or types of fuel or power.

A local service contract may be made on terms which include provision for the making of payments by the authority or authorities to the person undertaking to provide the local service.

Section 88(1) of the Transport Act 1985 (application to subsidy agreements of sections 89 to 92 of that Act) does not apply in relation to local service contracts.

A franchising scheme must include a description of the franchising authority's or authorities' plans for consulting such organisations appearing to the authority or authorities to be representative of users of local services as they think fit in order to seek their views on how well the scheme is working.

A franchising authority's functions under this Part in relation to a franchising scheme are excluded from the functions to which section 101(1)(b) of the Local Government Act 1972 applies, where the franchising authority is a local authority within the meaning of section 101 of the Local Government Act 1972.

(1) A franchising authority or authorities that propose to make a franchising scheme covering the whole or any part of their area, or combined area, must prepare an assessment of the proposed scheme.

(2) The assessment must—

(a) describe the effects that the proposed scheme is likely to produce, and

(b) compare making the proposed scheme to one or more other courses of action.

(3) The assessment must also include consideration of—

(a) whether the proposed scheme would contribute to the implementation of—

(i) the authority's or authorities' policies under section 108(1)(a), and

(ii) other policies affecting local services that the authority or authorities have adopted and published,

(b) whether the proposed scheme would contribute to the implementation by neighbouring relevant local authorities of—

Modifications etc. (not altering text)

C28 S. 123A(4)(a) modified (2.11.2018) by The Newcastle Upon Tyne, North Tyneside and Northumberland Combined Authority (Establishment and Functions) Order 2018 (S.I. 2018/1133), arts. 1, 12(2) (with art. 28)
(i) those authorities' policies under section 108(1)(a), and
(ii) other policies affecting local services that those authorities have
adopted and published,
(c) how the authority or authorities would make and operate the proposed scheme,
(d) whether the authority or authorities would be able to afford to make and
operate the scheme,
(e) whether the proposed scheme would represent value for money, and
(f) the extent to which the authority or authorities are likely to be able to secure
that local services are operated under local service contracts.

(4) Subsections (2) and (3) do not prevent inclusion of other matters.

(5) The Secretary of State must issue guidance concerning the preparation of an
assessment under this section, and that guidance may, in particular, include guidance
about methods to be used when assessing a proposed scheme.

(6) Franchising authorities must have regard to any such guidance.

(7) In this section “relevant local authority” means—
(a) a local transport authority,
(b) a London transport authority, or
(c) a council in Scotland.

123C Consent of the Secretary of State and notice

(1) A franchising authority or authorities may not prepare an assessment of a proposed
franchising scheme under section 123B unless the Secretary of State consents to their
doing so.

(2) The Secretary of State's consent is not required if the proposed scheme relates only
to—
(a) the area of a mayoral combined authority, or
(b) the combined area of two or more mayoral combined authorities.

(3) The Secretary of State must publish a notice of a consent given under this section.

(4) Before preparing an assessment of a proposed franchising scheme under section 123B,
the authority or authorities must publish, in such manner as they consider appropriate,
a notice stating that they intend to prepare such an assessment.

123D Audit

(1) If, after preparing an assessment of a proposed franchising scheme under section 123B,
the authority or authorities wish to proceed with the proposed scheme, they must
obtain a report from an independent auditor on that assessment.

(2) The auditor's report must state whether, in the opinion of the auditor—
(a) the information relied on by the authority or authorities in considering the
matters referred to in section 123B(3)(d) or (e) is of sufficient quality,
(b) the analysis of that information in the assessment is of sufficient quality, and
(c) the authority or authorities had due regard to guidance issued under
section 123B in preparing the assessment.
(3) The Secretary of State must issue guidance as to the matters to be taken into account by a franchising authority when selecting a person to act as an auditor.

(4) Franchising authorities must have regard to any such guidance.

(5) The Secretary of State must issue guidance concerning the matters to be taken into account by an auditor when forming an opinion as to whether the information relied on, and the analysis of that information, by an authority is of sufficient quality for the purposes of subsection (2).

(6) Auditors must have regard to any such guidance.

(7) For the purposes of this section an auditor is independent, in relation to an assessment of a proposed franchising scheme, if the person would not be disqualified from acting as local auditor of the accounts of the franchising authority, or any of the franchising authorities, under section 1214 of the Companies Act 2006 as substituted by paragraph 5 of Schedule 5 to the Local Audit and Accountability Act 2014.

(8) In this section “auditor” means a person eligible for appointment as a local auditor by virtue of Chapter 2 of Part 42 of the Companies Act 2006 as modified by Schedule 5 to the Local Audit and Accountability Act 2014.

123E Consultation

(1) This section applies if, after obtaining an auditor's report under section 123D, the authority or authorities wish to proceed with the proposed franchising scheme.

(2) The authority or authorities must—
   (a) publish a consultation document relating to the proposed scheme (see section 123F),
   (b) publish the assessment of the proposed scheme,
   (c) publish the auditor's report on that assessment, and
   (d) give notice of the proposed scheme in such manner as the authority or authorities consider appropriate for bringing it to the attention of persons in the area to which it relates.

(3) A notice under subsection (2)(d) must—
   (a) describe the proposed scheme, and
   (b) state where copies of the proposed scheme and the documents mentioned in subsection (2)(a) to (c) may be inspected.

(4) After giving notice under subsection (2)(d), the authority or authorities must consult—
   (a) all persons operating local services in the area or areas to which the proposed scheme relates,
   (b) all other persons holding a PSV operator’s licence or a community bus permit who would, in the opinion of the authority or authorities, be affected by the proposed scheme,
   (c) such persons as appear to the authority or authorities to represent employees of persons falling within paragraph (a),
   (d) such organisations appearing to the authority or authorities to be representative of users of local services as they think fit,
   (e) any other relevant local authority any part of whose area would, in the opinion of the authority or authorities, be affected by the proposed scheme,
(f) a traffic commissioner,
(g) the chief officer of police for each police area covering the whole or part of an area to which the proposed scheme relates,
(h) the Passengers' Council, and
(i) the Competition and Markets Authority.

(5) In subsection (4)(e) “relevant local authority” means—
(a) a local transport authority,
(b) a district council,
(c) a National Park authority,
(d) the Broads Authority,
(e) a London transport authority, or
(f) a council in Scotland.

(6) The authority or authorities may modify the proposed scheme after consulting those persons and organisations.

### 123F Consultation document

(1) A consultation document under section 123E(2)(a) relating to a proposed franchising scheme must include—
(a) a description of the area to which the proposed scheme relates,
(b) a description of areas within that area for which different provision is proposed to be made, if such provision is proposed to be included in the proposed scheme,
(c) a description of the local services that are proposed to be provided under local service contracts,
(d) a description of the local services that are proposed to be excepted from regulation arising because of the proposed scheme,
(e) the date on which the scheme is proposed to be made,
(f) the date or dates by which it is proposed that local service contracts first be entered into,
(g) the period or periods it is proposed will expire between the making of local service contracts and the provision of local services under such contracts,
(h) a description of the authority's or authorities' proposed plans for consulting in order to seek views on how well the scheme is working,
(i) a statement about how, in conducting the procurement process for the provision of local services, the authority or authorities propose to facilitate the involvement of small and medium-sized operators in the provision of local services, and
(j) the date by which responses to the consultation must be received.

(2) The consultation document must also include a summary of the assessment prepared under section 123B in relation to the proposed scheme.

### 123G Response to consultation

(1) A franchising authority or authorities that conduct a consultation under section 123E must publish a report setting out—
(a) the authority's or authorities' response to the consultation;
(b) the authority's or authorities' decision on whether to make a franchising scheme covering the whole or any part of their area or combined area.

(2) The authority or authorities must give notice of the report to a traffic commissioner.

(3) If the authority or authorities decide to make a franchising scheme, the report must set out how, in conducting the procurement process for the provision of local services, the authority or authorities will facilitate the involvement of small and medium-sized operators in the provision of local services.

(4) If a franchising authority are a mayoral combined authority, the function of deciding whether to make a proposed franchising scheme is a function of the combined authority exercisable only by the mayor acting on behalf of the combined authority (including in a case where the decision is to make a scheme jointly with one or more other franchising authorities).

123H Making and publication of scheme

(1) If the authority or authorities publishing a report under section 123G have decided to make a franchising scheme covering the whole or any part of their area or combined area, they must make the scheme, and publish it, at the same time as the report under section 123G.

(2) The scheme must specify—
   (a) the area to which the scheme relates,
   (b) the local services intended to be provided under local service contracts,
   (c) the date on which local service contracts relating to local services may first be entered into (subject to subsection (3)(b)), and
   (d) the minimum period that is to expire between the making of a local service contract and the provision of a local service under the contract (subject to subsection (3)(c)).

(3) The scheme may specify—
   (a) areas within the area to which the scheme relates ("scheme sub-areas"),
   (b) for each scheme sub-area, the date on which a local service contract to provide a local service in that scheme sub-area may first be entered into, and
   (c) for each scheme sub-area, the minimum period that is to expire between the making of a local service contract to provide such a service and the provision of such a service under the contract.

(4) A scheme may not specify under subsection (2)(d) or (3)(c) a period of less than six months.

(5) Subject to regulations under section 123U, the scheme may except from regulation arising because of the scheme—
   (a) local services specified in the scheme, and
   (b) local services of a class specified in the scheme.

(6) If the franchising scheme relates to an area to which a relevant scheme or plan also relates, the franchising scheme must include—
   (a) in a case where the relevant scheme or plan relates only to the area to which the franchising scheme relates or a part of that area, provision revoking the relevant scheme or plan, or
Postponement of local service contracts

(1) If it appears to the authority or authorities that have made a franchising scheme appropriate to do so, they may decide that—
(a) the date specified under section 123H(2)(c), or
(b) a date specified under section 123H(3)(b),

is to be postponed (or further postponed).

(2) Before making such a decision they must (if possible) consult—
(a) persons operating local services who would, in their opinion, be affected by the decision;
(b) other persons whom, in their opinion, it would be appropriate to consult.

(3) Within a period of 14 days beginning with the date on which any such decision is made they must give notice of the decision—
(a) in such manner as they consider appropriate for drawing it to the attention of persons in the area to which it relates,
(b) to all persons operating local services who would, in their opinion, be affected by the decision, and
(c) to a traffic commissioner.

(4) The notice must include a statement of the reasons for making the decision.

Effect of local service contracts: registration requirements and provision of services

(1) Where a franchising scheme has been made, subsections (2) and (3) apply as soon as the effective time of any local service contract to which the franchising scheme relates is reached, subject to subsection (4).

(2) Sections 6 to 9 of the Transport Act 1985 (registration of local services) do not have effect in relation to the area to which the franchising scheme relates.
(3) No local service may be provided in the area to which the franchising scheme relates (if there is a stopping place for the service in that area) unless—
   (a) it is provided under a local service contract,
   (b) it is an interim service (see section 123O), or
   (c) it is provided under a service permit (see section 123P).

(4) If the scheme provides for scheme sub-areas, subsections (2) and (3) apply in relation to each scheme sub-area as soon as the effective time of any local service contract for the provision of a local service in that scheme sub-area is reached, as if references in subsections (2) and (3) to the area to which the scheme relates were references to the scheme sub-area.

(5) Subsections (2) and (3) do not apply in relation to—
   (a) a local service which is excepted from regulation arising because of the proposed scheme by any provision of the scheme that is made under section 123H(5), or
   (b) the use of a vehicle under a permit granted under section 22 of the Transport Act 1985.

(6) If it appears to a franchising authority that—
   (a) a person is operating or has operated a local service in contravention of subsection (3), and
   (b) in operating that local service, the person is failing or has failed to take all reasonable precautions and to exercise all due diligence to avoid contravening subsection (3),

the authority must inform a traffic commissioner.

(7) The effective time, in relation to a local service contract, is the beginning of the day on which a local service may first be provided under the contract (see sections 123K(4) and 123L).

123K Local service contracts

(1) If a franchising scheme covers the whole or part of the combined area of two or more franchising authorities, a local service contract for a local service specified in the scheme is to be entered by the authorities acting jointly.

(2) A franchising authority or authorities may only enter into a local service contract with a person who is the holder of either—
   (a) a PSV operator's licence, or
   (b) a community bus permit.

(3) But subsection (2)(a) does not include a licence to which a condition is attached under section 26 of the Transport Act 1985 (power of traffic commissioner to attach conditions to licences) prohibiting the holder from using vehicles under the licence to provide local services of all descriptions or of any description to which the condition relates.

(4) A person may not provide a local service under a local service contract until—
   (a) the expiry of the period that, under the scheme, must expire between the making of the contract and the provision of the local service under the contract (see section 123H(2)(d) and (3)(c)), or
(b) such later time as may be specified in the contract.

(5) Subsection (4) is subject to section 123L.

(6) If—

(a) a franchising authority or authorities enter into a local service contract, and

(b) the contract is—

(i) the first contract for the provision of a local service specified in the scheme that is entered into, or

(ii) for any scheme sub-area, the first contract for the provision of a local service specified in relation to that scheme sub-area that is entered into,

they must give notice of the contract to a traffic commissioner.

(7) A notice under subsection (6) must be given within a period of 14 days beginning with the date on which the local service contract in question is entered into.

123L Exceptions to section 123K

(1) A local service contract may specify as the time when a local service may first be provided under the contract a time before the expiry of such period as is described in section 123K(4)(a), and that service may be provided from that time, if the authority or authorities determine that action is urgently required for the purpose of—

(a) maintaining an existing service,

(b) securing the provision of a service in place of a service which has ceased to operate, or

(c) securing the provision of a service to meet any public transport requirement which has arisen unexpectedly and ought in the opinion of the authority to be met without delay.

(2) A determination under subsection (1) must be made at or before the time that the authority or authorities enter into the contract.

123M Variation of scheme

(1) The franchising authority or authorities operating a franchising scheme may vary, or acting jointly may vary, the scheme.

(2) If the authority or authorities decide to vary a franchising scheme, the authority or authorities must—

(a) publish a notice of the decision, and

(b) give notice of the decision to a traffic commissioner.

(3) The notice of the decision must state the date on which the variations of the scheme are to have effect.

(4) The date must fall after a period of six months beginning with the date on which notice of the decision is published.

(5) The notice must be published, and notice must be given to a traffic commissioner, within a period of 14 days beginning with the date on which the decision was made.

(6) If a franchising authority are a mayoral combined authority, the function of deciding whether to make a proposed variation is a function of the combined authority
exercisable only by the mayor acting on behalf of the combined authority (including in a case where the decision is to act jointly to vary a scheme).

(7) The references in subsections (1) to (6) to the franchising authority or authorities in relation to a franchising scheme include a reference to a franchising authority who are not operating the scheme but would do so under a proposed variation.

(8) The variation of a franchising scheme is subject to the same procedure as the making of a franchising scheme, except that—
   (a) the procedure may be modified or excluded in its application to the variation of a scheme by regulations under section 123U,
   (b) sections 123B, 123C, 123D and 123F(2) do not apply, and
   (c) section 123G(3) does not apply.

(9) If the variation of a franchising scheme would involve adding an area to the area to which the scheme relates, subsection (8) has effect in relation to the variation but without subsection (8)(b).

123N Revocation of scheme

(1) The franchising authority or authorities operating a franchising scheme may revoke, or acting jointly may revoke, the franchising scheme.

(2) The authority or authorities may revoke the scheme only if they are satisfied that—
   (a) local services in the area to which the scheme relates are likely to be better if the scheme did not apply,
   (b) the continued operation of the scheme is likely to cause financial difficulties for the authority or any of the authorities, or
   (c) the burdens of continuing with the scheme are likely to outweigh the benefits of doing so.

(3) If the authority or authorities decide to revoke a franchising scheme, the authority or authorities must—
   (a) publish a notice of the decision, and
   (b) give notice of the decision to a traffic commissioner.

(4) The notice of the decision must state the date on which the revocation is to have effect.

(5) The date of revocation must fall after a period of six months beginning with the date on which notice of the decision is published.

(6) The notice must be published, and notice must be given to a traffic commissioner, within a period of 14 days beginning with the date on which the decision was made.

(7) If a franchising authority are a mayoral combined authority, the function of deciding whether to make a proposed revocation is a function of the combined authority exercisable only by the mayor acting on behalf of the combined authority (including in a case where the decision is to act jointly to revoke a scheme).

(8) The revocation of a franchising scheme is subject to the same procedure as the making of a franchising scheme, except that—
   (a) the procedure may be modified or excluded in its application to the revocation of a scheme by regulations under section 123U, and
   (b) section 123G(3) does not apply.
123O Interim services and replacement services

(1) This section applies if—
(a) a franchising authority or authorities have entered into a local service contract with another person ("the operator") about providing a local service ("the original service") for a period, and
(b) the operator fails to provide the original service or ceases to provide the original service before the end of the period.

(2) The authority, or any one of the authorities, may provide a local service (an “interim service”) in the place of the original service or a part of it.

(3) Subsection (2) has effect notwithstanding any prohibition, restriction or limitation on the power of the authority to provide local services contained in any other enactment, apart from the restriction in section 22 of the Bus Services Act 2017.

(4) A franchising authority providing an interim service must have a PSV operator’s licence to which no condition is attached under section 26 of the Transport Act 1985 (power of traffic commissioner to attach conditions to licence) prohibiting the authority from using vehicles under the licence to provide services of that description.

(5) A franchising authority may not provide an interim service after the end of the period of six months beginning with the day on which the authority begins to provide the service, subject to subsection (7).

(6) If—
(a) an interim service is provided, and
(b) the authority or authorities decide to enter into a local service contract with another person for the provision of a local service (a “replacement service”) that would replace the original service or a part of it,
section 123K(4) does not apply in relation to the provision of the replacement service.

(7) If the authority or authorities enter into a local service contract for the provision of a replacement service, the authority or the authority providing the interim service may continue to provide it until the replacement service begins to be provided.

(8) An interim service or replacement service need not be identical to the original service, or the part of the original service, that is replaced by the interim service or the replacement service (and such a change is not to be regarded as a variation of the scheme for the purposes of section 123M).

(9) In this section “enactment” includes an enactment comprised in subordinate legislation (within the meaning of the Interpretation Act 1978).

123P Service permits

(1) This section applies where a franchising scheme covers the whole or part of the area or combined area of a franchising authority or authorities.

(2) The authority or authorities, acting jointly, may grant a permit (a “service permit”) authorising a person to provide a local service in the area to which the scheme relates.
123Q Application for service permit

(1) An application for a service permit authorising a person to provide a particular local service in an area to which a franchising scheme relates must be made in such manner as the authority or authorities operating the scheme may determine.

(2) An application must be accompanied by such information as the authority or authorities operating the scheme may specify.

(3) If the authority or authorities so require, an application for a service permit must be accompanied by a fee for processing the application of an amount that is determined in accordance with regulations made by the Secretary of State.

(4) Regulations under subsection (3) may specify the maximum amount of the fee.

(5) The authority or authorities must grant the service permit applied for if they are satisfied that—

(a) the proposed service will benefit persons making journeys on local services in the area to which the scheme relates, and

(b) the proposed service will not have an adverse effect on any local service that is provided under a local service contract in the area to which the scheme relates.

(6) The authority or authorities may not grant the service permit applied for if they are not satisfied as to the matters in subsection (5)(a) and (b).

(7) If the authority or authorities do not grant a service permit, they must give notice of their reasons to the applicant within a period of ten days beginning with the date on which they decide not to grant the service permit.

123R Conditions

(1) A franchising authority or authorities may publish a notice specifying the conditions, or descriptions of conditions, that they may attach to a service permit.

(2) A franchising authority or authorities may—

(a) withdraw a notice under subsection (1), and

(b) if an earlier notice under subsection (1) is withdrawn, publish another notice under subsection (1).

(3) A franchising authority or authorities may only specify in a notice under subsection (1) conditions that are specified, or are of a description specified, in regulations made by the Secretary of State.

(4) Regulations under subsection (3) may in particular provide for conditions requiring holders of service permits to participate in ticketing arrangements.

(5) Before the authority or authorities publish a notice under subsection (1) (or withdraw such a notice), they must consult—

(a) persons operating local services in the area to which the scheme relates, and

(b) other persons whom, in their opinion, it would be appropriate to consult.

(6) If a notice under subsection (1) is published, the franchising authority or authorities may attach to—

(a) a service permit granted by them after the notice is published, or

(b) a service permit already granted by them,
conditions, or conditions of a description, specified in the notice.

(7) If a notice under subsection (1) is withdrawn, conditions attached to service permits granted by the franchising authority or authorities before it was withdrawn cease to have effect (subject to being attached again under subsection (6)(b)).

(8) If the authority or authorities grant a service permit with conditions, they must give notice of their reasons for doing so to the applicant within a period of 14 days beginning with the date on which they grant the service permit with those conditions.

(9) If the authority or authorities attach conditions to a service permit after it is granted, they must give notice of their reasons for doing so to the holder of the service permit within a period of 14 days beginning with the date on which they attach those conditions.

123S Revocation and suspension

(1) A franchising authority or authorities may revoke or suspend a service permit granted by them.

(2) The grounds on which a franchising authority or authorities may revoke or suspend a service permit are—

(a) that a matter in section 123Q(5)(a) or (b) is not satisfied as regards the service to which the service permit relates,

(b) that the holder of the service permit has failed to comply with a condition attached to the service permit, and

(c) that the public would be endangered if the service continued to operate.

(3) The Secretary of State may by regulations make provision about the period of notice that must expire before a revocation or suspension takes effect.

(4) The regulations may, in particular, enable a franchising authority or authorities to revoke or suspend a service permit with immediate effect if the permit is revoked or suspended on the ground mentioned in subsection (2)(c).

(5) A service permit is of no effect during a period of suspension.

123T Appeals

(1) A person whose application for a service permit is refused may appeal against the refusal.

(2) A person who is granted a service permit with conditions may appeal against the attaching of the conditions or any of them.

(3) A person to whose service permit conditions are attached after the service permit is granted may appeal against the attaching of the conditions or any of them.

(4) A person whose service permit is revoked or suspended may appeal against the revocation or suspension.

(5) An appeal under subsection (1), (2), (3) or (4) is to be made to a traffic commissioner.

(6) On an appeal under subsection (1), (2), (3) or (4), a traffic commissioner may—

(a) uphold the decision,
(b) quash the decision, or
(c) substitute a decision for the decision made.

(7) The Secretary of State may by regulations make provision about appeals under this section including, in particular, provision—
(a) as to the time within which an appeal to a traffic commissioner must be brought,
(b) enabling a traffic commissioner to hold a hearing,
(c) requiring a traffic commissioner to hold a hearing if requested by the appellant,
(d) as to the time within which a hearing must be held, and
(e) as to the time within which an appeal must be determined.

(8) A person may appeal to the Upper Tribunal against a decision of a traffic commissioner under subsection (6).

(9) For the purposes of section 13(2) of the Tribunals, Courts and Enforcement Act 2007 (appeals to Court of Appeal etc against decisions of the Upper Tribunal) the following persons are to be treated as parties to a case—
(a) the person who appealed under subsection (1), (2), (3) or (4),
(b) the franchising authority or authorities whose decision was appealed, and
(c) a traffic commissioner.

123U Regulations about schemes

(1) The Secretary of State may by regulations make further provision with respect to—
(a) the procedure to be followed when making, varying or revoking franchising schemes,
(b) the local services or classes of local services which are to be, or may be, excepted from regulation arising because of the scheme, and
(c) such other incidental matters in connection with franchising schemes as the Secretary of State thinks fit.

(2) The regulations may in particular make provision with respect to—
(a) giving notice of proposed schemes or the proposed variation or revocation of schemes,
(b) modifications of such proposals,
(c) the form of schemes or variations, and
(d) giving notice of schemes which have been made or of the variation or revocation of schemes.

(3) The Secretary of State may by regulations make further provision with respect to service permits.

(4) The Secretary of State may also make regulations modifying or excluding the application of provisions of this Part, so far as relating to franchising schemes, in cases where a franchising authority, or two or more franchising authorities acting jointly—
(a) propose or decide to vary or revoke a scheme under section 123M or 123N, or
(b) having varied a scheme under section 123M, propose or decide to postpone a date on which a local service contract to provide a local service specified in the scheme may first be entered into.
Transitional provision about schemes

(1) The Secretary of State may by regulations make such transitional provision as the Secretary of State considers appropriate in connection with—

(a) the making of franchising schemes,
(b) the application of section 123J in relation to an area (effect of local service contracts: sections 6 to 9 of the Transport Act 1985 and provision of services),
(c) the variation of franchising schemes, and
(d) the revocation of franchising schemes.

(2) The regulations may in particular provide that in prescribed circumstances—

(a) any provision of sections 6 to 9 of the Transport Act 1985 (registration of local services), or of sections 89 to 92 of that Act (obligation to invite tenders etc), which would otherwise have effect is not to have effect or is to have effect with such modifications as may be prescribed, or
(b) any such provision which would not otherwise have effect is to have effect or is to have effect with such modifications as may be prescribed,

in relation to the whole or any part of the area to which the scheme relates.

(3) Regulations made by virtue of subsection (2) may in particular provide for the period in section 6(8)(a) of the Transport Act 1985 to be, for applications to vary or cancel the registration of services that have one or more stopping places in the area to which a franchising scheme relates, the period specified in a notice issued by the authority or authorities that made the franchising scheme.

(4) The regulations may impose requirements in relation to notices issued as mentioned in subsection (3) that include (but are not limited to) requirements—

(a) as to the time when the notice may be issued,
(b) as to the publication of the notice,
(c) as to sending a copy of the notice to a traffic commissioner, and
(d) as to the period, not exceeding 112 days, that may be specified in the notice.

(5) Regulations made by virtue of subsection (2) may in particular provide for cases where local services continue to be provided in an area under local service contracts after a franchising scheme—

(a) is revoked, or
(b) is varied so as no longer to relate to that area.

(6) The regulations may—

(a) prohibit the registration of a service, or a variation of the registration of a service, under section 6 of the Transport Act 1985 so far as the service, or the service as varied, would be provided in that area, except in a case where the service, or the service as varied, would be a service that, under the scheme as it had effect before it was revoked or varied, could have been provided in that area under a local service contract, and
(b) require a traffic commissioner to register a service on an application by a person who, immediately before the scheme was revoked or varied, provided the same service under a service permit.

(7) Any regulations made by virtue of subsection (1)(a) are not to have effect in the case of any franchising scheme as respects any time before the making of the scheme.
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123W  Guidance about schemes

(1) The Secretary of State may issue guidance concerning the exercise by franchising authorities of their functions under this Part in relation to franchising schemes.

(2) Franchising authorities must have regard to any such guidance.

123X  Local service contracts: application of TUPE

(1) Subsection (3) applies to a situation in which—

(a) at the effective time of a local service contract, local services cease to be provided by a person (the “former operator”) in—

(i) the area to which the relevant franchising scheme relates, or
(ii) in the case of a franchising scheme which provides for scheme sub-areas, the relevant scheme sub-area,

in accordance with section 123J(3), and

(b) at the same time, a person (the “new operator”) begins to provide local services in that area under that local service contract.

(2) Subsection (3) also applies to a situation in which—

(a) local services which, at the effective time of a local service contract, a person (the “former operator”) would be required by section 123J(3) to cease providing in—

(i) the area mentioned in subsection (1)(a)(i), or
(ii) the area mentioned in subsection (1)(a)(ii) (as the case may be),

cease to be provided by the former operator before the effective time of that local service contract, and

(b) at the same time as those local services cease to be provided by the former operator, a person (the “new operator”) begins to provide local services in that area under an agreement which the authority or authorities operating the relevant franchising scheme entered into by reason of the cessation of the local services referred to in paragraph (a).

(3) Any situation to which this subsection applies is to be treated as a relevant transfer for the purposes of the Transfer of Undertakings (Protection of Employment) Regulations 2006 ("TUPE") (whether or not TUPE would apply apart from this subsection).

(4) For the purposes of TUPE, the organised grouping of employees that is subject to the relevant transfer consists of those employees of the former operator whose employment is principally connected with the provision of the local services referred to in subsection (1)(a) or (as the case may be) the local services referred to in subsection (2)(a).

(5) Any situation which by virtue of this section is treated as a relevant transfer for the purposes of TUPE is also to be treated as a relevant transfer within the meaning of TUPE for the purposes of—

(a) sections 257 and 258 of the Pensions Act 2004, and
(b) any regulations made under section 258 of that Act.

(6) The Secretary of State may make regulations supplementing the provision made by this section.

(7) The provision that may be made by regulations under subsection (6) includes—
(a) provision for determining, for the purposes of subsection (4), whether a person's employment is principally connected with the provision of any particular local services (including provision for or in connection with the appointment of a person to make such determination);

(b) provision for determining, in the case of any particular organised grouping of employees, the particular new operator who is to be the transferee for the purposes of TUPE (including provision for or in connection with the appointment of a person to make such determination);

(c) provision requiring any person operating local services in the area to which a franchising scheme relates to provide the authority or authorities operating the scheme with such information as may be prescribed, at such time as may be prescribed, about such of that person's employees as would fall within subsection (4) if the person ceased to provide those services in the circumstances described in subsection (1)(a);

(d) provision requiring the authority or authorities operating a franchising scheme to provide all persons operating local services in the area to which the scheme relates with such information as may be prescribed, at such time as may be prescribed, so as to enable such persons to comply with any requirement imposed by virtue of paragraph (c) of this subsection;

(e) provision requiring the authority or authorities operating a franchising scheme to ensure that any local service contract entered into with a person under the scheme, or any other agreement made with a person for the provision of local services in the area to which the scheme relates, is made on terms—

(i) that require the person, in the event of there being any transferring employees, to secure pension protection for every transferring employee, or every transferring employee of a prescribed description, who as an employee of the former operator had rights to acquire pension benefits, and

(ii) that, so far as relating to the securing of pension protection for a transferring employee, are enforceable by the employee.

(8) For the purposes of this section—

(a) “transferring employee” means an employee of a former operator whose contract of employment becomes, either by virtue of TUPE or by virtue of this section, a contract of employment with a new operator;

(b) “pension protection” is secured for a transferring employee if after the change of employer referred to in paragraph (a)—

(i) the employee has, as an employee of the new operator, rights to acquire pension benefits, and

(ii) those rights are of such description as is prescribed by regulations.

(9) The Secretary of State must exercise the power conferred by this section to make regulations containing provision falling within subsection (7)(c) so as to ensure—

(a) that pension protection is required to be secured for every transferring original employee who, as an employee of the original operator, had rights to acquire pension benefits, and

(b) that the rights to acquire pension benefits which a transferring original employee has as an employee of the new operator by virtue of paragraph (a) are rights which—

(i) are the same as the rights the transferring original employee had as an employee of the original operator, or
(ii) under provision made by regulations, count as being broadly comparable to, or better than, those rights.

(10) For the purposes of subsection (9)—

“transferring original employee” means a transferring employee—

(a) who immediately before the relevant date was employed by a person (the “original operator”) providing local services in the area to which the relevant franchising scheme relates, and

(b) whose contract of employment—

(i) was, from that date until the change of employer referred to in subsection (8)(a), a contract of employment with the original operator, or

(ii) on each occasion when the employee was subject to a relevant transfer became, either by virtue of TUPE or by virtue of this section, a contract of employment with a person providing local services in the area referred to in paragraph (a);

“relevant date”, in relation to a franchising scheme, means—

(a) the date on which the scheme was made, or

(b) where—

(i) the local services being provided by the original operator were not subject to the scheme when it was made, and

(ii) as a result of the variation of the scheme, those services became subject to the scheme,

the date on which that variation was made;

“relevant transfer” means anything that is, or is to be treated as, a relevant transfer for the purposes of TUPE.]
(b) the proposed scheme will bring benefits to persons using local services in the area to which the proposed scheme relates, by improving the quality of those services,

(c) the proposed scheme will contribute to the implementation of the local transport policies of the authority or authorities,

(d) the proposed scheme will contribute to the implementation of those policies in a way which is economic, efficient and effective, and

(e) any adverse effects of the proposed scheme on operators will be proportionate to the improvement in the well-being of persons living or working in the area to which the proposed scheme relates and, in particular, to the achievement of the objectives mentioned in paragraphs (a) to (d).

(1A) . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . .

(1B) . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . .

(2) A quality contracts scheme may not be made unless the authority or authorities—

(a) have complied with the requirements of section 125, [F199 and]

(b) have obtained the approval of the Welsh Ministers in accordance with section 126, [F201 . . . ]

(2A) . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . .

(3) A quality contracts scheme is a scheme under which—

(a) the authority or authorities determine what local services should be provided in the area to which the scheme relates and any additional facilities or services which should be provided in that area, and

(b) local services may only be provided in that area in accordance with quality contracts (subject to section 127(4) [F203 and section 132C]).

(4) In this Part “quality contract”, in relation to a quality contracts scheme, means an agreement entered into under section 130 or 131 under which—

(a) the authority or authorities grant to another person the exclusive right to operate the local services to which the contract relates, and

(b) that person undertakes to provide the services on such terms (including in particular as to frequency, fares and standard of service) as may be specified in the agreement.

(5) A quality contract may be made on terms—

(a) which include provision for the making of payments by the authority or authorities to the person undertaking to provide the local service, and

(b) requiring one or more of the parties to provide additional facilities or services.

(6) Section 88(1) of the Transport Act 1985 (application to subsidy agreements of sections 89 to 92 of that Act) does not apply in relation to quality contracts.

(7) The authority or authorities must keep under review the extent to which quality contracts entered into by them are complied with.

(8) In carrying out their functions under this Part in relation to quality contracts schemes, local transport authorities must co-operate with one another.
(9) In considering whether to make a quality contracts scheme, a local transport authority [F286] for an area in Wales] must have regard to the desirability, in appropriate cases, of making a scheme jointly with another [F285] authority.

[F286] (9A) .........................................................

[F287] (9B) The reference in subsection (1)(a) to increasing the use of bus services includes a reference to reducing, arresting or reversing decline in the use of bus services.

[F288] (10) .........................................................

[F289] (11) .........................................................

[F289] (12) .........................................................

[F289] (13) .........................................................
125 Notice and consultation requirements.

(1) If an authority or authorities propose to make a quality contracts scheme, they must—

(a) publish, in such manner as they think fit, a consultation document complying with subsection (1A),

(b) supply a copy of that document to each of the persons mentioned in subsection (3),

(c) give notice in accordance with subsection (2) of the proposed scheme in at least one newspaper circulating in the area to which it relates,

(d) . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . .

(1A) The consultation document mentioned in subsection (1)(a) must include—

(a) a description of the proposed scheme;

(b) a statement of the reasons why the authority or authorities are satisfied that the conditions in subsection (1) of section 124 are met;

(c) a description of any arrangements which the authority or authorities intend to make (including arrangements with other authorities or other persons) for or in connection with the implementation of the scheme;

(d) a statement of how any costs which the authority or authorities expect to incur under the scheme are to be defrayed;

(e) a declaration by the chief finance officer or officers of the authority or authorities that, after taking into account—

(i) any estimated income from fares, and

(ii) any grants from Ministers of the Crown or government departments, any remaining funding required to implement the scheme can be provided from other resources available to the authority or authorities;

(f) the date by which any written responses to the consultation must be submitted to the authority or authorities.

(1B) The description of the proposed scheme contained in the consultation document in accordance with subsection (1A)(a) must include—

(a) an outline of the local services which are proposed to be provided under it;

(b) a statement of any proposed exclusions from the scheme by virtue of section 127(4).

(1C) In subsection (1A)(e) “chief finance officer”, in relation to a local transport authority, means that officer of the authority who is responsible under—

(a) section 151 of the Local Government Act 1972, or

(b) section 73 of the Local Government Act 1985,
for making arrangements for the proper administration of the financial affairs of the authority.]

(2) The notice must—
   (a) describe the proposed scheme, [F215 and]
   (b) state where a copy of the scheme [F216 and the consultation document ] may
       be inspected, [F217 ... ]
   F217  (c) ....................................................

(3) After giving notice of the proposed scheme, the authority or authorities must consult—
   (a) all persons operating local services in the area to which it relates,
   (b) all other persons holding a PSV operator’s licence or a community bus permit
       who, in the opinion of the authority or authorities, be affected by it,
   (c) such organisations appearing to the authority or authorities to be
       representative of users of local services as they think fit,
   (d) any other relevant local authority any part of whose area would, in the opinion
       of the authority or authorities, be affected by it,
   (e) [F218 a traffic commissioner],
   (f) the chief officer of police for each police area covering the whole or part of
       F220 the area to which the proposed scheme relates], and
   (g) such other persons as the authority or authorities think fit.

(4) For the purpose of subsection (3)(d) the following are relevant local authorities—
   (a) local transport authorities,
   (b) district councils in England,
   (c) London transport authorities, and
   (d) councils in Scotland.

(5) The authority or authorities may modify the proposed scheme following those
    consultations.

Textual Amendments

F210 Words in s. 125(1) substituted (11.1.2010 for E.) by Local Transport Act 2008 (c. 26), ss. 20(2), 134(4); S.I. 2009/3242, art. 2(1)(a) (with art. 3)

F211 Word in s. 125(1)(b) inserted (27.4.2017 for specified purposes, 27.6.2017 in so far as not already in force) by Bus Services Act 2017 (c. 21), s. 26(3), Sch. 2 para. 8(a)(i)

F212 S. 125(1)(d) and word omitted (27.4.2017 for specified purposes, 27.6.2017 in so far as not already in force) by virtue of Bus Services Act 2017 (c. 21), s. 26(3), Sch. 2 para. 8(a)(ii)

F213 S. 125(1A)-(1C) inserted (11.1.2010 for E.) by Local Transport Act 2008 (c. 26), ss. 20(3), 134(4); S.I. 2009/3242, art. 2(1)(a) (with art. 3)

F214 Words in s. 125(1A)(b) omitted (27.4.2017 for specified purposes, 27.6.2017 in so far as not already in force) by virtue of Bus Services Act 2017 (c. 21), s. 26(3), Sch. 2 para. 8(b)

F215 Word in s. 125(2)(a) inserted (11.1.2010 for E.) by Local Transport Act 2008 (c. 26), ss. 20(4)(a), 134(4); S.I. 2009/3242, art. 2(1)(a) (with art. 3)

F216 Words in s. 125(2)(b) inserted (11.1.2010 for E.) by Local Transport Act 2008 (c. 26), ss. 20(4)(b), 134(4); S.I. 2009/3242, art. 2(1)(a) (with art. 3)

F217 S. 125(2)(c) repealed (11.1.2010 for E.) by Local Transport Act 2008 (c. 26), ss. 20(4)(c), 134(4), Sch. 7 Pt. 2; S.I. 2009/3242, art. 2(1)(a) (with art. 3)

F218 Words in s. 125(3)(c) omitted (27.4.2017 for specified purposes, 27.6.2017 in so far as not already in force) by virtue of Bus Services Act 2017 (c. 21), s. 26(3), Sch. 2 para. 8(e)
126  [F221 Approval of proposed schemes for areas in Wales]

F222 (A1) ..................................................

(1) If, having complied with [F223 the requirements of] section 125, the authority or authorities wish to proceed with the proposed scheme, they must apply to the appropriate national authority for its approval.

(2) The application must include—
   (a) their reasons for wishing to make the scheme, and
   (b) such other information as the appropriate national authority may reasonably require.

(3) Any person [F224 who was consulted, or who is aggrieved at not being consulted,] under section 125(3) may make written representations to the appropriate national authority about the scheme.

(4) The appropriate national authority may approve the proposed scheme, with or without modifications, if it is satisfied that—
   (a) the conditions set out in [F225 paragraphs (a) to (e)] of section 124(1) [F226... are met, and
   (b) it is in the interests of the public that the scheme is made.

(5) If the appropriate national authority proposes to approve the scheme with modifications, it must first inform the authority or authorities and they must—
   (a) consult such of the persons they consulted under section 125(3) as would, in their opinion, be affected by those modifications, and
   (b) inform the appropriate national authority as to the outcome of that consultation.

(6) After being informed of that outcome the appropriate national authority may approve the scheme either with those modifications or without modifications.

Textual Amendments
F221 S. 126 heading substituted (11.1.2010 for E.) by virtue of Local Transport Act 2008 (c. 26), ss. 21(6), 134(4); S.I. 2009/3242, art. 2(1)(a)
F222 S. 126(A1) omitted (27.4.2017 for specified purposes, 27.6.2017 in so far as not already in force) by virtue of Bus Services Act 2017 (c. 21), s. 26(3), Sch. 2 para. 9
F223 Words in s. 126(1) inserted (11.1.2010 for E.) by Local Transport Act 2008 (c. 26), ss. 21(3), 134(4); S.I. 2009/3242, art. 2(1)(a)
F224 Words in s. 126(3) substituted (11.1.2010 for E.) by Local Transport Act 2008 (c. 26), ss. 21(4), 134(4); S.I. 2009/3242, art. 2(1)(a)
126A  Boards for proposed schemes for areas in England

126B  Advice by boards or their Commissioners

Textual Amendments
F227  Ss. 126A-126E omitted (27.4.2017 for specified purposes, 27.6.2017 in so far as not already in force) by virtue of Bus Services Act 2017 (c. 21), s. 26(3), Sch. 2 para. 10

126C  Requests for boards to begin consideration etc of proposed schemes

Textual Amendments
F227  Ss. 126A-126E omitted (27.4.2017 for specified purposes, 27.6.2017 in so far as not already in force) by virtue of Bus Services Act 2017 (c. 21), s. 26(3), Sch. 2 para. 10

126D  Consideration of proposed schemes by boards

Textual Amendments
F227  Ss. 126A-126E omitted (27.4.2017 for specified purposes, 27.6.2017 in so far as not already in force) by virtue of Bus Services Act 2017 (c. 21), s. 26(3), Sch. 2 para. 10

126E  Practice and procedure of boards
127 Making of scheme.

[F228 (1) The authority or authorities who proposed the scheme may make it—
(F229 (a) ...........................................
(b) ........................................]

[F230 (1A) ...........................................

[F228 (1B) If—
(F232 (a) ...........................................
(b) the Welsh Ministers approve the scheme under section 126,
the authority or authorities who proposed it may make it, as approved, at any time not later than 6 months after the date of the approval.]

(2) The scheme must specify—
(a) the area to which it relates,
(F233 (b) the date on which it is to come into operation or, if the scheme provides for different provisions to come into operation on different dates, or on different dates for different purposes, those dates in the case of each provision, and]
(c) the period for which it is to remain in operation, which must not be more than ten years [F234 from the earliest date on which the scheme or any of its provisions comes into operation.]

[F235 (2A) No date that is to be specified under subsection (2)(b) may be earlier than 6 months after the scheme is made.]

(3) The scheme must outline—
(a) the local services which are to be provided under quality contracts, and
(b) the features of the proposed invitations to tender for quality contracts.

[F236 (3A) The scheme must specify the date or dates on which it is proposed that the authority or authorities will issue invitations to tender for the provision of any services to which the scheme relates (see section 130).]

(4) The scheme may provide that—
(a) local services specified in it, or
(b) local services of a class specified in it,
are to be excluded from the scheme, subject to such conditions (if any) as may be specified in it.

(5) The scheme may contain such ancillary provisions as the authority or authorities think fit.

(6) The scheme may include provision—
(a) varying or revoking any quality partnership scheme which only relates to the area of the authority, or combined area of the authorities, by which the scheme is made, or
(b) varying any other quality partnership scheme to the extent that it so relates.

(7) If provision is made under subsection (6)(b) to vary the quality partnership scheme so that it no longer so relates, such of the authorities by which it was made as did not make the quality contracts scheme—

(a) may (subject to the provision so made) vary it if they decide that it is appropriate to do so, or

(b) may revoke it if all persons who have given an undertaking to provide a service to a standard specified in the scheme consent to the revocation of the scheme (which consent must not be unreasonably withheld);

and subsections (3) and (4) of section 120 apply to a variation or revocation under this subsection.

(8) Not later than 14 days after the date on which the scheme is made, the authority or authorities must—

(a) give notice in at least one newspaper circulating in the area to which the scheme relates, and

(b) send a copy of the scheme to a traffic commissioner.

(9) The notice must state—

(a) that the scheme has been made,

(b) where a copy of the scheme may be inspected, and

(c) the date or dates on which the scheme, or the different provisions of the scheme, are to come into operation.

(10) The appropriate national authority may by order vary any of the periods mentioned in subsection... (1B) or (2A).]

Textual Amendments

F228 S. 127(1)-(1B) substituted for s. 127(1) (11.1.2010 for E.) by Local Transport Act 2008 (c. 26), ss. 26(2), 134(4); S.I. 2009/3242, art. 2(1)(a)

F229 S. 127(1)(a) omitted (27.4.2017 for specified purposes, 27.6.2017 in so far as not already in force) by virtue of Bus Services Act 2017 (c. 21), s. 26(3), Sch. 2 para. 11(a)

F230 Words in s. 127(1)(b) omitted (27.4.2017 for specified purposes, 27.6.2017 in so far as not already in force) by virtue of Bus Services Act 2017 (c. 21), s. 26(3), Sch. 2 para. 11(b)

F231 S. 127(1A) omitted (27.4.2017 for specified purposes, 27.6.2017 in so far as not already in force) by virtue of Bus Services Act 2017 (c. 21), s. 26(3), Sch. 2 para. 11(c)

F232 S. 127(1B)(a) omitted (27.4.2017 for specified purposes, 27.6.2017 in so far as not already in force) by virtue of Bus Services Act 2017 (c. 21), s. 26(3), Sch. 2 para. 11(d)

F233 S. 127(2)(b) substituted (11.1.2010 for E.) by Local Transport Act 2008 (c. 26), ss. 26(3), 134(4); S.I. 2009/3242, art. 2(1)(a)

F234 Words in s. 127(2)(c) inserted (11.1.2010 for E.) by Local Transport Act 2008 (c. 26), ss. 26(4), 134(4); S.I. 2009/3242, art. 2(1)(a)

F235 S. 127(2A) inserted (11.1.2010 for E.) by Local Transport Act 2008 (c. 26), ss. 26(5), 134(4); S.I. 2009/3242, art. 2(1)(a)

F236 S. 127(3A) inserted (11.1.2010 for E.) by Local Transport Act 2008 (c. 26), ss. 26(6), 134(4); S.I. 2009/3242, art. 2(1)(a)

F237 Words in s. 127(8)(b) substituted (3.7.2013) by The Local Transport Act 2008 (Traffic Commissioners) (Consequential Amendments) Order 2013 (S.I. 2013/1644), art. 1(1), Sch. 3 (with art. 7)

F238 S. 127(9)(c) substituted (11.1.2010 for E.) by Local Transport Act 2008 (c. 26), ss. 26(7), 134(4); S.I. 2009/3242, art. 2(1)(a)
128 Postponement of scheme.

(1) If it appears to the authority or authorities who made the scheme appropriate to do so, they may decide that the date on which the scheme \[F242\] or any particular provision of the scheme,\[F243\] would otherwise come into operation, or come into operation for any particular purpose or purposes, shall be postponed by such period as they think fit (subject to any provision of regulations made under subsection (4)).

(2) Before making such a decision they must consult all operators of local services who would, in their opinion, be affected by the decision.

(3) Not later than 14 days after the date on which any such decision is made they must give notice of the decision—

- \[F244\] in at least one newspaper circulating in the area to which the scheme relates, ...
- \[F245\] to all operators of local services who would, in their opinion, be affected by the decision, and
- \[F245\] to a traffic commissioner.

(4) The appropriate national authority may by regulations make provision with respect to postponements under subsection (1).

(5) The regulations may in particular make provision—
Effect of scheme.

(1) During any period in which the scheme is in operation—

(a) sections 6 to 9 of the Transport Act 1985 (registration of local services) do not have effect in relation to the area to which the scheme, or that provision, relates, and

(b) no local service shall be provided in that area (if there is a stopping place for the service in that area) unless it is provided under a quality contract or is an interim service (see section 132C).

(2) But subsection (1) does not apply—

(a) so as to prevent the application of sections 6 to 9 of the Transport Act 1985 in relation to any service by virtue of or in consequence of section 6B of that Act (application for registration or variation where quality contracts scheme in force),

(b) so as to prevent the provision of any service registered under section 6 of the Transport Act 1985 by virtue of section 6B of that Act, or

(c) in relation to services which are excluded from the scheme as a result of any provision of the scheme made in accordance with section 127(4).

(3) Where the exclusion of a local service from the scheme is made subject to conditions as a result of such a provision, those conditions are to be treated, during any period in which the scheme is in operation, as if they were prescribed particulars registered under section 6 of the Transport Act 1985 of the service concerned.

(4) The authority or authorities must invite tenders in accordance with section 130 not later than—

(a) as to the maximum period of postponements, and

(b) requiring authorities to re-issue invitations to tender in accordance with section 130.
Tendering for quality contracts.

(1) The authority, or the authorities acting jointly, must invite tenders for the provision of services to which the scheme [F251], or each provision of the scheme, relates for such period and on such basis as may be specified in the invitation to tender.

(2) The period specified must not exceed [F252] years.

(3) Subject to subsection (4), such an invitation—

(a) must be issued generally, in such manner as the authority or authorities consider appropriate for bringing it to the attention of persons who may be interested, and

(b) must also be issued individually to all persons who have given to that authority or any of those authorities a written notice indicating that they wish to receive invitations to tender for the provision of local services of a description to which the invitation relates.

(4) Such a notice must specify the address to which such an invitation is to be directed, and it shall be sufficient for the purposes of subsection (3)(b) if the authority or authorities send the invitation to the person giving such a notice at the address so specified.

(5) The authority or authorities may only accept a tender submitted by a person who is the holder of either—

(a) a PSV operator’s licence, or

(b) a community bus permit.
(6) But subsection (5)(a) does not include a licence to which a condition is attached under section 26 of the Transport Act 1985 (power of traffic commissioner to attach conditions to licences) prohibiting the holder from using vehicles under the licence to provide local services of all descriptions or of any description to which the invitation relates.

(7) After entering into a quality contract, the authority or authorities must give notice to [253 a traffic commissioner] of—

(a) the local services to be provided in accordance with the contract, and

(b) the duration of the contract.

(8) The appropriate national authority may by regulations make provision requiring authorities to publish prescribed information about tenders submitted to them in accordance with this section or about their reasons for entering into particular quality contracts.

Textual Amendments

F251 Words in s. 130(1) inserted (11.1.2010 for E.) by Local Transport Act 2008 (c. 26), ss. 30(2), 134(4); S.I. 2009/3242, art. 2(1)(a)

F252 Word in s. 130(2) substituted (11.1.2010 for E.) by Local Transport Act 2008 (c. 26), ss. 30(3), 134(4); S.I. 2009/3242, art. 2(1)(a)

F253 Words in s. 130(7) substituted (3.7.2013) by The Local Transport Act 2008 (Traffic Commissioners) (Consequential Amendments) Order 2013 (S.I. 2013/1644), art. 1(1), Sch. 3 (with art. 7)

Modifications etc. (not altering text)


Commencement Information

I122 S. 130 partly in force; s. 130 not in force at Royal Assent see s. 275(1)(2); s. 130(8) wholly in force and s. 130(1)-(7) in force for specified purposes (W.) at 1.8.2001 by S.I. 2001/2788, art. 2, Sch. 1 paras. 2, 3; s. 130 in force (E.) at 26.10.2001 by S.I. 2001/3342, art. 2, Sch.

Marginal Citations

M41 1985 c. 67.

131 Exceptions from section 130.

(1) Section 130 does not apply in any case where it appears to the authority or authorities that action is urgently required for the purpose of—

(a) maintaining an existing service,

(b) securing the provision of a service in place of a service which has ceased to operate, or

(c) securing the provision of a service to meet any public transport requirement which has arisen unexpectedly and ought in the opinion of the authority to be met without delay.

(2) The appropriate national authority may by regulations make provision for further exceptions from section 130, including in particular with respect to—
(a) cases in which no tender, or no acceptable tender, is submitted in response to an invitation to tender issued under section 130(1) or under any provision made by virtue of subsection (5)(a), and

(b) agreements of a prescribed description.

(3) The appropriate national authority may make regulations fixing the maximum duration of a quality contract entered into under subsection (1) or under any provision made by virtue of subsection (2).

(4) The appropriate national authority may by regulations make further provision with respect to exceptions from section 130.

(5) Regulations under subsection (4) may in particular—

(a) require authorities to invite tenders for the provision of a service which is the subject of a quality contract made under subsection (1) or under any provision made by virtue of subsection (2), and

(b) require authorities to publish prescribed information (including as to their reasons for entering into particular quality contracts) or to give notices.

Commencement Information

1123 S. 131 partly in force; s. 131 not in force at Royal Assent see s. 275(1)(2); s. 131(2)(3)(4) wholly in force and s. 131(1)(5) in force for specified purposes (W.) at 1.8.2001 by S.I. 2001/2788, art. 2, Sch. 1 paras. 2, 3; s. 131 in force (E.) at 26.10.2001 by S.I. 2001/3342, art. 2, Sch.

131A Continuation of schemes for further periods

(1) If it appears to them appropriate to do so, the authority or authorities who made a quality contracts scheme (other than any to whose area the scheme no longer relates) may decide that the scheme should continue in operation for a further period, with or without modification.

(2) Before making such a decision, they must, unless the proposal that the scheme should continue is an exempt continuation proposal (see section 131B), comply with the requirements of—

(a) section 124(2)(b) (approval by Welsh Ministers) ...  

(b) ........................................

(3) Section 125 applies in relation to the continuation of a scheme under this section as it applies in relation to the making of a scheme, but with the following modifications—

(a) any reference to a proposal to make a scheme is to be read as a reference to a proposal for the continuation of a scheme,

(b) any reference to the proposed scheme is to be read as a reference to the scheme as proposed to continue in operation,

and with the further modifications specified in subsections (4) and (5), but this is subject to such modifications or exclusions as may be prescribed by regulations under section 133.

(4) ........................................

(5) The consultation document that is to be published by virtue of section 125(1)(a), as applied by subsection (3), must (instead of complying with section 125(1A)) include—
(a) a description of the scheme, together with any proposed modifications to it;
(b) a statement of the opinion of the authority or authorities as to the effectiveness of the scheme in achieving the objectives set out in paragraphs (a) to (e) of section 124(1) up to the date of the report;
(c) a statement of the reasons why they are satisfied that the scheme as proposed to be continued (with any proposed modifications) will meet the conditions in subsection (1) of section 124;
(d) a description of any arrangements which the authority or authorities intend to make (including arrangements with other authorities or other persons) for or in connection with the continuation of the scheme;
(e) a statement of the period for which it is proposed that the scheme should continue in operation, which must not be more than a further 10 years;
(f) if the authority or authorities consider that the proposal for the scheme to continue is an exempt continuation proposal, a statement of that fact;
(g) a statement of how any costs which the authority or authorities expect to incur under the scheme are to be defrayed;
(h) a declaration by the chief finance officer or officers of the authority or authorities that, after taking into account—
   (i) any estimated income from fares, and
   (ii) any grants from Ministers of the Crown or government departments, any remaining funding required to continue the scheme in operation can be provided from other resources available to the authority or authorities;
(i) the date by which any written responses to the consultation must be submitted to the authority or authorities.

(6) For the purposes of this section—
   (a) subsection (1B) of section 125 (matters to be included in the description of the proposed scheme) applies for the purposes of subsection (5)(a) as it applies for the purposes of subsection (1A)(a) of that section, and
   (b) subsection (1C) of that section (meaning of “chief finance officer”) applies for the purposes of subsection (5)(h) as it applies for the purposes of subsection (1A)(e) of that section.

(7) The consultation document mentioned in subsection (5) must be published and supplied in accordance with section 125(1)(a) and (b) (as applied by this section) not less than 12 months before the scheme’s expiry date.

(8) For the purposes of this section, a scheme’s “expiry date” is the later of the following dates—
   (a) the end of the period specified in the scheme in accordance with section 127(2)(c),
   (b) if the scheme has been continuing in operation by virtue of the previous application of this section, the end of the period for which it is so continuing in operation.

(9) The period for which a scheme continues in operation by virtue of a decision under subsection (1) may begin—
   (a) on such day falling before, on, or immediately after the scheme’s expiry date as the authority or authorities decide, or
   (b) if the circumstances are such that the continuation of the scheme cannot begin on a day falling within paragraph (a), on such later day as the authority or
(10) If the authority or authorities publish and supply a consultation document in accordance with subsection (7), the scheme remains in operation (without any modifications proposed by them under subsection (1)) until—

(a) in a case where the scheme is to continue in operation for a further period, the day before the beginning of that period, or

(b) in any other case, the scheme’s expiry date.

(11) Section 130 (tendering) applies to a scheme that continues in operation under this section (whether or not the proposal for the scheme to continue in operation was an exempt continuation proposal) but subject to regulations made by the appropriate national authority under section 133(3).

Textual Amendments

F254 S. 131A inserted (11.1.2010 for E.) by Local Transport Act 2008 (c. 26), ss. 31, 134(4); S.I. 2009/3242, art. 2(1)(a)

F255 Words in s. 131A(2)(a) omitted (27.4.2017 for specified purposes, 27.6.2017 in so far as not already in force) by virtue of Bus Services Act 2017 (c. 21), s. 26(3), Sch. 2 para. 13(a)(i)

F256 S. 131A(2)(b) omitted (27.4.2017 for specified purposes, 27.6.2017 in so far as not already in force) by virtue of Bus Services Act 2017 (c. 21), s. 26(3), Sch. 2 para. 13(a)(ii)

F257 S. 131A(4) omitted (27.4.2017 for specified purposes, 27.6.2017 in so far as not already in force) by virtue of Bus Services Act 2017 (c. 21), s. 26(3), Sch. 2 para. 13(b)

F258 Words in s. 131A(5)(b) omitted (27.4.2017 for specified purposes, 27.6.2017 in so far as not already in force) by virtue of Bus Services Act 2017 (c. 21), s. 26(3), Sch. 2 para. 13(c)(i)

F259 Words in s. 131A(5)(c) omitted (27.4.2017 for specified purposes, 27.6.2017 in so far as not already in force) by virtue of Bus Services Act 2017 (c. 21), s. 26(3), Sch. 2 para. 13(c)(ii)

|F260| 131B| Meaning of “exempt continuation proposal”|

(1) For the purposes of this Part a proposal that a quality contracts scheme should continue in operation is an “exempt continuation proposal” if—

(a) any one or more of Conditions 1 to 3 are met and Conditions A and B are met, or

(b) the circumstances are as prescribed in regulations made by the appropriate national authority.

(2) Condition 1 is that it is not proposed that the area to which the continuation scheme relates is to be greater than the area to which the existing scheme relates.

(3) Condition 2 is that it is proposed that the area to which the continuation scheme relates is to be greater than the area to which the existing scheme relates, but—

(a) the additional area proposed to be included falls wholly within the area or combined area of the authority or authorities proposing the continuation of the scheme, and

(b) it is not proposed that under the continuation scheme any descriptions of local services are to be provided under quality contracts in addition to the descriptions of local services so provided under the existing scheme.

(4) Condition 3 is that during the period while the existing scheme has been in force—
(a) there has been a change in the area of the authority, or of any of the authorities, that last made or continued the scheme, or
(b) a different authority has become the local transport authority for some or all of the area to which the scheme relates,
but it is not proposed that under the continuation scheme any descriptions of local services are to be provided under quality contracts in addition to the descriptions of local services so provided under the existing scheme.

(5) Condition A is that it is not proposed under the continuation scheme that any local services which, immediately before the coming into force of that scheme, were unregulated services are under the continuation scheme to be provided under quality contracts.

(6) Condition B is that it is not proposed under the continuation scheme that any services which, immediately before the coming into force of that scheme, were excluded services in the case of the existing scheme are not to be excluded services in the case of the continuation scheme.

(7) In this section—
“the continuation scheme” means the scheme as proposed to continue in operation;
“excluded services”, in the case of any quality contracts scheme, means any local services, or class of local services, which are excluded from the scheme by virtue of section 127(4);
“the existing scheme” means—
(a) the scheme as last continued or varied, or
(b) if the scheme has not previously been continued or varied, the scheme as originally made;
“unregulated services” means any local services provided otherwise than—
(a) under a contract with one or more local transport authorities, or
(b) by an authority or authorities acting under section 132C(2) (power to provide interim services in exceptional circumstances);
and any reference to the coming into force of a scheme includes a reference to the coming into force of any particular provision of it.

(8) See also section 131E (which makes provision about appeals relating to exempt continuation proposals).]
131D Continued schemes for areas in Wales: procedure

(1) This section has effect with respect to the continuation in operation under section 131A (or the proposed continuation in operation under that section) of a quality contracts scheme for an area in Wales (whether with or without modifications).

(2) Subsections (2) and (3) to (9) of section 127 apply in relation to the continuation of the scheme as they apply in relation to the making of a scheme, but with the modifications in subsection (4).

(3) Unless the proposal for the continuation of the scheme—

(a) is an exempt continuation proposal, or
(b) in a case where the authority or authorities have decided that the scheme should continue, was such a proposal,

subsections (1)(b) and (1B) of section 127 also apply in relation to the continuation of the scheme, and with the modifications in subsection (4).

(4) The modifications are—

(a) any reference to proposing to make a scheme is to be read as a reference to proposing the continuation of a scheme,
(b) any reference to making a scheme is to be read as a reference to deciding that a scheme should continue in operation,
(c) any reference to the proposed scheme is to be read as a reference to the scheme as proposed to continue in operation,
(d) the references in section 127(2)(b) and (9)(c) to the date or dates on which the scheme is, or provisions of the scheme are, to come into operation are to be read as references to the day decided by the authority or authorities by virtue of section 131A(9),

but further or different modifications, or exclusions, may also be made by regulations under section 133(3)(b).

(5) Subsection (6) applies in any case where—

(a) an authority or authorities propose that a quality contracts scheme for an area in Wales should continue in operation (with or without modification) under section 131A, and
(b) the proposal is not an exempt continuation proposal.

(6) In any such case, section 126 (approval by Welsh Ministers of proposed schemes for areas in Wales) applies in relation to a proposal for the continuation of a scheme as it applies in relation to a proposal to make a scheme, but with the modifications set out in subsection (7).

(7) The modifications are—

(a) any reference to a proposed scheme is to be read as a reference to a proposal for a scheme to continue in operation under section 131A;
(b) the reference in section 126(2)(a) to wishing to make a scheme is to be read as a reference to wishing that a scheme should continue in operation;

(c) any reference to any conditions set out in any paragraphs of section 124(1) being met is to be read as a reference to those conditions being met by the scheme as proposed to continue in operation (with any proposed modifications);

(d) any reference to section 125 or any provision of that section is to be read as a reference to that section or provision as it has effect by virtue of section 131A.

(8) If, acting on the basis that the proposal for the continuation of the scheme is an exempt continuation proposal, the authority or authorities decide that the scheme is to continue, they must—

(a) publish in such manner as they think fit, and within the time allowed, a notice announcing their decision on the proposal,

(b) supply a copy of that notice to each of the persons mentioned in section 125(3) as it applies by virtue of section 131A, and

(c) give notice of the decision in accordance with section 127(8) and (9).

(9) For the purposes of subsection (8)(a), the time allowed is the period of 6 months following the date of publication of the consultation document required by section 125(1)(a) as it applies by virtue of section 131A.

[263]131E Appeals where proposed continuation considered exempt

(1) This section applies where an authority or authorities who propose that a quality contracts scheme should continue in operation (with or without modifications) under section 131A—

(a) decide that the proposal is an exempt continuation proposal, and

(b) acting on the basis of that decision, decide that the scheme should so continue in operation.

(2) Any person falling within subsection (3) may appeal to the [264]Upper Tribunal against—

(a) the decision of the authority or authorities that the proposal is an exempt continuation proposal, or

(b) the decision of the authority or authorities that the scheme is to continue in operation (with or without any modifications).

(3) The persons are—

(a) any person who was consulted under section 125(3) (as it applies by virtue of section 131A in a case where the proposal is an exempt proposal),

(b) any person who was not so consulted, but who, in the opinion of the [264]Upper Tribunal, ought to have been so consulted.

(4) An appeal under this section may be—

(a) on a point of law, or
(b) on a question of fact.

(5) On an appeal under this section the Tribunal shall have power—
   (a) to make such order as they think fit, or
   (b) to remit any matter (with or without directions) to the authority or authorities for their consideration or determination or for such other purposes as the Tribunal may direct.

(6) The powers of the Tribunal on an appeal under this section include power to do any one or more of the following—
   (a) dismiss the appeal in whole or in part,
   (b) remit the matter to the authority or authorities with one or more directions under subsection (7),
   (c) direct the authority or authorities to vary the scheme, as it continues or is to continue in operation, in such manner as the Tribunal may specify in the direction (but see subsection (8)),
   (d) quash the whole or any part of the decision of the authority or authorities (but see subsection (9)).

(7) A direction under this subsection is a direction for the authority or authorities to do each of the following—
   (a) consider or reconsider such matters as may be specified in the direction,
   (b) as respects those matters, consult or further consult the persons mentioned in section 125(3) as it applies by virtue of section 131A in a case where the proposal is an exempt continuation proposal,
   (c) make such variations of the scheme, as it continues or is to continue in operation, as may in consequence appear appropriate to the authority or authorities.

(8) The Tribunal may give a direction under this section to vary a scheme by reducing the area to which it relates only if they are of the opinion that the conditions in section 132(3) are met.

(9) The power of the Tribunal under this section to quash a decision of an authority or authorities that a scheme should continue in operation under section 131A is exercisable only if the Tribunal are of the opinion that there are defects in the scheme which are not capable of being remedied by varying the scheme under or by virtue of subsection (6)(b) or (c).

(10) If, on an appeal under paragraph (a) or (b) of subsection (2), the Tribunal decide that the proposal for the scheme to continue in operation was not an exempt continuation proposal—
   (a) they must allow the appeal to that extent,
   (b) they must remit the matter to the authority or authorities, with or without directions, and
   (c) subsections (11) to (14) have effect.

(11) The directions that the Tribunal may give under this section include—
   (a) directions to take any action specified in the directions for the purpose of remedying any failure to comply with requirements of this Part that have effect where a proposal for continuation under section 131A is not an exempt continuation proposal,
(b) directions to make variations specified in the directions for the purpose of securing that the condition in paragraph (a) or (b) of subsection (1) of section 131B (meaning of “exempt continuation proposal”) is met in the case of the scheme,

c) directions authorising the scheme to continue in operation temporarily, with or without variations, for a period specified or described in the directions, but subject to compliance with conditions as to the time within which any particular action specified in directions under this section is to be taken.

(12) Where the Tribunal give directions falling within subsection (11), they may also make provision in the order dispensing with the need to comply with such procedural requirements imposed by or under this Part as they may specify in the order.

(13) ... the Tribunal may not make any order which has the effect of—

(a) giving approval under section 126 as it applies by virtue of section 131D, or

(b) dispensing with the need for any such approval,

but this is without prejudice to the temporary provision that may be made in directions falling within subsection (11)(c).

(14) The appropriate national authority may make regulations with respect to the procedure to be followed in relation to a scheme in cases where the Tribunal decide that the proposal for continuation under section 131A was not an exempt continuation proposal.]
Variation or revocation of scheme.

(1) The authority or authorities who made the scheme (other than any to whose area the scheme no longer relates) may vary it by—

(a) increasing the area to which it relates (to no greater than the whole of their area or combined area) or adding to the description of local services which are to be provided under quality contracts,

(b) reducing that area or reducing the description of services, or

(c) providing for new exclusions from the scheme or for the variation or revocation of existing exclusions.

(2) The scheme may not be varied under subsection (1)(a) unless the conditions set out in subsection (1)(a) to (e) of section 124 are met with respect to the scheme as varied.

(3) The scheme may not be varied under subsection (1)(b) unless the relevant conditions—

(a) are no longer met with respect to it, but

(b) are met with respect to the scheme as varied.

(4) The authority or authorities who made the scheme (other than any to whose area the scheme no longer relates) may revoke the scheme—

(a) if the relevant conditions are no longer met with respect to it,

(b) if they consider that those conditions would no longer be met with respect to it if they were to act in accordance with a direction given by the Upper Tribunal under this Part, or

(c) if they and one or more other authorities make a quality contracts scheme covering the whole or part of the area to which it relates.

(4A) In subsections (3) and (4) “the relevant conditions” means—

(a) in the case of a scheme made under section 124(1) and not subsequently continued in operation under section 131A or varied under subsection (1) (a) of this section, the conditions set out in section 124(1)(a) to (e);

(b) in the case of a scheme that has been continued in operation under section 131A or varied under subsection (1) (a) of this section, the conditions by reference to which it was last so continued in operation or varied.

(5) The variation or revocation of a scheme under subsection (1) or (4) is subject to the provisions of—

(a) ........................................

(b) ........................................

(c) ........................................

(d) subsection (9) (areas in Wales),

except to the extent that section 132B (exemption for specific variations directed by Upper Tribunal on appeal) otherwise provides.
(9) The variation or revocation of a scheme for an area in Wales—
   (a) requires the approval of the Welsh Ministers, except in the case of a variation which is an exempt variation, and
   (b) is subject to the same procedure as the making of the scheme, except to the extent that that procedure is modified or excluded by regulations made by the Welsh Ministers under section 133.]

(10) Section 130 (tendering) applies to a varied scheme (whether or not the variation is an exempt variation) but subject to regulations made by the appropriate national authority under section 133(3).]

(11) A variation of a scheme is an exempt variation for the purposes of this section if the variation is—
   (a) a reduction in the area to which the scheme relates,
   (b) a reduction in the descriptions of services which are to be provided under quality contracts, or
   (c) the provision of new exclusions from the scheme,
and a “non-exempt variation” is any other variation of a scheme.]

(12)] The appropriate national authority may by regulations provide that in prescribed circumstances quality contracts schemes may be revoked by that authority before coming into operation.

Textual Amendments

F269 Words in s. 132(2) substituted (1.12.2006) by Railways Act 2005 (c. 14), ss. 39(4)(a), 60(2); S.I. 2006/2911, art. 2, Sch.
F270 Words in s. 132(2) substituted (11.1.2010 for E.) by Local Transport Act 2008 (c. 26), ss. 37(2), 134(4); S.I. 2009/3242, art. 2(1)(a)
F271 Words in s. 132(2) omitted (27.4.2017 for specified purposes, 27.6.2017 in so far as not already in force) by virtue of Bus Services Act 2017 (c. 21), s. 26(3), Sch. 2 para. 17(a)
F272 Words in s. 132(3) substituted (1.12.2006) by Railways Act 2005 (c. 14), ss. 39(4)(b), 60(2); S.I. 2006/2911, art. 2, Sch.
F273 Words in s. 132(4) substituted (1.12.2006) by Railways Act 2005 (c. 14), ss. 39(4)(b), 60(2); S.I. 2006/2911, art. 2, Sch.
F274 S. 132(4)(aa) substituted for word in s. 132(4)(a) (11.1.2010 for E.) by Local Transport Act 2008 (c. 26), ss. 37(3), 134(4); S.I. 2009/3242, art. 2(1)(a)
F275 Word in s. 132(4)(aa) substituted (27.1.2015) by The Transfer of Tribunal Functions (Transport Tribunal) Order 2015 (S.I. 2015/65), art. 1, Sch. 1 para. 5(e)
F276 S. 132(4A) inserted (1.12.2006) by Railways Act 2005 (c. 14), s. 39(4)(c)(5), 60(2); S.I. 2006/2911, art. 2, Sch.
F277 Words in s. 132(4A)(a) inserted (11.1.2010 for E.) by Local Transport Act 2008 (c. 26), ss. 37(4)(a), 134(4); S.I. 2009/3242, art. 2(1)(a)
F278 Words in s. 132(4A)(a) substituted (11.1.2010 for E.) by Local Transport Act 2008 (c. 26), ss. 37(4)(b), 134(4); S.I. 2009/3242, art. 2(1)(a)
F279 S. 132(4A)(b) omitted (27.4.2017 for specified purposes, 27.6.2017 in so far as not already in force) by virtue of Bus Services Act 2017 (c. 21), s. 26(3), Sch. 2 para. 17(b)
F280 Words in s. 132(4A)(c) inserted (11.1.2010 for E.) by Local Transport Act 2008 (c. 26), ss. 37(4)(d), 134(4); S.I. 2009/3242, art. 2(1)(a)
F281 Words in s. 132(4A)(c) inserted (11.1.2010 for E.) by Local Transport Act 2008 (c. 26), ss. 37(4)(e), 134(4); S.I. 2009/3242, art. 2(1)(a)
Appeals where proposed variation considered exempt

(1) This section applies where an authority or authorities who propose to vary a quality contracts scheme under section 132—

(a) decide that the proposal is an exempt variation for the purposes of that section, and

(b) acting on the basis of that decision, decide to vary the scheme under that section.

(2) Any person falling within subsection (3) may appeal to the Upper Tribunal against—

(a) the decision of the authority or authorities that the variation is an exempt variation for the purposes of section 132, or

(b) the decision of the authority or authorities as to the variation of the scheme under that section.

(3) The persons are—

(a) any person who was consulted under section 125(3) (as it applies by virtue of subsection (8) or, as the case may be, (9)(b) of section 132 in a case where the variation is an exempt variation for the purposes of section 132),

(b) any person who was not so consulted, but who, in the opinion of the Upper Tribunal, ought to have been so consulted.

(4) An appeal under this section may be—

(a) on a point of law, or

(b) on a question of fact.

(5) On an appeal under this section the Upper Tribunal shall have power—

(a) to make such order as they think fit, or

(b) to remit any matter (with or without directions) to the authority or authorities for their consideration or determination or for such other purposes as the Tribunal may direct.
(6) The powers of the Tribunal on an appeal under this section include power to do any one or more of the following—
   (a) dismiss the appeal in whole or in part,
   (b) remit the matter to the authority or authorities with one or more directions under subsection (7),
   (c) direct the authority or authorities to vary the scheme, to the extent of the variation made by the authority or authorities, in such manner as the Tribunal may specify in the direction (but see subsection (8)),
   (d) quash the whole or any part of the decision of the authority or authorities.

(7) A direction under this subsection is a direction for the authority or authorities to do each of the following—
   (a) consider or reconsider such matters as may be specified in the direction,
   (b) as respects those matters, consult or further consult the persons mentioned in section 125(3) (as it applies by virtue of subsection (8) or, as the case may be, (9)(b) of section 132 in a case where the variation is an exempt variation for the purposes of section 132),
   (c) make such variations of the scheme as may in consequence appear appropriate to the authority or authorities.

(8) The Tribunal may give a direction under this section to vary a scheme by reducing the area to which the scheme relates only if they are of the opinion that the conditions in section 132(3) are met.

(9) If, on an appeal under paragraph (a) or (b) of subsection (2), the Tribunal decide that the variation was not an exempt variation for the purposes of section 132—
   (a) they must allow the appeal to that extent,
   (b) they must remit the matter to the authority or authorities, with or without directions, and
   (c) subsections (10) to (13) have effect.

(10) The directions that the Tribunal may give under this section include—
   (a) directions to take any action specified in the directions for the purpose of remedying any failure to comply with requirements of this Part that have effect where a proposed variation under section 132 is not an exempt variation,
   (b) directions to make variations specified in the directions for the purpose of securing that the condition in paragraph (a), (b) or (c) of section 132(11) (meaning of “exempt variation”) is met in the case of the variation,
   (c) directions authorising the scheme to continue in operation temporarily, with or without variations, for a period specified or described in the directions, but subject to compliance with conditions as to the time within which any particular action specified in directions under this section is to be taken.

(11) Where the Tribunal give directions falling within subsection (10), they may also make provision in the order dispensing with the need to comply with such procedural requirements imposed by or under this Part as they may specify in the order.

(12) ... the Tribunal may not make any order which has the effect of—
   (a) giving approval under section 126 as it applies by virtue of section 132, or
   (b) dispensing with the need for any such approval,
but this is without prejudice to the temporary provision that may be made in directions falling within subsection (10)(c).

(13) The appropriate national authority may make regulations with respect to the procedure to be followed in cases where the Tribunal decide that the variation or proposed variation was not an exempt variation for the purposes of section 132.]  

### Textual Amendments

| F287 | S. 132A inserted (26.11.2008 for specified purposes, 11.1.2010 for E. in so far as not already in force) by Local Transport Act 2008 (c. 26), ss. 38, 134(1)(c)(4); S.I. 2009/3242, art. 2(1)(a) |
| F288 | Word in s. 132A(2) substituted (27.1.2015) by The Transfer of Tribunal Functions (Transport Tribunal) Order 2015 (S.I. 2015/65), art. 1, Sch. 1 para. 5(f) |
| F289 | Word in s. 132A(3)(b) substituted (27.1.2015) by The Transfer of Tribunal Functions (Transport Tribunal) Order 2015 (S.I. 2015/65), art. 1, Sch. 1 para. 5(f) |
| F290 | Word in s. 132A(5) substituted (27.1.2015) by The Transfer of Tribunal Functions (Transport Tribunal) Order 2015 (S.I. 2015/65), art. 1, Sch. 1 para. 5(f) |
| F291 | Words in s. 132A(12) omitted (27.4.2017 for specified purposes, 27.6.2017 in so far as not already in force) by virtue of Bus Services Act 2017 (c. 21), s. 26(3), Sch. 2 para. 18 |

### Modifications etc. (not altering text)

| C34 | S. 132A: transfer of functions (27.1.2015) by The Transfer of Tribunal Functions (Transport Tribunal) Order 2015 (S.I. 2015/65), arts. 1, 2(2)(f) (with Sch. 2) |

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132E Exemption from s.132 for specific variations directed by Tribunal

(1) This section applies in relation to any of the following appeals—

- (a) an appeal under section 131E(2)(a) against a decision that a proposal was an exempt continuation proposal,
- (b) an appeal under section 131E(2)(b) against a decision that a scheme should continue in operation,
- (c) an appeal under section 131F(2) against a decision that a scheme should continue in operation,
- (d) an appeal by virtue of section 132 against a decision to vary a scheme,
- (e) an appeal under section 132A(2)(a) against a decision that a variation was an exempt variation for the purposes of section 132,
- (f) an appeal under section 132A(2)(b) against a decision as to the variation of a scheme under section 132.

(2) Where—

- (a) any such appeal is made to the Tribunal, and
- (b) on that appeal, the Tribunal direct the authority or authorities to vary the scheme in the manner specified by the Tribunal in the direction, nothing in section 132(5) to (9) (procedure for variation of scheme) applies in relation to the varying of the scheme in the manner specified in the direction, unless the Tribunal otherwise direct.

(3) Subsection (2) is without prejudice to any right of appeal against the decision of the Tribunal.]
Power of authorities to provide services in exceptional circumstances

(1) This section applies where a person who has agreed to provide a service (“the old service”) in accordance with a quality contract ceases to do so before the end of the period for which the contract was intended to have effect.

(2) The authority, or any one of the authorities, who entered into the quality contract may, in accordance with subsections (4) to (8) and section 132D, provide a local service (an “interim service”) in place of the old service or any part of it.

(3) Subsection (2) has effect notwithstanding any prohibition, restriction or limitation contained in any other enactment on the power of the authority to provide local services.

(4) An authority who provide an interim service of any description must hold a PSV operator’s licence to which no condition is attached under section 26 of the Transport Act 1985 (power of traffic commissioner to attach conditions to licence) prohibiting the authority from using vehicles under the licence to provide services of that description.

(5) Subsection (6) applies if—

(a) an authority provide an interim service in place of an old service or any part of an old service, and

(b) the authority or authorities who entered into the quality contract for the provision of the old service propose to enter into a quality contract for the provision of a replacement service in place of that service or (as the case may be) that part.

(6) The authority, or the authorities acting jointly, must invite tenders (in accordance with section 130) for the provision of the replacement service—

(a) as soon as reasonably practicable after the authority providing the interim service begin to do so, and

(b) in any event no later than three months after the date on which provision of the old service ceased.

(7) But subsection (6) does not apply if the authority, or the authorities acting jointly, decide to secure the provision of the replacement service under section 131
(circumstances in which quality contracts may be entered into without inviting
tenders).

(8) The particulars of an interim service, or of a replacement service, need not be identical
to the particulars of the old service, or that part of the old service, which it replaces.

(9) In this section—

“enactment” includes an enactment comprised in subordinate legislation
(within the meaning of the Interpretation Act 1978);

“interim service” has the meaning given by subsection (2);

“the old service” has the meaning given by subsection (1);

“replacement service” means a local service provided under a quality
contract in place of an old service or any part of an old service.]

**Textual Amendments**

F296 Ss. 132C, 132D inserted (11.1.2010 for E.) by Local Transport Act 2008 (c. 26), ss. 40(1), 134(4); S.I. 2009/3242, art. 2(1)(a)

**F296132D** Period for which interim service may be provided

(1) This section applies for the purpose of determining the period for which an authority
may provide an interim service which is provided in place of—

(a) an old service ("the relevant service"), or

(b) part of an old service ("the relevant part").

(2) If the authority do not, within the period of three months beginning with the date on
which provision of the relevant service ceased,—

(a) enter into a quality contract to provide a replacement service in place of the
relevant service or (as the case may be) the relevant part, or

(b) issue an invitation to tender in pursuance of section 132C(6),
the authority must not provide the interim service after the end of that period.

(3) If the authority enter into a quality contract to provide such a replacement service
within the period mentioned in subsection (2), the authority must not provide the
interim service after the earlier of the following dates—

(a) the date on which the replacement service is first provided;

(b) the date falling nine months after the date on which the interim service is first
provided.

(4) If the authority issue invitations to tender in pursuance of section 132C(6) within the
period mentioned in subsection (2) (but do not enter into a quality contract to provide
such a replacement service within that period), the authority must not provide the
interim service after the earlier of the following dates—

(a) the date on which a replacement service is first provided in place of the
relevant service or (as the case may be) the relevant part;

(b) the date determined in accordance with subsection (5).

(5) The date is the later of—

(a) the date falling nine months after the date on which the interim service is first
provided;
(b) such date, not later than three months after the date mentioned in paragraph (a), as may be determined by [F297 a traffic commissioner] on the application of the authority.

(6) [F298 A traffic commissioner] may determine a date under subsection (5)(b) only if satisfied that there is a realistic prospect that, if the determination is made, a replacement service will be provided in place of the relevant service or (as the case may be) the relevant part on or before that date.

[F299 (7) Any application to a traffic commissioner under paragraph (b) of subsection (5) must be made at least one month before the date mentioned in paragraph (a) of that subsection.]

(8) The authority must not make more than one application under subsection (5)(b) in respect of any interim service.

(9) In this section—

“interim service” and “replacement service” have the meaning given in section 132C;

“the relevant service” and “the relevant part” have the meaning given in subsection (1);

and, in any case where the authority entered into the quality contract for the provision of the relevant service jointly with one or more other authorities, references in this section to the authority entering into a quality contract for a replacement service, or issuing invitations to tender for such contracts, are references to those authorities acting jointly.]

Textual Amendments

F296 Ss. 132C, 132D inserted (11.1.2010 for E.) by Local Transport Act 2008 (c. 26), ss. 40(1), 134(4); S.I. 2009/3242, art. 2(1)(a)

F297 Words in s. 132D(5)(b) substituted (3.7.2013) by The Local Transport Act 2008 (Traffic Commissioners) (Consequential Amendments) Order 2013 (S.I. 2013/1644), art. 1(1), Sch. 3 (with art. 7)

F298 Words in s. 132D(6) substituted (3.7.2013) by The Local Transport Act 2008 (Traffic Commissioners) (Consequential Amendments) Order 2013 (S.I. 2013/1644), art. 1(1), Sch. 3 (with art. 7)

F299 S. 132D(7) substituted (3.7.2013) by The Local Transport Act 2008 (Traffic Commissioners) (Consequential Amendments) Order 2013 (S.I. 2013/1644), art. 1(1), Sch. 3 (with art. 7)

133 Regulations about schemes.

(1) The appropriate national authority may by regulations make further provision with respect to—

(a) the procedure to be followed when making, [F300 continuing,] varying or revoking quality contracts schemes,

(b) the approval of schemes [F301 ...]

(bb) ........................................

(bc) ........................................

(c) the local services or classes of local services which are to be, or may be, excluded from schemes,

(d) the conditions which must be, or may be, attached to such exclusions, and
(c) such other incidental matters in connection with quality contracts schemes as the appropriate national authority thinks fit.

(2) The regulations may in particular make provision with respect to—

(a) giving notice of proposed schemes or proposed continuations, variations or revocation of schemes,

(b) objections to such proposals,

(c) the holding of inquiries or hearings into objections,

(d) modifications of such proposals,

(e) the form and manner of applications for approval of such proposals, the procedure for determining such applications,

(f) the form of schemes, continuations or variations, and

(g) giving notice of schemes which have been made or of the continuation, variation or revocation of schemes.

(3) The appropriate national authority may also make regulations modifying or excluding the application of provisions of this Part, so far as relating to quality contracts schemes, in cases where a local transport authority, or two or more local transport authorities acting jointly, do any of the following—

(a) propose or decide that a scheme should continue in operation (with or without modification) under section 131A,

(b) propose or decide to vary or revoke a scheme under section 132.

(4) Regulations made by virtue of subsection (3) must not exclude any requirement for the authority or authorities—

(a) under section 126, to obtain the approval of the Welsh Ministers,
Transitional provision about schemes.

(1) The appropriate national authority may by regulations make such transitional provision as it considers appropriate in connection with—

(a) the coming into operation of quality contracts schemes or of provisions of such schemes,

(b) the continuation in operation or variation of such schemes, and

(c) the ending of such schemes (whether or not as a result of their revocation).

(2) The regulations may in particular provide that in prescribed circumstances—

(a) any provision of sections 6 to 9 of the Transport Act 1985 (registration of local services), or of sections 89 to 92 of that Act (obligation to invite tenders etc), which would otherwise have effect is not to have effect or is to have effect with such modifications as may be prescribed, or

(b) any such provision which would not otherwise have effect is to have effect or is to have effect with such modifications as may be prescribed, in relation to the whole or any part of the area to which the scheme relates.

Any regulations made by virtue of paragraph (a) of subsection (1) are not to have effect in the case of any quality contracts scheme as respects any time before the making of the scheme.
**[F316] Guidance about schemes**

(1) The appropriate national authority may issue guidance concerning the performance by local transport authorities of their functions under this Part in relation to quality contracts schemes.

(2) Those authorities must have regard to any such guidance.

Textual Amendments

[F316] S. 134A inserted (11.1.2010 for E.) by Local Transport Act 2008 (c. 26), ss. 43, 134(4); S.I. 2009/3242, art. 2(1)(a)

**[F317] Quality contracts: application of TUPE**

(1) Subsection (3) applies to a situation in which—

(a) on the coming into force of a quality contract, local services cease to be provided by a person (the “former operator”) in the area to which the relevant quality contracts scheme, or (in the case of a scheme which provides for different provisions to come into operation on different dates) the relevant provision of the scheme, relates, in accordance with section 129(1)(b), and

(b) at the same time, a person (the “new operator”) begins to provide local services in that area under that quality contract.

(2) Subsection (3) also applies to a situation in which—

(a) local services which, on the coming into force of a quality contract, a person (the “former operator”) would be required by virtue of section 129(1)(b) to cease providing in the area mentioned in subsection (1)(a) of this section, cease to be provided by the former operator before the coming into force of that quality contract, and

(b) at the same time, a person (the “new operator”) begins to provide local services in that area under an agreement which the authority or authorities who made the relevant quality contracts scheme entered into by reason of the cessation of the local services referred to in paragraph (a).

(3) Any situation to which this subsection applies is to be treated as a relevant transfer for the purposes of the Transfer of Undertakings (Protection of Employment) Regulations 2006 (“TUPE”) (whether or not TUPE would apply apart from this subsection).

(4) For the purposes of TUPE, the organised grouping of employees that is subject to the relevant transfer consists of those employees of the former operator whose employment is principally connected with the provision of the local services referred to in subsection (1)(a) or (as the case may be) the local services referred to in subsection (2)(a).

(5) Any situation which by virtue of this section is treated as a relevant transfer for the purposes of TUPE is also to be treated as a relevant transfer within the meaning of TUPE for the purposes of sections 257 and 258 of the Pensions Act 2004 and any regulations made under section 258 of that Act.
(6) The Secretary of State may make regulations supplementing the provision made by this section.

(7) The provision that may be made by regulations under subsection (6) includes—

(a) provision for determining, for the purposes of subsection (4), whether a person's employment is principally connected with the provision of any particular local services (including provision for or in connection with the appointment of a person to make such determination);

(b) provision for determining, in the case of any particular organised grouping of employees, the particular new operator who is to be the transferee for the purposes of TUPE (including provision for or in connection with the appointment of a person to make such determination);

(c) provision requiring any person operating local services in the area to which a quality contracts scheme relates to provide the authority or authorities who made the scheme with such information as may be prescribed, at such time as may be prescribed, about such of that person's employees as would fall within subsection (4) if the person ceased to provide those services in the circumstances described in subsection (1)(a);

(d) provision requiring the authority or authorities who made a quality contracts scheme to provide all persons operating local services in the area to which the scheme relates with such information as may be prescribed, at such time as may be prescribed, so as to enable such persons to comply with any requirement imposed by virtue of paragraph (c) of this subsection;

(e) provision requiring the authority or authorities who made a quality contracts scheme to ensure that any quality contract entered into with a person under the scheme, or any other agreement made with a person for the provision of local services in the area to which the scheme relates, is made on terms—

(i) that require the person, in the event of there being any transferring employees, to secure pension protection for every transferring employee, or every transferring employee of a prescribed description, who as an employee of the former operator had rights to acquire pension benefits, and

(ii) that, so far as relating to the securing of pension protection for a transferring employee, are enforceable by the employee.

(8) For the purposes of this section—

(a) “transferring employee” means an employee of a former operator whose contract of employment becomes, either by virtue of TUPE or by virtue of this section, a contract of employment with a new operator;

(b) “pension protection” is secured for a transferring employee if after the change of employer referred to in paragraph (a)—

(i) the employee has, as an employee of the new operator, rights to acquire pension benefits, and

(ii) those rights are of such description as is prescribed by regulations.

(9) The Secretary of State must exercise the power conferred by this section to make regulations containing provision falling within subsection (7)(e) so as to ensure—

(a) that pension protection is required to be secured for every transferring original employee who, as an employee of the original operator, had rights to acquire pension benefits, and
(b) that the rights to acquire pension benefits which a transferring original employee has as an employee of the new operator by virtue of paragraph (a) are rights which—
   (i) are the same as the rights the transferring original employee had as an employee of the original operator, or
   (ii) under provision made by regulations, count as being broadly comparable to, or better than, those rights.

(10) For the purposes of subsection (9)—
   “transferring original employee” means a transferring employee—
   (a) who immediately before the relevant date was employed by a person (the “original operator”) providing local services in the area to which the relevant quality contracts scheme relates, and
   (b) whose contract of employment—
      (i) was, from that date until the change of employer referred to in subsection (8)(a), a contract of employment with the original operator, or
      (ii) on each occasion when the employee was subject to a relevant transfer became, either by virtue of TUPE or by virtue of this section, a contract of employment with a person providing local services in the area referred to in paragraph (a);
   “relevant date”, in relation to a quality contracts scheme, means—
   (a) the date on which the scheme was made, or
   (b) where—
      (i) the local services being provided by the original operator were not subject to the scheme when it was made, and
      (ii) as a result of either the variation of the scheme, or the continuation of the scheme with modifications, those services became subject to the scheme,

   the date on which that variation, or (as the case may be) the decision to continue the scheme with those modifications, was made;
   “relevant transfer” means anything that is, or is to be treated as, a relevant transfer for the purposes of TUPE.

(11) A person is guilty of an offence under this subsection if—
   (a) the person provides information in accordance with a requirement imposed by virtue of subsection (7)(c),
   (b) the information is false or misleading in a material particular, and
   (c) the person knows that it is or is reckless as to whether it is.

(12) A person who is guilty of an offence under subsection (11) is liable on summary conviction to a fine not exceeding level 4 on the standard scale.]
134C    Advanced ticketing schemes

(1) A local transport authority whose area is in England, or two or more such authorities acting jointly, may make a ticketing scheme (an “advanced ticketing scheme”) covering the whole or any part of their area, or combined area, if they consider that the proposed scheme—
   (a) would be in the interests of the public, and
   (b) would contribute to the implementation of their local transport policies.

(2) An advanced ticketing scheme may not be made unless the authority or authorities have complied with the notice and consultation requirements imposed by section 134D.

(3) An advanced ticketing scheme is a scheme under which operators of local services of a class specified in it are required to make and implement arrangements under which persons may purchase, in a single transaction, a ticket (or tickets) of any of the descriptions which may be covered by an advanced ticketing scheme and to which the scheme applies.

(4) The descriptions of tickets which may be covered by an advanced ticketing scheme are—
   (a) tickets entitling the holder to make more than one journey on particular local services or on local services of a class specified in the scheme (whether or not operated by the same person),
   (b) tickets entitling the holder to make a particular journey on two or more local services (whether or not operated by the same person),
   (c) where a particular journey could be made on local services provided by any of two or more operators, tickets entitling the holder to make the journey on whichever service the holder chooses, and
   (d) tickets entitling the holder to make a journey, or more than one journey, involving both travel on one or more local services and travel by one or more connecting rail or tram services.

(5) A connecting rail or tram service, in relation to an advanced ticketing scheme, is a service for the carriage of passengers by railway or by tramway (or by both) which runs between—
   (a) a station or stopping place at or in the vicinity of which local services stop and which serves any part of the area to which the ticketing scheme relates, and
   (b) any other place.

(6) The arrangements in an advanced ticketing scheme may make provision for different types of ticket including, in particular—
   (a) tickets that are valid for a specified period, and
   (b) tickets that are valid only in a specified area.
The arrangements in an advanced ticketing scheme may include—

(a) provision about enabling tickets to be purchased or fares to be paid in particular ways,

(b) provision about the persons from whom tickets may be purchased or to whom fares may be paid,

(c) provision about enabling entitlement to travel to be evidenced in particular ways,

(d) provision about providing information about the arrangements to the public,

(e) provision about publicising local services, fares or ticketing arrangements provided or made available by any operator of a local service of a class specified in the scheme, and

(f) provision as to the appearance of tickets.

Different arrangements may be specified in an advanced ticketing scheme for different cases.

In carrying out their functions under this Part in relation to advanced ticketing schemes, local transport authorities whose areas are in England must co-operate with one another.

In carrying out their functions under this Part in relation to making or varying advanced ticketing schemes, local transport authorities must have regard to the desirability, in appropriate cases, of having a ticketing scheme that—

(a) facilitates journeys between the area to which the ticketing scheme applies and adjoining areas of England, or

(b) facilitates the adoption of similar ticketing arrangements in adjoining areas of England.

In considering whether to make or vary an advanced ticketing scheme under this section, a local transport authority must have regard to the desirability, in appropriate cases, of making a scheme jointly with another authority.

### Modifications etc. (not altering text)

C36  S. 134C: power to modify conferred (27.4.2017) by Bus Services Act 2017 (c. 21), ss. 24(3), 26(1)(b)
C37  S. 134C(1) functions made exercisable concurrently (1.4.2018) by The Sub-national Transport Body (Transport for the North) Regulations 2018 (S.I. 2018/103), regs. 1(2), 7(1)(a)
C38  S.134C(9)-(11) applied (1.4.2018) by The Sub-national Transport Body (Transport for the North) Regulations 2018 (S.I. 2018/103), regs. 1(2), 7(3)(a)

### 134D Notice and consultation requirements

(1) If a local transport authority for an area in England, or two or more such authorities, propose to make an advanced ticketing scheme under section 134C, they must give notice of the proposed scheme in such manner as they consider appropriate for bringing it to the attention of persons in the area to which it relates.

(2) The notice must specify the date on which the scheme is proposed to come into operation.

(3) After giving notice of the proposed scheme, the authority or authorities must consult—
(a) all operators of local services who would, in the opinion of the authority or authorities, be affected by it,
(b) such organisations appearing to the authority or authorities to be representative of users of local services as they think fit,
(c) any other relevant local authority any part of whose area would, in the opinion of the authority or authorities, be affected by the proposed scheme,
(d) the Passengers' Council,
(e) the Competition and Markets Authority, and
(f) a traffic commissioner.

(4) For the purpose of subsection (3)(c) the following are relevant local authorities—
(a) local transport authorities,
(b) district councils in England,
(c) National Park authorities,
(d) the Broads Authority,
(e) London transport authorities, and
(f) councils in Scotland.

134E Making of scheme

(1) If, after consulting in accordance with section 134D, the authority or authorities decide that it is appropriate to make the scheme, they may make it as proposed or with modifications.

(2) If the scheme applies to tickets within section 134C(4)(d), it may only be made with the agreement of the operators of the connecting rail or tram services concerned.

(3) The scheme must specify the date on which it is to come into operation, which must not be earlier than three months after the date on which it is made.

(4) Not later than 14 days after the date on which the scheme is made, the authority or authorities must give notice of the making of the scheme—
(a) in such manner as they consider appropriate for bringing it to the attention of persons in the area to which it relates,
(b) to a traffic commissioner,
(c) to all operators of local services or services for the carriage of passengers by railway or by tramway (or by both) who would, in the opinion of the authority or authorities, be affected by it, and
(d) to the Secretary of State if it applies to tickets within section 134C(4)(d).

(5) The notice must set out the terms of the scheme and the date on which it is to come into operation.

(6) The authority or authorities to whose area or combined area the scheme relates may vary or revoke the scheme.
(7) If the proposed variation would result in the scheme relating to all or part of the area of another local transport authority, the reference in subsection (6) to the authority or authorities includes that other authority.

(8) The variation or revocation is subject to the same procedure as the making of the scheme and in the application of that procedure—

(a) a reference in sections 134C(1) to (9) and 134D and subsections (1) to (5) to making a scheme is to be treated as a reference to varying or revoking a scheme,

(b) a reference in those provisions to the proposed scheme is to be treated as a reference to the scheme as proposed to be varied or to the proposed revocation of the scheme, and

(c) a reference in those provisions to the date on which a scheme comes into operation is to be treated as a reference to the date on which the scheme as varied comes into operation or the date on which the scheme comes to an end.

**134F Effect of scheme**

During any period in which an advanced ticketing scheme is in operation, operators of local services to which the scheme relates must make and implement the arrangements required by the scheme.

**134G Guidance**

(1) The Secretary of State may issue guidance concerning the exercise by local transport authorities of their functions under this Part in relation to advanced ticketing schemes.

(2) The authorities must have regard to any such guidance in exercising those functions.

**Modifications etc. (not altering text)**

C39 Ss. 134D-134G applied (1.4.2018) by The Sub-national Transport Body (Transport for the North) Regulations 2018 (S.I. 2018/103), regs. 1(2), 7(3)(b)
Bus services: ticketing schemes

135  Joint and through ticketing schemes.

(1) A local transport authority, or two or more such authorities acting jointly, may make a ticketing scheme covering the whole or any part of their area, or combined area, if they consider that the proposed scheme—
   (a) would be in the interests of the public, and
   (b) would contribute to the implementation of their local transport policies
   [but this is subject to subsection (1A)].

(1A) A local transport authority whose area is in England may exercise the power to make a ticketing scheme only if—
   (a) they are acting jointly with one or more other local transport authorities, and
   (b) at least one of those other local transport authorities is an authority whose area is in Wales.

(2) A ticketing scheme may not be made unless the authority or authorities have complied with the notice and consultation requirements imposed by section 136.

(3) A ticketing scheme is a scheme under which operators of local services of a class specified in it are required to make and implement arrangements under which persons may purchase, in a single transaction, a ticket (or tickets) of any of the descriptions which may be covered by a ticketing scheme and to which the scheme applies.

(4) The descriptions of tickets which may be covered by a ticketing scheme are—
   (a) tickets entitling the holder to make more than one journey on particular local services or on local services of a class specified in the scheme (whether or not operated by the same person),
   (b) tickets entitling the holder to make a particular journey on two or more local services (whether or not operated by the same person),
   (c) where a particular journey could be made on local services provided by any of two or more operators, tickets entitling the holder to make the journey on whichever service the holder chooses, and
   (d) tickets entitling the holder to make a journey, or more than one journey, involving both travel on one or more local services and travel by one or more connecting rail or tram services.

(5) A connecting rail or tram service, in relation to a ticketing scheme, is a service for the carriage of passengers by railway or by tramway (or by both) which runs between—
   (a) a station or stopping place at or in the vicinity of which local services stop and which serves any part of the area to which the ticketing scheme relates, and
   (b) any other place.

(6) Different arrangements may be specified in a ticketing scheme for different cases.

(7) In carrying out their functions under this Part in relation to ticketing schemes, local transport authorities must co-operate with one another.

(8) In considering whether to make a ticketing scheme, a local transport authority must have regard to the desirability, in appropriate cases, of making a scheme jointly with another authority.
Notice and consultation requirements.

(1) If an authority or authorities propose to make a ticketing scheme, they must give notice of the proposed scheme in at least one newspaper circulating in the area to which it relates.

(2) The notice must specify the date on which the scheme is proposed to come into operation.

(3) After giving notice of the proposed scheme, the authority or authorities must consult—
   (a) all operators of local services who would, in the opinion of the authority or authorities, be affected by it,
   (b) such organisations appearing to the authority or authorities to be representative of users of local services as they think fit, and
   (c) a traffic commissioner.

Textual Amendments

F319 S. 135(1)(b) substituted (9.2.2009 for E., 1.4.2009 for W.) by Local Transport Act 2008 (c. 26), s. 134(4), Sch. 1 para. 3(2); S.I. 2009/107, art. 2(2), Sch. 2 Pt. 1; S.I. 2009/579, art. 2(a)

F320 Words in s. 135(1) inserted (27.4.2017 for specified purposes, 27.6.2017 in so far as not already in force) by Bus Services Act 2017 (c. 21), s. 26(3), Sch. 3 para. 4(2)

F321 S. 135(1A) inserted (27.4.2017 for specified purposes, 27.6.2017 in so far as not already in force) by Bus Services Act 2017 (c. 21), s. 26(3), Sch. 3 para. 4(3)

Modifications etc. (not altering text)

C40 S. 135 applied (with modifications) (1.2.2005) by The Local Authorities’ Plans and Strategies (Disapplication) (England) Order 2005 (S.I. 2005/157), art. 1, Sch. 2 para. 7 (with art. 7(4))

C41 S. 135: power to modify conferred (27.4.2017) by Bus Services Act 2017 (c. 21), ss. 24(2), 26(1)(b)

C42 S. 135(1) functions made exercisable concurrently (1.4.2018) by The Sub-national Transport Body (Transport for the North) Regulations 2018 (S.I. 2018/103), regs. 1(2), 7(1)(b)

C43 S. 135(7)(8) applied (1.4.2018) by The Sub-national Transport Body (Transport for the North) Regulations 2018 (S.I. 2018/103), regs. 1(2), 7(3)(c)

Commencement Information

I127 S. 135 wholly in force at 1.8.2001; s. 135 not in force at Royal Assent see s. 275(1)(2); s. 135 in force (E.) at 1.2.2001 by S.I. 2001/57, art. 3(2), Sch. 3 Pt. I (subject to the savings in Sch. 3 Pt. II); s. 135 in force (W.) at 1.8.2001 by S.I. 2001/2788, art. 2, Sch. 1 para. 4

Textual Amendments

F322 S. 136(3)(c) substituted (3.7.2013) by The Local Transport Act 2008 (Traffic Commissioners) (Consequential Amendments) Order 2013 (S.I. 2013/1644), art. 1(1), Sch. 3 (with art. 7)

Modifications etc. (not altering text)

C44 S. 136 applied (1.4.2018) by The Sub-national Transport Body (Transport for the North) Regulations 2018 (S.I. 2018/103), regs. 1(2), 7(3)(d)
Making of scheme.

(1) If the authority or authorities decide that it is appropriate to make the scheme, they may make it as proposed or with modifications.

(2) If the scheme applies to tickets within section 135(4)(d), it may only be made with the agreement of the operators of the connecting rail or tram services concerned.

(3) The scheme must specify the date on which it is to come into operation, which must not be earlier than three months after the date on which it is made.

(4) Not later than 14 days after the date on which the scheme is made, the authority or authorities must give notice of it—
   (a) in at least one newspaper circulating in the area to which it relates,
   (b) to a traffic commissioner,
   (c) to all operators of local services or services for the carriage of passengers by railway or by tramway (or by both) who would, in the opinion of the authority or authorities, be affected by it,
   (d) to the Secretary of State if it applies to tickets within section 135(4)(d), and
   (e) in such other manner, or to such other persons or class of person, (if any) as the appropriate national authority may prescribe by regulations.

(5) The notice must set out the terms of the scheme and the date on which it is to come into operation.

(6) The authority or authorities may vary or revoke the scheme; and the variation or revocation is subject to the same procedure as the making of the scheme, except to the extent that that procedure is modified by regulations made by the appropriate national authority.
138 **Effect of scheme.**

During any period in which a ticketing scheme is in operation, operators of local services to which the scheme relates must make and implement the arrangements required by the scheme.

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**Commencement Information**

**S. 138 wholly in force at 1.8.2001; s. 138 not in force at Royal Assent see s. 275(1)(2); s. 138 in force (E.) at 1.2.2001 by S.I. 2001/57, art. 3(2), Sch. 3 Pt. I (subject to the savings in Sch. 3 Pt. II); s. 138 in force (W.) at 1.8.2001 by S.I. 2001/2788, art. 2, Sch. 1 para. 4**

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**Textual Amendments**

**Bus services: enhanced partnership plans and schemes**

**F325** Ss. 138A-138S and cross-heading inserted (27.4.2017 for specified purposes, 27.6.2017 in so far as not already in force) by Bus Services Act 2017 (c. 21), ss. 9, 26(3)

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138A **Enhanced partnership plans and schemes**

(1) A local transport authority whose area is in England, or two or more such authorities acting jointly, may make—

(a) an enhanced partnership plan in relation to the whole or part of their area, or combined area, and

(b) one or more enhanced partnership schemes relating to the whole or part of the area to which the plan relates.

(2) A local transport authority or authorities who have made an enhanced partnership plan may make further enhanced partnership schemes relating to the whole or part of the area to which the plan relates.

(3) An enhanced partnership plan is a plan that—

(a) specifies the area and the period to which the plan relates,

(b) sets out an analysis of the local services provided in that area,

(c) sets out policies relating to local services in that area,

(d) sets out objectives as regards the quality and effectiveness of local services provided in that area by reference to that period,

(e) describes how the related enhanced partnership scheme or schemes is or are intended to assist in implementing those policies and achieving those objectives, and

(f) describes the intended effect of the related enhanced partnership scheme or schemes on areas neighbouring the area to which the plan relates.

(4) An enhanced partnership plan must state whether the plan is to be reviewed and, if so—

(a) specify how it is to be reviewed, and

(b) specify the dates by which reviews are to be completed.

(5) An enhanced partnership scheme is a scheme that—
(a) specifies the area to which the scheme relates, and
(b) imposes requirements in relation to local services that have one or more stopping places in that area by specifying them in the scheme (see section 138C).

(6) An enhanced partnership scheme may also—
(a) require the authority or authorities to provide particular facilities in the area to which the scheme relates (see section 138D),
(b) require the authority or authorities to take particular measures in relation to routes in the whole or part of that area that are served, or might be served, by local services (see section 138D), and
(c) include provision about its variation or revocation (see section 138E).

(7) An enhanced partnership scheme must state whether the operation of the scheme is to be reviewed and, if so—
(a) specify how it is to be reviewed, and
(b) specify the dates by which reviews are to be completed.

(8) An enhanced partnership plan must include a description of the authority's or authorities' plans for consulting such organisations appearing to the authority or authorities to be representative of users of local services as they think fit in order to seek their views on how well the plan and any related scheme are working.

(9) An enhanced partnership scheme may not be made unless the authority or authorities are satisfied that the scheme will contribute to the implementation of—
(a) the policies set out in the related enhanced partnership plan, and
(b) their local transport policies.

(10) An enhanced partnership scheme may not be made unless the authority or authorities are satisfied that the scheme will—
(a) bring benefits to persons using local services in the whole or any part of the area to which the scheme relates by improving the quality or effectiveness of those services, or
(b) reduce or limit traffic congestion, noise or air pollution.

(11) An enhanced partnership plan or scheme may not be made unless the authority or authorities have complied with the requirements in—
(a) section 138F (preparation, notice and consultation), and
(b) section 138G(1) to (4) (making of plan and scheme).

(12) An enhanced partnership plan may not be made without also making an enhanced partnership scheme.

(13) In carrying out their functions under this Part in relation to enhanced partnership plans or schemes local transport authorities must co-operate with each other.

(14) Before making an enhanced partnership plan, a local transport authority must have regard to the desirability, in appropriate cases, of making an enhanced partnership plan and enhanced partnership schemes jointly with one or more other local transport authorities.
138B Further parties to a scheme

(1) Subsection (2) applies if—
   (a) the provision of any of the facilities specified in an enhanced partnership scheme, or
   (b) the taking of any of the measures specified in such a scheme, requires the making of a traffic regulation order in respect of a road or other place in a metropolitan district (other than a road for which the Secretary of State is the traffic authority).

(2) Where this subsection applies, the scheme may not be made unless it is made by—
   (a) the local transport authority or authorities, and
   (b) the metropolitan district council for the district, acting jointly.

(3) Subsection (4) applies if—
   (a) the provision of any of the facilities specified in an enhanced partnership scheme, or
   (b) the taking of any of the measures specified in such a scheme, requires the making of a traffic regulation order in respect of a road for which the Secretary of State is the traffic authority.

(4) Where this subsection applies, the scheme may not be made unless it is made by—
   (a) the local transport authority or authorities, and
   (b) the Secretary of State, acting jointly.

(5) Where subsection (2) or (4) applies so that a metropolitan district council or the Secretary of State makes an enhanced partnership scheme, then (subject to section 138N) the references to the authority or authorities in—
   (a) sections 138A(6) and (11),
   (b) sections 138F to 138J,
   (c) section 138K(1) and (3) to (5),
   (d) sections 138L and 138M,
   (e) section 138O, and
   (f) paragraph 27(4) of Schedule 9 to the Road Traffic Regulation Act 1984, include (as well as the local transport authority or authorities) the metropolitan district council or the Secretary of State.

(6) Subsection (5) is not to be taken as affecting the area indicated by references in the provisions mentioned in that subsection to the authority's or authorities' area or combined area.

138C Requirements in respect of local services

(1) An enhanced partnership scheme may specify under section 138A(5)(b) requirements about the frequency or timing of particular local services or local services of particular descriptions.

(2) A requirement falling within subsection (1) may, in particular, determine the frequency or timing allowed in relation to a local service—
(a) by reference only to that service, or
(b) by reference to that service and other local services, taken together.

(3) An enhanced partnership scheme may specify under section 138A(5)(b) other requirements as to the standard of services to be provided.

(4) The other requirements referred to in subsection (3) include—
(a) requirements which the vehicles being used to provide local services, or particular descriptions of local services, must meet,
(b) requirements about enabling tickets to be purchased or fares to be paid in particular ways,
(c) requirements about enabling entitlement to travel to be evidenced in particular ways,
(d) requirements about providing information to the public about local services or particular descriptions of local services,
(e) requirements as to the publicising of local services, fares or ticketing arrangements or particular descriptions of local services, fares or ticketing arrangements,
(f) requirements as to the appearance of tickets for local services or particular descriptions of local services,
(g) requirements as to the appearance of vehicles being used to provide local services or particular descriptions of local services,
(h) requirements as to the prices of multi-operator tickets,
(i) requirements as to dates upon which operators may change the timing of local services or particular descriptions of local services, and
(j) requirements as to ticketing arrangements.

(5) The requirements that may be specified under subsection (4)(a) include—
(a) requirements about providing information to passengers by placing particular electronic equipment, or electronic equipment of particular descriptions, in vehicles, and
(b) requirements about emissions or types of fuel or power.

(6) The requirements that may be specified under subsection (4)(b) include requirements about the persons from whom tickets may be purchased or to whom fares may be paid.

(7) The requirements that may be specified under subsection (4)(j) include—
(a) requirements to make arrangements for—
   (i) travel to, within or through particular areas,
   (ii) travel at particular times,
   (iii) travel on particular local services or particular descriptions of local services,
   (iv) travel on particular journeys or on particular descriptions of journey, or
   (v) travel by persons of particular descriptions,
(b) requirements to make arrangements entitling persons to make a journey, or journeys, involving both travel on one or more local services and travel by one or more connecting rail or tram services, and
(c) requirements about the terms and conditions upon which such travel is made available.
A connecting rail or tram service, in relation to an enhanced partnership scheme, is a service for the carriage of passengers by railway or by tramway (or by both) which runs between—

(a) a station or stopping place at or in the vicinity of which local services stop and which serves any part of the area to which the scheme relates, and
(b) any other place.

The requirements that may be specified in an enhanced partnership scheme also include requirements as to operators of local services establishing and operating arrangements that facilitate the operation of the scheme.

A requirement imposed by an enhanced partnership scheme has effect only in relation to so much of a local service as is provided in the area to which the scheme relates.

An enhanced partnership scheme may not impose requirements in relation to the use of vehicles under permits granted under section 22 of the Transport Act 1985.

In this section “multi-operator ticket” means a ticket, or a number of tickets purchased in a single transaction, entitling the holder to make a journey that involves or may involve, or journeys that involve or may involve, the use of local services provided by more than one operator.

### Facilities and measures

(1) The facilities which may be specified in an enhanced partnership scheme—

(a) must be facilities provided at specific locations along routes served, or proposed to be served, by local services within the area to which the scheme relates, or facilities which are ancillary to such facilities, but
(b) may not be facilities which are required to be provided as a result of section 139 or 140.

(2) The measures which may be specified in an enhanced partnership scheme—

(a) must be measures taken for the purpose of—

(i) increasing the use of local services serving the routes to which the measures relate or ending or reducing a decline in the use of such services, or
(ii) improving the quality of local services serving the routes to which the measures relate, but
(b) may not include the provision of such facilities as are described in subsection (1)(a) or as are required to be provided as a result of section 139 or 140.

(3) The Secretary of State may by regulations make further provision about the measures which may or may not be specified in an enhanced partnership scheme.

### Provision relating to variation or revocation

(1) An enhanced partnership scheme may specify cases in which the scheme may be varied or revoked in accordance with the scheme.

(2) The scheme may provide for variation or revocation in a particular case to be subject to satisfying such conditions as the scheme specifies.
(3) The cases that may be specified under subsection (1) as regards variation include cases where the variations in question consist only of such descriptions of variation as are specified in the scheme.

(4) The conditions that may be specified under subsection (2) include conditions prohibiting variation or revocation where a number of operators of local services disagree to the variation or revocation.

138F Preparation, notice and consultation

(1) If a local transport authority or authorities propose to make an enhanced partnership plan and scheme, they must—

(a) give notice of their intention to prepare a plan and scheme in such manner as they consider appropriate for bringing it to the attention of persons in their area or combined area,

(b) prepare a plan and scheme for consultation,

(c) give notice of the plan and scheme prepared to the persons who are operators of qualifying local services in the area to which the plan relates on the relevant day, and

(d) give notice of the proposal to make the plan and scheme in such manner as they consider appropriate for bringing it to the attention of persons in their area or combined area.

(2) A notice under subsection (1)(c) must—

(a) contain full details of the plan and scheme prepared,

(b) state the effect of subsection (5), and

(c) state the period within which objections may be made (which may not be less than 28 days).

(3) A notice under subsection (1)(d) must—

(a) contain full details of the plan and scheme proposed, or

(b) state where such details may be inspected.

(4) A local transport authority or authorities proposing to make an enhanced partnership plan and scheme must—

(a) invite operators of qualifying local services in the area to which the plan relates to participate in the preparation of the plan and scheme before starting to prepare them, and

(b) invite any person who becomes an operator of a qualifying local service in the area to which the plan relates while the plan and scheme are being prepared to participate in that preparation (including any person who becomes such an operator because of a change in the area to which the plan relates while the plan is being prepared).

(5) A local transport authority or authorities may not give notice of a proposal under subsection (1)(d) if, within the period for objections stated in the notice under subsection (1)(c)—

(a) a sufficient number of the persons who, on the relevant day, are operators of qualifying local services in the area to which the plan relates object to the plan prepared, or
(b) a sufficient number of the persons who, on the relevant day, are operators of qualifying local services in the area to which the scheme relates object to the scheme prepared.

(6) After giving notice of the proposed plan and scheme under subsection (1)(d), the authority or authorities must consult—

(a) all operators of local services who would, in the opinion of the authority or authorities, be affected by them,
(b) such organisations appearing to the authority or authorities to be representative of users of local services as they think fit,
(c) any other relevant local authority any part of whose area would, in the opinion of the authority or authorities, be affected by them,
(d) a traffic commissioner,
(e) the chief officer of police for each police area covering the whole or part of the area to which the plan relates,
(f) the Passengers' Council,
(g) the Competition and Markets Authority, and
(h) such other persons as the authority or authorities think fit.

(7) For the purpose of subsection (6)(c) the following are relevant local authorities—

(a) local transport authorities,
(b) district councils in England,
(c) National Park authorities,
(d) the Broads Authority,
(e) London transport authorities, and
(f) councils in Scotland.

(8) If a local transport authority or authorities propose to make a scheme or schemes relating to an existing enhanced partnership plan, subsections (1) to (7) have effect as if—

(a) references to a proposed plan and scheme were references to a proposed scheme or schemes, and
(b) subsection (5)(a) were omitted.

(9) If a local transport authority or authorities propose to make two or more schemes at the same time (whether at the same time as making a plan or in relation to an existing plan), subsection (5)(b) has effect as if references to the scheme were references to one of the schemes in question.

(10) The Secretary of State may by regulations—

(a) specify the descriptions of local services that are qualifying local services for the purposes of this section, and
(b) specify what constitutes a sufficient number of persons for the purposes of subsection (5)(a) or (b).

(11) Regulations under subsection (10)(b) may, in particular—

(a) require that a plan or scheme be objected to by such number of persons as, together, provide at least such proportion of the qualifying local services in the area in question as is specified in the regulations, in addition to being at least such proportion of the persons providing those services as is specified in the regulations, and
(b) make provision about determining the proportion of qualifying local services provided by an operator, including provision about the time by reference to which the proportion is to be determined.

(12) In this section “the relevant day”, in relation to an enhanced partnership plan or scheme prepared by a local transport authority or authorities under subsection (1)(b), means the day before the authority or authorities send out a notice relating to that plan or scheme in accordance with subsection (1)(c).

138G Making of plans and schemes

(1) If, after complying with section 138F as regards a proposal to make an enhanced partnership plan and scheme, a local authority or authorities consider it appropriate to make the plan and scheme, they may make them as proposed or with modifications.

(2) If the authority or authorities intend to make the plan and scheme with modifications of one or both of them, the authority or authorities must give notice of their intention to make the plan and scheme, with modifications, to the persons who are operators of qualifying local services in the area to which the plan relates on the relevant day.

(3) A notice under subsection (2) must—
   (a) contain full details of the plan and scheme,
   (b) state the effect of subsection (4), and
   (c) state the period within which objections may be made (which may not be less than 28 days).

(4) The authority or authorities may not make the plan and scheme with modifications if, within the period for objections stated in the notice under subsection (2)—
   (a) a sufficient number of the persons who, on the relevant day, are operators of qualifying local services in the area to which the plan relates object to the plan, or
   (b) a sufficient number of the persons who, on the relevant day, are operators of qualifying local services in the area to which the scheme relates object to the scheme.

(5) Not later than 14 days after the date on which a local transport authority or authorities make an enhanced partnership plan and scheme, the authority or authorities must give notice of the making of the plan and scheme—
   (a) in such manner as they consider appropriate for bringing it to the attention of persons in their area or combined area,
   (b) to all operators of local services who would, in the opinion of the authority or authorities, be affected by the scheme, and
   (c) to a traffic commissioner.

(6) The notice must—
   (a) contain full details of the plan and scheme or state where such details may be inspected, and
   (b) if the plan or scheme made is a modified version of the plan or scheme that was proposed, state that it is a modified version.

(7) If the proposal of a local transport authority or authorities is to make a scheme or schemes relating to an existing enhanced partnership plan, subsections (1) to (6) have effect as if—
(a) references to a plan and scheme were references to a scheme or schemes, and
(b) subsection (4)(a) were omitted.

(8) If the proposal of a local transport authority or authorities is to make two or more schemes at the same time (whether at the same time as making a plan or in relation to an existing plan), subsection (4)(b) has effect as if references to the scheme were references to one of the schemes in question.

(9) The Secretary of State may by regulations—
(a) specify the descriptions of local services that are qualifying local services for the purposes of this section, and
(b) specify what constitutes a sufficient number of persons for the purposes of subsection (4)(a) or (b).

(10) Regulations under subsection (9)(b) may, in particular—
(a) require that a plan or scheme be objected to by such number of persons as, together, provide at least such proportion of the qualifying local services in the area in question as is specified in the regulations, in addition to being at least such proportion of the persons providing those services as is specified in the regulations, and
(b) make provision about determining the proportion of qualifying local services provided by an operator, including provision about the time by reference to which the proportion is to be determined.

(11) In this section “the relevant day”, in relation to a plan or scheme that a local transport authority or authorities intend to make, means the day before the authority or authorities send out notices relating to that plan or scheme in accordance in subsection (2).

138H Content of scheme

(1) If a local transport authority or authorities make a scheme, the scheme must specify—
(a) the requirements imposed under it,
(b) the facilities (if any) to be provided under it by the authority or authorities,
(c) the measures (if any) to be taken under it by the authority or authorities,
(d) the provision (if any) about variation or revocation of the plan or scheme,
(e) the date on which it is to come into operation, and
(f) the period for which it is to remain in operation.

(2) The scheme must also specify—
(a) if a requirement imposed under the scheme is to have effect as from a date after the scheme comes into operation, the date as from which it has effect,
(b) if any facilities are to be provided under the scheme as from a date after the scheme comes into operation, the date as from which they are to be so provided,
(c) if any measures to be taken under the scheme as from a date after the scheme comes into operation, the date as from which they are to be so taken,
(d) if a condition under section 138E is to apply as from a date after the scheme comes into operation, the date as from which it applies, and
(e) if a condition under section 138E is to cease to apply as from a particular date, the date as from which it ceases to apply.
(3) Subject to regulations under section 138P, the scheme may provide that—
   (a) local services specified in it, or
   (b) local services of a class specified in it,
   are to be excluded from the scheme.

138I Postponement of scheme or part of scheme

(1) If it appears to a local transport authority or authorities that have made an enhanced partnership scheme appropriate to do so, they may decide that any of the dates specified in subsection (3) are to be postponed by such period as they think fit.

(2) A date may not be postponed under subsection (1) by a period or periods which in total exceed 12 months.

(3) The dates are—
   (a) the date on which the scheme is to come into operation,
   (b) the date as from which any particular requirement is to be imposed under the scheme,
   (c) the date as from which any particular facilities are to be provided under the scheme,
   (d) the date as from which any particular measures are to be taken under the scheme, and
   (e) the date as from which any particular condition under section 138E applies.

(4) Before making such a decision they must consult all operators of local services who would, in their opinion, be affected by the scheme.

(5) Not later than 14 days after the date on which any such decision is made, they must give notice of the making of the decision—
   (a) in such manner as they consider appropriate for bringing it to the attention of persons in their area or combined area,
   (b) to all operators of local services who would, in their opinion, be affected by the scheme, and
   (c) to a traffic commissioner.

(6) The notice must include a statement of their reasons for the decision.

138J Effect of plans and schemes

(1) If an enhanced partnership scheme requires a local transport authority or authorities to provide particular facilities, they must—
   (a) provide each of the specified facilities not later than the date specified for its provision under the scheme (subject to section 138I), and
   (b) continue to provide it throughout the remainder of the period for which the scheme is in operation.

(2) Subsection (1) does not apply in relation to any period during which the authority or authorities are temporarily unable to provide the facilities because of circumstances beyond their control.
(3) Subsection (1) does not apply in the case of the Secretary of State if the Secretary of State is unable to provide the facilities because of the variation or revocation of a traffic regulation order.

(4) If an enhanced partnership scheme made by a local transport authority or authorities requires them to take particular measures, they must—
   (a) take each of the specified measures not later than the date specified for taking it under the scheme (subject to section 138I), and
   (b) continue to take those measures throughout the remainder of the period for which the scheme is in operation.

(5) Subsection (4) does not apply in relation to any period during which the authority or authorities are temporarily unable to take those measures because of circumstances beyond their control.

(6) Subsection (4) does not apply in the case of the Secretary of State if the Secretary of State is unable to take the measures because of the variation or revocation of a traffic regulation order.

(7) Subsection (8) applies if the enhanced partnership plan or scheme made by a local transport authority or authorities makes provision about—
   (a) one or more reviews of the plan, or
   (b) one or more reviews of the operation of the scheme.

(8) The authority or authorities must secure that the review or each review—
   (a) is carried out in the manner specified in the plan or scheme, and
   (b) is completed by the date specified in the plan or scheme as the date for completing that review.

(9) If a requirement applies to a local service, the operator of the service must comply with that requirement.

(10) Subsection (9) does not apply in relation to services which are excluded from the scheme because of any provision of the scheme made in accordance with section 138H(3).

138K Variation

(1) A local transport authority or authorities to whose area or combined area, or part of it, an enhanced partnership plan relates may vary the plan and any related enhanced partnership scheme.

(2) An enhanced partnership plan or scheme may, in particular, be varied by changing the area to which the plan or scheme relates so that—
   (a) it includes the whole or a part of the area of another local transport authority, or
   (b) it ceases to include any part of the area of a local transport authority.

(3) An enhanced partnership plan or scheme may not be varied unless the authority or authorities have complied with the requirements in—
   (a) section 138L (preparation, notice and consultation), and
   (b) section 138M(1) to (5) (making the variation).

(4) An enhanced partnership scheme may not be varied unless the authority or authorities are satisfied that the scheme, as varied, will contribute to the implementation of—
(a) the policies set out in the related enhanced partnership plan (or those policies as proposed to be varied, if the scheme and the policies in the plan are being varied at the same time), and

(b) their local transport policies.

(5) An enhanced partnership scheme may not be varied unless the authority or authorities are satisfied that the scheme, as varied, will—

(a) bring benefits to persons using local services in the whole or any part of the area to which the scheme relates by improving the quality or effectiveness of those services, or

(b) reduce or limit traffic congestion, noise or air pollution.

(6) The references in subsections (1) and (3) to (5) and sections 138L and 138M to the local transport authority or authorities—

(a) in relation to the variation of an enhanced partnership plan, or

(b) in relation to the variation of an enhanced partnership scheme, if the scheme is proposed to be varied at the same time as the related enhanced partnership plan is proposed to be varied,

include a reference to a local transport authority to no part of whose area the plan relates but to whose area or part of it the plan would relate under a proposed variation.

(7) Nothing in this section prevents an enhanced partnership scheme being varied, in accordance with the scheme, in such cases as are allowed by the scheme (see section 138E).

(8) Before varying an enhanced partnership plan, a local transport authority must have regard to the desirability, in appropriate cases, of varying a plan so as to include in the area to which the plan relates any part of the area of one or more other local transport authorities.

138L Variation: preparation, notice and consultation

(1) If a local transport authority or authorities propose to vary an enhanced partnership plan or scheme, they must—

(a) give notice of their intention to prepare changes to the plan or scheme in such manner as they consider appropriate for bringing it to the attention of persons in their area or combined area,

(b) prepare the changes,

(c) give notice of the changes prepared to the persons who are operators of qualifying local services in the area to which the plan (or the plan as proposed to be varied) relates on the relevant day, and

(d) give notice of the proposal to vary the plan or scheme in such manner as they consider appropriate for bringing it to the attention of persons in their area or combined area.

(2) A notice under subsection (1)(c) must—

(a) contain full details of the changes prepared,

(b) state the effect of subsection (5), and

(c) state the period within which objections may be made (which may not be less than 28 days).

(3) A notice under subsection (1)(d) must—
(a) contain full details of the changes, or
(b) state where such details may be inspected.

(4) The authority or authorities must—
(a) invite operators of qualifying local services to participate in the preparation of the changes before starting to prepare them, and
(b) invite any person who becomes an operator of a qualifying local service while the changes are being prepared to participate in their preparation.

(5) A local transport authority or authorities may not give notice of a proposal under subsection (1)(d) if, within the period for objections given in the notice under subsection (1)(c)—
(a) a sufficient number of the persons who are operators of qualifying local services in the area to which the plan relates on the relevant day object to the changes prepared for the plan (if changes to a plan are prepared), or
(b) a sufficient number of the persons who are operators of qualifying local services in the area to which the scheme relates on the relevant day object to the changes prepared for the scheme (if changes to a scheme are prepared).

(6) After giving notice of the proposal under subsection (1)(d), the authority or authorities must consult the Competition and Markets Authority.

(7) If a local authority or authorities propose to vary two or more enhanced partnership schemes at the same time, subsection (5)(b) has effect as if references to the scheme were references to one of the schemes in question.

(8) The Secretary of State may by regulations—
(a) specify the descriptions of local services that are qualifying local services for the purposes of this section, and
(b) specify what constitutes a sufficient number of persons for the purposes of subsection (5)(a) or (b).

(9) Regulations under subsection (8)(b) may, in particular—
(a) require that changes to a plan or scheme be objected to by such number of persons as, together, provide at least such proportion of the qualifying local services in the area in question as is specified in the regulations, in addition to being at least such proportion of the persons providing those services as is specified in the regulations, and
(b) make provision about determining the proportion of qualifying local services provided by an operator, including provision about the time by reference to which the proportion is to be determined.

(10) In this section “the relevant day”, in relation to changes to an enhanced partnership plan or scheme prepared by a local transport authority or authorities under subsection (1)(b), means the day before the authority or authorities send out a notice relating to that plan or scheme in accordance with subsection (1)(c).

138M Variation: making the variation

(1) This section applies if a local transport authority or authorities have complied with the requirements of section 138L as regards a proposal to vary an enhanced partnership plan or scheme.
(2) If the authority or authorities consider it appropriate to vary the plan or scheme, they may vary the plan or scheme as proposed or with modifications.

(3) Before varying the plan or scheme, the authorities must give notice of their intention to vary the plan or scheme, as proposed or with modifications, to persons who were operators of qualifying local services at the qualifying time.

(4) The notice under subsection (3) must—
(a) contain full details of the variation or state where such details may be inspected,
(b) if the variation made is a modified version of the variation that was proposed, state that it is a modified version,
(c) state the effect of subsection (5), and
(d) specify the period within which persons who are operators of qualifying local services at the qualifying time may object to the proposed variation.

(5) The authority or authorities may not vary the plan or scheme (with or without modifications) if a sufficient number of the persons who were operators of qualifying local services at the qualifying time object to the variation.

(6) Not later than 14 days after the date on which the variation of the plan or scheme is made, the authority or authorities must give notice of the variation—
(a) in such manner as they consider appropriate for bringing it to the attention of persons in their area or combined area,
(b) to all operators of local services who would, in the opinion of the authority or authorities, be affected by it, and
(c) to a traffic commissioner.

(7) The notice must—
(a) contain full details of the variation or state where such details may be inspected, and
(b) if the variation made is a modified version of the variation that was proposed, state that it is a modified version.

(8) The Secretary of State may by regulations—
(a) specify the descriptions of local services that are qualifying local services for the purposes of this section,
(b) provide for the determination of the qualifying time for the purposes of this section,
(c) specify the minimum period which may be specified under subsection (4)(d),
(d) specify what constitutes a sufficient number of persons for the purposes of subsection (5), and
(e) specify how a person's objection is to be evidenced.

(9) Regulations under subsection (8)(d) may, in particular—
(a) require that a proposed variation be objected to by such number of persons as, together, provide at least such proportion of the qualifying local services as is specified in the regulations, in addition to being at least such proportion of the persons providing those services as is specified in the regulations, and
(b) make provision about determining the proportion of qualifying local services provided by an operator, including provision about the time by reference to which the proportion is to be determined.
Variation: supplementary

(1) The relevant references to the authority or authorities in relation to an enhanced partnership scheme—
   (a) include a traffic regulation authority if it has been varied so that it specifies traffic regulation facilities or measures, but
   (b) do not include a traffic regulation authority if it has been varied so that it no longer specifies such facilities or measures.

(2) But if (although the scheme does not specify facilities or measures which are traffic regulation facilities or measures in relation to a traffic regulation authority) it would do by reason of a proposed variation, those references to the authority or authorities in relation to an enhanced partnership scheme (apart from the relevant references in section 138J) include that authority.

(3) And if (although the scheme specifies facilities or measures which are traffic regulation facilities or measures in relation to a traffic regulation authority)—
   (a) the traffic regulation order, or (where more than one) each of the traffic regulation orders, required to be made by that authority for the provision of those facilities or measures has been revoked, and
   (b) the scheme is proposed to be varied (but not so that it specifies other facilities or measures which are traffic regulation facilities or measures in relation to that authority),

   the relevant references to the authority or authorities in relation to an enhanced partnership scheme (apart from those in section 138J) do not include that authority.

(4) For the purposes of this section the relevant references are those in—
   (a) section 138A(6) and (11),
   (b) sections 138F to 138J,
   (c) section 138K(1) and (3) to (5),
   (d) sections 138L and 138M,
   (e) section 138O, and
   (f) paragraph 27(4) of Schedule 9 to the Road Traffic Regulation Act 1984.

(5) Subsections (1) and (2) are not to be taken as affecting the area indicated by references in the provisions mentioned in subsection (4) to the authority's or authorities' area or combined area.

(6) For the purposes of this section—
   (a) facilities are traffic regulation facilities, in relation to a traffic regulation authority and an enhanced partnership scheme, if that authority was required to be a maker of the scheme because it originally specified those facilities or would have been required to be a maker of it had it done so, and
   (b) measures are traffic regulation measures, in relation to a traffic regulation authority and an enhanced partnership scheme, if that authority was required to be a maker of the scheme because it originally specified those measures or would have been required to be a maker of it had it done so.

(7) In this section “traffic regulation authority” means—
   (a) a metropolitan district council, or
   (b) the Secretary of State.
138O Revocation

(1) A local transport authority or authorities may, if they consider it appropriate to do so—
(a) revoke an enhanced partnership plan that relates to the whole or any part of their area or combined area, and
(b) revoke an enhanced partnership scheme relating to such a plan.

(2) A local transport authority or authority may not—
(a) revoke an enhanced partnership plan without also revoking all enhanced partnership schemes relating to it, or
(b) revoke all enhanced partnership schemes relating to an enhanced partnership plan without also revoking the plan.

(3) A local transport authority or authorities may not revoke an enhanced partnership plan or scheme unless they have complied with subsections (4) to (8).

(4) A local transport authority or authorities must give notice of a proposal to revoke an enhanced partnership plan or scheme in such manner as they consider appropriate for bringing it to the attention of persons in their area or combined area.

(5) After giving notice under subsection (4), the authority or authorities must consult—
(a) operators of qualifying local services,
(b) the Competition and Markets Authority, and
(c) such other persons as the authority or authorities think fit.

(6) If, after consulting those persons, the authority or authorities wish to revoke the plan or scheme, they must give notice of their intention to revoke the plan or scheme to persons who were operators of qualifying local services at the qualifying time.

(7) The notice under subsection (6) must—
(a) state the date on which the plan or scheme is to be revoked,
(b) state the authority's or authorities' reasons for revoking the plan or scheme,
(c) state the effect of subsection (8), and
(d) specify the period within which persons who are operators of qualifying local services at the qualifying time may object to the revocation.

(8) The authority or authorities may not revoke the plan or scheme if a sufficient number of the persons who were operators of qualifying local services at the qualifying time object to the revocation of the plan or (as the case may be) the scheme.

(9) Not later than 14 days after the date on which the plan or scheme is revoked, the authority or authorities must give notice of the revocation—
(a) in such manner as they consider appropriate for bringing it to the attention of persons in their area or combined area,
(b) to all operators of local services who would, in the opinion of the authority or authorities, be affected by the revocation, and
(c) to a traffic commissioner.

(10) Nothing in subsections (3) to (8) prevents an enhanced partnership scheme being revoked, in accordance with the scheme, in such cases as are allowed by the scheme (see section 138E).

(11) The Secretary of State may by regulations—
(a) specify the descriptions of local services that are qualifying local services for the purposes of this section,
(b) provide for the determination of the qualifying time for the purposes of this section,
(c) specify the minimum period which may be specified under subsection (7)(d),
(d) specify what constitutes a sufficient number of persons for the purposes of subsection (8), and
(e) specify how a person's objection is to be evidenced.

(12) Regulations under subsection (11)(d) may, in particular—
(a) require that the revocation of a plan or scheme be disagreed to by such number of persons as, together, provide at least such proportion of the qualifying local services as is specified in the regulations, in addition to being at least such proportion of the persons providing those services as is specified in the regulations, and
(b) make provision about determining the proportion of qualifying local services provided by an operator, including provision about the time by reference to which the proportion is to be determined.

138P Regulations about plans and schemes

(1) The Secretary of State may by regulations make further provision with respect to—
(a) the procedure to be followed when making, varying or revoking enhanced partnership plans or schemes,
(b) the content or operation of schemes which include a requirement falling within section 138C(1),
(c) the local services or classes of local services which must be, or may be, excluded from schemes,
(d) the making of traffic regulation orders in connection with schemes, and
(e) such other incidental matters in connection with schemes as the Secretary of State thinks fit.

(2) The regulations may in particular make provision with respect to—
(a) giving notice of proposed schemes or proposed variations or revocations of enhanced partnership plans or schemes,
(b) objections to such proposals,
(c) modifications of such proposals,
(d) the form of plans, schemes or variations, and
(e) giving notice of plans or schemes which have been made or of the variation or revocation of plans or schemes.

138Q Transitional provision about schemes

(1) The Secretary of State may by regulations make such transitional provision as the Secretary of State considers appropriate in connection with—
(a) the making of enhanced partnership plans and schemes,
(b) the coming into operation of provisions of enhanced partnership plans and schemes,
(c) the variation of enhanced partnership plans and schemes, and
(d) the revocation of enhanced partnership plans and schemes.
(2) The regulations may in particular provide that in prescribed circumstances—
   (a) any provision of sections 6 to 9 of the Transport Act 1985 (registration of local services), or of sections 89 to 92 of that Act (obligation to invite tenders for subsidised services etc), which would otherwise have effect is not to have effect or is to have effect with such modifications as may be prescribed, or
   (b) any such provision which would not otherwise have effect is to have effect or is to have effect with such modifications as may be prescribed, in relation to the whole or any part of the area to which the scheme relates.

(3) The regulations may in particular provide for the application of requirements imposed under section 138A(5)(b) to local services that were registered under section 6 of the Transport Act 1985 before the requirements came into force.

(4) Regulations made by virtue of subsection (3) may in particular—
   (a) make provision about recording requirements that apply to local services with the registered particulars of those local services;
   (b) make provision requiring the local transport authority or authorities that made an enhanced partnership scheme to notify a traffic commissioner of the local services or the descriptions of local services to which each requirement specified in the scheme would apply, subject to such exceptions as may be prescribed;
   (c) make provision for the cancellation of the registration of local services that could not be provided in accordance with requirements falling within section 138C(1);
   (d) make provision about the determination by the local transport authority or authorities that made an enhanced partnership scheme of what local services may be registered under section 6 of the Transport Act 1985 in place of local services whose registrations are cancelled under paragraph (c), including provision for awarding contracts authorising the provision of local services or local services of particular descriptions;
   (e) make provision as to the period during which the registration, or variation of registration, of local services is subject to provision under paragraph (d);
   (f) make provision for cancellation under paragraph (c) to be revoked if prescribed conditions are satisfied, including conditions relating to the variation or cancellation under section 6 of the Transport Act 1985 of the registration of one or more of the local services affected;
   (g) make provision for the time at which cancellation under paragraph (c) becomes effective to be postponed in prescribed circumstances;
   (h) make provision for appeals against—
      (i) decisions to record or not to record requirements under paragraph (a);
      (ii) decisions to cancel registrations of local services under paragraph (c).

(5) Regulations made by virtue of subsection (4)(h) may in particular include provision about—
   (a) to whom an appeal may be made;
   (b) how an appeal may be made and dealt with;
   (c) further appeals;
   (d) who may be parties to an appeal or further appeal.
(6) In this section “registered particulars”, in relation to a local service, means the particulars of the service required to be registered under section 6 of the Transport Act 1985.

138R Guidance about plans and schemes

(1) The Secretary of State may issue guidance concerning the carrying out by local transport authorities and metropolitan district councils of their functions under this Part in relation to enhanced partnership plans and schemes.

(2) Those authorities and councils must have regard to any such guidance.

138S Application of TUPE

(1) Subsection (3) applies to a situation in which—

(a) on the coming into force of an awarded contract, one or more local services cease to be provided by a person (the “former operator”) in the area to which the relevant enhanced partnership scheme relates because the cancellation of the registration of the service or services under a relevant provision becomes effective, and

(b) at the same time, a person (the “new operator”) begins to provide one or more local services in that area by virtue of that awarded contract.

(2) Subsection (3) also applies to a situation in which—

(a) one or more local services which, on the coming into force of an awarded contract, a person (the “former operator”) would be required to cease providing in the area mentioned in subsection (1)(a) of this section because the cancellation of the registration of the service or services under a relevant provision would have become effective, cease to be provided by the former operator before the coming into force of that awarded contract, and

(b) at the same time, a person (the “new operator”) begins to provide one or more local services in that area under an agreement which the authority or authorities operating the relevant enhanced partnership scheme entered into by reason of the cessation of the local service or services referred to in paragraph (a).

(3) Any situation to which this subsection applies is to be treated as a relevant transfer for the purposes of the Transfer of Undertakings (Protection of Employment) Regulations 2006 (“TUPE”) (whether or not TUPE would apply apart from this subsection).

(4) For the purposes of TUPE, the organised grouping of employees that is subject to the relevant transfer consists of those employees of the former operator whose employment is principally connected with the provision of the local services referred to in subsection (1)(a) or (as the case may be) the local services referred to in subsection (2)(a).

(5) Any situation which by virtue of this section is treated as a relevant transfer for the purposes of TUPE is also to be treated as a relevant transfer within the meaning of TUPE for the purposes of—

(a) sections 257 and 258 of the Pensions Act 2004, and

(b) any regulations made under section 258 of that Act.
(6) The Secretary of State may make regulations supplementing the provision made by this section.

(7) The provision that may be made by regulations under subsection (6) includes—

(a) provision for determining, for the purposes of subsection (4), whether a person's employment is principally connected with the provision of any particular local services (including provision for or in connection with the appointment of a person to make such determination);

(b) provision for determining, in the case of any particular organised grouping of employees, the particular new operator who is to be the transferee for the purposes of TUPE (including provision for or in connection with the appointment of a person to make such determination);

(c) provision requiring any person operating local services in the area to which an enhanced partnership scheme relates to provide the authority or authorities operating the scheme with such information as may be prescribed, at such time as may be prescribed, about such of that person's employees as would fall within subsection (4) if the person ceased to provide those services in the circumstances described in subsection (1)(a);

(d) provision requiring the authority or authorities operating an enhanced partnership scheme to provide all persons operating local services in the area to which the scheme relates with such information as may be prescribed, at such time as may be prescribed, so as to enable such persons to comply with any requirement imposed by virtue of paragraph (c) of this subsection;

(e) provision requiring the authority or authorities operating an enhanced partnership scheme to ensure that any awarded contract entered into with a person because of the scheme, or any other agreement made with a person for the provision of local services in the area to which the scheme relates, is made on terms—

(i) that require the person, in the event of there being any transferring employees, to secure pension protection for every transferring employee, or every transferring employee of a prescribed description, who as an employee of the former operator had rights to acquire pension benefits, and

(ii) that, so far as relating to the securing of pension protection for a transferring employee, are enforceable by the employee.

(8) For the purposes of this section—

(a) “transferring employee” means an employee of a former operator whose contract of employment becomes, either by virtue of TUPE or by virtue of this section, a contract of employment with a new operator;

(b) “pension protection” is secured for a transferring employee if after the change of employer referred to in paragraph (a)—

(i) the employee has, as an employee of the new operator, rights to acquire pension benefits, and

(ii) those rights are of such description as is prescribed by regulations.

(9) The Secretary of State must exercise the power conferred by this section to make regulations containing provision falling within subsection (7)(e) so as to ensure—

(a) that pension protection is required to be secured for every transferring original employee who, as an employee of the original operator, had rights to acquire pension benefits, and
(b) that the rights to acquire pension benefits which a transferring original employee has as an employee of the new operator by virtue of paragraph (a) are rights which—

(i) are the same as the rights the transferring original employee had as an employee of the original operator, or

(ii) under provision made by regulations, count as being broadly comparable to, or better than, those rights.

(10) For the purposes of subsection (9)—

“transferring original employee” means a transferring employee—

(a) who immediately before the relevant date was employed by a person (the “original operator”) providing local services in the area to which the relevant enhanced partnership scheme relates, and

(b) whose contract of employment—

(i) was, from that date until the change of employer referred to in subsection (8)(a), a contract of employment with the original operator, or

(ii) on each occasion when the employee was subject to a relevant transfer became, either by virtue of TUPE or by virtue of this section, a contract of employment with a person providing local services in the area referred to in paragraph (a);

“relevant date”, in relation to an enhanced partnership scheme, means—

(a) the date on which the scheme was made, or

(b) where—

(i) the local services being provided by the original operator were not subject to the scheme when it was made, and

(ii) as a result of the variation of the scheme, those services became subject to the scheme,

the date on which that variation was made;

“relevant transfer” means anything that is, or is to be treated as, a relevant transfer for the purposes of TUPE.

(11) In this section—

“awarded contract” means a contract authorising a person to provide a local service that is awarded in accordance with—

(a) regulations made by virtue of section 6E(6) of the Transport Act 1985 (provision for services to be allocated), or

(b) regulations made by virtue of section 138Q(4)(d);

and an awarded contract is to be regarded as in force when the authority to provide a service has effect;

“relevant provision” means—

(a) section 6E(2) of the Transport Act 1985 (cancellation where incompatibility with a requirement falling within section 138C(1)), or

(b) regulations made by virtue of section 138Q(4)(c).}
139 Information about bus services.

(1) Each local transport authority must from time to time determine, having regard to their local transport policies—
   (a) what local bus information should be made available to the public (“the required information”), and
   (b) the way in which it should be made available (“the appropriate way”).

(2) Before making such a determination, the authority must consult—
   (a) such organisations appearing to the authority to be representative of users of local services as they think fit, and
   (b) a traffic commissioner.

(3) Each authority must from time to time ascertain whether the required information is being made available to the public in the appropriate way.

(4) Subsection (5) applies if an authority consider that—
   (a) the required information is not being made available to the public to any extent, or
   (b) that information is not being made available to the public in the appropriate way.

(5) If this subsection applies, the authority must seek to make arrangements with the operators of the local services concerned under which those operators agree to make the information available (or to make it available in that way).

(6) In this section “local bus information”, in relation to a local transport authority, means—
   (a) information about routes and timetabling of local services to, from and within the authority’s area,
   (b) information about fares for journeys on such local services, and
   (c) such other information about facilities for disabled persons, travel concessions, connections with other public passenger transport services or other matters of value to the public as the authority consider appropriate in relation to their area.
140 Duty of authority to make information available.

(1) If the authority are unable to make satisfactory arrangements with one or more of those operators, they—

(a) must make available, or secure that there is made available, in the appropriate way such of the required information as is not being made available or is not being made available in that way (whether by virtue of arrangements made under section 139(5) or otherwise), and

(b) may recover from that operator or those operators the reasonable costs incurred by them in doing so as a civil debt due to them.

(2) In determining for the purposes of subsection (1)(b) what is reasonable in relation to a particular operator, the authority must have regard to—

(a) the amount of information which has to be made available, and

(b) the way in which that information has to be made available, in respect of the local services provided by that operator.

(3) If the authority require an operator to provide information to them or to another person in order to perform their duty under subsection (1)(a), the operator must provide the information at such times and in such manner as is specified by the authority.

(4) The authority must give notice of any requirement imposed under subsection (3) to a traffic commissioner.

Textual Amendments

F328 Words in s. 140(4) substituted (3.7.2013) by The Local Transport Act 2008 (Traffic Commissioners) (Consequential Amendments) Order 2013 (S.I. 2013/1644), art. 1(1), Sch. 3 (with art. 7)
(a) must not act in such a way as to discriminate (whether directly or indirectly) against any operator, or class of operator, of local services, and

(b) must co-operate with one another.

(3) A local transport authority must have regard to the desirability, in appropriate cases, of carrying out those functions jointly with another authority (whether as respects the whole or any part of their combined area).

Commencement Information

S. 141 wholly in force at 1.8.2001; s. 141 not in force at Royal Assent see s. 275(1)(2); s. 141 in force (E.) at 1.2.2001 by S.I. 2001/57, art. 3(2), Sch. 3 Pt. I (subject to the savings in Sch. 3 Pt. II); s. 141 in force (W.) at 1.8.2001 by S.I. 2001/2788, art. 2, Sch. 1 para. 4

[F329141A]Power to require provision of information about English bus services

(1) The Secretary of State may by regulations require—

(a) applicants for the registration of relevant local services, or for the variation or cancellation of any such registration, to provide prescribed information—

(i) in relation to the services, or

(ii) in connection with the application;

(b) operators of registered relevant local services to provide prescribed information in relation to the services;

(c) local transport authorities to provide prescribed information in relation to relevant local services which have one or more stopping places in their areas;

(d) traffic commissioners to provide prescribed information that is held by them in relation to relevant local services.

(2) The information that may be prescribed is such information within subsection (3) as appears to the Secretary of State to be required—

(a) in order to make information about relevant local services available to users or prospective users of those services, or

(b) in order to facilitate the exercise of functions relating to the registration of relevant local services.

(3) The information within this subsection is—

(a) information about routes, stopping places, timetables, fares and tickets,

(b) information about changes or proposed changes to routes, stopping places, timetables, fares and tickets, and

(c) information about the operation of the services.

(4) The information within subsection (3)(c) includes—

(a) live information, that is to say information provided immediately it becomes available about the location of vehicles operating the services and the time at which they stop, or are expected to stop, at stopping places, and

(b) information about the operation of the services in the past.

(5) The regulations may make provision about—

(a) the person to whom the information is to be provided,

(b) the time when it is to be provided, and
(c) the manner and form in which it is to be provided (including, in particular, provision requiring it to be provided electronically).

(6) The provision made under subsection (5)(a) may not require the information to be provided to a person other than—

(a) the Secretary of State;
(b) a local transport authority whose area is in England;
(c) a person prescribed in the regulations, being a person who provides or facilitates the provision of, or is to provide or facilitate the provision of, information about relevant local services to users or prospective users of those services.

(7) The regulations may provide that a reference in the regulations to a standard according to which the information is to be provided is to be construed as a reference to that standard as it has effect from time to time.

(8) The regulations may make provision as to the use and disclosure of the information, including—

(a) provision for the information to be made available free of charge and without restrictions on its use and disclosure, and
(b) provision for information provided in connection with an application for registration, or for the variation or cancellation of a registration, to be provided to a traffic commissioner.

(9) The regulations may make different provision for different areas.

(10) Before making regulations under this section the Secretary of State must consult—

(a) such persons or organisations as appear to the Secretary of State to represent the interests of operators and users of relevant local services,
(b) such persons or organisations as appear to the Secretary of State to represent the interests of local transport authorities whose areas are in England, and
(c) such other persons or organisations as the Secretary of State considers appropriate.

(11) The references to traffic commissioners in subsections (1)(d) and (8)(b) are to be read as including references to any local transport authority carrying out the functions of a traffic commissioner in accordance with section 6G of the Transport Act 1985.

(12) In this section—

(a) “relevant local service” means a local service which has one or more stopping places in the relevant area,
(b) references to registration, in relation to a relevant local service, are to registration under section 6 of the Transport Act 1985,
(c) “prescribed” means prescribed by regulations under this section, and
(d) “relevant area” means England outside Greater London.

(13) Where a local service is or is to be provided both inside and outside the relevant area, any part of the service which is or is to be provided outside the relevant area is to be treated as a separate service for the purposes of subsection (12)(a) if there is any stopping place for that part of the service outside the relevant area.]
142 Traffic regulation conditions to reduce or limit pollution.

In section 7 of the Transport Act 1985 (traffic regulation conditions to be met in provision of local services subject to registration), in subsection (4) (reasons for which conditions may be determined), insert at the end “; or (c) reduce or limit noise or air pollution.”

143 Power to obtain information about local services.

(1) A local transport authority may, in connection with the exercise of any of their functions relating to public transport, require an operator of local services to provide them with any information relating to the matters specified in subsection (2) which is in his possession or control.

(2) The matters referred to in subsection (1) are—

(a) the total number of journeys undertaken by passengers on the local services operated by the operator in the authority’s area or any part of its area,

(b) the structure of fares for those journeys, and

(c) the total distance covered by vehicles used by him in operating those local services.

(3) The operator may be required to provide the information in any form in which, having regard to the manner in which the information is kept, it is reasonable to expect him to provide it.

(4) No information which—

(a) has been provided under this section, or provided together with information so provided, and

(b) relates to the affairs of an individual or to a particular business, shall be disclosed during the lifetime of the individual or while the business continues to be carried on.

(5) But subsection (4) does not apply to a disclosure made—
(a) with the consent of the individual or the person for the time being carrying on the business,
(b) in connection with the investigation of crime or for the purposes of criminal proceedings,
(c) for the purposes of civil proceedings brought by virtue of this Act or the Transport Act 1985, or
(d) in order to comply with the order of a court or tribunal.

(6) A person who discloses information in contravention of subsection (4) is guilty of an offence and liable on summary conviction to a fine not exceeding level 5 on the standard scale.

### Power to obtain information: franchising schemes

(1) A franchising authority may, in connection with their functions under this Part in relation to franchising schemes, require an operator of local services to provide them with such relevant information about local services operated by the operator in the authority’s area, or any part of it, as the operator possesses or controls.

(2) If two or more franchising authorities are exercising functions under this Part in relation to the same franchising scheme or proposed franchising scheme, each of them may, in connection with their functions under this Part in relation to franchising schemes, require an operator of local services to provide them with such relevant information about local services operated by the operator in the authorities’ areas, or any part of those areas, as the operator possesses or controls.

(3) For the purposes of this section, information about the local services operated by an operator in an area is relevant information if it is—

(a) information about the total number of journeys undertaken by passengers on the local services operated by the operator in the area;
(b) information about the structure of fares for journeys on those local services;
(c) information about revenue received from those local services, including information about revenue attributable to particular types of fares or derived from journeys undertaken on particular parts of those local services;
(d) information about the total distance covered by vehicles used by the operator in operating those local services;
(e) information about persons employed by the operator in the provision of those local services;
(f) information about journeys that the operator has forecast will be undertaken by passengers on those services and revenue that the operator has forecast will be received from those services;

(g) information of such description as is specified in regulations made by the Secretary of State.

(4) The powers in subsections (1) and (2) may not be used to require an operator to provide information relating to periods that fall more than five years before the date of the demand.

(5) If a franchising authority or authorities require the consent of the Secretary of State under section 123C before preparing an assessment under section 123B, that consent must be given before the authority or any of them may exercise the powers in subsections (1) and (2).

(6) The operator may be required—

(a) to provide the information in any form in which, having regard to the manner in which the information is kept, it is reasonable to expect the operator to provide it, and

(b) to provide the information before the end of such reasonable period as may be specified by the franchising authority.

(7) If it appears to a franchising authority that an operator of a local service has failed to take all reasonable steps to comply with a requirement imposed under this section, the authority must inform a traffic commissioner.

(8) A franchising authority that have obtained information under this section may—

(a) use the information for the purposes of their functions under this Part in relation to franchising schemes, and

(b) supply the information to a person specified in subsection (9) for use in connection with the same franchising scheme or the same proposed franchising scheme.

(9) The persons referred to in subsection (8) are—

(a) a franchising authority;

(b) a person providing services to a franchising authority;

(c) a person carrying out functions under section 123D.

(10) The requirements in sections 123E and 123G about publishing documents do not require a franchising authority to publish information obtained by the authority, or another franchising authority exercising functions under this Part in relation to the same franchising scheme or proposed franchising scheme, under this section if it is information that the authority could refuse to disclose in response to a request under—

(a) the Freedom of Information Act 2000, or

(b) the Environmental Information Regulations 2004 (S.I. 2004/3391) or any regulations replacing those regulations.]

Textual Amendments
F330 S. 143A inserted (27.4.2017 for specified purposes, 27.6.2017 in so far as not already in force) by Bus Services Act 2017 (c. 21), ss. 5, 26(3)
143B Power to obtain information about local services: enhanced partnership schemes

(1) If a local transport authority in England, or two or more such authorities acting jointly, are preparing an enhanced partnership plan or scheme, the authority or any of the authorities may, in connection with preparing the plan or scheme, require an operator of a local service in their area or combined area to supply relevant information.

(2) A local transport authority in England that are party to an enhanced partnership plan may, in connection with any relevant function, require an operator of a local service in their area, or in the combined area of the authority and any other local transport authority in England that are party to the plan, to supply relevant information.

(3) If an enhanced partnership plan is proposed to be varied so as to include another local transport authority in England, that authority may, in connection with determining whether and how to vary an enhanced partnership plan or scheme, require an operator of a local service in their area, or in the combined area of that authority and any other local transport authority in England that would be party to the plan as it is proposed to be varied, to supply relevant information.

(4) The operator may be required—

(a) to provide the information in any form in which, having regard to the manner in which the information is kept, it is reasonable to expect him to provide it, and

(b) to provide the information before the end of such reasonable period as may be specified by the local transport authority.

(5) If it appears to a local transport authority that an operator of a local service has failed to take all reasonable steps to comply with a request under this section, the authority must inform a traffic commissioner.

(6) A local transport authority that have obtained information under this section in connection with a function relating to an enhanced partnership plan or scheme may—

(a) use the information for the purposes of the function for which it was obtained, and

(b) supply the information to a person specified in subsection (7) for use for those purposes in connection with the same plan or scheme.

(7) The persons referred to in subsection (6) are—

(a) a local transport authority;

(b) the Secretary of State;

(c) a metropolitan district council;

(d) a person providing services to a local transport authority, the Secretary of State or a metropolitan district council.

(8) A public authority must not disclose information supplied to the authority under this section if it is information which the authority may refuse to disclose in response to a request under the Freedom of Information Act 2000 in reliance on a claim that the information is exempt information by virtue of section 40, 41, 42 or 43 of the Freedom of Information Act 2000.

(9) Subsection (8) does not prevent the disclosure of information—

(a) under subsection (6)(b),
(b) in the case of information relating to the affairs of an individual who is alive or a particular business that is being carried on, with the consent of the individual or the person for the time being carrying on the business,

(c) in connection with the investigation of crime or for the purposes of criminal proceedings,

(d) for the purposes of civil proceedings brought by virtue of this Act or the Transport Act 1985,

(e) in order to comply with the order of a court of tribunal, or

(f) in order to comply with a requirement imposed by law.

(10) The prohibition in subsection (8) is to be disregarded for the purposes of section 44 of the Freedom of Information Act 2000.

(11) In this section—

“relevant function” means—

(a) reviewing an enhanced partnership plan or the operation of an enhanced partnership scheme,

(b) determining whether and how to vary an enhanced partnership plan or scheme, or

(c) determining whether to revoke an enhanced partnership plan or scheme;

“relevant information” means information relating to a local service or passengers on a local service which is of a description specified in regulations made by the Secretary of State.

Textual Amendments
F331 S. 143B inserted (27.4.2017 for specified purposes, 27.6.2017 in so far as not already in force) by Bus Services Act 2017 (c. 21), ss. 10, 26(3)

144 Civil penalties for bus lane contraventions.

[F332 (1) The relevant national authority may by regulations make provision for or in connection with—

(a) the imposition of penalty charges in respect of bus lane contraventions, and

(b) the payment of such penalty charges.

(2) Regulations under subsection (1) may provide for the imposition of penalty charges—

(a) by approved local authorities, or

(b) both by approved local authorities and by Transport for London or London local authorities or both.

(3) An authority is an approved local authority if—

(a) an order designating the whole or any part of its area has been made under paragraph 1(1) or 2(1) of Schedule 3 to the Road Traffic Act 1991 (permitted and special parking areas outside Greater London), and

(b) the relevant national authority has made an order specifying it as an approved local authority for the purposes of this section

(4) A bus lane contravention is a contravention of any such provision of—

(a) a traffic regulation order,
(b) an experimental traffic order, or
(c) a temporary traffic restriction order,
as relates to the use of an area of road which is or forms part of a bus lane.

(5) And an area of road is or forms part of a bus lane if the order provides that it may be used—
(a) only by buses (or a particular description of bus), or
(b) only by buses (or a particular description of bus) and some other class or classes of vehicular traffic.

(6) The roads in relation to which regulations under subsection (1) may authorise the imposition of penalty charges are—
(a) in the case of an approved local authority, roads in its area,
(b) in the case of Transport for London, roads in Greater London of a description prescribed by such regulations or all roads in Greater London, and
(c) in the case of a London local authority, roads in its area of a description prescribed by such regulations or all roads in its area.

(7) Before making any regulations by virtue of subsection (6)(b) or (c) the Secretary of State shall consult—
(a) Transport for London, and
(b) the London local authorities affected by the regulations.

(8) Regulations under subsection (1) shall include provision—
(a) specifying the person by whom a penalty charge in respect of any contravention is to be paid (who may be the registered keeper of the motor vehicle involved in the contravention, its driver at the time of the contravention or any other appropriate person),
(b) permitting the imposition of a penalty charge only on the basis of a record produced by an approved device,
(c) securing that a penalty charge in respect of a contravention is not required to be paid, or is refunded, where the conduct constituting the contravention is the subject of criminal proceedings or where a fixed penalty notice has been given in respect of that conduct, and
(d) as to the application of sums paid by way of penalty charges.

(9) Regulations under subsection (1) shall include provision for the level of penalty charges in the case of approved local authorities to be set by the authorities subject to the approval of the relevant national authority; and sections 74 and 74A of the Road Traffic Act 1991 apply to penalty charges in the case of Transport for London and London local authorities as they apply to additional parking charges.

(10) Regulations under subsection (1) may—
(a) specify exemptions from penalty charges,
(b) make provision for discounts or surcharges (or both), and
(c) make provision about the keeping of accounts, and the preparation and publication of statements of account, relating to sums paid by way of penalty charges.

(11) The Lord Chancellor may make regulations about the notification, adjudication and enforcement of penalty charges.

(12) Regulations under subsection (11) may include—
(a) provision creating criminal offences to be triable summarily and punishable with a fine not exceeding level 5 on the standard scale or such lower amount as is prescribed by the regulations, and

(b) provision for or in connection with permitting evidence of a fact to be given by the production of a record produced by an approved device with a certificate as to the circumstances in which the record was produced,

but may not confer power to stop motor vehicles.

(13) Regulations under this section made by the Secretary of State or the Lord Chancellor may make provision in respect of Greater London different from that in respect of the rest of England.

(14) In this section—

“approved device” means a device of a description specified in an order made by the relevant national authority,

“bus” includes a tramcar (within the meaning of section 141A of the Road Traffic Regulation Act 1984) and a trolley vehicle (within the meaning of that section),

“experimental traffic order” means an order under section 9 of that Act,

“fixed penalty notice” has the same meaning as in Part III of the Road Traffic Offenders Act 1988,

“London local authority” means a London borough council or the Common Council of the City of London,

“motor vehicle” has the meaning given in section 185(1) of the Road Traffic Act 1988, except that section 189 of that Act (exception for certain pedestrian controlled vehicles and electrically assisted pedal cycles) shall apply as it applies for the purposes of the Road Traffic Acts,

“registered keeper”, in relation to a contravention involving a motor vehicle, means the person in whose name the motor vehicle was registered under the Vehicle Registration and Excise Act 1994 at the time of the contravention,

“relevant national authority” means—

(a) the Secretary of State as respects England, or

(b) the National Assembly for Wales as respects Wales,

“road” has the same meaning as in the Road Traffic Regulation Act 1984,

“temporary traffic restriction order” means an order under section 14 or 16A of that Act, and

“traffic regulation order” means an order under section 1 or 6 of that Act.

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**Textual Amendments**

**F332** S. 144 repealed (31.3.2008 for W.) by Traffic Management Act 2004 (c. 18), s. 99(1), Sch. 12 Pt. 1; S.I. 2007/3174, art. 2, Sch.

**Modifications etc. (not altering text)**

**C49** S. 144 applied (with modifications) by 2006 c. 12, s. 16C(1)-(4) (as inserted (14.2.2012) by London Olympic Games and Paralympic Games (Amendment) Act 2011 (c. 22), ss. 8, 10(1))

**C50** S. 144 modified (temp.) (26.5.2015) by Deregulation Act 2015 (c. 20), s. 115(3)(p), Sch. 11 para. 17 (with Sch. 11 para. 18)
Mandatory travel concessions for journeys not beginning on the London bus network

Textual Amendments
F333 S. 145A substituted for s. 145 (17.10.2007 for specified purposes, 1.4.2008 in so far as not already in force) by Concessionary Bus Travel Act 2007 (c. 13), ss. 1, 15(1); S.I. 2007/2799, arts. 2, 3 (with art. 4)

F333 145 Mandatory concessions outside Greater London.

England: mandatory concessions for journeys not beginning on the London bus network

(1) Any person to whom a current statutory travel concession permit has been issued and who travels on an eligible journey on an eligible service is entitled, on production of the permit, to a concession consisting of a waiver of the fare for the journey by the operator of the service.

(2) In subsection (1) “eligible journey” means a journey on one public service vehicle (in one direction) which—

(a) is between places in England,

(b) begins at a relevant time, and

(c) is not one to which section 242(8) of the Greater London Authority Act 1999 (journeys beginning on the London bus network) applies.

(3) In this section “statutory travel concession permit” means—

(a) a permit issued pursuant to subsection (4),

(b) a permit issued by a London authority relating to the travel concession specified in section 242(8) and (8A) of the Greater London Authority Act 1999 (travel concessions on journeys beginning on the London bus network etc), or

(c) a permit issued by a London authority pursuant to paragraph 4(2) of Schedule 16 to that Act (free travel scheme in Greater London).

(4) A travel concession authority in England other than a London authority must, on an application made to it by any person who appears to the authority to be an elderly or disabled person whose sole or principal residence is in the authority’s area, issue to the person free of charge a permit indicating that he is entitled to the concession specified in subsection (1).

(5) A permit issued pursuant to subsection (4) must be issued in such form and for such period—
(a) as may be specified in regulations made by the Secretary of State, and
(b) subject to that, as the authority issuing the permit considers appropriate.

(6) The Secretary of State may issue guidance to travel concession authorities in England to which they must have regard in determining for the purposes of subsection (4) whether a person is a disabled person.

(7) Before issuing guidance under subsection (6) the Secretary of State shall consult—
   (a) the Disabled Persons Transport Advisory Committee,
   (b) associations representative of travel concession authorities, and
   (c) such other persons as he thinks fit.

(8) The Secretary of State may issue guidance to travel concession authorities in England to which they must have regard in determining for the purposes of subsection (4) whether a person has his sole or principal residence in an authority's area.

(9) A person entitled to be issued with a statutory travel concession permit by a travel concession authority under subsection (4) may agree with the authority that he is not to be entitled to—
   (a) the concession specified in subsection (1), and
   (b) the concession provided by virtue of section 242(8) of, or paragraph A1 of Schedule 16 to, the Greater London Authority Act 1999,

   for a period in return for being entitled during that period to receive travel concessions under a scheme under section 93 of the Transport Act 1985 to which the authority is a party (if the scheme provides that a person may not receive travel concessions under the scheme unless he so agrees).

(10) The Secretary of State may by regulations make provision about agreements within subsection (9).

(11) The regulations may in particular make provision—
   (a) requiring the serving of notices before an agreement is made,
   (b) about the form of agreements, and
   (c) as to the period for which a person may agree not to be entitled to the concessions mentioned in subsection (9)(a) and (b).

Wales: mandatory concessions

(1) Any person to whom a current statutory travel concession permit has been issued by a travel concession authority in Wales and who travels on an eligible service on a journey (beginning at any time)—
   (a) between places in the authority's area,
   (b) between a place in the authority's area and a place outside but in the vicinity of that area, or
   (c) between places outside but in the vicinity of that area,

   is entitled, on production of the permit, to a concession consisting of a waiver of the fare for the journey by the operator of the service.

(2) And if the permit is in a form approved by the Welsh Ministers for the purpose of this subsection, subsection (1) has effect as if each reference in it to the authority's area were to Wales.
(3) A travel concession authority in Wales must, on an application made to it by any person who appears to the authority to be an elderly or disabled person residing in its area, issue to the person free of charge a permit, in such form and for such period as the authority considers appropriate, indicating that he is entitled to the concession specified in subsection (1).

(4) If it appears to a travel concession authority in Wales issuing a statutory travel concession permit to a disabled person that the person requires the assistance of a companion to travel on journeys on public passenger transport services, the authority must mark that clearly on the permit.

(5) Where a person whose current statutory travel concession permit is marked in accordance with subsection (4) is entitled under this section to waiver of the fare for a journey, one companion travelling on the journey with the person (and nominated by the person as the person’s companion for that journey) is also entitled to waiver of the fare for the journey.

(6) The Welsh Ministers may issue guidance to travel concession authorities in Wales to which they must have regard in determining for the purposes of subsection (3) whether a person is a disabled person.

(7) Before issuing guidance under subsection (6) the Welsh Ministers shall consult—
   (a) the Disabled Persons Transport Advisory Committee,
   (b) associations representative of travel concession authorities, and
   (c) such other persons as they think fit.

(8) A person entitled to be issued with a statutory travel concession permit by a travel concession authority in Wales may agree with the authority that he is not to be entitled to the concession specified in subsection (1) for a period in return for being entitled during that period to receive travel concessions under a scheme under section 93 of the Transport Act 1985 (if the scheme provides that a person may not receive travel concessions under the scheme unless he so agrees).

(9) The Welsh Ministers may by regulations make provision about agreements within subsection (8).

(10) The regulations may in particular make provision—
   (a) requiring the serving of notices before an agreement is made,
   (b) about the form of agreements, and
   (c) as to the period for which a person may agree not to be entitled to the concession specified in subsection (1).

(11) In this section “statutory travel concession permit” means a permit issued pursuant to subsection (3).]
Mandatory concessions: supplementary.

In this Part—

“disabled person” means a person who—
(a) is blind or partially sighted,
(b) is profoundly or severely deaf,
(c) is without speech,
(d) has a disability, or has suffered an injury, which has a substantial and long-term adverse effect on his ability to walk,
(e) does not have arms or has long-term loss of the use of both arms,
(f) has a learning disability, that is, a state of arrested or incomplete development of mind which includes significant impairment of intelligence and social functioning, or
(g) would, if he applied for the grant of a licence to drive a motor vehicle under Part III of the Road Traffic Act 1988, have his application refused pursuant to section 92 of that Act (physical fitness) otherwise than on the ground of persistent misuse of drugs or alcohol,

“elderly person” means a person who has attained the age of 60 years,

“eligible service” means—

(a) a bus service of a class specified in an order made by the Secretary of State (as respects England) or the National Assembly for Wales (as respects Wales),

(b) a half-price travel concession”, in relation to a journey, means reduction of the fare for the journey to not more than one-half of that applicable to an adult who is not entitled to any reduction,

“London authority” means a London borough council or the Common Council of the City of London,

“relevant time” means—

(a) any time on a Saturday or Sunday or on any day which is a bank holiday in England and Wales under the Banking and Financial Dealings Act 1971, or

(b) a time during the period from 9.30 a.m. to 11 p.m. on any other day, and

“travel concession authority” means—

(a) a council of a non-metropolitan district in England comprised in an area for which there is no county council,

(b) a county council in England,

(ba) the Council of the Isles of Scilly, or

(d) a county council or county borough council in Wales.

Textual Amendments

F335 Words in s. 146 substituted (1.4.2003) by Travel Concessions (Eligibility) Act 2002 (c. 4), ss. 1(3), 2; S.I. 2002/673, art. 2; S.I. 2002/3014, art. 2; S.I. 2002/673, art. 2; S.I. 2002/3014, art. 2

F336 Words in s. 146(1) repealed (1.5.2002 for E. and 14.8.2002 for W.) by 2000 c. 38, s. 274, Sch. 31 Pt. II; S.I. 2002/1014, art. 2(1), Sch. Pt. I (with transitional provisions in art. 3); S.I. 2002/2024, art. 2(b)
F337 Definition of “a half-price travel concession” in s. 146 omitted (E.) (1.4.2006) by virtue of The Travel Concessions (Extension of Entitlement) (England) Order 2005 (S.I. 2005/3224), arts. 1(3), 3(3) (with art. 3(5)) but subsequently extended (E.) (17.10.2007 for specified purposes, 1.4.2008 in so far as not already in force) by Concessionary Bus Travel Act 2007 (c. 13), s. 15(1), Sch. 2 para. 12; S.I. 2007/2799, arts. 2, 3 (with art. 4)

F338 Words in s. 146 inserted (17.10.2007 for specified purposes, 1.4.2008 in so far as not already in force) by Concessionary Bus Travel Act 2007 (c. 13), ss. 2(2), 15(1); S.I. 2007/2799, arts. 2, 3 (with art. 4)

F339 Words in s. 146 substituted (9.2.2009) by The Concessionary Bus Travel Act 2007 (Variation of Reimbursement and Other Administrative Arrangements) Order 2010 (S.I. 2010/1179), arts. 1(3)(b), 2(2) (with art. 3)

F340 Words in s. 146 substituted (1.5.2010 for specified purposes, 1.4.2011 in so far as not already in force) by The Concessionary Bus Travel Act 2007 (Variation of Reimbursement and Other Administrative Arrangements) Order 2010 (S.I. 2010/1179), arts. 1(2)(b)(3)(a), 2(3) (with art. 3)

F341 Words in s. 146 inserted (17.10.2007 for specified purposes, 1.4.2008 in so far as not already in force) by Concessionary Bus Travel Act 2007 (c. 13), ss. 2(3)(a), 15(1); S.I. 2007/2799, arts. 2, 3 (with art. 4)

F342 Words in s. 146 substituted (9.2.2009) by Local Transport Act 2008 (c. 26), s. 134(4), Sch. 4 para. 44; S.I. 2009/107, art. 2(1), Sch. 1 Pt 1

F343 Word in s. 146 repealed (17.10.2007 for specified purposes, 1.4.2008 in so far as not already in force) by Concessionary Bus Travel Act 2007 (c. 13), s. 15(1), Sch. 3; S.I. 2007/2799, arts. 2, 3 (with art. 4)

F344 Words in s. 146 inserted (17.10.2007 for specified purposes, 1.4.2008 in so far as not already in force) by Concessionary Bus Travel Act 2007 (c. 13), ss. 2(3)(b), 15(1); S.I. 2007/2799, arts. 2, 3 (with art. 4)

Modifications etc. (not altering text)

C51 S. 146: power to amend conferred (1.4.2003) by Travel Concessions (Eligibility) Act 2002 (c. 4), ss. 1(4), 2; S.I. 2002/673, art. 2; S.I. 2002/3014, art. 2; S.I. 2002/673, art. 2; S.I. 2002/3014, art. 2


Commencement Information

H137 S. 146 wholly in force at 1.8.2001; s. 146 not in force at Royal Assent see s. 275(1)(2); s. 146 in force (E.) (1.1.2001 and 1.2.2001 for specified purposes otherwise 1.6.2001) by S.I. 2000/3229, art. 2, Sch. Pts. 1, IV; s. 146 in force (W.) at 1.8.2001 by S.I. 2001/2788, art. 2, Sch. 1 para 6

Marginal Citations

M45 1988 c. 52.
M46 1971 c. 80.

147 [F345Wales: variation of mandatory concessions]

[F344The Welsh Ministers may by order amend either or both of sections 145B and 146 for in connection with securing that section 145B(1)—]

(a) applies to any person for the time being eligible to receive travel concessions under a scheme under section 93 of the [F347Transport Act 1985 or to any such person of a specified description (as well as to any elderly person and any disabled person),

(b) applies to travel on any public passenger transport service or to travel on any such service of a specified description (as well as to travel on an eligible service),

(c) applies to a journey between a place in a travel concession authority’s area and a place outside but in the vicinity of that area or to a journey between
places outside but in the vicinity of that area (as well as to a journey between places in that area),
(d)  provides for the reduction of fares to less than one-half of those applicable to adults who are not entitled to any reduction or for waiver of fares, or
(e)  applies, or does not apply, to a journey beginning at a specified time.

148  Enforcement.

(1)  An operator commits an offence if he systematically fails to comply with the obligation under section [F347 145A(1) or 145B(1)] during any period.

(2)  A person guilty of an offence under this section is liable on summary conviction to a fine not exceeding level 3 on the standard scale.

(3)  Proceedings for an offence under this section shall not be instituted except—
(a)  by a travel concession authority, or
(b)  by or with the consent of the Director of Public Prosecutions;
and any authority who would not otherwise have power to bring such proceedings shall accordingly have that power.

Textual Amendments
F347  Words in s. 148(1) substituted (17.10.2007 for specified purposes, 1.4.2008 in so far as not already in force) by Concessionary Bus Travel Act 2007 (c. 13), s. 15(1), Sch. 2 para. 14; S.I. 2007/2799, arts. 2, 3 (with art. 4)
Reimbursement of operators.

(1) Where—
   (a) an operator provides concessions under section 145A(1) in respect of eligible journeys beginning in the area of a travel concession authority in England, or
   (b) an operator provides concessions under section 145B(1) for persons who reside in the area of a travel concession authority in Wales,
the authority shall reimburse the operator for providing the concessions.

(2) Subject to regulations under subsection (3), the arrangements with respect to reimbursement shall be—
   (a) such as the travel concession authority may agree with the operators who provide concessions
       (i) in respect of eligible journeys beginning in the authority's area (if the authority is in England), or
       (ii) for persons who reside in the authority's area (if the authority is in Wales), or
   (b) in the absence of agreement, such as may be determined by the authority (being the same in the case of all of those operators) not later than 28 days before the date on which the arrangements, or any variations of the arrangements, are to come into operation.

(3) The Secretary of State (as respects England) or the National Assembly for Wales (as respects Wales) may by regulations make provision—
   (a) with respect to the determination by travel concession authorities of the amounts to be paid to individual operators, or to any class of operators, by way of reimbursement,
   (b) as to the manner of making any payments due to operators by way of reimbursement, and
   (c) about the terms on which, and the extent to which, travel concession authorities may employ any person as their agent for the purpose of making payments due to operators by way of reimbursement and the descriptions of persons who may be so employed.

Textual Amendments

F348 S. 149(1) substituted (17.10.2007 for specified purposes, 1.4.2008 in so far as not already in force) by Concessionary Bus Travel Act 2007 (c. 13), ss. 3(2), 15(1); S.I. 2007/2799, arts. 2, 3 (with art. 4)

F349 S. 149(2)(a)(i)(ii) substituted (17.10.2007 for specified purposes, 1.4.2008 in so far as not already in force) by Concessionary Bus Travel Act 2007 (c. 13), ss. 3(3), 15(1); S.I. 2007/2799, arts. 2, 3 (with art. 4)

Modifications etc. (not altering text)

C54 S. 149 modified (1.4.2011) by The Concessionary Bus Travel Act 2007 (Variation of Reimbursement and Other Administrative Arrangements) Order 2010 (S.I. 2010/1179), arts. 1(3)(b), 3(2)
150 Procedure for reimbursement arrangements determined by authority.

(1) At least four months before the coming into operation of, or of any variations of, any arrangements with respect to reimbursement determined by a travel concession authority in accordance with section 149(2)(b), the authority shall publish the proposed arrangements, or the proposed variations, in such manner as they consider appropriate.

(2) Following publication—
   (a) copies of the published material shall be made available at the principal office of the authority,
   (b) a copy of it shall be supplied to every operator of local services who would, in the opinion of the authority, be affected by the proposals, and
   (c) a copy of it shall be supplied to any person on request (whether at the principal office or by post), either free of charge or at a charge representing no more than the cost of providing the copy.

(3) An operator who considers that he may be prejudicially affected by the proposals may apply to—
   (a) the Secretary of State (in the case of arrangements determined by a travel concession authority in England), or
   (b) the National Assembly of Wales (in the case of arrangements determined by such an authority in Wales),

for a modification of the proposed arrangements, or proposed variations, on the grounds that there are special reasons why they would be inappropriate with respect to one or more local services provided by him.

(4) An application under [\[F350\]subsection (3)(a)] shall be made by notice in writing given not later than [\[F351\]56 days] after the date on which the arrangements, or the variations, come into operation.

\[F352\]

\[F353\]

(4A) An application under subsection (3)(b) shall be made by notice in writing given not later than 28 days after the date on which the arrangements, or the variations, come into operation.

(5) An application under subsection (3) may not be made unless the applicant has previously given notice in writing of his intention to make the application to the travel concession authority by which the arrangements, or varied arrangements, are being, or have been, determined.

(6) The Secretary of State (as respects England) or the National Assembly for Wales (as respects Wales)—
   (a) may make regulations as to the form and content of notices under this section and the manner in which they are to be given,
   (b) may appoint a person to determine an application under subsection (3) on his or its behalf, and
(c) may by regulations make provision as to the procedure to be followed in connection with applications under subsection (3).

(7) Regulations made under subsection (6)(c) may in particular make provision—

(a) as to the conduct of any proceedings held in connection with applications under subsection (3), and

(b) for applicants or travel concession authorities, or both, to make payments towards the expenses incurred in connection with the determination of such applications.

(8) On an application under subsection (3) the Secretary of State or the National Assembly for Wales, or (if a person is appointed under subsection (6)(b) to determine the application) the person so appointed, may direct—

(a) that the arrangements, or varied arrangements, are to have effect with such modifications as are specified in the direction from the time so specified, and

(b) that the authority shall make a payment of an amount specified in the direction to the applicant.

### Textual Amendments

**F350** Words in s. 150(4) substituted (17.10.2007 for specified purposes, 1.4.2008 in so far as not already in force) by Concessionary Bus Travel Act 2007 (c. 13), ss. 3(5)(a), 15(1); S.I. 2007/2799, arts. 2, 3 (with art. 4)

**F351** Words in s. 150(4) substituted (17.10.2007 for specified purposes, 1.4.2008 in so far as not already in force) by Concessionary Bus Travel Act 2007 (c. 13), ss. 3(5)(b), 15(1); S.I. 2007/2799, arts. 2, 3 (with art. 4)

**F352** S. 150(4A) inserted (17.10.2007 for specified purposes, 1.4.2008 in so far as not already in force) by Concessionary Bus Travel Act 2007 (c. 13), ss. 3(6), 15(1); S.I. 2007/2799, arts. 2, 3 (with art. 4)

### Modifications etc. (not altering text)

**C55** S. 150 modified (1.4.2011) by The Concessionary Bus Travel Act 2007 (Variation of Reimbursement and Other Administrative Arrangements) Order 2010 (S.I. 2010/1179), arts. 1(3)(b), 3(2)

### Commencement Information

**I141** S. 150 wholly in force at 1.8.2001; s. 150 not in force at Royal Assent see s. 275(1)(2); s. 150 in force (E.) (1.1.2001) by S.I. 2000/3229, art. 2, Sch. Pt. I; s. 150 in force (W.) at 1.8.2001 by S.I. 2001/2788, art. 2, Sch. 1 para. 6

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**Travel concessions in Greater London**

### 151 Concessions in Greater London.

(1) Chapter VIII of Part IV of the Greater London Authority Act 1999 (travel concessions on journeys in and around Greater London) has effect subject to the following amendments.

(2) Section 240 (travel concessions on journeys in and around Greater London) is amended as follows.

(3) In subsections (1) and (2), for “any persons eligible to receive them in accordance with subsection (5) below” substitute “such of the persons eligible to receive them in accordance with subsection (5) below as are specified in the arrangements ”.
(4) In subsection (5), for “are persons, or any description of persons,” substitute “by an authority are persons appearing to the authority to be persons” and for paragraphs (b) and (c) substitute—

“(b) who are blind;
(c) who are partially sighted;
(d) who are profoundly or severely deaf;
(e) who are without speech;
(f) who have a disability, or have suffered an injury, which has a substantial and long-term adverse effect on their ability to walk;
(g) who do not have arms or have long-term loss of the use of both arms;
(h) who have a learning disability, that is, a state of arrested or incomplete development of mind which includes significant impairment of intelligence and social functioning; or
(i) who, if they applied for the grant of a licence to drive a motor vehicle under Part III of the Road Traffic Act 1988, would have their applications refused pursuant to section 92 of that Act (physical fitness) otherwise than on the ground of persistent misuse of drugs or alcohol.”

(5) After that subsection insert—

“(5A) The Secretary of State may issue guidance to local authorities to which they must have regard in determining whether a person falls within subsection (5) (b) to (i) above.

(5B) Before issuing guidance under subsection (5A) above the Secretary of State shall consult—

(a) the Disabled Persons Transport Advisory Committee;
(b) associations representative of local authorities; and
(c) such other persons as he thinks fit.”

(6) In section 241(1) (reserve free travel scheme), after “provided for” insert “all”.

(7) Section 242 (requirements as to scope of concessions which must be given if free travel scheme is not to have effect) is amended as follows.

(8) In subsection (1), after “provide” insert “(a)” and insert at the end “; and

(b) for the travel concessions granted to them to include the concession specified in subsection (8) below.”

(9) In subsection (2), for “Those journeys” substitute “The journeys referred to in subsection (1)(a) above”.

(10) In subsection (5), for “The requirements of this section as to scope do” substitute “Subsection (1)(a) above does”.

(11) In subsection (7), for “the categories of such residents mentioned in paragraphs (a), (b) and (c)’ substitute “a category specified in any one of the paragraphs”.

(12) . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . .

(13) In section 243 (requirements as to uniformity), after subsection (5) insert—
“(6) No charge may be made for the issue to an eligible London resident of a travel concession permit relating to the travel concession specified in section 242(8) above.”

Textual Amendments
F353  S. 151(12) repealed (17.10.2007 for specified purposes, 1.4.2008 in so far as not already in force) by Concessionary Bus Travel Act 2007 (c. 13), s. 15(1), Sch. 3; S.I. 2007/2799, arts. 2, 3 (with art. 4)

Commencement Information
I142  S. 151 partly in force; s. 151 not in force at Royal Assent see s. 275; s. 151 in force (1.4.2001) by S.I. 2000/3229, art. 2, Sch. Pt. III

Marginal Citations
M48  1999 c. 29.
M49  1988 c. 52.

Financial and competition provisions

152  Agreements providing for service subsidies.

(1) Part V of the Transport Act 1985 (expenditure on public passenger transport services) is amended as follows.

(2) In section 89 (obligation to invite tenders for subsidised services), for subsections (7) and (8) substitute—

“(7) An authority issuing an invitation to tender under this section shall, in determining whether to accept a tender submitted in response to the invitation or which (if any) of several such tenders to accept, have regard in particular to—

(a) a combination of economy, efficiency and effectiveness;

(b) the implementation of the policies set out in the appropriate bus strategy; and

(c) the reduction or limitation of traffic congestion, noise or air pollution.

(8) In subsection (7)(b) above “the appropriate bus strategy” means—

(a) in the case of a local transport authority (within the meaning of section 108(4) of the Transport Act 2000), their bus strategy;

(b) in the case of a district council which is not such an authority, the bus strategy of the council for the county in which the district is situated; and

(c) in the case of a Passenger Transport Executive for a passenger transport area, the bus strategy made jointly by the Passenger Transport Authority for the area and the councils for the metropolitan districts comprised in the area.”

(3) In section 90(3) (duty of authority to publish reasons for considering that payment of subsidies to secure service in accordance with accepted tender is conducive to achieving most effective and economic application of funds), for the words from “is conducive” to the end substitute “ accords with section 89(7) of this Act.”
(4) In section 92(1) (authorities subsidising public passenger transport services not to inhibit competition between persons providing or seeking to provide such services in their area), for the words from “so conduct” to the end substitute “have regard to the interests of the public and of persons providing public passenger transport services in their area.”

Commencement Information

S. 152 wholly in force at 1.8.2001; s. 152 not in force at Royal Assent see s. 275(1)(2); s. 152 in force (E.) at 1.2.2001 by S.I. 2001/57, art. 3(2), Sch. 3 Pt. I (subject to the savings in Sch. 3 Pt. II); s. 152 in force (W.) at 1.8.2001 by S.I. 2001/2788, art. 2, Sch. 1 para. 7

Marginal Citations

M50 1985 c. 67.

[^F354]153 Competition test: functions and agreements relating to buses

(1) Schedule 10 contains provision applying competition tests in relation to—

(a) the exercise of functions relating to advanced quality partnership schemes, quality partnership schemes, ticketing schemes, enhanced partnership schemes and subsidised local services,

(b) voluntary partnership agreements and certain other agreements, decisions and practices relating to bus services.

(2) A voluntary partnership agreement is any voluntary agreement under which—

(a) a local transport authority, or two or more local transport authorities, undertake to provide particular facilities, or to do anything else for the purpose of bringing benefits to persons using local services, within the whole or part of their area, or combined area, and

(b) one or more operators of local services undertake to provide services of a particular standard.

(3) In subsection (2)—

“facilities” means—

(a) facilities provided at specific locations along routes served, or proposed to be served, by local services within the area to which the agreement relates, or

(b) facilities which are ancillary to such facilities;

“standard”, in the case of any services, includes—

(a) any requirements which the vehicles being used to provide the services must meet,

(b) any requirements as to frequency or timing of the services,

(c) any requirements as to the maximum fares that may be charged for particular journeys, or for journeys of particular descriptions, on services to which the agreement applies;

“voluntary agreement” means an agreement made otherwise than under sections 113C to 113O (advanced quality partnership schemes), or under sections 114 to 123 (quality partnership schemes).]
154 Grants to bus service operators.

(1) The Secretary of State with the approval of the Treasury (as respects England) or the National Assembly for Wales (as respects Wales) may make grants to operators of eligible bus services towards their costs in operating those services.

(2) The Secretary of State with the approval of the Treasury (as respects England) or the National Assembly for Wales (as respects Wales) may make provision by regulations as to the method of calculation of grants.

(3) Subject to the provisions of any such regulations, grants under this section shall be of such amount and subject to such conditions (including conditions requiring their repayment in specified circumstances) as may be determined by—

(a) the Secretary of State with the approval of the Treasury (as respects England), or

(b) the National Assembly for Wales (as respects Wales).

(4) A determination under subsection (3) may be made either generally or in relation to particular cases or classes of case.

(5) In this section "eligible bus services" means bus services of a class (or using vehicles of a class) prescribed by regulations made by the Secretary of State (as respects England) or the National Assembly for Wales (as respects Wales).

(6) Section 92 of the Finance Act 1965 (grants towards duty charged on bus fuel) and section 111 of the Transport Act 1985 (unregistered and unreliable local services: reduction of fuel duty grant) cease to have effect.
(1) Where a traffic commissioner is satisfied that the operator of a local service has, without reasonable excuse—
   (a) failed to operate a local service registered under section 6 of the Transport Act 1985,
   (aa) failed to comply with the requirements of regulations made under section 6(9) (i), (j) or (k) of that Act,
   (ab) failed to comply with a requirement to provide information imposed by virtue of section 6C of that Act,
   (b) operated a local service in contravention of that section or section 113J(4) or (5), 118(4) or 129(1)(b) or 138J(9) of this Act,
   (ba) failed to comply with a requirement imposed by virtue of section 123X(7)(c), 134B(7)(c) or 138S(7)(c) of this Act, or
   (c) failed to comply with section 134F, 138 or 140(3) of this Act, or with regulations under section 141A of this Act
   he may make one or more orders under subsection (1A).

(1ZA) Where a traffic commissioner is satisfied that—
   (a) a person has operated a local service in contravention of section 123J(3) of this Act, and
   (b) in operating the local service, the person has failed to take all reasonable precautions and to exercise all due diligence to avoid contravening section 123J(3) of this Act,
   the traffic commissioner may make one or more orders under subsection (1A)(a) or (d).

(1ZB) Where a traffic commissioner is satisfied that—
   (a) a person has operated a local service in contravention of section 138J(9) of this Act, and
   (b) in operating the local service, the person has failed to take all reasonable precautions and to exercise all due diligence to avoid contravening section 138J(9) of this Act,
   the traffic commissioner may make one or more orders under subsection (1A)(a) or (d).

(1ZC) Where a traffic commissioner is satisfied that the operator of a local service has failed to take all reasonable steps to comply with a requirement imposed under section 143A of this Act, the traffic commissioner may make one or more orders under subsection (1A)(a) or (d).

(1ZD) Where a traffic commissioner is satisfied that the operator of a local service has failed to take all reasonable steps to comply with a requirement imposed under section 143B
the traffic commissioner may make one or more orders under subsection (1A)(a) or
(d).]

F375(1ZE) Where a traffic commissioner is satisfied that the operator of a local service has,
without reasonable excuse, failed to comply with a requirement of regulations made
under section 181A of the Equality Act 2010, the traffic commissioner may make one
or more orders under subsection (1A)(a) or (d).]

F376(1A) The orders are—
(a) an order that the operator pay a penalty of such amount as is determined in
accordance with subsection (3);
(b) an order that the operator expend such sum of money as is determined in
accordance with subsection (3) in the manner mentioned in subsection (1B);
(c) an order that the operator provide compensation (see subsection (1C)) to
passengers of such description as is specified in the order;
(d) an order of such other description as the Secretary of State (as respects
England) or the Welsh Ministers (as respects Wales) may by order prescribe
for the purposes of this paragraph.

(1B) An order under subsection (1A)(b) may require the operator to expend money on or
towards—
(a) the provision of specified local services or specified facilities to be used in
connection with such services;
(b) specified improvements in such services or facilities.

In this subsection “specified” means specified in the order.

(1C) Compensation under subsection (1A)(c)—
(a) may take the form of payments of money, or
(b) may take such other form (including the provision of free travel or travel at a
reduced price) as is specified in the order;
and shall be of such amount, or equivalent in value to such amount, as is determined
in accordance with subsection (3).

F377(2) .................................................................

(3) The amount mentioned in subsections (1A)(a) and (b) and (1C) is such amount
as the traffic commissioner thinks fit in all the circumstances of the case, but must
not exceed] —
(a) £550, or
(b) such other amount as the Secretary of State (as respects England) or the
National Assembly for Wales (as respects Wales) may by order specify,
multiplied by the total number of vehicles which the operator is licensed to use under
all the PSV operator’s licences held by him.

F379(4) .................................................................

(4) After making an order under subsection (1A) , the traffic commissioner must at
once give notice in writing to—
(a) the Secretary of State (as respects England) or the National Assembly for
Wales (as respects Wales), and
(b) the operator.
(6) The operator may appeal to the [F381Upper Tribunal] against [F382the making of the order].

[F383](6A) If the operator fails to comply with an order under subsection (1A)(b), (c) or (d), the traffic commissioner may order the operator to pay a penalty of such amount as is determined in accordance with subsection (6B).

(6B) That amount is such amount as the traffic commissioner thinks fit in all the circumstances of the case, but must not exceed 110% of the maximum amount which may be ordered in accordance with subsection (3).]

[F384](7) An amount ordered to be paid under subsection (1A)(a) or (6A) is—

(a) payable to the Secretary of State (as respects England) or the Welsh Ministers (as respects Wales), and

(b) recoverable as a civil debt.]

[F385](8) Other provisions that may need to be considered include the following provisions of the Transport Act 1985—

(a) sections 26 and 27 (attachment of conditions to PSV operator's licence),

(b) sections 27A and 27B (additional powers of traffic commissioner where services are not operated as registered etc.).]
Status: This version of this Act contains provisions that are prospective.

Changes to legislation: Transport Act 2000 is up to date with all changes known to be in force on or before 11 October 2019. There are changes that may be brought into force at a future date. Changes that have been made appear in the content and are referenced with annotations. (See end of Document for details) View outstanding changes

Modifications etc. (not altering text)


Commencement Information

1146 S. 155 wholly in force at 1.5.2002; s. 155 not in force at Royal Assent see s. 275(1)(2); s. 155 in force (W.) at 1.8.2001 by S.I. 2001/2788, art. 2, Sch. 1 para. 10; s. 155 in force (E.) at 1.5.2002 by S.I. 2002/1014, art. 2, Sch. 1 para. 1 (with transitional provisions in art. 3)

Marginal Citations

M53 1985 c. 67.

F386 156 Non-metropolitan transport grants.
157 Grants to Integrated Transport Authorities and combined authorities

(1) The Secretary of State may, with the approval of the Treasury, make grants to the Integrated Transport Authority for an integrated transport area in England for the purpose of enabling the Authority, or the Passenger Transport Executive for the area, to carry out any of their functions.

(1A) The Secretary of State may, with the approval of the Treasury, make grants to a combined authority for the purpose of enabling the authority to carry out any of their functions.

(2) Grants under this section shall be of such amount and subject to such conditions (including conditions requiring their repayment in specified circumstances) as the Secretary of State may, with the approval of the Treasury, determine.

(3) A determination under subsection (2) may be made either generally or in relation to particular cases or classes of case.

158 Repayment of grants towards bus fuel duty.

(1) Section 111 of the Transport Act 1985 (unregistered and unreliable local services: requirement to repay twenty per cent. of bus fuel duty grants) is amended as follows (until it ceases to have effect as a result of section 154(6)).

(2) For subsections (2) to (4) substitute—

“(2) If any amount has been paid to the operator by way of grant under section 92 of the Finance Act 1965 (grants towards duty charged on bus fuel) in respect of any services operated during the period of three months ending with the day on which the determination under subsection (1) above is made, there is due from the operator—"
(a) to the Secretary of State (as respects England); or
(b) to the National Assembly for Wales (as respects Wales),
such percentage of that amount as the traffic commissioner thinks fit in all the circumstances of the case.

(3) The percentage determined shall be at least one per cent. but not more than twenty per cent.

(4) A traffic commissioner who makes a determination under this section shall at once give notice in writing to—
(a) the Secretary of State (as respects England) or the National Assembly for Wales (as respects Wales); and
(b) the operator;
and the operator may appeal to the Transport Tribunal against the determination.”

(3) In subsection (5), omit—
(a) “to the Secretary of State”, and
(b) the words from “and any amount” to the end.

Commencement Information
I148 S. 158 wholly in force at 1.8.2001; s. 158 not in force at Royal Assent see s. 275(1)(2); s. 158 in force (E.) at 1.2.2001 by S.I. 2001/57, art. 3(2), Sch. 3 Pt. I (subject to the savings in Sch. 3 Pt. II); s. 158 in force (W.) at 1.8.2001 by S.I. 2001/2788, art. 2, Sch. 1 para. 10

Marginal Citations
M54 1985 c. 67.
M55 1965 c. 25.

159 Abolition of financial plans of Passenger Transport Executives.

Sections 3 to 5 of the Transport Act 1983 (duty of Passenger Transport Executives to prepare three-year financial plans and determination of revenue grants) shall cease to have effect.

Commencement Information
I149 S. 159 wholly in force at 1.8.2001; s. 159 not in force at Royal Assent see s. 275(1)(2); s. 159 in force (E.) at 1.2.2001 by S.I. 2001/57, art. 3(2), Sch. 3 Pt. I (subject to the savings in Sch. 3 Pt. II); s. 159 in force (W.) at 1.8.2001 by S.I. 2001/2788, art. 2, Sch. 1 para. 10

Marginal Citations
M56 1983 c. 10.

Supplementary

160 Part II: regulations and orders.

(1) Any power to make regulations or orders under this Part—
(2) A statutory instrument containing regulations or an order made by a Minister of the Crown under this Part (whether alone or jointly with the National Assembly for Wales) \[^{F391}\] other than \[^{F392}\] regulations under section 123A(4)\[^{F393}\] 138F(10), 138G(9)\[^{F394}\] or 141A(1) or an order under section 155(1A)(d)\[^{F395}\] shall be subject to annulment in pursuance of a resolution of either House of Parliament.

\[^{F395}\](2A) A statutory instrument containing regulations under section 123A(4)\[^{F396}\], 138F(10), 138G(9)\[^{F397}\] or 141A(1) shall not be made unless a draft of the instrument has been laid before, and approved by a resolution of, each House of Parliament.

\[^{F397}\](3) A statutory instrument containing an order under section 155(1A)(d) shall not be made

\[^{F398}\] (a) as respects England, unless a draft of the instrument has been laid before, and approved by a resolution of, each House of Parliament;

\[^{F399}\] (b) as respects Wales, unless a draft of the instrument has been laid before, and approved by a resolution of, the National Assembly for Wales.

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**Textual Amendments**

\[^{F391}\] Words in s. 160(2) inserted (9.2.2009 for E., 1.4.2009 for W.) by Local Transport Act 2008 (c. 26), ss. 64(13), 134(4); S.I. 2009/107, art. 2(2), Sch. 2 Pt. 1 (with Sch. 2 para. 4); S.I. 2009/579, art. 2(e) (with Sch. para. 2)

\[^{F392}\] Words in s. 160(2) inserted (27.4.2017 for specified purposes, 27.6.2017 in so far as not already in force) by Bus Services Act 2017 (c. 21), s. 26(3), Sch. 2 para. 22(2)

\[^{F393}\] Words in s. 160(2) inserted (27.4.2017 for specified purposes, 27.6.2017 in so far as not already in force) by Bus Services Act 2017 (c. 21), s. 26(3), Sch. 4 para. 7(2)

\[^{F394}\] Words in s. 160(2) inserted (27.4.2017 for specified purposes, 27.6.2017 in so far as not already in force) by Bus Services Act 2017 (c. 21), ss. 18(3)(a), 26(3)

\[^{F395}\] S. 160(2A) inserted (27.4.2017 for specified purposes, 27.6.2017 in so far as not already in force) by Bus Services Act 2017 (c. 21), s. 26(3), Sch. 2 para. 22(3)

\[^{F396}\] Words in s. 160(2A) inserted (27.4.2017 for specified purposes, 27.6.2017 in so far as not already in force) by Bus Services Act 2017 (c. 21), s. 26(3), Sch. 4 para. 7(3)

\[^{F397}\] Words in s. 160(2A) inserted (27.4.2017 for specified purposes, 27.6.2017 in so far as not already in force) by Bus Services Act 2017 (c. 21), ss. 18(3)(b), 26(3)

\[^{F398}\] S. 160(3) inserted (26.11.2008 for specified purposes, 9.2.2009 for E. in so far as not already in force, 1.4.2009 for W. in so far as not already in force) by Local Transport Act 2008 (c. 26), ss. 64(14), 134(1)(c)(4); S.I. 2009/107, art. 2(2), Sch. 2 Pt. 1 (with Sch. 2 para. 4); S.I. 2009/579, art. 2(e) (with Sch. para. 2)

**Commencement Information**

\[^{I150}\] S. 160 wholly in force at 1.8.2001; s. 160 not in force at Royal Assent see s. 275(1)(2); s. 160 in force (E.) at 1.2.2001 by S.I. 2001/57, art. 3(2), Sch. 3 Pt. I (subject to the savings in Sch. 3 Pt. II); s. 160 in force (W.) at 1.8.2001 by S.I. 2001/2788, art. 2, Sch. 1 para. 10

**161 Part II: minor and consequential amendments.**

Schedule 11 makes minor and consequential amendments relating to this Part.
162 Interpretation of Part II.

(1) In this Part—

[F399] “advanced quality partnership scheme” is to be construed in accordance with section 113C(2),]

[F400] “advanced ticketing scheme” is to be construed in accordance with section 134C(3),]

“appropriate national authority”, in relation to a quality partnership scheme, a quality contracts scheme or a ticketing scheme, means—

(a) [F401]...

(b) the National Assembly for Wales, as respects a scheme relating to an area in Wales, or

(c) the Secretary of State and the National Assembly for Wales acting jointly, as respects a scheme relating to an area in England and Wales,

[F402] “bus services” means services using public service vehicles,

“community bus permit” means a permit under section 22 of the Transport Act 1985,

“connecting rail or tram service—

(a) [F403] in relation to an advanced ticketing scheme, has the meaning given by section 134C(3), and

(b) [F404] in relation to a ticketing scheme,

has the meaning given in section 135(5),

“disabled person” has the meaning given in section 146,

“effective time”, in relation to a local service contract, has the meaning given by section 123J(7),

“elderly person” has the meaning given in section 146,

“eligible service” has the meaning given in section 146,

[F405] “enhanced partnership plan” and “enhanced partnership scheme” have the meaning given by section 138A,

[F406] “exempt continuation proposal” is to be read in accordance with section 131B,

[F407] “franchising authority” has the meaning given by section 123A(4),

[F408] “franchising scheme” is to be construed in accordance with section 123A(3),

[F409] “half-price travel concession” has the meaning given in section 146,

[F410] “interim service” has the meaning given by section 123O,

[F411] “local service contract” has the meaning given by section 123A(5),]
“local transport authority” has the meaning given in section 108(4),
“local transport policies” has the meaning given in section 108(5),
“London authority” has the meaning given in section 146,
“London transport authority” means the Greater London Authority, a
London borough council or the Common Council of the City of London,
“mayoral combined authority” has the meaning given by section 107A
of the Local Democracy, Economic Development and Construction Act
2009,
“quality contract” has the meaning given in section 124(4),
“quality contracts scheme” is to be construed in accordance with
section 124(3),
“quality partnership scheme” is to be construed in accordance with
section 114(2),
“railway” and “tramway” have the meanings given in section 67(1) of the
Transport and Works Act 1992,
“relevant time” has the meaning given in section 146,
scheme sub-area” has the meaning given by section 123H,
“service permit” has the meaning given by section 123P,
“ticketing scheme” is to be construed in accordance with section 135(3),
“traffic regulation order” means an order under the Road Traffic
Regulation Act 1984 or any other enactment (other than this Act) regulating
the use of roads or other places by public service vehicles, and
“travel concession authority” has the meaning given in section 146.

(2) In this Part the expressions listed below have the same meaning as in the
Public Passenger Vehicles Act 1981—
“fares”,
“modification”,
“public service vehicle”,
“PSV operator’s licence”,
“road”, and
“traffic commissioner”.

(3) In this Part the expressions listed below have the same meaning as in the
Transport Act 1985—
“local service”,
“public passenger transport services”,
“stopping place”, and
“traffic area”.

(4) Where a reference to an authority in any of the following provisions is to [an Integrated Transport Authority], it is to be construed as a reference to the Passenger Transport Executive for the [integrated transport area] concerned; and where a reference to authorities in any of those provisions is to one or more [Integrated Transport Authorities], it is to be construed as a reference to the Passenger Transport Executive or Executives for the [integrated transport area] or areas concerned—
section 114(2)(a),
section 116(2)(a), (4)(a), (4A)(a) and, in the second place, (4C),]
section 118(1) and (2),

section 139(5), and
section 140.

(4A) Where a reference to an authority in any of the following provisions is to an Integrated Transport Authority, it is to be construed as including a reference to the Passenger Transport Executive for the integrated transport area concerned—
section 153(2)(a),
in Schedule 10, paragraph 17(5)(b) and (8).

(5) References in this Part to [\textsuperscript{418}Integrated Transport Authorities and Passenger Transport Executives\textsuperscript{419}] and to [\textsuperscript{44}integrated transport areas\textsuperscript{45}] are references respectively to the [\textsuperscript{418}Integrated Transport Authorities and Passenger Transport Executives\textsuperscript{419}], and to [\textsuperscript{418}integrated transport areas\textsuperscript{45}], for the purposes of Part II of the Transport Act 1968.

(5A) In this Part “combined authority” means a combined authority established under section 103 of the Local Democracy, Economic Development and Construction Act 2009.

(6) References in this Part to the operator of a passenger transport service of any description are to be construed in accordance with section 137(7) of the Transport Act 1985.

Textual Amendments

\textsuperscript{399}Words in s. 162(1) inserted (27.4.2017 for specified purposes, 27.6.2017 in so far as not already in force) by \textit{Bus Services Act 2017} (c. 21), s. 26(3), \textit{Sch. 1 para. 10}

\textsuperscript{400}Words in s. 162(1) inserted (27.4.2017 for specified purposes, 27.6.2017 in so far as not already in force) by \textit{Bus Services Act 2017} (c. 21), s. 26(3), \textit{Sch. 3 para. 7(3)}

\textsuperscript{401}Words in s. 162(1) omitted (27.4.2017 for specified purposes, 27.6.2017 in so far as not already in force) by virtue of \textit{Bus Services Act 2017} (c. 21), s. 26(3), \textit{Sch. 2 para. 23(3)}

\textsuperscript{402}Words in s. 162(1) substituted (9.2.2009 for E., 1.4.2009 for W.) by \textit{Local Transport Act 2008} (c. 26), ss. 10(7), 134(4); S.I. 2009/107, art. 2(2), Sch. 2 Pt. 1 (with Sch. 2 para. 2); S.I. 2009/579, art. 2(b) (with Sch. para. 1)

\textsuperscript{403}Words in s. 162(1) substituted (27.4.2017 for specified purposes, 27.6.2017 in so far as not already in force) by \textit{Bus Services Act 2017} (c. 21), s. 26(3), \textit{Sch. 3 para. 7(2)}

\textsuperscript{404}Words in s. 162(1) inserted (27.4.2017 for specified purposes, 27.6.2017 in so far as not already in force) by \textit{Bus Services Act 2017} (c. 21), s. 26(3), \textit{Sch. 2 para. 23(2)}

\textsuperscript{405}Words in s. 162(1) inserted (27.4.2017 for specified purposes, 27.6.2017 in so far as not already in force) by \textit{Bus Services Act 2017} (c. 21), s. 26(3), \textit{Sch. 4 para. 8}
PART III

ROAD USER CHARGING AND WORKPLACE PARKING LEVY

CHAPTER I

ROAD USER CHARGING

Charging schemes

163 Preliminary.

(1) In this Part “charging scheme” means a scheme for imposing charges in respect of the use or keeping of motor vehicles on roads.

(2) Charges imposed in respect of any motor vehicle by a charging scheme under this Part shall be paid—

(a) by the registered keeper of the motor vehicle, or

(b) in circumstances specified in regulations made by the appropriate national authority, by such person as is so specified.

(3) A charging scheme may be made—

(a) by a non-metropolitan local traffic authority (“a local charging scheme”),

(b) jointly by more than one non-metropolitan local traffic authority (“a joint local charging scheme”),

(bb) jointly by an Integrated Transport Authority [or combined authority] and one or more eligible local traffic authorities (“a joint local-ITA charging scheme”),

(c) jointly by one or more non-metropolitan local traffic authorities and one or more London traffic authorities (“a joint local-London charging scheme”),

(cc) jointly by an Integrated Transport Authority [or combined authority], one or more eligible local traffic authorities and one or more London traffic authorities (“a joint ITA-London charging scheme”), or

(d) by the Secretary of State or the National Assembly for Wales (“a trunk road charging scheme”).

(4) In this Part references to a non-metropolitan local traffic authority are to a local traffic authority for an area outside Greater London.

[429(4A) In this Part “eligible local traffic authority” means, in relation to any Integrated Transport Authority for an integrated transport area [or combined authority], a local traffic authority which is a council falling within subsection (4B) for—

(a) an area which lies within the Authority’s area,

(b) an area which adjoins the Authority’s area,
(c) an area which adjoins an area falling within paragraph (b).

(4B) The councils are—

(a) a county council in England,
(b) a council for a non-metropolitan district comprised in an area for which there is no county council,
(c) a metropolitan district council.]

(5) In this Part—

(a) “the charging authority”, in relation to a charging scheme under this Part made or proposed to be made by one authority, means the authority by which the charging scheme is or is proposed to be made, and

(b) “the charging authorities”, in relation to a charging scheme under this Part made or proposed to be made jointly by more than one authority, means the authorities by which the charging scheme is or is proposed to be made.

(5A) In this Part “combined authority” means a combined authority established under section 103 of the Local Democracy, Economic Development and Construction Act 2009.

(6) The power to make joint local-London charging schemes [F429 and joint ITA-London charging schemes] conferred by this Part does not limit any of the powers in Schedule 23 to the M64 Greater London Authority Act 1999 (road user charging in Greater London).

Textual Amendments

F422 S. 163(3)(bb) inserted (9.2.2009 for E., 1.4.2009 for W.) by Local Transport Act 2008 (c. 26), ss. 103(2)(a), 134(4); S.I. 2009/107, art. 2(2), Sch. 2 Pt. 1; S.I. 2009/579, art. 2(j)

F423 Words in s. 163(3)(bb) inserted (17.12.2009) by Local Democracy, Economic Development and Construction Act 2009 (c. 20), s. 148(6), Sch. 6 para. 102(2); S.I. 2009/3318, art. 2(c)

F424 S. 163(3)(cc) substituted for word (9.2.2009 for E., 1.4.2009 for W.) by Local Transport Act 2008 (c. 26), ss. 103(2)(b), 134(4); S.I. 2009/107, art. 2(2), Sch. 2 Pt. 1; S.I. 2009/579, art. 2(j)

F425 Words in s. 163(3)(cc) inserted (17.12.2009) by Local Democracy, Economic Development and Construction Act 2009 (c. 20), s. 148(6), Sch. 6 para. 102(2); S.I. 2009/3318, art. 2(c)

F426 S. 163(4A)(4B) inserted (9.2.2009 for E., 1.4.2009 for W.) by Local Transport Act 2008 (c. 26), ss. 103(3), 134(4); S.I. 2009/107, art. 2(2), Sch. 2 Pt. 1; S.I. 2009/579, art. 2(j)

F427 Words in s. 163(4A) inserted (17.12.2009) by Local Democracy, Economic Development and Construction Act 2009 (c. 20), s. 148(6), Sch. 6 para. 102(3); S.I. 2009/3318, art. 2(c)

F428 S. 163(5A) inserted (17.12.2009) by Local Democracy, Economic Development and Construction Act 2009 (c. 20), s. 148(6), Sch. 6 para. 102(4); S.I. 2009/3318, art. 2(c)

F429 Words in s. 163(6) inserted (9.2.2009 for E., 1.4.2009 for W.) by Local Transport Act 2008 (c. 26), s. 134(4), Sch. 5 para. 2; S.I. 2009/107, art. 2(2), Sch. 2 Pt. 1; S.I. 2009/579, art. 2(k)

Commencement Information

I153 S. 163 partly in force; s. 163 not in force at Royal Assent see s. 275(1)(2); s. 163 in force (E.) at 1.2.2001 by S.I. 2001/57, art. 3(2), Sch. 3 Pt. I (subject to the savings in Sch. 3 Pt. II); s. 163(2)(b) wholly in force and s. 163(1)(2)(a)(c)(d)(5)(6) in force for specified purposes (W.) at 1.8.2001 by S.I. 2001/2788, art. 2, Sch. 1 paras. 13, 14

Marginal Citations

M64 1999 c. 29.
164 Local charging schemes.

(1) A local charging scheme may only be made in respect of roads for which the charging authority are the traffic authority.

(2) A local charging scheme [F430 which has effect wholly outside an integrated transport area][F431 or the area of a combined authority] may only be made if it appears desirable for the purpose of directly or indirectly facilitating the achievement of [F432 local transport policies of the charging authority].

[F433 (3) A local charging scheme which has effect wholly within an integrated transport area [F434 or the area of a combined authority] may only be made if it appears desirable for the purpose of directly or indirectly facilitating the achievement of local transport policies of—

(a) the charging authority, and

(b) the Integrated Transport Authority for the integrated transport area [F435 or (as the case may be) the combined authority].

(4) For the purposes of this section and sections 165 and 166—

(a) a charging scheme has effect wholly outside an integrated transport area if none of the roads in respect of which it is made is in such an area;

(b) any reference to a charging scheme which has effect wholly, or partly, within an integrated transport area is to be read accordingly.]

Textual Amendments

F430 Words in s. 164(2) inserted (9.2.2009 for E., 1.4.2009 for W.) by Local Transport Act 2008 (c. 26), ss. 104(2)(a), 134(4); S.I. 2009/107, art. 2(2), Sch. 2 Pt. 1; S.I. 2009/579, art. 2(j)

F431 Words in s. 164(2) inserted (17.12.2009) by Local Democracy, Economic Development and Construction Act 2009 (c. 20), s. 148(6), Sch. 6 para. 103(2); S.I. 2009/3318, art. 2(c)

F432 Words in s. 164(2) substituted (9.2.2009 for E., 1.4.2009 for W.) by Local Transport Act 2008 (c. 26), ss. 104(2)(b), 134(4); S.I. 2009/107, art. 2(2), Sch. 2 Pt. 1; S.I. 2009/579, art. 2(j)

F433 S. 164(3)(4) inserted (9.2.2009 for E., 1.4.2009 for W.) by Local Transport Act 2008 (c. 26), ss. 104(3), 134(4); S.I. 2009/107, art. 2(2), Sch. 2 Pt. 1; S.I. 2009/579, art. 2(j)

F434 Words in s. 164(3) inserted (17.12.2009) by Local Democracy, Economic Development and Construction Act 2009 (c. 20), s. 148(6), Sch. 6 para. 103(3)(a); S.I. 2009/3318, art. 2(c)

F435 Words in s. 164(3)(b) inserted (17.12.2009) by Local Democracy, Economic Development and Construction Act 2009 (c. 20), s. 148(6), Sch. 6 para. 103(3)(b); S.I. 2009/3318, art. 2(c)

Modifications etc. (not altering text)

C58 S. 164 applied (with modifications) (1.2.2005) by The Local Authorities’ Plans and Strategies (Disapplication) (England) Order 2005 (S.I. 2005/157), art. 1, Sch. 2 para. 10 (with art. 7(4))

C59 S. 164(3) excluded by S.I. 2011/41, art. 42A(2) (as inserted (14.9.2016) by The River Mersey (Mersey Gateway Bridge) (Amendment) Order 2016 (S.I. 2016/851), arts. 1, 3(3))

Commencement Information

I154 S. 164 partly in force; s. 164 not in force at Royal Assent see s. 275(1)(2); s. 164 in force (E.) at 1.2.2001 by S.I. 2001/57, art. 3(2), Sch. 3 Pt. I (subject to the savings in Sch. 3 Pt. II); s. 164 in force for specified purposes (W.) at 1.8.2001 by S.I. 2001/2788, art. 2, Sch. 1 para. 14
165 Joint local charging schemes.

(1) A joint local charging scheme may only be made in respect of roads for which any of the charging authorities are the traffic authority.

(2) A joint local charging scheme [F436] which has effect wholly outside an integrated transport area[F437] or the area of a combined authority] may only be made if it appears desirable for the purpose of directly or indirectly facilitating the achievement of [F438]local transport policies of the charging authorities].

[F439](3) A joint local charging scheme which has effect wholly or partly within an integrated transport area[F440] or the area of a combined authority] may only be made if it appears desirable for the purpose of directly or indirectly facilitating the achievement of local transport policies of—

(a) the charging authorities, and

(b) the Integrated Transport Authority for the integrated transport area [F441] or (as the case may be) the combined authority.]

(4) Section 164(4) has effect for the purposes of this section.]

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**Textual Amendments**

F436 Words in s. 165(2) inserted (9.2.2009 for E., 1.4.2009 for W.) by Local Transport Act 2008 (c. 26), ss. 105(2)(a), 134(4); S.I. 2009/107, art. 2(2), Sch. 2 Pt. 1; S.I. 2009/579, art. 2(j)

F437 Words in s. 165(2) inserted (17.12.2009) by Local Democracy, Economic Development and Construction Act 2009 (c. 20), s. 148(6), Sch. 6 para. 104(2); S.I. 2009/3318, art. 2(c)

F438 Words in s. 165(2) substituted (9.2.2009 for E., 1.4.2009 for W.) by Local Transport Act 2008 (c. 26), ss. 105(2)(b), 134(4); S.I. 2009/107, art. 2(2), Sch. 2 Pt. 1; S.I. 2009/579, art. 2(j)

F439 S. 165(3)(4) inserted (9.2.2009 for E., 1.4.2009 for W.) by Local Transport Act 2008 (c. 26), ss. 105(3), 134(4); S.I. 2009/107, art. 2(2), Sch. 2 Pt. 1; S.I. 2009/579, art. 2(j)

F440 Words in s. 165(3) inserted (17.12.2009) by Local Democracy, Economic Development and Construction Act 2009 (c. 20), s. 148(6), Sch. 6 para. 104(3)(a); S.I. 2009/3318, art. 2(c)

F441 Words in s. 165(3)(b) inserted (17.12.2009) by Local Democracy, Economic Development and Construction Act 2009 (c. 20), s. 148(6), Sch. 6 para. 104(3)(b); S.I. 2009/3318, art. 2(c)

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**Modifications etc. (not altering text)**

C60 S. 165 applied (with modifications) (1.2.2005) by The Local Authorities' Plans and Strategies (Disapplication) (England) Order 2005 (S.I. 2005/157), art. 1, Sch. 2 para. 11 (with art. 7(4))

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**Commencement Information**

I155 S. 165 partly in force; s. 165 not in force at Royal Assent see s. 275(1)(2); s. 165 in force (E.) at 1.2.2001 by S.I. 2001/57, art. 3(2), Sch. 3 Pt. I (subject to the savings in Sch. 3 Pt. II); s. 165 in force for specified purposes (W.) at 1.8.2001 by S.I. 2001/2788, art. 2, Sch. 1 para. 14

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[F442]165A Joint local-ITA charging schemes

(1) A joint local-ITA charging scheme may only be made—

(a) in respect of roads for which any of the charging authorities are the traffic authority; and

(b) if at least one of the roads in respect of which it is made is within the integrated transport area of the Integrated Transport Authority [F443] or (as the case may be) the area of the combined authority.]

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166 Joint local-London charging schemes.

(1) A joint local-London charging scheme may only be made in respect of—
   (a) roads for which the non-metropolitan local traffic authority, or any of the non-metropolitan local traffic authorities, by which it is made are the traffic authority; and
   (b) roads in respect of which the London traffic authority, or any of the London traffic authorities, by which it is made may impose charges by a scheme under Schedule 23 to the Greater London Authority Act 1999 without the consent of the Secretary of State.

(2) A joint local-London charging scheme [\textsuperscript{F444} which has effect wholly outside an integrated transport area [\textsuperscript{F445} or the area of a combined authority] may only be made if it appears desirable for the purpose of directly or indirectly facilitating the achievement of—
   (a) local transport policies of the non-metropolitan local traffic authority, or the non-metropolitan local traffic authorities, by which it is made, and
   (b) policies and proposals set out in the transport strategy prepared and published by the Mayor of London under section 142 of the Greater London Authority Act 1999.

(3) A joint local-London charging scheme which has effect partly within an integrated transport area [\textsuperscript{F449} or the area of a combined authority] may only be made if it appears desirable for the purpose of directly or indirectly facilitating the achievement of—
   (a) local transport policies of the non-metropolitan local traffic authority, or the non-metropolitan local traffic authorities, by which the scheme is made,
   (b) local transport policies of the Integrated Transport Authority for the integrated transport area [\textsuperscript{F450} or (as the case may be) the combined authority], and
   (c) policies and proposals set out in the transport strategy prepared and published by the Mayor of London under section 142 of the Greater London Authority Act 1999.

(4) Section 164(4) has effect for the purposes of this section.\]
Joint ITA-London charging schemes

166A Joint ITA-London charging schemes

(1) A joint ITA-London charging scheme may only be made—
(a) in respect of roads falling within subsection (2), and
(b) if at least one of the roads in respect of which it is made is within the integrated transport area of the Integrated Transport Authority or (as the case may be) the area of the combined authority.

(2) The roads are—
(a) roads for which the eligible local traffic authority, or any of the eligible local traffic authorities, by which the scheme is made are the traffic authority, and
(b) roads in respect of which the London traffic authority, or any of the London traffic authorities, by which the scheme is made may impose charges by a scheme under Schedule 23 to the Greater London Authority Act 1999 without the consent of the Secretary of State.

(3) A joint ITA-London charging scheme may only be made if it appears desirable for the purpose of directly or indirectly facilitating the achievement of—
(a) local transport policies of the eligible local traffic authority, or the eligible local traffic authorities, by which the scheme is made,
(b) local transport policies of the Integrated Transport Authority or combined authority] by which the scheme is made, and
(c) policies and proposals set out in the transport strategy prepared and published by the Mayor of London under section 142 of the Greater London Authority Act 1999.
167  Trunk road charging schemes.

(1) A trunk road charging scheme may only be made—

(a) by the Secretary of State in respect of roads for which he [F454 or a strategic highways company] is the traffic authority, or

(b) by the National Assembly for Wales in respect of roads for which it is the traffic authority.

(2) A trunk road charging scheme may only be made in respect of a road if—

(a) the road is carried by a bridge, or passes through a tunnel, of at least 600 metres in length, or

(b) a local traffic authority [F455, an Integrated Transport Authority][F456, a combined authority] or Transport for London has requested the charging authority to make the trunk road charging scheme in connection with a charging scheme under this Part, or a scheme under Schedule 23 to the [M67] Greater London Authority Act 1999, made or proposed by them.
(2) The charging authority or the charging authorities (acting jointly) may by order vary a charging scheme under this Part and the charging authority or any of the charging authorities may by order revoke such a scheme; but where a trunk road charging scheme is made at the request of a local traffic authority, an Integrated Transport Authority, a combined authority or Transport for London, it shall not be varied or revoked unless the local traffic authority, the Integrated Transport Authority or the combined authority, or Transport for London, have been consulted about its variation or revocation.

(3) The appropriate national authority may make regulations about orders making, varying or revoking charging schemes under this Part, including (in particular)—
   (a) provision specifying the form of orders,
   (b) provision about the publication of proposals for orders making or varying such charging schemes and the making and consideration of objections to such proposals, and
   (c) provision about the publication of notice of orders and of their effect.

(4) Before making regulations under subsection (3) which relate to joint local-London charging schemes or joint ITA-London charging schemes the Secretary of State shall consult the Greater London Authority about the regulations so far as they so relate.

Textual Amendments
F457 Words in s. 168(2) inserted (9.2.2009 for E., 1.4.2009 for W.) by Local Transport Act 2008 (c. 26), s. 134(4), Sch. 5 para. 4(2)(a); S.I. 2009/107, art. 2(2), Sch. 2 Pt. 1; S.I. 2009/579, art. 2(k)
F458 Words in s. 168(2) inserted (17.12.2009) by Local Democracy, Economic Development and Construction Act 2009 (c. 20), s. 148(6), Sch. 6 para. 109(a); S.I. 2009/3318, art. 2(c)
F459 Words in s. 168(2) inserted (9.2.2009 for E., 1.4.2009 for W.) by Local Transport Act 2008 (c. 26), s. 134(4), Sch. 5 para. 4(2)(b); S.I. 2009/107, art. 2(2), Sch. 2 Pt. 1; S.I. 2009/579, art. 2(k)
F460 Words in s. 168(2) substituted (17.12.2009) by Local Democracy, Economic Development and Construction Act 2009 (c. 20), s. 148(6), Sch. 6 para. 109(b); S.I. 2009/3318, art. 2(c)
F461 Words in s. 168(4) inserted (9.2.2009 for E., 1.4.2009 for W.) by Local Transport Act 2008 (c. 26), s. 134(4), Sch. 5 para. 4(3); S.I. 2009/107, art. 2(2), Sch. 2 Pt. 1; S.I. 2009/579, art. 2(k)

Commencement Information
I158 S. 168 partly in force; s. 168 not in force at Royal Assent see s. 275(1)(2); s. 168 in force (E.) at 1.2.2001 by S.I. 2001/57, art. 3(2), Sch. 3 Pt. I (subject to the savings in Sch. 3 Pt. II); s. 168(3) in force and s. 168(1)(2)(4) in force for specified purposes (W.) at 1.8.2001 by S.I. 2001/2788, art. 2, Sch. 1 paras. 13, 14

169 Confirmation of charging schemes.

(1) A charging scheme under this Part which relates wholly or partly to Wales, other than a trunk road charging scheme, shall not come into force unless the order making it has been submitted to and confirmed by the Welsh Ministers; and a variation of such a charging scheme shall not take effect until the order making the variation has been so submitted and confirmed.

(2) Subsection (1) does not apply in such circumstances as may be specified in or determined in accordance with regulations made by the Welsh Ministers.
(3) A joint local-London charging scheme shall not come into force unless the order making it has been submitted to and confirmed by the Greater London Authority; and a variation or revocation of such a charging scheme shall not take effect until the order making the variation or revocation has been so submitted and confirmed.

(4) Where confirmation of an order is required by this section, the order may be confirmed with or without modifications.

Textual Amendments

F462 Words in s. 169(1) inserted (9.2.2009 for E., 1.4.2009 for W.) by Local Transport Act 2008 (c. 26), ss. 110(2)(a), 134(4); S.I. 2009/107, art. 2(2), Sch. 2 Pt. 1 (with Sch. 2 para. 6); S.I. 2009/579, art. 2(l)

F463 Words in s. 169(1) substituted (9.2.2009 for E., 1.4.2009 for W.) by Local Transport Act 2008 (c. 26), ss. 110(2)(b), 134(4); S.I. 2009/107, art. 2(2), Sch. 2 Pt. 1 (with Sch. 2 para. 6); S.I. 2009/579, art. 2(l)

F464 Words in s. 169(2) substituted (9.2.2009 for E., 1.4.2009 for W.) by Local Transport Act 2008 (c. 26), ss. 110(3), 134(4); S.I. 2009/107, art. 2(2), Sch. 2 Pt. 1 (with Sch. 2 para. 6); S.I. 2009/579, art. 2(l)

F465 Words in s. 169(3) inserted (9.2.2009 for E., 1.4.2009 for W.) by Local Transport Act 2008 (c. 26), s. 134(4), Sch. 5 para. 5; S.I. 2009/107, art. 2(2), Sch. 2 Pt. 1; S.I. 2009/579, art. 2(k)

F466 S. 169(5) repealed (9.2.2009 for E., 1.4.2009 for W.) by Local Transport Act 2008 (c. 26), ss. 110(4), 134(4), Sch. 7 Pt. 5; S.I. 2009/107, art. 2(2), Sch. 2 Pt. 1 (with Sch. 2 para. 6); S.I. 2009/579, art. 2(l)

Commencement Information

I159 S. 169 partly in force; s. 169 not in force at Royal Assent see s. 275(1)(2); s. 169 in force (E.) at 1.2.2001 by S.I. 2001/57, art. 3(2), Sch. 3 Pt. I (subject to the savings in Sch. 3 Pt. II); s. 169 in force for specified purposes (W.) at 1.8.2001 by S.I. 2001/2788, art. 2, Sch. 1 para. 14

170 Charging schemes: consultation and inquiries.

F467(1A)Where the charging authority or any of the charging authorities are—

(a) a local traffic authority for an area in England, or

(b) an Integrated Transport Authority [F468 or a combined authority],

that authority or those authorities (acting alone or jointly) must consult such local persons, and such representatives of local persons, as they consider appropriate about the charging scheme.

(1B) In subsection (1A)—

“local persons” means any persons who are likely to be affected by, or interested in, the making of the scheme;

“representatives” means any persons who appear to the charging authority or charging authorities to be representative of local persons.

(1C) In any other case, the charging authority or the charging authorities (acting jointly) may, at any time before an order making, varying or revoking a charging scheme under this Part is made, consult such persons as they consider appropriate about the charging scheme, variation or revocation.

(2) The charging authority or the charging authorities (acting jointly)—

(a) may cause an inquiry to be held in relation to a charging scheme under this Part, or the variation or revocation of such a scheme, and
(b) may appoint the person or persons by whom such an inquiry is to be held.

(3) F469 The Welsh Ministers may at any time—
   (a) before an order making or varying a charging scheme under this Part F470 which relates wholly or partly to Wales (other than a trunk road charging scheme) is made, or
   (b) (where such an order has to be confirmed) before it is confirmed, consult other persons, or require the charging authority or authorities to consult other persons, about the charging scheme or variation.

(4) F471 The Welsh Ministers—
   (a) may cause an inquiry to be held in relation to a charging scheme under this Part F472 which relates wholly or partly to Wales (other than a trunk road charging scheme) or the variation of such a scheme, and
   (b) may appoint the person or persons by whom such an inquiry is to be held.

(5) In the case of a joint local-London charging scheme F473 or joint ITA-London charging scheme—
   (a) the Greater London Authority may, at any time before an order making, varying or revoking the charging scheme is confirmed by that Authority, consult other persons, or require the charging authorities to consult other persons, about the charging scheme, variation or revocation, F474...
   (b) ................................................

(6) Subsections (2) and (3) of section 250 of the M68 Local Government Act 1972 (witnesses at local inquiries) apply in relation to any inquiry held by virtue of this section.

(7) Where an inquiry is held by virtue of this section in relation to a charging scheme, or the variation or revocation of such a scheme, the costs of the inquiry shall be paid—
   (a) in the case of a trunk road charging scheme made by virtue of section 167(2) F475 or Integrated Transport Authority F476...
   (b) ................................................

   (b) in any other case, by the charging authority or authorities; and the parties at the inquiry shall bear their own costs.

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**Textual Amendments**

F467 S. 170(1A)-(1C) substituted for s. 170(1) (9.2.2009 for E., 1.4.2009 for W.) by Local Transport Act 2008 (c. 26), ss. 111(2), 134(4); S.I. 2009/107, art. 2(2), Sch. 2 Pt. 1 (with Sch. 2 para. 6); S.I. 2009/579, art. 2(l)

F468 Words in s. 170(1A)(b) inserted (17.12.2009) by Local Democracy, Economic Development and Construction Act 2009 (c. 20), s. 148(6), Sch. 6 para. 110(2); S.I. 2009/3318, art. 2(c)

F469 Words in s. 170(3) substituted (9.2.2009 for E., 1.4.2009 for W.) by Local Transport Act 2008 (c. 26), ss. 111(3)(a), 134(4); S.I. 2009/107, art. 2(2), Sch. 2 Pt. 1 (with Sch. 2 para. 6); S.I. 2009/579, art. 2(l)

F470 Words in s. 170(3)(a) inserted (9.2.2009 for E., 1.4.2009 for W.) by Local Transport Act 2008 (c. 26), ss. 111(3)(b), 134(4); S.I. 2009/107, art. 2(2), Sch. 2 Pt. 1 (with Sch. 2 para. 6); S.I. 2009/579, art. 2(l)

F471 Words in s. 170(4) substituted (9.2.2009 for E., 1.4.2009 for W.) by Local Transport Act 2008 (c. 26), ss. 111(4)(a), 134(4); S.I. 2009/107, art. 2(2), Sch. 2 Pt. 1 (with Sch. 2 para. 6); S.I. 2009/579, art. 2(l)

F472 Words in s. 170(4)(a) inserted (9.2.2009 for E., 1.4.2009 for W.) by Local Transport Act 2008 (c. 26), ss. 111(4)(b), 134(4); S.I. 2009/107, art. 2(2), Sch. 2 Pt. 1 (with Sch. 2 para. 6); S.I. 2009/579, art. 2(l)
Matters to be dealt with in charging schemes.

(1) A charging scheme under this Part must—

(a) designate the roads in respect of which charges are imposed,

(b) specify or describe the events by reference to the happening of which a charge is imposed in respect of a motor vehicle being used or kept on a road,

(c) specify the classes of motor vehicles in respect of which charges are imposed,

(d) specify the charges imposed, and

(e) state whether or not the charging scheme is to remain in force indefinitely and, if it is not to remain in force indefinitely, the period for which it is to remain in force.

(2) Subject to sections 164 to 167 and to any modifications made by virtue of section 169, the designation of the roads in respect of which charges are imposed by a charging scheme under this Part shall be such as the charging authority or authorities may determine.

(3) Any charge imposed by a charging scheme under this Part in respect of the keeping of a motor vehicle on a road must also have effect in respect of the use of the motor vehicle on that road.

(4) A charging scheme under this Part may make provision in relation to the manner in which charges are to be made, collected, recorded and paid.

(5) The charges that may be imposed by a charging scheme under this Part include different charges (which may be no charge) for different cases, including (in particular)
(e) different classes of motor vehicles [F478], and
(f) different methods or means of recording, administering, collecting or paying the charge.

(6) In setting the charges imposed by a charging scheme under this Part, regard may be had to the purposes for which any of the net proceeds of the charging scheme may be applied (in accordance with Schedule 12).

(7) A charging scheme under this Part may contain provision requiring—
(a) documents to be displayed while a motor vehicle is on a road in respect of which charges are imposed, or
(b) equipment to be carried in or fitted to a motor vehicle while it is on such a road.

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Textual Amendments

F477 Word in s. 171(5) repealed (31.1.2010 for W.) by Local Transport Act 2008 (c. 26), s. 134(4), Sch. 7 Pt. 5; S.I. 2009/3294, art. 2(d)

F478 S. 171(5)(f) and word inserted (9.2.2009 for E., 1.4.2009 for W.) by Local Transport Act 2008 (c. 26), ss. 112(1), 134(4); S.I. 2009/107, art. 2(2), Sch. 2 Pt. 1; S.I. 2009/579, art. 2(m)

Commencement Information

I161 S. 171 partly in force; s. 171 not in force at Royal Assent see s. 275(1)(2); s. 171 in force (E.) at 1.2.2001 by S.I. 2001/57, art. 3(2), Sch. 3 Pt. I (subject to the savings in Sch. 3 Pt. II); s. 171 in force for specified purposes (W.) at 1.8.2001 by S.I. 2001/2788, art. 2, Sch. 1 para. 14

172 [F479]Charging schemes: supplementary provision as to contents]

(1) The appropriate national authority may make regulations requiring charging schemes under this Part to contain provision for or in connection with—
(a) exemptions from charges,
(b) the application of reduced rates of charges, or
(c) the imposition of limits on the charges payable.

(2) Subject to regulations under subsection (1) and to section 169(1) and (3), a charging scheme under this Part may contain provision of any of the descriptions specified in that subsection.

[F480](2A) The appropriate national authority may by regulations—
(a) make provision requiring charging schemes under this Part to provide that in specified circumstances—
(i) persons of a specified description may pay, and
(ii) where those persons so choose, the charging authorities must collect, the charges imposed by such schemes in a specified manner;
(b) make provision for or in connection with the arrangements to be made by charging authorities with any person for the purpose of enabling charges to be paid, and collected, as mentioned in paragraph (a).

(2B) In subsection (2A) “specified” means specified in the regulations.

(3) [F481]A road shall not be subject to—
(a) charges imposed by more than one charging scheme under this Part at the same time;
(b) charges imposed by such a charging scheme and a scheme under Schedule 23 to the Greater London Authority Act 1999 at the same time, except with the consent of the Authority.

(4) A road shall not be subject to charges under a charging scheme under this Part if tolls are charged in respect of the use of the road.

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**Suspension of charging schemes**

(1) The charging authority or the charging authorities (acting jointly) may suspend the operation of a charging scheme under this Part if they consider that it is necessary to do so—

(a) in the event of an emergency, to enable or facilitate any action taken in response to the emergency;

(b) to enable or facilitate a temporary event to take place.

(2) A suspension under this section is for such period as the charging authority or authorities consider necessary—

(a) in the case of an emergency, to enable or facilitate the response to the emergency (but in any event no longer than 30 days);

(b) in the case of a temporary event, to enable or facilitate the event to take place, together with any associated works undertaken before or after it.

(3) A charging scheme may be suspended under this section in whole or in part; and if a scheme is suspended in part that suspension may be in respect of—
Transport Act 2000 (c. 38)
Part III – Road user charging and workplace parking levy
Chapter I – Road user charging

(a) any road in respect of which charges are imposed;
(b) any event by reference to the happening of which a charge is imposed;
(c) any class of motor vehicle in respect of which charges are imposed.

(4) The charging authority or authorities must publish a notice of any suspension under this section.

(5) A notice under subsection (4)—
   (a) must be published in such manner as the charging authority or authorities consider appropriate to bring the suspension to the attention of all persons who are likely to be affected by it;
   (b) must state the period for which the scheme is to be suspended.

(6) In the case of a suspension under subsection (1)(a), the charging authority or authorities—
   (a) must keep under review the need for the suspension to continue, and
   (b) may increase or reduce the period of the suspension (but they may not increase it so as to suspend the scheme for a period of more than 30 days).

Enforcement of charging schemes

173 Penalty charges.

(1) The appropriate national authority may by regulations make provision for or in connection with the imposition and payment of charges (“charging scheme penalty charges”) in respect of acts, omissions, events or circumstances relating to or connected with charging schemes under this Part.

(2) The regulations may include provision for or in connection with setting the rates of charging scheme penalty charges (which may include provision for discounts or surcharges).

(3) Charging scheme penalty charges in respect of any motor vehicle shall be paid—
   (a) by the registered keeper of the motor vehicle, or
   (b) in circumstances specified in regulations made by the appropriate national authority, by such person as is so specified.

(4) The Lord Chancellor may make regulations about the notification, adjudication and enforcement of charging scheme penalty charges.

(5) A person commits an offence if with intent to avoid payment of, or being identified as having failed to pay, a charge imposed by a charging scheme under this Part—
   (a) he interferes with any equipment [F483, or with the functioning of any equipment,] used for or in connection with charging under the charging scheme, or
   (b) he causes or permits the registration plate of a motor vehicle to be obscured.

(6) A person commits an offence if he makes or uses any false document with intent to avoid payment of, or being identified as having failed to pay, charges imposed by a charging scheme under this Part or charging scheme penalty charges.
(7) A person commits an offence if he removes a notice of a charging scheme penalty charge which has been fixed to a motor vehicle in accordance with regulations under this section unless—

(a) he is the registered keeper of the vehicle or a person using the vehicle with his authority, or

(b) he does so under the authority of the registered keeper or such a person or of the charging authority or any of the charging authorities.

(8) A person guilty of an offence under subsection (5) or (6) is liable on summary conviction to—

(a) a fine not exceeding level 5 on the standard scale, or

(b) imprisonment for a term not exceeding six months, or to both.

(9) A person guilty of an offence under subsection (7) is liable on summary conviction to a fine not exceeding level 2 on the standard scale.

Textual Amendments

F483 Words in s. 173(5)(a) inserted (9.2.2009 for E., 1.4.2009 for W.) by Local Transport Act 2008 (c. 26), ss. 115(1), 134(4); S.I. 2009/107, art. 2(2), Sch. 2 Pt. 1; S.I. 2009/579, art. 2(p)

Commencement Information

I163 S. 173 partly in force; s. 173 not in force at Royal Assent see s. 275(1)(2); s. 173 in force (E.) at 1.2.2001 by S.I. 2001/57, art. 3(2), Sch. 3 Pt. 1 (subject to the savings in Sch. 3 Pt. II); s. 173(1)-(4) wholly in force and s. 173(5)-(9) in force for specified purposes (W.) at 1.8.2001 by S.I. 2001/2788, art. 2, Sch. 1 paras. 13, 14

174 Examination, entry, search and seizure.

(1) The appropriate national authority may by regulations make provision enabling or requiring charging schemes under this Part to confer powers on persons specified in, or determined in accordance with, the regulations for or in connection with examining a motor vehicle for ascertaining—

(a) whether any document required to be displayed while the motor vehicle is on a road in respect of which charges are imposed is so displayed,

(b) whether any equipment required to be carried in or fitted to the motor vehicle while the motor vehicle is on such a road is carried or fitted, is in proper working order

F484(bb) whether any such equipment, or the functioning of any such equipment, has been interfered with with intent to avoid payment of a charge, or to avoid any person being identified as having failed to pay a charge, or

(c) whether any conditions relating to the use of any such equipment are satisfied.

(2) The appropriate national authority may by regulations make provision enabling or requiring charging schemes under this Part to confer power on any person authorised in writing by the charging authority, or any of the charging authorities, to enter a motor vehicle where he has reasonable grounds for suspecting that—

(a) any equipment required to be carried in or fitted to it while it is on a road in respect of which charges are imposed has been interfered with F485, or the
functioning of any such equipment has been interfered with,] with intent to avoid payment of, or [F486 to avoid any person] being identified as having failed to pay, a charge imposed by the charging scheme, or

(b) there is in the motor vehicle a false document which has been made or used with intent to avoid payment of, or [F487 to avoid any person] being identified as having failed to pay, such a charge.

(3) A person commits an offence if he intentionally obstructs a person exercising any power conferred on him by a charging scheme under this Part by virtue of subsection (2).

(4) A person guilty of an offence under subsection (3) is liable on summary conviction to—

(a) a fine not exceeding level 5 on the standard scale, or

(b) imprisonment for a term not exceeding six months, or to both.

(5) The appropriate national authority may by regulations make provision enabling or requiring charging schemes under this Part to confer power on any person authorised in writing by the charging authority, or any of the charging authorities, to seize anything (if necessary by detaching it from a motor vehicle) and detain it as evidence of the commission of an offence under section 173(5) or (6).

(6) A charging scheme under this Part may not authorise an examination of, or entry into, a motor vehicle unless it is on a road.

Textual Amendments

F484 Words in s. 174(1) substituted (9.2.2009 for E., 1.4.2009 for W.) by Local Transport Act 2008 (c. 26), ss. 115(2)(a), 134(4); S.I. 2009/107, art. 2(2), Sch. 2 Pt. 1; S.I. 2009/579, art. 2(p)

F485 Words in s. 174(2)(a) inserted (9.2.2009 for E., 1.4.2009 for W.) by Local Transport Act 2008 (c. 26), ss. 115(2)(b), 134(4); S.I. 2009/107, art. 2(2), Sch. 2 Pt. 1; S.I. 2009/579, art. 2(p)

F486 Words in s. 174(2)(a) inserted (9.2.2009 for E., 1.4.2009 for W.) by Local Transport Act 2008 (c. 26), ss. 115(2)(b), 134(4); S.I. 2009/107, art. 2(2), Sch. 2 Pt. 1; S.I. 2009/579, art. 2(p)

F487 Words in s. 174(2)(b) inserted (9.2.2009 for E., 1.4.2009 for W.) by Local Transport Act 2008 (c. 26), ss. 115(2)(c), 134(4); S.I. 2009/107, art. 2(2), Sch. 2 Pt. 1; S.I. 2009/579, art. 2(p)

 Modifications etc. (not altering text)

C62 S. 174 applied (1.2.2011) by The River Mersey (Mersey Gateway Bridge) Order 2011 (S.I. 2011/41), arts. 1, 46(3) (with art. 51, Sch. 10 paras. 68, 85)

Commencement Information

I164 S. 174 partly in force; s. 174 not in force at Royal Assent see s. 275(1)(2); s. 174 in force (E.) at 1.2.2001 by S.I. 2001/57, art. 3(2), Sch. 3 Pt. I (subject to the savings in Sch. 3 Pt. II); s. 174(1)(2)(5) wholly in force and s. 174(3)(4)(6) in force for specified purposes (W.) at 1.8.2001 by S.I. 2001/2788, art. 2, Sch. 1 paras. 13, I4

175 Immobilisation etc.

(1) The appropriate national authority may by regulations make provision enabling or requiring charging schemes under this Part to make provision for or in connection with—
(a) the fitting of immobilisation devices to motor vehicles,
(b) the fixing of immobilisation notices to motor vehicles to which an immobilisation device has been fitted,
(c) the removal and storage of motor vehicles,
(d) the release of motor vehicles from immobilisation devices or from storage,
(e) the satisfaction of conditions before the release of a motor vehicle, and
(f) the sale or destruction of motor vehicles not released.

(2) A person commits an offence if he removes or interferes with an immobilisation notice fixed to a motor vehicle in accordance with provision included in a charging scheme under this Part by virtue of subsection (1) in contravention of such provision.

(3) A person commits an offence if he removes or attempts to remove an immobilisation device fitted to a motor vehicle in accordance with provision included in a charging scheme under this Part by virtue of subsection (1) in contravention of such provision.

(4) A person commits an offence if he intentionally obstructs a person exercising any power conferred on him by provision included in a charging scheme under this Part by virtue of subsection (1).

(5) A person guilty of an offence under subsection (2) is liable on summary conviction to a fine not exceeding level 2 on the standard scale.

(6) A person guilty of an offence under subsection (3) or (4) is liable on summary conviction to a fine not exceeding level 3 on the standard scale.

(7) In this section “immobilisation device” has the same meaning as in section 104 of the Road Traffic Regulation Act 1984.

(8) A charging scheme under this Part may not authorise or require the fitting of an immobilisation device to, or the removal of, a motor vehicle unless it is on a road.

Supplementary

176 Equipment etc.

(1) The charging authority, or any of the charging authorities, in relation to a charging scheme under this Part may—
(a) install and maintain, or authorise the installation and maintenance of, any equipment, or
(b) construct and maintain, or authorise the construction and maintenance of, any buildings or other structures,
used or to be used for or in connection with the operation of a charging scheme under this Part.

(1A) In relation to a charging scheme under section 167 (trunk road charging schemes), a strategic highways company may—
(a) install and maintain, or authorise the installation and maintenance of, any equipment, or
(b) construct and maintain, or authorise the construction and maintenance of, any buildings or other structures,
used or to be used for or in connection with the operation of a charging scheme under that section.

(2) The appropriate national authority may by regulations—
(a) approve standards for equipment installed, or authorised to be installed, by charging authorities for or in connection with the operation of charging schemes under this Part, or
(b) regulate the manner in which such equipment is used.

(3) No equipment may be—
(a) installed for or in connection with the operation of a charging scheme under this Part if it is incompatible with a standard approved under subsection (2)(a), or
(b) used for or in connection with the operation of such a scheme otherwise than in accordance with regulations under subsection (2)(b).

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Textual Amendments

F488 S. 176(1A) inserted (5.3.2015) by Infrastructure Act 2015 (c. 7), s. 57(1), Sch. 1 para. 127; S.I. 2015/481, reg. 2(a)

F489 Words in s. 176(2) renumbered as s. 176(2)(a) (9.2.2009 for E., 1.4.2009 for W.) by Local Transport Act 2008 (c. 26), ss. 116(2)(a), 134(4); S.I. 2009/107, art. 2(2), Sch. 2 Pt. 1; S.I. 2009/579, art. 2(q)

F490 S. 176(2)(b) and word inserted (9.2.2009 for E., 1.4.2009 for W.) by Local Transport Act 2008 (c. 26), ss. 116(2)(b), 134(4); S.I. 2009/107, art. 2(2), Sch. 2 Pt. 1; S.I. 2009/579, art. 2(q)

F491 Words in s. 176(3) renumbered as s. 176(3)(a) (9.2.2009 for E., 1.4.2009 for W.) by Local Transport Act 2008 (c. 26), ss. 116(3)(a), 134(4); S.I. 2009/107, art. 2(2), Sch. 2 Pt. 1; S.I. 2009/579, art. 2(q)

F492 Words in s. 176(3)(a) substituted (9.2.2009 for E., 1.4.2009 for W.) by Local Transport Act 2008 (c. 26), ss. 116(3)(a), 134(4); S.I. 2009/107, art. 2(2), Sch. 2 Pt. 1; S.I. 2009/579, art. 2(q)

F493 S. 176(3)(b) inserted (9.2.2009 for E., 1.4.2009 for W.) by Local Transport Act 2008 (c. 26), ss. 116(3)(b), 134(4); S.I. 2009/107, art. 2(2), Sch. 2 Pt. 1; S.I. 2009/579, art. 2(q)

Modifications etc. (not altering text)

C64 S. 176 applied (1.2.2011) by The River Mersey (Mersey Gateway Bridge) Order 2011 (S.I. 2011/41), arts. 1, 46(3) (with art. 51, Sch. 10 paras. 68, 85)

Commencement Information

I166 S. 176 partly in force; s. 176 not in force at Royal Assent see s. 275(1)(2); s. 176 in force (E.) at 1.2.2001 by S.I. 2001/57, art. 3(2), Sch. 3 Pt. 1 (subject to the savings in Sch. 3 Pt. II); s. 176(2)
Traffic signs.

(1) The appropriate national authority may direct the charging authority, or any of the charging authorities, in relation to a charging scheme under this Part (other than a trunk road charging scheme) to place and maintain traffic signs, or cause traffic signs to be placed and maintained, in connection with the scheme.

(2) In the case of a joint local-London charging scheme \[F494\] or joint ITA-London charging scheme \[F495\] the Greater London Authority may also exercise the power conferred by subsection (1); but any direction under this subsection shall not have effect if and to the extent that it is inconsistent with a direction under subsection (1).

(3) The appropriate national authority may direct any local traffic authority to place and maintain traffic signs, or cause traffic signs to be placed and maintained, in connection with a trunk road charging scheme.

\[F496\] (3A) The Secretary of State may direct a strategic highways company to place and maintain traffic signs, or cause traffic signs to be placed and maintained, in connection with a trunk road charging scheme.

(4) An authority \[F497\] which is or could be given a direction under this section may enter any land, and exercise any other powers which may be necessary, for placing and maintaining traffic signs, or causing traffic signs to be placed and maintained, in connection with any charging scheme in respect of which a direction is or could be given.

(5) A direction under this section shall be given in writing and may be varied or revoked by the authority by which it was given.

(6) In this section “traffic signs” has the meaning given by section 64 of the Road Traffic Regulation Act 1984 but also includes signposts and other signs and notices included in that term by section 71(2) of that Act.

Textual Amendments

F494 Words in s. 177(2) inserted (9.2.2009 for E., 1.4.2009 for W.) by Local Transport Act 2008 (c. 26), s. 134(4), Sch. 5 para. 7; S.I. 2009/107, art. 2(2), Sch. 2 Pt. 1; S.I. 2009/579, art. 2(k)

F495 S. 177(3A) inserted (5.3.2015) by Infrastructure Act 2015 (c. 7), s. 57(1), Sch. 1 para. 128(2); S.I. 2015/481, reg. 2(a)

F496 Words in s. 177(4) inserted (5.3.2015) by Infrastructure Act 2015 (c. 7), s. 57(1), Sch. 1 para. 128(3); S.I. 2015/481, reg. 2(a)

Commencement Information

I167 S. 177 partly in force; s. 177 not in force at Royal Assent see s. 275(1)(2); s. 177 in force (E.) at 1.2.2001 by S.I. 2001/57, art. 3(2), Sch. 3 Pt. I (subject to the savings in Sch. 3 Pt. II); s. 177 in force for specified purposes (W.) at 1.8.2001 by S.I. 2001/2788, art. 2, Sch. 1 para. 14

Marginal Citations

M70 1984 c. 27.
Power to require information

(1) The appropriate national authority may direct a local traffic authority or Integrated Transport Authority[^498] to provide it, within a specified period, with specified information connected with any aspect of the performance or proposed performance of their functions under this Chapter.

(2) The information that may be specified in such a direction must be information which the authority have in their possession or can reasonably be expected to acquire.

(3) A direction under this section may be given to two or more authorities or to authorities of a description specified in the direction.]

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CHAPTER II

WORKPLACE PARKING LEVY

Licensing schemes

178 Preliminary.

(1) In this Part “licensing scheme” means a scheme for imposing charges in respect of the provision of workplace parking places at premises in the area covered by the scheme to be paid on licences covering the provision of a maximum number of such parking places at the premises.

(2) Charges imposed in respect of any premises by a licensing scheme under this Part shall be paid—
    (a) by the occupier of the premises, or
    (b) in circumstances specified in regulations made by the appropriate national authority, by such person as is so specified.

(3) In this Part “licence” means a licence under a licensing scheme under this Part.

(4) A licence relating to premises must cover the provision at the premises of the number of workplace parking places requested by the applicant for the licence; and in this Part “licensed unit”, in relation to a licence relating to premises, means each unit comprised in the maximum number of workplace parking places which may be provided at the premises under the cover of the licence.

(5) A licensing scheme may be made—
    (a) by a non-metropolitan local traffic authority (“a local licensing scheme”),
    (b) jointly by more than one non-metropolitan local traffic authority (“a joint local licensing scheme”), or
(c) jointly by one or more non-metropolitan local traffic authorities and one or more London traffic authorities (“a joint local-London licensing scheme”).

(6) In this Part—

(a) “the licensing authority”, in relation to a licensing scheme under this Part made or proposed to be made by one authority, means the authority by which the licensing scheme is or is proposed to be made, and

(b) “the licensing authorities”, in relation to a licensing scheme under this Part made or proposed to be made jointly by more than one authority, means the authorities by which the licensing scheme is or is proposed to be made.

(7) The power to make joint local-London licensing schemes conferred by this Part does not limit any of the powers in Schedule 24 to the Greater London Authority Act 1999 (workplace parking levy in Greater London).
180 Joint local licensing schemes.

(1) A joint local licensing scheme may cover the whole or any part of the combined area of the licensing authorities.

(2) A joint local licensing scheme may only be made if it appears desirable for the purpose of directly or indirectly facilitating the achievement of [\textsuperscript{F500}]local transport policies of the licensing authorities.

Textual Amendments
\textsuperscript{F500} Words in s. 180(2) substituted (9.2.2009 for E., 1.4.2009 for W.) by Local Transport Act 2008 (c. 26), s. 134(4), Sch. 1 para. 6(2); S.I. 2009/107, art. 2(2), Sch. 2 Pt. 1; S.I. 2009/579, art. 2(a)

Modifications etc. (not altering text)
\textsuperscript{C66} S. 180 applied (with modifications) (1.2.2005) by The Local Authorities’ Plans and Strategies (Disapplication) (England) Order 2005 (S.I. 2005/157), art. 1, Sch. 2 para. 14 (with art. 7(4))

Commencement Information
\textsuperscript{I170} S. 180 partly in force; s. 180 not in force at Royal Assent see s. 275(1)(2); s. 180 in force (E.) at 1.2.2001 by S.I. 2001/57, art. 3(2), Sch. 3 Pt. I (subject to the savings in Sch. 3 Pt. II); s. 180 in force for specified purposes (W.) at 1.8.2001 by S.I. 2001/2788, art. 2, Sch. 1 para. 16

181 Joint local-London licensing schemes.

(1) A joint local-London licensing scheme may cover—

(a) the whole or any part of the area of the non-metropolitan local traffic authority, or combined area of the non-metropolitan local traffic authorities, by which it is made, and

(b) the whole or any part of any area to which a scheme under Schedule 24 to the Greater London Authority Act 1999 made by the London traffic authority, or any of the London traffic authorities, by which it is made could apply.

(2) A joint local-London licensing scheme may only be made if it appears desirable for the purpose of directly or indirectly facilitating the achievement of—

(a) \textsuperscript{[F501]}local transport policies\textsuperscript{F502} of the non-metropolitan local traffic authority, or the non-metropolitan local traffic authorities, by which it is made, and

(b) policies and proposals set out in the transport strategy prepared and published by the Mayor of London under section 142 of the Greater London Authority Act 1999.

Textual Amendments
\textsuperscript{F501} Words in s. 181(2)(a) substituted (9.2.2009 for E., 1.4.2009 for W.) by Local Transport Act 2008 (c. 26), s. 134(4), Sch. 1 para. 7(2)(a); S.I. 2009/107, art. 2(2), Sch. 2 Pt. 1; S.I. 2009/579, art. 2(a)

\textsuperscript{F502} Words in s. 181(2)(a) repealed (9.2.2009 for E., 1.4.2009 for W.) by Local Transport Act 2008 (c. 26), s. 134(4), Sch. 1 para. 7(2)(b), Sch. 7 Pt. 1; S.I. 2009/107, art. 2(2), Sch. 2 Pt. 1; S.I. 2009/579, art. 2(a)

Modifications etc. (not altering text)
\textsuperscript{C67} S. 181 applied (with modifications) (1.2.2005) by The Local Authorities’ Plans and Strategies (Disapplication) (England) Order 2005 (S.I. 2005/157), art. 1, Sch. 2 para. 15 (with art. 7(4))
182 Workplace parking places.

(1) For the purposes of this Part a workplace parking place is provided at any premises at any time if a parking place provided at the premises is at that time occupied by a motor vehicle (other than an exempt vehicle) used—
   (a) by a relevant person,
   (b) by an employee, agent, supplier, business customer or business visitor of a relevant person,
   (c) by a pupil or student attending a course of education or training provided by a relevant person, or
   (d) where a body whose affairs are controlled by its members is a relevant person, by a member of the body engaged in the carrying on of any business of the body, for attending a place at which the relevant person carries on business at or in the vicinity of the premises.

(2) In this section “relevant person” means—
   (a) the person who provides the parking place in question (“the provider”),
   (b) any person with whom the provider has entered into arrangements to provide the parking place (whether or not for that person’s own use), or
   (c) any person who is associated with the provider or a person within paragraph (b).

(3) For the purposes of subsection (2)(c) any two persons are associated if and only if—
   (a) one is a company of which the other (directly or indirectly) has control, or
   (b) both are companies of which a third person (directly or indirectly) has control.

(4) For the purposes of this section—
   “business” includes—
   (a) any trade, profession, vocation or undertaking,
   (b) the functions of any office holder,
   (c) the provision of any course of education or training, and
   (d) the functions of, or any activities carried on by, a government department or a local authority or other statutory body,
   “business customer”, in relation to a relevant person, means a client or customer of the relevant person who is attending at any premises occupied by the relevant person for the purposes of a business carried on by that client or customer,
   “business visitor”, in relation to a relevant person, means an individual who—
   (a) in the course of his employment, or
(b) in the course of carrying on a business or for the purposes of a business carried on by him,

is visiting the relevant person or any premises occupied by the relevant person,

“employee” means a person employed under a contract of service or apprenticeship, whether express or implied, and (if express) whether oral or in writing, and

“supplier”, in relation to a relevant person, means—

(a) a person supplying, or seeking to supply, goods or services to the relevant person for the purposes of a business carried on by the relevant person, or

(b) any agent or sub-contractor of such a person.

(5) The appropriate national authority may make regulations amending the preceding provisions of this section for the purpose of adding, removing or varying cases where, for the purposes of this Part, a workplace parking place is provided.

Commencement Information

1172  S. 182 partly in force; s. 182 not in force at Royal Assent see s. 275(1)(2); s. 182 in force (E.) at 1.2.2001 by S.I. 2001/57, art. 3(2), Sch. 3 Pt. I (subject to the savings in Sch. 3 Pt. II); s. 182(5) wholly in force and s. 182(1)-(4) in force for specified purposes (W.) at 1.8.2001 by S.I. 2001/2788, art. 2, Sch. 1 paras. 15, 16

Making of licensing schemes

183 Licensing schemes to be made by order.

(1) A licensing scheme under this Part is made by order of the licensing authority or of the licensing authorities (acting jointly).

(2) The licensing authority or the licensing authorities (acting jointly) may by order vary a licensing scheme under this Part and the licensing authority or any of the licensing authorities may by order revoke such a scheme.

(3) The appropriate national authority may make regulations about orders making, varying or revoking licensing schemes under this Part, including (in particular)—

(a) provision specifying the form of orders,

(b) provision about the publication of proposals for orders making or varying such licensing schemes and the making and consideration of objections to such proposals, and

(c) provision about the publication of notice of orders and of their effect.

(4) Before making regulations under subsection (3) which relate to joint local-London licensing schemes the Secretary of State shall consult the Greater London Authority about the regulations so far as they so relate.

Commencement Information

1173  S. 183 partly in force; s. 183 not in force at Royal Assent see s. 275(1)(2); s. 183 in force (E.) at 1.2.2001 by S.I. 2001/57, art. 3(2), Sch. 3 Pt. I (subject to the savings in Sch. 3 Pt. II); s. 183(3)
184 Confirmation of licensing schemes.

(1) A licensing scheme under this Part shall not come into force unless the order making it has been submitted to and confirmed by the appropriate national authority; and a variation of such a licensing scheme shall not take effect until the order making the variation has been so submitted and confirmed.

(2) Subsection (1) does not apply in such circumstances as may be specified in or determined in accordance with regulations made by the appropriate national authority.

(3) A joint local-London licensing scheme shall not come into force unless the order making it has been submitted to and confirmed by the Greater London Authority; and a variation or revocation of such a licensing scheme shall not take effect until the order making the variation or revocation has been so submitted and confirmed.

(4) Where confirmation of an order is required by this section, the order may be confirmed with or without modifications.

(5) Where confirmation by both the Secretary of State and the Greater London Authority of an order making a joint local-London licensing scheme, or a variation of such a licensing scheme, is required by this section—

(a) the order shall not be submitted to the Secretary of State until it has been confirmed by the Greater London Authority,

(b) if the order has been confirmed by the Greater London Authority with modifications it is the modified order that must be submitted to the Secretary of State, and

(c) the order may not be confirmed with modifications by the Secretary of State until the modifications have been confirmed by the Greater London Authority.

185 Licensing schemes: consultation and inquiries.

(1) The licensing authority or the licensing authorities (acting jointly) may at any time before an order making, varying or revoking a licensing scheme under this Part is made, consult other persons about the licensing scheme, variation or revocation.

(2) The licensing authority or the licensing authorities (acting jointly)—

(a) may cause an inquiry to be held in relation to a licensing scheme under this Part, or the variation or revocation of such a scheme, and

(b) may appoint the person or persons by whom such an inquiry is to be held.
(3) The appropriate national authority may at any time—
   (a) before an order making or varying a licensing scheme under this Part is made,
   or
   (b) (where such an order has to be confirmed) before it is confirmed,
       consult other persons, or require the licensing authority or authorities to consult other
       persons, about the licensing scheme or variation.

(4) The appropriate national authority—
   (a) may cause an inquiry to be held in relation to a licensing scheme under this
       Part or the variation of such a scheme, and
   (b) may appoint the person or persons by whom such an inquiry is to be held.

(5) In the case of a joint local-London licensing scheme—
   (a) the Greater London Authority may, at any time before an order making,
       varying or revoking the licensing scheme is confirmed by that Authority,
       consult other persons, or require the licensing authorities to consult other
       persons, about the licensing scheme, variation or revocation, and
   (b) the Secretary of State shall not cause an inquiry to be held in relation to the
       licensing scheme, or the variation of the licensing scheme, or appoint the
       person or persons by whom such an inquiry is to be held, without the consent
       of the Greater London Authority.

(6) Subsections (2) and (3) of section 250 of the M74 Local Government Act 1972
    (witnesses at local inquiries) apply in relation to any inquiry held by virtue of this
    section.

(7) Where an inquiry is held by virtue of this section in relation to a licensing scheme or
    the variation or revocation of such a scheme—
   (a) the costs of the inquiry shall be paid by the licensing authority or authorities,
   and
   (b) the parties at the inquiry shall bear their own costs.

Commencement Information

1175  S. 185 partly in force; s. 185 not in force at Royal Assent see s. 275(1)(2); s. 185 in force (E.) at
       1.2.2001 by S.I. 2001/57, art. 3(2), Sch. 3 Pt. I (subject to the savings in Sch. 3 Pt. II); s. 185 in force
       for specified purposes (W.) at 1.8.2001 by S.I. 2001/2788, art. 2, Sch. 1 para. 16

Marginal Citations

M74  1972 c. 70.

Contents of licensing schemes and licences

186  Matters to be dealt with in licensing schemes.

   (1) A licensing scheme under this Part must—
      (a) designate the area covered by the licensing scheme (“the licensing area”),
      (b) state the days on which, and hours during which, a licence is required,
      (c) specify the charges payable on licences (expressed as a specified sum of
          money for each licensed unit), and
(d) state whether or not the licensing scheme is to remain in force indefinitely and, if it is not to remain in force indefinitely, the period for which it is to remain in force.

(2) Subject to sections 179 to 181 and to any modifications made by virtue of section 184, the designation by a licensing scheme under this Part of the boundaries of the licensing area shall be such as the licensing authority or authorities may determine.

(3) The charges that may be imposed by a licensing scheme under this Part include different charges (which may be no charge) for different cases, including (in particular)

(a) different days,
(b) different times of day,
(c) different parts of the licensing area,
(d) different classes of motor vehicles, and
(e) different numbers of licensed units.

(4) In setting the charges imposed by a licensing scheme under this Part, regard may be had to the purposes for which any of the net proceeds of the licensing scheme may be applied (in accordance with Schedule 12).

(5) A licensing scheme may include provision for or in connection with—

(a) the making of an application for a licence,
(b) the grant of a licence,
(c) the issue of a licence, and
(d) the variation or revocation of a licence.

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### Commencement Information

1176 S. 186 partly in force; s. 186 not in force at Royal Assent see s. 275(1)(2); s. 186 in force (E.) at 1.2.2001 by S.I. 2001/57, art. 3(2), Sch. 3 Pt. I (subject to the savings in Sch. 3 Pt. II); s. 186 in force for specified purposes (W.) at 1.8.2001 by S.I. 2001/2788, art. 2, Sch. 1 para. 16

187 **Licensing schemes: exemptions etc.**

(1) The appropriate national authority may make regulations requiring licensing schemes under this Part to contain provision for or in connection with—

(a) exemptions from licensing,
(b) the application of reduced rates of charges payable on licences, or
(c) the imposition of limits on the charges payable on a licence.

(2) Subject to regulations under subsection (1) and to section 184(1) and (3), a licensing scheme under this Part may contain provision of any of the descriptions specified in that subsection.

(3) The same premises shall not be subject to more than one licensing scheme under this Part, or to such a licensing scheme and a scheme under Schedule 24 to the **Greater London Authority Act 1999**, at the same time.

(4) In subsection (1) the reference to exemptions from licensing includes (as well as exemptions in respect of any description of premises, persons or motor vehicles) exemption of a specified number of parking places provided at any premises from
being workplace parking places, either generally or in the case of any description of
premises, persons or motor vehicles.

188 Licences.

(1) A licence must—
   (a) state the name of the person to whom it is granted,
   (b) identify the premises to which it relates,
   (c) specify the maximum number of motor vehicles (not counting exempt
vehicles) which may be parked at those premises at any one time, and
   (d) state the amount of the charge paid on the licence and set out the calculation
of that amount.

(2) A licence may be granted subject to conditions.

(3) A licence may not be granted for a period of more than one year.

(4) A person commits an offence if he intentionally provides false or misleading
information in or in connection with an application for a licence.

(5) A person guilty of an offence under subsection (4) is liable—
   (a) on summary conviction, to a fine not exceeding the statutory maximum, or
   (b) on conviction on indictment, to a fine.

189 Penalty charges.

(1) The appropriate national authority may by regulations make provision for or in
connection with the imposition and payment of charges (“licensing scheme penalty
charges”) in respect of acts, omissions, events or circumstances relating to or
connected with licensing schemes under this Part.
(2) The regulations may include provision for or in connection with setting the rates of licensing scheme penalty charges (which may include provision for discounts or surcharges).

(3) Licensing scheme penalty charges in respect of any premises shall be paid—
   (a) by the occupier of the premises, or
   (b) in circumstances specified in regulations made by the appropriate national authority, by such person as is so specified.

(4) The Lord Chancellor may make regulations about the notification, adjudication and enforcement of licensing scheme penalty charges.

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**Commencement Information**

1179  S. 189 partly in force; s. 189 not in force at Royal Assent see s. 275(1)(2); s. 189 in force (E.) at 1.2.2001 by S.I. 2001/57, art. 3(2), Sch. 3 Pt. I (subject to the savings in Sch. 3 Pt. II); s. 189(1)(2)(3)(b)(4) wholly in force and s. 189(3)(a) in force for specified purposes (W.) at 1.8.2001 by S.I. 2001/2788, art. 2, Sch. 1, paras. 15, 16

190  **Rights of entry.**

(1) Where a person duly authorised in writing by the licensing authority, or any of the licensing authorities, in relation to a licensing scheme under this Part has reason to believe that workplace parking places are being provided at any premises in the licensing area, he may at any reasonable time enter the premises for ascertaining—
   (a) whether any workplace parking places are being provided at the premises without a licence or a licence covering all the workplace parking places being provided, or
   (b) whether there is or has been any contravention of the conditions of a licence in respect of the premises.

(2) A person duly authorised in writing by the licensing authority, or any of the licensing authorities, in relation to a licensing scheme under this Part may at any reasonable time enter any premises for the purpose of issuing notice of a licensing scheme penalty charge.

(3) A person authorised under subsection (1) or (2) to enter any premises shall, if so required, produce evidence of his authority before so entering.

(4) A person commits an offence if he intentionally obstructs a person exercising any power conferred on him by subsection (1) or (2).

(5) A person guilty of an offence under subsection (4) is liable—
   (a) on summary conviction, to a fine not exceeding the statutory maximum, or
   (b) on conviction on indictment, to a fine.

(6) Where any land is damaged in the exercise of a right of entry conferred under subsection (1) or (2), compensation in respect of that damage may be recovered by any person interested in the land from the authority on whose behalf the entry was effected.

(7) The provisions of section 118 of the Town and Country Planning Act 1990 shall apply in relation to compensation under subsection (6) as they apply in relation to compensation under Part IV of that Act.
267

CHAPTER III

GENERAL AND SUPPLEMENTARY

191 Financial provisions about schemes.

Schedule 12 contains financial provisions about charging schemes and licensing schemes.

192 Powers of authorities.

The charging authority or licensing authority, or any of the charging authorities or licensing authorities, in relation to a charging scheme or licensing scheme under this Part may—

(a) incur expenditure in or in connection with the establishment or operation of the charging scheme or licensing scheme, or

(b) enter into arrangements (including arrangements for forming or participating in companies) with any person in respect of the operation of the charging scheme or licensing scheme or relating to the installation or operation of any equipment used for or in connection with the operation of the charging scheme or licensing scheme.

193 Guidance.

(1) The appropriate national authority may issue guidance to non-metropolitan local traffic authorities[1683], Integrated Transport Authorities[1684], combined authorities] and London traffic authorities in relation to the discharge of their functions with
respect to charging schemes and licensing schemes under this Part; and such authorities shall, in exercising those functions, have regard to any such guidance.

(2) Before issuing guidance under this section which relates to joint local-London charging schemes\[^{F505}\], joint ITA-London charging schemes\[^{F505}\] or joint local-London licensing schemes the Secretary of State shall consult the Greater London Authority about the guidance so far as it so relates.

(3) Guidance issued under this section shall be published in such manner as the appropriate national authority by which it is issued considers appropriate; and the appropriate national authority may at any time vary or revoke guidance issued by it under this section.

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194 Information.

(1) Information obtained by—

(a) any Minister of the Crown or government department,

(b) the National Assembly for Wales, or

(c) any local authority or other statutory body,

may be disclosed to \[^{F506}\] a traffic authority or Integrated Transport Authority\[^{F507}\] or Integrated Transport Authority or combined authority\[^{F507}\] for or in connection with the performance or proposed performance of any of their functions under this Part or with respect to a relevant scheme or proposed relevant scheme.

(2) Information obtained by a traffic authority or Integrated Transport Authority\[^{F509}\] or Integrated Transport Authority or combined authority\[^{F509}\] for or in connection with any of their functions other than functions under this Part may be used by them for or in connection with the performance or proposed performance of any of their functions under this Part or with respect to a relevant scheme or proposed relevant scheme.

(3) Any information—

(a) which has been or could be disclosed to an authority under subsection (1) for or in connection with the exercise of any of their functions with respect to \[^{F510}\] a charging scheme or licensing scheme, or

(b) which has been or could be used by an authority by virtue of subsection (2) for or in connection with the exercise of any of those functions,

may be disclosed to any person with whom the authority has entered into arrangements under section 192(b).
(4) Information disclosed to a person under subsection (3)—
   (a) may be disclosed to any other person for or in connection with the charging
       scheme or licensing scheme, but
   (b) may not be used (by him or any other person to whom it is disclosed under
       paragraph (a)) otherwise than for or in connection with the charging scheme
       or licensing scheme.

(5) The Secretary of State or the Welsh Ministers may charge a reasonable fee in respect
of the cost of supplying information under subsection (1) or (3).

(6) Where a traffic authority or Integrated Transport Authority[FS12, Integrated Transport
Authority or combined authority] asks the Secretary of State to obtain overseas
registration information from an overseas registration authority with a view to the
Secretary of State disclosing that information under subsection (1) or (3), the Secretary
of State may charge a reasonable fee in respect of the cost of obtaining, or seeking to
obtain, the information.

(7) In this section—
   “overseas registration authority” means any authority of a country or
territory outside the United Kingdom with responsibility under the law of that
country or territory for maintaining a register of vehicles;
   “overseas registration information” means information derived from
particulars contained in a register of vehicles that is maintained by an overseas
registration authority;
   “relevant scheme” means a charging scheme or licensing scheme under this
Part.]

Textual Amendments

F506 Words in s. 194(1) substituted (9.2.2009 for E., 1.4.2009 for W.) by Local Transport Act 2008 (c. 26),
       ss. 118(2), 134(4); S.I. 2009/107, art. 2(2), Sch. 2 Pt. 1; S.I. 2009/579, art. 2(s)
F507 Words in s. 194(1) substituted (17.12.2009) by Local Democracy, Economic Development and
       Construction Act 2009 (c. 20), s. 148(6), Sch. 6 para. 113; S.I. 2009/3318, art. 2(c)
F508 S. 194(2) substituted (9.2.2009 for E., 1.4.2009 for W.) by Local Transport Act 2008 (c. 26), ss.
       118(3), 134(4); S.I. 2009/107, art. 2(2), Sch. 2 Pt. 1; S.I. 2009/579, art. 2(s)
F509 Words in s. 194(2) substituted (17.12.2009) by Local Democracy, Economic Development and
       Construction Act 2009 (c. 20), s. 148(6), Sch. 6 para. 113; S.I. 2009/3318, art. 2(c)
F510 Word in s. 194(3) substituted (9.2.2009 for E., 1.4.2009 for W.) by Local Transport Act 2008 (c. 26),
       ss. 118(4), 134(4); S.I. 2009/107, art. 2(2), Sch. 2 Pt. 1; S.I. 2009/579, art. 2(s)
F511 S. 194(5)-(7) inserted (9.2.2009 for E., 1.4.2009 for W.) by Local Transport Act 2008 (c. 26), ss.
       118(5), 134(4); S.I. 2009/107, art. 2(2), Sch. 2 Pt. 1; S.I. 2009/579, art. 2(s)
F512 Words in s. 194(6) substituted (17.12.2009) by Local Democracy, Economic Development and
       Construction Act 2009 (c. 20), s. 148(6), Sch. 6 para. 113; S.I. 2009/3318, art. 2(c)

Commencement Information

I184 S. 194 wholly in force at 1.8.2001; s. 194 not in force at Royal Assent see s. 275(1)(2); s. 194 in force
       (E.) at 1.2.2001 by S.I. 2001/57, art. 3(2), Sch. 3 Pt. I (subject to the savings in Sch. 3 Pt. II); s. 194 in force
       (W.) at 1.8.2001 by S.I. 2001/2788, art. 2, Sch. 1 para. 17
195 Determination of disputes, appeals and evidence.

(1) The Lord Chancellor may by regulations make provision for or in connection with—
   (a) appeals against decisions relating to licences under licensing schemes under this Part or any failure to make such a decision,
   (b) the determination of disputes relating to charging schemes or licensing schemes under this Part,
   (c) appeals against such determinations or any failure to make such a determination, and
   (d) the appointment of persons to hear any such appeals.

(2) The Lord Chancellor may by regulations make provision for or in connection with permitting evidence of a fact relevant to proceedings for an offence under this Part, or proceedings in respect of a failure to comply with the provisions of a charging scheme or licensing scheme under this Part, to be given by the production of—
   (a) a record produced by a device specified in, or determined in accordance with, the regulations, and
   (b) a certificate (whether in the same or another document) as to the circumstances in which the record was produced signed by a person so specified or determined.

196 Crown application.

(1) Chapter I applies in relation to Crown roads (within the meaning of section 131 of the Road Traffic Regulation Act 1984) as in relation to other roads.

(2) The provisions of this Part and of regulations and schemes under it bind the Crown.

(3) No contravention by the Crown of any of those provisions makes the Crown criminally liable; but—
   (a) the High Court may, on the application of a charging authority, declare unlawful any act or omission of the Crown which constitutes such a contravention, and
   (b) (subject to subsection (4)) those provisions apply to motor vehicles or persons in the public service of the Crown as they apply to other motor vehicles or persons.

(4) No power of entry conferred by—
   (a) regulations made under section 174(2), or
   (b) section 190(1) or (2),
   is exercisable in relation to any motor vehicle in the public service of the Crown or any premises held or used by or on behalf of the Crown.

(5) Nothing in this section affects Her Majesty in her private capacity; and this subsection shall be construed as if section 38(3) of the Crown Proceedings Act 1947
(interpretation of references in that Act to Her Majesty in her private capacity) were contained in this Act.

Commencement Information

I186 S. 196 wholly in force at 1.8.2001; s. 196 not in force at Royal Assent see s. 275(1)(2); s. 196 in force (E.) at 1.2.2001 by S.I. 2001/57, art. 3(2), Sch. 3 Pt. I (subject to the savings in Sch. 3 Pt. II); s. 196 in force (W.) at 1.8.2001 by S.I. 2001/2788, art. 2, Sch. 1 para. 17

Marginal Citations

M77 1984 c. 27.
M78 1947 c. 44.

197 Part III: regulations and orders.

(1) Any power to make regulations under this Part—
   (a) is exercisable by statutory instrument,
   (b) includes power to make different provision for different cases, and
   (c) may be exercised so as to make incidental, consequential, supplementary or transitional provision or savings.

(2) The power to make an order making, varying or revoking a trunk road charging scheme is exercisable by statutory instrument.

(3) Regulations under paragraph F513...[F51413(5)] of Schedule 12 shall not be made without the consent of the Treasury.

(4) Regulations shall not be made by the Secretary of State under—
   (a) section 182(5), or
   (b) paragraph F515...[F51613(5)] of Schedule 12,
   unless a draft of the regulations has been laid before, and approved by a resolution of, the House of Commons.

(5) A statutory instrument containing regulations made by the Secretary of State or the Lord Chancellor under any other provision of this Part shall be subject to annulment in pursuance of a resolution of either House of Parliament.

(6) The references in subsections (4) and (5) to regulations made by the Secretary of State include regulations made by him jointly with the National Assembly for Wales.

Textual Amendments

F513 Words in s. 197(3) repealed (9.2.2009 for E., 1.4.2009 for W.) by Local Transport Act 2008 (c. 26), s. 134(4), Sch. 6 para. 8(2)(a), Sch. 7 Pt. 5; S.I. 2009/107, art. 2(2), Sch. 2 Pt. 1; S.I. 2009/579, art. 2(1)

F514 Word in s. 197(3) substituted (9.2.2009 for E., 1.4.2009 for W.) by Local Transport Act 2008 (c. 26), s. 134(4), Sch. 6 para. 8(2)(b); S.I. 2009/107, art. 2(2), Sch. 2 Pt. 1; S.I. 2009/579, art. 2(1)

F515 Words in s. 197(4)(b) repealed (9.2.2009 for E., 1.4.2009 for W.) by Local Transport Act 2008 (c. 26), s. 134(4), Sch. 6 para. 8(2)(a), Sch. 7 Pt. 5; S.I. 2009/107, art. 2(2), Sch. 2 Pt. 1; S.I. 2009/579, art. 2(1)

F516 Word in s. 197(4)(b) substituted (9.2.2009 for E., 1.4.2009 for W.) by Local Transport Act 2008 (c. 26), s. 134(4), Sch. 6 para. 8(2)(b); S.I. 2009/107, art. 2(2), Sch. 2 Pt. 1; S.I. 2009/579, art. 2(1)
198 Interpretation of Part III.

(1) In this Part—

“the appropriate national authority” means—

(a) the Secretary of State in relation to charging schemes and licensing schemes relating only to England,

(b) the National Assembly for Wales in relation to charging schemes and licensing relating only to Wales, and

(c) the Secretary of State and the National Assembly for Wales, acting jointly, in relation to charging schemes and licensing schemes relating to both England and Wales,

“bridge” means a bridge or viaduct and includes the abutments of a bridge,

“charging authority” and “charging authorities” have the meanings given by section 163(5),

“charging scheme” has the meaning given by section 163(1),

“charging scheme penalty charges” shall be construed in accordance with section 173(1),

“combined authority” has the meaning given by section 163(5A),

“eligible local traffic authority” has the meaning given by section 163(4A),

“exempt vehicle”, in relation to a licensing scheme, means a motor vehicle exempt from licensing under the scheme by virtue of regulations under subsection (1) of section 187 or provision included in the scheme by virtue of subsection (2) of that section,

“financial year” means a period of twelve months ending with 31st March,

“joint local charging scheme” shall be construed in accordance with section 163(3)(b),

“joint local-ITA charging scheme” shall be construed in accordance with section 163(3)(bb),

“joint ITA-London charging scheme” shall be construed in accordance with section 163(3)(cc),

“joint local licensing scheme” shall be construed in accordance with section 178(5)(b),

“joint local-London charging scheme” shall be construed in accordance with section 163(3)(c),

“joint local-London licensing scheme” shall be construed in accordance with section 178(5)(c),

“licence” shall be construed in accordance with section 178(3),

“licensed unit” has the meaning given by section 178(4),

“licensing area” shall be construed in accordance with section 186(1)(a),

“licensing authority” and “licensing authorities” have the meanings given by section 178(6),

“licensing scheme” has the meaning given by section 178(1),
“licensing scheme penalty charges” shall be construed in accordance with section 189(1),
“local charging scheme” shall be construed in accordance with section 163(3)(a),
“local licensing scheme” shall be construed in accordance with section 178(5)(a),
“local traffic authority” has the same meaning as in the Road Traffic Regulation Act 1984,
“local transport policies” has the meaning given in section 108(5),
“London traffic authority” means Transport for London, a London borough council or the Common Council of the City of London,
“motor vehicle” has the meaning given in section 185(1) of the Road Traffic Act 1988, except that section 189 of that Act (exception for certain pedestrian controlled vehicles and electrically assisted pedal cycles) shall apply as it applies for the purposes of the Road Traffic Acts,
“non-metropolitan local traffic authority” shall be construed in accordance with section 163(4),
“operation” includes enforcement (related expressions being construed accordingly),
“registered keeper”, in relation to a charge imposed in respect of motor vehicle, means the person in whose name the vehicle was registered under the Vehicle Excise and Registration Act 1994 at the time of the act, omission, event or circumstances in respect of which the charge is imposed,
“road” has the same meaning as in the Road Traffic Regulation Act 1984,
“trunk road charging scheme” shall be construed in accordance with section 163(3)(d), and
“workplace parking place” shall be construed in accordance with section 182.

(2) Any reference in this Part to an authority’s local transport policies shall, where the authority is the council of a metropolitan district, be construed as a reference to the Integrated Transport Authority for the integrated transport area in which the district is included.

(3) Any reference in this Part to a class of motor vehicles is a reference to a class defined or described, by reference to any characteristics of the motor vehicles or to any other circumstances whatsoever, in regulations made by the appropriate national authority.

Textual Amendments

F517 Words in s. 198(1) inserted (17.12.2009) by Local Democracy, Economic Development and Construction Act 2009 (c. 20), s. 148(6), Sch. 6 para. 114; S.I. 2009/3318, art. 2(c)
F518 Words in s. 198(1) inserted (9.2.2009 for E., 1.4.2009 for W.) by Local Transport Act 2008 (c. 26), s. 134(4), Sch. 5 para. 9; S.I. 2009/107, art. 2(2), Sch. 2 Pt. 1; S.I. 2009/579, art. 2(k)
F519 Words in s. 198(1) inserted (9.2.2009 for E., 1.4.2009 for W.) by Local Transport Act 2008 (c. 26), ss. 7(4), 134(4); S.I. 2009/107, art. 2(2), Sch. 2 Pt. 1; S.I. 2009/579, art. 2(a)
F520 Words in s. 198(2) substituted (9.2.2009 for E., 1.4.2009 for W.) by Local Transport Act 2008 (c. 26), ss. 126(a), 134(4); S.I. 2009/107, art. 2(2), Sch. 2 Pt. 1 (with Sch. 2 para. 3); S.I. 2009/579, art. 2(b)
F521 Words in s. 198(2) substituted (9.2.2009 for E., 1.4.2009 for W.) by Local Transport Act 2008 (c. 26), ss. 126(b), 134(4); S.I. 2009/107, art. 2(2), Sch. 2 Pt. 1 (with Sch. 2 para. 3); S.I. 2009/579, art. 2(b)
Amendments of Greater London Authority Act.

Schedule 13 contains amendments of Schedules 23 and 24 to the Greater London Authority Act 1999 in consequence of the provisions of this Part and minor amendments of those Schedules.

Exemption from local non-domestic rating.

In Schedule 5 to the Local Government Finance Act 1988 (local non-domestic rating: exemptions), after paragraph 18A insert—

“18B (1) A hereditament which is occupied (as mentioned in section 65 of this Act) is exempt to the extent that—

(a) it consists of a road in respect of which charges are imposed by a charging scheme under Schedule 23 to the Greater London Authority Act 1999 or Part III of the Transport Act 2000, or

(b) it is used solely for or in connection with the operation of such a scheme.

(2) But office buildings are not exempt under sub-paragraph (1)(b) above.”
PART IV

RAILWAYS

CHAPTER I

THE STRATEGIC RAIL AUTHORITY

The Authority

The Authority.

Membership and chairing.

Other senior appointments.
Purposes, strategies and exercise of functions

Further provisions.

 Purposes.

 Strategies.

 Manner of exercise of functions.
Directions, guidance and advice by Scottish Ministers.

Textual Amendments

Ss. 201-211 repealed (26.6.2005 for the repeal of s. 206, 1.12.2006 for the repeal of ss. 201-205, 207-211) by Railways Act 2005 (c. 14), Sch. 13 Pt. 1 (with s. 14(4)(5), Sch. 11 para. 11(2)); S.I. 2005/1444, art. 2(2), Sch. 2; S.I. 2006/2911, Sch.

Directions, guidance and advice: supplementary.

Textual Amendments

Ss. 201-211 repealed (26.6.2005 for the repeal of s. 206, 1.12.2006 for the repeal of ss. 201-205, 207-211) by Railways Act 2005 (c. 14), Sch. 13 Pt. 1 (with s. 14(4)(5), Sch. 11 para. 11(2)); S.I. 2005/1444, art. 2(2), Sch. 2; S.I. 2006/2911, Sch.

Validity of transactions.

Textual Amendments

Ss. 201-211 repealed (26.6.2005 for the repeal of s. 206, 1.12.2006 for the repeal of ss. 201-205, 207-211) by Railways Act 2005 (c. 14), Sch. 13 Pt. 1 (with s. 14(4)(5), Sch. 11 para. 11(2)); S.I. 2005/1444, art. 2(2), Sch. 2; S.I. 2006/2911, Sch.

Securing provision of railway services and assets etc.

Financial assistance etc.

Securing of services by franchising.

(1) In section 23 of the Railways Act 1993, in subsection (1) (duty of Authority to designate passenger services as eligible for provision under franchise agreements), for the words after “designate” substitute “such services for the carriage of passengers by railway (other than services which are, by virtue of section 24 below, exempt from
designation under this subsection) as it considers ought to be provided under franchise agreements.”

(2) In that section, after subsection (2) insert—

“(2A) A designation may be varied or revoked; but a variation or revocation of the designation of particular services, or services of a class or description, shall not affect any franchise agreement previously entered into with respect to those services or services of that class or description.

(2B) The Authority shall publish designations, and any variations or revocations of designations, in such manner as it considers appropriate.”

(3) In section 26 of that Act (invitations to tender for franchise), after subsection (3) insert—

“(4) The directions which may be given under subsection (1) above (at any time when the Secretary of State considers it inappropriate that the person who is to be the franchisee under a franchise agreement should be selected after an invitation to tender) include—

(a) a direction that that person is to be the person specified in the direction, and
(b) a direction requiring the Authority to select that person in such manner as is so specified,
(as well as a direction authorising the Authority to select that person in such other manner as it may consider appropriate).

(5) The Secretary of State shall prepare and publish a statement of policy with respect to directions under subsection (1) above.

(6) The statement shall (in particular) contain the Secretary of State’s policy about—

(a) when he will consider giving a direction (including, in particular, when he will consider doing so in relation to a franchise agreement which is to replace an earlier franchise agreement before the end of its franchise term); and
(b) the sorts of direction which he will consider giving in particular circumstances.

(7) In deciding whether to give a direction, and (if so) what direction to give, the Secretary of State shall have regard to the statement of policy.

(8) The Secretary of State—

(a) may at any time alter or replace a statement of policy; and
(b) shall publish the altered or replacement statement.

(9) The Secretary of State shall undertake appropriate consultation when preparing, altering or replacing a statement of policy.

(10) When a statement of policy is prepared, altered or replaced, a copy of the statement shall be laid before each House of Parliament.”
“30 Duty of Authority in absence of franchise.

(1) The Authority shall provide, or secure the provision of, services for the carriage of passengers by railway where—
   (a) a direction not to seek to secure the provision of the services under a franchise agreement has been given to the Authority under section 26A or 26B above (and not revoked); or
   (b) a franchise agreement in respect of the services is terminated or otherwise comes to an end but no further franchise agreement has been entered into in respect of the services (otherwise than because of such a direction).

(2) The duty in subsection (1) above in relation to any services ceases if the services begin (or again begin) to be provided under a franchise agreement.

(3) Subsection (1) above does not—
   (a) require the Authority to provide or secure the provision of services if and to the extent that, in its opinion, adequate alternative railway passenger services are available;
   (b) preclude it from giving notice under subsection (5) of section 38 below in relation to any of the services, in which case its duty under this section to secure the provision of the services to which the notice relates will (subject to subsections (5) and (6) of that section) terminate on the day specified in the notice in pursuance of paragraph (b) of that subsection; or
   (c) preclude it from ceasing to provide or secure the provision of any of the services in any case falling within any of paragraphs (a) to (d) of subsection (2) of that section.”

(6) In section 18 of that Act (access agreements: contracts requiring approval of Regulator), after subsection (6) insert—

“(6A) The grounds on which the Regulator may reject, or approve subject to modifications, a proposed access contract submitted to him pursuant to subsection (5) above include that he considers that the use of the facility for which it provides might impede the provision of services—
   (a) under a franchise agreement; or
   (b) under an agreement entered into by the Authority pursuant to its duty under section 30 below.”
Functions of Franchising Director, Regulator and Board

215 Assumption of functions of Franchising Director.

(1) Schedule 16 transfers to the Authority the functions of the Franchising Director.

(2) All the property, rights and liabilities of the Franchising Director (including any rights and liabilities relating to staff appointed by him) are by virtue of this section transferred to the Authority.

(3) Nothing in this Part affects the validity of anything done by or in relation to the Franchising Director.

(4) There may be continued by or in relation to the Authority anything (including legal proceedings) which is in the process of being done by or in relation to the Franchising Director when his functions, property, rights and liabilities are transferred to the Authority.

(5) Anything done by the Franchising Director which is in effect immediately before his functions, property, rights or liabilities are transferred to the Authority shall be treated as if done by the Authority.

(6) The Authority shall be substituted for the Franchising Director in private Acts, instruments made under Acts, other documents and legal proceedings.

(7) For the purposes of the Employment Rights Act 1996, where a person employed in the civil service of the state becomes an employee of the Authority by virtue of this section—

(a) his period of employment in the civil service of the state counts as a period of employment with the Authority, and

(b) the change of employment does not break the continuity of the period of employment.

(8) In consequence of the preceding provisions of this section the office of Franchising Director is abolished.
(9) If the Secretary of State determines that there are special circumstances which make it right that the person who is the Franchising Director immediately before the office is abolished should receive compensation, the Secretary of State shall pay to that person such compensation as may be determined by the Secretary of State.

216  Assumption of certain functions of [F528 the Office of Rail and Road].

Schedule 17 makes provision for the transfer to the Authority of certain functions of [F528 the Office of Rail and Road] and of associated property, rights and liabilities.

Textual Amendments

F528 Words in s. 216 heading substituted (E.W.S.) (16.10.2015) by The Office of Rail Regulation (Change of Name) Regulations 2015 (S.I. 2015/1682), reg. 1(2), Sch. para. 4(p)(ii)

F529 Words in s. 216 substituted (E.W.S.) (16.10.2015) by The Office of Rail Regulation (Change of Name) Regulations 2015 (S.I. 2015/1682), reg. 1(2), Sch. para. 4(p)(ii)

Commencement Information

I192 S. 215 wholly in force at 1.2.2001, see s. 275(1)(2) and S.I. 2001/57, art. 3(1), Sch. 2 Pt. I (subject to the transitional provision and saving in Sch. 2 Pt. II)

Marginal Citations

M87 1996 c. 18.

217  Assumption of Board’s functions relating to transport police.

(1) Schedule 18 transfers to the Authority the functions of the Board relating to the British Transport Police and associated property, rights and liabilities.

Textual Amendments

F530 S. 217(2) repealed (1.12.2006) by Railways Act 2005 (c. 14), s. 60(2), Sch. 13 Pt. 1 (with s. 14(4)(5), Sch. 11 para. 11(2)); S.I. 2006/2911, art. 2, Sch.

Commencement Information

I194 S. 217 wholly in force at 1.2.2001, see s. 275(1)(2) and S.I. 2001/57, art. 3(1), Sch. 2 Pt. I (subject to the transitional provision and saving in Sch. 2 Pt. II)
### Functions relating to Board’s property.


#### Textual Amendments

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Code</th>
<th>Amendment</th>
<th>Date</th>
<th>Act</th>
<th>Section(s)</th>
</tr>
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<tbody>
<tr>
<td>F531</td>
<td>S. 218 repealed</td>
<td>1.12.2006</td>
<td>Railways Act 2005</td>
<td>s. 60(2), Sch. 13 Pt. 1 (with s. 14(4)(5), Sch. 11 para. 11(2)); S.I. 2006/2911, art. 2, Sch.</td>
</tr>
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CHAPTER II

OTHER PROVISIONS ABOUT RAILWAYS

Directions to provide etc. railway facilities

223 Regulator’s power to require provision etc. of railway facilities.

In the Railways Act 1993, after section 16 insert—

“Directions to provide, improve or develop railway facilities

16A Provision, improvement and development of railway facilities.

(1) The Regulator may, on an application—
   (a) made by the Authority, or
   (b) made by any other person with the consent of the Authority,
   give to the operator of a network, station or light maintenance depot a direction to provide a new railway facility if the Regulator considers him to be an appropriate person to provide the new railway facility.

(2) The Regulator may, on an application—
   (a) made by the Authority, or
   (b) made by any other person with the consent of the Authority,
   give to a person who has an estate or interest in, or right over, an existing railway facility a direction to improve or develop the railway facility if the Regulator considers him to be an appropriate person to improve or develop the railway facility.

(3) The Authority’s consent to the making by any other person of an application under subsection (1) or (2) above may be given subject to compliance with conditions (and may be withdrawn if any condition is not complied with before the Regulator decides whether to give the direction).

16B Exemption of railway facilities from section 16A.

(1) The Secretary of State may, after consultation with the Regulator, by order grant exemption from subsection (1) or (2) of section 16A above (or from both of those subsections) in respect of such railway facilities as may be specified in the order, but subject to compliance with such conditions (if any) as may be so specified.

(2) An exemption under subsection (1) above may be granted in respect of—
   (a) railway facilities of a particular class or description, or
   (b) a particular railway facility,
   or in respect of part only of railway facilities of a particular class or description or a particular railway facility.

(3) An exemption under subsection (1) above may be granted generally, to persons of a particular class or description or to a particular person.
(4) If a person fails to comply with any condition subject to compliance with which an exemption was granted, the Secretary of State may give a direction declaring that the exemption is revoked, so far as relating to that person, to such extent and as from such date as may be specified in the direction.

(5) Subject to subsection (4) above, an exemption, unless previously revoked in accordance with any term contained in the exemption, shall continue in force for such period as may be specified in, or determined by or under, the exemption.

(6) Exemptions may make different provision, or be granted subject to compliance with different conditions, for different cases.

16C Making of applications for directions.

(1) An application for a direction under section 16A above must be made to the Regulator in writing.

(2) The application must—
   (a) specify the person to whom the direction would be given;
   (b) state what it would require him to do; and
   (c) give the applicant’s reasons for considering that person to be an appropriate person to do what the direction would require him to do.

(3) The applicant may at any time vary what the direction would require that person to do by giving to the Regulator notice in writing of the variation; but if the applicant is a person other than the Authority such a notice may only be given with the consent of the Authority.

(4) The application or notice of a variation may be accompanied by any written representations which the applicant wishes to make in relation to the direction.

16D Procedure for considering applications.

(1) When the Regulator has received the application or notice of a variation, he must—
   (a) send a copy to the person specified in the application, the Authority (if it is not the applicant) and any other persons who the Regulator considers ought to be sent one; and
   (b) invite them to make written representations within a period specified in the invitation.

(2) If the person specified in the application makes representations that he is not an appropriate person to do what the direction would require him to do, the Regulator must decide that issue in advance of considering any other matters which may be relevant in deciding whether to give the direction.

(3) If that person makes such representations but the Regulator decides that he is an appropriate person to do what the direction would require him to do, the Regulator must—
   (a) notify him of that decision; and
(b) invite him to make written representations within a period specified in the invitation about any other matters which may be relevant in deciding whether to give the direction.

(4) The Regulator must—
   (a) send the applicant a copy of any representations received by him in response to any invitation under subsection (1) or (3) above; and
   (b) invite him to make further written representations within a period specified in the invitation.

(5) Subject to subsection (6) below, the Regulator may substitute as the applicant any other person if—
   (a) the applicant,
   (b) the other person, and
   (c) the Authority (if it is neither the applicant nor the other person), consent to the substitution.

(6) The applicant may, by giving notice in writing to the Regulator, withdraw or suspend the application at any time before the Regulator decides whether to give the direction.

(7) The Regulator may direct—
   (a) the person specified in the application,
   (b) the applicant, or
   (c) any other person (apart from the Authority),
   to provide him with any information required by him in order to decide whether to give the direction.

(8) If a person fails to comply with a direction under subsection (7) above, the High Court or the Court of Session may, on the application of the Regulator, make such order as it thinks fit for requiring the failure to be made good.

(9) Such an order may provide that all the costs or expenses of and incidental to the application shall be borne by—
   (a) the person who failed to comply; or
   (b) in the case of a company or other association, any officers who are responsible for the failure to comply.

16E Decisions on applications: adequate reward.

(1) The Regulator may only give a direction to a person under section 16A above to provide, improve or develop a railway facility if he is satisfied that the person will be adequately rewarded for providing, improving or developing the railway facility in accordance with the direction.

(2) In considering whether he is so satisfied the Regulator shall take into account (in particular)—
   (a) any receipts obtained or likely to be obtained by the person (from the Authority, passengers, operators of railway services or any other persons) in connection with, or as a result of, the provision, improvement or development of the railway facility; and
(b) any other benefit obtained or likely to be obtained by him in consequence of its provision, improvement or development.

(3) Representations made by the applicant for a direction—
   (a) under section 16C(4) above, or
   (b) in response to an invitation under section 16D(4) above,
may, in particular, include representations as to matters which he considers the Regulator should take into account in deciding whether the person to whom the direction would be given would be adequately rewarded for doing what it would require him to do.

16F Other provisions about decisions.

(1) If the Regulator does not consider it right to give a direction under section 16A above in the terms applied for (or to reject the application), he may give a direction under that section in modified terms.

(2) The Regulator may include supplementary provisions in any direction under section 16A above, including (in particular)—
   (a) provision adding detail (for instance, as to the time by which, or standard to which, the person to whom it is given is to do anything which it requires him to do); and
   (b) provision imposing requirements on the applicant (for instance, to make arrangements for rewarding the person to whom the direction is given or to make payments to him).

(3) Before giving a direction under section 16A above which is in modified terms or includes supplementary provisions, the Regulator shall—
   (a) notify his intention to give a direction to the applicant, the Authority (if it is not the applicant) and any other persons who the Regulator considers ought to be notified; and
   (b) invite them to make written representations within a period specified in the invitation;
and if the applicant makes representations that the direction should not be given, the Regulator shall not give it.

(4) Whatever the Regulator’s decision on an application he shall notify the decision to—
   (a) the person specified in the application;
   (b) the applicant; and
   (c) any other persons who he considers ought to be notified.

(5) The Regulator may direct the person specified in the application or the applicant to pay to—
   (a) the other of those persons, or
   (b) any other person directed to provide information under section 16D(7) above,
any such amount as he considers appropriate in respect of costs incurred in connection with the application.
16G  Directions: compliance, variation and revocation.

(1) A person shall not be regarded as failing to comply with a direction under section 16A above if he has done everything which it is reasonably practicable to do in order to comply with the direction.

(2) If a person is unable to comply with such a direction because he does not have the necessary powers or rights (including rights over land), he shall not be taken to have done everything which it is reasonably practicable to do in order to comply with the direction unless he has done everything which it is reasonably practicable to do in order to obtain those powers or rights.

(3) A direction under section 16A above may only be revoked or varied by the Regulator—
   (a) on the application of the person to whom the direction was given, the applicant for the direction or the Authority (if it was not the applicant); and
   (b) after consultation with the other persons with power to apply for a revocation or variation.

(4) Such a direction may only be varied on an application by the applicant for the direction or the Authority if the Regulator is satisfied that the person to whom the direction was given will be adequately rewarded for providing, improving or developing the railway facility in accordance with the varied direction, taking into account (in particular) the matters specified in section 16E(2) above.

(5) The Regulator may grant an application for the variation or revocation of a direction under section 16A above by the applicant for the direction or the Authority on condition that he or it secures that any such compensation as the Regulator may specify is paid to the person to whom the direction was given in respect of any liabilities incurred, or other things done, by him in complying with the direction.

16H  Code of practice.

(1) The Regulator shall prepare, and from time to time revise, a code of practice supplementing sections 16A to 16G above and shall publish it in such manner as he considers appropriate.

(2) The Regulator shall have regard to the code of practice in the exercise of his functions under those sections.

(3) The code of practice may (in particular)—
   (a) set out minimum periods to be specified in invitations to make representations;
   (b) include provision about requesting the provision of information prior to giving a direction under section 16D(7) above;
   (c) specify principles according to which directions to pay costs are to be given under section 16F(5) above; and
   (d) make provision about the consultation required by section 16G(3)(b) above.
16I Supplementary.

(1) References in sections 16A to 16H above and this section to a railway facility include part of a railway facility.

(2) Nothing in any of those sections or a direction under section 16A above—
   (a) limits any power of the Regulator under any other provision of this Act; or
   (b) affects any obligation to provide a new railway facility, or to improve or develop an existing railway facility, arising otherwise than from such a direction.”

Objectives of Regulator and Secretary of State

224 Amendment of objectives.

(1) Section 4 of the Railways Act 1993 (general duties of Regulator and Secretary of State) is amended as follows.

(2) In subsection (1) (objectives)—
   (a) for “Secretary of State and the Regulator shall each” substitute “ Regulator shall ”,
   (b) . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . .
   (c) after paragraph (b) insert—
       “(ba) to contribute to the development of an integrated system of transport of passengers and goods;
       (bb) to contribute to the achievement of sustainable development;”,
       and
   (d) in paragraph (d) (promotion of competition in provision of railway services), insert at the end “ for the benefit of users of railway services ”.

(3) In subsection (2) (objectives)—
   (a) for “Secretary of State and the Regulator shall each” substitute “ Regulator shall ”, and
   (b) omit “the Secretary of State or, as the case may be,”.

(4) In subsection (3) (safety and the environment), for “Secretary of State and the Regulator shall each” substitute “ Regulator shall ”.

(5) After that subsection insert—
“(3A) Subsections (1) to (3) above shall have effect in relation to the Secretary of State as in relation to the Regulator, except that in their application to the Secretary of State—

(a) paragraph (za) of subsection (1) above shall be disregarded; and

(b) the references in each of the subsections to the functions transferred or assigned to the Secretary of State under or by virtue of this Part include only the functions transferred or assigned to him under or by virtue of sections 6 to 22 and 37 to 50 below.”

(6) In subsection (5) (additional duties of Regulator), for paragraph (a) (duty until 31st December 1996 to take account of guidance of Secretary of State) substitute—

“(a) to have regard to any general guidance given to him by the Secretary of State about railway services or other matters relating to railways;”.

(7) After subsection (7) insert—

“(7ZA) Any general guidance given by the Secretary of State to the Regulator about railway services or other matters relating to railways—

(a) shall be published by the Secretary of State in such manner as he considers appropriate; and

(b) may be varied or revoked.”

**Textual Amendments**

F534 S. 224(2)(b) repealed (24.7.2005) by Railways Act 2005 (c. 14), s. 60(2), Sch. 13 Pt. 1 (with s. 14(4)(5), Sch. 11 para. 11(2)); S.I. 2005/1909, art. 2, Sch.

**Commencement Information**

I196 S. 224 wholly in force at 1.2.2001, see s. 275(1)(2) and S.I. 2001/57, art. 3(1), Sch. 2 Pt. I (subject to the transitional provision and saving in Sch. 2 Pt. II)

**Marginal Citations**

M89 1993 c. 43.

**Enforcement regime**

225 Penalties.

(1) In the Railways Act 1993, after section 57 insert—

“57A Penalties.

(1) If the appropriate authority is satisfied that a relevant operator has contravened or is contravening—

(a) a relevant condition or requirement, or

(b) a final or provisional order made by the appropriate authority,

the appropriate authority may impose on the relevant operator a penalty of such amount as is reasonable.

(2) A penalty is payable to the Authority.
(3) The amount of a penalty imposed on a relevant operator may not exceed 10 per cent. of his turnover determined in accordance with an order made by the Secretary of State; and an order under this subsection shall not be made unless a draft of the statutory instrument containing it has been laid before and approved by a resolution of each House of Parliament.

(4) No penalty may be imposed in respect of any contravention of a final or provisional order if provision was made in the order by virtue of section 55(7A) above in relation to the contravention.

(5) The Authority shall not impose a penalty on a licence holder or person under closure restrictions unless—
   (a) it has given notice to the Regulator specifying a period within which he may give notice to it if he considers that the most appropriate way of proceeding is under the Competition Act 1998;
   (b) that period has expired; and
   (c) the Regulator has not given notice to the Authority within that period that he so considers (or, if he has, he has withdrawn it).

(6) The Regulator shall not impose a penalty if he is satisfied that the most appropriate way of proceeding is under the Competition Act 1998.

57B Statement of policy.

(1) The Authority and the Regulator shall each prepare and publish a statement of policy with respect to the imposition of penalties and the determination of their amount.

(2) A statement of policy may include provision for a decision whether to impose a penalty, or the determination of the amount of any penalty, in respect of the contravention of any relevant condition or requirement or order to be influenced by—
   (a) the desirability of securing compliance with that relevant condition or requirement or order;
   (b) the consequences or likely consequences of anything which has been or is being done or omitted to be done in contravention of that relevant condition or requirement or order; and
   (c) the desirability of deterring contraventions of relevant conditions and requirements and final and provisional orders.

(3) In deciding whether to impose a penalty, and in determining the amount of any penalty, in respect of a contravention the Authority and Regulator shall have regard to any statement of its or his policy published at the time when the contravention occurred.

(4) The Authority and Regulator—
   (a) may at any time alter or replace a statement of his or its policy; and
   (b) shall publish the altered or replacement statement.

(5) The Authority and Regulator shall undertake appropriate consultation when preparing, altering or replacing a statement of policy.
(6) The Authority and Regulator shall publish a statement of policy in the manner that appears most suitable for bringing it to the attention of those likely to be affected by it.

(7) This section applies in relation to sums required to be paid by virtue of section 55(7A) above as to penalties, but as if—
   (a) references to the imposition of penalties were to the inclusion in an order of a requirement to pay a sum;
   (b) references to relevant conditions or requirements were omitted; and
   (c) the reference in subsection (2)(b) above to anything which has been or is being done or omitted to be done included a reference to anything which is likely to be done or omitted to be done.

57C  Procedural requirements for penalties.

(1) Before it imposes a penalty on a relevant operator, the appropriate authority shall give notice—
   (a) stating that it proposes to impose a penalty on the relevant operator and the amount of the penalty proposed,
   (b) setting out the relevant condition or requirement or order in question,
   (c) specifying the acts or omissions which, in its opinion, constitute contraventions of that condition or requirement or order and the other facts which, in its opinion, justify the imposition of a penalty and the amount of the penalty proposed,
   (d) specifying the manner in which, and place at which, it is proposed to require the penalty to be paid, and
   (e) specifying the period (not being less than 21 days from the date of publication of the notice) within which representations or objections with respect to the proposed penalty may be made,
and shall consider any representations or objections which are duly made and not withdrawn.

(2) A notice under subsection (1) above shall be given—
   (a) by publishing the notice in such manner as the appropriate authority considers appropriate; and
   (b) by serving a copy of the notice on the relevant operator.

(3) Where the Regulator serves a copy of a notice under subsection (1) above on a licence holder, he shall also serve a copy on the Authority; and where the Authority so serves a copy of such a notice, it shall also serve a copy on the Regulator.

(4) The appropriate authority shall not modify a proposal to impose a penalty except—
   (a) with the consent of the relevant operator;
   (b) where the modifications consist of a reduction of the amount of the penalty or a deferral of the date by which it is to be paid; or
   (c) after complying with the requirements of subsection (5) below.

(5) The requirements mentioned in subsection (4)(c) above are that the appropriate authority shall—
(a) give to the relevant operator such notice as appears to it requisite of its modified proposal;
(b) unless the proposed modifications are trivial, in that notice specify a period (not being less than seven days from the date of service of the notice) within which representations or objections with respect to the proposed modifications may be made; and
(c) consider any representations or objections which are duly made and not withdrawn.

(6) As soon as practicable after imposing a penalty, the appropriate authority shall give notice—
(a) stating that it has imposed a penalty on the relevant operator and its amount;
(b) setting out the relevant condition or requirement or order in question;
(c) specifying the acts or omissions which, in its opinion, constitute contraventions of that condition or requirement or order and the other facts which, in its opinion, justify the imposition of the penalty and its amount;
(d) specifying the manner in which, and place at which, the penalty is to be paid; and
(e) specifying the date (not being less than fourteen days from the date of publication of the notice) by which the penalty is to be paid.

(7) A notice under subsection (6) above shall be given—
(a) by publishing the notice in such manner as the appropriate authority considers appropriate; and
(b) by serving a copy of the notice on the relevant operator.

(8) The relevant operator may, within 21 days of the date of service on him of the notice under subsection (6) above, make an application to the appropriate authority for it to specify different dates by which different portions of the penalty are to be paid.

57D Time limits.

(1) No penalty may be imposed in respect of a contravention by a relevant operator—
(a) by virtue of paragraph (a) of subsection (1) of section 57A above in a case where no final or provisional order has been made in relation to the contravention, or
(b) by virtue of paragraph (b) of that subsection, unless a copy of the notice relating to the penalty under section 57C(1) above is served on the relevant operator within two years of the time of the contravention.

(2) No penalty may be imposed in respect of a contravention by a relevant operator by virtue of section 57A(1)(a) above in a case where a final or provisional order has been made in relation to the contravention unless a copy of the notice relating to the penalty under section 57C(1) above is served on the relevant operator—
(a) within three months of the confirmation of the provisional order or the making of the final order; or
57E  Interest and payment of instalments.

(1) If the whole or any part of a penalty is not paid by the date by which it is to be paid, the unpaid balance from time to time shall carry interest at the rate for the time being specified in section 17 of the Judgments Act 1838.

(2) If an application is made under subsection (8) of section 57C above in relation to a penalty, the penalty need not be paid until the application has been determined.

(3) If the appropriate authority grants an application under that subsection in relation to a penalty but any portion of the penalty is not paid by the date specified in relation to it by the appropriate authority under that subsection, so much of the penalty as has not already been paid is to be paid immediately.

57F  Validity and effect of penalties.

(1) If the relevant operator to whom a penalty order relates is aggrieved by a penalty and desires to question its validity on the ground—

(a) that it was not within the powers of section 57A above,

(b) that any of the requirements of section 57C above have not been complied with in relation to it and his interests have been substantially prejudiced by the non-compliance, or

(c) that it was unreasonable of the appropriate authority not to grant an application under section 57C(8) above;

he may make an application to the court under this section.

(2) An application under this section by a person shall be made—

(a) where it is on the ground mentioned in subsection (1)(c) above, within 42 days from the date on which he is notified of the decision not to grant the application under section 57C(8) above, and

(b) in any other case, within 42 days from the date of service on him of the notice under section 57C(6) above.

(3) If an application is made under this section in relation to a penalty, the penalty need not be paid until the application has been determined.

(4) On an application under this section on the ground mentioned in subsection (1) (a) or (b) above the court, if satisfied that the ground is established, may quash the penalty or (instead of quashing it) make provision under either or both of paragraphs (a) and (b) of subsection (5) below.

(5) The provision referred to in subsection (4) above is—

(a) provision substituting a penalty of such lesser amount as the court considers appropriate in all the circumstances of the case; and

(b) provision substituting as the date by which the penalty, or any portion of the penalty, is to be paid a date later than that specified in the notice under section 57C(6) above.
(6) On an application under this section on the ground mentioned in subsection (1) (c) above the court, if satisfied that the ground is established, may specify different dates by which different portions of the penalty are to be paid.

(7) Where the court substitutes a penalty of a lesser amount it may require the payment of interest on the substituted penalty at such rate, and from such date, as it determines; and where it specifies as the date by which the penalty, or a portion of the penalty, is to be paid a date before the determination of the application it may require the payment of interest on the penalty, or portion, from that date at such rate as it determines.

(8) Except as provided by this section, the validity of a penalty shall not be questioned by any legal proceedings whatever.

(2) In section 55 of this Act (orders for securing compliance), for subsection (8) substitute

“(7A) The provision that may be made in a final or provisional order includes, in particular, provision requiring the relevant operator to pay to the Authority in the event of any specified contravention of the order such reasonable sum in respect of the contravention as is specified in, or determined in accordance with, the order in such manner, at such place and by such date as is so specified or determined.

(7B) The amount of the sum may not exceed 10 per cent. of the turnover of the relevant operator determined in accordance with an order made by the Secretary of State; and an order under this subsection shall not be made unless a draft of the statutory instrument containing it has been laid before and approved by a resolution of each House of Parliament.

(7C) If the whole or any part of the sum is not paid by the date by which it is to be paid, the unpaid balance from time to time shall carry interest at the rate for the time being specified in section 17 of the Judgments Act 1838.”

Commencement Information

I197 S. 225 wholly in force at 1.2.2001, see s. 275(1)(2) and S.I. 2001/57, art. 3(1), Sch. 2 Pt. I (subject to the transitional provision and saving in Sch. 2 Pt. II)

Marginal Citations

M90 1993 c. 43.
M91 1998 c. 41.
M92 1998 c. 41.
M93 1838 c. 110.
M94 1838 c. 110.

226 Orders for securing compliance.

(1) In section 55 of the Railways Act 1993 (orders for securing compliance)—

(a) in subsection (5) (cases where order shall not be made or confirmed) omit paragraphs (b) and (c),

(b) after subsection (5A) insert—
“(5B) If the appropriate authority is satisfied—

(a) that the relevant operator has agreed to take, and is taking, all such steps as it appears to the appropriate authority for the time being to be appropriate for the relevant operator to take for the purpose of securing or facilitating compliance with the condition or requirement in question, or

(b) that the contravention or apprehended contravention will not adversely affect the interests of users of railway services or lead to any increase in public expenditure,

it shall only make a final order, or make or confirm a provisional order, if it considers it appropriate to do so.”.

Textual Amendments

F535 S. 226(1)(c) and preceding word repealed (24.7.2005) by Railways Act 2005 (c. 14), s. 60(2), Sch. 13 Pt. 1 (with s. 14(4)(5), Sch. 11 para. 11(2)); S.I. 2005/1909, art. 2, Sch.

(2) In section 56 of that Act (procedural requirements about orders)—

(a) in subsection (1)(c) (requirement of at least 28 days’ notice for making representations or objections to proposed final order or proposed confirmation of provisional order), for “28” substitute “21”;

(b) in subsection (4)(b) (requirement of at least 28 days’ notice for making representations or objections to proposed modifications), for “in that notice specify the period (not being less than 28” substitute “unless the proposed modifications are trivial, in that notice specify a period (not being less than seven “, and

(c) in subsection (6)(b) (requirement of at least 28 days’ notice for making representations or objections to proposal to revoke order), for “28” substitute “21”.

Consultative committees

Renaming of committees.

F536 (1) ..........................................

(2) Schedule 22 makes amendments in consequence of subsection (1).

F537 (3) ...........................................
Textual Amendments

F536 S. 227(1) repealed (24.7.2005) by Railways Act 2005 (c. 14), s. 60(2), Sch. 13 Pt. 1 (with s. 14(4)(5), Sch. 11 para. 11(2)); S.I. 2005/1909, art. 2, Sch.

F537 S. 227(3) omitted (25.2.2010) by virtue of The Passengers’ Council (Non-Railway Functions) Order 2010 (S.I. 2010/439), art. 1, Sch. para. 8(2)

Commencement Information

I199 S. 227 wholly in force at 1.2.2001, see s. 275(1)(2) and S.I. 2001/57, art. 3(1), Sch. 2 Pt. I (subject to the transitional provision and saving in Sch. 2 Pt. II)

228 Extension of functions.

(1) [F538]Section 76 of the Railways Act 1993 (duties of Central Committee and consultative committees) [F538] is amended as follows.

(2) In subsection (1) [F539]..., for paragraph (a) (duty to investigate any matter which relates to the provision of railway passenger services by the Board or a subsidiary, under a franchise agreement or on behalf of the Franchising Director) substitute—

“(a) to the provision of railway passenger services, or”.

(3) In—

(a) subsection (5)(b) of section 76, [F540]...
(b) ........................................................

(matters to be referred), after “that” insert “a franchisee is contravening, or is likely to contravene, any term of the franchise agreement or that”.

(4) After subsection (7) of section 76 insert—

“(7A) It shall also be the duty of the Rail Passengers’ Council, so far as it appears expedient from time to time to do so—

(a) to keep under review matters affecting the interests of the public in relation to railway passenger services and station services;
(b) to make representations to, and consult, such persons as they think appropriate about those matters; and
(c) to co-operate with other bodies representing the interests of users of public passenger transport services.

(7B) The Secretary of State may, after consultation with the Rail Passengers’ Council, make an order excluding services from the duties imposed by this section; and an order under this subsection—

(a) may exclude services of a particular class or description, particular services or services provided by a particular person;
(b) may provide that services are excluded subject to compliance with specified conditions; and
(c) may not revoke an exclusion except for breach of condition or in accordance with the order which made it.

(7C) The Secretary of State may, after consultation with the Rail Passengers’ Council, make an order providing that the duties imposed by this section apply to services of a particular class or description, particular services or services provided by a particular person—
(a) only to such extent as is specified by the order; or
(b) with such modifications as are so specified.”

Textual Amendments
F538 Words in s. 228(1) substituted (24.7.2005) by Railways Act 2005 (c. 14), s. 60(2), Sch. 12 para. 17(3); S.I. 2005/1909, art. 2, Sch.
F539 Words in s. 228(2) repealed (24.7.2005) by Railways Act 2005 (c. 14), s. 60(2), Sch. 13 Pt. 1 (with s. 14(4)(5), Sch. 11 para. 11(2)); S.I. 2005/1909, art. 2, Sch.
F540 S. 228(3)(b) and word repealed (24.7.2005) by Railways Act 2005 (c. 14), s. 60(2), Sch. 13 Pt. 1 (with s. 14(4)(5), Sch. 11 para. 11(2)); S.I. 2005/1909, art. 2, Sch.
F541 S. 228(5) repealed (24.7.2005) by Railways Act 2005 (c. 14), s. 60(2), Sch. 13 Pt. 1 (with s. 14(4)(5), Sch. 11 para. 11(2)); S.I. 2005/1909, art. 2, Sch.

Commencement Information
I200 S. 228 in force at 29.7.2003 by S.I. 2003/1694, art. 2

Marginal Citations
M96 1993 c. 43.

229 Financial and procedural changes.

Schedule 23 makes amendments of the provisions about the finances and procedures of consultative committees.

Commencement Information
I201 S. 229 wholly in force at 1.2.2001, see s. 275(1)(2) and S.I. 2001/57, art. 3(1), Sch. 2 Pt. I (subject to the transitional provision and saving in Sch. 2 Pt. II)

Access agreements

230 Regulator’s general approvals of access agreements etc.

(1) In subsection (1) of section 18 of the Railway Act 1993 (access contracts requiring approval of Regulator), after paragraph (b) insert “or

(c) the access contract is of a class or description specified in a general approval given by the Regulator;”;

and for the words from “which is” to the end substitute “ shall be void unless one of the conditions in paragraphs (a) to (c) above is satisfied.”

(2) After subsection (7) of that section insert—

“(7A) Where the Regulator gives or revokes a general approval under subsection (1) (c) above, he shall publish the approval or revocation in such manner as he considers appropriate.
(7B) The revocation of a general approval given under subsection (1)(c) above shall not affect the continuing validity of any access contract to which it applied.”

(3) In subsection (3) of section 19 of that Act (installation access contracts requiring approval of Regulator), after paragraph (b) insert “or

(c) the installation access contract is of a class or description specified in a general approval given by the Regulator;”;

and for the words from “which is” to the end substitute “ shall be void unless one of the conditions in paragraphs (a) to (c) above is satisfied. ”

(4) After subsection (5) of that section insert—

“(5A) Where the Regulator gives or revokes a general approval under subsection (3) (c) above, he shall publish the approval or revocation in such manner as he considers appropriate.

(5B) The revocation of a general approval given under subsection (3)(c) above shall not affect the continuing validity of any installation access contract to which it applied.”

(5) In section 72(2)(b)(v) of that Act (provisions of general approvals under section 22(3) to be entered in register kept by Regulator), after “section” insert “ 18(1)(c), 19(3) (c) or ”.

(6) In section 83(1) of that Act (interpretation), in the definition of “access agreement”—

(a) in paragraph (a), for “entered into pursuant to directions under section 17 or 18” substitute “ which satisfies one of the conditions in paragraphs (a) to (c) of section 18(1) ”, and

(b) in paragraph (b), for “entered into pursuant to directions under section 19” substitute “ which satisfies one of the conditions in paragraphs (a) to (c) of section 19(3) ”.

Commencement Information

1202  S. 230 wholly in force at 1.2.2001, see s. 275(1)(2) and S.I. 2001/57, art. 3(1), Sch. 2 Pt. I (subject to the transitional provision and saving in Sch. 2 Pt. II)

Marginal Citations

M97  1993 c. 43.

231  Review of access charges by Regulator.

(1) In the Railways Act 1993, after section 19 insert—

“19A  Review of access charges by Regulator.

Schedule 4A to this Act (which contains provision about the review of access charges by the Regulator) shall have effect.”

(2) After Schedule 4 to that Act insert, as Schedule 4A, the Schedule set out in Schedule 24 to this Act.
Amendment of access agreements.

(1) In subsection (1) of section 22 of the Railways Act 1993 (amendment of access agreement void unless approved by Regulator), insert at the end “or is made pursuant to directions under section 22A or 22C below or Schedule 4A to this Act.”

(2) After that section insert—

“22A Directions to require amendment permitting more extensive use.

(1) The Regulator may, on the application of the person permitted by an access agreement to use the whole or part of a railway facility or network installation, give directions requiring the parties to the access agreement to make to the agreement—

(a) amendments permitting more extensive use of the railway facility or network installation by the applicant; and

(b) any amendments which the Regulator considers necessary or desirable in consequence of those amendments.

(2) In subsection (1)(a) above “more extensive use” means—

(a) increased use for the purpose for which the applicant is permitted by the access agreement to use the railway facility or network installation, or

(b) (in the case of a railway facility) use for any other permitted purpose, and if the applicant is permitted to use only part of the railway facility or network installation, includes use for the purpose for which he is permitted to use it, or (in the case of a railway facility) for any other permitted purpose, of any other part of the railway facility or network installation.

(3) In subsection (2) above “permitted purpose”, in relation to a railway facility, means a purpose for which directions may be given in relation to the railway facility under section 17 above.

(4) No directions shall be given under this section in relation to a railway facility if and to the extent that—

(a) the railway facility is, by virtue of section 20 above, an exempt facility; or

(b) performance of the access agreement as amended would necessarily involve the facility owner in being in breach of another access agreement or an international railway access contract.

(5) No directions shall be given under this section in relation to a railway facility or network installation if and to the extent that, as a result of an obligation or duty owed by the facility owner or installation owner which arose before the coming into force of section 17 or 19 above, the consent of some other person is required by him before he may make the amendments.
(6) Nothing in this section authorises the Regulator to give directions to any person requiring him to grant a lease of the whole or any part of a railway facility or network installation.

(7) In this section and section 22B below—
   (a) “international railway access contract” and “lease” have the same meaning as in section 17 above; and
   (b) “network installation” has the same meaning as in section 19 above.

22B Applications for directions under section 22A: procedure.

(1) Schedule 4 to this Act shall have effect with respect to applications for directions under section 22A above as it has effect with respect to applications for directions under section 17 above (but subject as follows).

(2) In its application by virtue of this section Schedule 4 to this Act has effect with the following modifications—
   (a) in paragraph 1, in the definition of “the facility owner”, for “17(1)” there shall be substituted “22A” and, in the definition of “interested person”, for “enter into the required access contract” there shall be substituted “make the amendments”;
   (b) in paragraph 2(1), for “which the applicant proposes should be contained in the required access contract” and “to be contained in the required access contract” there shall be substituted “of the proposed amendments”;
   (c) in paragraph 5(2), for “to the facility owner requiring him to enter into an access contract” there shall be substituted “under section 22A of this Act”;
   (d) for paragraph 5(2)(a)(i) and (ii) there shall be substituted “the amendments to be made and the date by which they are to be made; and”;
   (e) in paragraph 6(2), for the words from “facility owner’s” to the end of paragraph (c) there shall be substituted “making of the amendments, the performance of the access agreement as amended or failing to take any step to protect the interests of the interested person in connection with the application for directions or the making of the amendments.”; and
   (f) in paragraph 6(3), for “any access contract which is entered into” there shall be substituted “the amendments made”; and

(3) In its application by virtue of this section in relation to an application relating to an installation access contract Schedule 4 to this Act has effect with the following further modifications—
   (a) references to the railway facility shall have effect as references to the network installation;
   (b) references to the facility owner shall have effect as references to the installation owner; and
   (c) in the definition of “interested person” in paragraph 1, for “17” there shall be substituted “19”.
(4) The Regulator may determine that, in their application by virtue of this section in relation to any particular application, paragraphs 3 and 4 of Schedule 4 to this Act shall have effect as if for any of the numbers of days specified in them there were substituted the lower number specified by the Regulator.

22C Amendment: supplementary.

(1) The Regulator may give directions requiring the parties to an access agreement to make to the access agreement amendments which are, in his opinion, necessary to give effect to the conditions of a licence or otherwise required in consequence of the conditions of a licence.

(2) The Regulator shall not have power to direct or otherwise require amendments to be made to an access agreement except in accordance with section 22A above, subsection (1) above or Schedule 4A to this Act.

(3) If an access agreement includes provision for any of its terms to be varied—

(a) by agreement of the parties, or

(b) by direction or other requirement of the Regulator,

a variation made pursuant to that provision shall not be regarded for the purposes of section 22 above or subsection (2) above as an amendment of the agreement.”

233 Prospective facility owners, proposed facilities etc.

(1) In section 17(6) of the Railways Act 1993 (directions requiring facility owners to enter into contracts for use of their railway facilities), in the definition of “facility owner”, after paragraph (b) insert “ but also includes a person before he becomes a facility owner; ”.

(2) In section 19 of that Act (contracts for use of installations comprised in a network)—

(a) in subsection (9), in the definition of “installation owner”, after paragraph (b) insert “ but also includes a person before he becomes an installation owner; ”, and

(b) in subsection (11), insert at the end “ and to one which is proposed to be constructed or is in the course of construction. ”

(3) In section 83 of that Act (interpretation of Part I), after subsection (1) insert—

“(1A) In sections 17 to 22C above (and Schedule 4 to this Act) references to a railway facility (including references to any track, station or light maintenance depot) or a network include references to a railway facility (or any track, station or light maintenance depot) or a network which is proposed to be constructed or is in the course of construction.”
Commencement Information

1204 S. 233 wholly in force at 1.2.2001, see s. 275(1)(2) and S.I. 2001/57, art. 3(1), Sch. 2 Pt. I (subject to the transitional provision and saving in Sch. 2 Pt. II)

Marginal Citations

M100 1993 c. 43.

Closures

F542 234 Transfer of Regulator’s functions to Secretary of State.

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Textual Amendments

F542 Ss. 234-239 repealed (1.12.2006) by Railways Act 2005 (c. 14), s. 60(2), Sch. 13 Pt. I (with s. 14(4)(5), Sch. 11 para. 11(2)); S.I. 2006/2911, art. 2, Sch.

F542 235 Publication of proposed closures at stations.

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Textual Amendments

F542 Ss. 234-239 repealed (1.12.2006) by Railways Act 2005 (c. 14), s. 60(2), Sch. 13 Pt. I (with s. 14(4)(5), Sch. 11 para. 11(2)); S.I. 2006/2911, art. 2, Sch.

F542 236 Conditions.

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Textual Amendments

F542 Ss. 234-239 repealed (1.12.2006) by Railways Act 2005 (c. 14), s. 60(2), Sch. 13 Pt. I (with s. 14(4)(5), Sch. 11 para. 11(2)); S.I. 2006/2911, art. 2, Sch.

F542 237 Closure of unnecessary track to be minor closure.

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Textual Amendments

F542 Ss. 234-239 repealed (1.12.2006) by Railways Act 2005 (c. 14), s. 60(2), Sch. 13 Pt. I (with s. 14(4)(5), Sch. 11 para. 11(2)); S.I. 2006/2911, art. 2, Sch.
F542 238 General determinations of minor closures.

Textual Amendments
F542 Ss. 234-239 repealed (1.12.2006) by Railways Act 2005 (c. 14), s. 60(2), Sch. 13 Pt. 1 (with s. 14(4)(5), Sch. 11 para. 11(2)); S.I. 2006/2911, art. 2, Sch.

F542 239 Operator’s duty to continue.

Textual Amendments
F542 Ss. 234-239 repealed (1.12.2006) by Railways Act 2005 (c. 14), s. 60(2), Sch. 13 Pt. 1 (with s. 14(4)(5), Sch. 11 para. 11(2)); S.I. 2006/2911, art. 2, Sch.

The Board

240 Transfer of Board’s property etc. to Secretary of State.

Schedule 25 makes provision for the transfer to the Secretary of State of property, rights and liabilities of the Board.

Commencement Information
I205 S. 240 wholly in force at 1.2.2001, see s. 275(1)(2) and S.I. 2001/57, art. 3(1), Sch. 2 Pt. I (subject to the transitional provision and saving in Sch. 2 Pt. II)

241 Winding down and abolition of Board.

(1) Section 84 of the Railways Act 1993 (power of Board to form companies) shall apply as if facilitating the carrying into effect of, or of any provision made under, sections 217, 218 and 240 and Schedules 18, 19 and 25 were a purpose specified by the Secretary of State under subsection (1)(d) of that section; and section 85 of that Act (power of Board to make transfer schemes) shall apply as if that were a purpose specified in subsection (3)(b) of that section.

(2) The Board shall give to the Authority any information, prepare any document and do any other thing which appears to the Authority appropriate for facilitating the carrying into effect of, or of any provision made under, sections 217, 218 and 240 and Schedules 18, 19 and 25.

(3) The Secretary of State may—
   (a) by order made by statutory instrument reduce the membership of the Board to a chairman and one or more other persons appointed by the Secretary of State, and
   (b) by notice in writing remove from office any member of the Board or vary the terms of his appointment.
(4) When, after consulting the Board, the Secretary of State considers that it is no longer necessary for the Board to continue to exist, he shall by order made by statutory instrument provide for its dissolution.

(5) If a person ceases to hold office as chairman or a member of the Board by virtue of subsection (3)(b) or (4) before his term of office would otherwise have expired and the Secretary of State determines that there are special circumstances which make it right that the person should receive compensation—

(a) if the person ceases to hold office by virtue of subsection (3)(b), the Board, and

(b) if the person ceases to hold office by virtue of subsection (4), the Secretary of State,

shall pay to the person such compensation as may be determined by the Secretary of State.

(6) Where an order under subsection (4) provides for the Board to be dissolved with effect from a time which would not, apart from this subsection, be the end of its financial year, the financial year of the Board which is current at that time shall be deemed to end with its dissolution.

(7) An order under subsection (4) which so provides may contain such provision as the Secretary of State considers appropriate (including provision modifying the effect of any enactment) for the Board or the Authority—

(a) to prepare accounts for the final financial year of the Board, and

(b) to make and lay before Parliament a report relating to the carrying out of the Board’s functions during that financial year.

Marginal Citations

M101 1993 c. 43.

Competition

242 Licence modifications following Competition Commission report.

(1) In section 15 of the Railways Act 1993 (modification of licence conditions following report of Competition Commission), after subsection (4) insert—

“(4A) Where (after considering any representations or objections which are duly made and not withdrawn) the Regulator or Authority proposes to make or require the making of modifications under this section, he or it shall give notice to the Competition Commission—

(a) setting out the modifications he proposes to make or it proposes to require to be made; and

(b) stating the reasons why he proposes to make the modifications or it proposes to require the making of them.

(4B) The Regulator or Authority shall include with the notice under subsection (4A) above a copy of any representations and objections which have been considered.
(4C) If the period within which a direction may be given by the Competition Commission under section 15A below expires without such a direction being given, the Regulator or Authority shall make, or require the making of, the modifications set out in the notice given under subsection (4A) above.

(4D) If a direction is given by the Competition Commission under section 15A(1)(b) below, the Regulator or Authority shall make, or require the making of, such of those modifications as are not specified in the direction.”

(2) After that section insert—

"15A  Competition Commission’s power to veto modifications following report.

(1) The Competition Commission may, within the period of four weeks beginning with the day on which they are given notice under section 15(4A) above, give a direction to the Regulator or Authority—

(a) not to make, or require the making of, the modifications set out in the notice; or

(b) not to make such of those modifications as are specified in the direction.

(2) The Secretary of State may, if an application is made to him by the Competition Commission within that period of four weeks, extend the period within which a direction may be given under this section to one of six weeks beginning with the day on which the Competition Commission are given notice under section 15(4A) above.

(3) The Competition Commission may give a direction under this section only if the modifications to which it relates do not appear to them requisite for the purpose of remedying or preventing the adverse effects specified in their report on the reference under section 13 above.

(4) If the Competition Commission give a direction under this section, they shall give notice—

(a) setting out the modifications contained in the notice given under section 15(4A) above;

(b) setting out the direction; and

(c) stating the reasons why they are giving the direction.

(5) A notice under subsection (4) above shall be given—

(a) by publishing the notice in such manner as the Competition Commission consider appropriate for the purpose of bringing the matters to which the notice relates to the attention of persons likely to be affected by the direction; and

(b) by serving a copy of the notice on the holder of the licence.

15B  Making of modifications by Competition Commission.

(1) If the Competition Commission give a direction under section 15A above, they shall themselves make such modifications of the conditions of the licence as appear to them requisite for the purpose of remedying or preventing—
(a) the adverse effects specified in their report on the reference under section 13 above; or
(b) such of those adverse effects as would not be remedied or prevented by the modifications made by the Regulator, or required to be made by the Authority, under section 15(4D) above.

(2) In exercising the function conferred by subsection (1) above, the Competition Commission shall have regard to the matters as respects which duties are imposed on the Regulator by section 4 above.

(3) Before making modifications under this section, the Competition Commission shall give notice—
(a) stating that they propose to make the modifications and setting out their effect,
(b) stating the reasons why they propose to make the modifications, and
(c) specifying the period (not being less than 28 days from the date of publication of the notice) within which representations or objections may be made,
and shall consider any representations or objections which are duly made and not withdrawn.

(4) A notice under subsection (3) above shall be given—
(a) by publishing the notice in such manner as the Competition Commission consider appropriate for the purpose of bringing the matters to which the notice relates to the attention of persons likely to be affected by the making of the modifications; and
(b) by serving a copy of the notice on the holder of the licence.

(5) As soon as practicable after making any modifications under this section, the Competition Commission shall send a copy of those modifications to the Regulator, the Authority and the Health and Safety Executive.

15C Sections 15A and 15B: supplementary.

(1) The provisions mentioned in subsection (2) below are to apply in relation to the exercise by the Competition Commission of their functions under sections 15A and 15B above as if—
(a) in section 82(1) and (2) of the 1973 Act references to a report of the Competition Commission under that Act were references to a notice under section 15A(4) or 15B(3) above;
(b) in section 85 of that Act references to an investigation on a reference made to the Competition Commission were references to an investigation by the Competition Commission for the purposes of the exercise of their functions under those sections; and
(c) in section 93B of that Act references to the functions of the Competition Commission under that Act were references to their functions under those sections.

(2) The provisions are—
(a) sections 82(1) and (2) (general provisions as to reports), 85 (attendance of witnesses and production of documents) and 93B (false or misleading information) of the 1973 Act;
(b) Part II of Schedule 7 to the Competition Act 1998 (performance of the Competition Commission’s general functions); and
(c) section 24 of the 1980 Act (modification of provisions about performance of such functions).

(3) For the purpose of assisting the Competition Commission in exercising their functions under sections 15A and 15B above, the Regulator and the Authority shall give to the Competition Commission any information in his or its possession which relates to matters relevant to the exercise of those functions and—
(a) is requested by the Competition Commission for that purpose; or
(b) is information which, in his or its opinion, it would be appropriate for that purpose to give to the Competition Commission without any such request;

and any other assistance which the Competition Commission may require, and which it is within his or its power to give, in relation to any such matters.

(4) For the purpose of exercising those functions, the Competition Commission shall take account of any information given to them for that purpose under subsection (3) above.”

Marginal Citations

M102 1998 c. 41.

243 Competition functions of Regulator.

(1) Section 67 of the Railways Act 1993 (functions of Regulator and Director General of Fair Trading) is amended as follows.

(2) In subsection (3) (concurrent exercise by Regulator and Director of functions under Part I of Competition Act 1998 so far as relating to agreements etc. which relate to supply of railway services), for “railway services” substitute “services relating to railways”.

(3) After that subsection insert—

“(3ZA) In subsection (3) above “services relating to railways” means—
(a) railway services;
(b) the provision or maintenance of rolling stock;
(c) the development, maintenance or renewal of a network, station or light maintenance depot; and
(d) the development, provision or maintenance of information systems designed wholly or mainly for facilitating the provision of railway services.

(3ZB) The Secretary of State may by order amend subsection (3ZA) above; and an order under this subsection shall not be made unless a draft of the statutory
instrument containing it has been laid before and approved by a resolution of each House of Parliament.”

Commencement Information

S. 243 wholly in force at 1.2.2001, see s. 275(1)(2) and S.I. 2001/57, art. 3(1), Sch. 2 Pt. I (subject to the transitional provision and saving in Sch. 2 Pt. II)

Marginal Citations

M103 1993 c. 43.

Pensions

244 Authority’s duty to continue Board’s practice of indexation.

(1) The Authority shall make provision for increases in pensions and capital sums to which this section applies broadly corresponding to each increase in official pensions under the Pensions (Increase) Act 1971 and section 59 of the Social Security Pensions Act 1975 (“an official pensions increase”).

(2) This section applies to a pension or capital sum at any time if—

(a) at that time it is a pension in payment, a deferred pension or capital sum or a pension or capital sum to which a person’s future entitlement is contingent on the death of another person, and

(b) the Board either made provision for an increase in it broadly corresponding to an official pensions increase or would have done so if it had been within paragraph (a) at a time when the Board made provision for increases broadly corresponding to an official pensions increase.

(3) But where it was the practice of the Board, when making increases broadly corresponding to an official pensions increase, in any circumstances—

(a) not to make provision for an increase, or

(b) to make provision for an increase of a reduced amount,

subsection (1) does not require the Authority to make in similar circumstances provision for an increase in excess of any for which the Board would have made provision.

Modifications etc. (not altering text)

S. 244: power to modify conferred (8.6.2005) by Railways Act 2005 (c. 14), ss. 1(8), 60(2); S.I. 2005/1444, art. 2(1), Sch. 1

Commencement Information

S. 244 wholly in force at 1.2.2001, see s. 275(1)(2) and S.I. 2001/57, art. 3(1), Sch. 2 Pt. I (subject to the transitional provision and saving in Sch. 2 Pt. II)

Marginal Citations

M104 1971 c. 56.
M105 1975 c. 60.
Amendments of pension protection provisions.

(1) In paragraph 6(2)(a)(ii) of Schedule 11 to the Railways Act 1993 (power to make order providing for pension rights of protected persons to be no less favourable as a result of a transfer of pension rights), after “rights” insert “(whether made between occupational pension schemes or sections of an occupational pension scheme or otherwise)”.

(2) The Railway Pensions (Protection and Designation of Schemes) Order 1994 is amended as follows.

(3) In article 6 (transfers etc.), insert at the end—

“(9) In paragraphs (2), (3), (5), (7)(a) and (b)(i) and (8) references to an occupational pension scheme include a section of such a scheme.”

(4) In article 7(4) (payments on transfers), insert at the end (but not as part of sub-paragraph (b))—

“and in this paragraph references to an occupational pension scheme include a section of such a scheme.”

(5) In article 9 (circumstances in which breaks in continuity of employment are disregarded)—

(a) in paragraph (2), omit “, except to the extent specified in paragraph (3),” and “relevant” (in both places), and

(b) in paragraph (3), for “this article” substitute “paragraph (1)”.

(6) In article 11(4) (activities to be regarded as the railway industry)—

(a) after “of Schedule 11 are” insert “the activities of the Authority or any subsidiary of the Authority and activities consisting of”, and

(b) for “in each case” substitute “in each of the cases in sub-paragraphs (a) to (d)”.

(7) Omit paragraphs 13 and 14 (arbitration).

(8) The amendments made by subsections (3) to (7) shall be treated as if made by an order made under Schedule 11 to the Railways Act 1993 (and, accordingly, may be varied or revoked by an order so made).
Miscellaneous

246 Passenger Transport Executives.

(1) Section 34 of the Railways Act 1993 (Passenger Transport Authorities and Executives: franchising) is amended as follows.

(2) After subsection (8) insert—

“(8A) The Authority shall not do anything under subsection (8) above if or to the extent that to do it would prevent or seriously hinder the Authority—

(a) from complying with any directions given to it by the Secretary of State under section 207(5) of the Transport Act 2000 or from having regard to any guidance so given;

(b) from complying with any directions given to it by the Scottish Ministers under section 208 of that Act with which it must comply or from having regard to any guidance so given to which it must have regard; or

(c) from exercising any of its functions in a manner which is consistent with its financial framework.

(8B) The Authority need not do anything under subsection (8) above if or to the extent that to do it would have an adverse effect on the provision of services for the carriage of passengers or goods by railway (whether inside or outside the Passenger Transport Executive’s passenger transport area).

(8C) The Authority need not do anything under subsection (8) above if or to the extent that to do it would increase the amount of any expenditure of the Authority under agreements or other arrangements entered into (in accordance with a franchise agreement) with—

(a) the franchise operator;

(b) the franchisee; or

(c) any servant, agent or independent contractor of the franchise operator or franchisee.”

(3) In subsection (17) (disputes between Authority and Passenger Transport Executives: directions by Secretary of State), for “with respect to the dispute” substitute “with respect to the proposal or franchise agreement”.

Commencement Information

I210 S. 246 wholly in force at 1.2.2001, see s. 275(1)(2) and S.I. 2001/57, art. 3(1), Sch. 2 Pt. I (subject to the transitional provision and saving in Sch. 2 Pt. II)

Marginal Citations

M109 1993 c. 43.

247 Standards.

(1) The Secretary of State may by regulations make provision for the setting of standards to be complied with in relation to railway assets, railway vehicles or railway services.

(2) The regulations may provide—
(a) for standards to be set (and from time to time varied), or
(b) for compliance with standards to be monitored,
by persons specified in, or designated in accordance with, the regulations.

(3) The regulations may authorise the setting of standards which involve obtaining the
approval of any person.

(4) The regulations may authorise the charging of fees in respect of—
(a) the monitoring of compliance with standards, or
(b) the seeking of approvals in connection with standards.

(5) The regulations may impose requirements to provide information on persons who—
(a) are required to comply with standards, or
(b) set, or monitor compliance with, standards,
and prohibit the giving of false information.

(6) The regulations may create criminal offences in respect of failures to comply with
requirements imposed by the regulations.

(7) The regulations may provide for such offences to be triable—
(a) only summarily, or
(b) either summarily or on indictment.

(8) The regulations may provide for an offence triable only summarily to be punishable
on conviction with a fine not exceeding—
(a) level 5 on the standard scale, or
(b) such lower amount as may be prescribed.

(9) The regulations may provide for an offence triable either summarily or on indictment
to be punishable—
(a) on summary conviction, with a fine not exceeding the statutory maximum or
   such lower amount as may be prescribed, or
(b) on conviction on indictment, with a fine.

(10) The regulations may make different provision for different cases and may (in
particular) include provision—
(a) authorising conditional or unconditional dispensation from requirements
   imposed by the regulations which would otherwise apply, or
(b) requiring compliance with requirements so imposed which would not
   otherwise apply,
in particular cases or descriptions of case.

(11) The regulations may include such incidental, consequential, supplementary or
transition provisions or savings as the Secretary of State may consider appropriate,
including (in particular) provision modifying any provision made by or under any
other enactment.

(12) The regulations shall be made by statutory instrument which shall be subject to
annulment in pursuance of a resolution of either House of Parliament.
248 Substitute services to be suitable for disabled passengers.

(1) This section applies where—

(a) a person who provides services for the carriage of passengers by railway provides or secures the provision of substitute road services, or

(b) the provision of such services is secured by the Secretary of State, the Scottish Ministers or the National Assembly for Wales.

(2) In providing or securing the provision of the services, the person providing them, the Secretary of State, the Scottish Ministers or the National Assembly for Wales shall ensure, so far as is reasonably practicable, that the substitute road services allow disabled passengers to undertake their journeys safely and in reasonable comfort.

(3) In the event of any failure by a person to comply with subsection (2), he shall be liable to pay damages in respect of any expenditure reasonably incurred, or other loss sustained, by a disabled passenger in consequence of the failure.

(4) The Secretary of State may by order grant exemption from subsection (2) to—

(a) any class or description of persons who provide services for the carriage of passengers by railway, or

(b) any particular person who provides such services, in respect of all substitute road services or any class or description of such services.

(5) Before making an order under subsection (4) the Secretary of State shall consult—

(a) the Disabled Persons Transport Advisory Committee, and

(b) such other representative organisations as he thinks fit.

(6) An order under subsection (4) shall be made by statutory instrument which shall be subject to annulment in pursuance of a resolution of either House of Parliament.

(7) In this section “substitute road services” means services for the carriage of passengers by road which are provided where railway services have been temporarily interrupted or discontinued.

(8) For the purposes of this section a passenger is disabled if he has a disability, or has suffered an injury, which seriously impairs his ability to walk.

Textual Amendments

F543 S. 248(1)(b) substituted (1.8.2006) by Railways Act 2005 (c. 14), s. 60(2), Sch. 12 para. 17(4); S.I. 2006/1951, art. 2(2)(i)

F544 Words in s. 248(2) substituted (1.8.2006) by Railways Act 2005 (c. 14), s. 60(2), Sch. 12 para. 17(5); S.I. 2006/1951, art. 2(2)(i)

F545 Words in s. 248(3) substituted (1.8.2006) by Railways Act 2005 (c. 14), s. 60(2), Sch. 12 para. 17(6)(a); S.I. 2006/1951, art. 2(2)(i)

F546 Words in s. 248(3) repealed (1.8.2006) by Railways Act 2005 (c. 14), s. 60(2), Sch. 12 para. 17(6)(b), Sch. 13 Pt. 1 (with s. 14(4)(5), Sch. 11 para. 11(2)); S.I. 2006/1951, art. 2(2)(i)
CHAPTER III
SUPPLEMENTARY

249 Freight assistance by Scottish Ministers and Welsh Assembly.

Textual Amendments
S. 249 repealed (1.12.2006) by Railways Act 2005 (c. 14), s. 60(2), Sch. 13 Pt. 1 (with s. 14(4)(5), Sch. 11 para. 11(2)); S.I. 2006/2911, art. 2, Sch.

250 Taxation of transfers.
Schedule 26 contains provisions about tax.

Textual Amendments
S. 251 repealed (24.7.2005) by Railways Act 2005 (c. 14), s. 60(2), Sch. 13 Pt. 1 (with s. 14(4)(5), Sch. 11 para. 11(2)); S.I. 2005/1909, art. 2, Sch.

252 Part IV: minor and consequential amendments.
Schedule 27 makes minor and consequential amendments relating to railways.

Textual Amendments
S. 252 partly in force; S.252 not in force at Royal Assent see. S. 275(1)(2); s. 252 in force (15.1.2001 for specified purposes) by S.I. 2000/3376, art. 2; s. 252 in force at 1.2.2001 for further specified purposes by S.I. 2001/57, art. 3(1), Sch. 2 Pt. I (subject to the transitional provision and saving in Sch. 2 Pt. II)

253 Part IV: transitionals and savings.
Schedule 28 makes transitional provisions and savings relating to this Part.
254 **Interpretation of Part IV.**

Expressions which are used both in this Part and in the Railways Act 1993 and are given a meaning for the purposes of that Act, or Part I of that Act, have the same meaning in this Part.

### PART V

**MISCELLANEOUS AND SUPPLEMENTARY**

*Charges for street works on highway*

255 **Charge for whole duration of works.**

(1) In the New Roads and Street Works Act 1991, after section 74 insert—

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74A Charge determined by reference to duration of works.

(1) The Secretary of State may make provision by regulations requiring an undertaker executing street works in a maintainable highway to pay to the highway authority a charge determined, in the prescribed manner, by reference to the duration of the works.

(2) The regulations shall not require charges to be paid to a local highway authority unless the Secretary of State has approved it for the purposes of the regulations by order made by statutory instrument.

(3) The regulations may prescribe exemptions from the requirement to pay charges.

(4) The regulations may prescribe different rates of charge according to—

- (a) the extent to which the surface of the highway is affected by the works,
- (b) the place and time at which the works are executed, and
- (c) such other factors as appear to the Secretary of State to be relevant.

(5) The regulations may—

- (a) prescribe more than one rate of charge in respect of the same description of works, and
- (b) provide that charges are to be paid in respect of any works of that description at the rate which appears to the highway authority to be appropriate in relation to those works.

(6) The regulations may make provision for the determination of the duration of works for the purposes of the regulations.

(7) And they may, in particular, make provision for works to be treated as beginning or ending on the giving of, or as stated in, a notice given by the undertaker to the highway authority, in the prescribed manner, in accordance with a requirement imposed by the regulations.

(8) The regulations may make provision as to the time and manner of making payment of charges.
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(9) The regulations shall provide that a highway authority may reduce the amount, or waive payment, of a charge—
   (a) in any particular case,
   (b) in such classes of case as they may decide or as may be prescribed, or
   (c) in all cases or in all cases other than a particular case or such class of case as they may decide or as may be prescribed.

(10) The regulations may make provision as to—
   (a) the application by local highway authorities of sums paid by way of charges, and
   (b) the keeping of accounts, and the preparation and publication of statements of account, relating to sums paid by way of charges.

(11) The regulations may create in respect of any failure to give a notice required by the regulations a criminal offence triable summarily and punishable with a fine not exceeding level 3 on the standard scale.

(12) The regulations may require disputes of any prescribed description to be referred to an arbitrator appointed in accordance with the regulations.

(13) The first regulations under this section shall not be made unless a draft of them has been laid before and approved by a resolution of each House of Parliament; subsequent regulations shall be subject to annulment in pursuance of a resolution of either House of Parliament.

### 74B Regulations under sections 74 and 74A.

Nothing shall be taken to prevent the imposition of charges by both regulations under sections 74 and regulations under section 74A in respect of the execution of the same works at the same time.”

(2) The reference to the \textit{New Roads and Street Works Act 1991} in Schedule 1 to the \textit{National Assembly for Wales (Transfer of Functions) Order 1999} is to be treated as referring to that Act as amended by this section and section 256.
“(2A) The regulations may prescribe exemptions from the requirement to pay charges.”

(3) In subsection (3)—
(a) for “may submit to the authority” substitute “shall give to the authority, in such manner as may be prescribed, notice containing ”, and
(b) for “so submitted” substitute “contained in a notice given to an authority in such manner ”.

(4) In subsection (4), for “may submit” substitute “shall give to the authority, in such manner as may be prescribed, notice containing ”.

(5) After subsection (5) insert—
“(5A) The regulations may—
(a) prescribe more than one rate of charge in respect of the same description of works, and
(b) provide that charges are to be paid in respect of any works of that description at the rate which appears to the highway authority to be appropriate in relation to those works.

(5B) The regulations may make provision for the determination of the duration of works for the purposes of the regulations.

(5C) And they may, in particular, make provision for works to be treated as beginning or ending on the giving of, or as stated in, a notice given by the undertaker to the highway authority, in the prescribed manner, in accordance with a requirement imposed by the regulations.”

(6) In subsection (7), for the words from “charge” to the end substitute “charges
(a) in any particular case,
(b) in such classes of case as they may decide or as may be prescribed, or
(c) in all cases or in all cases other than a particular case or such class of case as they may decide or as may be prescribed.”

(7) After that subsection insert—
“(7A) The regulations may make provision as to—
(a) the application by local highway authorities of sums paid by way of charges, and
(b) the keeping of accounts, and the preparation and publication of statements of account, relating to sums paid by way of charges.

(7B) The regulations may create in respect of any failure to give a notice required by the regulations a criminal offence triable summarily and punishable with a fine not exceeding level 3 on the standard scale.”
Driver training and driving instructors

257 Compulsory driver training courses.

In the Road Traffic Act 1988, after section 99 insert—

“Driver training

99ZA Compulsory driver training courses.

Regulations may make provision about training in the driving of motor vehicles by means of courses provided in accordance with the regulations (“driver training courses”).

99ZB Requirements to complete training courses.

(1) Regulations under section 99ZA of this Act may provide that persons who have not successfully completed a driver training course—

(a) may not take a test of competence to drive motor vehicles of a prescribed class (or a prescribed part of such a test),

(b) are not authorised to drive motor vehicles of a prescribed class (before having passed a test of competence to drive them) by a provisional licence (or by section 98(2) or 99A(5) of this Act),

(c) are not granted a licence authorising the driving of motor vehicles of a prescribed class by virtue of regulations under section 89(6)(b) or (c) of this Act, or

(d) are not authorised to drive motor vehicles of a prescribed class in prescribed circumstances (despite having passed a test of competence to drive them).

(2) But a person is exempt from provision made by virtue of subsection (1)(b), (c) or (d) above if he is undergoing training on a driver training course and is driving a motor vehicle as part of the training.

(3) And regulations under section 99ZA of this Act may include provision exempting persons from any provision made by virtue of subsection (1) above in other circumstances; and regulations including such provision may (in particular)—

(a) limit an exemption to persons in prescribed circumstances,

(b) limit an exemption to a prescribed period or in respect of driving in a prescribed area,

(c) attach conditions to an exemption, and

(d) regulate applications for an exemption.

(4) Regulations under section 99ZA of this Act may include provision for the evidencing by a person of his being within—

(a) the exemption specified in subsection (2) above, or
(5) Regulations under section 99ZA of this Act may provide that a driver training course is not to be taken into account for the purposes of the regulations if it was completed before such time as is prescribed.

99ZC Driver training courses: supplementary.

(1) Regulations under section 99ZA of this Act may include—
   (a) provision about the nature of driver training courses,
   (b) provision for the approval by the Secretary of State of persons providing such courses and the withdrawal of approvals (including provision for appeals against refusal and withdrawal of approvals) and provision for exemptions from any requirement of approval,
   (c) provision for the training or assessment, or the supervision of the training or assessment, of persons providing driver training courses,
   (d) provision setting the maximum amount of any charges payable by persons undergoing such courses, and
   (e) provision for the evidencing of the successful completion of such courses.

(2) Such regulations may include provision for the charging of reasonable fees in respect of the exercise of any function conferred or imposed on the Secretary of State by such regulations.

(3) Such regulations may make different provision—
   (a) for different classes of motor vehicles,
   (b) for different descriptions of persons, or
   (c) otherwise for different circumstances.”

258 Register of approved instructors: destination of appeals.

(1) Section 131 of the Road Traffic Act 1988 (appeals to Secretary of State by persons aggrieved by decision of registrar of approved driving instructors) is amended as follows.

   (2) . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . .

   (3) . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . .

(4) After subsection (4) insert—

   “(4A) If the Tribunal consider that any evidence adduced on an appeal had not been adduced to the Registrar before he gave the decision to which the appeal
relates, they may (instead of making an order under subsection (3) above) remit the matter to the Registrar for him to reconsider the decision.”

Textual Amendments

F549 S. 258(2)(3) repealed (1.9.2009) by The Transfer of Functions (Transport Tribunal and Appeal Panel) Order 2009 (S.I. 2009/1885), art. 1(1), Sch. 3

Marginal Citations

M115 1988 c. 52.

259 Taking effect of decisions about instructors.

(1) In section 127 of the Road Traffic Act 1988 (application to retain name in register of approved instructors), after subsection (7) insert—

“(7A) A decision to refuse an application shall take effect at the end of the period of fourteen days beginning with the day on which notice of the decision is given (or, if any appeal brought against the decision under the following provisions of this Part of this Act is previously withdrawn or dismissed, when the appeal is withdrawn or dismissed).”,

and, in subsection (8), for “A decision to refuse an application shall” substitute “ But the Registrar may, when giving notice of his decision to refuse the application, direct that the decision shall instead ”.

(2) In section 128 of that Act (removal of name from register), after subsection (6) insert—

“(6A) A decision to remove a name from the register shall take effect at the end of the period of fourteen days beginning with the day on which notice of the decision is given (or, if any appeal brought against the decision under the following provisions of this Part of this Act is previously withdrawn or dismissed, when the appeal is withdrawn or dismissed).”,

and, in subsection (7), for “A decision to remove a name from the register shall” substitute “ But the Registrar may, when giving notice of his decision to remove the name from the register, direct that the decision shall instead ”.

(3) In section 130 of that Act (revocation of licence for giving instruction in order to obtain practical experience), for subsection (6) substitute—

“(5A) A decision to revoke a licence shall take effect at the end of the period of fourteen days beginning with the day on which notice of the decision is given (or, if any appeal brought against the decision under the following provisions of this Part of this Act is previously withdrawn or dismissed, when the appeal is withdrawn or dismissed).

(6) But the Registrar may, when giving notice of his decision to revoke a licence, direct that (if an appeal under the following provisions of this Part of this Act is brought against the decision) it shall instead take effect—

(a) if the appeal is withdrawn or struck out for want of prosecution, on the withdrawal or striking out of the appeal, or

(b) if and when the appeal is dismissed, and not otherwise.”
(4) In section 131 of that Act (appeals against decisions of registrar), after subsection (4A) (inserted by section 258) insert—

“(4B) A person who is aggrieved by a decision of the Registrar not to give a direction under section 127(8), 128(7) or 130(6) of this Act may by notice in writing appeal to the Transport Tribunal within the period of ten days beginning with the day on which notice of the decision is given.

(4C) The Transport Tribunal shall determine the appeal by either—

(a) giving the direction concerned, or
(b) dismissing the appeal,

within the period of fourteen days beginning with the day on which notice of the decision is given.

(4D) Where the Registrar has decided to refuse an application for the retention of a name in the register, to remove a name from the register or to revoke a licence granted under section 129 of this Act but either—

(a) he gave a direction under section 127(8), 128(7) or 130(6) of this Act, or
(b) the Transport Tribunal have given such a direction on appeal,

he may by notice in writing apply to the Transport Tribunal for an order that the decision is to take effect immediately.

(4E) The Transport Tribunal shall determine the Registrar’s application by either granting or refusing the application, within the period of fourteen days beginning with the day on which it is made.

(4F) The Transport Tribunal may only grant the application if they consider that a failure to do so might prejudicially affect—

(a) the well-being of any person to whom the person concerned may give instruction in the driving of a motor car, or
(b) the safety of road users.”

Marginal Citations
M116 1988 c. 52.

260 Training and instructors: minor and consequential amendments.

Schedule 29 makes minor and consequential amendments about driver training and driving instructors.

Commencement Information
1217 S. 260 partly in force; s. 260 not in force at Royal Assent see s. 275; s. 260 in force for certain purposes at 1.4.2002 by S.I. 2002/658, art. 2(2), Sch. Pt. 2 (with transitional provision in art. 3)
Licensing of operators of goods vehicles

261 Increase of fine for breach of obligation to hold operator’s licence.

(1) In section 2(5) of the Goods Vehicles (Licensing of Operators) Act 1995 (obligation to hold operator’s licence: penalty for offence), for “level 4” substitute “level 5”.

(2) Subsection (1) does not apply to any offence committed before this section comes into force.

Commencement Information

I218 S. 261 wholly in force at 1.2.2001, see s. 275(1)(2) and S.I. 2001/57, art. 3(1), Sch. 2 Pt. I (subject to the transitional provision and saving in Sch. 2 Pt. II)

Marginal Citations

M117 1995 c. 23.

262 Detention of vehicle used without operator’s licence.

(1) In the Goods Vehicles (Licensing of Operators) Act 1995, after section 2 insert—

“2A Detention of vehicle used without operator’s licence.

Schedule 1A (which relates to the detention, removal and disposal of goods vehicles in respect of which it appears that section 2 is contravened) shall have effect.”

(2) After Schedule 1 to that Act insert, as Schedule 1A, the Schedule set out in Schedule 30 to this Act.

Commencement Information

I219 S. 262 wholly in force at 1.2.2001, see s. 275(1)(2) and S.I. 2001/57, art. 3(1), Sch. 2 Pt. I (subject to the transitional provision and saving in Sch. 2 Pt. II)

Marginal Citations

M118 1995 c. 23.

263 Addition of specified vehicles to operator’s licence.

In section 5 of the Goods Vehicles (Licensing of Operators) Act 1995 (vehicles authorised to be used under operator’s licence), for subsection (6) substitute—

“(6) A motor vehicle which is not specified in an operator’s licence is not authorised to be used under that licence by virtue of subsection (1) [on or after the relevant day] unless the licence-holder—

PROSPECTIVE
(a) has given to a traffic commissioner a notice in such form and containing such information about the vehicle as is required by a traffic commissioner, and

(b) has paid the prescribed fee (if any) to a traffic commissioner.

(6A) For the purposes of subsection (6) “the relevant day” is the latest of the following days—

(a) the day on which the vehicle was first in the lawful possession of the licence holder,

(b) the day on which the licence came into force,

(c) if a day not more than one month after the later of those days is prescribed for the purpose, the day so prescribed.”}
(a) specified vehicles, or
(b) vehicles of specified persons;
and an order under this subsection may be varied or revoked by a subsequent order of the Secretary of State.”

Commencement Information

I220 S. 264 wholly in force at 1.2.2001, see s. 275(1)(2) and S.I. 2001/57, art. 3(1), Sch. 2 Pt. I (subject to the transitional provision and saving in Sch. 2 Pt. II)

Marginal Citations

M120 1988 c. 52.

Licensing of private hire vehicles

265 Vehicles subject to regulation as private hire vehicles.

(1) In section 79 of the Public Passenger Vehicles Act 1981 (which provides that a vehicle which is not a public service vehicle because of section 1(3) or (4) of that Act is to be treated as one for the purpose of excluding it from regulation as a private hire vehicle), for “1(3) or (4)” substitute “ 1(4) ”.

(2) After that section insert—

“79A Small PSVs subject to regulation as private hire vehicles.

(1) If a small bus is being provided for hire with the services of a driver for the purpose of carrying passengers otherwise than at separate fares, it is not to be regarded as a public service vehicle for the purpose of—

(a) Part II of the Local Government (Miscellaneous Provisions) Act 1976, or
(b) any local Act applying in any area in England and Wales which regulates the use of private hire vehicles provided for hire with the services of a driver for the purpose of carrying passengers and excludes public service vehicles from the scope of that regulation.

(2) If a small bus is being made available with a driver to the public for hire for the purpose of carrying passengers otherwise than at separate fares, it is not to be regarded as a public service vehicle for the purpose of the Private Hire Vehicles (London) Act 1998.

(3) But subsection (1) or (2) does not apply where the vehicle is being so provided or made available in the course of a business of carrying passengers by motor vehicles all but a small part of which involves the operation of large buses.

(4) In this section—

“small bus” means a public service vehicle within paragraph (b) of subsection (1) of section 1 of this Act; and
“large buses” means public service vehicles within paragraph (a) of that subsection.”
(3) In section 167(4) of the **1994** Criminal Justice and Public Order Act 1994 (touting for hire car services: defence in case of public service vehicles), for “passengers for public service vehicles” substitute “passengers to be carried at separate fares by public service vehicles”.

**Marginal Citations**

M122 1976 c. 57.
M123 1998 c. 34.
M124 1994 c. 33.

**Enforcement of requirements relating to drivers’ hours**

**266 Power to prohibit driving of vehicle.**

After section 99 of the **1968** Transport Act 1968 insert—

“**99A Power to prohibit driving of vehicle.**

(1) If—

(a) the driver of a UK vehicle obstructs an authorised person in the exercise of his powers under subsection (2) or (3) of section 99 of this Act or fails to comply with any requirement made by an authorised person under subsection (1) of that section,

(b) it appears to an authorised person that, in relation to a UK vehicle or its driver, there has been a contravention of any of the provisions of—

(i) sections 96 to 98 of this Act and any orders or regulations under those sections, or

(ii) the applicable Community rules,

or that there will be such a contravention if the vehicle is driven on a road, or

(c) it appears to an authorised person that an offence under section 99(5) of this Act has been committed in respect of a UK vehicle or its driver,

the authorised person may prohibit the driving of the vehicle on a road either for a specified period or without limitation of time.

(2) Where an authorised person prohibits the driving of a vehicle under this section, he may also direct the driver to remove the vehicle (and, if it is a motor vehicle drawing a trailer, also to remove the trailer) to such place and subject to such conditions as are specified in the direction; and the prohibition shall not apply to the removal of the vehicle in accordance with that direction.

(3) On imposing a prohibition under subsection (1) of this section, the authorised person shall give notice in writing of the prohibition to the driver of the vehicle, specifying the circumstances (as mentioned in paragraph (a), (b) or (c) of that subsection) in consequence of which the prohibition is imposed and stating whether it is imposed only for a specified period (and if so specifying the period) or without limitation of time.
(4) Any direction under subsection (2) of this section may be given—
   (a) in the notice under subsection (3) of this section, or
   (b) in a separate notice in writing given to the driver of the vehicle.

(5) In this section—
   “authorised person” means—
   (a) an examiner appointed by the Secretary of State under section 66A of the Road Traffic Act 1988, or
   (b) a constable authorised to act for the purposes of this section by or on behalf of a chief officer of police;
   “UK vehicle” means a vehicle registered under the Vehicle Excise and Registration Act 1994.

99B Duration and removal of prohibition.

(1) Subject to any exemption granted under subsection (2) of this section, a prohibition under subsection (1) of section 99A of this Act shall come into force as soon as notice of it has been given in accordance with subsection (3) of that section and shall continue in force—
   (a) until it is removed under subsection (3) of this section, or
   (b) in the case of a prohibition imposed for a specified period, until it is removed under that subsection or that period expires, whichever first occurs.

(2) Where notice of a prohibition has been given under section 99A(3) of this Act in respect of a vehicle, an exemption in writing for the use of the vehicle in such manner, subject to such conditions and for such purposes as may be specified in the exemption may be granted by any authorised person.

(3) A prohibition under section 99A(1) of this Act may be removed by any authorised person, if he is satisfied that appropriate action has been taken to remove or remedy the circumstances (as mentioned in paragraph (a), (b) or (c) of section 99A(1) of this Act) in consequence of which the prohibition was imposed; and on doing so the authorised person shall give notice in writing of the removal of the prohibition to the driver of the vehicle.

(4) In this section, “authorised person” has the same meaning as in section 99A of this Act.

99C Failure to comply with prohibition.

Any person who—
   (a) drives a vehicle on a road in contravention of a prohibition imposed under section 99A(1) of this Act,
   (b) causes or permits a vehicle to be driven on a road in contravention of such a prohibition, or
   (c) refuses or fails to comply within a reasonable time with a direction given under section 99A(2) of this Act,

shall be guilty of an offence and liable on summary conviction to a fine not exceeding level 5 on the standard scale.”
Appeals relating to London service permits

267 London service permits: appeals.

(1) Section 189 of the Greater London Authority Act 1999 (appeals against decisions of Transport for London about London service permits) is amended as follows.

(2) In subsections (2) and (4) (appeals to be made to Mayor), for “appeal to the Mayor” substitute “make an appeal”.

(3) . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . .

(4) . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . .

(5) . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . .

(6) . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . .

(7) For subsections (11) to (13) (power of panel to report to Mayor who may issue appropriate guidance or directions to Transport for London) substitute—

“(11) An appeal panel which has heard an appeal against a decision may—

(a) uphold the decision,

(b) quash the decision, or

(c) substitute for the decision such other decision which Transport for London had power to make as appears to the appeal panel to be appropriate.

(12) An appeal panel which has heard an appeal may make an order about payment of the costs of the appeal; and such an order may require that Transport for London pay to the person who made the appeal a sum equal to the whole or part of any fee paid in accordance with regulations under subsection (7) above.”

(8) In section 420(7) of that Act (regulations subject to negative Parliamentary procedure), after the entry relating to any provision contained in Chapters I to IV or VI of Part III, insert—

“section 189;”.
Transport Act 2000 (c. 38)
Part V – Miscellaneous and supplementary
Chapter III – Supplementary

Textual Amendments

F553 S. 267(3)-(6) repealed (1.9.2009) by The Transfer of Functions (Transport Tribunal and Appeal Panel) Order 2009 (S.I. 2009/1885), art. 1(1), Sch. 3

Commencement Information

I222 S. 267 wholly in force; s. 267 not in force at Royal Assent see s. 275(1)(2); s. 267(1)(3)(5)(8) for specified purposes (E.) (1.2.2001) by S.I. 2001/57, art. 3(2), Sch. 3 Pt. I (subject to the savings in Sch. 3 Pt. II); s. 267 in force in so far as not already in force at 1.4.2002 by S.I. 2002/658, art. 2(2), Sch. Pt. 2 (with transitional provision in art. 3)

Marginal Citations

M128 1999 c. 29.

Quiet lanes and home zones and rural road speed limits

268 Quiet lanes and home zones.

(1) A local traffic authority may designate any road for which they are the traffic authority as a quiet lane or a home zone.

(2) The appropriate national authority may make regulations authorising local traffic authorities who have designated roads as quiet lanes or home zones to make use orders and speed orders of such descriptions as are prescribed by the regulations in relation to any roads designated by them as quiet lanes or home zones.

(3) A use order is an order permitting the use of a road for purposes other than passage.

(4) But a use order may not permit any person—

(a) wilfully to obstruct the lawful use of a road by others, or

(b) to use a road in a way which would deny reasonable access to premises situated on or adjacent to the road.

(5) A speed order is an order authorising the local traffic authority by whom it is made to take measures with a view to reducing the speed of motor vehicles or cycles (or both) on a road to below that specified in the order.

(6) The appropriate national authority may make regulations specifying procedures for the making, variation and revocation of—

(a) designations, and

(b) use orders and speed orders, including procedures for confirmation (whether by the appropriate national authority or any other body).

(7) The appropriate national authority may give guidance to local traffic authorities about matters to which they must have regard in determining whether or not to designate a road as a quiet lane or home zone.

(8) In this section—

“the appropriate national authority” means—

(a) the Secretary of State as respects England, and

(b) the National Assembly for Wales as respects Wales,
“cycle” has the same meaning as in the Road Traffic Act 1988,
“local traffic authority” has the same meaning as in the Road Traffic Regulation Act 1984,
“motor vehicle” means a mechanically propelled vehicle intended or adapted for use on roads, and
“road” has the same meaning as in the Road Traffic Regulation Act 1984.

(9) Regulations under this section shall be made by statutory instrument and may make different provision for different cases or areas.

(10) A statutory instrument containing regulations made by the Secretary of State under this section shall be subject to annulment in pursuance of a resolution of either House of Parliament.
“(1A) Arrangements under subsection (1) above may be made for patrolling places at such times as the authority thinks fit.”

(3) In section 28 (power to stop vehicles at school crossings)—
   (a) in subsection (1)—
      (i) omit “between the hours of eight in the morning and half-past five in the afternoon”, and
      (ii) for “children on their way to or from school, or from one part of a school to another, are” substitute “a person is ”,
   (b) in subsection (2)—
      (i) for “children are” substitute “person is”, and
      (ii) for “their” substitute “his”, and
   (c) in subsection (5)—
      (i) insert “and” at the end of paragraph (a), and
      (ii) omit paragraph (c) and the word “and” before it.

Stands etc. for bicycles or motor cycles

271 Stands etc. for bicycles or motor cycles.

(1) The Road Traffic Regulation Act 1984 is amended as follows.

(2) In section 63 (power of authorities to provide stands and racks for bicycles), for “and racks for bicycles” substitute “or racks for, or devices for securing, bicycles or motor cycles”.

(3) In section 136(4) (meaning of “motor cycle”), for “section 57” substitute “sections 57 and 63”.

Financial assistance: inland waterway and sea freight

272 Financial assistance for inland waterway and sea freight.

(1) The Secretary of State may make grants or other payments for the purpose of securing or encouraging the carriage of goods by inland waterway or by sea rather than by road where he is satisfied that that is in the public interest.
(2) Grants or payments under this section may in particular be made in respect of facilities for or in connection with the carriage of goods by inland waterway or by sea (including facilities for loading or unloading goods).

(3) Grants or payments under this section shall be of such amount and subject to such conditions (including conditions requiring their repayment in specified circumstances) as the Secretary of State may determine.

[F555(4) So far as it relates to inland waterways that are wholly in Wales, the power conferred by this section is a power of the Welsh Ministers.]

[F555(4A) So far as it relates to—
(a) the carriage of goods by an inland waterway that is partly in Wales, or
(b) the carriage of goods by sea where the carriage concerned is wholly or partly by sea adjacent to Wales,
the power conferred by this section may be exercised concurrently or jointly by the Secretary of State and the Welsh Ministers.]

(5) The power conferred by this section may only be exercised in or as regards Scotland if its exercise relates to reserved matters within the meaning of the Scotland Act 1998.

[F556(6) In this section—
"inland waterway" includes both a natural and an artificial inland waterway;
"sea adjacent to Wales” means the sea adjacent to Wales out as far as the seaward boundary of the territorial sea.]

[F556(7) An order under section 158(3) of the Government of Wales Act 2006 determining, or making provision for determining, any boundary between waters which are to be treated as parts of the sea adjacent to Wales and those which are not applies for the purposes of the definition of “‘sea adjacent to Wales’” in this section as it applies for the purposes of the definition of “‘Wales’” in that Act.]
Supplementary

273 Offences: general.

(1) If an offence under this Act is committed by a body corporate and is proved to have been committed with the consent or connivance of, or to be attributable to neglect on the part of—
   (a) a director, manager, secretary or other similar officer of the body, or
   (b) a person who was purporting to act in such a capacity,
he (as well as the body) commits the offence.

(2) In subsection (1) “director”, in relation to a body corporate whose affairs are managed by its members, means a member of the body.

(3) If an offence under this Act is committed by a Scottish partnership and is proved to have been committed with the consent or connivance of a partner, he (as well as the partnership) commits the offence.

Repeals and revocations.

Schedule 31 contains repeals and revocations.
275  Commencement.

(1) Subject as follows, the preceding provisions of this Act come into force in accordance with provision made by the Secretary of State by order made by statutory instrument; and different provision may be made for different purposes.

(2) The power conferred by subsection (1) is exercisable as respects Wales by the National Assembly for Wales (and not the Secretary of State) in relation to Parts II and III (and the repeals relating to Part II).

(3) . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . .

(4) Section 231 (and Schedule 24), section 253 (and Schedule 28) and section 269 come into force on the day on which this Act is passed.

(5) In section 245, subsections (1) and (3) to (5), and subsections (2) and (8) so far as relating to subsections (3) to (5), shall be treated as having come into force on 10th May 2000.

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**Subordinate Legislation Made**

| P1 | S. 275(1)(2)(3) power partly exercised: different dates appointed for specified provisions by S.I. 2000/3229, **art. 2**, S.I. 2000/3376, **art. 2** |
| P2 | S. 275(1)(2) power partly exercised: different days appointed for specified purposes by S.I. 2001/57, **arts. 2, 3**, Schs. 1, 2 **Pt. I, 3 Pt. I** (subject to the transitional provision and savings in Sch. 2 **Pt. II, 3 Pt. II**
S. 275(1)(2) power partly exercised: different dates appointed for specified purposes by S.I. 2001/1498, **arts. 2, 3**
S. 275(1)(2) power partly exercised: 1.4.2002 appointed for specified purposes by S.I. 2002/658, **art. 2**, Sch. (with transitional provisions in **art. 3**)
S. 275(1)(2) power partly exercised: 1.5.2002 appointed for specified purposes by S.I. 2002/1014, **art. 2**, Sch. (with transitional provisions in **art. 3**)
| P3 | S. 275(1) power partly exercised: 20.2.2001 appointed for specified purposes by S.I. 2001/242, **art. 2**
S. 275(1) power partly exercised: 26.10.2001 appointed for specified purposes by S.I. 2001/3342, **art. 2**
S. 275(1) power partly exercised: 27.3.2002 appointed for specified purpose by S.I. 2002/846, **art. 2**
| P4 | S. 275(2) power partly exercised: 14.8.2002 appointed for specified purposes by S.I. 2002/2024, **art. 2**

**Textual Amendments**

| **F557** | S. 275(3) repealed (22.7.2004) by Statute Law (Repeals) Act 2004 (c. 14), Sch. 1 Pt. 14 |

276  Transitionals and savings.

(1) The Secretary of State may by order made by statutory instrument make any transitional provisions or savings which he considers appropriate in connection with the coming into force of any provision of this Act.

(2) The power conferred by subsection (1) is exercisable as respects Wales by the National Assembly for Wales (and not the Secretary of State) in relation to Parts II and III (and the repeals relating to Part II).
Subordinate Legislation Made

| P5 | S. 276 power partly exercised: different dates appointed for specified provisions by S.I. 2000/3229, art. 2
|    | S. 276 power partly exercised: 1.4.2002 appointed for specified purposes and provisions by S.I. 2002/658, art. 2, Sch. (with transitional provisions in art. 3)
|    | S. 276 power partly exercised: 1.5.2002 appointed for specified provisions by S.I. 2002/1014, art. 2, Sch. (with transitional provisions in art. 3)

277 Power to make amendments.

(1) The Secretary of State may, in consequence of any provision of this Act or of any instrument made under it, by order made by statutory instrument make such amendments (including repeals or revocations) as appear to him to be appropriate in—
   (a) any Act (whether public general or local) passed, or
   (b) any subordinate legislation (within the meaning of the Interpretation Act 1978) made,

before that provision comes into force.

(2) The power conferred by subsection (1) is exercisable as respects Wales by the National Assembly for Wales (and not the Secretary of State) in relation to Parts II and III and any instruments made under them.

(3) No order shall be made under subsection (1) by the Secretary of State unless a draft of the order containing it has been laid before, and approved by resolution of, each House of Parliament.

278 Financial provision.

(1) There shall be paid out of money provided by Parliament—
   (a) any expenditure incurred by any Minister of the Crown or government department under or by virtue of this Act (apart from any expenditure to be met from the National Loans Fund), and
   (b) any increase attributable to this Act in the sums payable out of money so provided under any other enactment.

(2) There shall be issued to the Secretary of State by the Treasury out of the National Loans Fund any sums required by him for—
   (a) making loans under section 52 to a transferee, ... 
   (b) ................................................

(3) There shall be paid into the National Loans Fund any repayment of, or payment of interest on, loans—
   (a) made under section 52 by the Secretary of State to a transferee, ... 
   (b) ................................................
(4) The assets of the National Loans Fund shall be reduced by an amount corresponding to such liability as the Secretary of State extinguishes by order under section 57.

(5) There shall be paid into the Consolidated Fund any sums received by any Minister of the Crown or government department under or by virtue of this Act (apart from any sums required to be paid into the National Loans Fund).

### Extent.

(1) Parts II and III, and the repeals relating to those Parts, and sections 255 and 256, 265, 267 and 268 and 270 and 271, and the repeals in Part V(2) of Schedule 31, extend only to England and Wales.

(2) Subject as follows, Part IV, sections 257 to 260 (and Schedule 29), sections 261 to 263 (and Schedule 30) and sections 264, 266 and 269, and Part V(1) of Schedule 31, extend only to England and Wales and Scotland.

(3) The amendments made by Parts I and IV, and the repeals and revocations relating to those Parts, have the same extent as the enactments to which they relate (except where it is otherwise provided).

(4) Sections 247 and 250, paragraph 14 of Schedule 14 and Schedule 26 extend to England and Wales, Scotland and Northern Ireland.

### Short title.

This Act may be cited as the Transport Act 2000.
SCHEDULES

SCHEDULE 1
Section 30.

AIR TRAFFIC ADMINISTRATION ORDERS: GENERAL

Commencement Information
1229 Sch. 1 wholly in force at 1.2.2001, see s. 275(1) and S.I. 2001/57, art. 3(1), Sch. 2 Pt. I (subject to the transitional provision and saving in Sch. 2 Pt. II)

PART I
MODIFICATIONS OF 1986 ACT

Commencement Information
1230 Sch. 1 wholly in force at 1.2.2001, see s. 275(1) and S.I. 2001/57, art. 3(1), Sch. 2 Pt. I (subject to the transitional provision and saving in Sch. 2 Pt. II)

Introduction
1 This Part of this Schedule applies if an air traffic administration order is made.

Commencement Information
1231 Sch. 1 wholly in force at 1.2.2001, see s. 275(1) and S.I. 2001/57, art. 3(1), Sch. 2 Pt. I (subject to the transitional provision and saving in Sch. 2 Pt. II)

General application of provisions of 1986 Act
2 Sections 11 to 23 and 27 of the 1986 Act (which relate to administration orders under Part II of that Act) apply with the modifications specified in this Part of this Schedule.

Commencement Information
1232 Sch. 1 wholly in force at 1.2.2001, see s. 275(1) and S.I. 2001/57, art. 3(1), Sch. 2 Pt. I (subject to the transitional provision and saving in Sch. 2 Pt. II)

General modifications
3 In those sections as applied by this Part of this Schedule—
(a) references to an administration order are to an air traffic administration order, and
(b) references to an administrator are to an air traffic administrator.

Commencement Information
1233 Sch. 1 wholly in force at 1.2.2001, see s. 275(1) and S.I. 2001/57, art. 3(1), Sch. 2 Pt. I (subject to the transitional provision and saving in Sch. 2 Pt. II)

Effect of order
4 In section 11 of the 1986 Act (effect of order) as applied by this Part of this Schedule—
(a) the requirement in subsection (1)(a) that any petition for the winding up of the company shall be dismissed does not prejudice the air traffic administration order if it is made by virtue of section 27 above,
(b) the reference in subsection (3)(d) to proceedings includes a reference to any proceedings under or for the purposes of section 20 above, and
(c) subsection (3)(d) has effect as if after “its property” there were inserted “, and no right of re-entry or forfeiture may be enforced against the company in respect of any land.”.

Commencement Information
1234 Sch. 1 wholly in force at 1.2.2001, see s. 275(1) and S.I. 2001/57, art. 3(1), Sch. 2 Pt. I (subject to the transitional provision and saving in Sch. 2 Pt. II)

Appointment of air traffic administrator
5 In section 13 of the 1986 Act (appointment of administrator) as applied by this Part of this Schedule for subsection (3) substitute—
“(3) An application for an order under subsection (2) may be made—
(a) by the Secretary of State,
(b) by the CAA with the Secretary of State’s consent,
(c) by any continuing air traffic administrator of the company, or
(d) where there is no such air traffic administrator, by the company, the directors or any creditor or creditors of the company.”

Commencement Information
1235 Sch. 1 wholly in force at 1.2.2001, see s. 275(1) and S.I. 2001/57, art. 3(1), Sch. 2 Pt. I (subject to the transitional provision and saving in Sch. 2 Pt. II)

General powers of air traffic administrator
6 (1) Section 14 of the 1986 Act (general powers of administrator) as applied by this Part of this Schedule has effect as follows.
(2) In subsection (1)(b) the reference to the powers specified in Schedule 1 to the 1986 Act includes a reference to a power to act on behalf of the company—
   (a) for the purposes of this Part, or
   (b) for the purposes of the exercise or performance of any power or duty which is conferred or imposed on the company by virtue of its holding a licence.

(3) In subsection (4) the reference to a power conferred by the company’s [F560 articles of association] includes a reference to a power conferred by virtue of the company’s holding a licence.

Textual Amendments

F560 Words in Sch. 1 para. 6(3) substituted (1.10.2009) by The Companies Act 2006 (Consequential Amendments, Transitional Provisions and Savings) Order 2009 (S.I. 2009/1941), art. 1(2), Sch. 1 para. 184(7)(a) (with art. 10)

Commencement Information

1236 Sch. 1 wholly in force at 1.2.2001, see s. 275(1) and S.I. 2001/57, art. 3(1), Sch. 2 Pt. I (subject to the transitional provision and saving in Sch. 2 Pt. II)

Power to deal with charged property

7 (1) Section 15 of the 1986 Act (power to deal with charged property) as applied by this Part of this Schedule has effect as follows.

(2) In subsection (2) for “the purpose or one or more of the purposes specified in the administration order” substitute “one or both of the purposes of the administration order”.

(3) In subsection (5)(b) for “in the open market by a willing vendor” substitute “for the best price which is reasonably available on a sale which is consistent with the purposes of the air traffic administration order”.

Commencement Information

1237 Sch. 1 wholly in force at 1.2.2001, see s. 275(1) and S.I. 2001/57, art. 3(1), Sch. 2 Pt. I (subject to the transitional provision and saving in Sch. 2 Pt. II)

Duties of air traffic administrator

8 (1) Section 17 of the 1986 Act (duties of administrator) as applied by this Part of this Schedule has effect as follows.

(2) For subsection (2) substitute—
   “(2) Subject to any directions of the court, it shall be the duty of the air traffic administrator to manage the affairs, business and property of the company in accordance with proposals under section 23 as they are revised from time to time.”

(3) In subsection (3) omit paragraph (a).
Discharge of order

9  (1) Section 18 of the 1986 Act (discharge and variation of administration order) as applied by this Part of this Schedule has effect as follows.

(2) For subsections (1) and (2) substitute—

“(1) An application for an air traffic administration order to be discharged may be made—

(a) by the air traffic administrator, on the ground that the purposes of the order have been achieved; or

(b) by the Secretary of State or (with his consent) by the CAA, on the ground that it is no longer necessary that those purposes are achieved.”

(3) In subsection (3) omit the words “or vary”.

(4) In subsection (4)—

(a) omit the words “or varied” and “or variation”, and

(b) after “to the registrar of companies” insert “, to the CAA and to the Secretary of State”.

Notice of making of order

10  In section 21(2) of the 1986 Act (notice of order to be given by administrator) as applied by this Part of this Schedule after “to the registrar of companies” insert “, to the CAA, to the Secretary of State”.

Statement of proposals

11  In section 23 of the 1986 Act (statement of proposals) as applied by this Part of this Schedule for subsections (1) and (2) substitute—

“(1) Where an air traffic administration order has been made, the air traffic administrator shall, within 3 months (or such longer period as the court may
allow) after the making of the order, send a statement of his proposals for achieving the purposes of the order—
   (a) to the Secretary of State,
   (b) to the CAA,
   (c) to all creditors of the company (so far as he is aware of their addresses), and
   (d) to the registrar of companies.

(2) The air traffic administrator may from time to time revise those proposals.

(2A) If the air traffic administrator proposes to make revisions which appear to him to be substantial, he shall before making them send a statement of the proposed revisions—
   (a) to the Secretary of State,
   (b) to the CAA,
   (c) to all creditors of the company (so far as he is aware of their addresses), and
   (d) to the registrar of companies.

(2B) The air traffic administrator shall give a copy of any statement under subsection (1) or (2A) to all members of the company before the end of the period described in subsection (1) or, as the case may be, before making the revisions.

(2C) The requirement in subsection (2B) is satisfied if the administrator—
   (a) sends a copy of the statement to all members of the company (so far as he is aware of their addresses), or
   (b) publishes in the prescribed manner a notice stating an address to which members should write for copies of the statement to be sent to them free of charge.”

Commencement Information

**1241** Sch. 1 wholly in force at 1.2.2001, see s. 275(1) and S.I. 2001/57, art. 3(1), Sch. 2 Pt. I (subject to the transitional provision and saving in Sch. 2 Pt. II)

Applications to court

12 (1) Section 27 of the 1986 Act (protection of interests of creditors and members) as applied by this Part of this Schedule has effect as follows.

(2) After subsection (1) insert—

“(1A) If a creditor or member of the company makes an application under subsection (1), the court shall give notice of the application to the Secretary of State, who shall be entitled to be heard by the court in connection with the application.

(1B) At any time when an air traffic administration order is in force the Secretary of State or (with his consent) the CAA may apply to the court by petition for an order under this section on one or both of the following grounds.
(1C) The first ground is that the air traffic administrator has exercised or is exercising or proposing to exercise his powers in relation to the company in a manner which will not best ensure the achievement of the purposes of the order.

(1D) The second ground is that he has exercised or is exercising or proposing to exercise his powers in relation to the company in a manner which involves a contravention of—

(a) a condition of the licence granted under Chapter I of Part I of the Transport Act 2000, or

(b) a duty imposed by section 8(1) of that Act, or

(c) any other requirement imposed on the company by virtue of its holding the licence.”

(3) Omit subsection (3).

(4) In subsection (4) omit the words “Subject as above”.

(5) After that subsection insert—

“(4A) Provision may be made by virtue of subsection (4)(d) that the air traffic administration order is to be discharged from such date as may be specified in the order unless, before that date, such measures are taken as the court thinks fit for the purpose of protecting the interests of creditors.”

(6) For subsection (6) substitute—

“(6) Where an air traffic administration order is discharged, the air traffic administrator shall within 14 days after the date on which the discharge takes effect send [F561a copy] of the order under this section—

(a) to the Secretary of State,

(b) to the CAA, and

(c) to the registrar of companies;

and if, without reasonable excuse, the air traffic administrator fails to comply with this subsection, he is liable to a fine and, for continued contravention, to a daily default fine.”

Textual Amendments
F561 Words in Sch. 1 para. 12(6) substituted (1.10.2009) by The Companies Act 2006 (Consequential Amendments, Transitional Provisions and Savings) Order 2009 (S.I. 2009/1941), art. 1(2), Sch. 1 para. 184(7)(b) (with art. 10)

Commencement Information
I242 Sch. 1 wholly in force at 1.2.2001, see s. 275(1) and S.I. 2001/57, art. 3(1), Sch. 2 Pt. I (subject to the transitional provision and saving in Sch. 2 Pt. II)
PART II

OTHER PROVISIONS

Commencement Information

1243  Sch. 1 wholly in force at 1.2.2001, see s. 275(1) and S.I. 2001/57, art. 3(1), Sch. 2 Pt. I (subject to the transitional provision and saving in Sch. 2 Pt. II)

General adaptations

13  (1) References in the 1986 Act (except in sections 8 to 10 and 24 to 26), or in any other enactment passed before the day on which this Act is passed, to an administration order under Part II of that Act, to an application for such an order and to an administrator include references (respectively) to an air traffic administration order, to an application for an air traffic administration order and to an air traffic administrator.

(2) References in the 1986 Act, or in any other enactment passed before the day on which this Act is passed, to an enactment contained in Part II of that Act include references to that enactment as applied by section 30 above or Part I of this Schedule.

(3) But—

(a) sub-paragraph (1) applies in relation to a reference in an enactment contained in Part II of the 1986 Act only so far as necessary for the purposes of the operation of the provisions of that Part as so applied;

(b) sub-paragraphs (1) and (2) apply subject to Part I of this Schedule.

Saving

14  The provisions of this Schedule are without prejudice to the power conferred by section 411 of the 1986 Act (company insolvency rules) as modified by paragraph 13(1) and (2).

Interpretation

15  (1) In this Schedule “the 1986 Act” means the Insolvency Act 1986.

(2) For the purposes of this Schedule and any modification of the 1986 Act made by this Schedule—
(a) an air traffic administration order is an order made under section 27 or 28 above;
(b) an air traffic administrator is a person appointed by the court to achieve the purposes of an air traffic administration order;
(c) the CAA is the Civil Aviation Authority.

Commencement Information
1246 Sch. 1 wholly in force at 1.2.2001, see s. 275(1) and S.I. 2001/57, art. 3(1), Sch. 2 Pt. I (subject to the transitional provision and saving in Sch. 2 Pt. II)

SCHEDULE 2

AIR TRAFFIC ADMINISTRATION ORDERS: SCHEMES

Commencement Information
1247 Sch. 2 wholly in force at 1.2.2001, see s. 275(1) and S.I. 2001/57, art. 3(1), Sch. 2 Pt. I (subject to the transitional provision and saving in Sch. 2 Pt. II)

Application of Schedule
1 This Schedule applies if—
   (a) the court has made an air traffic administration order in relation to a licence company (the existing licence company), and
   (b) it is proposed that on and after the appointed day another company (the new licence company) should carry out licensed activities in respect of all or part of a licensed area.

Commencement Information
1248 Sch. 2 wholly in force at 1.2.2001, see s. 275(1) and S.I. 2001/57, art. 3(1), Sch. 2 Pt. I (subject to the transitional provision and saving in Sch. 2 Pt. II)

Interpretation
2 For the purposes of this Schedule—
   (a) an air traffic administration order is an order made under section 27 or 28;
   (b) an air traffic administrator is a person appointed by the court to achieve the purposes of an air traffic administration order;
   (c) the court is the court which (but for section 27) would have jurisdiction to wind up the existing licence company;
   (d) references to the existing licence company and the new licence company must be construed in accordance with paragraph 1;
   (e) references to a licence company are to be construed in accordance with section 26;
(f) other licence companies are licence companies, other than the existing licence company and the new licence company;

(g) licensed activities are activities which the licence concerned authorises the existing licence company to carry out;

(h) a licensed area is an area in respect of which the licence concerned authorises the existing licence company to provide air traffic services;

(i) the appointed day is a day which falls before the discharge of the air traffic administration order takes effect and which is appointed by the court for the purposes of this Schedule.

Commencement Information

Sch. 2 wholly in force at 1.2.2001, see s. 275(1) and S.I. 2001/57, art. 3(1), Sch. 2 Pt. I (subject to the transitional provision and saving in Sch. 2 Pt. II)

Making and modification of schemes

(1) The existing licence company, acting with the consent of the new licence company and, in relation to the matters affecting them, of any other licence companies, may make a scheme designed to secure that the new licence company carries out licensed activities in respect of all or part of the licensed area.

(2) No scheme takes effect unless it is approved by the Secretary of State after consulting the CAA.

(3) If a scheme is submitted to the Secretary of State for approval he may modify the scheme before approving it.

(4) But no modification may be made unless the following consent—

(a) the new licence company,

(b) the existing licence company, and

(c) in relation to the matters affecting them, any other licence companies.

(5) A scheme comes into force on the appointed day.

(6) At any time after a scheme has come into force, if he thinks it appropriate the Secretary of State may by order provide that the scheme is to be taken for all purposes to have come into force with the modifications specified in the order.

(7) But the Secretary of State may not make an order under sub-paragraph (6) unless the following consent—

(a) the existing licence company,

(b) the new licence company, and

(c) in relation to the provisions of the order which affect them, any other licence companies.

(8) An order under sub-paragraph (6)—

(a) may make, with effect from the coming into force of the scheme to which it relates, any such provision as could have been made by the scheme, and

(b) in connection with giving effect to that provision from that time, may make such supplementary, consequential and transitional provision as the Secretary of State thinks appropriate.
Effect on licence

4 (1) A scheme may provide for a licence held by the existing licence company to have effect, with such modifications as the scheme may specify, as if the licence had been granted to the new licence company.

(2) If different schemes are made in relation to different parts of the licensed area—

(a) each scheme has effect as if there were a separate licence in respect of each part, and

(b) each licence has effect as if it had been granted to the company which is the new licence company under the scheme concerned.

Property, rights and liabilities

5 A scheme may provide for the transfer of property, rights and liabilities from the existing licence company to the new licence company.

6 (1) In determining whether and in what manner to exercise the powers under paragraph 3 to approve and modify a scheme, the Secretary of State must have regard to the need to ensure that a scheme allocates property, rights and liabilities to the new licence company in such manner as appears to the Secretary of State to be appropriate.

(2) In deciding what is appropriate the Secretary of State must take into account the licensed activities which will be carried out on or after the appointed day by any of—

(a) the new licence company,

(b) the existing licence company, and

(c) any other licence companies.

7 (1) When a scheme comes into force, it has effect without more so as to transfer to the new licence company the property, rights and liabilities to which the scheme relates.
(2) A scheme may divide the property, rights or liabilities of the existing licence company and in connection with that division may—

(a) create for the existing licence company, the new licence company or any other licence companies an interest in or right over any property to which the scheme relates;

(b) create new rights and liabilities as between any two or more of those companies with respect to the subject-matter of the scheme;

(c) in connection with any provision made by virtue of paragraph (a) or (b), make incidental provision as to the interests, rights and liabilities of other persons with respect to the subject-matter of the scheme.

(3) A scheme may impose duties on the existing licence company, the new licence company and any other licence company to take all such steps as may be necessary to secure that—

(a) any interest, right or liability created by virtue of paragraph (a) or (b) of sub-paragraph (2), and

(b) any incidental provision made by virtue of paragraph (c) of that sub-paragraph,

has effect.

(4) A scheme may require the new licence company and any other licence companies to provide consideration in respect of the transfer or creation of property, rights and liabilities by means of the scheme.

(5) A requirement imposed under sub-paragraph (4) is enforceable in the same way as if the property, rights and liabilities had been created or transferred, and (if the case so requires) had been capable of being created or transferred, by agreement between the parties.

(6) The property, rights and liabilities of the existing licence company which may be transferred in accordance with a scheme include—

(a) property, rights and liabilities which the existing licence company would not otherwise be capable of transferring or assigning;

(b) property, rights and liabilities to which the existing licence company may become entitled or subject after the making of the scheme and before the appointed day;

(c) property situated anywhere in the United Kingdom or elsewhere;

(d) rights and liabilities under enactments;

(e) rights and liabilities under the law of any part of the United Kingdom or of any country or territory outside the United Kingdom.

(7) If a scheme makes a person entitled to possession of a document, the provision that may be made by virtue of sub-paragraph (2)(b) includes—

(a) provision for treating that person as having given another person an acknowledgement in writing of the right of that other person to the production of the document and to delivery of copies of it,

(b) provision applying section 64 of the Law of Property Act 1925 (production and safe custody of documents) to that acknowledgement,

(c) provision that, where a scheme transfers any interest in land or other property situated in Scotland, subsections (1) and (2) of section 16 of the Land Registration (Scotland) Act 1979 (omission of certain clauses in deeds) are
to have effect in relation to the transfer as if the transfer had been effected by deed and as if from each of those subsections the words “unless specially qualified” had been omitted, and

(d) provision applying section 9 of the Conveyancing Act 1881 (which is the equivalent in Northern Ireland to section 64 of the Law of Property Act 1925) to that acknowledgement.

(8) Sub-paragraph (9) applies if a transfer authorised by sub-paragraph (6)(a) would (were it not so authorised)—

(a) give rise to a contravention or liability by reason of a provision relating to the terms on which the existing licence company is entitled or subject to the property, right or liability transferred, or

(b) give rise to an interference with any interest or right by reason of such a provision.

(9) In such a case the transfer does not give rise to such a contravention, liability or interference.

(10) The provision referred to in sub-paragraph (8) may arise under an enactment or agreement or otherwise.

Commencement Information

| Sch. 2 wholly in force at 1.2.2001, see s. 275(1) and S.I. 2001/57, art. 3(1), Sch. 2 Pt. I (subject to the transitional provision and saving in Sch. 2 Pt. II) |

Marginal Citations

M136 1925 c. 20.
M137 1979 c. 33.
M138 1881 c. 41.
M139 1925 c. 20.

8

(1) A scheme may impose duties on the existing licence company and on the new licence company to take all such steps as may be necessary to secure that the vesting in the new licence company, by virtue of the scheme, of any foreign property, right or liability is effective under the relevant foreign law.

(2) A scheme may require the existing licence company to comply with any directions given by the new licence company in performing any duty imposed on the existing licence company by virtue of a provision included in the scheme under sub-paragraph (1).

(3) A scheme may provide that, until the vesting of any foreign property, right or liability of the existing licence company in the new licence company is effective under the relevant foreign law, it is the duty of the existing licence company—

(a) to hold that property or right for the benefit of the new licence company, or

(b) to discharge that liability on behalf of the new licence company.

(4) A scheme may provide that in specified cases foreign property, rights or liabilities acquired or incurred by an existing licence company after the scheme comes into force are immediately to become property, rights or liabilities of the new licence company; and in relation to such property, rights or liabilities the scheme may make provision equivalent to that in sub-paragraphs (1) to (3).
(5) Nothing in any provision included in a scheme by virtue of this paragraph affects the law of any part of the United Kingdom as it applies to the vesting of any foreign property, right or liability in the new licence company by virtue of the scheme.

(6) References in this paragraph to any foreign property, right or liability are references to any property, right or liability as respects which any issue arising in any proceedings would have to be determined (in accordance with the rules of private international law) by reference to the law of a country or territory outside the United Kingdom.

(7) Any expenses incurred by an existing licence company in consequence of any provision included in a scheme by virtue of this paragraph must be met by the new licence company.

(8) Duties imposed on an existing licence company or a new licence company by virtue of this paragraph are enforceable in the same way as if they were imposed by a contract between the existing licence company and the new licence company.

Supplementary provisions of schemes

9

(1) A scheme may contain supplementary, consequential and transitional provision for the purposes of, or in connection with, any provision of the scheme.

(2) In particular a scheme may provide—

(a) that for purposes connected with any transfers made in accordance with the scheme (including the transfer of rights and liabilities under an enactment) the new licence company is to be treated as the same person in law as the existing licence company;

(b) that (so far as may be necessary for the purposes of or in connection with any such transfers) agreements made, transactions effected and other things done by or in relation to the existing licence company are to be treated as made, effected or done by or in relation to the new licence company;

(c) that (so far as may be necessary for the purposes of or in connection with any such transfers) references in any agreement (whether or not in writing) or in any document to, or to any officer of, the existing licence company are to have effect with such modifications as the scheme may specify;

(d) that proceedings commenced by or against the existing licence company are to be continued by or against the new licence company;

(e) that contracts of employment with the existing licence company are not to terminate and that periods of employment with the existing licence company are to count for all purposes as periods of employment with the new licence company;

(f) that disputes about the effect of the scheme between the existing licence company and the new licence company, between either of them and any other licence company or between different companies which are other licence companies are to be referred to such arbitration as may be specified in or determined under the scheme;
(g) that determinations on such arbitrations are conclusive for all purposes;
(h) that certificates given jointly by two or more of the licence companies 
mentioned in paragraph (f) as to the effect of the scheme as between the 
licence companies giving the certificates are conclusive for all purposes.

Commencement Information
1256 Sch. 2 wholly in force at 1.2.2001, see s. 275(1) and S.I. 2001/57, art. 3(1), Sch. 2 Pt. I (subject to the 
transitional provision and saving in Sch. 2 Pt. II)

Effect of air traffic administration order

While an air traffic administration order is in force in relation to an existing licence 
company anything which the company is permitted or required to do—
(a) by paragraph 3 or 10, or
(b) in consequence of any provision of a scheme,
is effective only if it is done on the company’s behalf by its air traffic administrator.

Commencement Information
1258 Sch. 2 wholly in force at 1.2.2001, see s. 275(1) and S.I. 2001/57, art. 3(1), Sch. 2 Pt. I (subject to the 
transitional provision and saving in Sch. 2 Pt. II)
SCHEDULE 3

AIR TRAFFIC ADMINISTRATION ORDERS: NORTHERN IRELAND

Commencement Information

1259 Sch. 3 wholly in force at 1.2.2001, see s. 275(1) and S.I. 2001/57, art. 3(1), Sch. 2 Pt. I (subject to the transitional provision and saving in Sch. 2 Pt. II)

1 In their application to a licence company formed and registered [F562 under the Companies Act 2006 in Northern Ireland], sections 26 to 32 and Schedules 1 and 2 have effect with the modifications made by this Schedule.

Textual Amendments

F562 Words in Sch. 3 para. 1 substituted (1.10.2009) by The Companies Act 2006 (Consequential Amendments, Transitional Provisions and Savings) Order 2009 (S.I. 2009/1941), art. 1(2), Sch. 1 para. 184(8)(a) (with art. 10)

Commencement Information

1260 Sch. 3 wholly in force at 1.2.2001, see s. 275(1) and S.I. 2001/57, art. 3(1), Sch. 2 Pt. I (subject to the transitional provision and saving in Sch. 2 Pt. II)

2 (1) Section 26 is modified as follows.

(2) In subsection (2) for “Part II of the 1986 Act” substitute “ Part III of the 1989 Order ”.

(3) In subsection (5) for “Parts I to VII of the 1986 Act” substitute “ Parts II to VII of the 1989 Order ”.

(4) In subsection (6)—

(a) for “the 1986 Act” substitute “ the 1989 Order ”, and

(b) for “the M140 Insolvency Act 1986” substitute “ the M141 Insolvency (Northern Ireland) Order 1989 ”.

Commencement Information

1261 Sch. 3 wholly in force at 1.2.2001, see s. 275(1) and S.I. 2001/57, art. 3(1), Sch. 2 Pt. I (subject to the transitional provision and saving in Sch. 2 Pt. II)

Marginal Citations

M140 1986 c. 45.

3 (1) Section 28 is modified as follows.

(2) In subsection (3) for paragraph (a) substitute—

“(a) the Secretary of State certifies that but for section 27 it would in his opinion be appropriate for the Department of Enterprise, Trade and Investment to petition for the company’s winding up under Article 104A of the 1989 Order (petition following inspectors’ report etc), and”.

Commencement Information

1262 Sch. 3 wholly in force at 1.2.2001, see s. 275(1) and S.I. 2001/57, art. 3(1), Sch. 2 Pt. I (subject to the transitional provision and saving in Sch. 2 Pt. II)
(3) In subsection (3)(b) for “section 124A” substitute “Article 104A”.

(4) In subsection (6) for “section 123 of the 1986 Act” substitute “Article 103 of the 1989 Order”.

In section 29(5) for “the 1986 Act” substitute “the 1989 Order”.

In subsection (2) for “Section 9(4) and (5) of the 1986 Act” substitute “Article 22(4) and (5) of the 1989 Order”.

In subsection (3)—
- (a) for “Section 10(1), (2), (4) and (5) of the 1986 Act” substitute “Article 23(1), (2) and (4) of the 1989 Order”;
- (b) in paragraphs (a), (b), (c) and (d) for “subsection” substitute “paragraph”.

In subsection (5)—
- (a) for “section 411 of the 1986 Act” substitute “Article 359 of the 1989 Order”, and
- (b) for “Parts I to VII of that Act” substitute “Parts II to VII of that Order”.

For Schedule 1 substitute—

“SCHEDULE 1

AIR TRAFFIC ADMINISTRATION ORDERS: GENERAL

PART I

MODIFICATIONS OF 1989 ORDER

Introduction

This Part of this Schedule applies if an air traffic administration order is made in Northern Ireland.
General application of provisions of 1989 Order

2 Articles 24 to 35 and 39 of the 1989 Order (which relate to administration orders under Part III of that Order) apply with the modifications specified in this Part of this Schedule.

General modifications

3 In those Articles as applied by this Part of this Schedule—
   (a) references to an administration order are to an air traffic administration order, and
   (b) references to an administrator are to an air traffic administrator.

Effect of order

4 In Article 24 of the 1989 Order (effect of order) as applied by this Part of this Schedule—
   (a) the requirement in paragraph (1)(a) that any petition for the winding up of the company shall be dismissed does not prejudice the air traffic administration order if it is made by virtue of section 27 above,
   (b) the reference in paragraph (3)(d) to proceedings includes a reference to any proceedings under or for the purposes of section 20 above, and
   (c) paragraph (3)(d) has effect as if after “its property” there were inserted “, and no right of re-entry or forfeiture may be enforced against the company in respect of any land,.”

Appointment of air traffic administrator

5 In Article 26 of the 1989 Order (appointment of administrator) as applied by this Part of this Schedule for paragraph (3) substitute—

(“) An application for an order under paragraph (2) may be made—
   (a) by the Secretary of State,
   (b) by the CAA with the Secretary of State’s consent,
   (c) by any continuing air traffic administrator of the company, or
   (d) where there is no such air traffic administrator, by the company, the directors or any creditor or creditors of the company. ”

General powers of air traffic administrator

6 (1) Article 27 of the 1989 Order (general powers of administrator) as applied by this Part of this Schedule has effect as follows.

(2) In paragraph (1)(b) the reference to the powers specified in Schedule 1 to the 1989 Order includes a reference to a power to act on behalf of the company—
   (a) for the purposes of this Part, or
   (b) for the purposes of the exercise or performance of any power or duty which is conferred or imposed on the company by virtue of its holding a licence.
(3) In paragraph (4) the reference to a power conferred by the company’s [\[F563\] articles of association] includes a reference to a power conferred by virtue of the company’s holding a licence.

**Power to deal with charged property**

7  (1) Article 28 of the 1989 Order (power to deal with charged property) as applied by this Part of this Schedule has effect as follows.

(2) In paragraph (2) for “the purpose or one or more of the purposes specified in the administration order” substitute “one or both of the purposes of the administration order”.

(3) In paragraph (5)(b) for “in the open market by a willing vendor” substitute “for the best price which is reasonably available on a sale which is consistent with the purposes of the air traffic administration order”.

**Duties of air traffic administrator**

8  (1) Article 29 of the 1989 Order (duties of administrator) as applied by this Part of this Schedule has effect as follows.

(2) For paragraph (2) substitute—

“(1) Subject to any directions of the High Court, it shall be the duty of the air traffic administrator to manage the affairs, business and property of the company in accordance with proposals under Article 35 as they are revised from time to time.”

(3) In paragraph (3) omit sub-paragraph (a).

**Discharge of order**

9  (1) Article 30 of the 1989 Order (discharge and variation of administration order) as applied by this Part of this Schedule has effect as follows.

(2) For paragraphs (1) and (2) substitute—

“(1) An application for an air traffic administration order to be discharged may be made—

(a) by the air traffic administrator, on the ground that the purposes of the order have been achieved; or

(b) by the Secretary of State or (with his consent) by the CAA, on the ground that it is no longer necessary that those purposes are achieved.”

(3) In paragraph (3) omit the words “or vary”.

(4) In paragraph (4)—

(a) omit the words “or varied” and “or variation”, and

(b) after “to the registrar” insert “, to the CAA and to the Secretary of State”.
Notice of making of order

10 In Article 33(2) of the 1989 Order (notice of order to be given by administrator) as applied by this Part of this Schedule after “to the registrar” insert “, to the CAA, to the Secretary of State”.

Statement of proposals

11 In Article 35 of the 1989 Order (statement of proposals) as applied by this Part of this Schedule for paragraphs (1) and (2) substitute—

“(“) Where an air traffic administration order has been made, the air traffic administrator shall, within 3 months (or such longer period as the High Court may allow) after the making of the order, send a statement of his proposals for achieving the purposes of the order—

(a) to the Secretary of State,
(b) to the CAA,
(c) to all creditors of the company (so far as he is aware of their addresses), and
(d) to the registrar.

(2) The air traffic administrator may from time to time revise those proposals.

(2A) If the air traffic administrator proposes to make revisions which appear to him to be substantial, he shall before making them send a statement of the proposed revisions—

(a) to the Secretary of State,
(b) to the CAA,
(c) to all creditors of the company (so far as he is aware of their addresses), and
(d) to the registrar.

(2B) The air traffic administrator shall give a copy of any statement under paragraph (1) or (2A) to all members of the company before the end of the period described in paragraph (1) or, as the case may be, before making the revisions.

(2C) The requirement in paragraph (2B) is satisfied if the administrator—

(a) sends a copy of the statement to all members of the company (so far as he is aware of their addresses), or
(b) publishes in the prescribed manner a notice stating an address to which members should write for copies of the statement to be sent to them free of charge. ”

Applications to court

12 (1) Article 39 of the 1989 Order (protection of interests of creditors and members) as applied by this Part of this Schedule has effect as follows.

(2) After paragraph (1) insert—
(“) If a creditor or member of the company makes an application under paragraph (1), the court shall give notice of the application to the Secretary of State, who shall be entitled to be heard by the court in connection with the application.

(1B) At any time when an air traffic administration order is in force the Secretary of State or (with his consent) the CAA may apply to the court by petition for an order under this Article on one or both of the following grounds.

(1C) The first ground is that the air traffic administrator has exercised or is exercising or proposing to exercise his powers in relation to the company in a manner which will not best ensure the achievement of the purposes of the order.

(1D) The second ground is that he has exercised or is exercising or proposing to exercise his powers in relation to the company in a manner which involves a contravention of—

(a) a condition of the licence granted under Chapter I of Part I of the Transport Act 2000, or
(b) a duty imposed by section 8(1) of that Act, or
(c) any other requirement imposed on the company by virtue of its holding the licence."

(3) Omit paragraph (3).

(4) In paragraph (4) omit the words “Subject to paragraph (3),”.

(5) After that paragraph insert—

(“) Provision may be made by virtue of paragraph (4)(d) that the air traffic administration order is to be discharged from such date as may be specified in the order unless, before that date, such measures are taken as the court thinks fit for the purpose of protecting the interests of creditors."

(6) For paragraph (6) substitute—

(“) Where an air traffic administration order is discharged, the air traffic administrator shall within 14 days after the date on which the discharge takes effect send [F564 a copy] of the order under this Article—

(a) to the Secretary of State,
(b) to the CAA, and
(c) to the registrar;

and if, without reasonable excuse, the air traffic administrator contravenes this paragraph, he shall be guilty of an offence and, for continued contravention, he shall be guilty of a continuing offence.”
PART II

OTHER PROVISIONS

General adaptations

13 (1) References in the 1989 Order (except in Articles 21 to 23 and 36 to 38), or in any other enactment passed before the day on which this Act is passed, to an administration order under Part III of that Order, to an application for such an order and to an administrator include references (respectively) to an air traffic administration order, to an application for an air traffic administration order and to an air traffic administrator.

(2) References in the 1989 Order, or in any other enactment passed before the day on which this Act is passed, to an enactment contained in Part III of that Order include references to that enactment as applied by section 30 above or Part I of this Schedule.

(3) But—
   (a) sub-paragraph (1) applies in relation to a reference in an enactment contained in Part III of the 1989 Order only so far as necessary for the purposes of the operation of the provisions of that Part as so applied;
   (b) sub-paragraphs (1) and (2) apply subject to Part I of this Schedule.

Saving

14 The provisions of this Schedule are without prejudice to the power conferred by Article 359 of the 1989 Order (insolvency rules) as modified by paragraph 13(1) and (2).

Interpretation

15 (1) In this Schedule “the 1989 Order” means the Insolvency (Northern Ireland) Order 1989.

(2) For the purposes of this Schedule and any modification of the 1989 Order made by this Schedule—
   (a) an air traffic administration order is an order made under section 27 or 28 above;
   (b) an air traffic administrator is a person appointed by the court to achieve the purposes of an air traffic administration order;
   (c) the CAA is the Civil Aviation Authority.”
The Civil Aviation Act 1982 shall be amended as follows.

Acquisition of land: air traffic services licence holders.

2 After section 42 (acquisition of land by CAA) insert the following—

Acquisition of land: air traffic services licence holders.

(1) A licence holder may be authorised by the Secretary of State to acquire land in Great Britain compulsorily for any purpose connected with the carrying out of the activities authorised by the licence.

(2) Where a licence holder proposes to acquire, otherwise than by agreement, any land in Northern Ireland—

(a) which is required by the licence holder for any purpose connected with the carrying out of the activities authorised by the licence, or

(b) as to which it can reasonably be foreseen that it will be so required, the licence holder may apply to the Secretary of State for an order vesting the land in it, and the Secretary of State shall have power to make such an order.

(3) The Secretary of State shall not grant an authorisation under subsection (1) or an order under subsection (2) to a licence holder in respect of land which is owned by another licence holder who—

(a) is using it, or

(b) will, in the opinion of the Secretary of State, use it at some time in the period of five years beginning with the date on which he receives the request for the authorisation or order.

(4) A reference in subsection (3) to use of land by a licence holder is a reference to use for a purpose connected with the carrying out of the activities authorised by the licence.
(5) The following provisions of section 42 shall apply for the purposes of this section in relation to a licence holder as they apply for the purposes of that section in relation to the CAA—
   (a) in subsection (1), the words from “and the following enactments” to the end,
   (b) subsection (3),
   (c) subsection (5) (with the reference to acquisition for the purposes of the CAA’s undertaking being construed as a reference to acquisition in connection with the carrying out of the activities authorised by the licence), and
   (d) subsection (6).”

3 In section 43(1) (rights over land to bind grantor’s successors) after paragraph (b) insert—
   “or,
   (c) for any purpose connected with the carrying out of the activities authorised by the licence, to a licence holder.”

4 (1) Section 44 (power to obtain rights over land) shall be amended as follows.
   (2) In subsection (6) after paragraph (b) insert—
   “and
   (c) if the relevant authority in whose favour the order was made is a licence holder, the licence holder.”
   (3) For subsection (7) substitute—
   “(7) The ownership of anything shall not be affected by reason only that it is placed on or under, or affixed, to, any land in pursuance of any such order.

   (7A) So long as any such order is in force, no person shall, except with the necessary consent, wilfully interfere—
   (a) with any works carried out on any land in pursuance of the order, or
   (b) with anything installed on, under, over or across any land in pursuance of the order.

   (7B) The necessary consent is—
   (a) if the relevant authority in whose favour the order is made is the Secretary of State or Eurocontrol, the consent of the Secretary of State,
   (b) if that relevant authority is the CAA, the consent of the Secretary of State or the CAA, and
   (c) if that relevant authority is a licence holder, the consent of the licence holder.”

   (4) In subsection (12) the following shall be inserted after paragraph (c)—
   “and
   (d) a licence holder;”.

5 In section 46(10) (control over land: relevant authorities) after paragraph (d) insert—
“and
(e) a licence holder (within the meaning of section 105(1) below);”.

6 (1) Section 48 (Secretary of State’s powers in respect of highways, &c.) shall be amended as follows.

(2) In subsection (1) for “or the CAA” substitute (in each place) “, the CAA or a licence holder”.

(3) In subsection (9) after “the CAA” insert (in each place) “ or a licence holder ”.

7 In section 49 (acquisition of land for purpose related to highway) after subsection (3) insert—
“(3A) A licence holder’s power of acquiring land compulsorily under this Act may be exercised for the purpose of providing or improving any highway which is to be provided or improved in pursuance of an order made under section 48(1) above in relation to land which is vested in the licence holder or which the licence holder proposes to acquire or for any other purpose for which land is required in connection with such an order.”

8 (1) Section 50 (powers of entry) shall be amended as follows.

(2) In subsection (1)(a), (b) and (c) after “the CAA” insert “ or a licence holder ”.

(3) In subsection (1)(d) after “the CAA” insert “ a licence holder (within the meaning of section 105(1) below)”.

(4) In subsection (3)(a), (b) and (c) for “or the CAA” substitute “, the CAA or a licence holder”.

(5) In subsection (7) for paragraph (a) substitute—
“(a) in a case falling within subsection (1)(a) to (c) above in respect of the CAA, the CAA,
(aa) in a case falling within subsection (1)(a) to (c) above in respect of a licence holder, the licence holder, ”.

9 In section 51(7)(a) (statutory undertakers) after “the CAA” insert “ or a licence holder ”.

10 (1) Section 52 (displacements from land) shall be amended as follows.

(2) After subsection (1)(c) (and before the word “or”) insert—
“(ca) a licence holder has acquired land for purposes connected with the carrying out of the activities authorised by the licence;”.

(3) In subsection (2)(a) for “or (c)” substitute “, (c) or (ca)”.

(4) In subsection (3)(a) after “(c)” insert “, (ca)”.

11 (1) Section 53 (planning decisions: compensation) shall be amended as follows.

(2) In subsection (1)—
(a) for “entitled to recover from the CAA” substitute “ entitled to recover from the relevant person ”,
(b) for paragraph (b)(iii) substitute—
“(iii) to secure the safe and efficient operation of apparatus which is in the possession of a licence holder.”.
holder and is provided for the purpose of the activities authorised by the licence.”

(3) In subsection (2) for “shall pay the CAA” substitute “shall refund to the person who paid that sum”.

(4) In subsection (3)—

(a) for “such a need as aforesaid in respect of an aerodrome or apparatus owned by the CAA,” substitute “a need referred to in subsection (1)(b)(i) to (iii),”,

(b) for “given to the CAA” substitute “given to the relevant person”, and

(c) for “require the CAA” substitute “require the relevant person”.

(5) In subsection (4) for “the CAA” substitute (in each place) “the relevant person”.

(6) In subsection (7) for paragraph (b) and the words following it substitute—

“(b) the decision would not have been taken but for the need to secure the safe and efficient operation of apparatus which is in the possession of a licence holder and is provided for the purpose of the activities authorised by the licence,

the Department shall be entitled to recover from the licence holder a sum equal to that compensation.”

(7) In subsection (8) for “the CAA” substitute “the licence holder”.

(8) After subsection (9) insert—

“(10) The relevant person for the purposes of this section is—

(a) in a case to which subsection (1)(b)(i) or (ii) applies, the CAA, and

(b) in a case to which subsection (1)(b)(iii) applies, the licence holder.”

12 In section 54(2) (consecrated land and burial grounds) for “in relation to any land acquired by the CAA” substitute “in relation to any land—

(a) acquired by the CAA, or

(b) acquired by a licence holder for purposes connected with the carrying out of the activities authorised by the licence”.

13 (1) Section 55 (registration of orders, &c.) shall be amended as follows.

(2) In subsection (5) after “the CAA” insert “or a licence holder”.

(3) In subsection (7)(a) after sub-paragraph (ii) (and after the word “and”) insert—

“(iii) if the order is made in favour of a licence holder, the licence holder; and”.

(4) In subsection (7)(c) after sub-paragraph (i) (and before the word “and”) insert—

“(ia) if the order is made in respect of a licence holder, the licence holder;”.

14 In section 105(1) (interpretation) after the definition of “the Lands Tribunal” insert—

“‘licence holder’ means a person who holds a licence under Chapter I of Part I of the Transport Act 2000 (air traffic services);”.

15 In Schedule 6 (modifications of Schedule 6 to the M144 Local Government Act (Northern Ireland) 1972)—
(a) in paragraph 2 after “Civil Aviation Authority” insert “or (as the case may be) the licence holder “,
(b) in paragraph 4 after “Civil Aviation Authority” insert “or a person who holds a licence under Chapter I of Part I of the Transport Act 2000 (“a licence holder”)”, and
(c) in paragraphs 5 and 6 after “Civil Aviation Authority” (in each place) insert “or (as the case may be) the licence holder “.

16 (1) Schedule 7 (certain orders under Part II: supplementary) shall be amended as follows.

(2) For the words “the CAA”—
(a) substitute “the CAA or a licence holder” in paragraph 1(1), in the first place where the words appear in paragraph 1(2), and in paragraph 12(2)(a), and
(b) substitute “the CAA or the licence holder” in the second place where the words appear in paragraph 1(2).

(3) After paragraph 5(2)(a) insert—
“(aa) the licence holder in the case of an order under section 44 of this Act made in favour of a licence holder;”.

(4) After paragraph 12(2)(b) insert—
“(c) from the licence holder in the case of an order made in favour of a licence holder.”

17 In Schedule 13 (subordinate instruments), in Part I after the entry for section 42(2) insert—
“Section 42A(2) (order vesting land in licence holder).”

SCHEDULE 5

LICENSE HOLDERS AS STATUTORY UNDERTAKERS

Miscellaneous enactments

1 (1) For the purposes of the provisions mentioned in sub-paragraph (2)—
(a) a licence holder carrying out activities authorised by its licence is to be taken to be a statutory undertaker;
(b) its undertaking as licence holder is to be taken to be a statutory undertaking.

(2) The provisions are—
(a) the Acquisition of Land (Authorisation Procedure) (Scotland) Act 1947;
(b) section 4 of the Requisitioned Land and War Works Act 1948;
(c) the National Parks and Access to the Countryside Act 1949;
(d) the Reserve and Auxiliary Forces (Protection of Civil Interests) Act 1951;
Public health

2 (1) The provisions mentioned in sub-paragraph (2) apply in relation to—

(a) a licence holder carrying out activities authorised by its licence, and
(b) any property which is owned by the licence holder,

as they apply in relation to a railway company and its railway.

(2) The provisions are—

(a) section 330 of the *Public Health Act 1936* (power of certain undertakers in England and Wales to alter sewers);
(b) section 333 of that Act (protection of certain undertakings in England and Wales from works executed under that Act);
(c) section 107 of the Public Health (Scotland) Act 1897 (protection of certain undertakings in Scotland from works connected with sewers).

Marginal Citations
M159 1936 c. 49.
M160 1897 c. 38.

Civil defence

Textual Amendments
F567 Sch. 5 para. 3 repealed (14.11.2005) by Civil Contingencies Act 2004 (c. 36), s. 34(1), Sch. 3; S.I. 2005/2040, art. 3(r)

Pipe-lines

4 (1) For the purposes of the Pipe-lines Act 1962—
(a) a licence holder carrying out activities authorised by its licence is to be taken to be a statutory undertaker;
(b) its undertaking as licence holder is to be taken to be a statutory undertaking.

(2) For the purposes of section 13 of the 1962 Act, in relation to a licence holder operational land is land—
(a) which is used by the licence holder, or by a company associated with it, for the purpose of carrying out activities authorised by the licence, or
(b) in which the licence holder, or a company associated with it, holds an interest for that purpose.

(3) If for the purposes of section 13 of the 1962 Act a question arises whether land is operational land in relation to a licence holder the question must be decided by the Secretary of State.

Marginal Citations
M161 1962 c. 58.

New towns

5 (1) Section 79 of the New Towns Act 1981 (meaning of statutory undertakers and operational land) shall be amended as follows.

(2) In subsection (1) after “the Civil Aviation Authority,” insert “or
(a) a person who holds a licence under Chapter I of Part I of the Transport Act 2000 (air traffic services),”.

(3) After subsection (1) insert—
“(1A) For the purposes of this Act—
   (a) a person who holds a licence under Chapter I of Part I of the Transport Act 2000 shall not be considered to be a statutory undertaker unless the person is carrying out activities authorised by the licence;
   (b) the person’s undertaking shall not be considered to be a statutory undertaking except to the extent that it is the person’s undertaking as licence holder.”

(4) In subsection (3) after paragraph (b) insert—
   “(ba) in relation to a person who holds a licence under Chapter I of Part I of the Transport Act 2000, means any land which is used by the licence holder (or by a company associated with it) for the purpose of carrying out activities authorised by the licence or land in which the licence holder (or a company associated with it) holds an interest for that purpose.”

(5) After subsection (3) insert—
   “(4) If for the purposes of this Act a question arises whether land is operational land in relation to a person who holds a licence under Chapter I of Part I of the Transport Act 2000 the question must be decided by the Secretary of State.”

Marginal Citations
M162 1981 c. 64.

Planning

6 (1) Section 262 of the Town and Country Planning Act 1990 (meaning of statutory undertakers) shall be amended as follows.

(2) In subsection (3) for “and the Civil Aviation Authority” substitute “, the Civil Aviation Authority and a person who holds a licence under Chapter I of Part I of the Transport Act 2000 (air traffic services)”.

(3) In subsection (5)(b) for “and the Civil Aviation Authority” substitute “, the Civil Aviation Authority and a person who holds a licence under Chapter I of Part I of the Transport Act 2000 (air traffic services)”.

(4) After subsection (5) insert—
   “(5A) For the purposes of this Act—
   (a) a person who holds a licence under Chapter I of Part I of the Transport Act 2000 shall not be considered to be a statutory undertaker unless the person is carrying out activities authorised by the licence;
   (b) the person’s undertaking shall not be considered to be a statutory undertaking except to the extent that it is the person’s undertaking as licence holder.”
In section 263 of the Town and Country Planning Act 1990 (meaning of operational land) after subsection (2) insert—

“(2A) Subsection (1) does not apply in relation to a person who holds a licence under Chapter I of Part I of the Transport Act 2000.

(2B) Subject to section 264, in this Act “operational land” means, in relation to a person who holds a licence under Chapter I of Part I of the Transport Act 2000, land—

(a) which is used by the licence holder, or by a company associated with it, for the purpose of carrying out activities authorised by the licence, or

(b) in which the licence holder, or a company associated with it, holds an interest for that purpose.

(2C) If for the purposes of this Act a question arises whether land is operational land in relation to a person who holds a licence under Chapter I of Part I of the Transport Act 2000 the question must be decided by the Secretary of State.”

In section 91(3) of the Planning (Listed Buildings and Conservation Areas) Act 1990 (meaning of statutory undertakers) in paragraph (b) after “the Civil Aviation Authority,” there shall be inserted “ a person who holds a licence under Chapter I of Part I of the Transport Act 2000 (to the extent that the person is carrying out activities authorised by the licence), ”.

In section 39(6) of the Planning (Hazardous Substances) Act 1990 (persons deemed to be statutory undertakers) after “the Civil Aviation Authority” there shall be inserted “, a person who holds a licence under Chapter I of Part I of the Transport Act 2000 (to the extent that the person is carrying out activities authorised by the licence) ”.

(1) Section 214 of the Town and Country Planning (Scotland) Act 1997 (meaning of statutory undertakers) shall be amended as follows.
(2) In subsection (3) for “and the Civil Aviation Authority” substitute “, the Civil Aviation Authority and a person who holds a licence under Chapter I of Part I of the Transport Act 2000 (air traffic services)”.

(3) In subsection (5)(b) for “and the Civil Aviation Authority” substitute “, the Civil Aviation Authority and a person who holds a licence under Chapter I of Part I of the Transport Act 2000 (air traffic services)”.

(4) After subsection (5) insert—

“(5A) For the purposes of this Act—

(a) a person who holds a licence under Chapter I of Part I of the Transport Act 2000 shall not be considered to be a statutory undertaker unless the person is carrying out activities authorised by the licence;

(b) the person’s undertaking shall not be considered to be a statutory undertaking except to the extent that it is the person’s undertaking as licence holder.”

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Marginal Citations
M167 1997 c. 8.

11 In section 215 of the Town and Country Planning (Scotland) Act 1997 (meaning of operational land) after subsection (2) insert—

“(2A) Subsection (1) does not apply in relation to a person who holds a licence under Chapter I of Part I of the Transport Act 2000.

(2B) Subject to section 216, in this Act “operational land” means, in relation to a person who holds a licence under Chapter I of Part I of the Transport Act 2000, land—

(a) which is used by the licence holder, or by a company associated with it, for the purpose of carrying out activities authorised by the licence, or

(b) in which the licence holder, or a company associated with it, holds an interest for that purpose.

(2C) If for the purposes of this Act a question arises whether land is operational land in relation to a person who holds a licence under Chapter I of Part I of the Transport Act 2000 the question must be decided by the Secretary of State.”

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Marginal Citations
M168 1997 c. 8.

12 In section 81(3) of the Planning (Listed Buildings and Conservation Areas) (Scotland) Act 1997 (meaning of statutory undertakers) in paragraph (b) after “the Civil Aviation Authority,” there shall be inserted “ a person who holds a licence under Chapter I of Part I of the Transport Act 2000 (to the extent that the person is carrying out activities authorised by the licence), ”.

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Status: This version of the Act contains provisions that are prospective.

Changes to legislation: Transport Act 2000 is up to date with all changes known to be in force on or before 11 October 2019. There are changes that may be brought into force at a future date. Changes that have been made appear in the content and are referenced with annotations. (See end of Document for details) View outstanding changes
Marginal Citations
M169 1997 c. 9.

13 In section 38(5) of the Planning (Hazardous Substances) (Scotland) Act 1997 (persons deemed to be statutory undertakers) after “the Civil Aviation Authority” there shall be inserted “, a person who holds a licence under Chapter I of Part I of the Transport Act 2000 (to the extent that the person is carrying out activities authorised by the licence)”.

Marginal Citations
M170 1997 c. 10.

Water and drainage

14 In Schedule 13 to the Water Industry Act 1991 (protection of undertakings) in paragraph 1(5) after paragraph (j) there shall be inserted—
“(k) the undertaking of a person who holds a licence under Chapter I of Part I of the Transport Act 2000 (air traffic services) to the extent that it is the person’s undertaking as licence holder.”

Marginal Citations
M171 1991 c. 56.

15 In Schedule 22 to the Water Resources Act 1991 (protection of undertakings) in paragraph 1(4) after paragraph (j) there shall be inserted—
“(k) the undertaking of a person who holds a licence under Chapter I of Part I of the Transport Act 2000 (air traffic services) to the extent that it is the person’s undertaking as licence holder.”

Marginal Citations
M172 1991 c. 57.

16 In Schedule 6 to the Land Drainage Act 1991 (protection of undertakings) in paragraph 1(1) after paragraph (j) there shall be inserted—
“(k) the undertaking of a person who holds a licence under Chapter I of Part I of the Transport Act 2000 (air traffic services) to the extent that it is the person’s undertaking as licence holder.”

Marginal Citations
SCHEDULE 6 – Transfer schemes

Development

Textual Amendments

**F568** Sch. 5 para. 17 repealed (1.12.2008) by Housing and Regeneration Act 2008 (c. 17), s. 325(1), Sch. 16; S.I. 2008/3068, art. 5, Sch. (with arts. 6-13)

**F569** Sch. 5 para. 18 repealed (1.7.2012 at 0.02 a.m.) by Public Bodies Act 2011 (c. 24), s. 38(3), Sch. 6; S.I. 2012/1662, art. 2(2)(b)

Coal mining subsidence

In section 52(1) of the Coal Mining Subsidence Act 1991 (interpretation) in paragraph (b) of the entry relating to statutory undertakers after “the Civil Aviation Authority” there shall be inserted “, any person who holds a licence under Chapter I of Part I of the Transport Act 2000 (to the extent that the person is carrying out activities authorised by the licence) ”.

Marginal Citations

M174 1991 c. 45.

SCHEDULE 6

Section 63.

TRANSFER SCHEMES

Allocation

1 (1) Paragraphs 2 and 3 apply if the following two conditions are satisfied.

(2) The first condition is that—

(a) provision is made by a transfer scheme for the transfer to a transferee of a specified part of a transferor’s undertaking, or

(b) provision is made by a transfer scheme (or transfer schemes) for the transfer to different transferees of different specified parts of a transferor’s undertaking.

(3) The second condition is that any property, right or liability falls partly in one part of the undertaking and partly in another or others; and the parts of the undertaking are—

(a) the part (or each part) transferred, and

(b) if a part is retained by the transferor, that part.

(4) In paragraphs 2 and 3 references to the parties are to—
(a) the transferee or transferees concerned, and
(b) the transferor (if he retains part of the undertaking).

(5) Paragraphs 2 and 3 do not apply to rights or liabilities under a contract of employment.
(5) The preceding provisions of this paragraph apply subject to any arrangements made by the parties as to the protection of the interests of any of them.

Commencement Information
1268 Sch. 6 paras. 1-25 wholly in force at 1.2.2001, see s. 275(1) and S.I. 2001/57, art. 3(1), Sch. 2 Pt. I (subject to the transitional provision and saving in Sch. 2 Pt. II)

Identification

4 (1) Paragraphs 5 to 7 apply if—
   (a) provision is made by a transfer scheme for the transfer to a transferee of a specified part of a transferor’s undertaking, or
   (b) provision is made by a transfer scheme (or transfer schemes) for the transfer to different transferees of different specified parts of a transferor’s undertaking.

   (2) It is immaterial whether or not the second condition set out in paragraph 1 is satisfied.

   (3) In paragraphs 5 to 7 references to the parties are to—
      (a) the transferee or transferees concerned, and
      (b) the transferor (if he retains part of the undertaking).

   (4) Paragraphs 5 to 7 do not apply to rights or liabilities under a contract of employment.

Commencement Information
1269 Sch. 6 paras. 1-25 wholly in force at 1.2.2001, see s. 275(1) and S.I. 2001/57, art. 3(1), Sch. 2 Pt. I (subject to the transitional provision and saving in Sch. 2 Pt. II)

5 (1) The parties must, so far as practicable, make any written agreement necessary or expedient to identify what is to be taken to have been transferred to whom and what (if anything) is to be taken to have been retained.

   (2) The duty under sub-paragraph (1) has effect before as well as after the coming into force of any transfer scheme concerned.

Commencement Information
1270 Sch. 6 paras. 1-25 wholly in force at 1.2.2001, see s. 275(1) and S.I. 2001/57, art. 3(1), Sch. 2 Pt. I (subject to the transitional provision and saving in Sch. 2 Pt. II)

6 (1) If the Secretary of State thinks it is unlikely that agreement will be reached on a matter where agreement is required under paragraph 5 he may serve a notice on the parties.

   (2) A notice may be served—
      (a) whether or not representations are made by a party;
      (b) before or after the coming into force of any transfer scheme concerned.

   (3) A notice may specify the terms of the agreement which the Secretary of State thinks the parties should have made under paragraph 5 in relation to the matter concerned.
(4) If a notice is served under this paragraph the parties are to be treated as having made an agreement in the terms specified.

Commencement Information

| 1271 | Sch. 6 paras. 1-25 wholly in force at 1.2.2001, see ss. 275(1) and S.I. 2001/57, art. 3(1), Sch. 2 Pt. I (subject to the transitional provision and saving in Sch. 2 Pt. II) |

7

(1) This paragraph applies if—
   
   (a) an agreement made under paragraph 5, or
   
   (b) an agreement treated as made by paragraph 6,
   
   contains provision to the effect that any property, right or liability is to be taken to have been transferred to a transferee.

(2) The property, right or liability is to be treated as having been transferred to the transferee by the scheme concerned (or, if there are two or more schemes, such of them as the agreement specifies).

Commencement Information

| 1272 | Sch. 6 paras. 1-25 wholly in force at 1.2.2001, see ss. 275(1) and S.I. 2001/57, art. 3(1), Sch. 2 Pt. I (subject to the transitional provision and saving in Sch. 2 Pt. II) |

Discharge of functions

8

(1) Paragraphs 9 and 10 apply if—

   (a) provision is made by a transfer scheme for the transfer to a transferee of a specified part of a transferor’s undertaking, or
   
   (b) provision is made by a transfer scheme (or transfer schemes) for the transfer to different transferees of different specified parts of a transferor’s undertaking.

(2) It is immaterial whether or not the second condition set out in paragraph 1 is satisfied.

(3) In paragraphs 9 and 10 references to the parties are to—

   (a) the transferee or transferees concerned, and
   
   (b) the transferor (if he retains part of the undertaking).

(4) Paragraphs 9 and 10 do not apply to rights or liabilities under a contract of employment.

(5) Sub-paragraph (6) applies if at the time a transfer scheme comes into force a transferor or transferee under the scheme is—

   (a) a company which is wholly owned by the Crown;
   
   (b) a company which is wholly owned by the CAA;
   
   (c) a company which is a wholly owned subsidiary of a company falling within paragraph (a) or (b).

(6) Paragraphs 9 and 10 cease to apply in relation to the scheme concerned at the time when the transferor or any one of the transferees under the scheme ceases to be a company which falls within any of paragraphs (a) to (c) of sub-paragraph (5).
9 (1) The parties must, so far as practicable, make any written agreement and execute any other instrument necessary or expedient to—
   (a) give to any party (as against another or others) any rights and safeguards needed for carrying out the party’s functions;
   (b) modify the division of the transferor’s undertaking in order to help the parties in carrying out their functions.

(2) An agreement or instrument under sub-paragraph (1) may provide—
   (a) for the granting of leases and for the creation of other rights and liabilities over land (whether or not amounting in law to interests in land and whether or not involving the surrender of any existing interest or the creation of a new interest);
   (b) for the granting of indemnities in connection with the severance of leases and other matters;
   (c) for responsibility for registration of any matter in any statutory register.

(3) The duty under sub-paragraph (1) has effect before as well as after the coming into force of any transfer scheme concerned.

10 (1) If the Secretary of State thinks it is unlikely that agreement will be reached on a matter where agreement is required under paragraph 9 he may serve a notice on the parties.

(2) A notice may be served—
   (a) whether or not representations are made by a party;
   (b) before or after the coming into force of any transfer scheme concerned.

(3) A notice may specify the terms of the agreement which the Secretary of State thinks the parties should have made under paragraph 9 in relation to the matter concerned.

(4) If a notice is served under this paragraph the parties are to be treated as having made an agreement in the terms specified.

11 (1) If a transfer scheme provides for property, rights or liabilities to be transferred from a transferor to a transferee, they may agree that such of the property, rights or liabilities
SCHEDULE 6 – Transfer schemes

(1) This paragraph applies if on a transfer under a transfer scheme a transferor is entitled to retain possession of any document relating in part to the title to, or to the management of, any land or other property transferred to a transferee.

(2) If the land or other property is situated in England and Wales—
   (a) the transferor is to be treated as having given the transferee an acknowledgement in writing of the transferee’s right to production of the document and to delivery of copies of it, and
   (b) section 64 of the \textit{M175} Law of Property Act 1925 (production and safe custody of documents) is to apply to the acknowledgement and is to apply on the basis that the acknowledgement does not contain an expression of contrary intention.

(3) If the land or other property is situated in Scotland, subsections (1) and (2) of section 16 of the \textit{M176} Land Registration (Scotland) Act 1979 (omission of certain
clauses in deeds) is to have effect in relation to the transfer as if the transfer had been effected by deed and as if from each of those subsections the words “unless specially qualified” were omitted.

(4) If the land or other property is situated in Northern Ireland—

(a) the transferor is to be treated as having given the transferee an acknowledgement in writing of the transferee’s right to production of the document and to delivery of copies of it, and

(b) section 9 of the M177 Conveyancing Act 1881 (which corresponds to section 64 of the M178 Law of Property Act 1925) is to apply to the acknowledgement and is to apply on the basis that the acknowledgement does not contain an expression of contrary intention.

Commencement Information

1277 Sch. 6 paras. 1-25 wholly in force at 1.2.2001, see s. 275(1) and S.I. 2001/57, art. 3(1), Sch. 2 Pt. I (subject to the transitional provision and saving in Sch. 2 Pt. II)

Marginal Citations

M175 1925 c. 20.
M176 1979 c. 33.
M177 1881 c. 41.
M178 1925 c. 20.

Foreign property, rights and liabilities

13 (1) This paragraph applies if a transfer scheme provides for the transfer of foreign property, rights or liabilities from a transferor to a transferee.

(2) The transferor and the transferee must take such steps as may be necessary to secure that the vesting of the property, rights or liabilities in the transferee is effective under the relevant foreign law; and the transferor must take the steps at such times as the transferee may specify in directions given to the transferor.

(3) Until the vesting of the property, rights or liabilities in the transferee is effective under the relevant foreign law, the transferor must—

(a) hold the property or rights for the transferee’s benefit, or

(b) discharge the liabilities on the transferee’s behalf.

(4) The transferor is to have all powers necessary for the performance of his duty under sub-paragraph (2), but the transferee must act on the transferor’s behalf (so far as possible) in the performance of that duty.

(5) Nothing in sub-paragraphs (2) to (4) affects the law of the United Kingdom (or of any part of the United Kingdom) as it applies to the vesting of the property, rights or liabilities in the transferee by virtue of the transfer scheme.

(6) References in this paragraph to foreign property, rights or liabilities are references to property, rights or liabilities as respects which any issue arising in any proceedings would be determined (in accordance with the rules of private international law) by reference to the law of a country or territory outside the United Kingdom.
(7) The transferee must meet any expenses incurred by the transferor in consequence of this paragraph.

(8) Duties imposed on the transferor or the transferee by this paragraph are enforceable in the same way as if they were imposed by a contract between them.

Certificates

14 (1) This paragraph applies if—

(a) a transfer scheme provides for the transfer of property, rights or liabilities from a transferor to a transferee, and

(b) a certificate falling within sub-paragraph (2) is made jointly by or on behalf of the parties.

(2) A certificate falls within this sub-paragraph if it certifies that any specified property, right or liability—

(a) was intended to be, and was, vested in the transferee by virtue of the transfer, and

(b) has not been the subject of an agreement under paragraph 11.

(3) The certificate is to be conclusive evidence for all purposes of the facts it certifies.

(4) The reference in sub-paragraph (2) to property includes a reference to an interest in or right over property.

(5) Sub-paragraph (6) applies if—

(a) one of the parties requests the other to join in the preparation of a certificate, and

(b) they fail to agree the terms of a certificate within the period of one month starting with the day of the request.

(6) The parties must—

(a) refer the matter to the Secretary of State, and

(b) issue a certificate in such terms as may be specified in a direction given by him.

(7) The parties are the transferor and the transferee.
(a) he is the transferor (or one of the transferors) under a transfer scheme and holds an interest in land immediately after the scheme comes into force, or

(b) he is the transferee (or one of the transferees) under the scheme and an interest in land is transferred to him under the scheme.

(2) For the purposes of this paragraph the relevant land is any land in which any party has an interest immediately after the scheme comes into force.

(3) On the representation of any of the parties the Secretary of State may give to the parties a direction stating that sub-paragraph (4) is to apply to such of the relevant land as the direction specifies.

(4) While the direction remains in force—

(a) no party may dispose of an interest in any of the specified land unless the Secretary of State consents;

(b) if a party proposes to dispose of such an interest and the Secretary of State thinks it necessary or expedient to exercise any of the powers set out in sub-paragraph (5) for the protection of any other party, the Secretary of State may exercise any of those powers.

(5) The powers are—

(a) power to consent to the proposed disposal subject to compliance with such conditions as the Secretary of State may see fit to impose;

(b) power to require a party to dispose of an interest in any of the specified land to such person and in such manner as may be specified in the requirement;

(c) power to require a party to acquire another party’s interest in any of the specified land.

(6) In sub-paragraph (5)(b) and (c) references to an interest include (but are not limited to) references to the interest whose disposal is proposed.

(7) A person who is not a party and who is dealing with a party (or with a person claiming under a party) in relation to land is not to be concerned to see or enquire—

(a) whether this paragraph applies (or has applied) in relation to any of the land;

(b) whether a direction under this paragraph has been given in relation to any of the land;

(c) whether this paragraph or any condition imposed or requirement made under it has been complied with in connection with the dealing or any other dealing concerning any of the land.

(8) No transaction between a person who is not a party (on the one hand) and a party or a person claiming under a party (on the other) is to be invalid by reason of any failure to comply with this paragraph or any condition imposed or requirement made under it.

Commencement Information

1280 Sch. 6 paras. 1-25 wholly in force at 1.2.2001, see s. 275(1) and S.I. 2001/57, art. 3(1), Sch. 2 Pt. I (subject to the transitional provision and saving in Sch. 2 Pt. II)

Construction of agreements etc

16 (1) This paragraph applies if—
(a) a transfer scheme provides for the transfer of property, rights or liabilities from a transferor to a transferee, and
(b) immediately before the coming into force of the scheme the transferor was entitled or subject to the property, rights or liabilities under an agreement to which he was then a party.

(2) This paragraph applies—
(a) whether or not the agreement is in writing;
(b) whether or not the transferor could assign the property, rights or liabilities.

(3) So far as the agreement relates to the property, rights or liabilities transferred to the transferee, as respects anything falling to be done after the coming into force of the scheme the agreement is to have effect as if—
(a) the transferee had been a party to it instead of the transferor;
(b) a reference to the transferor were a reference to the transferee;
(c) a reference to a person employed by (or engaged in the business of) the transferor and holding a specified office or serving in a specified capacity were a reference to such a person as the transferee may appoint or, in default of appointment, to a person with corresponding functions who is employed by (or engaged in the business of) the transferee;
(d) a reference in general terms to persons employed by, persons engaged in the business of, or agents of, the transferor were a reference to persons employed by, persons engaged in the business of, or agents of, the transferee.

(4) A reference mentioned in sub-paragraph (3)(b) or (c) may be express or implied; and if express it is immaterial how it is worded.

(5) It is immaterial how a reference mentioned in sub-paragraph (3)(d) is worded.

Commencement Information
1281 Sch. 6 paras. 1-25 wholly in force at 1.2.2001, see s. 275(1) and S.I. 2001/57, art. 3(1), Sch. 2 Pt. I (subject to the transitional provision and saving in Sch. 2 Pt. II)
(b) a reference to a person employed by (or engaged in the business of) the
transferor and holding a specified office or serving in a specified capacity
were a reference to such a person as the transferee may appoint or, in default
of appointment, to a person with corresponding functions who is employed
by (or engaged in the business of) the transferee;

(c) a reference in general terms to persons employed by, persons engaged in the
business of, or agents of, the transferor were a reference to persons employed
by, persons engaged in the business of, or agents of, the transferee.

(4) A reference mentioned in sub-paragraph (3)(a) or (b) may be express or implied; and
if express it is immaterial how it is worded.

(5) It is immaterial how a reference mentioned in sub-paragraph (3)(c) is worded.

(6) A reference mentioned in sub-paragraph (3) to the transferor may be a general
reference to a class of persons of which the transferor is one (without the transferor
being named).

(7) For the purposes of this paragraph a statutory provision is a provision contained in
an Act or in a document made or issued under an Act; and here “Act” includes a
private or local Act.

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**Commencement Information**

1282 Sch. 6 paras. 1-25 wholly in force at 1.2.2001, see s. 275(1) and S.I. 2001/57, art. 3(1), Sch. 2 Pt. I
(subject to the transitional provision and saving in Sch. 2 Pt. II)

**Proceedings etc**

18 (1) This paragraph applies if a transfer scheme provides for a transfer from a transferor
to a transferee.

(2) From the coming into force of the scheme the transferee is to have the same rights,
powers and remedies for ascertaining, perfecting or enforcing a right or liability
transferred to him under the scheme as he would have had if the right or liability had
at all times been a right or liability of his.

(3) From the coming into force of the scheme any person (other than the transferee) is to
have the same rights, powers and remedies for ascertaining, perfecting or enforcing
a right or liability transferred to the transferee under the scheme as he would have
had if the right or liability had at all times been a right or liability of the transferee.

(4) The rights and powers which the transferee or any other person is to have include—

   (a) rights and powers as to the taking or resisting of legal proceedings;

   (b) rights and powers as to the making or resisting of applications to an authority.

(5) Sub-paragraph (6) applies if on the coming into force of the scheme legal proceedings
or applications to an authority by or against the transferor are pending.

(6) The proceedings or applications must be continued by or against the transferee (to
the transferor’s exclusion) in so far as they relate—

   (a) to any property, rights or liabilities transferred to the transferee under the
scheme, or
Third parties

(1) This paragraph applies if—

(a) an agreement is made by the parties under paragraph 5 or 9 or treated as made under paragraph 6 or 10, or

(b) an instrument is executed by the parties under paragraph 9.

(2) The agreement or instrument is to bind all other persons even if it would (apart from this sub-paragraph) have required the consent or concurrence of any other person.

(3) If as a result of the agreement or instrument the rights or liabilities of a person who is not a party become enforceable as to part against or by one party and as to part against or by another party—

(a) the parties must notify that person of the agreement or instrument;

(b) that person may within the period of 28 days (starting with the day he is notified) apply to the Secretary of State to give a direction to vary the agreement or instrument.

(4) If the Secretary of State is satisfied that the agreement or instrument operated unfairly against that person, the Secretary of State may give a direction to the parties requiring them to vary the agreement or instrument in a way specified in the direction.
(3) Just compensation must be paid to the third party by one or more of these persons—
   (a) the parties against or by whom the third party’s rights or liabilities become
       enforceable;
   (b) the transferor concerned (if he does not fall within paragraph (a)).

(4) If it appears to the transferor that a person is or may be entitled to compensation the
    transferor must—
   (a) notify the person that he is or may be entitled, and
   (b) invite him to make representations to the transferor within the period of 14
       days starting with the date the notification is made.

(5) But if the transferor does not know the person’s name and address he must instead
    publish (in a manner he thinks is appropriate) a notice which—
   (a) contains information about the property or interest affected, and
   (b) invites any person who thinks he is or may be entitled to compensation
       to make representations to the transferor within the period specified in
       the notice (which must not be less than 28 days starting with the date of
       publication of the notice).

(6) A dispute about whether (or how much) compensation is payable under this
    paragraph, or about who must pay or be paid it, must be referred to and determined
    by—
   (a) an arbitrator appointed by the President of the Royal Institution of Chartered
       Surveyors (if the proceedings are to be held in England and Wales),
   (b) an arbiter appointed by the Chairman of the Royal Institution of Chartered
       Surveyors in Scotland (if the proceedings are to be held in Scotland), or
   (c) an arbitrator appointed by the [F570Chairman of the Royal Institution of
       Chartered Surveyors in Northern Ireland] (if the proceedings are to be held
       in Northern Ireland).

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Textual Amendments
F570 Words in Sch. 6 para. 20(6)(c) substituted (3.4.2006) by Constitutional Reform Act 2005 (c. 4), s. 148(1), Sch. 4 para. 297(2); S.I. 2006/1014, art. 2(a), Sch. 1 para. 11(x)

Commencement Information
I285 Sch. 6 paras. 1-25 wholly in force at 1.2.2001, see s. 275(1) and S.I. 2001/57, art. 3(1), Sch. 2 Pt. I (subject to the transitional provision and saving in Sch. 2 Pt. II)
(3) The third party may apply to the court at any stage in the proceedings on any of these grounds—
   (a) that the issues in the proceedings depend on the identification, with regard to the transferred item, of what has been transferred to whom and what (if anything) has been retained and that the identification has not yet been made;
   (b) that the issues in the proceedings raise a question of construction on the provisions of this Chapter which would not arise if the transferor of the transferred item and the transferee (or transferees) of it constituted a single person.

(4) If it appears to the court that such a ground is established it may hear and determine the proceedings on the first and second bases set out below.

(5) If the transferor of the transferred item is a party to the proceedings, the first basis is that the transferor represents and is answerable for the transferee (or transferees) of the item.

(6) If there is one transferee of the transferred item and he is a party to the proceedings, the first basis is that the transferee represents and is answerable for the transferor of the item.

(7) If there are two or more transferees of the transferred item and they are parties to the proceedings, the first basis is that the transferees represent and are answerable for the transferor of the item.

(8) If there are two or more transferees of the transferred item and one or more of them (but not both or all of them) are parties to the proceedings, the first basis is that—
   (a) the transferee who is a party represents and is answerable for the transferor of the item and for the transferee of it who is not (or the transferees of it who are not) parties, or
   (b) the transferees who are parties represent and are answerable for the transferor of the item and for the transferee of it who is not (or the transferees of it who are not) parties.

(9) The second basis is that the transferor of the transferred item and the transferee (or transferees) of it constitute a single person.

(10) If the court determines the proceedings on the first and second bases any judgment or order of the court is to bind both the transferor and the transferee (or transferees) of the transferred item.

Commencement Information

1286 Sch. 6 paras. 1-25 wholly in force at 1.2.2001, see s. 275(1) and S.I. 2001/57, art. 3(1), Sch. 2 Pt. I
(subject to the transitional provision and saving in Sch. 2 Pt. II)
23  (1) This paragraph applies if a person falling within sub-paragraph (3) (the claimant) claims that—
   (a) he has been prejudiced by paragraph 21,
   (b) another person or other persons falling within sub-paragraph (3) ought to indemnify him, and
   (c) there has been an unreasonable failure by the person (or any of the persons) to indemnify him.

   (2) The claimant may refer the matter to the Secretary of State for determination by him; and a determination must be complied with.

   (3) A person falls within this sub-paragraph if he is a transferor or a transferee under the scheme or schemes concerned.

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24  Paragraphs 11 to 18 and 20 apply whether or not property, rights or liabilities are (or are to be) transferred under the scheme or schemes as a constituent of an undertaking (or part of one).

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25  (1) Paragraphs 12 to 18 and 20 to 24 have effect as if references to a transfer scheme or schemes included references to—
   (a) an agreement or agreements under paragraph 9 or 11;
   (b) an instrument or instruments under paragraph 9;
   (c) an agreement or agreements treated as made under paragraph 10.

   (2) Where paragraph 14 has effect in relation to an agreement under paragraph 11 by virtue of sub-paragraph (1), sub-paragraph (2)(b) of paragraph 14 shall be disregarded.

   (3) Paragraph 19 has effect in relation to an agreement under paragraph 11 as it has effect in relation to an agreement made under paragraph 5 or 9.
(4) Where paragraphs 12 to 24 have effect in relation to—
   (a) an agreement under paragraph 9 or 11,
   (b) an instrument under paragraph 9, or
   (c) an agreement treated as made under paragraph 10,

   references to a transferor or a transferee have effect as references to a transferor or a transferee under the agreement or the instrument.

**Interpretation**

1. In this Schedule—
   “the 1988 Act” means the Income and Corporation Taxes Act 1988;
   “the 1990 Act” means the Capital Allowances Act 1990;
   “the 1992 Act” means the Taxation of Chargeable Gains Act 1992;
   “relevant transfer” means a transfer of property, rights or liabilities under a transfer scheme;
   “transferee” in relation to a relevant transfer means the person to whom the property, rights or liabilities are transferred;
   “transferor” in relation to a relevant transfer means the person from whom the property, rights or liabilities are transferred.

**Chargeable gains: general**

2. (1) For the purposes of the 1992 Act a disposal constituted by a relevant transfer is to be taken (in relation to the transferee as well as the transferor) to be for a consideration such that no gain or loss accrues to the transferor.

   (2) Sub-paragraph (1) has effect subject to the following provisions of this Schedule.
(4) Section 171(1) of the 1992 Act (provision in relation to disposal of assets from one member of a group of companies to another member of the group) does not apply if the disposal in question is constituted by a relevant transfer.

(5) Expressions used in this paragraph and in the 1992 Act have the same meanings in this paragraph as in that Act.

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**Textual Amendments**

| Sch. 7 para. 2(3) | omitted (with effect in accordance with Sch. 2 para. 71 of the amending Act) by virtue of Finance Act 2008 (c. 9), Sch. 2 para. 70(e)(i) |

**Commencement Information**

| Sch. 7 paras. 1-20 | wholly in force at 1.2.2001, see s. 275(1) and S.I. 2001/57, art. 3(1), Sch. 2 Pt. I (subject to the transitional provision and saving in Sch. 2 Pt. II) |

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**Chargeable gains: securities**

3 (1) This paragraph applies if—

(a) assets are transferred to a company under a transfer scheme,

(b) in consequence the Secretary of State gives a direction under section 49 above, and

(c) the company issues securities in accordance with the direction.

(2) For the purposes of the 1992 Act the person to whom the securities are issued is to be treated as acquiring them for a consideration—

(a) provided by him wholly and exclusively for the securities, and

(b) equal to the market value of the assets transferred to the company under the scheme.

(3) This paragraph applies whether or not the person to whom the securities are issued is the person transferring the assets under the scheme.

(4) Expressions used in this paragraph and in the 1992 Act have the same meanings in this paragraph as in that Act.

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**Commencement Information**

| Sch. 7 paras. 1-20 | wholly in force at 1.2.2001, see s. 275(1) and S.I. 2001/57, art. 3(1), Sch. 2 Pt. I (subject to the transitional provision and saving in Sch. 2 Pt. II) |

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4 (1) This paragraph applies if—

(a) the Secretary of State gives a direction under section 57 above requiring the CAA to release a company from liability in respect of debts,

(b) in connection with the direction the Secretary of State gives a direction or directions under section 58 above, and

(c) securities are issued in accordance with the direction or directions under section 58.
(2) Sub-paragraph (3) applies if the direction under section 58 requires securities to be issued to one person only or the directions under that section (taken together) require securities to be issued to one person only; and sub-paragraph (4) applies in any other case.

(3) For the purposes of the 1992 Act the person to whom the securities are issued is to be treated as acquiring them for a consideration—
   (a) provided by him wholly and exclusively for the securities, and
   (b) equal to the amount of the liability affected by the release required by the direction under section 57.

(4) For the purposes of the 1992 Act a person to whom any of the securities are issued is to be treated as acquiring them for a consideration—
   (a) provided by him wholly and exclusively for the securities, and
   (b) equal to such part as is just and reasonable of the amount of the liability affected by the release required by the direction under section 57.

(5) This paragraph applies whether or not the person to whom the securities are issued, or any person to whom any of the securities are issued, is a person transferring anything under the transfer scheme in connection with which the direction under section 57 is given.

(6) Expressions used in this paragraph and in the 1992 Act have the same meanings in this paragraph as in that Act.

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Chargeable gains: value shifting

5 Nothing in this Chapter and nothing done under it is to be regarded as a scheme or arrangement for the purposes of section 30 of the 1992 Act (tax-free benefits).

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Chargeable gains: roll-over relief

6 (1) This paragraph applies if—
   (a) but for section 154 of the 1992 Act (deprecating assets) a held-over gain would have been carried forward to a deprecating asset,
   (b) the asset is the subject of a relevant transfer, and
   (c) the Secretary of State is not the transferee under the relevant transfer.

(2) Section 154 is to have effect as if the gain had accrued to, and the claim for it to be held over had been made by, the transferee and as if the transferor’s acquisition of the deprecating asset had been the transferee’s acquisition of it.
(3) Expressions used in this paragraph and in section 154 have the same meanings in this paragraph as in that section.

Chargeable gains: restriction of losses

7 (1) If there has been a relevant transfer of an asset section 174(1) of the 1992 Act (which applies section 41 to cases where assets have been acquired without gain or loss) is to have effect as if the asset had been transferred to the transferee, and acquired by him, in relevant circumstances.

(2) This paragraph is not to prejudice paragraph 2.

(3) Expressions used in this paragraph and in section 174(1) of the 1992 Act have the same meanings in this paragraph as in section 174(1).

Chargeable gains: groups

8 (1) Sub-paragraph (2) applies if a company (the degrouped company)—
   (a) acquired an asset from another company at any time when both were members of the same group of companies (the old group),
   (b) ceases by virtue of a relevant transfer to be a member of the old group, and
   (c) becomes by virtue of the transfer a member of another group of companies (the new group).

(2) Section 179 of the 1992 Act (company ceasing to be member of group) is not to treat the degrouped company as having by virtue of the transfer sold and immediately reacquired the asset.

(3) Sub-paragraph (4) applies if—
   (a) sub-paragraph (2) applies to an asset, and
   (b) the degrouped company ceases to be a member of the new group.

(4) On the company so ceasing section 179 of the 1992 Act is to have effect as if the degrouped company and the company from which it acquired the asset had been members of the new group at the time of acquisition.

(5) But sub-paragraph (4) does not apply if—
   (a) at the time when the degrouped company ceases to be a member of the new group the company from which it acquired the asset also ceases to be a member of the new group,
(b) the companies are associated companies immediately before and immediately after that time, and
(c) the companies were associated companies at the time of acquisition.

(6) Expressions used in this paragraph and in section 179 of the 1992 Act have the same meanings in this paragraph as in that section.

9 (1) Sub-paragraph (3) applies if—
   (a) a company (the degrouped company) ceases by virtue of a relevant transfer to be a member of a group of companies (the old group),
   (b) it becomes by virtue of the transfer a member of another group of companies (the new group),
   (c) it ceases to be a member of the new group, and
   (d) the condition in sub-paragraph (2) is satisfied.

(2) The condition is that—
   (a) the degrouped company acquired an asset under a relevant transfer at a time falling before it ceases to be a member of the new group, and
   (b) at the time of acquisition the degrouped company and the transferor were not members of the new group.

(3) On the degrouped company ceasing to be a member of the new group section 179 of the 1992 Act is to have effect as if the degrouped company and the transferor had been members of the new group at the time of acquisition.

(4) But sub-paragraph (3) does not apply if—
   (a) at the time when the degrouped company ceases to be a member of the new group the transferor also ceases to be a member of the new group,
   (b) the companies are associated companies immediately before and immediately after that time, and
   (c) the companies were associated companies at the time of acquisition.

(5) Paragraph 8(4) and sub-paragraph (3) above may apply on the same occasion; but if paragraph 8(4) applies to an asset on a given occasion sub-paragraph (3) above does not apply to that asset on that occasion.

(6) Expressions used in this paragraph and in section 179 of the 1992 Act have the same meanings in this paragraph as in that section.

10 (1) Sub-paragraph (4) applies if—
   (a) a company ceases by virtue of a relevant transfer to be a member of a group of companies (the old group),
(b) it becomes by virtue of the transfer a member of another group of companies (the new group),
(c) a company falling within sub-paragraph (2) (the degrouped company) ceases to be a member of the new group, and
(d) the condition in sub-paragraph (3) is satisfied.

(2) A company falls within this sub-paragraph if immediately before it ceases to be a member of the new group it is a subsidiary of—
(a) the company referred to in sub-paragraph (1)(a), or
(b) the principal company of the new group (if that company differs from the company referred to in sub-paragraph (1)(a)).

(3) The condition is that—
(a) the degrouped company acquired an asset under a relevant transfer at a time falling before it ceases to be a member of the new group, and
(b) at the time of acquisition the degrouped company and the transferor were not members of the new group.

(4) On the degrouped company ceasing to be a member of the new group section 179 of the 1992 Act is to have effect as if the degrouped company and the transferor had been members of the new group at the time of acquisition.

(5) But sub-paragraph (4) does not apply if—
(a) at the time when the degrouped company ceases to be a member of the new group the transferor also ceases to be a member of the new group,
(b) the companies are associated companies immediately before and immediately after that time, and
(c) the companies were associated companies at the time of acquisition.

(6) Expressions used in this paragraph and in section 179 of the 1992 Act have the same meanings in this paragraph as in that section.

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**Commencement Information**

**I300** S. 1 wholly in force at 1.2.2001, see s. 275(1) and S.I. 2001/57, art. 3(1), Sch. 2 Pt. I (subject to the transitional provision and saving in Sch. 2 Pt. II)

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**Capital allowances**

11 (1) This paragraph applies if—
(a) property which is plant or machinery is the subject of a relevant transfer,
(b) [Chapter 1 of Part 22 of the Corporation Tax Act 2010 (transfers of trade without a change of ownership)] does not apply in relation to the transfer, and
(c) the transfer scheme concerned contains provision for the disposal value of the property to be taken for the purposes of the Capital Allowances Acts to be of an amount specified in or determined in accordance with the scheme.

(2) For the purposes of the Capital Allowances Acts—
(a) the provision mentioned in sub-paragraph (1)(c) is to have effect (instead of section 26(1) or 59 of the 1990 Act) for determining an amount as the
disposal value of the property or the price at which a fixture is to be treated as sold;
(b) the transferee is to be taken to have incurred expenditure of that amount on the provision of the property;
(c) in the case of a fixture, the expenditure which falls to be treated as incurred by the transferee is to be taken for the purposes of section 54 of the 1990 Act to be incurred by the giving of a consideration consisting in a capital sum of that amount.

(3) A provision mentioned in sub-paragraph (1)(c) for the determination of an amount may include provision—
(a) for a determination to be made by the Secretary of State in a manner described in the scheme;
(b) for a determination to be made by reference to factors so described or to the opinion of a person so described;
(c) for a determination to be capable of being modified (on one or more occasions) in a manner and in circumstances so described.

(4) The Treasury’s consent is required for the making or modification of a determination under a provision mentioned in sub-paragraph (1)(c).

(5) The transferee’s consent is also required for such a modification after the relevant transfer takes effect.

(6) If there is a determination or a modification of a determination under a provision mentioned in sub-paragraph (1)(c) all necessary adjustments—
(a) must be made by making assessments or by repayment or discharge of tax, and
(b) must be made notwithstanding any limitation on the time within which assessments may be made.

(7) In this paragraph “the Capital Allowances Acts” has the same meaning as in the Tax Acts and “fixture” has the same meaning as in Chapter VI of Part II of the 1990 Act.

Textual Amendments
F572 Words in Sch. 7 para. 11(1)(b) substituted (with effect in accordance with s. 1184(1) of the amending Act) by Corporation Tax Act 2010 (c. 4), s. 1184(1), Sch. 1 para. 321(2) (with Sch. 2)

Commencement Information
I301 Sch. 7 paras. 1-20 wholly in force at 1.2.2001, see s. 275(1) and S.I. 2001/57, art. 3(1), Sch. 2 Pt. I (subject to the transitional provision and saving in Sch. 2 Pt. II)

Transfers of trading stock

12 (1) This paragraph applies if—
(a) under a relevant transfer trading stock of the transferor is transferred to the transferee, and
(b) the stock falls, immediately after the time when the transfer takes effect, to be treated as trading stock of the transferee.
(2) Sub-paragraphs (3) and (4) have effect in computing the profits or gains of the relevant trades for the purposes of the Corporation Tax Acts; and the relevant trades are—
   (a) the trade in relation to which the stock is trading stock immediately before the time when the transfer takes effect, and
   (b) the trade in relation to which it is trading stock after that time.

(3) The stock must be taken—
   (a) to have been disposed of by the transferor in the course of the trade carried on by the transferor,
   (b) to have been acquired by the transferee in the course of the trade carried on by the transferee, and
   (c) subject to that, to have been disposed of and acquired at the time when the transfer takes effect.

(4) The stock must be valued for the purposes of each of the relevant trades as if the disposal and acquisition had been for a consideration which in relation to the transferor would have resulted in neither a profit nor a loss being brought into account in respect of the disposal in the accounting period of the transferor which ends with, or is current at, the time when the transfer takes effect.

(5) In this paragraph “trading stock” has the same meaning as in section 163 of the Corporation Tax Act 2009.

Textual Amendments
F573 Words in Sch. 7 para. 12(5) substituted (with effect in accordance with s. 1329(1) of the amending Act) by Corporation Tax Act 2009 (c. 4), s. 1329(1), Sch. 1 para. 472(2) (with Sch. 2 Pts. 1, 2)

Commencement Information
I302 Sch. 7 paras. 1-20 wholly in force at 1.2.2001, see s. 275(1) and S.I. 2001/57, art. 3(1), Sch. 2 Pt. I (subject to the transitional provision and saving in Sch. 2 Pt. II)
(5) In such a case the scheme may provide that the amount is to be treated as such amount (the replacement amount) as is specified in or determined in accordance with the scheme.

(6) Sub-paragraph (7) applies if the trade concerned is in fact part of a trade of the transferor and the transferor is entitled to relief for an amount under \[F577\]section 45 of the Corporation Tax Act 2010 in respect of the part retained.

(7) In such a case the scheme may provide that the amount is to be treated as such amount (the replacement amount) as is specified in or determined in accordance with the scheme.

(8) A provision under sub-paragraph (5) or (7) must be such that the replacement amount is not greater than the amount it replaces; and the replacement amount may be nil.

(9) When the scheme comes into force a provision made under sub-paragraph (5) or (7) is to have effect for the purposes of arriving at the amount of relief concerned.

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**Textual Amendments**

F574 Words in Sch. 7 para. 13(2) substituted (with effect in accordance with s. 1184(1) of the amending Act)
   by Corporation Tax Act 2010 (c. 4), s. 1184(1), Sch. 1 para. 321(3)(a) (with Sch. 2)
F575 Words in Sch. 7 para. 13(3) substituted (with effect in accordance with s. 1184(1) of the amending Act)
   by Corporation Tax Act 2010 (c. 4), s. 1184(1), Sch. 1 para. 321(3)(b) (with Sch. 2)
F576 Words in Sch. 7 para. 13(4) substituted (with effect in accordance with s. 1184(1) of the amending Act)
   by Corporation Tax Act 2010 (c. 4), s. 1184(1), Sch. 1 para. 321(3)(c) (with Sch. 2)
F577 Words in Sch. 7 para. 13(6) substituted (with effect in accordance with s. 1184(1) of the amending Act)
   by Corporation Tax Act 2010 (c. 4), s. 1184(1), Sch. 1 para. 321(3)(d) (with Sch. 2)

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**Commencement Information**

I303 Sch. 7 paras. 1–20 wholly in force at 1.2.2001, see s. 275(1) and S.I. 2001/57, art. 3(1), Sch. 2 Pt. I
   (subject to the transitional provision and saving in Sch. 2 Pt. II)

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**Trading losses: change in ownership**

14 (1) This paragraph applies if under a relevant transfer all the issued share capital of a company (the transferred company) is transferred from the CAA to—
   (a) the Secretary of State, or
   (b) a company whose shares are all held by the Secretary of State when the transfer takes effect.

(2) For the purposes of \[F578\]Chapter 2 of Part 14 of the Corporation Tax Act 2010 (but not section 674(1) of that Act) (disallowance of trading losses on change in company’s ownership) the transfer is not to be taken to result in a change in the ownership of—
   (a) the transferred company, or
   (b) a company which is a wholly owned subsidiary of the transferred company when the transfer takes effect.

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**Textual Amendments**

F578 Words in Sch. 7 para. 14(2) substituted (with effect in accordance with s. 1184(1) of the amending Act)
   by Corporation Tax Act 2010 (c. 4), s. 1184(1), Sch. 1 para. 321(4) (with Sch. 2)
Leased assets

15 (1) This paragraph applies for the purposes of Chapter 4 of Part 19 of the Corporation Tax Act 2010 or Chapter 4 of Part 12A of the Income Tax Act 2007 (assets leased to traders and others) if the interest of the lessor or the lessee under a lease, or any other interest in an asset, is transferred to a person under a relevant transfer.

(2) The transfer is to be treated as made without any capital sum having been obtained in respect of the interest by the transferor or the transferee; and this is so notwithstanding section 879 of the Corporation Tax Act 2010 and section 681DI of the Income Tax Act 2007.

Securities

16 (1) This paragraph applies if securities are issued by a company in pursuance of a direction of the Secretary of State under section 49 or 58 above.

(2) A share issued by the company is to be treated for the purposes of the Corporation Tax Acts as if it had been issued wholly in consideration of a subscription paid to the company of an amount equal to the nominal value of the share.

(3) A debenture issued by the company is to be treated for the purposes of the Corporation Tax Acts as if it had been issued—

(a) wholly in consideration of a loan made to the company of an amount equal to the principal sum payable under the debenture, and

(b) wholly and exclusively for the purposes of the trade carried on by the company.

(4) If a debenture issued by the company includes provision for the payment of a sum expressed as interest in respect of a period falling wholly or partly before the issue of...
the debenture, a payment made in pursuance of the provision in respect of the period is to be treated for the purposes of the Corporation Tax Acts as if the debenture had been issued at the commencement of the period and (accordingly) as interest on the principal sum payable under the debenture.

(5) This paragraph has effect subject to paragraphs 3, 4 and 17.

### Commencement Information

1306 Sch. 7 paras. 1-20 wholly in force at 1.2.2001, see s. 275(1) and S.I. 2001/57, art. 3(1), Sch. 2 Pt. I (subject to the transitional provision and saving in Sch. 2 Pt. II)

17 (1) This paragraph applies if—

(a) securities are issued to a company in pursuance of a direction of the Secretary of State under section 49 or 58 above, and

(b) by virtue of any such security the company has a loan relationship for the purposes of the Corporation Tax Acts.

(2) For the purposes of [F583 Part 5 of the Corporation Tax Act 2009](loan relationships) the company is to be taken to have acquired its rights under the security wholly in consideration of a loan made by it to the issuing company of an amount equal to the principal sum payable under the security.

(3) Expressions used in this paragraph and in [F584 Part 5 of the Corporation Tax Act 2009](that Part) have the same meanings in this paragraph as in [F584 that Part].

### Textual Amendments

F583 Words in Sch. 7 para. 17(2) substituted (with effect in accordance with s. 1329(1) of the amending Act) by [Corporation Tax Act 2009 (c. 4), s. 1329(1), Sch. 1 para. 472(3)(a)] (with Sch. 2 Pts. 1, 2)

F584 Words in Sch. 7 para. 17(3) substituted (with effect in accordance with s. 1329(1) of the amending Act) by [Corporation Tax Act 2009 (c. 4), s. 1329(1), Sch. 1 para. 472(3)(b)] (with Sch. 2 Pts. 1, 2)

### Commencement Information

1307 Sch. 7 paras. 1-20 wholly in force at 1.2.2001, see s. 275(1) and S.I. 2001/57, art. 3(1), Sch. 2 Pt. I (subject to the transitional provision and saving in Sch. 2 Pt. II)

### Stamp duty

18 (1) A relevant transfer is not to give rise to liability to stamp duty.

(2) Stamp duty is not to be chargeable on a transfer scheme.

(3) Stamp duty is not to be chargeable on an instrument which is certified to the Commissioners of Inland Revenue by the Secretary of State as having been made for the purposes of (or for purposes connected with) a transfer scheme.

(4) But no instrument which is certified as mentioned in sub-paragraph (3) is to be taken to be duly stamped unless—

(a) it is stamped with the duty to which it would be liable but for that sub-paragraph, or
(b) it has, in accordance with section 12 of the Stamp Act 1891, been stamped with a particular stamp denoting that it is not chargeable with that duty or that it is duly stamped.

(5) Stamp duty is not to be chargeable on an instrument which is made under Schedule 6.

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**Agreements**

(1) Sub-paragraph (2) applies if the effect of—

(a) an agreement made under paragraph 9 or 11 of Schedule 6,

(b) an instrument executed under paragraph 9 of Schedule 6, or

(c) an agreement treated as made under paragraph 10 of Schedule 6, is to modify the effect of a transfer scheme.

(2) This Schedule, the 1988 Act, the 1990 Act and the 1992 Act are to have effect as if—

(a) the scheme had been made as modified, and

(b) anything done by or in relation to the preceding holder had (so far as relating to the property, rights or liabilities affected by the modification) been done by or in relation to the subsequent holder.

(3) Sub-paragraph (4) applies to a disposal of an asset if the disposal—

(a) is effected in pursuance of an agreement made or treated as made under paragraph 9 or 10 of Schedule 6 or is effected by an instrument executed under paragraph 9 of that Schedule, and

(b) is the grant of a lease of land or the creation of other rights and liabilities over land.

(4) For the purposes of the 1992 Act the disposal is to be taken (in relation to the person to whom it is made as well as the person making it) to be for a consideration such that no gain or loss accrues to the person making it.

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**Stamp duty reserve tax**

19 An agreement is not to give rise to a charge to stamp duty reserve tax if—

(a) it is made for the purposes of (or for purposes connected with) a transfer scheme, or

(b) it is made under Schedule 6.

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**Commencement Information**

1308 Sch. 7 paras. 1-20 wholly in force at 1.2.2001, see s. 275(1) and S.I. 2001/57, art. 3(1), Sch. 2 Pt. I (subject to the transitional provision and saving in Sch. 2 Pt. II)

Marginal Citations

M182 1891 c. 39.

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**Commencement Information**

1309 Sch. 7 paras. 1-20 wholly in force at 1.2.2001, see s. 275(1) and S.I. 2001/57, art. 3(1), Sch. 2 Pt. I (subject to the transitional provision and saving in Sch. 2 Pt. II)
(5) Section 171(1) of the 1992 Act (provision in relation to disposal of assets from one member of a group of companies to another member of the group) does not apply if sub-paragraph (4) applies to the disposal in question.

(6) References in this paragraph to an agreement or instrument include references to the agreement or instrument as varied in accordance with a direction under paragraph 19(4) of Schedule 6.

(7) For the purposes of sub-paragraph (2) the preceding holder is the person who without the modification—

(a) became (under the transfer scheme concerned) entitled or subject to the property, rights or liabilities affected by the modification, or

(b) remained (despite the transfer scheme concerned) entitled or subject to the property, rights or liabilities affected by the modification, as the case may be.

(8) For the purposes of sub-paragraph (2) the subsequent holder is the person who (in consequence of the modification) becomes, or resumes being, entitled or subject to the property, rights or liabilities affected by the modification.

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Comencement Information

1310 Sch. 7 paras. 1-20 wholly in force at 1.2.2001, see s. 275(1) and S.I. 2001/57, art. 3(1), Sch. 2 Pt. I (subject to the transitional provision and saving in Sch. 2 Pt. II)

SCHEDULE 8

AMENDMENTS ABOUT AIR TRAFFIC

PART I

LICENCES

House of Commons Disqualification Act 1975 (c.24)

1 In the House of Commons Disqualification Act 1975, in Part III of Schedule 1, after the entry “Director of the Commonwealth Institute” there shall be inserted—

“Director of any of the following—

(a) a company which for the time being holds a licence under Chapter I of Part I of the Transport Act 2000 (a licence company);

(b) a company of which a licence company is a subsidiary (within the meaning given by section 736(1) of the Companies Act 1985 or Article 4(1) of the Companies (Northern Ireland) Order 1986);

(c) a company which is a subsidiary (within the meaning so given) of a licence company.”
SCHEDULE 8 – Amendments about air traffic

Northern Ireland Assembly Disqualification Act 1975 (c.25)

2 In the Northern Ireland Assembly Disqualification Act 1975, in Part III of Schedule 1, after the entry “Director of Cable and Wireless Limited nominated by a Minister of the Crown or government department” there shall be inserted—

“Director of any of the following—
(a) a company which for the time being holds a licence under Chapter I of Part I of the Transport Act 2000 (a licence company);
(b) a company of which a licence company is a subsidiary (within the meaning given by section 736(1) of the Companies Act 1985 or Article 4(1) of the Companies (Northern Ireland) Order 1986);
(c) a company which is a subsidiary (within the meaning so given) of a licence company.”

PART II

AIR NAVIGATION SERVICES

Civil Aviation Act 1982 (c.16)

3 Section 72 of the Civil Aviation Act 1982 (CAA’s duty to provide air navigation services) shall cease to have effect.

PART III

CHARGES

Civil Aviation Act 1982 (c.16)

4 Sections 73 and 74 of the Civil Aviation Act 1982 (charges for air navigation services etc) shall cease to have effect.

5 In section 86 of the Civil Aviation Act 1982 (mortgaging of aircraft) in subsection (2)(b) for “section 74(4) above” there shall be substituted “ section 83 of the Transport Act 2000 (detention and sale of aircraft) ”.

6 (1) Section 88 of the Civil Aviation Act 1982 (detention and sale of aircraft for unpaid airport charges) shall be amended as follows.
(2) In subsection (6)(d) for “regulations under section 73 above” substitute “section 73 of the Transport Act 2000 (or, if more than one such charge is due, in payment of them in such order as the Secretary of State may specify by order)

(3) In subsection (10) in the definition of “airport charges” for “regulations under section 73 above” substitute “section 73 of the Transport Act 2000”.

7

In section 90 of the Civil Aviation Act 1982 (Convention rights) in subsection (2) (b) for “section 74(4) above” there shall be substituted “section 83 of the Transport Act 2000 (detention and sale of aircraft)

8

(1) In Schedule 4 to the Civil Aviation Act 1982 (Eurocontrol) paragraph 1 shall be amended as follows.

(2) In sub-paragraph (5) omit the definition of “record”.

(3) After sub-paragraph (5) insert—

“(6) For the purposes of this paragraph a record includes (in addition to a record in writing)—

(a) a disc, tape, sound-track or other device in which sounds or signals are embodied so as to be capable of being reproduced from it (with or without the aid of some other instrument);

(b) a film, tape or other device in which visual images are embodied so as to be capable of being reproduced from it (with or without the aid of some other instrument);

(c) a photograph.”

9

In Schedule 13 to the Civil Aviation Act 1982 (subordinate instruments) in Part II after the entry relating to section 87 there shall be inserted—

“Section 88(6)(d) Priority of charges Subject to the negative resolution procedure”.

**Airports Act 1986 (c.31)**

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**Textual Amendments**

| F585 | Sch. 8 para. 10 repealed (1.4.2014) by Civil Aviation Act 2012 (c. 19), s. 110(1), Sch. 9 para. 17 (with Sch. 10 paras. 12, 17); S.I. 2013/589, art. 5(1)(b) |

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**PART IV**

**COMPETITION**

**Fair Trading Act 1973 (c.41)**

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Textual Amendments

**F586** Sch. 8 paras. 11, 12 repealed (20.6.2003) by Enterprise Act 2002 (c. 40), s. 279, Sch. 26; S.I. 2003/1397, art. 2(1), Sch. (with art. 8)

**Competition Act 1980 (c.21)**

Textual Amendments

**F586** Sch. 8 paras. 11, 12 repealed (20.6.2003) by Enterprise Act 2002 (c. 40), s. 279, Sch. 26; S.I. 2003/1397, art. 2(1), Sch. (with art. 8)

**Civil Aviation Act 1982 (c.16)**

13 In section 4 of the Civil Aviation Act 1982 (CAA’s general objectives) after subsection (2) there shall be inserted—

“(3) The duty mentioned in subsection (1) above does not apply in relation to anything done by the CAA in the performance of functions mentioned in subsection (3) of section 86 of the Transport Act 2000 which, by virtue of that section, are concurrent functions of the CAA and the Director General of Fair Trading.

(4) However, when performing such a function the CAA may have regard to any matter in respect of which a duty is imposed by subsection (1) above if it is a matter to which the Director General of Fair Trading could have regard when performing that function.”

**Commencement Information**

**I313** Sch. 8 para. 13 wholly in force at 1.2.2001, see s. 275(1) and S.I. 2001/57, art. 3(1), Sch. 2 Pt. I (subject to the transitional provision and saving in Sch. 2 Pt. II)

**Competition Act 1998 (c.41)**

14 (1) Section 54 of the Competition Act 1998 (regulators) shall be amended as follows.

**F587** (2) . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . .

(3) In subsection (4) after “Schedule 10” insert “ or by Chapter V of Part I of the Transport Act 2000 ”.

Textual Amendments

**F587** Sch. 8 para. 14(2) repealed (25.7.2003 for specified purposes, 29.12.2003 in so far as not already in force) by Communications Act 2003 (c. 21), s. 411(2), Sch. 19(1) Note 1 (with Sch. 18); S.I. 2003/1900, arts. 1(2), 2(1), Sch. 1 (with art. 3) (as amended by S.I. 2003/3142, art. 1(3)); S.I. 2003/3142, art. 3(1), Sch. 1 (with art. 11)
Commencement Information

1314 Sch. 8 para. 14 wholly in force at 1.2.2001, see s. 275(1) and S.I. 2001/57, art. 3(1), Sch. 2 Pt. I (subject to the transitional provision and saving in Sch. 2 Pt. II)

Textual Amendments


16 (1) Schedule 13 to the Competition Act 1998 (transitionals and savings) shall be amended as follows.

(2) In paragraph 1(1) in the definition of “regulator” after “Schedule 10” insert “ and the Civil Aviation Authority ”.

(3) In paragraph 35(2) after paragraph (g) insert—

“(h) in the case of the Civil Aviation Authority, the supply of air traffic services within the meaning given by section 98 of the Transport Act 2000.”

Commencement Information

1315 Sch. 8 para. 16 wholly in force at 1.2.2001, see s. 275(1) and S.I. 2001/57, art. 3(1), Sch. 2 Pt. I (subject to the transitional provision and saving in Sch. 2 Pt. II)

PART V

HOSTILITIES ETC

Civil Aviation Act 1982 (c.16)

17 (1) Section 6 of the Civil Aviation Act 1982 (directions in national interest etc) shall be amended as follows.

(2) In each of subsections (1) and (2) omit the words from “and in so far” to the end.

(3) After subsection (2) insert—

“(3) In so far as any directions given under this section conflict with the requirements of section 93 of the Transport Act 2000 or of an order under section 94 of that Act, the directions shall be disregarded.

(4) In so far as any directions given under this section conflict with the requirements of any enactment or instrument relating to the CAA (other than section 93 of the Transport Act 2000 or an order under section 94 of that Act) the requirements shall be disregarded.”
Transport Act 2000 (c. 38)
SCHEDULE 9 – Air traffic: information

Changes to legislation:
Transport Act 2000 is up to date with all changes known to be in force on or before 11 October 2019. There are changes that may be brought into force at a future date. Changes that have been made appear in the content and are referenced with annotations. (See end of Document for details) View outstanding changes

Commencement Information
I316 Sch. 8 para. 17 wholly in force at 1.2.2001, see s. 275(1) and S.I. 2001/57, art. 3(1), Sch. 2 Pt. I (subject to the transitional provision and saving in Sch. 2 Pt. II)

18 Sections 62 and 63 of the Civil Aviation Act 1982 (control in time of war or emergency) shall cease to have effect.

Airports Act 1986 (c.31)

19 (1) Section 30 of the Airports Act 1986 (directions in interests of national security etc) shall be amended as follows.

(2) After subsection (4) insert—

“(4A) In so far as any direction applying to an airport operator by virtue of subsection (1), (2) or (3) conflicts with the requirements of section 93 of the Transport Act 2000 or of an order under section 94 of that Act, the direction shall be disregarded.”

(3) In subsection (5) after “to him as an airport operator” insert “(other than section 93 of the Transport Act 2000 or an order under section 94 of that Act)”.

Commencement Information
I317 Sch. 8 para. 19 wholly in force at 1.2.2001, see s. 275(1) and S.I. 2001/57, art. 3(1), Sch. 2 Pt. I (subject to the transitional provision and saving in Sch. 2 Pt. II)

SCHEDULE 9
Section 102.

AIR TRAFFIC: INFORMATION

Commencement Information
I318 Sch. 9 wholly in force at 1.2.2001, see s. 275(1) and S.I. 2001/57, art. 3(1), Sch. 2 Pt. I (subject to the transitional provision and saving in Sch. 2 Pt. II)

Prohibition on disclosure

1 (1) This Schedule applies to information if—

(a) it was obtained under or by virtue of this Part, and

(b) it relates to the affairs of an individual or to a particular business.

(2) The information must not be disclosed during the lifetime of the individual or so long as the business is carried on, except as provided below.
400

**Status:** This version of this Act contains provisions that are prospective.

Changes to legislation: Transport Act 2000 is up to date with all changes known to be in force on or before 11 October 2019. There are changes that may be brought into force at a future date. Changes that have been made appear in the content and are referenced with annotations. (See end of Document for details) View outstanding changes

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**Commencement Information**

I319 Sch. 9 para. 1 wholly in force at 1.2.2001, see s. 275(1) and S.I. 2001/57, art. 3(1), Sch. 2 Pt. I (subject to the transitional provision and saving in Sch. 2 Pt. II)

**Disclosure with consent**

2 Paragraph 1(2) does not apply to a disclosure made with the consent of the individual or the person for the time being carrying on the business.

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**Commencement Information**

I320 Sch. 9 para. 2 wholly in force at 1.2.2001, see s. 275(1) and S.I. 2001/57, art. 3(1), Sch. 2 Pt. I (subject to the transitional provision and saving in Sch. 2 Pt. II)

**Other permitted disclosures**

3 (1) Paragraph 1(2) does not apply to a disclosure made—

(a) for the purpose of facilitating the carrying out by the Secretary of State, the CAA or the [Competition and Markets Authority] of any of his or their functions under this Part;

(b) for the purpose of facilitating the carrying out by a person or body mentioned in sub-paragraph (2) of any of his or its functions under an enactment or instrument specified in sub-paragraph (3);

(c) for the purpose of enabling or assisting the Secretary of State or the Treasury to exercise any powers conferred by the [Financial Services Act 1986 or by the enactments relating to companies, insurance companies or insolvency;]

(d) for the purpose of enabling or assisting an inspector appointed under the enactments relating to companies to carry out his functions;

(e) for the purpose of enabling or assisting an official receiver to carry out his functions under the enactments relating to insolvency or for the purpose of enabling or assisting a recognised professional body for the purposes of section 391 of the [Insolvency Act 1986 or Article 350 of the Insolvency (Northern Ireland) Order 1989 to carry out its functions;]

(f) for the purpose of facilitating the carrying out by [the Health and Safety Executive of any of its functions under any enactment or of facilitating the carrying out by any enforcing authority (within the meaning of Part I of the Health and Safety at Work etc. Act 1974) of any functions under a relevant statutory provision (within the meaning of that Act);]

[f](fa) for the purpose of facilitating the carrying out by the Office for Nuclear Regulation of any of its functions under any enactment;]

(g) for the purpose of facilitating the carrying out by the Comptroller and Auditor General of any of his functions under any enactment;

(h) in connection with the investigation of any criminal offence or for the purposes of any criminal proceedings;

(i) for the purposes of any civil proceedings brought under or by virtue of this Part or any enactment or instrument specified in sub-paragraph (3);

(j) in pursuance of a [EU] obligation;
(k) for the purpose of facilitating the performance of any function of the European Commission in respect of EU law about competition;

(l) by the Secretary of State, or with his consent, to an international organisation of which the United Kingdom is a member;

(m) in connection with negotiations conducted by officers of the Secretary of State with representatives of the government of a country or territory outside the United Kingdom;

(n) in connection with the discharge of an obligation of the United Kingdom under international arrangements;

(o) to a person to whom the information in question is required to be disclosed by regulations made in pursuance of section 7(2) of the Civil Aviation Act 1982 (special provisions as respects certain functions);

(p) for the purposes of an investigation undertaken in pursuance of regulations made under section 75 of the Civil Aviation Act 1982 (investigation of accidents).

(2) The persons and bodies are—

(a) any Minister of the Crown;

(b) . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . .

(c) the Competition and Markets Authority;

(d) the Office of Communications;

(e) . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . .

(f) the Director General of Gas Supply;

(g) the Water Services Regulation Authority;

(h) the Director General of Electricity Supply;

(i) the Coal Authority;

(j) the CAA;

(k) the Office of Rail and Road;

(l) . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . .

(m) a local weights and measures authority in Great Britain.

(3) The enactments and instruments are—

(a) the Trade Descriptions Act 1968;

(b) the Fair Trading Act 1973;

(c) the Consumer Credit Act 1974;

(d) the Estate Agents Act 1979;

(e) the Competition Act 1980;

(f) the Telecommunications Act 1984;

(g) the Airports Act 1986;

(h) the Gas Act 1986;

(i) the Insolvency Act 1986;

(j) the Consumer Protection Act 1987;

(k) the Electricity Act 1989;

(l) the Broadcasting Act 1990;

(m) . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . .
(n) the Water Industry Act 1991;
(o) the Water Resources Act 1991;
(p) the Railways Act 1993;
(q) the Coal Industry Act 1994;
(F601) the Broadcasting Act 1996;
(r) the Competition Act 1998;
(F602) the Enterprise Act 2002;
(F603) the Communications Act 2003;
(F604) the Water Act 2003;
(F605) the Railways Act 2005;
(F606) the Airport Charges Regulations 2011;
(F607) Part 1 of the Civil Aviation Act 2012;
(F608) Parts 3 and 4 of the Enterprise and Regulatory Reform Act 2013;
(F609) the Water Act 2014;
(s) any subordinate legislation made for the purpose of securing compliance with Articles 104 and 105 of the Treaty on the Functioning of the European Union;
(F611) any subordinate legislation made for the purpose of securing compliance with Articles 84 and 85 of the Treaty establishing the European Community;
(u) any Air Navigation Order made under section 60 of the Civil Aviation Act 1982.

Textual Amendments

F589 Words in Sch. 9 para. 3(1)(a) substituted (1.4.2014) by The Enterprise and Regulatory Reform Act 2013 (Consequential, Transitional and Saving Provisions) Order 2014 (S.I. 2014/892), art. 1(1), Sch. 1 para. 158(a) (with art. 3)

F590 Words in Sch. 9 para. 3(1)(f) omitted (1.4.2008) by virtue of The Legislative Reform (Health and Safety Executive) Order 2008 (S.I. 2008/960), art. 1, Sch. 3 (with art. 21, Sch. 2)

F591 Sch. 9 para. 3(1)(fa) inserted (1.4.2014) by Energy Act 2013 (c. 32), s. 156(1), Sch. 12 para. 76; S.I. 2014/251, art. 4

F592 Words in Act substituted (22.4.2011) by The Treaty of Lisbon (Changes in Terminology) Order 2011 (S.I. 2011/1043), arts. 2, 3, 6 (with arts. 32(3), 4(2), 6(4)(5))

F593 Sch. 9 para. 3(2)(b) omitted (1.4.2014) by virtue of The Enterprise and Regulatory Reform Act 2013 (Competition) (Consequential, Transitional and Saving Provisions) Order 2014 (S.I. 2014/892), art. 1(1), Sch. 1 para. 158(b)(i) (with art. 3)

F594 Words in Sch. 9 para. 3(2)(c) substituted (1.4.2014) by The Enterprise and Regulatory Reform Act 2013 (Competition) (Consequential, Transitional and Saving Provisions) Order 2014 (S.I. 2014/892), art. 1(1), Sch. 1 para. 158(b)(ii) (with art. 3)
F595 Sch. 9 para. 3(2)(d) substituted (25.7.2003 for specified purposes, 29.12.2003 for remaining purposes) by Communications Act 2003 (c. 21), s. 411(2), Sch. 17 para. 166(2) (with Sch. 18); S.I. 2003/1900, arts. 1(2), 2(1), Sch. 1 (with art. 3) (as amended by S.I. 2003/3142, art. 1(3)); S.I. 2003/3142

F596 Sch. 9 para. 3(2)(e) repealed (29.12.2003) by Communications Act 2003 (c. 21), s. 411(2), Sch. 19(1) Note 1 (with Sch. 18); S.I. 2003/3142, art. 3(1), Sch. 1 (with art. 11)

F597 Sch. 9 para. 3(2)(g) substituted (1.4.2006) by Water Act 2003 (c. 37), s. 105(3), Sch. 7 para. 35(a); S.I. 2005/2714, art. 4(f)

F598 Words in Sch. 9 para. 3(2)(k) substituted (16.10.2015) by The Office of Rail Regulation (Change of Name) Regulations 2015 (S.I. 2015/1682), reg. 1(2), Sch. para. 4(p)(iii)

F599 Sch. 9 para. 3(2)(l) omitted (1.10.2013) by virtue of The Property Misdescriptions Act 1991 (Repeal) Order 2013 (S.I. 2013/1575), art. 1, Sch. para. 3

F600 Sch. 9 para. 3(3)(m) omitted (10.1.2013) by virtue of The Property Misdescriptions Act 1991 (Repeal) Order 2013 (S.I. 2013/1575), art. 1, Sch. para. 3

F601 Sch. 9 para. 3(3)(qa) inserted (29.12.2003) by Communications Act 2003 (c. 21), s. 411(2), Sch. 17 para. 166(3)(a) (with Sch. 18); S.I. 2003/3142, art. 3(1), Sch. 1 (with art. 11)

F602 Sch. 9 para. 3(3)(ra) inserted (1.4.2003) by Enterprise Act 2002 (c. 40), s. 279, Sch. 25 para. 44(11)(a) (ii); S.I. 2003/766, art. 2, Sch. (with art. 3) (as amended (20.7.2007) by S.I. 2007/1846, reg. 3(2), Sch.)

F603 Sch. 9 para. 3(3)(rb) inserted (25.7.2003 for specified purposes, 29.12.2003 for remaining purposes) by Communications Act 2003 (c. 21), s. 411(2), Sch. 17 para. 166(3)(b) (with Sch. 18); S.I. 2003/1900, arts. 1(2), 2(1), Sch. 1 (with art. 3) (as amended by S.I. 2003/3142, art. 1(3)); S.I. 2003/3142

F604 Sch. 9 para. 3(3)(re) inserted (1.4.2004) by Water Act 2003 (c. 37), s. 105(3), Sch. 7 para. 35(b); S.I. 2004/641, art. 3(y), Sch. 2 (with Sch. 3 para. 7)

F605 Sch. 9 para. 3(3)(rd) inserted (E.W.S.) (8.6.2005) by Railways Act 2005 (c. 14), s. 60(2), Sch. 12 para. 17(7); S.I. 2005/1444, art. 2(1), Sch. 1

F606 Sch. 9 para. 3(3)(re) inserted (10.11.2011) by The Airport Charges Regulations 2011 (S.I. 2011/2491), reg. 1(1), Sch. 3 para. 5

F607 Sch. 9 para. 3(3)(rf) inserted (6.4.2013) by Civil Aviation Act 2012 (c. 19), s. 110(1), Sch. 9 para. 12 (with Sch. 10 paras. 12, 17); S.I. 2013/589, art. 2(3)

F608 Sch. 9 para. 3(3)(rg) inserted (1.4.2014) by The Enterprise and Regulatory Reform Act 2013 (Consequential, Transitional and Saving Provisions) Order 2014 (S.I. 2014/892), art. 1(1), Sch. 1 para. 158(c) (with art. 3)

F609 Sch. 9 para. 3(3)(rh) inserted (31.3.2017) by The Water Act 2014 (Consequential Amendments etc.) Order 2017 (S.I. 2017/506), arts. 1(1), 13

F610 Words in Sch. 9 para. 3(3)(s) substituted (1.8.2012) by The Treaty of Lisbon (Changes in Terminology or Numbering) Order 2012 (S.I. 2012/1809), art. 2(1), Sch. Pt. 1 (with art. 2(2))

F611 Sch. 9 para. 3(3)(sa) inserted (26.5.2008) by The Consumer Protection from Unfair Trading Regulations 2008 (S.I. 2008/1277), reg. 1, Sch. 2 para. 62(a) (with reg. 28(2)(3))

F612 Sch. 9 para. 3(3)(t) substituted (26.5.2008) by The Consumer Protection from Unfair Trading Regulations 2008 (S.I. 2008/1277), reg. 1, Sch. 2 para. 62(b) (with reg. 28(2)(3))

Modifications etc. (not altering text)

C73 Sch. 9 para. 3 modified (8.2.2007 immediately before the Wireless Telegraphy Act 2006 (c. 36) comes into force) by The Wireless Telegraphy (Pre-Consolidation Amendments) Order 2006 (S.I. 2006/1391), art. 1, Sch. para. 7(3)(b)

Commencement Information

I321 Sch. 9 para. 3 wholly in force at 1.2.2001, see s. 275(1) and S.I. 2001/57, art. 3(1), Sch. 2 Pt. I (subject to the transitional provision and saving in Sch. 2 Pt. II)

Marginal Citations

M183 1986 c. 60.
M184 1986 c. 45.
4 The Secretary of State may by order amend paragraph 3.

Commencement Information
1322 Sch. 9 para. 4 wholly in force at 1.2.2001, see s. 275(1) and S.I. 2001/57, art. 3(1), Sch. 2 Pt. I (subject to the transitional provision and saving in Sch. 2 Pt. II)

Other exceptions

5 (1) Paragraph 1(2) does not limit—
   (a) the information which may be included in a report of the [\text{Competition and Markets Authority}] on a reference under section 12;
   (b) the information or advice which may be published by the CAA under section 90.

(2) Paragraph 1(2) does not apply to—
   (a) information which has been published in a report published under section 13;
   (b) information which has otherwise been made available to the public by being disclosed in circumstances in which, or for a purpose for which, disclosure is not precluded by this Schedule.

(3) Information obtained by the CAA in exercising functions which are exercisable concurrently with [\text{the Competition and Markets Authority}] under Part I of the \text{Competition Act 1998} is subject to [\text{Part 9 of the Enterprise Act 2002 (Information)}] and not to paragraph 1(2).
Textual Amendments

F613 Words in Sch. 9 para. 5(1)(a) substituted (1.4.2014) by The Enterprise and Regulatory Reform Act 2013 (Competition) (Consequential, Transitional and Saving Provisions) Order 2014 (S.I. 2014/892), art. 1(1), Sch. 1 para. 158(d) (with art. 3)

F614 Words in Sch. 9 para. 5(3) substituted (1.4.2014) by The Enterprise and Regulatory Reform Act 2013 (Competition) (Consequential, Transitional and Saving Provisions) Order 2014 (S.I. 2014/892), art. 1(1), Sch. 1 para. 158(e) (with art. 3)


Commencement Information

I323 Sch. 9 para. 5 wholly in force at 1.2.2001, see s. 275(1) and S.I. 2001/57, art. 3(1), Sch. 2 Pt. I (subject to the transitional provision and saving in Sch. 2 Pt. II)

Marginal Citations

M207 1998 c. 41.

Offence

6 A person who discloses information in contravention of this Schedule is guilty of an offence and liable—
   (a) on summary conviction, to a fine not exceeding the statutory maximum;
   (b) on conviction on indictment, to imprisonment for a term not exceeding two years or to a fine or to both.

Commencement Information

I324 Sch. 9 para. 6 wholly in force at 1.2.2001, see s. 275(1) and S.I. 2001/57, art. 3(1), Sch. 2 Pt. I (subject to the transitional provision and saving in Sch. 2 Pt. II)

SCHEDULE 10

COMPETITION TEST FOR EXERCISE OF BUS FUNCTIONS

[\[^{F616}^{\text{PART 1}}\]

TEST FOR EXERCISE OF BUS FUNCTIONS BY LOCAL AUTHORITIES

Textual Amendments

F616 Sch. 10 Pt. 1 heading substituted (9.2.2009 for E., 1.4.2009 for W.) by Local Transport Act 2008 (c. 26), s. 134(4), Sch. 2 para. 2; S.I. 2009/107, art. 2(2), Sch. 2 Pt. 1; S.I. 2009/579, art. 2(d)
Functions to which this Part of this Schedule applies

(1) The functions to which this Part of this Schedule applies are those of—

- making and varying advanced quality partnership schemes,
- making and varying quality partnership schemes,
- making and varying advanced ticketing schemes,
- making and varying ticketing schemes,
- making and varying enhanced partnership schemes, and
- inviting and accepting tenders under section 89 or 91 of the Transport Act 1985 (subsidised services).

(2) For the purposes of this Part of this Schedule an authority proposes (or authorities propose) to exercise a function to which this Part of this Schedule applies—

- in the case of the function of making or varying an advanced quality partnership scheme, once notice of a proposal to make or vary it has been given under section 113G(1),
- in the case of the function of making or varying a quality partnership scheme, once notice of a proposal to make or vary it has been given under section 115(1),
- in the case of the function of making or varying an advanced ticketing scheme, once notice of a proposal to make or vary it has been given under section 134D(1),
- in the case of the function of making or varying a ticketing scheme, once notice of a proposal to make or vary it has been given under section 136(1),
- in the case of the function of making or varying an enhanced partnership scheme, once notice of a proposal to make or vary it has been given under section 138F(1) or 138L(1), and
- in the case of the function of inviting or accepting tenders under section 89 or 91 of the Transport Act 1985, once it is proposed to invite tenders under section 89(2) or 91(3) of that Act or to accept or not to accept a tender under section 89 of that Act.

Textual Amendments

F617 Words in Sch. 10 para. 1(1) inserted (9.2.2009 for E., 1.4.2009 for W.) by Local Transport Act 2008 (c. 26), s. 134(4), Sch. 2 para. 3(2); S.I. 2009/107, art. 2(2), Sch. 2 Pt. 1; S.I. 2009/579, art. 2(d)

F618 Sch. 10 para. 1(1)(za) inserted (27.4.2017 for specified purposes, 27.6.2017 in so far as not already in force) by Bus Services Act 2017 (c. 21), s. 26(3), Sch. 1 para. 11(2)(a)

F619 Sch. 10 para. 1(1)(aa) inserted (27.4.2017 for specified purposes, 27.6.2017 in so far as not already in force) by Bus Services Act 2017 (c. 21), s. 26(3), Sch. 3 para. 8(2)(a)

F620 Sch. 10 para. 1(1)(ba) inserted (27.4.2017 for specified purposes, 27.6.2017 in so far as not already in force) by Bus Services Act 2017 (c. 21), s. 26(3), Sch. 4 para. 9(2)(a)

F621 Words in Sch. 10 para. 1(2) inserted (9.2.2009 for E., 1.4.2009 for W.) by Local Transport Act 2008 (c. 26), s. 134(4), Sch. 2 para. 3(3)(a); S.I. 2009/107, art. 2(2), Sch. 2 Pt. 1; S.I. 2009/579, art. 2(d)

F622 Words in Sch. 10 para. 1(2) inserted (9.2.2009 for E., 1.4.2009 for W.) by Local Transport Act 2008 (c. 26), s. 134(4), Sch. 2 para. 3(3)(b); S.I. 2009/107, art. 2(2), Sch. 2 Pt. 1; S.I. 2009/579, art. 2(d)

F623 Sch. 10 para. 1(2)(za) inserted (27.4.2017 for specified purposes, 27.6.2017 in so far as not already in force) by Bus Services Act 2017 (c. 21), s. 26(3), Sch. 1 para. 11(2)(b)
F624 Sch. 10 para. 1(2)(aa) inserted (27.4.2017 for specified purposes, 27.6.2017 in so far as not already in force) by Bus Services Act 2017 (c. 21), s. 26(3), Sch. 3 para. 8(2)(b)

F625 Sch. 10 para. 1(2)(ba) inserted (27.4.2017 for specified purposes, 27.6.2017 in so far as not already in force) by Bus Services Act 2017 (c. 21), s. 26(3), Sch. 4 para. 9(2)(b)

Commencement Information

I325 Sch. 10 para. 1 partly in force; Sch. 10 para. 1 not in force at Royal Assent see s. 275(1); Sch. 10 para. 1(1)(b)(c)(2)(b)(c) in force (E.) at 1.2.2001 by S.I. 2001/57, art. 3(2), Sch. 3 Pt. I (subject to the savings in Sch. 3 Pt. II); Sch. 10 para. 1(1)(b)(c)(2)(b)(c) in force (W.) at 1.8.2001 by S.I. 2001/2788, art. 2, Sch. 1 para. 8

Marginal Citations

M208 1985 c. 67.
M209 1985 c. 67.

Competition test

2 (1) For the purposes of [F626 this Part of] this Schedule the exercise or proposed exercise of a function to which [F627 this Part of] this Schedule applies meets the competition test unless it—
   (a) has or is likely to have a significantly adverse effect on competition, and
   (b) is not justified by sub-paragraph (2).

(2) The exercise or proposed exercise of a function is justified if—
   (a) it is with a view to achieving one or more of the purposes specified in sub-
       paragraph (3), and
   (b) its effect on competition is or is likely to be proportionate to the achievement
       of that purpose or any of those purposes.

(3) The purposes referred to in sub-paragraph (2) are—
   (a) securing improvements in the quality of vehicles or facilities used for or in
       connection with the provision of local services,
   (b) securing other improvements in local services of [F628 ... benefit to users of
       local services, and]
   (c) reducing or limiting traffic congestion, noise or air pollution.

Textual Amendments

F626 Words in Sch. 10 para. 2(1) inserted (9.2.2009 for E., 1.4.2009 for W.) by Local Transport Act 2008 (c. 26), s. 134(4), Sch. 2 para. 4(2)(a); S.I. 2009/107, art. 2(2), Sch. 2 Pt. 1; S.I. 2009/579, art. 2(d)

F627 Words in Sch. 10 para. 2(1) inserted (9.2.2009 for E., 1.4.2009 for W.) by Local Transport Act 2008 (c. 26), s. 134(4), Sch. 2 para. 4(2)(b); S.I. 2009/107, art. 2(2), Sch. 2 Pt. 1; S.I. 2009/579, art. 2(d)

F628 Word in Sch. 10 para. 2(3)(b) repealed (9.2.2009 for E., 1.4.2009 for W.) by Local Transport Act 2008 (c. 26), s. 134(4), Sch. 2 para. 4(3), Sch. 7 Pt. 2; S.I. 2009/107, art. 2(2), Sch. 2 Pt. 1; S.I. 2009/579, art. 2(d)

Commencement Information

I326 Sch. 10 para. 2 wholly in force at 1.8.2001; Sch. 10 para. 2 not in force at Royal Assent see s. 275(1); Sch. 10 para. 2 in force (E.) at 1.2.2001 by S.I. 2001/57, art. 3(2), Sch. 3 Pt. I (subject to the savings in Sch. 3 Pt. II); Sch. 10 para. 2 in force (W.) at 1.8.2001 by S.I. 2001/2788, art. 2, Sch. 1 para. 8
Applications to \[F629\] OFT for decision

Textual Amendments

\[F629\] Word in Sch. 10 substituted (1.4.2003) by \[Enterprise Act 2002 (c. 40), s. 279, Sch. 25 para. 44(12)(a); S.I. 2003/766, art. 2, Sch. (with art. 3)\] (as amended (20.7.2007) by S.I. 2007/1846, reg. 3(2), Sch.)

\[F630\]

Commencement Information

\[I327\] Sch. 10 para. 3 wholly in force at 1.8.2001; Sch. 10 para. 3 not in force at Royal Assent see s. 275(1); Sch. 10 para. 3 in force (E.) at 1.2.2001 by \[S.I. 2001/57, art. 3(2), Sch. 3 Pt. I\] (subject to the savings in \[Sch. 3 Pt. II\]); Sch. 10 para. 3 in force (W.) at 1.8.2001 by \[S.I. 2001/2788, art. 2, Sch. 1 para. 8\]

\[F631\]

Commencement Information

\[I328\] Sch. 10 para. 4 wholly in force at 1.8.2001; Sch. 10 para. 4 not in force at Royal Assent see s. 275(1); Sch. 10 para. 4 in force (E.) at 1.2.2001 by \[S.I. 2001/57, art. 3(2), Sch. 3 Pt. I\] (subject to the savings in \[Sch. 3 Pt. II\]); Sch. 10 para. 4 in force (W.) at 1.8.2001 by \[S.I. 2001/2788, art. 2, Sch. 1 para. 8\]

\[F632\]

Investigations by \[F632\] CMA

Textual Amendments

\[F632\] Word in Sch. 10 para. 5 cross-heading substituted (1.4.2014) by \[Enterprise and Regulatory Reform Act 2013 (c. 24), s. 103(3), Sch. 6 para. 96(2); S.I. 2014/416, art. 2(1)(d)\] (with Sch.)

\[F633\]

If at any time \[F633\] the \[F634\] Competition and Markets Authority\] (in this Schedule referred to as “the \[F635\] Competition and Markets Authority\]”) considers that the exercise or proposed exercise of a function to which \[F636\] this Part of this Schedule applies may not meet the competition test, \[F637\] it may conduct an investigation.

Textual Amendments

\[F633\] Words in Sch. 10 para. 5 substituted (9.2.2009 for E., 1.4.2009 for W.) by \[Local Transport Act 2008 (c. 26), s. 134(4), Sch. 2 para. 6(a); S.I. 2009/107, art. 2(2), Sch. 2 Pt. 1; S.I. 2009/579, art. 2(d)\]

\[F634\] Words in Sch. 10 para. 5 substituted (1.4.2014) by \[Enterprise and Regulatory Reform Act 2013 (c. 24), s. 103(3), Sch. 6 para. 96(3)(a); S.I. 2014/416, art. 2(1)(d)\] (with Sch.)
6 (1) For the purposes of an investigation under paragraph 5 the CMA may require any person—
   (a) to produce to it or to a person appointed by it, at a specified time and place, any specified document, or
   (b) to provide it or such a person, at such a time and place, any specified information,
   which the CMA considers relates to any matter relevant to the investigation.

(2) The power conferred by sub-paragraph (1) is to be exercised by a notice in writing indicating the subject matter and purpose of the investigation; and in this paragraph “specified” means—
   (a) specified, or described, in the notice, or
   (b) falling within a category which is specified, or described, in the notice.

(3) Information required to be provided under sub-paragraph (1) shall be provided in the specified manner and form.

(4) The power conferred by sub-paragraph (1) to require a person to produce a document includes power—
   (a) to require him to provide an explanation of the document, or
   (b) if the document is not produced, to require him to state, to the best of his knowledge and belief, where it is.

(5) In this paragraph “information” includes estimates and forecasts.
(2) If after hearing—
(a) any witness who may be produced against or on behalf of the person, and
(b) any statement which may be offered in defence,
the High Court is satisfied that the person did not have a reasonable excuse for refusing or failing to comply with the notice, the High Court may punish him as if he had been guilty of contempt of court.

8 (1) A person shall not be required under paragraph 6 to produce or disclose a privileged communication.

(2) In sub-paragraph (1) “privileged communication” means a communication—
(a) between a professional legal adviser and his client, or
(b) made in connection with, or in contemplation of, legal proceedings and for the purposes of those proceedings,
which in proceedings in the High Court would be protected from disclosure on grounds of legal professional privilege.

9 Before the [F641CMA], as the result of an investigation under paragraph 5, makes a decision that the exercise or proposed exercise of a function does not meet the competition test, [F642the [F641CMA]] must—
(a) give written notice to the person or persons likely to be affected by the proposed decision, and
(b) give that person or those persons an opportunity to make representations.
Commencement Information
1333 Sch. 10 para. 9 wholly in force at 1.8.2001; Sch. 10 para. 9 not in force at Royal Assent see s. 275(1); Sch. 10 para. 9 in force (E.) at 1.2.2001 by S.I. 2001/57, art. 3(2), Sch. 3 Pt. I (subject to the savings in Sch. 3 Pt. II); Sch. 10 para. 9 in force (W.) at 1.8.2001 by S.I. 2001/2788, art. 2, Sch. 1 para. 8

Decisions
10 When the \[^{F643}\text{CMA}\] makes a decision—
\(^{b}\) after an investigation under paragraph 5, \[^{F645}\text{the }{\text{CMA}}\] must publish \[^{F645}\text{its }\] decision, together with \[^{F645}\text{its }\] reasons for making it.

Textual Amendments
\(^{F643}\)Word in Sch. 10 para. 10 substituted (1.4.2014) by Enterprise and Regulatory Reform Act 2013 (c. 24), s. 103(3), Sch. 6 para. 96(4); S.I. 2014/416, art. 2(1)(d) (with Sch.)
\(^{F644}\)Sch. 10 para. 10(a) repealed (9.2.2009 for E., 1.4.2009 for W.) by Local Transport Act 2008 (c. 26), s. 134(4), Sch. 2 para. 7, Sch. 7 Pt. 2; S.I. 2009/107, art. 2(2), Sch. 2 Pt. 1; S.I. 2009/579, art. 2(d)
\(^{F645}\)Words in Sch. 10 para. 10 substituted (1.4.2003) by Enterprise Act 2002 (c. 40), s. 279, Sch. 25 para. 44(12)(b); S.I. 2003/766, art. 2, Sch. (with art. 3) (as amended (20.7.2007) by S.I. 2007/1846, reg. 3(2), Sch.)

Commencement Information
1334 Sch. 10 para. 10 wholly in force at 1.8.2001; Sch. 10 para. 10 not in force at Royal Assent see s. 275(1); Sch. 10 para. 10 in force (E.) at 1.2.2001 by S.I. 2001/57, art. 3(2), Sch. 3 Pt. I (subject to the savings in Sch. 3 Pt. II); Sch. 10 para. 10 in force (W.) at 1.8.2001 by S.I. 2001/2788, art. 2, Sch. 1 para. 8

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Textual Amendments
\(^{F646}\)Sch. 10 para. 11 repealed (9.2.2009 for E., 1.4.2009 for W.) by Local Transport Act 2008 (c. 26), s. 134(4), Sch. 2 para. 8, Sch. 7 Pt. 2; S.I. 2009/107, art. 2(2), Sch. 2 Pt. 1; S.I. 2009/579, art. 2(d)

Commencement Information
1335 Sch. 10 para. 11 wholly in force at 1.8.2001; Sch. 10 para. 11 not in force at Royal Assent see s. 275(1); Sch. 10 para. 11 in force (E.) at 1.2.2001 by S.I. 2001/57, art. 3(2), Sch. 3 Pt. I (subject to the savings in Sch. 3 Pt. II); Sch. 10 para. 11 in force (W.) at 1.8.2001 by S.I. 2001/2788, art. 2, Sch. 1 para. 8

Enforcement of decisions
12 (1) If the \[^{F647}\text{CMA}\] has made a decision that the exercise or proposed exercise of a function to which \[^{F648}\text{this Part of this Schedule applies does not meet the competition test, }^{F649}\text{the }{\text{CMA}}\] may give to the authority for which it was or was to be exercised such directions as \[^{F649}\text{the }{\text{CMA}}\] considers appropriate.

(2) A direction under sub-paragraph (1) may (in particular)—
(a) in the case of a proposal to exercise a function, include provision prohibiting the exercise of the function in the manner proposed,

(b) in the case of the exercise of the function of making or varying an advanced quality partnership scheme, a quality partnership scheme, a ticketing scheme or an enhanced partnership scheme, include provision requiring the variation or revocation of the scheme,

(c) in the case of the exercise of the function of inviting tenders under section 89(2) or 91(3) of the Transport Act 1985, include provision requiring the variation or withdrawal of the invitation, and

(d) in the case of the exercise of the function of accepting or not accepting a tender under section 89 or 91 of that Act, include provision requiring the variation or termination of any agreement entered into by accepting the tender or requiring the acceptance of any tender.

(3) A direction under sub-paragraph (1) must be given in writing.

(4) If an authority fails, without reasonable excuse, to comply with a direction under sub-paragraph (1), the CMA may apply to the High Court for an order requiring the authority to comply with the direction within a time specified in the order.

(5) An order under sub-paragraph (4) may provide for all of the costs of, or incidental to, the application for the order to be borne by the authority.
Information

13 (1) No information which—
   (a) has been obtained by the [\textit{\textsuperscript{647}}CMA] in connection with [\textit{\textsuperscript{653}}its] functions under [\textit{\textsuperscript{654}}this Part of] this Schedule, and
   (b) relates to the affairs of any individual or to any particular business,
   is to be disclosed during the lifetime of that individual or while that business continues to be carried on, unless the condition mentioned in sub-paragraph (2) is satisfied.

(2) The condition is that consent to the disclosure has been obtained from—
   (a) the person from whom the information was obtained, and
   (b) if different, the individual to whose affairs the information relates or the person for the time being carrying on the business to which the information relates.

(3) Sub-paragraph (1) does not apply to a disclosure of information—
   (a) made for the purpose of facilitating the performance of any function of the [\textit{\textsuperscript{647}}CMA], a traffic commissioner or the [\textit{\textsuperscript{655}}Office of Rail and Road],
   (b) made for the purpose of facilitating the performance of any function of the European Commission in respect of [\textit{\textsuperscript{592}}EU] law about competition,
   (c) made for the purpose of criminal proceedings in any part of the United Kingdom or in connection with the investigation of a criminal offence triable in any part of the United Kingdom, or
   (d) made in compliance with the order of a court or tribunal.

(4) If information is disclosed to the public in circumstances in which the disclosure does not contravene sub-paragraph (1), that sub-paragraph does not prevent its further disclosure by any person.

(5) A person who contravenes this paragraph is guilty of an offence and liable on summary conviction to a fine not exceeding level 5 on the standard scale.

\textbf{Textual Amendments} 
\textit{F592} Words in Act substituted (22.4.2011) by \textit{The Treaty of Lisbon (Changes in Terminology) Order 2011} (S.I. 2011/1043), arts. 2, 3, 6 (with arts. 3(2)(3), 4(2), 6(4)(5)) 
\textit{F647} Word in Sch. 10 paras. 12-14 substituted (1.4.2014) by \textit{Enterprise and Regulatory Reform Act 2013} (c. 24), s. 103(3), \textit{Sch. 6 para. 96(4)}; S.I. 2014/416, art. 2(1)(d) (with Sch.) 
\textit{F653} Word in Sch. 10 paras. 13-15 substituted (1.4.2003) by \textit{Enterprise Act 2002} (c. 40), s. 279, \textit{Sch. 25 para. 44(12)(k)}; S.I. 2003/766, art. 2, Sch. (with art. 3) (as amended (20.7.2007) by S.I. 2007/1846, reg. 3(2), Sch.) 
\textit{F654} Words in Sch. 10 para. 13(1) inserted (9.2.2009 for E., 1.4.2009 for W.) by \textit{Local Transport Act 2008} (c. 26), s. 134(4), \textit{Sch. 2 para. 10}; S.I. 2009/107, art. 2(2), Sch. 2 Pt. 1; S.I. 2009/579, art. 2(d) 
\textit{F655} Words in Sch. 10 para. 13(3)(a) substituted (16.10.2015) by \textit{The Office of Rail Regulation (Change of Name) Regulations 2015} (S.I. 2015/1682), reg. 1(2), \textit{Sch. para. 4(p)(iv)} 

\textbf{Modifications etc. (not altering text)} 
\textit{C74} Sch. 10 para. 13(3): Disclosure powers extended (14.12.2001) by \textit{2001 c. 24, ss. 17, 127(2)(a), Sch. 4 Pt. 1 para. 53(2)}
14 (1) If information is provided by a person to the CMA in connection with its functions under this Part of this Schedule, the person is guilty of an offence if—
   (a) the information is false or misleading in a material particular, and
   (b) the person knows that it is or is reckless as to whether it is.

(2) If a person—
   (a) provides any information to another person, knowing the information to be false or misleading in a material particular, or
   (b) recklessly provides to another person any information which is false or misleading in a material particular,

knowing that the information is to be used for the purpose of providing information to the CMA in connection with its functions under this Part of this Schedule, the person is guilty of an offence.

(3) A person guilty of an offence under this paragraph is liable on summary conviction to a fine not exceeding level 5 on the standard scale.

Textual Amendments

Word in Sch. 10 paras. 12-14 substituted (1.4.2014) by Enterprise and Regulatory Reform Act 2013 (c. 24), s. 103(3), Sch. 6 para. 96(4); S.I. 2014/416, art. 2(1)(d) (with Sch.)

Word in Sch. 10 paras. 13-15 substituted (1.4.2003) by Enterprise Act 2002 (c. 40), s. 279, Sch. 25 para. 44(12)(k); S.I. 2003/766, art. 2, Sch. (with art. 3) (as amended (20.7.2007) by S.I. 2007/1846, reg. 3(2), Sch.)

Words in Sch. 10 para. 14 inserted (9.2.2009 for E., 1.4.2009 for W.) by Local Transport Act 2008 (c. 26), s. 134(4), Sch. 2 para. 11; S.I. 2009/107, art. 2(2), Sch. 2 Pt. 1; S.I. 2009/579, art. 2(d)

14A (1) As soon as is reasonably practicable after the passing of the Local Transport Act 2008, the OFT must prepare and publish advice and information about—
   (a) the application of the competition test,
   (b) the enforcement of decisions regarding that test.
(2) The [F658CMA] may at any time publish revised, or new, advice or information.

(3) Advice and information published under this paragraph must be prepared with a view to—
   (a) explaining provisions of this Part of this Schedule to persons who are likely to be affected by them, and
   (b) indicating how the [F658CMA] expects such provisions to operate.

(4) Advice (or information) published by virtue of sub-paragraph (3)(b) may include advice (or information) about the factors which the [F658CMA] may take into account in considering whether, and if so how, to exercise a power conferred on it by this Part of this Schedule.

(5) Any advice or information published by the [F658CMA] under this paragraph is to be published in such form and in such manner as it considers appropriate.

(6) If the [F658CMA] is preparing any advice or information under this paragraph it must consult such persons as it considers appropriate.

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Textual Amendments

**F658** Words in Sch. 10 paras. 14A(2)-(6) substituted (1.4.2014) by Enterprise and Regulatory Reform Act 2013 (c. 24), s. 103(3), Sch. 6 para. 96(5); S.I. 2014/416, art. 2(1)(d) (with Sch.)

Defamation

For the purposes of the law relating to defamation, absolute privilege attaches to any decision made or notice given [F659, and to any advice or information given,] by the [F660CMA] in the exercise of any of [F653its] functions under [F661this Part of] this Schedule.

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Textual Amendments

**F653** Word in Sch. 10 paras. 13-15 substituted (1.4.2003) by Enterprise Act 2002 (c. 40), s. 279, Sch. 25 para. 44(12)(k); S.I. 2003/766, art. 2, Sch. (with art. 3) (as amended (20.7.2007) by S.I. 2007/1846, reg. 3(2), Sch.)

**F659** Words in Sch. 10 para. 15 inserted (9.2.2009 for E., 1.4.2009 for W.) by Local Transport Act 2008 (c. 26), s. 134(4), Sch. 2 para. 13(a); S.I. 2009/107, art. 2(2), Sch. 2 Pt. 1; S.I. 2009/579, art. 2(d)

**F660** Word in Sch. 10 para. 15 substituted (1.4.2014) by Enterprise and Regulatory Reform Act 2013 (c. 24), s. 103(3), Sch. 6 para. 96(6); S.I. 2014/416, art. 2(1)(d) (with Sch.)

**F661** Words in Sch. 10 para. 15 inserted (9.2.2009 for E., 1.4.2009 for W.) by Local Transport Act 2008 (c. 26), s. 134(4), Sch. 2 para. 13(b); S.I. 2009/107, art. 2(2), Sch. 2 Pt. 1; S.I. 2009/579, art. 2(d)

Commencement Information

**I339** Sch. 10 para. 15 wholly in force at 1.8.2001; Sch. 10 para. 15 not in force at Royal Assent see s. 275(1); Sch. 10 para. 15 in force (E.) at 1.2.2001 by S.I. 2001/57, art. 3(2), Sch. 3 Pt. 1 (subject to the savings in Sch. 3 Pt. II); Sch. 10 para. 15 in force (W.) at 1.8.2001 by S.I. 2001/2788, art. 2, Sch. 1 para. 8
Fees


(2) Different fees may be charged in connection with different functions and in different circumstances.

Textual Amendments

F662 Word in Sch. 10 para. 16 substituted (1.4.2014) by Enterprise and Regulatory Reform Act 2013 (c. 24), s. 103(3), Sch. 6 para. 96(6); S.I. 2014/416, art. 2(1)(d) (with Sch.)

F663 Words in Sch. 10 para. 16 substituted (1.4.2003) by Enterprise Act 2002 (c. 40), s. 279, Sch. 25 para. 44(12)(l); S.I. 2003/766, art. 2, Sch. (with art. 3) (as amended (20.7.2007) by S.I. 2007/1846, reg. 3(2), Sch.)

F664 Words in Sch. 10 para. 16(1) inserted (9.2.2009 for E., 1.4.2009 for W.) by Local Transport Act 2008 (c. 26), s. 134(4), Sch. 2 para. 14(2); S.I. 2009/107, art. 2(2), Sch. 2 Pt. 1; S.I. 2009/579, art. 2(d)

F665 Sch. 10 para. 16(3) repealed (9.2.2009 for E., 1.4.2009 for W.) by Local Transport Act 2008 (c. 26), s. 134(4), Sch. 2 para. 14(3), Sch. 7 Pt. 2; S.I. 2009/107, art. 2(2), Sch. 2 Pt. 1; S.I. 2009/579, art. 2(d)

Interpretation

17 (1) This paragraph applies for the purposes of the interpretation of this Part of this Schedule.

(2) A voluntary multilateral agreement (a “VMA”) is a voluntary partnership agreement (within the meaning given by section 153) to which two or more operators of local services are parties.

(3) A voluntary bilateral agreement (a “VBA”) is a voluntary partnership agreement (within the meaning given by that section) to which only one operator of local services is a party.

(4) In this Part of this Schedule—
(a) a “qualifying agreement” is an agreement between bus undertakings only;
(b) a “qualifying decision” is so much of any decision by an association of undertakings as relates to the operation of local services;
(c) a “qualifying practice” is a concerted practice by bus undertakings only.

(5) For the purposes of sub-paragraph (4)—
(a) a bus undertaking is an undertaking which is the operator of a local service;
(b) the involvement of a local authority which is not a bus undertaking is to be disregarded;
(c) [F667 an advanced quality partnership scheme] a quality partnership scheme [F668 an enhanced partnership scheme] or voluntary partnership agreement is not to be regarded as a qualifying agreement, qualifying decision or qualifying practice.

(6) In sub-paragraph (5)(b) “local authority” means—
(a) a local transport authority;
(b) a district council in England.

(7) A provision of this Part of this Schedule which is expressed to apply to, or in relation to, a qualifying agreement is to be read as applying equally to, or in relation to, a qualifying decision or a qualifying practice (but with any necessary modifications).

(8) A reference to the area of an authority—
(a) in relation to a VMA or VBA, is a reference to the area of a local transport authority who are a party to the agreement;
(b) in relation to a qualifying agreement, is a reference to the area of a local transport authority in whose area the agreement is, or is to be, implemented.

(9) The “bus improvement objectives” are—
(a) securing improvements in the quality of vehicles or facilities used for or in connection with the provision of local services,
(b) securing other improvements in local services of benefit to users of local services, and
(c) reducing or limiting traffic congestion, noise or air pollution.

Textual Amendments
F667 Words in Sch. 10 para. 17(5)(c) inserted (27.4.2017 for specified purposes, 27.6.2017 in so far as not already in force) by Bus Services Act 2017 (c. 21), s. 26(3), Sch. 1 para. 11(4)
F668 Words in Sch. 10 para. 17(5)(c) inserted (27.4.2017 for specified purposes, 27.6.2017 in so far as not already in force) by Bus Services Act 2017 (c. 21), s. 26(3), Sch. 4 para. 9(4)

Agreements, decisions and practices to which this Part of this Schedule applies

18 (1) This Part of this Schedule applies to—
(a) VMAs or VBAs falling within sub-paragraph (2), and
(b) qualifying agreements falling within sub-paragraph (3).

This paragraph is subject to paragraph 19.
(2) A VMA or VBA falls within this sub-paragraph if it has as its object or effect the prevention, restriction or distortion of competition in the area of the authority, or the combined area of the authorities.

(3) A qualifying agreement falls within this sub-paragraph if—

(a) it has as its object or effect the prevention, restriction or distortion of competition in the area of the authority, or the combined area of the authorities, but

(b) the authority, or any of the authorities, has certified that they have considered all the terms and effects (or likely effects) of the agreement and that in their opinion the requirements mentioned in sub-paragraph (4) are satisfied.

(4) The requirements are that the agreement—

(a) is in the interests of persons using local services within the area of the authority, or the combined area of the authorities, and

(b) does not impose on the undertakings concerned restrictions that are not indispensable to the attainment of the bus improvement objectives.

(5) For the purposes of sub-paragraph (2)—

(a) the object or effect of a VMA may be considered either on its own or together with one or more other VMAs, VBAs or qualifying agreements;

(b) the object or effect of a VBA is to be considered together with one or more VMAs, other VBAs or qualifying agreements.

(6) For the purposes of sub-paragraph (3) the object or effect of a qualifying agreement may be considered either on its own or together with one or more VMAs, VBAs or other qualifying agreements.

19 (1) This Part of this Schedule does not apply to a VMA, VBA or qualifying agreement if it (or any of its provisions) constitutes a price-fixing agreement within the meaning given by section 39(9) of the Competition Act 1998.

(2) Where the standard of services specified in a VMA or VBA includes any requirement as to maximum fares (see section 153(3)), any provision of that agreement relating to the setting, review or revision of the maximum fare is not to be regarded as constituting a price-fixing agreement for the purposes of sub-paragraph (1).

The prohibition

20 (1) Any VMA, VBA or qualifying agreement to which this Part of this Schedule applies is prohibited unless it is exempt in accordance with the provisions of this Part of this Schedule.

(2) The prohibition in sub-paragraph (1) applies in place of the Chapter 1 prohibition.

(3) The Chapter 1 prohibition is the prohibition imposed by section 2(1) of the Competition Act 1998.

Agreements and decisions void

21 Any agreement or decision which is prohibited by paragraph 20 is void.
Exempt agreements

22 (1) A VMA, VBA or qualifying agreement to which this Part of this Schedule applies is exempt if—
(a) it contributes to the attainment of one or more of the bus improvement objectives,
(b) it does not impose on the undertakings concerned restrictions which are not indispensable to the attainment of those objectives, and
(c) it does not afford the undertakings concerned the possibility of eliminating competition in respect of a substantial part of the services in question.

(2) In any proceedings in which it is alleged that the prohibition in paragraph 20 is being or has been infringed by a VMA, VBA or qualifying agreement any undertaking or association of undertakings claiming the benefit of sub-paragraph (1) shall bear the burden of proving that the conditions of that sub-paragraph are satisfied.

Application of provisions of Competition Act 1998

23 (1) The provisions of Part 1 of the Competition Act 1998 ("the 1998 Act") specified in sub-paragraph (2) apply in relation to the prohibition in paragraph 20 (and a VMA, VBA or qualifying agreement to which this Part of this Schedule applies) as those provisions apply in relation to the Chapter 1 prohibition (and an agreement to which those provisions apply).

(2) The provisions are—
(a) in Chapter 1, sections 3, 6, 8, 10 and 11 (excluded agreements and exemptions);
(b) Chapter 3 (investigations and enforcement), except sections 36 to 39 (penalties);
(c) in Chapter 4, sections 46 to 49 (appeals) [F669, except section 47F and Schedule 8A];
(d) Chapter 5 (miscellaneous), except section 54 (regulators).

(3) The application, by virtue of sub-paragraph (2)(d), of Chapter 5 includes section 52(1) of the 1998 Act; but this is subject to the following modifications—
(a) the reference to the passing of the 1998 Act is to be read as a reference to the passing of the Local Transport Act 2008;
(b) the reference to the Director is to be read as a reference to the OFT.

(4) The application, in accordance with sub-paragraph (1), of the provisions mentioned in sub-paragraph (2) is to be subject to such further modifications as the Secretary of State may by order provide.

Textual Amendments

[F669 Words in Sch. 10 para. 23(2)(c) inserted (9.3.2017) by The Claims in respect of Loss or Damage arising from Competition Infringements (Competition Act 1998 and Other Enactments (Amendment)) Regulations 2017 (S.I. 2017/385), reg. 1(2), Sch. 2 para. 10(1)]
SCHEDULE 11

MINOR AND CONSEQUENTIAL AMENDMENTS ABOUT LOCAL TRANSPORT

Finance Act 1965 (c.25)

1 In section 92(8) of the Finance Act 1965 (grants towards duty charged on bus fuel), in the definition of “bus service”—
   (a) in paragraph (a), after “Act” insert “ or provided under a quality contract (within the meaning of Part II of the Transport Act 2000) ”, and
   (b) in paragraph (b), for “II of that Act” substitute “ II of the M211 Transport Act 1985 ”.

Commencement Information

| Sch. 11 para. 1 | wholly in force at 26.10.2001; Sch. 11 para. 1 not in force at Royal Assent see s. 275(1); Sch. 11 para. 1 in force (W.) at 1.8.2001 by S.I 2001/2788, art. 2, Sch. 1 para. 11; Sch. 11 para. 1 in force (E.) at 26.10.2001 by S.I 2001/3342, art. 2, Sch. |

Marginal Citations

M211 1985 c. 67.

Transport Act 1968 (c.73)

2 The Transport Act 1968 has effect subject to the following amendments.

Commencement Information

| Sch. 11 para. 2 | wholly in force at 1.8.2001; Sch. 11 para. 2 not in force at Royal Assent see s. 275(1); Sch. 11 para. 2 in force (E.) at 1.2.2001 by S.I 2001/57, art. 3(2), Sch. 3 Pt. I (subject to the savings in Sch. 3 Pt. II); Sch. 11 para. 2 in force (W.) at 1.8.2001 by S.I. 2001/2788, art. 2, Sch. 1 para. 11 |

3 (1) Section 9A (general functions of Passenger Transport Authorities and Executives) is amended as follows.

(2) Omit subsections (1) and (2).

(3) For subsection (3) substitute—

“(3) It shall be the duty of the Executive for each passenger transport area in England to secure the provision of such public passenger transport services as the Authority for the area consider it appropriate for the Executive to secure for meeting any public transport requirements within the area which in the Authority’s view would not be met apart from any action taken by the Executive for that purpose.

(3A) The Authority shall seek and have regard to the advice of the Executive for their area in determining which services it would be appropriate for the Executive to secure under subsection (3) of this section.”

(4) In subsection (6), for the words following paragraph (b) substitute “ to have regard to a combination of economy, efficiency and effectiveness. ”
(5) In subsection (7), insert at the end “and to the bus strategy made jointly by the Authority and the councils for the metropolitan districts comprised in the area.”

Textual Amendments

F670 Sch. 11 para. 3(5) repealed (31.1.2010 for W.) by Local Transport Act 2008 (c. 26), s. 134(4), Sch. 7 Pt. 1; S.I. 2009/3294, art. 2(d)

Commencement Information

I343 Sch. 11 para. 3 wholly in force at 1.8.2001; Sch. 11 para. 3 not in force at Royal Assent see s. 275(1); Sch. 11 para. 3 in force (E.) at 1.2.2001 by S.I. 2001/57, art. 3(2), Sch. 3 Pt. I (subject to the savings in Sch. 3 Pt. II); Sch. 11 para. 3 in force (W.) at 1.8.2001 by S.I. 2001/2788, art. 2, Sch. 1 para. 11

4 Omit section 9B (consultation and publicity with respect to policies as to services).

Commencement Information

I344 Sch. 11 para. 4 wholly in force at 1.8.2001; Sch. 11 para. 4 not in force at Royal Assent see s. 275(1); Sch. 11 para. 4 in force (E.) at 1.2.2001 by S.I. 2001/57, art. 3(2), Sch. 3 Pt. I (subject to the savings in Sch. 3 Pt. II); Sch. 11 para. 4 in force (W.) at 1.8.2001 by S.I. 2001/2788, art. 2, Sch. 1 para. 11

Local Government Act 1972 (c. 70)

5 In section 97 of the Local Government Act 1972 (exceptions from prohibition on member of local authority discussing and voting on matters in which he has pecuniary interest), after subsection (6) insert—

“(7) Section 94 above shall not prohibit a director of a public transport company, or a subsidiary of such a company, who is neither—

(a) paid for acting as such; nor

(b) an employee of the public transport company or subsidiary, from taking part in the consideration or discussion of, or from voting on any question with respect to, a local transport plan or bus strategy; and in this subsection “public transport company” and “subsidiary” have the same meanings as in Part IV of the M212 Transport Act 1985.”

Commencement Information

I345 Sch. 11 para. 5 wholly in force at 1.8.2001; Sch. 11 para. 5 not in force at Royal Assent see s. 275(1); Sch. 11 para. 5 in force (E.) at 1.2.2001 by S.I. 2001/57, art. 3(2), Sch. 3 Pt. I (subject to the savings in Sch. 3 Pt. II); Sch. 11 para. 2 in force (W.) at 1.8.2001 by S.I. 2001/2788, art. 2, Sch. 1 para. 11

Marginal Citations
M212 1985 c. 67.

Road Traffic Regulation Act 1984 (c. 27)

6 The Road Traffic Regulation Act 1984 has effect subject to the following amendments.
In section 1 (traffic regulation orders), after subsection (3) insert—

“(3A) A local traffic authority may make a traffic regulation order in respect of a road in relation to which the Secretary of State or the National Assembly for Wales is the traffic authority if—

(a) the order is required for the provision of facilities pursuant to a quality partnership scheme under Part II of the Transport Act 2000, and

(b) the Secretary of State, or the National Assembly for Wales, consents.”

(1) Paragraph 27 of Schedule 9 (variation and revocation of orders) is amended as follows.

(2) In sub-paragraph (1), for “sub-paragraph (2)” substitute “sub-paragraphs (2) and (3)”. 

(3) After sub-paragraph (2) insert—

“(3) Where an order is required for the provision of facilities pursuant to a quality partnership scheme made under Part II of the Transport Act 2000 by more than one authority—

(a) it may not be varied or revoked by virtue of this paragraph by the Secretary of State or the National Assembly for Wales unless he or it has consulted the other authority or authorities who made the scheme, and

(b) it may not be varied or revoked by virtue of this paragraph by any other authority without the consent of that other authority or those other authorities.”

The Transport Act 1985 has effect subject to the following amendments.
10 (1) Section 26(1) (conditions attached to PSV operator’s licence) is amended as follows.

(2) In paragraph (b), after “section” insert “ or section 118(4) or 129(1)(b) of the Transport Act 2000 ”.

(3) After that paragraph insert “; or

(ba) the operator has failed to comply with section 138 or 140(3) of that Act;”.

11 (1) Section 63 (functions of local councils with respect to passenger transport in areas other than passenger transport areas) is amended as follows.

(2) In subsection (1), omit paragraph (b) and the word “and” before it.

(3) In subsection (3)—

(a) omit “(1)(b) or” and “(1)(a) or”,
(b) in paragraph (a), omit “as a local education authority or (as the case may be)”, and
(c) in paragraph (b), omit “social services or (as the case may be)”.

(4) In subsection (7), for the words from “so to conduct” to the end substitute “ to have regard to a combination of economy, efficiency and effectiveness. ”

(5) [F671In subsection (8), at end insert “ and to the appropriate bus strategy. ”]

(6) [F671After that subsection insert—

“(8A) In subsection (8) “the appropriate bus strategy” means—

(a) in the case of a council which is a local transport authority (within the meaning of section 108(4) of the Transport Act 2000), their bus strategy;
(b) in the case of a district council which is not such an authority, the bus strategy of the council for the county in which the district is situated.”]
12 (1) Section 64 (consultation and publicity with respect to policies as to services) is amended as follows.

(2) In subsection (1)—
   (a) for “63(1)(b) or (2)(b)” substitute “63(2)(b)”,
   (b) for “either of those provisions” substitute “that provision”, and
   (c) omit the words following paragraph (b).

(3) In subsection (2), omit “under section 63(1)(a) or (as the case may be)”.

14 In section 82 (bus stations: restrictions on discriminatory practices), after subsection (4) insert—

“(4A) Nothing done pursuant to a quality partnership scheme under Part II of the Transport Act 2000 by—
   (a) a Passenger Transport Executive,
   (b) a local authority, or
   (c) a person to whom subsection (3) above applies,
   shall be taken to be discrimination prohibited by subsection (1) or (3) above.”
persons who have a disability, or have suffered an injury, which has a substantial and long-term adverse effect on their ability to walk;

persons who do not have arms or have long-term loss of the use of both arms;

persons who have a learning disability, that is, a state of arrested or incomplete development of mind which includes significant impairment of intelligence and social functioning;

persons who, if they applied for the grant of a licence to drive a motor vehicle under Part III of the Road Traffic Act 1988, would have their applications refused pursuant to section 92 of that Act (physical fitness) otherwise than on the ground of persistent misuse of drugs or alcohol;

any person travelling as the companion of a person who—

(i) is eligible to receive travel concessions by virtue of any other paragraph of this subsection; and

(ii) requires the assistance of a companion in order to travel on journeys on public passenger transport services;”.

In section 94(4) (definition of eligible service), for the words from “a service is” to the end substitute ““eligible service” means—

(a) until section 92 of the Finance Act 1965 (grants towards duty charged on bus fuel) ceases to have effect as a result of section 154(6) of the Transport Act 2000, a service qualifying for fuel duty grant, and

(b) after that time, a service using public service vehicles of a class specified in an order made by the Secretary of State (as respects England) or the National Assembly for Wales (as respects Wales).”

In section 103(3) (no subsidies for concessions available under a scheme), insert at the end “ or under section 145(1) of the Transport Act 2000.”
18 (1) Section 104 (travel concessions on services provided by Passenger Transport Executives) is amended as follows.

(2) In subsection (1), for the words from “other than” to “that section” substitute “otherwise than in accordance with a scheme established under section 93 of this Act or in accordance with section 145(1) of the Transport Act 2000”.

(3) In subsection (2), after paragraph (a) insert—

“(aa) in accordance with section 145(1) of the Transport Act 2000; or”.

19 In section 105(1) (travel concessions on services provided by local authorities), for the words “of any description” onwards substitute “in accordance with a scheme established under section 93 of this Act or in accordance with section 145(1) of the Transport Act 2000.”

20 (1) Section 108 (grants for establishment of rural passenger services in Wales and Scotland) is amended as follows.

(2) In subsection (1), omit “Wales or”.

(3) In the sidenote, omit “Wales and”.

Omit section 109 (transitional rural bus grants).
(1) Section 111 (unregistered and unreliable local services: requirement to repay twenty per cent. of bus fuel duty grants) is amended as follows (until it ceases to have effect as a result of section 154(6)).

(2) For subsection (1) substitute—

“(1) Where the traffic commissioner for any traffic area is satisfied that the operator of a local service has, without reasonable excuse—

(a) failed to operate a local service registered under section 6 of this Act;
(b) operated a local service in contravention of that section or section 118(4) or 129(1)(b) of the Transport Act 2000; or
(c) failed to comply with section 138 or 140(3) of that Act;

he may make a determination to that effect.”
“the relevant authority”, in relation to a relevant scheme made by one authority, means the authority by which the scheme is made, and

“the relevant authorities”, in relation to a relevant scheme made jointly by more than one authority, means the authorities by which the scheme is made.

Commencement Information

Sch. 12 para. 1 partly in force; Sch. 12 para. 1 not in force at Royal Assent see s. 275(1); Sch. 12 para. 1 in force (E.) at 1.2.2001 by S.I. 2001/57, art. 3(2), Sch. 3 Pt. I (subject to the savings in Sch. 3 Pt. II)

Net proceeds

(1) In this Schedule “net proceeds”, in relation to a relevant scheme and a financial year, means the amount (if any) by which—

(a) the amounts received under or in connection with the scheme which are attributable to the financial year, exceed

(b) the expenses incurred for or in connection with the scheme which are so attributable.

(2) For the purposes of this Schedule—

(a) the amounts received under or in connection with a relevant scheme, and

(b) the expenses incurred for or in connection with a relevant scheme, and the extent to which they are attributable to any financial year, shall be determined in accordance with regulations made by the appropriate national authority.

(3) Regulations under sub-paragraph (2) may, in particular, provide that—

(a) any such costs of constructing, improving or maintaining roads in respect of which charges are imposed by trunk road charging schemes, and any such costs of managing traffic on those roads, as are specified by or determined in accordance with the regulations, or

(b) any such payments made for or in respect of the construction, improvement or maintenance of those roads, or the management of traffic on them, as are so specified or determined,

are to be regarded, to the extent so specified or determined, as expenses incurred for or in connection with the trunk road charging schemes.

(4) Where a trunk road charging scheme is made by virtue of section 167(2)(b), the relevant authority and the local traffic authority[1675; Integrated Transport Authority or combined authority] which requested the making of the scheme (or Transport for London, if it did) may agree that—

(a) the expenses incurred for or in connection with the trunk road charging scheme shall be taken to include specified expenses incurred for or in connection with the charging scheme in connection with which the trunk road charging scheme was requested, and

(b) the expenses incurred for or in connection with that other charging scheme shall be taken to include specified expenses incurred for or in connection with the trunk road charging scheme.
3 (1) A relevant scheme which is—
   (a) a joint local charging scheme or licensing scheme,\(^{F676}\)...
   (aa) a joint local-ITA charging scheme,\(^{F676}\)
   (b) a joint local-London charging scheme or licensing scheme, \(^{F677}\) or
   (c) a joint ITA-London charging scheme,\(^{F677}\)

shall provide for the net proceeds of the scheme to be apportioned between the
relevant authorities.

(2) Where a trunk road charging scheme is made by virtue of section 167(2)(b)—
   (a) the trunk road charging scheme, or
   (b) the charging scheme in connection with which the trunk road charging
   scheme was requested,

or both, may provide for the net proceeds of the scheme to be apportioned between the
relevant authority and the local traffic authority\(^{F678}\), Integrated Transport Authority
or combined authority\(^{F678}\) which requested the making of the scheme (or Transport for
London, if it did).

References in the following provisions of this Schedule to an authority’s share of
the net proceeds of a relevant scheme are—
   (a) where the net proceeds of the scheme are apportioned as provided by
       paragraph 3, to so much of the net proceeds of the scheme as are
       apportioned to the authority, and
   (b) otherwise, to the net proceeds of the scheme.
Accounts and funds

5 Regulations made by the appropriate national authority may make provision for—
(a) the keeping of accounts relating to trunk road charging schemes, and
(b) the preparation and publication of statements of such accounts.

6 (1) An account relating to a relevant scheme which is not a trunk road charging scheme shall be kept for each financial year by the relevant authority or jointly by the relevant authorities.

(2) A statement of every such account shall be prepared for each financial year by the relevant authority or authorities and published in the annual accounts of the relevant authority, or of each of the relevant authorities, for the financial year.

(3) Regulations made by the appropriate national authority may make—
(a) further provision relating to accounts required to be kept under this paragraph (including provision requiring or allowing the keeping of consolidated accounts relating to more than one relevant scheme), and
(b) further provision relating to the preparation and publication of statements of such accounts.

7 (1) At the end of each financial year any deficit in an account required to be kept under paragraph 6 shall be made good by the relevant authority or authorities.

(2) Any surplus in such an account may (so far as not made available for any purpose in accordance with this Schedule) be applied by the relevant authority or authorities towards making good any amount used to make good a deficit in respect of the account in the ten years immediately preceding the financial year.

(3) So much of any surplus as remains after the application of sub-paragraph (2) shall be carried forward in the account to the next financial year.

(4) A relevant scheme made by more than one authority must make provision specifying or for determining—
(a) the proportion of any deficit which each authority shall make good, and
(b) the proportion of any surplus which each authority may apply in accordance with sub-paragraph (2).

(5) Any deficit required to be made good shall be made good—

(a) in the case of a Welsh county council or county borough council, from its general account,

(b) in the case of Transport for London, from its gross income, and

(c) in the case of any other non-metropolitan local traffic authority or London traffic authority, [F679 or an Integrated Transport Authority][F680 or combined authority], from its general fund.

Textual Amendments

F679 Words in Sch. 12 para. 7(5)(c) inserted (9.2.2009 for E., 1.4.2009 for W.) by Local Transport Act 2008 (c. 26), s. 134(4), Sch. 5 para. 13(2); S.I. 2009/107, art. 2(2), Sch. 2 Pt. 1; S.I. 2009/579, art. 2(k)

F680 Words in Sch. 12 para. 7(5)(c) inserted (17.12.2009) by Local Democracy, Economic Development and Construction Act 2009 (c. 20), s. 148(6), Sch. 6 para. 11S(4); S.I. 2009/3318, art. 2(c)

Commencement Information

I367 Sch. 12 para. 7 partly in force; Sch. 12 para. 7 not in force at Royal Assent see s. 275(1); Sch. 12 para. 7 in force (E.) at 1.2.2001 by S.I. 2001/57, art. 3(2), Sch. 3 Pt. I (subject to the savings in Sch. 3 Pt. II)

Application of proceeds by non-metropolitan local traffic authorities

8 (1) This paragraph applies to a non-metropolitan local traffic authority’s share of the net proceeds of [F681 any relevant scheme].

(2) The share of the net proceeds is available only—

(a) for application by the authority for the purpose of directly or indirectly facilitating the achievement of [F682 local transport policies of the authority], or

(b) for application by any authority falling within sub-paragraph (3) selected by the authority whose share it is in accordance with sub-paragraph (4).

(3) The authorities which fall within this sub-paragraph are—

(a) other non-metropolitan local traffic authorities

[F683(aa) Integrated Transport Authorities][F684 and combined authorities];

(b) London traffic authorities and the Greater London Authority.

(4) A share of the net proceeds of a relevant scheme is applied in accordance with this sub-paragraph if it is applied—

(a) by a non-metropolitan local traffic authority for the purpose of directly or indirectly facilitating the achievement of [F685 any of its local transport policies],

[F686(aa) by an Integrated Transport Authority [F687 or combined authority] for the purpose of directly or indirectly facilitating the achievement of any of its local transport policies, or]

(b) by a London traffic authority or the Greater London Authority in accordance with the transport strategy prepared and published under section 142 of the M215 Greater London Authority Act 1999,
in a way which will benefit the whole or any part of the area of the non-metropolitan local traffic authority whose share it is.

Textual Amendments
F681 Words in Sch. 12 para. 8(1) substituted (9.2.2009 for E., 1.4.2009 for W.) by Local Transport Act 2008 (c. 26), s. 134(4), Sch. 6 para. 2(2); S.I. 2009/107, art. 2(2), Sch. 2 Pt. 1; S.I. 2009/579, art. 2(t)
F682 Words in Sch. 12 para. 8(2)(a) substituted (9.2.2009 for E., 1.4.2009 for W.) by Local Transport Act 2008 (c. 26), s. 134(4), Sch. 1 para. 8(2)(a); S.I. 2009/107, art. 2(2), Sch. 2 Pt. 1; S.I. 2009/579, art. 2(a)
F683 Sch. 12 para. 8(3)(aa) substituted (9.2.2009 for E., 1.4.2009 for W.) by Local Transport Act 2008 (c. 26), s. 134(4), Sch. 5 para. 14(2); S.I. 2009/107, art. 2(2), Sch. 2 Pt. 1; S.I. 2009/579, art. 2(k)
F684 Words in Sch. 12 para. 8(3)(aa) inserted (17.12.2009) by Local Democracy, Economic Development and Construction Act 2009 (c. 20), s. 148(6), Sch. 6 para. 115(5)(a); S.I. 2009/3318, art. 2(c)
F685 Words in Sch. 12 para. 8(4)(a) substituted (9.2.2009 for E., 1.4.2009 for W.) by Local Transport Act 2008 (c. 26), s. 134(4), Sch. 1 para. 8(2)(b); S.I. 2009/107, art. 2(2), Sch. 2 Pt. 1; S.I. 2009/579, art. 2(a)
F686 Sch. 12 para. 8(4)(aa) substituted (9.2.2009 for E., 1.4.2009 for W.) by Local Transport Act 2008 (c. 26), s. 134(4), Sch. 5 para. 14(3); S.I. 2009/107, art. 2(2), Sch. 2 Pt. 1; S.I. 2009/579, art. 2(k)
F687 Words in Sch. 12 para. 8(4)(aa) inserted (17.12.2009) by Local Democracy, Economic Development and Construction Act 2009 (c. 20), s. 148(6), Sch. 6 para. 115(5)(b); S.I. 2009/3318, art. 2(c)
F688 Sch. 12 para. 8(5)-(7) repealed (9.2.2009 for E., 1.4.2009 for W.) by Local Transport Act 2008 (c. 26), s. 134(4), Sch. 6 para. 2(3), Sch. 7 Pt. 5; S.I. 2009/107, art. 2(2), Sch. 2 Pt. 1; S.I. 2009/579, art. 2(t)

Modifications etc. (not altering text)
C75 Sch. 12 para. 8 applied (with modifications) (1.2.2005) by The Local Authorities' Plans and Strategies (Disapplication) (England) Order 2005 (S.I. 2005/157), art. 1, Sch. 2 para. 17(a) (with art. 7(4))
C76 Sch. 12 para. 8 excluded by S.I. 2011/41, art. 42A(2) (as inserted) (14.9.2016) by The River Mersey (Mersey Gateway Bridge) (Amendment) Order 2016 (S.I. 2016/851), arts. 1, 3(3)

Commencement Information
I368 Sch. 12 para. 8 partly in force; Sch. 12 para. 8 not in force at Royal Assent see s. 275(1); Sch. 12 para. 8 in force (E.) at 1.2.2001 by S.I. 2001/57, art. 3(2), Sch. 3 Pt. I (subject to the savings in Sch. 3 Pt. II)

Marginal Citations
M215 1999 c. 29.

Textual Amendments
F689 Sch. 12 para. 9 repealed (9.2.2009 for E., 1.4.2009 for W.) by Local Transport Act 2008 (c. 26), s. 134(4), Sch. 6 para. 3(3), Sch. 7 Pt. 5; S.I. 2009/107, art. 2(2), Sch. 2 Pt. 1; S.I. 2009/579, art. 2(t)

Commencement Information
I369 Sch. 12 para. 9 partly in force; Sch. 12 para. 9 not in force at Royal Assent see s. 275(1); Sch. 12 para. 9 in force (E.) at 1.2.2001 by S.I. 2001/57, art. 3(2), Sch. 3 Pt. I (subject to the savings in Sch. 3 Pt. II)
10 (1) A relevant scheme made by one or more non-metropolitan local traffic authorities must include—

(a) a general plan relating to the application of their shares of the net proceeds of the relevant scheme during the opening ten year period, and

(b) a detailed programme for the application of their shares of the net proceeds of the relevant scheme during [F690 the opening five year period].

(2) In this Schedule—

(a) “the opening ten year period” means the period which begins with the date on which the relevant scheme comes into force and ends with the tenth financial year that commences on or after that date, and

[F691 (b) “the opening five year period” means the period which begins with that date and ends with the fifth financial year that commences on or after that date.]

(3) The order making a scheme [F692 which relates to an area in Wales] shall not come into force unless and until the general plan and detailed programme required by sub-paragraph (1) have been approved by [F693 the Welsh Ministers].

Textual Amendments

F690 Words in Sch. 12 para. 10(1)(b) substituted (9.2.2009 for E., 1.4.2009 for W.) by Local Transport Act 2008 (c. 26), s. 134(4), Sch. 6 para. 4(2); S.I. 2009/107, art. 2(2), Sch. 2 Pt. 1; S.I. 2009/579, art. 2(t)

F691 Sch. 12 para. 10(2)(b) substituted (9.2.2009 for E., 1.4.2009 for W.) by Local Transport Act 2008 (c. 26), s. 134(4), Sch. 6 para. 4(3); S.I. 2009/107, art. 2(2), Sch. 2 Pt. 1; S.I. 2009/579, art. 2(t)

F692 Words in Sch. 12 para. 10(3) inserted (9.2.2009 for E., 1.4.2009 for W.) by Local Transport Act 2008 (c. 26), s. 134(4), Sch. 6 para. 4(4)(a); S.I. 2009/107, art. 2(2), Sch. 2 Pt. 1; S.I. 2009/579, art. 2(t)

F693 Words in Sch. 12 para. 10(3) substituted (9.2.2009 for E., 1.4.2009 for W.) by Local Transport Act 2008 (c. 26), s. 134(4), Sch. 6 para. 4(4)(b); S.I. 2009/107, art. 2(2), Sch. 2 Pt. 1; S.I. 2009/579, art. 2(t)

Modifications etc. (not altering text)

C77 Sch. 12 para. 10 applied (with modifications) (1.2.2005) by The Local Authorities’ Plans and Strategies (Disapplication) (England) Order 2005 (S.I. 2005/157), art. 1, Sch. 2 para. 17(b) (with art. 7(4))

Commencement Information

I370 Sch. 12 para. 10 partly in force; Sch. 12 para. 10 not in force at Royal Assent see s. 275(1); Sch. 12 para. 10 in force (E.) at 1.2.2001 by S.I. 2001/57, art. 3(2), Sch. 3 Pt. I (subject to the savings in Sch. 3 Pt. II)

11 [F694 (1) If a relevant scheme made by one or more non-metropolitan local traffic authorities remains in force after the end of the opening five year period, the authority or each of the authorities shall, during every fifth financial year after the financial year in which the scheme comes into force, prepare a detailed programme for the application of its share of the net proceeds of the scheme during the next five years.]

(2) Any programme [F695 prepared in accordance with sub-paragraph (1)] in relation to a relevant scheme prevails over any conflicting provisions in the general plan included in the scheme pursuant to paragraph 10(1)(a).

(3) Except with the consent of the appropriate national authority in any particular case, a non-metropolitan local traffic authority may not apply its share of the net proceeds of a scheme for any purpose (other than making good any amount to the general fund or general account of the relevant authority which made the scheme) in any
financial year beginning after the end of [F696 the opening five year period] unless it is complying with sub-paragraph (1).

Textual Amendments

F694 Sch. 12 para. 11(1) substituted (9.2.2009 for E., 1.4.2009 for W.) by Local Transport Act 2008 (c. 26), s. 134(4), Sch. 6 para. 5(2); S.I. 2009/107, art. 2(2), Sch. 2 Pt. 1; S.I. 2009/579, art. 2(t)

F695 Words in Sch. 12 para. 11(2) substituted (9.2.2009 for E., 1.4.2009 for W.) by Local Transport Act 2008 (c. 26), s. 134(4), Sch. 6 para. 5(3); S.I. 2009/107, art. 2(2), Sch. 2 Pt. 1; S.I. 2009/579, art. 2(t)

F696 Words in Sch. 12 para. 11(3) substituted (9.2.2009 for E., 1.4.2009 for W.) by Local Transport Act 2008 (c. 26), s. 134(4), Sch. 6 para. 5(4); S.I. 2009/107, art. 2(2), Sch. 2 Pt. 1; S.I. 2009/579, art. 2(t)

Modifications etc. (not altering text)

C78 Sch. 12 para. 11 applied (with modifications) (1.2.2005) by The Local Authorities’ Plans and Strategies (Disapplication) (England) Order 2005 (S.I. 2005/157), art. 1, Sch. 2 para. 17(c) (with art. 7(4))

Commencement Information

I371 Sch. 12 para. 11 partly in force; Sch. 12 para. 11 not in force at Royal Assent see s. 275(1); Sch. 12 para. 11 in force (E.) at 1.2.2001 by S.I. 2001/57, art. 3(2), Sch. 3 Pt. I (subject to the savings in Sch. 3 Pt. II)

11A (1) This paragraph applies to an Integrated Transport Authority's [F698 or combined authority’s] share of the net proceeds of any relevant scheme.

(2) The share of the net proceeds is available only—

(a) for application by the Authority for the purpose of directly or indirectly facilitating the achievement of any of the Authority's local transport policies, or

(b) for application in accordance with sub-paragraph (4) by an authority falling within sub-paragraph (3) selected by the Authority.

(3) The authorities which fall within this sub-paragraph are—

(a) non-metropolitan local traffic authorities;

(b) London traffic authorities and the Greater London Authority.

(4) A share of the net proceeds of a relevant scheme is applied in accordance with this sub-paragraph if it is applied—

(a) by a non-metropolitan local traffic authority for the purpose of directly or indirectly facilitating the achievement of any of its local transport policies, or

(b) by a London traffic authority or the Greater London Authority in accordance with the transport strategy prepared and published under section 142 of the Greater London Authority Act 1999,
in a way which will benefit the whole or any part of the [F699] integrated transport area of the Integrated Transport Authority or (as the case may be) the area of the combined authority].

Textual Amendments

F698 Words in Sch. 12 para. 11A(1) inserted (17.12.2009) by Local Democracy, Economic Development and Construction Act 2009 (c. 20), s. 148(6), Sch. 6 para. 115(6)(a); S.I. 2009/3318, art. 2(c)
F699 Words in Sch. 12 para. 11A(4) substituted (17.12.2009) by Local Democracy, Economic Development and Construction Act 2009 (c. 20), s. 148(6), Sch. 6 para. 115(6)(b); S.I. 2009/3318, art. 2(c)

11B (1) A relevant scheme made by an Integrated Transport Authority [F700] or a combined authority] must include—
(a) a general plan relating to the application of its share of the net proceeds of the relevant scheme during the opening ten year period, and
(b) a detailed programme for the application of its share for the net proceeds of the relevant scheme during the opening five year period.

(2) See paragraph 10(2) for the meaning of “the opening ten year period” and “the opening five year period”.

Textual Amendments

F700 Words in Sch. 12 para. 11B(1) inserted (17.12.2009) by Local Democracy, Economic Development and Construction Act 2009 (c. 20), s. 148(6), Sch. 6 para. 115(7); S.I. 2009/3318, art. 2(c)

11C (1) If a relevant scheme made by an Integrated Transport Authority [F701] or a combined authority] remains in force after the end of the opening five year period, the Authority shall, during every fifth financial year after the financial year in which the scheme comes into force, prepare a detailed programme for the application of its share of the net proceeds of the scheme during the next five years.

(2) Any programme prepared in accordance with sub-paragraph (1) in relation to a relevant scheme prevails over any conflicting provisions in the general plan included in the scheme pursuant to paragraph 11B(1)(a).

(3) Except with the consent of the Secretary of State in any particular case, an Integrated Transport Authority [F702] or a combined authority] may not apply its share of the net proceeds of a scheme for any purpose (other than making good any amount to its general fund) in any financial year beginning after the end of the opening five year period unless it is complying with sub-paragraph (1).

Textual Amendments

F701 Words in Sch. 12 para. 11C(1) inserted (17.12.2009) by Local Democracy, Economic Development and Construction Act 2009 (c. 20), s. 148(6), Sch. 6 para. 115(8); S.I. 2009/3318, art. 2(c)
F702 Words in Sch. 12 para. 11C(3) inserted (17.12.2009) by Local Democracy, Economic Development and Construction Act 2009 (c. 20), s. 148(6), Sch. 6 para. 115(8); S.I. 2009/3318, art. 2(c)
436

Transport Act 2000 (c. 38)
SCHEDULE 12 – Road user charging and workplace parking levy: financial provisions
Document Generated: 2019-10-11
Status: This version of this Act contains provisions that are prospective.
Changes to legislation: Transport Act 2000 is up to date with all changes known to be in force on or before 11
October 2019. There are changes that may be brought into force at a future date. Changes that have been made appear
in the content and are referenced with annotations. (See end of Document for details) View outstanding changes

Application of proceeds by London traffic authorities
12

(1) The share of the net proceeds of a relevant scheme of a London traffic authority is
available.
F703
[ (a) in the case of a charging scheme under this Part, only for application for
relevant transport purposes within the meaning of Schedule 23 to the Greater
London Authority Act 1999;
(b) in the case of a licensing scheme under this Part, only for application in
accordance with regulations made by the Secretary of State.]

[F704(1A) Paragraphs 19(1) and (2), 20(1) and (5), 23(1) and (3) and 24 of Schedule 23 to that
Act apply in relation to a charging scheme under this Part as they apply in relation
to a charging scheme under that Schedule.]
(2) Regulations under sub-paragraph (1) shall provide for—
F705
(a) . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . .
(b) paragraphs 22 to 30 of Schedule 24 to that Act,
to apply in relation to [F706a licensing scheme] with any such modifications as the
Secretary of State considers appropriate.
(3) Before making regulations under sub-paragraph (1) the Secretary of State shall
consult the Greater London Authority.
Textual Amendments

F703 Words in Sch. 12 para. 12(1) substituted (9.2.2009 for E., 1.4.2009 for W.) by Local Transport Act 2008
(c. 26), s. 134(4), Sch. 6 para. 6(2); S.I. 2009/107, art. 2(2), Sch. 2 Pt. 1; S.I. 2009/579, art. 2(t)
F704 Sch. 12 para. 12(1A) inserted (9.2.2009 for E., 1.4.2009 for W.) by Local Transport Act 2008 (c. 26), s.
134(4), Sch. 6 para. 6(3); S.I. 2009/107, art. 2(2), Sch. 2 Pt. 1; S.I. 2009/579, art. 2(t)
F705 Sch. 12 para. 12(2)(a) repealed (9.2.2009 for E., 1.4.2009 for W.) by Local Transport Act 2008 (c. 26),
s. 134(4), Sch. 6 para. 6(4)(a), Sch. 7 Pt. 5; S.I. 2009/107, art. 2(2), Sch. 2 Pt. 1; S.I. 2009/579, art. 2(t)
F706 Words in Sch. 12 para. 12(2) substituted (9.2.2009 for E., 1.4.2009 for W.) by Local Transport Act 2008
(c. 26), s. 134(4), Sch. 6 para. 6(4)(b); S.I. 2009/107, art. 2(2), Sch. 2 Pt. 1; S.I. 2009/579, art. 2(t)

Commencement Information

I372 Sch. 12 para. 12 wholly in force at 1.8.2001; Sch. 12 para. 12 not in force at Royal Assent see s. 275(1);
Sch. 12 para. 12 in force (E.) at 1.2.2001 by S.I. 2001/57, art. 3(2), Sch. 3 Pt. I (subject to the savings
in Sch. 3 Pt. II)

Application of proceeds by Secretary of State and Assembly
13

(1) In the case of a trunk road charging scheme—
(a) which is made by virtue of paragraph (a) of subsection (2) of section 167, or
(b) which is made by virtue of paragraph (b) of that subsection F707...,
the relevant authority’s share of the net proceeds is available only for application for
the purpose of directly or indirectly facilitating the achievement of any policies or
proposals relating to transport.
F708

(2) . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . .
(3) [F709Sub-paragraph (1)(a)] applies during the period of ten years beginning with the
coming into force of a scheme [F710made by virtue of section 167(2)(a)].


(4) The appropriate national authority may by regulations make provision as to circumstances in which—
   (a) the same scheme is to be regarded as continuing in force in spite of a variation of the scheme or the revocation and replacement (with or without modifications) of the scheme, or
   (b) a different scheme is, or is not, to be regarded as coming into force, for the purposes of determining when the period specified in sub-paragraph (3) begins or expires in the case of a scheme.

(5) Except where [F711]sub-paragraph (1)(a) applies, the relevant authority’s share of the net proceeds of a trunk road charging scheme [F712]made by virtue of section 167(2) (a) is available to be applied only as may be specified in, or determined in accordance with, regulations made by the appropriate national authority.

(6) The provision that may be made by regulations under sub-paragraph (5) includes provision for sub-paragraph (3) to apply with the substitution for the number of years for the time being mentioned in it of a number of years greater than ten.

Textual Amendments

F707 Words in Sch. 12 para. 13(1)(b) repealed (9.2.2009 for E., 1.4.2009 for W.) by Local Transport Act 2008 (c. 26), s. 134(4), Sch. 6 para. 7(2), Sch. 7 Pt. 5; S.I. 2009/107, art. 2(2), Sch. 2 Pt. 1; S.I. 2009/579, art. 2(t)

F708 Sch. 12 para. 13(2) repealed (9.2.2009 for E., 1.4.2009 for W.) by Local Transport Act 2008 (c. 26), s. 134(4), Sch. 6 para. 7(3), Sch. 7 Pt. 5; S.I. 2009/107, art. 2(2), Sch. 2 Pt. 1; S.I. 2009/579, art. 2(t)

F709 Words in Sch. 12 para. 13(3) substituted (9.2.2009 for E., 1.4.2009 for W.) by Local Transport Act 2008 (c. 26), s. 134(4), Sch. 6 para. 7(4)(a); S.I. 2009/107, art. 2(2), Sch. 2 Pt. 1; S.I. 2009/579, art. 2(t)

F710 Words in Sch. 12 para. 13(3) inserted (9.2.2009 for E., 1.4.2009 for W.) by Local Transport Act 2008 (c. 26), s. 134(4), Sch. 6 para. 7(4)(b); S.I. 2009/107, art. 2(2), Sch. 2 Pt. 1; S.I. 2009/579, art. 2(t)

F711 Words in Sch. 12 para. 13(5) substituted (9.2.2009 for E., 1.4.2009 for W.) by Local Transport Act 2008 (c. 26), s. 134(4), Sch. 6 para. 7(5)(a); S.I. 2009/107, art. 2(2), Sch. 2 Pt. 1; S.I. 2009/579, art. 2(t)

F712 Words in Sch. 12 para. 13(5) inserted (9.2.2009 for E., 1.4.2009 for W.) by Local Transport Act 2008 (c. 26), s. 134(4), Sch. 6 para. 7(5)(b); S.I. 2009/107, art. 2(2), Sch. 2 Pt. 1; S.I. 2009/579, art. 2(t)

Commencement Information

I373 Sch. 12 para. 13 partly in force; Sch. 12 para. 13 not in force at Royal Assent see s. 275(1); Sch. 12 para. 13 in force (E.) at 1.2.2001 by S.I. 2001/57, art. 3(2), Sch. 3 Pt. I (subject to the savings in Sch. 3 Pt. II)
Paragraph 1 (interpretation) is amended as follows.

(2) In sub-paragraph (1), in the definition of “net proceeds”, for the words from “, means” to the end substitute “and a financial year, means the amount (if any) by which—
(a) the amounts received under or in connection with the scheme which are attributable to the financial year, exceed
(b) the expenses incurred for or in connection with the scheme which are so attributable;.”.

(3) In that sub-paragraph, after the definition of “prescribed”, insert—

“‘registered keeper’, in relation to a charge imposed in respect of a motor vehicle, means the person in whose name the vehicle was registered under the Vehicle Excise and Registration Act 1994 at the time of the act, omission, event or circumstances in respect of which the charge is imposed;”.

(4) In that sub-paragraph, in the definition of “regulations”, after “means” insert “(except where otherwise provided)”.

(5) In that sub-paragraph, in the definition of “traffic sign”, for “same meaning as in the Road Traffic Regulation Act 1984 (see in particular section 64 of that Act)” substitute “meaning given by section 64 of the Road Traffic Regulation Act 1984 but also includes signposts and other signs and notices included in that term by section 71(2) of that Act”.

(6) For sub-paragraph (2) substitute—

“(2) For the purposes of this Schedule—
(a) the amounts received under or in connection with a charging scheme, and
(b) the expenses incurred for or in connection with such a scheme, and the extent to which they are attributable to any financial year, shall be determined in accordance with regulations under this sub-paragraph.”
(2) After paragraph (a) of sub-paragraph (3) insert—
   “(aa) require such an authority to publish its proposals for the scheme and to consider objections to the proposals;”.

(3) After paragraph (d) of that sub-paragraph insert—
   “(da) require the authority by whom any such order is made to publish notice of the order and of its effect;”.

(4) Omit paragraph (e) of that sub-paragraph.

(5) After that sub-paragraph insert—
   “(4) Subsections (2) and (3) of section 250 of the [M219 Local Government Act 1972 (witnesses at local inquiries)] apply in relation to any inquiry held by virtue of sub-paragraph (3)(b) above.

(5) Where an inquiry is held by virtue of sub-paragraph (3)(b) above for the purposes of any order containing a charging scheme—
   (a) the costs of the inquiry shall be paid by the charging authority; and
   (b) the parties at the inquiry shall bear their own costs.

(6) The charging authority may enter any land, and exercise any other powers which may be necessary, for placing and maintaining, or causing to be placed and maintained, traffic signs in connection with the charging scheme.”

Commencement Information

1375 Sch. 13 para. 3 partly in force; Sch. 13 para. 3 not in force at Royal Assent see s. 275(1); Sch. 13 para. 3 in force (E.) at 1.2.2001 by S.I. 2001/57, art. 3(2), Sch. 3 Pt. I (subject to savings in Sch. 3 Pt. II)

Marginal Citations

M219 1972 c. 70.

4 In sub-paragraph (2) of paragraph 11 (exemptions, reduced rates etc.), after “above” insert “ and to paragraphs 4 and 6 above ”.

Commencement Information

1376 Sch. 13 para. 4 partly in force; Sch. 13 para. 4 not in force at Royal Assent see s. 275(1); Sch. 13 para. 4 in force (E.) at 1.2.2001 by S.I. 2001/57, art. 3(2), Sch. 3 Pt. I (subject to savings in Sch. 3 Pt. II)

5 After that paragraph insert—

“Documents and equipment

11A A charging scheme may require—
   (a) documents to be displayed while a motor vehicle is on a road in respect of which charges are imposed; or
   (b) equipment to be carried in or fitted to a motor vehicle while it is on such a road.”
Paragraph 12 (penalty charges) is amended as follows.

(2) In sub-paragraph (1), for “notification, payment, adjudication or enforcement” substitute “and payment”.

(3) After sub-paragraph (2) insert—

“(3) The Lord Chancellor may make regulations about the notification, adjudication and enforcement of penalty charges.”

For paragraph 13 substitute—

“Charges imposed in respect of any motor vehicle by a charging scheme (including penalty charges imposed in respect of any motor vehicle) shall be paid—

(a) by the registered keeper of the motor vehicle; or

(b) in prescribed circumstances, by such person as is prescribed.”

In paragraph 14 (installation of equipment), for the words from “install” to “used or” substitute—

“(a) install and maintain, or authorise the installation and maintenance of, any equipment; or

(b) construct and maintain, or authorise the construction and maintenance of, buildings or other structures, used or ”.
(a) for the words from the beginning to “year, each” substitute “ Each ”, and
(b) for “that year” substitute “ each financial year ”.

(4) After sub-paragraph (4) insert—

“(4A) Regulations may make further provision relating to—

(a) accounts required to be kept under sub-paragraph (1) or (2) above (including provision requiring or allowing the keeping of consolidated accounts relating to more than one charging scheme); and

(b) the preparation and publication of statements of such accounts.”

(5) In sub-paragraph (5)(b), after “account” insert “ (after the application of any of the net proceeds in accordance with the following provisions) ”.

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**Commencement Information**

1381 Sch. 13 para. 9 partly in force; Sch. 13 para. 9 not in force at Royal Assent see s. 275(1); Sch. 13 para. 9 in force (E.) at 1.2.2001 by S.I. 2001/57, art. 3(2), Sch. 3 Pt. I (subject to savings in Sch. 3 Pt. II)

10 (1) Paragraph 25 (offences) is amended as follows.

(2) In sub-paragraph (1)—

(a) insert “ or ” at the end of paragraph (a), and

(b) omit paragraph (c) and the word “or” before it.

(3) After that sub-paragraph insert—

“(1A) A person who makes or uses any false document with intent to avoid payment of, or being identified as having failed to pay, a charge imposed by a charging scheme or a penalty charge is guilty of an offence.”

(4) In sub-paragraph (2), after “sub-paragraph (1)” insert “ or (1A) ”.

(5) After that sub-paragraph insert—

“(3) A person is guilty of an offence if he removes a penalty charge notice which has been fixed to a motor vehicle in accordance with regulations under paragraph 12 above unless—

(a) he is the registered keeper of the vehicle or a person using the vehicle with his authority; or

(b) he does so under the authority of the registered keeper or such a person or of the charging authority.

(4) A person guilty of an offence under sub-paragraph (3) above shall be liable on summary conviction to a fine not exceeding level 2 on the standard scale.”

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**Commencement Information**

1382 Sch. 13 para. 10 partly in force; Sch. 13 para. 10 not in force at Royal Assent see s. 275(1); Sch. 13 para. 10 in force (E.) at 1.2.2001 by S.I. 2001/57, art. 3(2), Sch. 3 Pt. I (subject to savings in Sch. 3 Pt. II)

11 (1) Paragraph 26 (examination of motor vehicles etc.) is amended as follows.
(2) In sub-paragraph (1)(b)(iii), for “unlawfully” substitute “ with intent to avoid payment of, or being identified as having failed to pay, a charge ”.

(3) For sub-paragraph (2) substitute—

“(2) Regulations may make provision conferring power on any person authorised in writing by the charging authority to enter a motor vehicle where he has reasonable grounds for suspecting, in relation to a motor vehicle which is on a road, that—

(a) any equipment required to be carried in or fitted to the motor vehicle while it is on a road in respect of which charges are imposed has been interfered with with intent to avoid payment of, or being identified as having failed to pay, a charge imposed by the charging scheme; or

(b) there is in the motor vehicle a false document which has been made or used with intent to avoid payment of, or being identified as having failed to pay, such a charge.”

(4) After that sub-paragraph insert—

“(3) A person who intentionally obstructs a person exercising any power conferred on him by virtue of sub-paragraph (2) above is guilty of an offence.

(4) A person guilty of an offence under sub-paragraph (3) above shall be liable on summary conviction to—

(a) a fine not exceeding level 5 on the standard scale, or

(b) imprisonment for a term not exceeding six months, or to both.

(5) Regulations may make provision conferring power on any person authorised in writing by the charging authority to seize anything (if necessary by detaching it from a motor vehicle) and detain it as evidence of the commission of an offence under paragraph 25 above.”
sub-paragraph (1) above in contravention of such provision is guilty of an offence.

(4) A person who intentionally obstructs a person exercising any power conferred on him by provision made by virtue of sub-paragraph (1) above is guilty of an offence.

(5) A person guilty of an offence under sub-paragraph (2) above shall be liable on summary conviction to a fine not exceeding level 2 on the standard scale.

(6) A person guilty of an offence under sub-paragraph (3) or (4) above shall be liable on summary conviction to a fine not exceeding level 3 on the standard scale.”
Commencement Information

1388  Sch. 13 para. 16 partly in force; Sch. 13 para. 16 not in force at Royal Assent see s. 275(1); Sch. 13 para. 16 in force (E.) at 1.2.2001 by S.I. 2001/57, art. 3(2), Sch. 3 Pt. I (subject to savings in Sch. 3 Pt. II)

17  After that paragraph insert—

“Information

34A(1) Information obtained by—

(a) any Minister of the Crown or government department, or
(b) any local authority or other statutory body,

may be disclosed to a charging authority for or in connection with the exercise of any of their functions with respect to a charging scheme.

(2) Information obtained by a charging authority for or in connection with any of their functions other than their functions with respect to a charging scheme may be used by the authority for or in connection with the exercise of any of their functions with respect to a charging scheme.

(3) Any information—

(a) which has been or could be disclosed to a charging authority under sub-paragraph (1) above for or in connection with the exercise of any of their functions with respect to a charging scheme, or
(b) which has been or could be used by an authority by virtue of sub-paragraph (2) above for or in connection with the exercise of any of those functions,

may be disclosed to any person with whom the authority has entered into arrangements under paragraph 32(b) above.

(4) Information disclosed to a person under sub-paragraph (3) above—

(a) may be disclosed to any other person for or in connection with the charging scheme; but
(b) may not be used (by him or any other person to whom it is disclosed under paragraph (a) above) otherwise than for or in connection with the charging scheme.”

Commencement Information

1389  Sch. 13 para. 17 partly in force; Sch. 13 para. 17 not in force at Royal Assent see s. 275(1); Sch. 13 para. 17 in force (E.) at 1.2.2001 by S.I. 2001/57, art. 3(2), Sch. 3 Pt. I (subject to savings in Sch. 3 Pt. II)

18  In paragraph 38 (variation and revocation of charging schemes)—

(a) omit “, exercisable in the same manner, and subject to the same conditions and limitations,”, and
(b) insert at the end “; and paragraph 4 above (apart from sub-paragraphs (3) (f) and (6)) applies in relation to the variation or revocation of a charging scheme as to the making of a charging scheme.”
Transport Act 2000 (c. 38)
SCHEDULE 13 – Amendments of Schedules 23 and 24 to Greater London Authority Act

Status: This version of this Act contains provisions that are prospective.

Changes to legislation: Transport Act 2000 is up to date with all changes known to be in force on or before 11 October 2019. There are changes that may be brought into force at a future date. Changes that have been made appear in the content and are referenced with annotations. (See end of Document for details) View outstanding changes

Comencement Information
1390 Sch. 13 para. 18 partly in force; Sch. 13 para. 18 not in force at Royal Assent see s. 275(1); Sch. 13 para. 18 in force (E.) at 1.2.2001 by S.I. 2001/57, art. 3(2), Sch. 3 Pt. I (subject to savings in Sch. 3 Pt. II)

Workplace parking levy

Schedule 24 to the Greater London Authority Act 1999 (workplace parking levy in Greater London) has effect subject to the following amendments.

Comencement Information
1391 Sch. 13 para. 19 partly in force; Sch. 13 para. 19 not in force at Royal Assent see s. 275(1); Sch. 13 para. 19 in force (E.) at 1.2.2001 by S.I. 2001/57, art. 3(2), Sch. 3 Pt. I (subject to savings in Sch. 3 Pt. II)

Marginal Citations
M220 1999 c. 29.

20 (1) Paragraph 1 (interpretation) is amended as follows.

(2) In sub-paragraph (1), in the definition of “licence”, omit “by the occupier of those premises”.

(3) In that sub-paragraph, in the definition of “net proceeds”, for the words from “,” means” to the end substitute “and a financial year, means the amount (if any) by which—

(a) the amounts received under or in connection with the scheme which are attributable to the financial year, exceed

(b) the expenses incurred for or in connection with the scheme which are so attributable;”.

(4) In that sub-paragraph, omit the definition of “occupier”.

(5) In that sub-paragraph, in the definition of “regulations”, after “means” insert “(except where otherwise provided)”.

(6) For sub-paragraph (2) substitute—

“(2) For the purposes of this Schedule—

(a) the amounts received under or in connection with a licensing scheme, and

(b) the expenses incurred for or in connection with such a scheme, and the extent to which they are attributable to any financial year, shall be determined in accordance with regulations under this sub-paragraph.”

Comencement Information
1392 Sch. 13 para. 20 partly in force; Sch. 13 para. 20 not in force at Royal Assent see s. 275(1); Sch. 13 para. 20 in force (E.) at 1.2.2001 by S.I. 2001/57, art. 3(2), Sch. 3 Pt. I (subject to savings in Sch. 3 Pt. II)

21 In paragraph 3(1) (provision of workplace parking places)—
(a) for the words from “the cases” to “time being” substitute “ a workplace parking place is provided at any premises at any time if a parking place provided at the premises is at that time ”; and

(b) for paragraph (d) substitute—

“(d) where a body whose affairs are controlled by its members is a relevant person, by a member of the body engaged in the carrying on of any business of the body;”.

Commencement Information

I393 Sch. 13 para. 21 partly in force; Sch. 13 para. 21 not in force at Royal Assent see s. 275(1); Sch. 13 para. 21 in force (E.) at 1.2.2001 by S.I. 2001/57, art. 3(2), Sch. 3 Pt. I (subject to savings in Sch. 3 Pt. II)

22 (1) Paragraph 7 (making of licensing scheme) is amended as follows.

(2) After paragraph (a) of sub-paragraph (3) insert—

“(aa) require such an authority to publish its proposals for the scheme and to consider objections to the proposals;”.

(3) After paragraph (d) of that sub-paragraph insert—

“(da) require the authority by whom any such order is made to publish notice of the order and of its effect.”

(4) Omit paragraph (e) of that sub-paragraph.

(5) After that sub-paragraph insert—

“(4) Subsections (2) and (3) of section 250 of the M221 Local Government Act 1972 (witnesses at local inquiries) apply in relation to any inquiry held by virtue of sub-paragraph (3)(b) above.

(5) Where an inquiry is held by virtue of sub-paragraph (3)(b) above for the purposes of any order containing a licensing scheme—

(a) the costs of the inquiry shall be paid by the licensing authority; and

(b) the parties at the inquiry shall bear their own costs.”

Commencement Information

I394 Sch. 13 para. 22 partly in force; Sch. 13 para. 22 not in force at Royal Assent see s. 275(1); Sch. 13 para. 22 in force (E.) at 1.2.2001 by S.I. 2001/57, art. 3(2), Sch. 3 Pt. I (subject to savings in Sch. 3 Pt. II)

Marginal Citations

M221 1972 c. 70.

23 For paragraph 15 substitute—

“15 A licence may not be granted for a period of more than one year.”

Commencement Information

I395 Sch. 13 para. 23 partly in force; Sch. 13 para. 23 not in force at Royal Assent see s. 275(1); Sch. 13 para. 23 in force (E.) at 1.2.2001 by S.I. 2001/57, art. 3(2), Sch. 3 Pt. I (subject to savings in Sch. 3 Pt. II)
24 Renumber paragraph 16 (licensing: procedure) as sub-paragraph (1) of that paragraph and after that sub-paragraph insert—

“(2) A person who intentionally provides false or misleading information in or in connection with an application for a licence is guilty of an offence and liable—

(a) on summary conviction, to a fine not exceeding the statutory maximum; or

(b) on conviction on indictment, to a fine.”

Commencement Information
1396 Sch. 13 para. 24 partly in force; Sch. 13 para. 24 not in force at Royal Assent see s. 275(1); Sch. 13 para. 24 in force (E.) at 1.2.2001 by S.I. 2001/57, art. 3(2), Sch. 3 Pt. I (subject to savings in Sch. 3 Pt. II)

25 In paragraph 17(3) and (4) (exemptions, reduced rates etc.), after “(2) above” insert “and to paragraphs 7 and 9 above”.

Commencement Information
1397 Sch. 13 para. 25 partly in force; Sch. 13 para. 25 not in force at Royal Assent see s. 275(1); Sch. 13 para. 25 in force (E.) at 1.2.2001 by S.I. 2001/57, art. 3(2), Sch. 3 Pt. I (subject to savings in Sch. 3 Pt. II)

26 (1) Paragraph 18 (penalty charges) is amended as follows.

(2) In sub-paragraph (1), for “, notification, payment, adjudication or enforcement” substitute “and payment”.

(3) After sub-paragraph (2) insert—

“(3) The Lord Chancellor may make regulations about the notification, adjudication and enforcement of penalty charges.”

Commencement Information
1398 Sch. 13 para. 26 partly in force; Sch. 13 para. 26 not in force at Royal Assent see s. 275(1); Sch. 13 para. 26 in force (E.) at 1.2.2001 by S.I. 2001/57, art. 3(2), Sch. 3 Pt. I (subject to savings in Sch. 3 Pt. II)

27 For paragraph 19 substitute—

“19 Charges imposed in respect of any premises by a licensing scheme (including penalty charges imposed in respect of any premises) shall be paid—

(a) by the occupier of the premises; or

(b) in prescribed circumstances, by such person as is prescribed.”

Commencement Information
1399 Sch. 13 para. 27 partly in force; Sch. 13 para. 27 not in force at Royal Assent see s. 275(1); Sch. 13 para. 27 in force (E.) at 1.2.2001 by S.I. 2001/57, art. 3(2), Sch. 3 Pt. I (subject to savings in Sch. 3 Pt. II)

28 In paragraph 20 (determination of disputes and appeals), for “Regulations may” substitute “The Lord Chancellor may by regulations”.

Commencement Information
1400 Sch. 13 para. 28 partly in force; Sch. 13 para. 28 not in force at Royal Assent see s. 275(1); Sch. 13 para. 28 in force (E.) at 1.2.2001 by S.I. 2001/57, art. 3(2), Sch. 3 Pt. I (subject to savings in Sch. 3 Pt. II)
Transport Act 2000 (c. 38)

SCHEDULE 13 – Amendments of Schedules 23 and 24 to Greater London Authority Act

Status: This version of this Act contains provisions that are prospective.

Changes to legislation: Transport Act 2000 is up to date with all changes known to be in force on or before 11 October 2019. There are changes that may be brought into force at a future date. Changes that have been made appear in the content and are referenced with annotations. (See end of Document for details) View outstanding changes

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Commencement Information

1400 Sch. 13 para. 28 partly in force; Sch. 13 para. 28 not in force at Royal Assent see s. 275(1); Sch. 13 para. 28 in force (E.) at 1.2.2001 by S.I. 2001/57, art. 3(2), Sch. 3 Pt. I (subject to savings in Sch. 3 Pt. II)

29 (1) Paragraph 21 (accounts and funds) is amended as follows.

(2) In sub-paragraphs (1) and (2), for “of their income and expenditure in respect of” substitute “ relating to ”.

(3) In sub-paragraph (3)—

(a) for the words from the beginning to “year, each” substitute “ Each ”, and

(b) for “that year” substitute “ each financial year ”.

(4) After sub-paragraph (4) insert—

“(4A) Regulations may make further provision relating to—

(a) accounts required to be kept under sub-paragraph (1) or (2) above (including provision requiring or allowing the keeping of consolidated accounts relating to more than one licensing scheme); and

(b) the preparation and publication of statements of such accounts.”

(5) In sub-paragraph (5)(b), after “account” insert “ (after the application of any of the net proceeds in accordance with the following provisions) ”.

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Commencement Information

1401 Sch. 13 para. 29 partly in force; Sch. 13 para. 29 not in force at Royal Assent see s. 275(1); Sch. 13 para. 29 in force (E.) at 1.2.2001 by S.I. 2001/57, art. 3(2), Sch. 3 Pt. I (subject to savings in Sch. 3 Pt. II)

30 In paragraph 31 (rights of entry)—

(a) in sub-paragraph (4), for “wilfully” substitute “ intentionally ” and for “level 5 on the standard scale” substitute “ the statutory maximum ”, and

(b) in sub-paragraph (6), for “(7)” substitute “ (5) ”.

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Commencement Information

1402 Sch. 13 para. 30 partly in force; Sch. 13 para. 30 not in force at Royal Assent see s. 275(1); Sch. 13 para. 30 in force (E.) at 1.2.2001 by S.I. 2001/57, art. 3(2), Sch. 3 Pt. I (subject to savings in Sch. 3 Pt. II)

31 In paragraph 32 (evidence), for “Regulations may” substitute “ The Lord Chancellor may by regulations ”.

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Commencement Information

1403 Sch. 13 para. 31 partly in force; Sch. 13 para. 31 not in force at Royal Assent see s. 275(1); Sch. 13 para. 31 in force (E.) at 1.2.2001 by S.I. 2001/57, art. 3(2), Sch. 3 Pt. I (subject to savings in Sch. 3 Pt. II)

32 In paragraph 35 (guidance), insert at the end—
“(3) Guidance issued under this paragraph shall be published in such manner as the Authority consider appropriate; and the Authority may at any time vary or revoke such guidance.”

33

After that paragraph insert—

“Information

35A (1) Information obtained by—

(a) any Minister of the Crown or government department, or
(b) any local authority or other statutory body,

may be disclosed to a licensing authority for or in connection with the exercise of any of their functions with respect to a licensing scheme.

(2) Information obtained by a licensing authority for or in connection with any of their functions other than their functions with respect to a licensing scheme may be used by the authority for or in connection with the exercise of any of their functions with respect to a licensing scheme.

(3) Any information—

(a) which has been or could be disclosed to a licensing authority under sub-paragraph (1) above for or in connection with the exercise of any of their functions with respect to a licensing scheme, or
(b) which has been or could be used by an authority by virtue of sub-paragraph (2) above for or in connection with the exercise of any of those functions,

may be disclosed to any person with whom the authority has entered into arrangements under paragraph 33(b) above.

(4) Information disclosed to a person under sub-paragraph (3) above—

(a) may be disclosed to any other person for or in connection with the licensing scheme; but
(b) may not be used (by him or any other person to whom it is disclosed under paragraph (a) above) otherwise than for or in connection with the licensing scheme.”

34

In paragraph 39 (variation and revocation of licensing schemes)—

(a) omit “, exercisable in the same manner, and subject to the same conditions and limitations,”, and
(b) insert at the end “; and paragraph 7 above applies in relation to the variation or revocation of a licensing scheme as to the making of a licensing scheme.”

Commencement Information

Sch. 13 para. 34 partly in force; Sch. 13 para. 34 not in force at Royal Assent see s. 275(1); Sch. 13 para. 34 in force (E.) at 1.2.2001 by S.I. 2001/57, art. 3(2), Sch. 3 Pt. I (subject to savings in Sch. 3 Pt. II)

F713 SCHEDULE 14

Section 204.

Textual Amendments

F713 Sch. 14 repealed (E.W.S.) (1.12.2006) by Railways Act 2005 (c. 14), s. 60(2), Sch. 13 Pt. I (with s. 14(4)(5), Sch. 11 para. 11(2)); S.I. 2006/2911, art. 2, Sch.

F714 SCHEDULE 15

Section 211.

Textual Amendments

F714 Sch. 15 repealed (1.12.2006) by Railways Act 2005 (c. 14), s. 60(2), Sch. 13 Pt. I (with s. 14(4)(5), Sch. 11 para. 11(2)); S.I. 2006/2911, art. 2, Sch.

SCHEDULE 16

TRANSFER TO SRA OF FRANCHISING DIRECTOR’S FUNCTIONS

Commencement Information

Sch. 16 wholly in force at 1.2.2001, see s. 275(1) and S.I. 2001/57, art. 3(1), Sch. 2 Pt. I (subject to the transitional provision and saving in Sch. 2 Pt. II)

Transport Act 1968 (c.73)

1 (1) Section 56 of the Transport Act 1968 (Ministerial grants and local authority payments towards capital expenditure incurred in provision, improvement or development of facilities for public passenger transport) is amended as follows.
(2) In subsection (2A), for “Franchising Director under which the Franchising Director undertakes to exercise franchising functions of his” substitute “Strategic Rail Authority under which the Authority undertakes to exercise any of its franchising functions”.

(3) In subsection (2B)—
   (a) omit the definition of “the Franchising Director”, and
   (b) in the definition of “franchising functions”, for “Franchising Director” substitute “Strategic Rail Authority” and for “him” substitute “it”.

**Commencement Information**

I408 Sch. 16 wholly in force at 1.2.2001, see s. 275(1) and S.I. 2001/57, art. 3(1), Sch. 2 Pt. I (subject to the transitional provision and saving in Sch. 2 Pt. II)

**Insolvency Act 1986 (c.45)**

F715 Sch. 16 paras. 2-7 repealed (24.7.2005) by Railways Act 2005 (c. 14), s. 60(2), Sch. 13 Pt. I (with s. 14(4)(5), Sch. 11 para. 11(2)); S.I. 2005/1909, art. 2, Sch.

F715 Sch. 16 paras. 2-7 repealed (24.7.2005) by Railways Act 2005 (c. 14), s. 60(2), Sch. 13 Pt. I (with s. 14(4)(5), Sch. 11 para. 11(2)); S.I. 2005/1909, art. 2, Sch.

F715 Sch. 16 paras. 2-7 repealed (24.7.2005) by Railways Act 2005 (c. 14), s. 60(2), Sch. 13 Pt. I (with s. 14(4)(5), Sch. 11 para. 11(2)); S.I. 2005/1909, art. 2, Sch.

F715 Sch. 16 paras. 2-7 repealed (24.7.2005) by Railways Act 2005 (c. 14), s. 60(2), Sch. 13 Pt. I (with s. 14(4)(5), Sch. 11 para. 11(2)); S.I. 2005/1909, art. 2, Sch.
Textual Amendments

F715 Sch. 16 paras. 2-7 repealed (24.7.2005) by Railways Act 2005 (c. 14), s. 60(2), Sch. 13 Pt. 1 (with s. 14(4)(5), Sch. 11 para. 11(2)); S.I. 2005/1909, art. 2, Sch.

F715

Textual Amendments

F715 Sch. 16 paras. 2-7 repealed (24.7.2005) by Railways Act 2005 (c. 14), s. 60(2), Sch. 13 Pt. 1 (with s. 14(4)(5), Sch. 11 para. 11(2)); S.I. 2005/1909, art. 2, Sch.

Railways Act 1993 (c. 43)

8 The Railways Act 1993 has effect subject to the following amendments.

Commencement Information

I409 Sch. 16 wholly in force at 1.2.2001, see s. 275(1) and S.I. 2001/57, art. 3(1), Sch. 2 Pt. I (subject to the transitional provision and saving in Sch. 2 Pt. II)

Marginal Citations

M222 1993 c. 43.

Textual Amendments

F716 Sch. 16 paras. 9-13 repealed (24.7.2005 for the repeal of Sch. 16 paras. 9, 10, 1.12.2006 in so far as not already in force) by Railways Act 2005 (c. 14), s. 60(2), Sch. 13 Pt. 1 (with s. 14(4)(5), Sch. 11 para. 11(2)); S.I. 2005/1909, art. 2, Sch.; S.I. 2006/2911, art. 2, Sch.

F716

Textual Amendments

F716 Sch. 16 paras. 9-13 repealed (24.7.2005 for the repeal of Sch. 16 paras. 9, 10, 1.12.2006 in so far as not already in force) by Railways Act 2005 (c. 14), s. 60(2), Sch. 13 Pt. 1 (with s. 14(4)(5), Sch. 11 para. 11(2)); S.I. 2005/1909, art. 2, Sch.; S.I. 2006/2911, art. 2, Sch.

F716

Textual Amendments

F716 Sch. 16 paras. 9-13 repealed (24.7.2005 for the repeal of Sch. 16 paras. 9, 10, 1.12.2006 in so far as not already in force) by Railways Act 2005 (c. 14), s. 60(2), Sch. 13 Pt. 1 (with s. 14(4)(5), Sch. 11 para. 11(2)); S.I. 2005/1909, art. 2, Sch.; S.I. 2006/2911, art. 2, Sch.
Transport Act 2000 (c. 38)

SCHEDULE 16 – Transfer to SRA of Franchising Director’s functions

Changes to legislation: Transport Act 2000 is up to date with all changes known to be in force on or before 11 October 2019. There are changes that may be brought into force at a future date. Changes that have been made appear in the content and are referenced with annotations. (See end of Document for details) View outstanding changes

Textual Amendments

Sch. 16 paras. 9-13 repealed (24.7.2005 for the repeal of Sch. 16 paras. 9, 10, 1.12.2006 in so far as not already in force) by Railways Act 2005 (c. 14), s. 60(2), Sch. 13 Pt. 1 (with s. 14(4)(5), Sch. 11 para. 11(2)); S.I. 2005/1909, art. 2, Sch.; S.I. 2006/2911, art. 2, Sch.

Sch. 16 para. 14(2) repealed (16.10.2005) by Railways Act 2005 (c. 14), s. 60(2), Sch. 13 Pt. 1 (with s. 14(4)(5), Sch. 11 para. 11(2)); S.I. 2005/2812, art. 2(1), Sch. 1

Sch. 16 para. 14(3)(a) repealed (16.10.2005) by Railways Act 2005 (c. 14), s. 60(2), Sch. 13 Pt. 1 (with s. 14(4)(5), Sch. 11 para. 11(2)); S.I. 2005/2812, art. 2(1), Sch. 1

Sch. 16 para. 14(4) repealed (16.10.2005) by Railways Act 2005 (c. 14), s. 60(2), Sch. 13 Pt. 1 (with s. 14(4)(5), Sch. 11 para. 11(2)); S.I. 2005/2812, art. 2(1), Sch. 1

Commencement Information

Sch. 16 wholly in force at 1.2.2001, see s. 275(1) and S.I. 2001/57, art. 3(1), Sch. 2 Pt. 1 (subject to the transitional provision and saving in Sch. 2 Pt. II)

Section 26 (invitations to tender for franchises) is amended as follows.

Sch. 16 para. 15 repealed (16.10.2005) by Railways Act 2005 (c. 14), s. 60(2), Sch. 13 Pt. 1 (with s. 14(4)(5), Sch. 11 para. 11(2)); S.I. 2005/2812, art. 2(1), Sch. 1
(b) for “he” substitute “it”.

Textual Amendments
F721 Sch. 16 para. 16(2) repealed (16.10.2005) by Railways Act 2005 (c. 14), s. 60(2), Sch. 13 Pt. 1 (with s. 14(4)(5), Sch. 11 para. 11(2)); S.I. 2005/2812, art. 2(1), Sch. 1
F722 Sch. 16 para. 16(3)(a) repealed (16.10.2005) by Railways Act 2005 (c. 14), s. 60(2), Sch. 13 Pt. 1 (with s. 14(4)(5), Sch. 11 para. 11(2)); S.I. 2005/2812, art. 2(1), Sch. 1

Commencement Information
I411 Sch. 16 wholly in force at 1.2.2001, see s. 275(1) and S.I. 2001/57, art. 3(1), Sch. 2 Pt. I (subject to the transitional provision and saving in Sch. 2 Pt. II)

17 (1) Section 27 (transfer of franchise assets and shares) is amended as follows.

(2) In subsections (1) and (2)—

F723(a) . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . .
(b) for “himself” substitute “itself”.

F724(3) . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . .

(4) In subsection (9)—

F725(a) . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . .
(b) for “his” substitute “its”, and
(c) for “himself” substitute “itself”.

(5) In subsection (10)—

F726(a) . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . .
(b) for “he” substitute “it”.

Textual Amendments
F723 Sch. 16 para. 17(2)(a) repealed (16.10.2005) by Railways Act 2005 (c. 14), s. 60(2), Sch. 13 Pt. 1 (with s. 14(4)(5), Sch. 11 para. 11(2)); S.I. 2005/2812, art. 2(1), Sch. 1
F724 Sch. 16 para. 17(3) repealed (16.10.2005) by Railways Act 2005 (c. 14), s. 60(2), Sch. 13 Pt. 1 (with s. 14(4)(5), Sch. 11 para. 11(2)); S.I. 2005/2812, art. 2(1), Sch. 1
F725 Sch. 16 para. 17(4)(a) repealed (16.10.2005) by Railways Act 2005 (c. 14), s. 60(2), Sch. 13 Pt. 1 (with s. 14(4)(5), Sch. 11 para. 11(2)); S.I. 2005/2812, art. 2(1), Sch. 1
F726 Sch. 16 para. 17(5)(a) repealed (16.10.2005) by Railways Act 2005 (c. 14), s. 60(2), Sch. 13 Pt. 1 (with s. 14(4)(5), Sch. 11 para. 11(2)); S.I. 2005/2812, art. 2(1), Sch. 1

Commencement Information
I412 Sch. 16 wholly in force at 1.2.2001, see s. 275(1) and S.I. 2001/57, art. 3(1), Sch. 2 Pt. I (subject to the transitional provision and saving in Sch. 2 Pt. II)

18 (1) Section 28 (fares and approved discount fare schemes) is amended as follows.

(2) In subsection (2)—

F727(a) . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . .
(b) for “he” (in both places) substitute “it”, and
(c) for “his” substitute “its”.

Textual Amendments
F727 Sch. 16 para. 18(2)(a) repealed (16.10.2005) by Railways Act 2005 (c. 14), s. 60(2), Sch. 13 Pt. 1 (with s. 14(4)(5), Sch. 11 para. 11(2)); S.I. 2005/2812, art. 2(1), Sch. 1
(3) Section 34 (Passenger Transport Authorities and Executives: franchising) is amended as follows.

(2) In subsection (4)—
   (a) for “Franchising Director” substitute “Authority”, and
   (b) for “him” substitute “the Authority”.

(3) In subsection (5)—
   (a) for “Franchising Director” substitute “Authority”,
   (b) for “his” (in both places) substitute “the Authority’s,” and
   (c) for “him” substitute “the Authority”.

(4) In subsection (6) and in subsection (7) (in both places), for “Franchising Director” substitute “Authority”.

(5) In subsection (8)—
   (a) for “Franchising Director” (in both places) substitute “Authority”, and
   (b) for “he” substitute “the Authority”.

(6) In subsections (10) and (12) and in subsection (13) (in both places), for “Franchising Director” substitute “Authority”.

(7) In subsection (14)—
   (a) for “Franchising Director” (in each place) substitute “Authority”,
   (b) for “him” substitute “the Authority”, and
   (c) for “he” (in both places) substitute “the Authority”.

(8) In subsection (15), for “Franchising Director” substitute “Authority”.

(9) In subsection (16)—
   (a) for “Franchising Director” (in both places) substitute “Authority”, and
(b) for “his” substitute “its”.

(10) In subsection (17), for “Franchising Director” (in each place) substitute “Authority”.

(11) In subsection (18)—
(a) for “Franchising Director” (in both places) substitute “Authority”, and
(b) for “he may apply” substitute “the Authority may apply”.

(12) In subsection (19), for “Franchising Director” substitute “Authority.”]
Status: This version of this Act contains provisions that are prospective.

Changes to legislation: Transport Act 2000 is up to date with all changes known to be in force on or before 11 October 2019. There are changes that may be brought into force at a future date. Changes that have been made appear in the content and are referenced with annotations. (See end of Document for details) View outstanding changes

Textual Amendments

F729 Sch. 16 paras. 19-33 repealed (16.10.2005 for the repeal of Sch. 16 para. 19, 1.12.2006 for the repeal of Sch. 16 paras. 22-33) by Railways Act 2005 (c. 14), s. 60(2), Sch. 13 Pt. 1 (with s. 14(4)(5), Sch. 11 para. 11(2)); S.I. 2005/2812, art. 2(1), Sch. 1; S.I. 2006/2911, art. 2, Sch.

F729

Textual Amendments

F729 Sch. 16 paras. 19-33 repealed (16.10.2005 for the repeal of Sch. 16 para. 19, 1.12.2006 for the repeal of Sch. 16 paras. 22-33) by Railways Act 2005 (c. 14), s. 60(2), Sch. 13 Pt. 1 (with s. 14(4)(5), Sch. 11 para. 11(2)); S.I. 2005/2812, art. 2(1), Sch. 1; S.I. 2006/2911, art. 2, Sch.

F729

Textual Amendments

F729 Sch. 16 paras. 19-33 repealed (16.10.2005 for the repeal of Sch. 16 para. 19, 1.12.2006 for the repeal of Sch. 16 paras. 22-33) by Railways Act 2005 (c. 14), s. 60(2), Sch. 13 Pt. 1 (with s. 14(4)(5), Sch. 11 para. 11(2)); S.I. 2005/2812, art. 2(1), Sch. 1; S.I. 2006/2911, art. 2, Sch.

F729

Textual Amendments

F729 Sch. 16 paras. 19-33 repealed (16.10.2005 for the repeal of Sch. 16 para. 19, 1.12.2006 for the repeal of Sch. 16 paras. 22-33) by Railways Act 2005 (c. 14), s. 60(2), Sch. 13 Pt. 1 (with s. 14(4)(5), Sch. 11 para. 11(2)); S.I. 2005/2812, art. 2(1), Sch. 1; S.I. 2006/2911, art. 2, Sch.

F729

Textual Amendments

F729 Sch. 16 paras. 19-33 repealed (16.10.2005 for the repeal of Sch. 16 para. 19, 1.12.2006 for the repeal of Sch. 16 paras. 22-33) by Railways Act 2005 (c. 14), s. 60(2), Sch. 13 Pt. 1 (with s. 14(4)(5), Sch. 11 para. 11(2)); S.I. 2005/2812, art. 2(1), Sch. 1; S.I. 2006/2911, art. 2, Sch.

F729

Textual Amendments

F729 Sch. 16 paras. 19-33 repealed (16.10.2005 for the repeal of Sch. 16 para. 19, 1.12.2006 for the repeal of Sch. 16 paras. 22-33) by Railways Act 2005 (c. 14), s. 60(2), Sch. 13 Pt. 1 (with s. 14(4)(5), Sch. 11 para. 11(2)); S.I. 2005/2812, art. 2(1), Sch. 1; S.I. 2006/2911, art. 2, Sch.

F729
Section 54 (exercise of functions for purpose of encouraging investment in railways) is amended as follows.

(2) In subsection (1)—
   (a) for “Franchising Director” substitute “ Authority ”, and
   (b) for “his, or (as the case may be) their,” substitute “ their ”.

(3) In subsection (2)—
   (a) for “Franchising Director” (in both places) substitute “ Authority ”, and
   (b) for “franchising functions of his” substitute “ any of its franchising functions ”.

(4) In subsection (3)—
   (a) for “Franchising Director” substitute “ Authority ”,
   (b) for “functions of his under” substitute “ of the Authority’s functions under ”,
   (c) for “him” substitute “ the Authority ”, and
   (d) for “his which” substitute “ the Authority which ”.
35  (1) Section 55 (orders for securing compliance) is amended as follows.
   (2) In subsections (1) to (7)—
      (a) for “officer” (in each place) substitute “ authority “, and
      (b) for “he” and “him” (in each place) substitute “ it “.
   (3) In subsection (10)—
      (a) for “officer” substitute “ authority “, and
      (b) ................................................
   ........................................
36  In section 56 (procedural requirements)—
   (a) for “officer” (in each place) substitute “ authority “,
   (b) for “he” (in each place) substitute “ it “, and
   (c) for “his” (in each place) substitute “ its “.
37  In section 57(7) (validity and effect of orders), for “officer” substitute “ authority “.
38  (1) Section 58 (power to require information etc.) is amended as follows.
   (2) In subsection (1)—
      (a) for “officer” (in both places) substitute “ authority “, and
(b) for “his” substitute “its”.

(3) In subsection (2) (in each place) and in subsection (6), for “officer” substitute “authority”.

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### Commencement Information

Sch. 16 wholly in force at 1.2.2001, see s. 275(1) and S.I. 2001/57, art. 3(1), Sch. 2 Pt. I (subject to the transitional provision and saving in Sch. 2 Pt. II)

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### Textual Amendments

**Sch. 16 paras. 39-42 repealed** (24.7.2005 for the repeal of Sch. 16 paras. 40, 41, 16.10.2005 for the repeal of Sch. 16 para. 39, 1.12.2006 in so far as not already in force) by Railways Act 2005 (c. 14), s. 60(2), Sch. 13 Pt. 1 (with s. 14(4)(5), Sch. 11 para. 11(2)); S.I. 2005/1909, art. 2, Sch.; S.I. 2005/2812, art. 2(1), Sch. 1; S.I. 2006/2911, art. 2, Sch.

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**Sch. 16 paras. 39-42 repealed** (24.7.2005 for the repeal of Sch. 16 paras. 40, 41, 16.10.2005 for the repeal of Sch. 16 para. 39, 1.12.2006 in so far as not already in force) by Railways Act 2005 (c. 14), s. 60(2), Sch. 13 Pt. 1 (with s. 14(4)(5), Sch. 11 para. 11(2)); S.I. 2005/1909, art. 2, Sch.; S.I. 2005/2812, art. 2(1), Sch. 1; S.I. 2006/2911, art. 2, Sch.

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In subsection (9) of section 72 (keeping of register by Regulator)—

(a) for “Franchising Director” (in both places) substitute “Authority”, and

(b) for “him” substitute “it”,

and in the heading preceding that section, for “Franchising Director” substitute “Authority”.

**Commencement Information**

| Sch. 16 wholly in force at 1.2.2001, see s. 275(1) and S.I. 2001/57, art. 3(1), Sch. 2 Pt. I (subject to the transitional provision and saving in Sch. 2 Pt. II) |

**Textual Amendments**

| Sch. 16 paras. 44-48 repealed (24.7.2005 for the repeal of Sch. 16 paras. 44, 47, 48, 1.12.2006 in so far as not already in force) by Railways Act 2005 (c. 14), s. 60(2), Sch. 13 Pt. 1 (with s. 14(4)(5), Sch. 11 para. 11(2)); S.I. 2005/1909, art. 2, Sch.; S.I. 2006/2911, art. 2, Sch. |

| Sch. 16 paras. 44-48 repealed (24.7.2005 for the repeal of Sch. 16 paras. 44, 47, 48, 1.12.2006 in so far as not already in force) by Railways Act 2005 (c. 14), s. 60(2), Sch. 13 Pt. 1 (with s. 14(4)(5), Sch. 11 para. 11(2)); S.I. 2005/1909, art. 2, Sch.; S.I. 2006/2911, art. 2, Sch. |

| Sch. 16 paras. 44-48 repealed (24.7.2005 for the repeal of Sch. 16 paras. 44, 47, 48, 1.12.2006 in so far as not already in force) by Railways Act 2005 (c. 14), s. 60(2), Sch. 13 Pt. 1 (with s. 14(4)(5), Sch. 11 para. 11(2)); S.I. 2005/1909, art. 2, Sch.; S.I. 2006/2911, art. 2, Sch. |

| Sch. 16 paras. 44-48 repealed (24.7.2005 for the repeal of Sch. 16 paras. 44, 47, 48, 1.12.2006 in so far as not already in force) by Railways Act 2005 (c. 14), s. 60(2), Sch. 13 Pt. 1 (with s. 14(4)(5), Sch. 11 para. 11(2)); S.I. 2005/1909, art. 2, Sch.; S.I. 2006/2911, art. 2, Sch. |

| Sch. 16 paras. 44-48 repealed (24.7.2005 for the repeal of Sch. 16 paras. 44, 47, 48, 1.12.2006 in so far as not already in force) by Railways Act 2005 (c. 14), s. 60(2), Sch. 13 Pt. 1 (with s. 14(4)(5), Sch. 11 para. 11(2)); S.I. 2005/1909, art. 2, Sch.; S.I. 2006/2911, art. 2, Sch. |

| Sch. 16 paras. 44-48 repealed (24.7.2005 for the repeal of Sch. 16 paras. 44, 47, 48, 1.12.2006 in so far as not already in force) by Railways Act 2005 (c. 14), s. 60(2), Sch. 13 Pt. 1 (with s. 14(4)(5), Sch. 11 para. 11(2)); S.I. 2005/1909, art. 2, Sch.; S.I. 2006/2911, art. 2, Sch. |

| Sch. 16 paras. 44-48 repealed (24.7.2005 for the repeal of Sch. 16 paras. 44, 47, 48, 1.12.2006 in so far as not already in force) by Railways Act 2005 (c. 14), s. 60(2), Sch. 13 Pt. 1 (with s. 14(4)(5), Sch. 11 para. 11(2)); S.I. 2005/1909, art. 2, Sch.; S.I. 2006/2911, art. 2, Sch. |

| Sch. 16 paras. 44-48 repealed (24.7.2005 for the repeal of Sch. 16 paras. 44, 47, 48, 1.12.2006 in so far as not already in force) by Railways Act 2005 (c. 14), s. 60(2), Sch. 13 Pt. 1 (with s. 14(4)(5), Sch. 11 para. 11(2)); S.I. 2005/1909, art. 2, Sch.; S.I. 2006/2911, art. 2, Sch. |

(1) Section 118 (control of railways in time of hostilities, severe international tension or great national emergency) is amended as follows.
F734 (2) ..............................................

(3) In subsection (3)—

F735 (a) ..............................................

(b) for “him to carry out his” substitute “the carrying out of”.

F734 (4) ..............................................

F734 (5) ..............................................
Transport Act 2000 (c. 38)

SCHEDULE 16 – Transfer to SRA of Franchising Director’s functions

Document Generated: 2019-10-11

Status: This version of this Act contains provisions that are prospective.

Changes to legislation: Transport Act 2000 is up to date with all changes known to be in force on or before 11 October 2019. There are changes that may be brought into force at a future date. Changes that have been made appear in the content and are referenced with annotations. (See end of Document for details) View outstanding changes

Textual Amendments

F739 Sch. 16 para. 52 repealed (1.12.2006) by Railways Act 2005 (c. 14), s. 60(2), Sch. 13 Pt. I (with s. 14(4)(5), Sch. 11 para. 11(2)); S.I. 2006/2911, art. 2, Sch.

F740 Sch. 16 para. 53 repealed (1.12.2006) by Railways Act 2005 (c. 14), s. 60(2), Sch. 13 Pt. I (with s. 14(4)(5), Sch. 11 para. 11(2)); S.I. 2006/2911, art. 2, Sch.

54 (1) Paragraph 2 of Schedule 7 (transfer schemes in connection with railway administration orders) is amended as follows.

(2) In sub-paragraph (2), for “Franchising Director” substitute “ Authority ”.

(3) In sub-paragraph (3), for “Franchising Director, for his approval, he” substitute “ Authority for approval, the Secretary of State or Authority ”.

(4) In sub-paragraph (6)—

(a) for “Franchising Director” substitute “ Authority ”, and

(b) for “him” substitute “ the Secretary of State or Authority ”.

(5) In sub-paragraph (7)—

(a) for “Franchising Director” substitute “ Authority ”,

(b) for “he” substitute “ the Secretary of State or Authority ”, and

(c) omit “on him”.

Commencement Information

I424 Sch. 16 wholly in force at 1.2.2001, see s. 275(1) and S.I. 2001/57, art. 3(1), Sch. 2 Pt. I (subject to the transitional provision and saving in Sch. 2 Pt. II)

Railway Heritage Act 1996 (c.42)

55 (1) Section 1 of the Railway Heritage Act 1996 (bodies to which Act applies) is amended as follows.

(2) For paragraph (f) substitute—

“(f) the Strategic Rail Authority (“the Authority”);”.

(3) In paragraph (g), for “that Director” substitute “ the Authority ”.

Commencement Information

I425 Sch. 16 wholly in force at 1.2.2001, see s. 275(1) and S.I. 2001/57, art. 3(1), Sch. 2 Pt. I (subject to the transitional provision and saving in Sch. 2 Pt. II)
Channel Tunnel Rail Link Act 1996 (c.61)

56 (1) Section 19 of the Channel Tunnel Rail Link Act 1996 (railway administration orders) is amended as follows.

(2) In subsections (2) and (5), for “Director of Passenger Rail Franchising” substitute “Strategic Rail Authority”.

(3) In subsection (6)—
   (a) for “Franchising Director” (in both places) substitute “Authority”, and
   (b) for “Director” substitute “Authority”.

Commencement Information
1426 Sch. 16 wholly in force at 1.2.2001, see s. 275(1) and S.I. 2001/57, art. 3(1), Sch. 2 Pt. I (subject to the transitional provision and saving in Sch. 2 Pt. II)

Textual Amendments

Greater London Authority Act 1999 (c.29)

58 The Greater London Authority Act 1999 has effect subject to the following amendments.

Commencement Information
1427 Sch. 16 wholly in force at 1.2.2001, see s. 275(1) and S.I. 2001/57, art. 3(1), Sch. 2 Pt. I (subject to the transitional provision and saving in Sch. 2 Pt. II)

Textual Amendments
F742 Sch. 16 para. 59 repealed (24.7.2005) by Railways Act 2005 (c. 14), s. 60(2), Sch. 13 Pt. I (with s. 14(4)(5), Sch. 11 para. 11(2)); S.I. 2005/1909, art. 2, Sch.

60 In section 177 (provision of extra passenger transport services and facilities), for “Franchising Director” (in both places) substitute “Strategic Rail Authority”.

Commencement Information
1428 Sch. 16 wholly in force at 1.2.2001, see s. 275(1) and S.I. 2001/57, art. 3(1), Sch. 2 Pt. I (subject to the transitional provision and saving in Sch. 2 Pt. II)
In section 199(1) (licence exemptions and facility exemptions), for “Franchising Director” substitute “Strategic Rail Authority”.

In section 203 (closures: copy documents to Mayor of London), for “Franchising Director” (in both places, including the sidenote) substitute “ Strategic Rail Authority ”.

(1) Section 240 (travel concessions on journeys in and around Greater London) is amended as follows.

(2) In subsection (2) (in both places), and in subsection (7), for “Franchising Director” substitute “ Strategic Rail Authority ”.
(3) In subsection (8), omit the definition of “the Franchising Director”.

SCHEDULE 17

TRANSFERS TO SRA FROM [THE OFFICE OF RAIL AND ROAD]

Textual Amendments

Words in Sch. 17 heading substituted (E.W.S.) (16.10.2015) by The Office of Rail Regulation (Change of Name) Regulations 2015 (S.I. 2015/1682), reg. 1(2), Sch. para. 4(p)(v)

PART I

FUNCTIONS RELATING TO LICENCES

Introductory

1 The Railways Act 1993 has effect subject to the following amendments.

Exemptions

2 (1) Section 7 (exemptions from requirement for operator of railway asset to be authorised by licence) is amended as follows.

F748 (2) ....................................................
F748 (3) ....................................................
F748 (4) ....................................................
F748 (5) ....................................................

(6) In subsection (7), for “subsection (6) above” substitute “this section”.

F749 (7) ....................................................
Section 8 (licences) is amended as follows.

(2) In subsection (1)—

(a) ..................................................

(b) in paragraph (b) (grant by Regulator with consent of, or in accordance with general authority given by, Secretary of State), for the words after “consent” substitute “, or in accordance with a general authority, of the Secretary of State given after consultation with the Authority, ”.

(3) In subsection (2) (general authority may require Regulator to consult, or obtain approval of, Secretary of State), for the words after “above” substitute—

“(a) shall include a requirement for the Regulator before granting a licence to consult the Authority about, or a requirement for him before doing so to obtain the approval of the Authority to, any conditions to be included in the licence which relate to consumer protection; and

(b) may include a requirement for the Regulator either to consult the Secretary of State, or a requirement to obtain his approval before granting a licence;

but a failure to comply with such a requirement shall not affect the validity of the licence.”

(4) In subsection (6) (certain licences not capable of being surrendered without consent of Regulator), for “without the consent of the Regulator” substitute “ unless the Regulator and the Authority consent to the surrender ”.
(5) In subsection (7) (grantor of licence to give copies)—

(a) 

(b) in paragraph (b), after “Regulator,” insert “to the Authority and”.

Assignment

5 (1) Section 11 (assignment of licences) is amended as follows.

(2) In subsection (2) (requirement of consent of whichever of the relevant authorities is specified), for the words after “consent of” substitute—

“(a) the Secretary of State, if he is specified for the purpose in the licence; or

(b) the Regulator and the Authority, in any other case.”

(3) Omit subsection (3) (definition of “relevant authorities”).

(4) In subsection (4) (consent may be given subject to conditions imposed by person giving consent), for “the person giving the consent thinks fit to impose” substitute “are imposed by the person or persons giving the consent”.

Modification

6 (1) Section 12 (modification by agreement) is amended as follows.

(2) 

(3) In subsection (2) (notice by Regulator)—

(a) 

(b) after “and shall” insert “, before making the modifications,”.
Textual Amendments

F753 Sch. 17 para. 6(2) repealed (24.7.2005) by Railways Act 2005 (c. 14), s. 60(2), Sch. 13 Pt. 1 (with s. 14(4)(5), Sch. 11 para. 11(2)); S.I. 2005/1909, art. 2, Sch.

F754 Sch. 17 para. 6(3)(a) repealed (24.7.2005) by Railways Act 2005 (c. 14), s. 60(2), Sch. 13 Pt. 1 (with s. 14(4)(5), Sch. 11 para. 11(2)); S.I. 2005/1909, art. 2, Sch.

F755 Sch. 17 para. 6(4)(5) repealed (24.7.2005) by Railways Act 2005 (c. 14), s. 60(2), Sch. 13 Pt. 1 (with s. 14(4)(5), Sch. 11 para. 11(2)); S.I. 2005/1909, art. 2, Sch.

Commencement Information

1436 Sch. 17 Pt. I wholly in force at 1.2.2001, see s. 275(1) and S.I. 2001/57, art. 3(1), Sch. 2 Pt. I (subject to the transitional provision and saving in Sch. 2 Pt. II)

7 (1) Section 13 (modification references to Competition Commission) is amended as follows.

F756 (2) ....... (3) ........

F756 (4) ........

(5) In subsection (3) (matters which may be specified in reference or variation)—

F757 (a) ..................

(b) for “his” (in both places) substitute “ its ”.

(6) In subsection (4) (notice of reference or variation)—

F758 (a) ..................

(b) for “he” substitute “ it ”.

F759 (7) ........

(8) In subsection (6) (assistance to Commission)—

F760 (a) ........

(b) for “his possession” substitute “ the possession of the appropriate authority ”,

(c) for “his opinion” substitute “ the opinion of the appropriate authority ”, and

(d) for “his power” substitute “ the power of the appropriate authority ”.

Textual Amendments

F756 Sch. 17 para. 7(2)-(4) repealed (24.7.2005) by Railways Act 2005 (c. 14), s. 60(2), Sch. 13 Pt. 1 (with s. 14(4)(5), Sch. 11 para. 11(2)); S.I. 2005/1909, art. 2, Sch.

F757 Sch. 17 para. 7(5)(a) repealed (24.7.2005) by Railways Act 2005 (c. 14), s. 60(2), Sch. 13 Pt. 1 (with s. 14(4)(5), Sch. 11 para. 11(2)); S.I. 2005/1909, art. 2, Sch.

F758 Sch. 17 para. 7(6)(a) repealed (24.7.2005) by Railways Act 2005 (c. 14), s. 60(2), Sch. 13 Pt. 1 (with s. 14(4)(5), Sch. 11 para. 11(2)); S.I. 2005/1909, art. 2, Sch.

F759 Sch. 17 para. 7(7) repealed (24.7.2005) by Railways Act 2005 (c. 14), s. 60(2), Sch. 13 Pt. 1 (with s. 14(4)(5), Sch. 11 para. 11(2)); S.I. 2005/1909, art. 2, Sch.

F760 Sch. 17 para. 7(8)(a) repealed (24.7.2005) by Railways Act 2005 (c. 14), s. 60(2), Sch. 13 Pt. 1 (with s. 14(4)(5), Sch. 11 para. 11(2)); S.I. 2005/1909, art. 2, Sch.
Commencement Information
1437 Sch. 17 Pt. I wholly in force at 1.2.2001, see s. 275(1) and S.I. 2001/57, art. 3(1), Sch. 2 Pt. I (subject to the transitional provision and saving in Sch. 2 Pt. II)

8 (1) Section 14 (reports on modification references) is amended as follows.

F761 (2) ..............................................................

(3) In subsection (5) (publication by Regulator)—

F762 (a) ..............................................................

(b) for “he” substitute “it”.

F763 (4) ..............................................................

F763 (5) ..............................................................

Textual Amendments
F761 Sch. 17 para. 8(2) repealed (24.7.2005) by Railways Act 2005 (c. 14), s. 60(2), Sch. 13 Pt. I (with s. 14(4)(5), Sch. 11 para. 11(2)); S.I. 2005/1909, art. 2, Sch.

F762 Sch. 17 para. 8(3)(a) repealed (24.7.2005) by Railways Act 2005 (c. 14), s. 60(2), Sch. 13 Pt. I (with s. 14(4)(5), Sch. 11 para. 11(2)); S.I. 2005/1909, art. 2, Sch.

F763 Sch. 17 para. 8(4)(5) repealed (24.7.2005) by Railways Act 2005 (c. 14), s. 60(2), Sch. 13 Pt. I (with s. 14(4)(5), Sch. 11 para. 11(2)); S.I. 2005/1909, art. 2, Sch.

Commencement Information
1438 Sch. 17 Pt. I wholly in force at 1.2.2001, see s. 275(1) and S.I. 2001/57, art. 3(1), Sch. 2 Pt. I (subject to the transitional provision and saving in Sch. 2 Pt. II)

9 (1) Section 15 (modification following report) is amended as follows.

(2) In subsection (1) (duty of Regulator to modify)—

(a) for “Where” substitute “This section applies where”, and

(b) omit the words following paragraph (d).

(3) After that subsection insert—

“(1A) Where the report is made to the Regulator he shall, subject to the following provisions of this section and to section 15A below, make such modifications of the conditions of the licence as appear to him requisite for the purpose of remedying or preventing the adverse effects specified in the report.

(1B) Where the report is made to the Authority it shall, subject to the following provisions of this section and to section 15A below, require the Regulator to make such modifications of the conditions of the licence as appear to it requisite for the purpose of remedying or preventing the adverse effects specified in the report.”

(4) In subsection (2) (Regulator to have regard to modifications specified in report)—

(a) after “making” insert “, or requiring the making of,”, and

F764 (b) ..............................................................
(5) In subsection (3) (notice by Regulator), for “this section” substitute “subsection (1A) above”.

(6) . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . .

(7) . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . .

(8) . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . .

Textual Amendments

Sch. 17 para. 9(4)(b) repealed (24.7.2005) by Railways Act 2005 (c. 14), s. 60(2), Sch. 13 Pt. 1 (with s. 14(4)(5), Sch. 11 para. 11(2)); S.I. 2005/1909, art. 2, Sch.

Sch. 17 para. 9(6)-(8) repealed (24.7.2005) by Railways Act 2005 (c. 14), s. 60(2), Sch. 13 Pt. 1 (with s. 14(4)(5), Sch. 11 para. 11(2)); S.I. 2005/1909, art. 2, Sch.

Commencement Information

Sch. 17 Pt. I wholly in force at 1.2.2001, see s. 275(1) and S.I. 2001/57, art. 3(1), Sch. 2 Pt. I (subject to the transitional provision and saving in Sch. 2 Pt. II)

Textual Amendments

Sch. 17 para. 10 repealed (24.7.2005) by Railways Act 2005 (c. 14), s. 60(2), Sch. 13 Pt. 1 (with s. 14(4)(5), Sch. 11 para. 11(2)); S.I. 2005/1909, art. 2, Sch.

Enforcement

11 (1) Section 55 (orders for securing compliance) is amended as follows.

(2) After subsection (5) insert—

“(5ZA) The Authority shall not make a final order, or make or confirm a provisional order, in relation to a licence holder or person under closure restrictions unless—

(a) it has given notice to the Regulator specifying a period within which he may give notice to it if he considers that the most appropriate way of proceeding is under the Competition Act 1998;

(b) that period has expired; and

(c) the Regulator has not given notice to the Authority within that period that he so considers (or, if he has, he has withdrawn it).”

(3) . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . .

(4) In subsection (11), for “(5A)” substitute “(5ZA)”.

Textual Amendments

Sch. 17 para. 11(3) repealed (24.7.2005) by Railways Act 2005 (c. 14), s. 60(2), Sch. 13 Pt. 1 (with s. 14(4)(5), Sch. 11 para. 11(2)); S.I. 2005/1909, art. 2, Sch.
12 In section 56 (procedural requirements), after subsection (2) insert—

“(2A) Where the Regulator serves a copy of a notice under subsection (1) above on a licence holder, he shall also serve a copy on the Authority; and where the Authority so serves a copy of such a notice, it shall also serve a copy on the Regulator.”

15 In section 72(2)(a) (matters about licences to be entered in register maintained by Regulator)—

(a) in sub-paragraph (iii) (modifications and revocations of licences), insert at the end “and every requirement to modify conditions of a licence imposed on the Regulator by the Authority”,

(b) in sub-paragraph (iv) (revocation of licence exemptions), insert at the end “and every requirement to revoke a licence exemption imposed on the Regulator by the Authority”,

(c) in sub-paragraph (vii) (enforcement orders etc.), for “which relates” substitute “made by the Regulator in relation”, and

(d) after that sub-paragraph insert—
“(viii) every scheme made by the Secretary of State under section 7A(4) above or paragraph 2 of Schedule 28 to the Transport Act 2000,”.
20 (1) Section 76 (general duties of Central Committee) is amended as follows.

(2) In subsection (5), for the words from “refer the matter” to the end substitute “ , unless representations about the matter have been made to the Authority by the Rail Passengers’ Council, refer it to the Authority with a view to the Authority exercising such of its powers as it considers appropriate in the circumstances of the case. ”

(3) After that subsection insert—

“(5A) But if the Authority considers that it would be more appropriate for a matter referred to it by the Rail Passengers’ Council to be considered by the Regulator, the Authority shall refer it to him, with a view to his exercising such of his powers as he considers appropriate in the circumstances of the case.”

Textual Amendments

Sch. 17 para. 19 repealed (24.7.2005) by Railways Act 2005 (c. 14), s. 60(2), Sch. 13 Pt. 1 (with s. 14(4)(5), Sch. 11 para. 11(2)); S.I. 2005/1909, art. 2, Sch.

Sch. 17 para. 20(2) repealed (24.7.2005) by Railways Act 2005 (c. 14), s. 60(2), Sch. 13 Pt. 1 (with s. 14(4)(5), Sch. 11 para. 11(2)); S.I. 2005/1909, art. 2, Sch.

Sch. 17 para. 20(5) repealed (24.7.2005) by Railways Act 2005 (c. 14), s. 60(2), Sch. 13 Pt. 1 (with s. 14(4)(5), Sch. 11 para. 11(2)); S.I. 2005/1909, art. 2, Sch.

Textual Amendments

F775 Sch. 17 paras. 21-27 repealed (24.7.2005 for the repeal of Sch. 17 paras. 21-24, 1.12.2006 for the repeal of Sch.17 paras. 25-27) by Railways Act 2005 (c. 14), s. 60(2), Sch. 13 Pt. 1 (with s. 14(4)(5), Sch. 11 para. 11(2)); S.I. 2005/1909, art. 2, Sch.; S.I. 2006/2911. Sch.

Closures

Textual Amendments

F775 Sch. 17 paras. 21-27 repealed (24.7.2005 for the repeal of Sch. 17 paras. 21-24, 1.12.2006 for the repeal of Sch.17 paras. 25-27) by Railways Act 2005 (c. 14), s. 60(2), Sch. 13 Pt. 1 (with s. 14(4)(5), Sch. 11 para. 11(2)); S.I. 2005/1909, art. 2, Sch.; S.I. 2006/2911. Sch.

Code for protection of disabled rail users

(1) After section 71A insert—
Code of practice for protection of interests of rail users who are disabled.

“71B Code of practice for protection of interests of rail users who are disabled.

(1) The Authority shall—

(a) prepare and from time to time revise, and

(b) publish and otherwise promote the adoption and implementation of,

a code of practice for protecting the interests of users of railway passenger services or station services who are disabled

(2) In preparing or revising the code of practice, the Authority shall consult the Disabled Persons Transport Advisory Committee established under section 125 of the Transport Act 1985.”

(2) Omit section 70 (existing obligation of Regulator in relation to code).
PART III

ASSOCIATED PROPERTY, RIGHTS AND LIABILITIES

Textual Amendments
F778 Sch. 17 Pt. III repealed (1.12.2006) by Railways Act 2005 (c. 14), Sch. 13 Pt. I (with s. 14(4)(5), Sch. 11 para. 11(2), Sch. 13 para. 3); S.I. 2006/2911, art. 2, Sch.

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SCHEDULE 18

TRANSFER TO SRA OF BR’S FUNCTIONS RELATING TO TRANSPORT POLICE

Commencement Information

Sch. 18 wholly in force at 1.2.2001, see s. 275(1) and S.I. 2001/57, art. 3(1), Sch. 2 Pt. I (subject to the transitional provision and saving in Sch. 2 Pt. II)

PART I

FUNCTIONS

*British Transport Commission Act 1949 (c.xxiv)*

Textual Amendments

Sch. 18 paras. 1-3 repealed (1.12.2006) by Railways Act 2005 (c. 14), s. 60(2), Sch. 13 Pt. I (with s. 14(4)(5), Sch. 11 para. 11(2)); S.I. 2006/2911, art. 2, Sch.

Textual Amendments

Sch. 18 paras. 1-3 repealed (1.12.2006) by Railways Act 2005 (c. 14), s. 60(2), Sch. 13 Pt. I (with s. 14(4)(5), Sch. 11 para. 11(2)); S.I. 2006/2911, art. 2, Sch.

Textual Amendments

Sch. 18 paras. 1-3 repealed (1.12.2006) by Railways Act 2005 (c. 14), s. 60(2), Sch. 13 Pt. I (with s. 14(4)(5), Sch. 11 para. 11(2)); S.I. 2006/2911, art. 2, Sch.

*British Transport Commission Act 1962 (c.xlii)*

1. Section 43 of the British Transport Commission Act 1962 (constables) is amended as follows.

2. Omit subsection (1).

3. In subsection (2), for “the said section 53” substitute “section 53 (constables) of the Act of 1949”.
Transport Act 2000 (c. 38)

SCHEDULE 18 – Transfer to SRA of BR’s functions relating to transport police

Document Generated: 2019-10-11

Status: This version of this Act contains provisions that are prospective.

Changes to legislation: Transport Act 2000 is up to date with all changes known to be in force on or before 11 October 2019. There are changes that may be brought into force at a future date. Changes that have been made appear in the content and are referenced with annotations. (See end of Document for details) View outstanding changes

Commencement Information

1448 Sch. 18 Pt. III wholly in force at 1.2.2001, see s. 275(1) and S.I. 2001/57, art. 3(1), Sch. 2 Pt. I (subject to the transitional provision and saving in Sch. 2 Pt. II)

Police and Criminal Evidence Act 1984 (c.60)

5 In section 6 of the Police and Criminal Evidence Act 1984 (stop and search powers: statutory undertakers etc.), in subsection (1A) (transport police), for “by the British Railways Board” substitute “by the Strategic Rail Authority”.

Commencement Information

1449 Sch. 18 Pt. III wholly in force at 1.2.2001, see s. 275(1) and S.I. 2001/57, art. 3(1), Sch. 2 Pt. I (subject to the transitional provision and saving in Sch. 2 Pt. II)

Channel Tunnel Act 1987 (c. 53)

6 (1) Section 14 of the Channel Tunnel Act 1987 (arrangements for policing of tunnel system) is amended as follows.

F780 (2) .........................................................

(3) In subsection (5) (payments by Kent police authority)—

F781 (a) .........................................................

(b) for “Board” substitute “ Authority ”.

Textual Amendments

F780 Sch. 18 para. 6(2) repealed (1.12.2006) by Railways Act 2005 (c. 14), s. 60(2), Sch. 13 Pt. I (with s. 14(4)(5), Sch. 11 para. 11(2)); S.I. 2006/2911, art. 2, Sch.

F781 Sch. 18 para. 6(3)(a) repealed (1.12.2006) by Railways Act 2005 (c. 14), s. 60(2), Sch. 13 Pt. I (with s. 14(4)(5), Sch. 11 para. 11(2)); S.I. 2006/2911, art. 2, Sch.

Railways Act 1993 (c.43)


Textual Amendments

F782 Sch. 18 paras. 7-10 repealed (1.7.2004) by Railways and Transport Safety Act 2003 (c. 20), Sch. 8; S.I. 2004/1572, art. 3(kkk)

F782 Sch. 18 paras. 7-10 repealed (1.7.2004) by Railways and Transport Safety Act 2003 (c. 20), Sch. 8; S.I. 2004/1572, art. 3(kkk)
Status: This version of this Act contains provisions that are prospective.

Changes to legislation: Transport Act 2000 is up to date with all changes known to be in force on or before 11 October 2019. There are changes that may be brought into force at a future date. Changes that have been made appear in the content and are referenced with annotations. (See end of Document for details) View outstanding changes

Textual Amendments

F782  Sch. 18 paras. 7-10 repealed (1.7.2004) by Railways and Transport Safety Act 2003 (c. 20), Sch. 8; S.I. 2004/1572, art. 3(kkk)

F782 9  ...........................................

Textual Amendments

F782  Sch. 18 paras. 7-10 repealed (1.7.2004) by Railways and Transport Safety Act 2003 (c. 20), Sch. 8; S.I. 2004/1572, art. 3(kkk)

F782 10  ...........................................

Textual Amendments

F782  Sch. 18 paras. 7-10 repealed (1.7.2004) by Railways and Transport Safety Act 2003 (c. 20), Sch. 8; S.I. 2004/1572, art. 3(kkk)

F783  PART II

ASSOCIATED PROPERTY, RIGHTS AND LIABILITIES

Textual Amendments

F783  Sch. 18 Pt. II repealed (1.12.2006) by Railways Act 2005 (c. 14), s. 60(2), Sch. 13 Pt. I (with s. 14(4)(5), Sch. 11 para. 11(2)); S.I. 2006/2911, art. 2, Sch.

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**Schedule 19**

**Transfer to SRA of BR’s property etc**

**Textual Amendments**

F784 Schs. 19-21 repealed (16.10.2005 for the repeal of Sch. 20, 1.12.2006 for the repeal of Schs. 19, 21) by Railways Act 2005 (c. 14), s. 60(2), Sch. 13 Pt. 1 (with s. 14(4)(5), Sch. 11 para. 11(2), Sch. 13 para. 4); S.I. 2005/2812, art. 2(1), Sch. 1; S.I. 2006/2911, Sch.

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TRANSFER SCHEMES BY SRA

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SCHEDULE 22

RENAMING OF RAIL USERS’ CONSULTATIVE COMMITTEES

PART I

AMENDMENTS OF RAILWAYS ACT 1993

1

The M227 Railways Act 1993 has effect subject to the following amendments.

Commencement Information

I450 Sch. 22 Pt. I wholly in force at 1.2.2001, see s. 275(1) and S.I. 2001/57, art. 3(1), Sch. 2 Pt. I (subject to the transitional provision and saving in Sch. 2 Pt. II)

Marginal Citations

M227 1993 c. 43.

F785 2

Textual Amendments

F785 Sch. 22 paras. 2-7 repealed (24.7.2005 for the repeal of Sch. 22 paras. 2, 3, 7, 1.12.2006 for remaining repeals) by Railways Act 2005 (c. 14), s. 60(2), Sch. 13 Pt. 1 (with s. 14(4)(5), Sch. 11 para. 11(2), Sch. 13 para. 5); S.I. 2005/1909, art. 2, Sch.; S.I. 2006/2911, Sch.

F785 3

Textual Amendments

F785 Sch. 22 paras. 2-7 repealed (24.7.2005 for the repeal of Sch. 22 paras. 2, 3, 7, 1.12.2006 for remaining repeals) by Railways Act 2005 (c. 14), s. 60(2), Sch. 13 Pt. 1 (with s. 14(4)(5), Sch. 11 para. 11(2), Sch. 13 para. 5); S.I. 2005/1909, art. 2, Sch.; S.I. 2006/2911, Sch.

F785 4
Section 76 (general duties of Central Committee) is amended as follows.

(2) In subsection (1), for “Central Committee” substitute “Rail Passengers’ Council”.

(3) In subsection (2), for “Committee” (in each place) substitute “Rail Passengers’ Council”.

(4) In subsection (3)—

(a) for “Central Committee” substitute “Rail Passengers’ Council”,

(b) for “the Committee” substitute “the Rail Passengers’ Council”.

(5) In subsection (4)—

(a) for “Central Committee” substitute “Rail Passengers’ Council”, and

(b) for “the Committee” (in both places) substitute “the Rail Passengers’ Council”.

(6) In subsection (5), for—

(a) “the Central Committee” and

(b) “the Committee”,

substitute “the Rail Passengers’ Council.”
(7) In subsection (6), for “Central Committee” (in both places) substitute “Rail Passengers’ Council”.

(8) In subsection (7)—
(a) for “Central Committee” substitute “Rail Passengers’ Council”, and
(b) for “the Committee” (in both places) substitute “the Rail Passengers’ Council”.

(9) In the sidenote, for “Central Committee” substitute “Rail Passengers’ Council”.

(10) In the heading before section 76, for “Central Committee and the consultative committees” substitute “Rail Passengers’ Council.”

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Textual Amendments

F786 Sch. 22 para. 8 omitted (E.W.S.) (25.2.2010) by virtue of The Passengers’ Council (Non-Railway Functions) Order 2010 (S.I. 2010/439), art. 1, Sch. para. 8(3)

F787 Sch. 22 para. 8(4)(b) repealed (24.7.2005) by Railways Act 2005 (c. 14), s. 60(2), Sch. 13 Pt. 1 (with s. 14(4)(5), Sch. 11 para. 11(2)); S.I. 2005/1909, art. 2, Sch.

F788 Words in Sch. 22 para. 8(10) repealed (24.7.2005) by Railways Act 2005 (c. 14), s. 60(2), Sch. 13 Pt. 1 (with s. 14(4)(5), Sch. 11 para. 11(2)); S.I. 2005/1909, art. 2, Sch.

Commencement Information

I451 Sch. 22 Pt. I wholly in force at 1.2.2001, see s. 275(1) and S.I. 2001/57, art. 3(1), Sch. 2 Pt. I (subject to the transitional provision and saving in Sch. 2 Pt. II)

F789 Sch. 22 paras. 9-14 repealed (24.7.2005 for the repeal of Sch. 22 paras. 9-13, 1.12.2006 for remaining repeal) by Railways Act 2005 (c. 14), s. 60(2), Sch. 13 Pt. 1 (with s. 14(4)(5), Sch. 11 para. 11(2)); S.I. 2005/1909, art. 2, Sch.; S.I. 2006/2911, Sch.

F789 Sch. 22 paras. 9-14 repealed (24.7.2005 for the repeal of Sch. 22 paras. 9-13, 1.12.2006 for remaining repeal) by Railways Act 2005 (c. 14), s. 60(2), Sch. 13 Pt. 1 (with s. 14(4)(5), Sch. 11 para. 11(2)); S.I. 2005/1909, art. 2, Sch.; S.I. 2006/2911, Sch.

F789 Sch. 22 paras. 9-14 repealed (24.7.2005 for the repeal of Sch. 22 paras. 9-13, 1.12.2006 for remaining repeal) by Railways Act 2005 (c. 14), s. 60(2), Sch. 13 Pt. 1 (with s. 14(4)(5), Sch. 11 para. 11(2)); S.I. 2005/1909, art. 2, Sch.; S.I. 2006/2911, Sch.
PART II

AMENDMENTS OF OTHER ENACTMENTS

Transport Act 1962 (c. 46)

15 (1) Section 56 of the Transport Act 1962 (functions of Central Committee and consultative committees) is amended as follows.

(2) In subsection (4)—

(a) for the words from “duty” to “consider” substitute “duty of the Rail Passengers’ Council and each Rail Passengers’ Committee to consider”,

(b) for “the committee” (in each place) substitute “the Rail Passengers’ Council or Rail Passengers’ Committee”,

(c) ........................................

(d) ........................................

(e) ........................................

(3) ........................................

(4) In subsection (6ZA)—

(a) ........................................

(b) for “that committee and the Central Committee” substitute “that Rail Passengers’ Committee and the Rail Passengers’ Council”.

(5) ........................................
In Schedule 2 to the Parliamentary Commissioner Act 1967 (which lists the bodies subject to the jurisdiction of the Parliamentary Commissioner), insert (at the appropriate places in alphabetical order)—

“Rail Passengers’ Committees.

Rail Passengers’ Council.”

In section 55(1) of the Transport Act 1968 (exclusion of Waterways Board), for “the Central Committee and the consultative committees, within the meaning of that section,” substitute “ the Rail Passengers’ Council and the Rail Passengers’ Committees”. 

In Schedule 2 to the Parliamentary Commissioner Act 1967 (c.13)

In Schedule 2 to the Parliamentary Commissioner Act 1967 (c.13)

In section 55(1) of the Transport Act 1968 (exclusion of Waterways Board), for “the Central Committee and the consultative committees, within the meaning of that section,” substitute “ the Rail Passengers’ Council and the Rail Passengers’ Committees ”.

In Schedule 2 to the Parliamentary Commissioner Act 1967 (c.13)

In Schedule 2 to the Parliamentary Commissioner Act 1967 (c.13)
Textual Amendments

F794 Sch. 22 para. 18 repealed (24.7.2005) by Railways Act 2005 (c. 14), s. 60(2), Sch. 13 Pt. 1 (with s. 14(4)(5), Sch. 11 para. 11(2)); S.I. 2005/1909, art. 2, Sch.

House of Commons Disqualification Act 1975 (c.24)

19 In Part III of Schedule 1 to the House of Commons Disqualification Act 1975 (other disqualifying offices), insert (at the appropriate places in alphabetical order)—

“Member of a Rail Passengers’ Committee in receipt of remuneration.

Member of the Rail Passengers’ Council in receipt of remuneration.”

Commencement Information

I455 Sch. 22 Pt. II wholly in force at 1.2.2001, see s. 275(1) and S.I. 2001/57, art. 3(1), Sch. 2 Pt. I (subject to the transitional provision and saving in Sch. 2 Pt. II)

Channel Tunnel Act 1987 (c.53)

[In section 41(1) of the Channel Tunnel Act 1987 (consultative committees), for the words from “Central” to “Users Consultative” substitute “ Rail Passengers’ Council and each of the Rail Passengers’ ”]

Textual Amendments

F795 Sch. 22 para. 20 omitted (E.W.S.) (25.2.2010) by virtue of The Passengers’ Council (Non-Railway Functions) Order 2010 (S.I. 2010/439), art. 1, Sch. para. 8(3)

Commencement Information

I456 Sch. 22 Pt. II wholly in force at 1.2.2001, see s. 275(1) and S.I. 2001/57, art. 3(1), Sch. 2 Pt. I (subject to the transitional provision and saving in Sch. 2 Pt. II)

Greater London Authority Act 1999 (c.29)

21 The Greater London Authority Act 1999 has effect subject to the following amendments.

Commencement Information

I457 Sch. 22 Pt. II wholly in force at 1.2.2001, see s. 275(1) and S.I. 2001/57, art. 3(1), Sch. 2 Pt. I (subject to the transitional provision and saving in Sch. 2 Pt. II)
Textual Amendments

**F796** Sch. 22 para. 22 repealed (24.7.2005) by Railways Act 2005 (c. 14), s. 60(2), Sch. 13 Pt. 1 (with s. 14(4)(5), Sch. 11 para. 11(2)); S.I. 2005/1909, art. 2, Sch.

23 In section 252 (London Transport Users’ Committee as Rail Users’ Consultative Committee)—

\[ F797(a) \]

(b) in the sidenote, for “rail users’ consultative committee” substitute “Rail Passengers’ Committee”.

Textual Amendments

**F797** Sch. 22 para. 23(a) repealed (24.7.2005) by Railways Act 2005 (c. 14), s. 60(2), Sch. 13 Pt. 1 (with s. 14(4)(5), Sch. 11 para. 11(2)); S.I. 2005/1909, art. 2, Sch.

Commencement Information

\[ 1458 \]

Sch. 22 Pt. II wholly in force at 1.2.2001, see s. 275(1) and S.I. 2001/57, art. 3(1), Sch. 2 Pt. I (subject to the transitional provision and saving in Sch. 2 Pt. II)

\[ F798 \]

Textual Amendments

**F798** Sch. 22 para. 24 omitted (25.2.2010) by virtue of The Passengers’ Council (Non-Railway Functions) Order 2010 (S.I. 2010/439), art. 1, Sch. para. 8(3)

SCHEDULE 23

FINANCES AND PROCEDURES OF RAIL USERS’ CONSULTATIVE COMMITTEES

**Introductory**

\[ F799 \]

Textual Amendments

**F799** Sch. 23 paras. 1-9 repealed (24.7.2005) by Railways Act 2005 (c. 14), s. 60(2), Sch. 13 Pt. 1 (with s. 14(4)(5), Sch. 11 para. 11(2)); S.I. 2005/1909, art. 2, Sch.

**Remuneration of members**

\[ F799 \]
Status: This version of this Act contains provisions that are prospective.
Changes to legislation: Transport Act 2000 is up to date with all changes known to be in force on or before 11 October 2019. There are changes that may be brought into force at a future date. Changes that have been made appear in the content and are referenced with annotations. (See end of Document for details) View outstanding changes

Textual Amendments

F799 Sch. 23 paras. 1-9 repealed (24.7.2005) by Railways Act 2005 (c. 14), s. 60(2), Sch. 13 Pt. 1 (with s. 14(4)(5), Sch. 11 para. 11(2)); S.I. 2005/1909, art. 2, Sch.

Financial duties

Textual Amendments

F799 Sch. 23 paras. 1-9 repealed (24.7.2005) by Railways Act 2005 (c. 14), s. 60(2), Sch. 13 Pt. 1 (with s. 14(4)(5), Sch. 11 para. 11(2)); S.I. 2005/1909, art. 2, Sch.

Procedures

Textual Amendments

F799 Sch. 23 paras. 1-9 repealed (24.7.2005) by Railways Act 2005 (c. 14), s. 60(2), Sch. 13 Pt. 1 (with s. 14(4)(5), Sch. 11 para. 11(2)); S.I. 2005/1909, art. 2, Sch.

Sub-committees and committees

Textual Amendments

F799 Sch. 23 paras. 1-9 repealed (24.7.2005) by Railways Act 2005 (c. 14), s. 60(2), Sch. 13 Pt. 1 (with s. 14(4)(5), Sch. 11 para. 11(2)); S.I. 2005/1909, art. 2, Sch.
SCHEDULE 24 – Review of access charges by Regulator

For the purposes of this Schedule an access charges review is a review by the Regulator of the terms of an access agreement, or of the terms of an access agreement and the conditions of any linked licence, as to—

(a) the amounts payable under the access agreement by one of the parties to the other; and

(b) the times at which, and manner in which, those amounts are payable.
(2) In this Schedule “linked licence”, in relation to an access agreement, means a licence of which the holder is—

(a) the facility owner, or installation owner, who is a party to the access agreement; or

(b) any other person who has an estate or interest in, or right over, the railway facility or network installation to which the access agreement relates.

Main provisions

2 (1) The procedure for the implementation of an access charges review shall be as provided for by paragraphs 4 to 16 of this Schedule.

(2) And any procedure relating to the implementation of an access charges review for which the access agreement or any linked licence makes provision shall not apply.

3 An access charges review may include a consideration of—

(a) the time at which the next access charges review in relation to the access agreement may be undertaken; and

(b) circumstances in which an access charges review in relation to the access agreement may be undertaken before that time.

Review notice

4 (1) The implementation of an access charges review shall be initiated by the Regulator giving notice (a “review notice”)—

(a) stating his conclusions on the access charges review and the reasons why he reached those conclusions;

(b) specifying the relevant changes which he proposes to make for or in connection with giving effect to those conclusions;

(c) stating, in relation to each of the proposed relevant changes, the date on which he proposes that it should come into operation; and

(d) specifying the period (not being less than six weeks from the date of publication of the notice) within which objections with respect to any of the proposed relevant changes, or the date on which it is proposed that it should come into operation, may be made by a person within sub-paragraph (4)(a) or (b) below.

(2) In this Schedule “relevant changes”, in relation to an access agreement, means—

(a) amendments of the access agreement;

(b) modifications of the conditions of any linked licence; or

(c) both such amendments and such modifications;

and references to the making of relevant changes are, in the case of amendments of the access agreement, references to directing the parties to the access agreement to make the amendments to the access agreement.

(3) The review notice shall be given—

(a) by publishing it in such manner as the Regulator considers appropriate for the purpose of bringing it to the attention of persons likely to be affected by the proposed relevant changes; and

(b) by serving a copy on the persons specified in sub-paragraph (4) below.

(4) The persons referred to in sub-paragraph (3)(b) above are—
(a) the facility owner, or installation owner, who is a party to the access agreement;
(b) any other person who has an estate or interest in, or right over, the railway facility or network installation to which the access agreement relates and who the Regulator considers ought to be given a copy; and
(c) the beneficiary.

(5) In this Schedule “the beneficiary”—
(a) in relation to an access contract, has the meaning given by section 17(7) of this Act; and
(b) in relation to an installation access contract, has the meaning given by section 19(10) of this Act.

Notice of agreement

5 (1) If no objections are duly made by a person within paragraph 4(4)(a) or (b) above (or any that are so made are withdrawn), the Regulator shall give notice (a “notice of agreement”) stating that fact.

(2) The notice of agreement shall be given—
(a) by publishing it in such manner as the Regulator considers appropriate for the purpose of bringing it to the attention of persons likely to be affected by the proposed relevant changes; and
(b) by serving a copy on the beneficiary.

Termination notice

6 (1) After a copy of a notice of agreement is served on the beneficiary, he may give notice (a “termination notice”) terminating the access agreement.

(2) The termination notice shall specify the date on which the access agreement is to terminate.

(3) The termination notice shall be given by serving a copy on—
(a) the facility owner or installation owner;
(b) any other person who has an estate or interest in, or right over, the railway facility or network installation and who received a copy of the review notice; and
(c) the Regulator.

(4) The date specified by the termination notice as that on which the access agreement is to terminate shall be neither—
(a) less than six months, nor
(b) more than one year,
after the copy of the termination notice is served on the facility owner or installation owner.

(5) The termination notice may not be given after the end of the period of 28 days beginning with the day on which the copy of the notice of agreement is served on the beneficiary.

Review implementation notice

7 (1) After a copy of a notice of agreement is served on the beneficiary and the time within which a termination notice may be given by him has expired—
(a) if he has not given a termination notice (or has withdrawn any notice which he has given), the Regulator shall (unless he acts under paragraph 8(2) below) give a review implementation notice; or

(b) if he has given (and not withdrawn) a termination notice, the Regulator may give such a notice.

(2) A review implementation notice is a notice stating that the Regulator’s conclusions on the access charges review are to be implemented as proposed in the review notice.

(3) The review implementation notice shall—

(a) specify the relevant changes which the Regulator is making; and

(b) state, in relation to each of the relevant changes, the date on which it comes into operation.

(4) The review implementation notice shall be given—

(a) by publishing it in such manner as the Regulator considers appropriate for the purpose of bringing it to the attention of persons likely to be affected by the relevant changes; and

(b) by serving a copy on the persons on whom a copy of the review notice was served, the Authority and the Health and Safety Executive.

New review notice or Competition Commission reference

8 (1) This paragraph applies if—

(a) objections are duly made by a person within paragraph 4(4)(a) or (b) above (and not withdrawn); or

(b) although no objections are duly made by a person within paragraph 4(4)(a) or (b) above (or any that are so made are withdrawn), relevant objections are duly made (and not withdrawn) in relation to a similar review notice relating to another access agreement.

(2) The Regulator may—

(a) give a new review notice under paragraph 4 above; or

(b) make a reference to the Competition Commission under paragraph 9 below.

(3) For the purposes of sub-paragraph (1) above—

(a) “relevant objections”, in relation to another access agreement, means objections by a person who is within paragraph 4(4)(a) or (b) above in relation to that other access agreement; and

(b) one review notice is similar to another if they make provision which, in the opinion of the Regulator, is to broadly the same effect.

(4) Before acting under sub-paragraph (1) above, the Regulator shall consider the objections referred to in that sub-paragraph.

(5) If the Regulator gives a new review notice under paragraph 4 above by virtue of sub-paragraph (2)(a) above, the references in that paragraph and paragraph 7(2) above to his conclusions on the access charges review shall be read in relation to the new notice as references to those conclusions as modified since the previous review notice (in particular as the result of any objections or representations made in relation to it).
Reference to Competition Commission

9 (1) A reference to the Competition Commission under this paragraph shall be so framed as to require them to investigate and report on the questions specified in sub-paragraph (2) below.

(2) Those questions are—
   (a) whether the matters considered on the access charges review which are specified in the reference operate, or may be expected to operate, against the public interest; and
   (b) if so, whether the effects adverse to the public interest which those matters have or may be expected to have could be remedied or prevented by the making of relevant changes.

(3) The Regulator may, at any time, by notice given to the Competition Commission vary a reference under this paragraph—
   (a) by adding to the matters specified in the reference; or
   (b) by excluding from the reference some or all of the matters so specified.

(4) On receipt of such a notice the Competition Commission shall give effect to the variation.

(5) The Regulator may specify in a reference under this paragraph, or a variation of such a reference, for the purpose of assisting the Competition Commission in carrying out the investigation on the reference—
   (a) any effects adverse to the public interest which, in his opinion, the matters specified in the reference or variation have or may be expected to have; and
   (b) any relevant changes by which, in his opinion, those effects could be remedied or prevented.

(6) As soon as practicable after making a reference under this paragraph, or a variation of such a reference, the Regulator—
   (a) shall serve a copy of the reference or variation on the persons on whom a copy of the review notice was served; and
   (b) shall publish particulars of the reference or variation in such manner as he considers appropriate for the purpose of bringing the reference or variation to the attention of persons likely to be affected by it.

(7) For the purpose of assisting the Competition Commission in carrying out an investigation on a reference under this paragraph, the Regulator shall give to the Competition Commission any information in his possession which relates to matters falling within the scope of the investigation and—
   (a) is requested by the Competition Commission for that purpose; or
   (b) is information which, in his opinion, it would be appropriate for that purpose to give to the Competition Commission without any such request;

and any other assistance which the Competition Commission may require, and which it is within his power to give, in relation to any such matters.

(8) For the purpose of carrying out such an investigation, the Competition Commission shall take account of any information given to them for that purpose under sub-paragraph (7) above.

(9) In determining for the purposes of this paragraph whether any particular matter operates, or may be expected to operate, against the public interest, the Competition
Commission shall have regard to the matters as respects which duties are imposed on the Regulator by section 4 of this Act.

10 (1) The provisions mentioned in sub-paragraph (2) below are to apply in relation to references under paragraph 9 above as if—
   (a) the functions of the Competition Commission in relation to those references were functions under the 1973 Act;
   (b) the expression “merger reference” included a reference under that paragraph; and
   (c) in section 70 of the 1973 Act references to the Secretary of State were references to the Regulator and the reference to three months were a reference to six months.

(2) The provisions are—
   (a) sections 70 (time limit for report on merger), 85 (attendance of witnesses and production of documents) and 93B (false or misleading information) of the 1973 Act;
   (b) Part II of Schedule 7 to the Competition Act 1998 (performance of the Competition Commission’s general functions); and
   (c) section 24 of the 1980 Act (modification of provisions about performance of such functions).

Report on reference

11 (1) In making a report on a reference under paragraph 9 above, the Competition Commission shall include in the report—
   (a) definite conclusions on the questions comprised in the reference; and
   (b) such an account of their reasons for those conclusions as in their opinion is expedient for facilitating a proper understanding of those questions and of their conclusions.

(2) Where they conclude that any of the matters specified in the reference operate, or may be expected to operate, against the public interest, they shall specify in the report the effects adverse to the public interest which those matters have or may be expected to have.

(3) Where they conclude that any adverse effects so specified could be remedied or prevented by the making of relevant changes, they shall in the report—
   (a) specify the relevant changes by which those effects could be remedied or prevented; and
   (b) state, in relation to each of the relevant changes, the date on which it should come into operation.

(4) A date stated in the report as that on which a relevant change should come into operation may be a date before the report is made, provided that it is not before the earliest date specified in the review notice for the coming into operation of a relevant change proposed in it.

(5) Section 82 of the 1973 Act (general provisions as to reports) shall apply in relation to reports of the Competition Commission on references under paragraph 9 above as it applies to reports of the Competition Commission under that Act.

(6) A report of the Competition Commission on a reference under paragraph 9 above shall be made to the Regulator.
(7) The Regulator shall, on receiving such a report, send a copy of it to the Secretary of State and the Authority.

(8) Not less than 14 days after that copy is received by the Secretary of State, the Regulator shall send a copy to each of the persons on whom a copy of the review notice was served.

(9) Not less than 24 hours after complying with sub-paragraph (8) above, the Regulator shall publish the report in such manner as he considers appropriate for bringing the report to the attention of persons likely to be affected by it.

(10) If it appears to the Secretary of State that the publication of any matter in the report would be against the public interest or the commercial interests of any person, he may, before the end of the period of 14 days after he receives his copy of the report, direct the Regulator to exclude that matter from—

(a) every copy of the report sent under sub-paragraph (8) above, and

(b) the version of the report published under sub-paragraph (9) above.

Changes following report

(1) Where a report of the Competition Commission on a reference under paragraph 9 above—

(a) includes conclusions to the effect that any of the matters specified in the reference operate, or may be expected to operate, against the public interest,

(b) specifies effects adverse to the public interest which those matters have or may be expected to have,

(c) includes conclusions to the effect that those effects could be remedied or prevented by the making of relevant changes, and

(d) specifies relevant changes by which those effects could be remedied or prevented,

the Regulator shall, subject to the following provisions of this paragraph and paragraph 13 below, make such relevant changes as appear to him requisite for the purpose of remedying or preventing the adverse effects specified in the report.

(2) Before making relevant changes under this paragraph, the Regulator shall have regard to the relevant changes specified in the report.

(3) Before making relevant changes under this paragraph, the Regulator shall give notice—

(a) stating that he proposes to make the relevant changes and setting out their effect,

(b) stating the reasons why he proposes to make the relevant changes,

(c) stating, in relation to each of the proposed relevant changes, the date on which he proposes that it should come into operation, and

(d) specifying the period (not being less than 28 days from the date of publication of the notice) within which representations or objections with respect to the proposed relevant changes may be made,

and shall consider any representations or objections which are duly made and not withdrawn.

(4) A notice under sub-paragraph (3) above shall be given—

(a) by publishing the notice in such manner as the Regulator considers appropriate for the purpose of bringing the matters to which the notice relates to the attention of persons likely to be affected by the making of the relevant changes; and
(b) by serving a copy of the notice on the persons on whom a copy of the review notice was served.

(5) Where (after considering any representations or objections which are duly made and not withdrawn) the Regulator proposes to make relevant changes under this paragraph, he shall give notice to the Competition Commission—
   (a) setting out the relevant changes he proposes to make;
   (b) stating the reasons why he proposes to make the relevant changes; and
   (c) stating, in relation to each of the proposed relevant changes, the date on which he proposes that it should come into operation.

(6) The Regulator shall include with the notice under sub-paragraph (5) above a copy of any representations and objections which have been considered.

(7) A date stated in a notice under sub-paragraph (3) or (5) above as that on which a relevant change should come into operation may be a date before the notice is given, provided that it is not before the earliest date specified in the review notice for the coming into operation of a relevant change proposed in it.

(8) If the period within which a direction may be given by the Competition Commission under paragraph 13 below expires without such a direction being given, the Regulator shall make the relevant changes set out in the notice under sub-paragraph (5) above.

(9) If a direction is given by the Competition Commission under paragraph 13(1)(b) below, the Regulator shall make such of those relevant changes as are not specified in the direction.

(10) As soon as practicable after making relevant changes under this paragraph, the Regulator shall send a copy of the relevant changes to the Authority and the Health and Safety Executive.

**Competition Commission’s power to veto changes**

13 (1) The Competition Commission may, within the period of four weeks beginning with the day on which they are given notice under paragraph 12(5) above, give a direction to the Regulator—
   (a) not to make the relevant changes set out in the notice; or
   (b) not to make such of those relevant changes as are specified in the direction.

(2) The Secretary of State may, if an application is made to him by the Competition Commission within that period of four weeks, extend the period within which a direction may be given under this paragraph to one of six weeks beginning with the day on which the Competition Commission are given notice under paragraph 12(5) above.

(3) The Competition Commission may give a direction under this paragraph only if the relevant changes to which it relates do not appear to them requisite for the purpose of remedying or preventing the adverse effects specified in their report on the reference under paragraph 9 above.

(4) If the Competition Commission give a direction under this paragraph, they shall give notice—
   (a) setting out the relevant changes contained in the notice given under paragraph 12(5) above;
   (b) setting out the direction; and
(c) stating the reasons why they are giving the direction.

(5) A notice under sub-paragraph (4) above shall be given—

(a) by publishing the notice in such manner as the Competition Commission consider appropriate for the purpose of bringing the matters to which the notice relates to the attention of persons likely to be affected by the direction; and

(b) by serving a copy of the notice on the persons on whom a copy of the review notice was served.

Making of changes by Competition Commission

14 (1) If the Competition Commission give a direction under paragraph 13 above, they shall themselves make such relevant changes as appear to them requisite for the purpose of remedying or preventing—

(a) the adverse effects specified in their report on the reference under paragraph 9 above; or

(b) such of those adverse effects as would not be remedied or prevented by the relevant changes made by the Regulator under paragraph 12(9) above.

(2) In exercising the function conferred by sub-paragraph (1) above, the Competition Commission shall have regard to the matters as respects which duties are imposed on the Regulator by section 4 of this Act.

(3) Before making relevant changes under this paragraph, the Competition Commission shall give notice—

(a) stating that they propose to make the relevant changes and setting out their effect,

(b) stating the reasons why they propose to make the relevant changes,

(c) stating, in relation to each of the proposed relevant changes, the date on which they propose that it should come into operation, and

(d) specifying the period (not being less than 28 days from the date of publication of the notice) within which representations or objections may be made, and shall consider any representations or objections which are duly made and not withdrawn.

(4) A date stated in a notice under sub-paragraph (3) above as that on which a relevant change should come into operation may be a date before the notice is given, provided that it is not before the earliest date specified in the review notice for the coming into operation of a relevant change proposed in it.

(5) A notice under sub-paragraph (3) above shall be given—

(a) by publishing the notice in such manner as the Competition Commission consider appropriate for the purpose of bringing the matters to which the notice relates to the attention of persons likely to be affected by the making of the relevant changes; and

(b) by serving a copy of the notice on the persons on whom a copy of the review notice was served.

(5) As soon as practicable after making any relevant changes under this paragraph, the Competition Commission shall send a copy of those relevant changes to the Regulator, the Authority and the Health and Safety Executive.
Paragraphs 13 and 14: supplementary

15 (1) The provisions mentioned in sub-paragraph (2) below are to apply in relation to the exercise by the Competition Commission of their functions under paragraphs 13 and 14 above as if—

(a) in section 82(1) and (2) of the 1973 Act references to a report of the Competition Commission under that Act were references to a notice under paragraph 13(4) or 14(3) above;

(b) in section 85 of that Act references to an investigation on a reference made to the Competition Commission were references to an investigation by the Competition Commission for the purposes of the exercise of their functions under those paragraphs; and

(c) in section 93B of that Act references to the functions of the Competition Commission under that Act were references to their functions under those paragraphs.

(2) The provisions are—

(a) sections 82(1) and (2) (general provisions as to reports), 85 (attendance of witnesses and production of documents) and 93B (false or misleading information) of the 1973 Act;

(b) Part II of Schedule 7 to the Competition Act 1998 (performance of the Competition Commission’s general functions); and

(c) section 24 of the 1980 Act (modification of provisions about performance of such functions).

(3) For the purpose of assisting the Competition Commission in exercising their functions under paragraphs 13 and 14 above, the Regulator shall give to the Competition Commission any information in his possession which relates to matters relevant to the exercise of those functions and—

(a) is requested by the Competition Commission for that purpose; or

(b) is information which, in his opinion, it would be appropriate for that purpose to give to the Competition Commission without any such request;

and any other assistance which the Competition Commission may require, and which it is within his power to give, in relation to any such matters.

(4) For the purpose of exercising those functions, the Competition Commission shall take account of any information given to them for that purpose under sub-paragraph (3) above.

Termination notice in response to proposals after reference

16 (1) Where a notice is served on the beneficiary under paragraph 12(3) or 14(3) above, he may give notice (a “post-reference termination notice”) terminating the access agreement.

(2) The post-reference termination notice shall specify the date on which the access agreement is to terminate.

(3) The post-reference termination notice shall be given by serving a copy on—

(a) the facility owner or installation owner;

(b) any other person who has an estate or interest in, or right over, the railway facility or network installation and who received a copy of the review notice; and
(c) the Regulator.

(4) The date specified by the post-reference termination notice as that on which the access agreement is to terminate shall be neither—
   (a) less than six months, nor
   (b) more than one year,

   after the copy of the post-reference termination notice is served on the facility owner or installation owner.

(5) The post-reference termination notice may not be given after the end of the period of 28 days beginning with the day on which the copy of the notice under paragraph 12(3) or 14(3) above is served on the beneficiary.”

SCHEDULE 25

TRANSFER OF BR’S PROPERTY ETC. TO SECRETARY OF STATE

Transfer schemes

1 (1) The Secretary of State may make one or more schemes for the transfer to him of any property, rights and liabilities of the Board, other than the property, rights and liabilities relating to the transport police transferred under Schedule 18.

(2) In this Schedule “transfer scheme” means a scheme under this paragraph.

Contents of transfer scheme

2 (1) The property, rights and liabilities which may be transferred by a transfer scheme include property, rights and liabilities that would not otherwise be capable of being transferred or assigned.

   (2) The transfers authorised by sub-paragraph (1) include transfers which are to take effect as if there were no such contravention, liability or interference with any interest or right as there would otherwise be by reason of any provision having effect (whether under any enactment or agreement or otherwise) in relation to the terms on which the transferor is entitled to the property or right, or subject to the liability, in question.
3 A transfer scheme may define the property, rights and liabilities to be transferred to the Secretary of State by specifying them or describing them or by referring to all (or all except anything specified or described) of the property, rights and liabilities comprised in a specified part of the undertaking of the Board (or partly in one way and partly in the other).

4 A transfer scheme may contain provision—
   (a) for the creation, in relation to property which the scheme transfers, of an interest in or right over the property in favour of the Board,
   (b) for the creation in favour of the Secretary of State of an interest in or right over, property retained by the Board,
   (c) for the creation of rights and liabilities as between the Secretary of State and the Board, or
   (d) for any rights or liabilities specified or described in the scheme to be, or to be to any extent, enforceable by or against the Secretary of State.

5 A transfer scheme may make such supplementary, incidental and consequential provision as the Secretary of State considers appropriate.
(3) In this paragraph “statutory provision” means a provision whether of a general or
of a special nature contained in, or in any document made or issued under, any Act
(whether of a general or a special nature) other than the Railways Act 1993 or
this Part.

Effect of transfer scheme

7 On the date appointed by a transfer scheme, the property, rights and liabilities which
are the subject of the scheme shall, by virtue of this paragraph, be transferred in
accordance with the provisions of the scheme.

8 Nothing in this Act affects the validity of anything done by or in relation to the
Board in connection with anything transferred by a transfer scheme.

9 There may be continued by or in relation to the Secretary of State anything
(including legal proceedings) relating to anything transferred by a transfer scheme
which is in the process of being done by or in relation to the Board immediately
before it is transferred.

10 Anything done by the Board for the purpose of or in connection with anything
transferred by a transfer scheme which is in effect immediately before it is
transferred shall be treated as if done by the Secretary of State.
The Secretary of State shall be substituted for the Board in documents and legal proceedings relating to anything transferred by a transfer scheme.

Transfer of employees

Where a person employed by the Board becomes employed in the civil service of the state by virtue of a transfer scheme—

(a) for the purposes of Part XI of the Employment Rights Act 1996, he shall not be regarded as having been dismissed by virtue of the transfer, and

(b) for the purposes of that Act, his period of employment with the Board counts as a period of employment in the civil service of the state and the change of employment does not break the continuity of the period of employment.

Where there is a transfer in accordance with a transfer scheme of—

(a) foreign property, or

(b) a foreign right or liability,

the Board and the Secretary of State must take all requisite steps to secure that the vesting of the foreign property, right or liability in the Secretary of State by this Act is effective under the relevant foreign law.
(a) hold the property or right for the benefit of the Secretary of State; or
(b) discharge the liability on behalf of the Secretary of State.

(3) Nothing in sub-paragraph (1) or (2) prejudices the effect under the law of a part of the United Kingdom of the vesting of any foreign property, right or liability in the Secretary of State in accordance with a transfer scheme.

(4) References in this paragraph to foreign property, or to a foreign right or liability, are references to any property, right or liability as respects which an issue arising in any proceedings would be determined (in accordance with the rules of private international law) by reference to the law of a country or territory outside the United Kingdom.

(5) An obligation imposed under this paragraph in relation to property, rights or liabilities shall be enforceable as if contained in a contract between the Board and the Secretary of State.]

**Modification of transfer scheme**

13  (1) If at any time after a transfer scheme has come into force the Secretary of State considers it appropriate to do so, he may by order provide that the scheme shall for all purposes be deemed to have come into force with such modifications, other than modifications relating to the transfer of rights and liabilities under a contract of employment, as may be specified in the order.

(2) An order under sub-paragraph (1) may make, with effect from the coming into force of the scheme, such provision as could have been made by the scheme, and in connection with giving effect to that provision from that time may contain such supplemental, consequential and transitional provision as the Secretary of State considers appropriate.

(3) An order under sub-paragraph (1) shall be made by statutory instrument which shall be subject to annulment in pursuance of a resolution of either House of Parliament.

**Provision of information to Secretary of State**

14 The Board shall provide the Secretary of State with all such information and other assistance as he may reasonably require for the purposes of or in connection with the exercise of any of the powers conferred on him by this Part of this Schedule.
Consultation

15 Before making a transfer scheme, or an order modifying such a scheme, the Secretary of State shall consult the Board... .

SCHEDULE 26

Section 250.

TRANSFERS: TAX

PART I

INTERPRETATION

1 (1) In this Schedule—

“the 1988 Act” means the Income and Corporation Taxes Act 1988,

“the 1992 Act” means the Taxation of Chargeable Gains Act 1992,

“the Capital Allowances Act” means the Capital Allowances Act 2001 and includes, where the context admits, enactments which under the 1988 Act are to be treated as contained in the Capital Allowances Act 2001,

“fixture” has the same meaning as in Chapter 14 of Part 2 of the Capital Allowances Act,

“franchise company” means any body corporate which is, or is to be, the franchisee or the franchise operator under a franchise agreement, and

“qualifying transfer” means a transfer which is a relevant transfer for the purposes of any of Parts II to VI of this Schedule.

(2) So far as it relates to corporation tax, this Schedule is to be construed as one with the Corporation Tax Acts.

(3) So far as it relates to capital allowances, this Schedule is to be construed as one with the Capital Allowances Act.

Textual Amendments

F801 Words in Sch. 25 para. 15 repealed (1.12.2006) by Railways Act 2005 (c. 14), Sch. 13 Pt. 1 (with s. 14(4)(5), Sch. 11 para. 11(2)); S.I. 2006/2911, art. 2, Sch.

F802 Sch. 26 para. 1(1): Definition of “the 1990 Act” repealed (22.3.2001, with effect as mentioned in c. 2, s. 579(1)) by 2001 c. 2, ss. 578, 580, Sch. 2 para. 109(1)(a), Sch. 4

F803 Sch. 26 para. 1(1): Definition of “the Capital Allowances Act” substituted (22.3.2001, with effect as mentioned in c. 2, s. 579(1)) by 2001 c. 2, s. 578, Sch. 2 para. 109(1)(b)

F804 Sch. 26 para. 1(1): Words in the definition of “fixture” substituted (22.3.2001, with effect as mentioned in c. 2, s. 579(1)) by 2001 c. 2, s. 578, Sch. 2 para. 109(1)(c)

F805 Words in Sch. 26 para. 1(3) substituted (22.3.2001, with effect as mentioned in c. 2, s. 579(1)) by 2001 c. 2, s. 578, Sch. 2 para. 109(2)
PART II

TRANSFERS TO SRA FROM FRANCHISING DIRECTOR,
SECRETARY OF STATE AND [F806 THE OFFICE OF RAIL AND ROAD]

Interpretation
2 In this Part of this Schedule—
   “relevant transfer” means a transfer of property, rights or liabilities by
   virtue of—
   (a) section 215,
   (b) a scheme under paragraph 1 of Schedule 15, or
   (c) a scheme under paragraph 31 of Schedule 17,
   “transferee”, in relation to a relevant transfer, means the Authority, and
   “transferor”, in relation to a relevant transfer, means the person from
   whom the property, rights or liabilities are transferred.

Chargeable gains: no gain no loss
3 For the purposes of the 1992 Act a disposal by virtue of provision made under
paragraph 34(a) of Schedule 17 is to be taken to be for a consideration such that no
gain or loss accrues to the person making the disposal.

Chargeable gains: disposal of debts
4 (1) Sub-paragraph (2) applies if in the case of a relevant transfer—
   (a) a debt owed to the transferor is transferred to the transferee, and
   (b) the transferor would, apart from this paragraph, be the original creditor in
       relation to that debt for the purposes of section 251 of the 1992 Act (disposal
       of debts).

   (2) The 1992 Act is to have effect as if the transferee (and not the transferor) were the
original creditor for those purposes.

Capital allowances for plant and machinery
5 (1) This paragraph applies in relation to property if—
   (a) the property is plant or machinery to which a relevant transfer relates,
(b) the property would have been treated for the purposes of [F807]the Capital Allowances Act [had the transferor incurred expenditure qualifying for allowances under [F807]Part 2 of that Act] on the provision of the property) as disposed of by the transferor to the transferee on the transfer taking effect, and

(c) the relevant order or scheme contains provision for the transferee to be taken for the purposes of [F808]that Act to have incurred capital expenditure of an amount specified in or determined in accordance with the order or scheme on the provision of the property.

(2) For the purposes of [F809]the Capital Allowances Act—

(a) the transferee is to be taken to have incurred capital expenditure of that amount on the provision of the property for the purposes for which it is used by the transferee on and after the taking effect of the transfer,

(b) the property is to be taken as belonging to the transferee in consequence of the transferee having incurred that expenditure, and

(c) in the case of a fixture, the expenditure which falls to be treated as incurred by the transferee is to be taken for the purposes of [F810]sections 181(1) and 182(1) of that Act [to be incurred by the giving of a consideration consisting in a capital sum of that amount].

(3) In sub-paragraph (1)(c) “the relevant order or scheme” means—

(a) in the case of a transfer by virtue of section 215, an order made by the Secretary of State by statutory instrument, or

(b) in the case of a transfer by virtue of a scheme under paragraph 1 of Schedule 15 or paragraph 31 of Schedule 17, the scheme concerned.

(4) A provision mentioned in sub-paragraph (1)(c) for the determination of an amount may include provision—

(a) for a determination to be made by the Secretary of State in a manner described in the order or scheme,

(b) for a determination to be made by reference to factors so described or to the opinion of a person so described, and

(c) for a determination to be capable of being modified (on one or more occasions) in a manner and in circumstances so described.

(5) The Treasury’s consent is required for the making or modification of a determination under a provision mentioned in sub-paragraph (1)(c).

(6) The transferee’s consent is also required for such a modification after the relevant transfer takes effect.

(7) If there is a determination or a modification of a determination under a provision mentioned in sub-paragraph (1)(c) all necessary adjustments—

(a) must be made by making assessments or by repayment or discharge of tax, and

(b) must be made despite any limitation on the time within which assessments may be made.
Capital allowances for plant and machinery: connected persons

6 For the purposes of [F811 Part 2 of the Capital Allowances Act] references in that Part to a transaction (however described) between connected persons [F812 (see section 575 of that Act)] are not to include references to a relevant transfer.

Loan relationships

7 (1) Sub-paragraph (2) applies if as a result of a relevant transfer the transferee replaces, or (if the transferor had been a company) would have replaced, the transferor as a party to a loan relationship.

(2) [F813 Part 5 of the Corporation Tax Act 2009] is to have effect in relation to the time when the relevant transfer takes effect and any later time as if—

(a) the transferee had been a party to the loan relationship at the time the transferor became, or (if the transferor had been a company) would have become, a party to the loan relationship and at all times since that time, and

(b) the loan relationship to which the transferee is a party after the time the transfer takes effect is the same loan relationship as that to which, by virtue of paragraph (a), it is treated as having been a party before that time.

(3) For the purposes of sub-paragraph (2) the transferor (and accordingly the transferee) is to be taken to have accounted for the loan relationship in accordance with [F814 a basis of accounting] corresponding to that in accordance with which the transferee accounts for the loan relationship in the accounting period in which the transfer takes effect.

(4) Expressions used in this paragraph and in [F815 Part 5 of the Corporation Tax Act 2009] have the same meanings in this paragraph as in [F816 that Part].
PART III

TRANSFERS FROM BR TO SRA

Interpretation

8 In this Part of this Schedule—

“relevant transfer” means a transfer of property, rights or liabilities by virtue of—

(a) paragraph 11 of Schedule 18, or

(b) a scheme under paragraph 1 of Schedule 19,

“transferee”, in relation to a relevant transfer, means the Authority, and

“transferor”, in relation to a relevant transfer, means the Board.

Chargeable gains: general

9 For the purposes of the 1992 Act a disposal—

(a) constituted by a relevant transfer, or

(b) by virtue of provision made under paragraph 4 of Schedule 19,

is to be taken (in relation to the person to whom the disposal is made as well as the person making the disposal) to be for a consideration such that no gain or loss accrues to the person making the disposal.

Chargeable gains: restriction of losses

10 (1) If there has been a disposal of an asset—

(a) constituted by a relevant transfer, or

(b) by virtue of provision made under paragraph 4 of Schedule 19,

subsection (8) of section 41 of the 1992 Act (which applies that section to cases where assets have been acquired without gain or loss) is to have effect as if the asset had been disposed of and acquired in circumstances mentioned in that subsection.

(2) This paragraph is not to prejudice paragraph 9.

Chargeable gains: groups

11 (1) Sub-paragraph (2) applies if a company (“the degrouped company”)—

(a) acquired an asset from another company at any time when both were members of the same group of companies (“the old group”), and

(b) ceases by virtue of a relevant transfer to be a member of the old group.
(2) Section 179 of the 1992 Act (company ceasing to be member of group) is not to treat the degrouped company as having by virtue of the transfer sold and immediately reacquired the asset.

(3) If sub-paragraph (2) applies to an asset, that section is to have effect on and after the first subsequent occasion on which the degrouped company ceases to be a member of a group of companies (“the new group”), otherwise than by virtue of a qualifying transfer, as if the degrouped company and the company from which it acquired the asset had been members of the new group at the time of acquisition.

(4) If, disregarding any preparatory transactions, a company would be regarded for the purposes of section 179 of the 1992 Act (and, accordingly, of this paragraph) as ceasing to be a member of a group of companies by virtue of a qualifying transfer, it is to be regarded for those purposes as so doing by virtue of the qualifying transfer and not by virtue of any preparatory transactions.

(5) In this paragraph “preparatory transaction” means anything done under or by virtue of this Part of this Act for the purpose of initiating, advancing or facilitating the qualifying transfer in question.

(6) Expressions used in this paragraph and in section 179 of the 1992 Act have the same meanings in this paragraph as in that section.

**Chargeable gains: disposal of debts**

12 (1) Sub-paragraph (2) applies if in the case of a relevant transfer—

(a) a debt owed to the transferor is transferred to the transferee, and

(b) the transferor would, apart from this paragraph, be the original creditor in relation to that debt for the purposes of section 251 of the 1992 Act (disposal of debts).

(2) The 1992 Act is to have effect as if the transferee (and not the transferor) were the original creditor for those purposes.

**Continuity in relation to capital allowances etc. where trade transferred**

13† Sub-paragraphs (2) to (4) apply if—

(a) the transferee ceased to carry on a trade by virtue of a relevant transfer taking effect, and

(b) on the taking effect of that transfer, the transferee began to carry on the trade.

This sub-paragraph is to be read with sub-paragraph (8).]

(2) Subject to sub-paragraphs (3) and (4), in a case falling within sub-paragraph (1)—

(a) there are to be made to or on the transferee in accordance with †817 the Capital Allowances Act† all such allowances and charges as would, if the transferee had continued to carry on the trade, have fallen to be made to or on the transferor, and

(b) the amount of any such allowance or charge is to be computed as if—

(i) the transferee had been carrying on the trade since the transferor began to do so, and

(ii) everything done to or by the transferor had been done to or by the transferee (but so that the relevant transfer itself, so far as it relates
(3) For the purposes of the Corporation Tax Acts, only such amounts (if any) as may be specified in or determined in accordance with an order made by the Secretary of State by statutory instrument are to be allocated to the transferee in respect of expenditure by reference to which capital allowances may be made by virtue of sub-paragraph (2) in relation to anything to which the transfer relates.

(4) Sub-paragraph (2) is to affect the amounts falling to be taken into account in relation to the transferor as expenditure by reference to which capital allowances may be made only so far as necessary to give effect to a reduction of any such amount by a sum equal to so much of that amount as is allocated to the transferee as mentioned in sub-paragraph (3).

(5) An order under sub-paragraph (3) may include provision—
   (a) for a determination to be made by the Secretary of State in a manner described in the order,
   (b) for a determination to be made by reference to factors so described or to the opinion of a person so described, and
   (c) for a determination to be capable of being modified (on one or more occasions) in a manner and in circumstances so described.

(6) The Treasury’s consent is required for the making or modification of a determination of any such amount as is mentioned in sub-paragraph (3).

(7) The transferee’s consent is also required for such a modification after the relevant transfer takes effect.

(8) In determining whether sub-paragraph (1) has effect in relation to a relevant transfer in a case where—
   (a) the transferor continues to carry on any trade or part of a trade after the transfer takes effect, or
   (b) the transferee was carrying on any trade before the transfer takes effect, the trade or part of a trade which is continued, or was being carried on, shall for the purposes of that sub-paragraph be treated in relation to any trade or part of a trade which is transferred by virtue of the transfer as a separate trade and shall accordingly be disregarded.

(9) If there is a determination or a modification of a determination for any purposes of this paragraph, all necessary adjustments—
   (a) must be made by making assessments or by repayment or discharge of tax, and
   (b) must be made despite any limitation on the time within which assessments may be made.
Capital allowances for plant and machinery

14 (1) This paragraph applies in relation to property if—

(a) the property is plant or machinery to which a relevant transfer relates,

(b) paragraph 13 does not apply in relation to the transfer of the property to the transferee,

(c) the property would be treated for the purposes of [F818 the Capital Allowances Act] as disposed of by the transferor to the transferee on the transfer taking effect, and

(d) the scheme concerned contains provision for the disposal value of the property to be taken for the purposes of [F819 that Act] to be of an amount specified in or determined in accordance with the scheme.

(2) For the purposes of [F820 the Capital Allowances Act]—

(a) the provision mentioned in sub-paragraph (1)(d) is to have effect (instead of [F821 section 61(2) to (4), 72(3) to (5), 171, 196 or 423 of that Act]) for determining an amount as the disposal value of the property or the price at which a fixture is to be treated as sold,

(b) the transferee is to be taken to have incurred capital expenditure of that amount on the provision of the property for the purposes for which it is used by the transferee on and after the taking effect of the transfer,

(c) the property is to be taken as belonging to the transferee in consequence of the transferee having incurred that expenditure, and

(d) in the case of a fixture, the expenditure which falls to be treated as incurred by the transferee is to be taken for the purposes of [F822 sections 181(1) and 182(1) of that Act] to be incurred by the giving of a consideration consisting in a capital sum of that amount.

(3) A provision mentioned in sub-paragraph (1)(d) for the determination of an amount may include provision—

(a) for a determination to be made by the Secretary of State in a manner described in the scheme,

(b) for a determination to be made by reference to factors so described or to the opinion of a person so described, and

(c) for a determination to be capable of being modified (on one or more occasions) in a manner and in circumstances so described.

(4) The Treasury’s consent is required for the making or modification of a determination under a provision mentioned in sub-paragraph (1)(d).

(5) The transferee’s consent is also required for such a modification after the relevant transfer takes effect.

(6) If there is a determination or a modification of a determination under a provision mentioned in sub-paragraph (1)(d) all necessary adjustments—

(a) must be made by making assessments or by repayment or discharge of tax, and

(b) must be made despite any limitation on the time within which assessments may be made.
Textual Amendments

**F818** Words in Sch. 26 para. 14(1)(c) substituted (22.3.2001, with effect as mentioned in 2001 c. 2, s. 579(1)) by 2001 c. 2, s. 578, Sch. 2 para. 109(8)

**F819** Words in Sch. 26 para. 14(1)(d) substituted (22.3.2001, with effect as mentioned in 2001 c. 2, s. 579(1)) by 2001 c. 2, s. 578, Sch. 2 para. 109(9)

**F820** Words in Sch. 26 para. 14(2) substituted (22.3.2001, with effect as mentioned in 2001 c. 2, s. 579(1)) by 2001 c. 2, s. 578, Sch. 2 para. 109(10)(a)

**F821** Words in Sch. 26 para. 14(2)(a) substituted (22.3.2001, with effect as mentioned by 2001 c. 2, s. 579(1)) by 2001 c. 2, s. 578, Sch. 2 para. 109(10)(b)

**F822** Words in Sch. 26 para. 14(2)(d) substituted (22.3.2001, with effect as mentioned by 2001 c. 2, s. 579(1)) by 2001 c. 2, s. 578, Sch. 2 para. 109(10)(c)

*Capital allowances for plant and machinery: connected persons*

15 For the purposes of [F823]Part 2 of the Capital Allowances Act [F824]references in that Part to a transaction (however described) between connected persons [F824]are not to include references to a relevant transfer.

Textual Amendments

**F823** Words in Sch. 26 para. 15 substituted (22.3.2001, with effect as mentioned in 2001 c. 2, s. 579(1)) by 2001 c. 2, s. 578, Sch. 2 para. 109(11)

**F824** Words in Sch. 26 para. 15 substituted (with effect in accordance with s. 1184(1) of the amending Act) by Corporation Tax Act 2010 (c. 4), s. 1184(1), Sch. 1 para. 322(3) (with Sch. 2)

*Leased assets*

16 (1) Sub-paragraphs (2) and (3) apply for the purposes of section 781 of the 1988 Act (assets leased to traders and others) if the interest of the lessor or the lessee under a lease, or any other interest in an asset, is transferred to a person under a relevant transfer.

(2) The transfer is to be treated as made without any capital sum having been obtained in respect of the interest by the transferor; and this is so despite section 783(4) of that Act.

(3) If the interest is an interest under a lease, payments made by the transferor under the lease before the transfer takes effect are to be treated as if they had been made under that lease by the transferee.

(4) Sub-paragraph (5) applies for the purposes of section 781 of the 1988 Act if a lease, or any other interest in an asset, is granted by virtue of provision made under paragraph 4 of Schedule 19.

(5) The grant is to be treated as made without any capital sum having been obtained in respect of the lease, or interest, by the grantor; and this is so despite section 783(4) of that Act.

(6) No charge is to arise under section 781(1) of the 1988 Act by virtue of section 783(2) of that Act in a case where the capital sum mentioned in section 781(1)(b)(i) or (ii) of that Act is or forms part of the consideration obtained (or treated by section 783(4)
of that Act as obtained) by the transferor on a disposal by virtue of a relevant transfer of securities of a subsidiary of the transferor.

(7) Expressions used in this paragraph and in sections 781 to 785 of the 1988 Act have the same meanings in this paragraph as in those sections.

**Loan relationships**

17

(1) Sub-paragraph (2) applies if, as a result of a relevant transfer, the transferee replaces the transferor as a party to a loan relationship.

(2) [Part 5 of the Corporation Tax Act 2009](#) is to have effect in relation to the time when the relevant transfer takes effect and any later time as if—

(a) the transferee had been a party to the loan relationship at the time the transferor became a party to the loan relationship and at all times since that time, and

(b) the loan relationship to which the transferee is a party after the time the transfer takes effect is the same loan relationship as that to which, by virtue of paragraph (a), it is treated as having been a party before that time.

(3) Expressions used in this paragraph and in [Part 5 of the Corporation Tax Act 2009](#) have the same meanings in this paragraph as in that Part.

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**Textual Amendments**

| F825 | Words in Sch. 26 para. 17(2) substituted (with effect in accordance with s. 1329(1) of the amending Act) by Corporation Tax Act 2009 (c. 4), s. 1329(1), Sch. 1 para. 473(4)(a) (with Sch. 2 Pts. 1, 2) |
| F826 | Words in Sch. 26 para. 17(3) substituted (with effect in accordance with s. 1329(1) of the amending Act) by Corporation Tax Act 2009 (c. 4), s. 1329(1), Sch. 1 para. 473(4)(b) (with Sch. 2 Pts. 1, 2) |

**Charge to tax under Case I of Schedule D**

18

(1) This paragraph applies for the purpose of computing the profits or losses of the transferor and the transferee under Case I of Schedule D in respect of any trade or part of a trade transferred by a relevant transfer in relation to the time when the transfer takes effect and any later time.

(2) The trade or part of a trade transferred is to be treated as having been, at the time of its commencement and at all times since that time, a separate trade carried on by the transferee.

(3) The trade carried on by the transferee after the time the transfer takes effect is to be treated as the same trade as that which, by virtue of sub-paragraph (2), it is treated as having carried on before that time.

(4) This paragraph is subject to paragraphs 13 and 17.
PART IV

TRANSFERS TO SECRETARY OF STATE FROM SRA AND BR

Interpretation

19 In this Part of this Schedule—

“relevant transfer” means a transfer of property, rights or liabilities by virtue of—

(a) a scheme under paragraph 1 of Schedule 21 under which the property, rights or liabilities are transferred to the Secretary of State, or

(b) a scheme under paragraph 1 of Schedule 25,

“transferee”, in relation to a relevant transfer, means the Secretary of State, and

“transferor”, in relation to a relevant transfer, means the person from whom the property, rights or liabilities are transferred.

Chargeable gains: groups

20 (1) Sub-paragraph (2) applies if a company (“the degrouped company”—

(a) acquired an asset from another company at any time when both were members of the same group of companies (“the old group”), and

(b) ceases by virtue of a relevant transfer to be a member of the old group.

(2) Section 179 of the 1992 Act (company ceasing to be member of group) is not to treat the degrouped company as having by virtue of the transfer sold and immediately reacquired the asset.

(3) If, disregarding any preparatory transactions, a company would be regarded for the purposes of section 179 of the 1992 Act (and, accordingly, of this paragraph) as ceasing to be a member of a group of companies by virtue of a relevant transfer, it is to be regarded for those purposes as so doing by virtue of the relevant transfer and not by virtue of any preparatory transactions.

(4) In this paragraph “preparatory transaction” means anything done under or by virtue of this Part of this Act for the purpose of initiating, advancing or facilitating the relevant transfer in question.

(5) Expressions used in this paragraph and in section 179 of the 1992 Act have the same meanings in this paragraph as in that section.

Capital allowances: actual consideration to be the disposal value

21 (1) Sub-paragraphs (2) to (4) apply for the purposes of [Part 3 of the Capital Allowances Act], and the other provisions of that Act which are relevant to that Part, if there is a disposal by virtue of a relevant transfer of the relevant interest in—

(a) an industrial building or structure, or

(b) a qualifying hotel or a commercial building or structure.

(2) The disposal is to be treated as a sale of that relevant interest.

(3) The sale moneys in respect of that sale are to be taken—
(a) if a capital sum is received by the transferor or a person connected with the transferor by way of consideration or compensation in respect of the disposal, to be an amount equal to that capital sum, or

(b) if no such capital sum is received, to be nil.

(4) Sections 567 to 570 of that Act (sales treated as being for alternative amount) (sales between connected persons or without change of control) are not to have effect in relation to that sale.

(5) Sub-paragraph (6) applies for determining, in the case of plant or machinery which is treated for the purposes of the Capital Allowances Act as disposed of by virtue of a relevant transfer, the amount which (in consequence of that disposal) is to be brought into account as the disposal value of that plant or machinery for the purposes of Section 60 of that Act (meaning of “disposal value” and “disposal event”) (balancing adjustments).

(6) The amount is, subject to section 62 of that Act (general limit on amount of disposal value) to be taken—

(a) if a capital sum is received by the transferor or a person connected with the transferor by way of consideration or compensation in respect of the disposal, to be an amount equal to that capital sum, or

(b) if no such capital sum is received, to be nil.

(7) Sub-paragraph (8) applies if, in consequence of a disposal by virtue of a relevant transfer, a person is treated by section 188 of the Capital Allowances Act as ceasing to own a fixture at any time.

(8) The amount which, in consequence of that disposal, is to be brought into account as the disposal value of the fixture for the purposes of the Capital Allowances Act is, subject to section 62 of that Act, to be taken—

(a) if a capital sum is received by the transferor or a person connected with the transferor by way of consideration or compensation in respect of the disposal, to be an amount equal to that portion of that capital sum which falls (or, if the person to whom the disposal is made were entitled to an allowance, would fall) to be treated for the purposes of Part 2 of that Act as expenditure incurred by that person on the provision of the fixture, or

(b) if no such capital sum is received, to be nil.

(9) Sub-paragraphs (3), (6) and (8) have effect despite any other provision of the Capital Allowances Act.

Textual Amendments

F827 Words in Sch. 26 para. 21(1) substituted (22.3.2001, with effect as mentioned in 2001 c. 2, s. 579(1)) by 2001 c. 2, s. 578, Sch. 2 para. 109(12)

F828 Words in Sch. 26 para. 21(4) substituted (22.3.2001, with effect as mentioned in 2001 c. 2, s. 579(1)) by 2001 c. 2, s. 578, Sch. 2 para. 109(13)

F829 Words in Sch. 26 para. 21(5) substituted (22.3.2001, with effect as mentioned in 2001 c. 2, s. 579(1)) by 2001 c. 2, s. 578, Sch. 2 para. 109(14)(a)

F830 Words in Sch. 26 para. 21(5) substituted (22.3.2001, with effect as mentioned in 2001 c. 2, s. 579(1)) by 2001 c. 2, s. 578, Sch. 2 para. 109(14)(b)
Leased assets

22 (1) Sub-paragraphs (2) and (3) apply for the purposes of section 781 of the 1988 Act (assets leased to traders and others) if the interest of the lessor or the lessee under a lease, or any other interest in an asset, is transferred to a person under a relevant transfer.

(2) The transfer is to be treated as made without any capital sum having been obtained in respect of the interest by the transferor; and this is so despite section 783(4) of that Act.

(3) If the interest is an interest under a lease, payments made by the transferor under the lease before the transfer takes effect are to be treated as if they had been made under that lease by the transferee.

(4) Sub-paragraph (5) applies for the purposes of section 781 of the 1988 Act if a lease, or any other interest in an asset, is granted by the transferor by virtue of provision made under paragraph 5 of Schedule 21 or paragraph 4 of Schedule 25.

(5) The grant is to be treated as made without any capital sum having been obtained in respect of the lease, or interest, by the transferor; and this is so despite section 783(4) of that Act.

(6) No charge is to arise under section 781(1) of the 1988 Act by virtue of section 783(2) of that Act in a case where the capital sum mentioned in section 781(1)(b)(i) or (ii) of that Act is or forms part of the consideration obtained (or treated by section 783(4) of that Act as obtained) by the transferor on a disposal by virtue of a relevant transfer of securities of a subsidiary of the transferor.

(7) Expressions used in this paragraph and in sections 781 to 785 of the 1988 Act have the same meanings in this paragraph as in those sections.

PART V

TRANSFERS FROM SRA TO FRANCHISE COMPANY

Interpretation
“relevant transfer” means a transfer of property, rights or liabilities by virtue of a scheme under paragraph 1 of Schedule 21 under which the property, rights or liabilities are transferred to a franchise company, “transferee”, in relation to a relevant transfer, means the franchise company to whom the property, rights or liabilities are transferred, and “transferor”, in relation to a relevant transfer, means the person from whom the property, rights or liabilities are transferred.

Chargeable gains: disposals not to be treated as made at market value

24 (1) Section 17 of the 1992 Act (disposals and acquisitions treated as made at market value) is not to have effect in relation to—
(a) a disposal constituted by a relevant transfer or a disposal by virtue of provision made under paragraph 5 of Schedule 21, or
(b) the acquisition made by the person to whom the disposal is made.

(2) But sub-paragraph (1) does not apply—
(a) if the person making the disposal is connected with the person making the acquisition, or
(b) in the case of a disposal by virtue of provision made under paragraph 5 of Schedule 21, if the disposal is made by or to a person other than the transferor or the transferee.

(3) If sub-paragraph (1) applies to the disposal of an asset, the disposal is to be taken (in relation to the person making the acquisition as well as the person making the disposal) to be—
(a) in a case where consideration in money or money’s worth is given by the person making the acquisition or on his behalf in respect of the vesting of the asset in him, for a consideration equal to the amount or value of that consideration, or
(b) in a case where no such consideration is given, for a consideration of nil.

Chargeable gains: groups

25 (1) Sub-paragraph (2) applies if a company (“the degrouped company”)—
(a) acquired an asset from another company at any time when both were members of the same group of companies (“the old group”), and
(b) ceases by virtue of a relevant transfer to be a member of the old group.

(2) Section 179 of the 1992 Act (company ceasing to be member of group) is not to treat the degrouped company as having by virtue of the transfer sold and immediately reacquired the asset.

(3) If sub-paragraph (2) applies to an asset, that section is to have effect on and after the first subsequent occasion on which the degrouped company ceases to be a member of a group of companies (“the new group”), otherwise than by virtue of a qualifying transfer, as if the degrouped company and the company from which it acquired the asset had been members of the new group at the time of acquisition.

(4) If, disregarding any preparatory transactions, a company would be regarded for the purposes of section 179 of the 1992 Act (and, accordingly, of this paragraph) as ceasing to be a member of a group of companies by virtue of a qualifying transfer, it
is to be regarded for those purposes as so doing by virtue of the qualifying transfer and not by virtue of any preparatory transactions.

(5) In this paragraph “preparatory transaction” means anything done under or by virtue of this Part of this Act for the purpose of initiating, advancing or facilitating the qualifying transfer in question.

(6) Expressions used in this paragraph and in section 179 of the 1992 Act have the same meanings in this paragraph as in that section.

Chargeable gains: disposal of debts

26 (1) Sub-paragraph (2) applies if in the case of a relevant transfer—
(a) a debt owed to the transferor is transferred to the transferee, and
(b) the transferor would, apart from this paragraph, be the original creditor in relation to that debt for the purposes of section 251 of the 1992 Act (disposal of debts).

(2) The 1992 Act is to have effect as if the transferee (and not the transferor) were the original creditor for those purposes.

Capital allowances: actual consideration to be the disposal value

27 (1) Sub-paragraphs (2) to (4) apply for the purposes of \texttt{F837Part 3 of the Capital Allowances Act}, and the other provisions of that Act which are relevant to that Part, if there is a disposal by virtue of a relevant transfer of the relevant interest in—
(a) an industrial building or structure, or
(b) a qualifying hotel or a commercial building or structure.

(2) The disposal is to be treated as a sale of that relevant interest.

(3) The sale moneys in respect of that sale are to be taken—
(a) if a capital sum is received by the transferor or a person connected with the transferor by way of consideration or compensation in respect of the disposal, to be an amount equal to that capital sum, or
(b) if no such capital sum is received, to be nil.

(4) \texttt{F838Sections 567 to 570 of that Act (sales treated as being for alternative amount)] are not to have effect in relation to that sale.

(5) Sub-paragraph (6) applies for determining, in the case of \texttt{F839plant or machinery} which is treated for the purposes of \texttt{F840the Capital Allowances Act} as disposed of by virtue of a relevant transfer, the amount which (in consequence of that disposal) is to be brought into account as the disposal value of that \texttt{F839plant or machinery} for the purposes of \texttt{F841section 60 of that Act (meaning of “disposal value” and “disposal event”).}

(6) The amount is, subject to \texttt{F842section 62 of that Act (general limit on amount of disposal value)] to be taken—
(a) if a capital sum is received by the transferor or a person connected with the transferor by way of consideration or compensation in respect of the disposal, to be an amount equal to that capital sum, or
(b) if no such capital sum is received, to be nil.
(7) Sub-paragraph (8) applies if, in consequence of a disposal by virtue of a relevant transfer, a person is treated by section 188 of the Capital Allowances Act as ceasing to own a fixture at any time.

(8) The amount which, in consequence of that disposal, is to be brought into account as the disposal value of the fixture for the purposes of section 60 of the Capital Allowances Act is, subject to section 62 of that Act, to be taken—

(a) if a capital sum is received by the transferor or a person connected with the transferor by way of consideration or compensation in respect of the disposal, to be an amount equal to that portion of that capital sum which falls (or, if the person to whom the disposal is made were entitled to an allowance, would fall) to be treated for the purposes of Part 2 of that Act as expenditure incurred by that person on the provision of the fixture, or

(b) if no such capital sum is received, to be nil.

(9) Sub-paragraphs (3), (6) and (8) have effect despite any other provision of the Capital Allowances Act.

Textual Amendments

F837 Words in Sch. 26 para. 27(1) substituted (22.3.2001, with effect as mentioned in 2001 c. 2, s. 579(1)) by 2001 c. 2, s. 578, Sch. 2 para. 109(19)

F838 Words in Sch. 26 para. 27(4) substituted (22.3.2001, with effect as mentioned in 2001 c. 2, s. 579(1)) by 2001 c. 2, s. 578, Sch. 2 para. 109(20)

F839 Words in Sch. 26 para. 27(5) substituted (22.3.2001, with effect as mentioned in 2001 c. 2, s. 579(1)) by 2001 c. 2, s. 578, Sch. 2 para. 109(21)(a)

F840 Words in Sch. 26 para. 27(5) substituted (22.3.2001, with effect as mentioned in 2001 c. 2, s. 579(1)) by 2001 c. 2, s. 578, Sch. 2 para. 109(21)(b)

F841 Words in Sch. 26 para. 27(5) substituted (22.3.2001, with effect as mentioned in 2001 c. 2, s. 579(1)) by 2001 c. 2, s. 578, Sch. 2 para. 109(21)(c)

F842 Words in Sch. 26 para. 27(6) substituted (23.3.2001, with effect as mentioned in 2001 c. 2, s. 579(1)) by 2001 c. 2, s. 578, Sch. 2 para. 109(22)

F843 Words in Sch. 26 para. 27(7) substituted (23.3.2001, with effect as mentioned in 2001 c. 2, s. 579(1)) by 2001 c. 2, s. 578, Sch. 2 para. 109(23)

F844 Words in Sch. 26 para. 27(8) substituted (22.3.2001, with effect as mentioned in 2001 c. 2, s. 579(1)) by 2001 c. 2, s. 578, Sch. 2 para. 109(24)(a)

F845 Words in Sch. 26 para. 27(8)(a) substituted (22.3.2001, with effect as mentioned in 2001 c. 2, s. 579(1)) by 2001 c. 2, s. 578, Sch. 2 para. 109(24)(b)

F846 Words in Sch. 26 para. 27(9) substituted (22.3.2001, with effect as mentioned in 2001 c. 2, s. 579(1)) by 2001 c. 2, s. 578, Sch. 2 para. 109(25)

Leased assets

28 (1) Sub-paragraphs (2) and (3) apply for the purposes of section 781 of the 1988 Act (assets leased to traders and others) if the interest of the lessor or the lessee under a lease, or any other interest in an asset, is transferred to a person under a relevant transfer.

(2) The transfer is to be treated as made without any capital sum having been obtained in respect of the interest by the transferor; and this is so despite section 783(4) of that Act.
(3) If the interest is an interest under a lease, payments made by the transferee under the lease before the transfer takes effect are to be treated as if they had been made under that lease by the transferor.

(4) Sub-paragraph (5) applies for the purposes of section 781 of the 1988 Act if a lease, or any other interest in an asset, is granted by the transferee by virtue of provision made under paragraph 5 of Schedule 21.

(5) The grant is to be treated as made without any capital sum having been obtained in respect of the lease, or interest, by the transferor; and this is so despite section 783(4) of that Act.

(6) No charge is to arise under section 781(1) of the 1988 Act by virtue of section 783(2) of that Act in a case where the capital sum mentioned in section 781(1)(b)(i) or (ii) of that Act is or forms part of the consideration obtained (or treated by section 783(4) of that Act as obtained) by the transferor on a disposal by virtue of a relevant transfer of securities of a subsidiary of the transferor.

(7) Expressions used in this paragraph and in sections 781 to 785 of the 1988 Act have the same meanings in this paragraph as in those sections.

Loan relationships

29

(1) Sub-paragraph (2) applies if, as a result of a relevant transfer, the transferee replaces the transferor as a party to a loan relationship.

(2) [Footnote 847] Part 5 of the Corporation Tax Act 2009] is to have effect in relation to the time when the relevant transfer takes effect and any later time as if—

(a) the transferee had been a party to the loan relationship at the time the transferor became a party to the loan relationship and at all times since that time, and

(b) the loan relationship to which the transferee is a party after the time the transfer takes effect is the same loan relationship as that to which, by virtue of paragraph (a), it is treated as having been a party before that time.

(3) Expressions used in this paragraph and in [Footnote 848] Part 5 of the Corporation Tax Act 2009] have the same meanings in this paragraph as in [Footnote 848] that Part.

Textual Amendments

**Footnote 847** Words in Sch. 26 para. 29(2) substituted (with effect in accordance with s. 1329(1) of the amending Act) by Corporation Tax Act 2009 (c. 4), s. 1329(1), Sch. 1 para. 473(5)(a) (with Sch. 2 Pts. 1, 2)

**Footnote 848** Words in Sch. 26 para. 29(3) substituted (with effect in accordance with s. 1329(1) of the amending Act) by Corporation Tax Act 2009 (c. 4), s. 1329(1), Sch. 1 para. 473(5)(b) (with Sch. 2 Pts. 1, 2)

**PART VI**

**TRANSFERS OF FRANCHISE ASSETS**

**Interpretation**

30 In this Part of this Schedule—
“relevant transfer” means a transfer of property, rights or liabilities by virtue of a scheme under paragraph 2 of Schedule 21 under which the property, rights or liabilities are transferred from a person which is, or has been, a franchise company,

“transferee”, in relation to a relevant transfer, means the person to whom the property, rights or liabilities are transferred, and

“transferor”, in relation to a relevant transfer, means the person from whom the property, rights or liabilities are transferred.

**Chargeable gains: disposals not to be treated as made at market value**

31 (1) Section 17 of the 1992 Act (disposals and acquisitions treated as made at market value) is not to have effect in relation to—

(a) a disposal constituted by a relevant transfer or a disposal by virtue of provision made under paragraph 5 of Schedule 21, or

(b) the acquisition made by the person to whom the disposal is made.

(2) But sub-paragraph (1) does not apply—

(a) if the person making the disposal is connected with the person making the acquisition, or

(b) in the case of a disposal by virtue of provision made under paragraph 5 of Schedule 21, if the disposal is made by or to a person other than the transferor or the transferee.

(3) If sub-paragraph (1) applies to the disposal of an asset, the disposal is to be taken (in relation to the person making the acquisition as well as the person making the disposal) to be—

(a) in a case where consideration in money or money’s worth is given by the person making the acquisition or on his behalf in respect of the vesting of the asset in him, for a consideration equal to the amount or value of that consideration, or

(b) in a case where no such consideration is given, for a consideration of nil.

**Chargeable gains: groups**

32 (1) Sub-paragraph (2) applies if a company (“the degrouped company”—

(a) acquired an asset from another company at any time when both were members of the same group of companies (“the old group”), and

(b) ceases by virtue of a relevant transfer to be a member of the old group.

(2) Section 179 of the 1992 Act (company ceasing to be member of group) is not to treat the degrouped company as having by virtue of the transfer sold and immediately reacquired the asset.

(3) If sub-paragraph (2) applies to an asset, that section is to have effect on and after the first subsequent occasion on which the degrouped company ceases to be a member of a group of companies (“the new group”), otherwise than by virtue of a qualifying transfer, as if the degrouped company and the company from which it acquired the asset had been members of the new group at the time of acquisition.

(4) If, disregarding any preparatory transactions, a company would be regarded for the purposes of section 179 of the 1992 Act (and, accordingly, of this paragraph) as ceasing to be a member of a group of companies by virtue of a qualifying transfer, it
is to be regarded for those purposes as so doing by virtue of the qualifying transfer and not by virtue of any preparatory transactions.

(5) In this paragraph “preparatory transaction” means anything done under or by virtue of this Part of this Act for the purpose of initiating, advancing or facilitating the qualifying transfer in question.

(6) Expressions used in this paragraph and in section 179 of the 1992 Act have the same meanings in this paragraph as in that section.

Chargeable gains: disposal of debts

33 (1) Sub-paragraph (2) applies if in the case of a relevant transfer—

(a) a debt owed to the transferor is transferred to the transferee, and

(b) the transferor would, apart from this paragraph, be the original creditor in relation to that debt for the purposes of section 251 of the 1992 Act (disposal of debts).

(2) The 1992 Act is to have effect as if the transferee (and not the transferor) were the original creditor for those purposes.

Capital allowances: actual consideration to be the disposal value

34 (1) Sub-paragraphs (2) to (5) apply for the purposes of Part 3 of the Capital Allowances Act, and the other provisions of that Act which are relevant to that Part, if there is a disposal by virtue of a relevant transfer of the relevant interest in—

(a) an industrial building or structure, or

(b) a qualifying hotel or a commercial building or structure.

(2) The disposal is to be treated as a sale of that relevant interest.

(3) The sale moneys in respect of that sale are to be taken—

(a) if a capital sum is received by the transferor or a person connected with the transferor by way of consideration or compensation in respect of the disposal, to be an amount equal to that capital sum, or

(b) if no such capital sum is received, to be nil.

(4) The sale moneys in respect of that sale are to be taken, as respects the transferee only, to include in addition an amount equal to any capital sum received by a person other than the transferor or a person connected with the transferor by way of consideration or compensation in respect of the acquisition of the relevant interest by the transferee.

(5) Sections 567 to 570 of that Act (sales treated as being for alternative amount) are not to have effect in relation to that sale.

(6) Sub-paragraph (7) applies for determining, in the case of which is treated for the purposes of the Capital Allowances Act as disposed of by virtue of a relevant transfer, the amount which (in consequence of that disposal) is to be brought into account as the disposal value of that plant or machinery for the purposes of sections 60 of that Act (meaning of “disposal value” and “disposal event”).

(7) The amount is, subject to the section 62 of that Act (general limit on amount of disposal value) to be taken—
(a) if a capital sum is received by the transferor or a person connected with the transferor by way of consideration or compensation in respect of the disposal, to be an amount equal to that capital sum, or

(b) if no such capital sum is received, to be nil.

(8) Sub-paragraph (9) applies if, in consequence of a disposal by virtue of a relevant transfer, a person is treated by section 188 of the Capital Allowances Act as ceasing to own a fixture at any time.

(9) The amount which, in consequence of that disposal, is to be brought into account as the disposal value of the fixture for the purposes of section 60 of the Capital Allowances Act is, subject to section 62 of that Act, to be taken—

(a) if a capital sum is received by the transferor or a person connected with the transferor by way of consideration or compensation in respect of the disposal, to be an amount equal to that portion of that capital sum which falls (or, if the person to whom the disposal is made were entitled to an allowance, would fall) to be treated for the purposes of Part 2 of that Act as expenditure incurred by that person on the provision of the fixture, or

(b) if no such capital sum is received, to be nil.

(10) Sub-paragraphs (3), (4), (7) and (9) have effect despite any other provision of the Capital Allowances Act.

**Textual Amendments**

- **F849** Words in Sch. 26 para. 34(1) substituted (22.3.2001, with effect as mentioned in 2001 c. 2, s. 579(1)) by 2001 c. 2, s. 578, Sch. 2 para. 109(26)
- **F850** Words in Sch. 26 para. 34(5) substituted (22.3.2001, with effect as mentioned in 2001 c. 2, s. 579(1)) by 2001 c. 2, s. 578, Sch. 2 para. 109(27)
- **F851** Words in Sch. 26 para. 34(6) substituted (22.3.2001, with effect as mentioned in 2001 c. 2, s. 579(1)) by 2001 c. 2, s. 578, Sch. 2 para. 109(28)(a)
- **F852** Words in Sch. 26 para. 34(6) substituted (22.3.2001, with effect as mentioned in 2001 c. 2, s. 579(1)) by 2001 c. 2, s. 578, Sch. 2 para. 109(28)(b)
- **F853** Words in Sch. 26 para. 34(6) substituted (22.3.2001, with effect as mentioned in 2001 c. 2, s. 579(1)) by 2001 c. 2, s. 578, Sch. 2 para. 109(28)(c)
- **F854** Words in Sch. 26 para. 34(7) substituted (22.3.2001, with effect as mentioned in 2001 c. 2, s. 579(1)) by 2001 c. 2, s. 578, Sch. 2 para. 109(29)
- **F855** Words in Sch. 26 para. 34(8) substituted (22.3.2001, with effect as mentioned in 2001 c. 2, s. 579(1)) by 2001 c. 2, s. 578, Sch. 2 para. 109(30)
- **F856** Words in Sch. 26 para. 34(9) substituted (22.3.2001, with effect as mentioned in 2001 c. 2, s. 579(1)) by 2001 c. 2, s. 578, Sch. 2 para. 109(31)(a)
- **F857** Words in Sch. 26 para. 34(9)(a) substituted (22.3.2001, with effect as mentioned in 2001 c. 2, s. 579(1)) by 2001 c. 2, s. 578, Sch. 2 para. 109(31)(b)
- **F858** Words in Sch. 26 para. 34(10) substituted (22.3.2001, with effect as mentioned in 2001 c. 2, s. 579(1)) by 2001 c. 2, s. 578, Sch. 2 para. 109(32)

**Loan relationships**

35 (1) [Section 444 of the Corporation Tax Act 2009] is not to have effect in a case where, as a result of a relevant transfer, the transferee replaces the transferor as a party to a loan relationship.
(2) Expressions used in this paragraph and in [F860 Part 5 of the Corporation Tax Act 2009] have the same meanings in this paragraph as in [F860 that Part].

Textual Amendments

**F859** Words in Sch. 26 para. 35(1) substituted (with effect in accordance with s. 1329(1) of the amending Act) by Corporation Tax Act 2009 (c. 4), s. 1329(1), Sch. 1 para. 473(6)(a) (with Sch. 2 Pts. 1, 2)

**F860** Words in Sch. 26 para. 35(2) substituted (with effect in accordance with s. 1329(1) of the amending Act) by Corporation Tax Act 2009 (c. 4), s. 1329(1), Sch. 1 para. 473(6)(b) (with Sch. 2 Pts. 1, 2)

PART VII

OTHER PROVISIONS CONCERNING TRANSFERS

Chargeable gains: value shifting

36 Nothing in this Part of this Act and nothing done under it is to be regarded as a scheme or arrangement for the purposes of section 30 of the 1992 Act (tax-free benefits).

Chargeable gains: consequential amendment

**F861** 37

Textual Amendments

**F861** Sch. 26 para. 37 omitted (with effect in accordance with Sch. 2 para. 71 of the amending Act) by virtue of Finance Act 2008 (c. 9), Sch. 2 para. 70(e)(ii)

Group relief

38 The existence of the powers of the Secretary of State or the Authority under this Part of this Act is not to be regarded (and nothing else in that Part is to be regarded) as—

(a) constituting arrangements falling within [F862 section 154(3) or 155(3) of the Corporation Tax Act 2010] (arrangements for transfer of company to another group or consortium), or

(b) constituting option arrangements for the purposes of [F863 section 173 of that Act].

Textual Amendments

**F862** Words in Sch. 26 para. 38 substituted (with effect in accordance with s. 1184(1) of the amending Act) by Corporation Tax Act 2010 (c. 4), s. 1184(1), Sch. 1 para. 322(4)(a) (with Sch. 2)

**F863** Words in Sch. 26 para. 38 substituted (with effect in accordance with s. 1184(1) of the amending Act) by Corporation Tax Act 2010 (c. 4), s. 1184(1), Sch. 1 para. 322(4)(b) (with Sch. 2)
Modifications of transfer schemes

(1) Sub-paragraph (2) applies if—
   (a) the effect of a scheme under paragraph 1 of Schedule 15, paragraph 31 of Schedule 17, paragraph 1 of Schedule 19 or paragraph 1 of Schedule 25 is modified by an order made by the Secretary of State, or
   (b) the effect of a scheme under paragraph 1 of Schedule 21 under which the property, rights or liabilities are transferred to the Secretary of State or a franchise company is modified by an agreement made under paragraph 15 of that Schedule.

(2) The Corporation Tax Acts (including this Schedule) are to have effect as if—
   (a) the scheme had been made as modified, and
   (b) anything done by or in relation to the preceding holder had (so far as relating to the property, rights or liabilities affected by the modification) been done by or in relation to the subsequent holder.

(3) For the purposes of sub-paragraph (2) the preceding holder is the person who without the modification—
   (a) became (under the scheme concerned) entitled or subject to the property, rights or liabilities affected by the modification, or
   (b) remained (despite the scheme concerned) entitled or subject to the property, rights or liabilities affected by the modification, as the case may be.

(4) For the purposes of sub-paragraph (2) the subsequent holder is the person who (in consequence of the modification) becomes, or resumes being, entitled or subject to the property, rights or liabilities affected by the modification.

Stamp duty and stamp duty reserve tax

(1) Stamp duty is not to be chargeable on—
   (a) a scheme under paragraph 1 of Schedule 15, paragraph 31 of Schedule 17 or paragraph 1 of Schedule 19, 21 or 25, or
   (b) an instrument or agreement which is certified to the Commissioners of Inland Revenue by the Secretary of State as made in pursuance of such a scheme.

(2) No such scheme, and no instrument or agreement which is certified as mentioned in sub-paragraph (1)(b), is to be taken to be duly stamped unless—
   (a) it has, in accordance with section 12 of the Stamp Act 1891, been stamped with a particular stamp denoting that it is not chargeable with that duty or that it is duly stamped, or
   (b) it is stamped with the duty to which it would be liable, apart from this paragraph.

(3) Section 12 of the Finance Act 1895 is not to operate to require—
   (a) the delivery to the Inland Revenue of a copy of this Act, or
   (b) the payment of stamp duty under that section on any copy of this Act, and is not to apply in relation to an instrument on which, by virtue of sub-paragraph (1), stamp duty is not chargeable.
(4) An agreement to transfer chargeable securities, as defined in section 99 of the Finance Act 1986, to a person specified in sub-paragraph (2)(a) to (c) of paragraph 1 of Schedule 21 is not to give rise to a charge to stamp duty reserve tax if the agreement is made for the purposes of, or for purposes connected with, a scheme under that paragraph.

Marginal Citations
M236 1891 c. 39.
M237 1895 c. 16.
M238 1986 c. 41.

Textual Amendments
F864 Sch. 26 para. 40A and cross-heading inserted (1.12.2003) by the Stamp Duty Land Tax (Consequential Amendment of Enactments) Regulations 2003 (S.I. 2003/2867), reg. 1, Sch. para. 32

40A. (1) For the purposes of stamp duty land tax, a land transaction which is effected by, or in pursuance of a scheme under paragraph 1 of Schedule 15, paragraph 31 of Schedule 17 or paragraph 1 of Schedule 19, 21 or 25 is exempt from charge.

(2) Relief under this paragraph must be claimed in a land transaction return or an amendment of such a return.

(3) In this paragraph—
“land transaction” has the meaning given by section 43(1) of the Finance Act 2003;
“land transaction return” has the meaning given by section 76(1) of that Act.

SCHEDULE 27

MINOR AND CONSEQUENTIAL AMENDMENTS ABOUT RAILWAYS

Transport Act 1962 (c.46)

1 (1) Section 43 of the Transport Act 1962 (charges and facilities) is amended as follows.

(2) In subsections (1) and (2), for “Boards” substitute “British Waterways Board or the Strategic Rail Authority”.

(3) In subsection (3), for “Boards” substitute “British Waterways Board and the Strategic Rail Authority”.

F865 (4) ................................................

F865 (5) ................................................
In section 22 of the British Railways Act 1969 (misuse of telephones at level crossings)—

(a) for “Board” substitute “a successor of the Board”, and

(b) insert at the end “; and in this section “successor of the Board” has the same meaning as “successor of the British Railways Board” has in the

House of Commons Disqualification Act 1975 (c.24)

7 In Part III of Schedule 1 to the House of Commons Disqualification Act 1975 (other disqualifying offices), insert (at the appropriate place in alphabetical order)—

“Member of the London Transport Users’ Committee in receipt of remuneration.”

British Railways Act 1977 (c.xvii)

8 (1) Section 13 of the British Railways Act 1977 (fines and penalties) is amended as follows.

(2) In subsection (1), for “the Board, to any railway of the Board” substitute “a successor of the Board, to any railway of a successor of the Board”.

(3) After that subsection insert—

“(1A) In subsection (1) of this section “successor of the Board” has the same meaning as “successor of the British Railways Board” has in the Railways Act 1993 (Consequential Modifications) (No.2) Order 1999.”

Transport Act 1980 (c.34)

9 Part III of the Transport Act 1980 (railway pensions) has effect subject to the following amendments.
In section 52A(13) (provisions for final discharge of Secretary of State not to affect liability of Board in respect of relevant pension obligations), for “Board” substitute “Authority”.

In section 52B(10) (provisions for substitution order not to affect liability of Board in respect of relevant pension obligations), for “Board” substitute “Authority”.

(1) Section 53 (meaning of “relevant pension obligations”) is amended as follows.

(2) In subsection (1)—

(a) for “Board which were owed” substitute “Authority which were owed by the Board”, and

(b) for “Board arising after the operative date” (in both places) substitute “Authority which arose as an obligation of the Board after the operative date or was never an obligation of the Board”.

(3) In subsection (4), for “Board” (in each place) substitute “Authority”.

In section 60(1) (interpretation), before the definition of “the Board” insert—

“‘the Authority’ means the Strategic Rail Authority,”.

Transport Act 1985 (c.67)
Textual Amendments

F867 Sch. 27 para. 14 repealed (1.12.2006) by Railways Act 2005 (c. 14), s. 60(2), Sch. 13 Pt. 1 (with s. 14(4)(5), Sch. 11 para. 11(2)); S.I. 2006/2911, art. 2, Sch.

Channel Tunnel Act 1987 (c.53)

15 In paragraph 5 of Schedule 6 to the Channel Tunnel Act 1987 (application of offence provisions), for “the Railways Board” substitute “a successor of the British Railways Board within the meaning of the Railways Act 1993 (Consequential Modifications) (No.2) Order 1999 ”.

Commencement Information

1483 Sch. 27 para. 15 wholly in force at 1.2.2001, see s. 275(1)(2) and S.I. 2001/57, art. 3(1), Sch. 2 Pt. I (subject to the transitional provision and saving in Sch. 2 Pt. II)

Marginal Citations


Heathrow Express Railway Act 1991 (c.vii)

16 In section 41(1) of the Heathrow Express Railway Act 1991 (provisions which do not apply to services and facilities provided on Heathrow Express lines or at Heathrow Express stations), after “1968” insert “and sections 76 and 77 of the Railways Act 1993 ”.

Marginal Citations

M242 1993 c. 43.

Railways Act 1993 (c.43)

17 The Railways Act 1993 has effect subject to the following amendments.

Commencement Information

1484 Sch. 27 para. 17 wholly in force at 1.2.2001, see s. 275(1)(2) and S.I. 2001/57, art. 3(1), Sch. 2 Pt. I (subject to the transitional provision and saving in Sch. 2 Pt. II)

18 In section 7 (licence exemptions), omit subsection (10) (limit on grant of licence exemption by Secretary of State).

Commencement Information

1485 Sch. 27 para. 18 wholly in force at 1.2.2001, see s. 275(1)(2) and S.I. 2001/57, art. 3(1), Sch. 2 Pt. I (subject to the transitional provision and saving in Sch. 2 Pt. II)

19 In section 9 (licence conditions), after subsection (3) insert—
“(3A) Conditions included in a licence by virtue of subsection (1)(a) above may include provision about any matter which is dealt with (whether in the same or a different manner) by an access agreement.”

**Commencement Information**

**1486** Sch. 27 para. 19 wholly in force at 1.2.2001, see s. 275(1)(2) and S.I. 2001/57, art. 3(1), Sch. 2 Pt. I (subject to the transitional provision and saving in Sch. 2 Pt. II)

20 (1) Section 13 (modification references to Competition Commission) is amended as follows.

(2) In subsection (8)(c)(i), for “Director” substitute “ Regulator ”.

(3) In subsection (8A)(a)—

(a) for “and 85” substitute “ , 85 ”, and

(b) after “documents)” insert “ and 93B (false or misleading information) ”.

**Commencement Information**

**1487** Sch. 27 para. 20 wholly in force at 1.2.2001, see s. 275(1) and S.I. 2001/57, art. 3(1), Sch. 2 Pt. I (subject to the transitional provision and saving in Sch. 2 Pt. II)

21 In section 17 (directions requiring facility owners to enter into contracts for use of their railway facilities), after subsection (7) insert—

“(7A) Any reference in this section to obtaining permission to use a railway facility includes, where the facility is track, permission to connect other track to it.”

**Commencement Information**

**1488** Sch. 27 para. 21 wholly in force at 1.2.2001, see s. 275(1)(2) and S.I. 2001/57, art. 3(1), Sch. 2 Pt. I (subject to the transitional provision and saving in Sch. 2 Pt. II)

22 In section 18(9) (access contracts requiring approval of Regulator), after paragraph (a) insert—

“(aa) subsection (7A),”.

**Commencement Information**

**1489** Sch. 27 para. 22 wholly in force at 1.2.2001, see s. 275(1)(2) and S.I. 2001/57, art. 3(1), Sch. 2 Pt. I (subject to the transitional provision and saving in Sch. 2 Pt. II)

23 (1) Section 20 (exemption of railway facilities from sections 17 and 18) is amended as follows.

(2) In subsections (1), (3) and (13), after “above” insert “ and section 22A below ”.

(3) In subsection (2), omit the words following paragraph (b).

(4) In the sidenote, for “and 18” substitute “ , 18 and 22A ”.
### Commencement Information

**Sch. 27 para. 23** wholly in force at 1.2.2001, see s. 275(1)(2) and S.I. 2001/57, art. 3(1), **Sch. 2 Pt. I** (subject to the transitional provision and saving in **Sch. 2 Pt. II**)

### Textual Amendments

**F868** Sch. 27 para. 24(3) repealed (1.12.2006) by Railways Act 2005 (c. 14), s. 60(2), **Sch. 13 Pt. I** (with s. 14(4)(5), Sch. 11 para. 11(2)); S.I. 2006/2911, art. 2, Sch.

**F869** Sch. 27 paras. 25-29 repealed (1.12.2006) by Railways Act 2005 (c. 14), s. 60(2), **Sch. 13 Pt. I** (with s. 14(4)(5), Sch. 11 para. 11(2)); S.I. 2006/2911, art. 2, Sch.
Textual Amendments

**F869** Sch. 27 paras. 25-29 repealed (1.12.2006) by Railways Act 2005 (c. 14), s. 60(2), Sch. 13 Pt. I (with s. 14(4)(5), Sch. 11 para. 11(2)); S.I. 2006/2911, art. 2, Sch.

30 (1) Section 55 (orders for securing compliance) is amended as follows.

**F870**

(2) ..........................................

(3) In subsections (2) and (4), for “subsection (5)” substitute “ subsections (5) to (5B) ”.

(4) In subsection (5)(a), for “or, as the case may be, section 5 above” substitute “ above or, as the case may be, section 207 of the Transport Act 2000 ”.

(5) Omit subsection (12).

Textual Amendments

**F870** Sch. 27 para. 30(2) repealed (24.7.2005) by Railways Act 2005 (c. 14), s. 60(2), Sch. 13 Pt. I (with s. 14(4)(5), Sch. 11 para. 11(2)); S.I. 2005/1909, art. 2, Sch.

Commencement Information

**I491** Sch. 27 para. 30 wholly in force at 1.2.2001, see s. 275(1)(2) and S.I. 2001/57, art. 3(1), Sch. 2 Pt. I (subject to the transitional provision and saving in Sch. 2 Pt. II)

31 In the sidenote for section 56 insert at the end “ for section 55 orders ”.

Commencement Information

**I492** Sch. 27 para. 31 wholly in force at 1.2.2001, see s. 275(1)(2) and S.I. 2001/57, art. 3(1), Sch. 2 Pt. I (subject to the transitional provision and saving in Sch. 2 Pt. II)

32 (1) In section 57 (validity and effect of orders) is amended as follows.

(2) In subsection (2), omit paragraph (b).

(3) After that subsection insert—

“(2A) If such an application is made in relation to a provision of an order requiring the payment of a sum in the event of a contravention and the sum would be payable before the time when the application is determined, it need not be paid until that time.

(2B) Where such an application is so made the court, if satisfied as mentioned in subsection (2) above, may (instead of quashing the order or the provision of the order) make provision under either or both of paragraphs (a) and (b) of subsection (2C) below.

(2C) The provision referred to in subsection (2B) above is—

(a) provision substituting for the sum, or provision for determining a sum, specified in the order such lesser sum, or such other provision for determining a sum, as the court considers appropriate in all the circumstances of the case; and
(b) provision substituting for the date by which the sum is to be paid specified in or determined in accordance with the order such later date as the court considers appropriate in all the circumstances of the case.

(2D) Where the court substitutes a lesser sum, or different provision for determining a sum, it may require the payment of interest on the new sum at such rate, and from such date, as it determines; and where it specifies as the date by which the sum is to be paid a date before the determination of the application it may require the payment of interest on the sum from that date at such rate as it determines.”

(4) In subsection (9), for “section 58” substitute “ sections 57F and 58 ”.

(5) In the sidenote, after “of” insert “ section 55 ”.

Commencement Information

1493 Sch. 27 para. 32 wholly in force at 1.2.2001, see s. 275(1)(2) and S.I. 2001/57, art. 3(1), Sch. 2 Pt. I (subject to the transitional provision and saving in Sch. 2 Pt. II)

33 (1) Section 58 (power to require information) is amended as follows.

(2) In subsection (1)—

(a) for the words from “may be” to “requirement, the” substitute “may have contravened or be contravening—

(a) a relevant condition or requirement, or

(b) a final or provisional order made by the appropriate authority,

the ”, and

(b) after “55” insert “ or 57A ”.

(3) In the sidenote insert at the end “ for purposes of sections 55 and 57A ”.

Commencement Information

1494 Sch. 27 para. 33 wholly in force at 1.2.2001, see s. 275(1)(2) and S.I. 2001/57, art. 3(1), Sch. 2 Pt. I (subject to the transitional provision and saving in Sch. 2 Pt. II)

34 In section 60(5)(c) (effect of petition for railway administration order), after “55” insert “ or 57A ”.

Commencement Information

1495 Sch. 27 para. 34 wholly in force at 1.2.2001, see s. 275(1)(2) and S.I. 2001/57, art. 3(1), Sch. 2 Pt. I (subject to the transitional provision and saving in Sch. 2 Pt. II)
36 (1) Section 72(2) (matters to be entered in register maintained by Regulator) is amended as follows.

(2) In paragraph (a) (provisions about licences), after sub-paragraph (viii) (inserted by Schedule 17) insert—

“(ix) every penalty imposed by the Regulator under section 57A above;

(x) every statement of policy published by the Regulator under that section;”.

(3) In paragraph (b) (provisions about access agreements), after sub-paragraph (v) insert

“(va) every direction under section 22A above;

(vb) every notice given by or to the Regulator or the Competition Commission under Schedule 4A to this Act;”.

37 (1) Section 73(2) (matters to be entered in register by Authority) is amended as follows.

(2) In paragraph (d) (amendments of franchise agreements), insert at the end “ other than any which are not likely to have a material effect on the provision of services under the agreement or on any sums payable under the agreement. ”

(3) After paragraph (e) insert—

“(f) every penalty imposed by the Authority under section 57A above;

(g) every statement of policy published by the Authority under that section;”.

38 In section 80 (furnishing of information to Authority)—

(a) in subsection (1), for the words from the beginning to the end of paragraph (c) substitute “ Licence holders ” and insert at the end “ or the Transport Act 2000 ”, and

(b) omit subsection (6).
39  (1) Section 83 (interpretation) is amended as follows.

(2) For the definition of “appropriate officer” in subsection (1) substitute—

““appropriate authority” has the meaning given by section 55(10) above;”.

(3) After the definition of “station services” in that subsection insert—

““through ticket” means—

(a) a ticket which is valid for a journey which involves use of the

services of more than one passenger service operator; or

(b) a combination of two or more tickets issued at the same time

which are between them valid for such a journey;

and “through ticketing” shall be construed accordingly;”.

40  (1) Section 135 (concessionary travel) is amended as follows.

(2) In subsection (6)(a), for “(5)” substitute “(4) ”.

(3) In subsection (9), for “subsections (4) and (5) above are” substitute “subsection (4)

above is ”.

41  (1) Section 145 (restrictions on disclosure of information) is amended as follows.

(2) After subsection (5) insert—
“(5A) Subsection (1) above does not prevent the transfer of records in accordance with section 3(4) of the Public Records Act 1958.”

Textual Amendments

F874 Sch. 27 para. 41(2) repealed (8.6.2005) by Railways Act 2005 (c. 14), s. 60(2), Sch. 13 Pt. 1 (with s. 14(4)(5), Sch. 11 para. 11(2)); S.I. 2005/1444, art. 2(1), Sch. 1

Commencement Information

I501 Sch. 27 para. 41 wholly in force at 1.2.2001, see s. 275(1)(2) and S.I. 2001/57, art. 3(1), Sch. 2 Pt. I (subject to the transitional provision and saving in Sch. 2 Pt. II)

Marginal Citations

M243 1958 c. 51.

42 (1) Section 150(1) (Crown application) is amended as follows.

(2) In paragraph (a), for “22” substitute “ 22C ”.

(3) In paragraph (b), for “55 to 58, except sections 55(8) and 58(4) and (5);” substitute “ 55(1) to (7) and (9) to (11), sections 56 and 57 and section 58(1) to (3), (6) and (7); ”.

Commencement Information

I502 Sch. 27 para. 42 wholly in force at 1.2.2001, see s. 275(1)(2) and S.I. 2001/57, art. 3(1), Sch. 2 Pt. I (subject to the transitional provision and saving in Sch. 2 Pt. II)

Textual Amendments

F875 Sch. 27 para. 43 repealed (1.12.2006) by Railways Act 2005 (c. 14), s. 60(2), Sch. 13 Pt. 1 (with s. 14(4)(5), Sch. 11 para. 11(2)); S.I. 2006/2911, art. 2, Sch.

44 (1) Section 154(3) (extent) is amended as follows.

(2) For paragraph (a) substitute—

“(a) section 36(1), (4) and (5);”.

(3) For paragraph (c) substitute—

“(c) sections 124 and 129(3);”.

Commencement Information

I503 Sch. 27 para. 44 wholly in force at 1.2.2001, see s. 275(1)(2) and S.I. 2001/57, art. 3(1), Sch. 2 Pt. I (subject to the transitional provision and saving in Sch. 2 Pt. II)
SCHEDULE 27 – Minor and consequential amendments about railways

Status: This version of this Act contains provisions that are prospective.

Changes to legislation: Transport Act 2000 is up to date with all changes known to be in force on or before 11 October 2019. There are changes that may be brought into force at a future date. Changes that have been made appear in the content and are referenced with annotations. (See end of Document for details) View outstanding changes

Textual Amendments

F876 Sch. 27 para. 45 repealed (5.7.2004) by Railways and Transport Safety Act 2003 (c. 20), Sch. 8; S.I. 2004/827, art. 4(i)

46

F877 Sch. 27 para. 46 repealed (1.12.2006) by Railways Act 2005 (c. 14), s. 60(2), Sch. 13 Pt. 1 (with s. 14(4)(5), Sch. 11 para. 11(2)); S.I. 2006/2911, art. 2, Sch.

47

Textual Amendments

F878 Sch. 27 para. 47 repealed (1.12.2006) by Railways Act 2005 (c. 14), s. 60(2), Sch. 13 Pt. 1 (with s. 14(4)(5), Sch. 11 para. 11(2)); S.I. 2006/2911, art. 2, Sch.

48 In paragraph 2 of Schedule 6 (effect of administration order), after “55” insert “ or 57A ”.

Commencement Information

I504 Sch. 27 para. 48 wholly in force at 1.2.2001, see s. 275(1)(2) and S.I. 2001/57, art. 3(1), Sch. 2 Pt. I (subject to the transitional provision and saving in Sch. 2 Pt. II)

49 (1) Schedule 11 (pensions) is amended as follows.

(2) In paragraph 1(1) (interpretation), in paragraph (a) of the definition of “eligible persons”—

(a) after “of the Board,” insert—

“(ia) the Authority or any subsidiary of the Authority,”,

and

(b) for “franchise company” substitute “ body corporate which is, or is to be, the franchisee or the franchise operator under a franchise agreement ”.

(3) In paragraphs 3(4) and 4(5), for “after consultation with” substitute “ with the consent of ”.

(4) In paragraph 10(15), for “Board” (in both places) substitute “ Authority ”.

(5) In paragraph 11(10), in the definition of “relevant employer” insert at the end—

“(d) the Authority; or

(e) a wholly owned subsidiary of the Authority.”

Commencement Information

I505 Sch. 27 para. 49 wholly in force at 1.2.2001, see s. 275(1)(2) and S.I. 2001/57, art. 3(1), Sch. 2 Pt. I (subject to the transitional provision and saving in Sch. 2 Pt. II)
Transport Act 2000 (c. 38)

SCHEDULE 27 – Minor and consequential amendments about railways

Document Generated: 2019-10-11

Status: This version of this Act contains provisions that are prospective.

Changes to legislation: Transport Act 2000 is up to date with all changes known to be in force on or before 11 October 2019. There are changes that may be brought into force at a future date. Changes that have been made appear in the content and are referenced with annotations. (See end of Document for details) View outstanding changes

Finance Act 1994 (c.9)

50 (1) Schedule 24 to the Finance Act 1994 is amended as follows.

(2) In paragraph 15(11) (trading losses), after paragraph (b) insert—
   “(ba) a wholly owned subsidiary of the Strategic Rail Authority;”.

(3) In paragraph 19(5) (leased assets: special cases), after paragraph (b) insert—
   “(ba) the Strategic Rail Authority,
   (bb) a wholly owned subsidiary of the Strategic Rail Authority,”.

Railway Heritage Act 1996 (c.42)

51 The Railway Heritage Act 1996 has effect subject to the following amendments.

Commencement Information

1506 Sch. 27 para. 51 wholly in force at 1.2.2001, see s. 275(1)(2) and S.I. 2001/57, art. 3(1), Sch. 2 Pt. I (subject to the transitional provision and saving in Sch. 2 Pt. II)

52 In section 2 (establishment of committee), for “Board” (in each place) substitute “Authority”.

Commencement Information

1507 Sch. 27 para. 52 wholly in force at 1.2.2001, see s. 275(1)(2) and S.I. 2001/57, art. 3(1), Sch. 2 Pt. I (subject to the transitional provision and saving in Sch. 2 Pt. II)

53 In section 4(6)(b) (notice of proposed disposal), for “Part II of the Railways Act 1993” substitute “the Transport Act 2000”.

Commencement Information

1508 Sch. 27 para. 53 wholly in force at 1.2.2001, see s. 275(1)(2) and S.I. 2001/57, art. 3(1), Sch. 2 Pt. I (subject to the transitional provision and saving in Sch. 2 Pt. II)

Channel Tunnel Rail Link Act 1996 (c.61)

54 The Channel Tunnel Rail Link Act 1996 has effect subject to the following amendments.

Commencement Information

1509 Sch. 27 para. 54 wholly in force at 1.2.2001, see s. 275(1)(2) and S.I. 2001/57, art. 3(1), Sch. 2 Pt. I (subject to the transitional provision and saving in Sch. 2 Pt. II)
(1) Paragraph 7 of Schedule 9 (application of offence provisions) is amended as follows.

(2) In sub-paragraphs (2) and (3), for “the British Railways Board” substitute “a successor of the British Railways Board”.

(3) At the end insert—

“(4) In this paragraph “successor of the British Railways Board” has the same meaning as in the Railways Act 1993 (Consequential Modifications) (No.2) Order 1999.”

In section 209(1) (amendments about the Croydon Tramlink), for “(9)” substitute “(10)”.
Status: This version of this Act contains provisions that are prospective.

Changes to legislation: Transport Act 2000 is up to date with all changes known to be in force on or before 11 October 2019. There are changes that may be brought into force at a future date. Changes that have been made appear in the content and are referenced with annotations. (See end of Document for details) View outstanding changes

Textual Amendments

F881 Sch. 27 para. 60 repealed (1.12.2006) by Railways Act 2005 (c. 14), s. 60(2), Sch. 13 Pt. 1 (with s. 14(4)(5), Sch. 11 para. 11(2)); S.I. 2006/2911, art. 2, Sch.

F882 Sch. 27 para. 61 repealed (1.12.2006) by Railways Act 2005 (c. 14), s. 60(2), Sch. 13 Pt. 1 (with s. 14(4)(5), Sch. 11 para. 11(2)); S.I. 2006/2911, art. 2, Sch.

62 (1) Schedule 18 (London Transport Users’ Committee) is amended as follows.

(2) In paragraph 1, after “chairman” insert “ and other members ” and, in the heading preceding that paragraph, after “Chairman” insert “ and other members ”.

(3) In paragraph 2, for “above,” substitute “ above as chairman, ”.

(4) In paragraph 3, after “chairman” insert “ or another member ”.

F883 (5) . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . .

F883 (6) . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . .

(7) Omit paragraph 17.

Textual Amendments

F883 Sch. 27 para. 62(5)(6) repealed (1.12.2006) by Railways Act 2005 (c. 14), s. 60(2), Sch. 13 Pt. 1 (with s. 14(4)(5), Sch. 11 para. 11(2)); S.I. 2006/2911, art. 2, Sch.

Commencement Information

I513 Sch. 27 para. 62 wholly in force at 1.2.2001, see s. 275(1)(2) and S.I. 2001/57, art. 3(1), Sch. 2 Pt. I (subject to the transitional provision and saving in Sch. 2 Pt. II)


63 In article 3(1) of the Railways Act 1993 (Consequential Modifications) (No.2) Order 1999 (amendment of British Transport Commission Act 1949), for “include” substitute “ have effect as ”.

Commencement Information

I514 Sch. 27 para. 63 wholly in force at 1.2.2001, see s. 275(1)(2) and S.I. 2001/57, art. 3(1), Sch. 2 Pt. I (subject to the transitional provision and saving in Sch. 2 Pt. II)

Marginal Citations

SCHEDULE 28

TRANSITIONALS AND SAVINGS ABOUT RAILWAYS

First appointments to Authority

Textual Amendments

| F884 | Sch. 28 para. 1 repealed (1.12.2006) by Railways Act 2005 (c. 14), s. 60(2), Sch. 13 Pt. 1 (with s. 14(4)(5), Sch. 11 para. 11(2)); S.I. 2006/2911, art. 2, Sch. |

Consumer protection conditions

2 (1) The Secretary of State may make in relation to a licence or licence exemption granted before the coming into force of Part I of Schedule 17 a scheme making such provision as appears to him to be appropriate in consequence of the amendments made by that Part of that Schedule.

(2) The scheme may include modifications of—

(a) the licence or licence exemption, and

(b) any agreements or other arrangements or other documents relating to the person (or any of the persons) to whom it was granted,

(in particular so that references to the Regulator have effect as references to the Authority).

(3) The scheme may include provision for things done by the Regulator before the time when the scheme comes into force to be treated after that time as if done by the Authority.

(4) Before making a scheme under this paragraph the Secretary of State must consult—

(a) the Authority,

(b) the Regulator,

(c) the person or persons to whom the licence or licence exemption was granted, and

(d) any such other persons as the Secretary of State considers appropriate.

(5) The amendments made by Part I of Schedule 17 apply in relation to any licence or licence exemption granted before the coming into force of that Part of that Schedule only from the coming into force of a scheme made under this paragraph in relation to the licence or licence exemption.

Franchising

3 (1) Any services which, immediately before the coming into force of section 212, are being provided under a franchise agreement shall be treated as having been designated under subsection (1) of section 23 of the Railways Act 1993 (as amended by subsection (1) of section 212) on the coming into force of section 212.

(2) The designation treated as made by sub-paragraph (1) may be varied or revoked as provided by subsection (2A) of section 23 (as inserted by subsection (2) of...
section 212) but is not required to be published by subsection (2B) of section 23 (as so inserted).

**Marginal Citations**

M246 1993 c. 43.

**Textual Amendments**

F885 Sch. 28 para. 4 repealed (16.10.2005) by Railways Act 2005 (c. 14), s. 60(2), Sch. 13 Pt. 1 (with s. 14(4)(5), Sch. 11 para. 11(2)); S.I. 2005/2812, art. 2(1), Sch. 1

**Bye-laws**

5 (1) The repeal of section 67 of the M247 Transport Act 1962 does not affect that section, or any provision of that section, as applied by any other enactment.

(2) Any bye-laws made (or having effect as if made) under—

(a) section 67 of the M248 Transport Act 1962, or

(b) section 129 of the M249 Railways Act 1993,

which are in force immediately before the coming into force of the repeals of those sections shall continue in force.

**Textual Amendments**

F886 Words in Sch. 28 para. 5(2) repealed (24.7.2005) by Railways Act 2005 (c. 14), s. 60(2), Sch. 13 Pt. 1 (with s. 14(4)(5), Sch. 11 para. 11(2)); S.I. 2005/1909, art. 2, Sch.

**Penalties**

F887 Sch. 28 para. 6 repealed (1.12.2006) by Railways Act 2005 (c. 14), s. 60(2), Sch. 13 Pt. 1 (with s. 14(4)(5), Sch. 11 para. 11(2)); S.I. 2006/2911, art. 2, Sch.

(1) The fact that no order has been made under section 57A(3) of the M250 Railways Act 1993 does not affect the validity of any determination of the amount of a penalty under section 57A.
(2) The fact that no order has been made under section 55(7B) of the \textit{Railways Act 1993} \textsuperscript{F889} does not affect the validity of any determination of the amount of any sum payable in accordance with a final or provisional order.

\textbf{Textual Amendments}

\textsuperscript{F888} Words in Sch. 28 para. 7(1) repealed (1.12.2006) by Railways Act 2005 (c. 14), \textit{Sch. 13 Pt. 1} (with s. 14(4)(5), Sch. 11 para. 11(2)); S.I. 2006/2911, art. 2, Sch.

\textsuperscript{F889} Words in Sch. 28 para. 7(2) repealed (1.12.2006) by Railways Act 2005 (c. 14), \textit{Sch. 13 Pt. 1} (with s. 14(4)(5), Sch. 11 para. 11(2)); S.I. 2006/2911, art. 2, Sch.

\textbf{Marginal Citations}

M250 1993 c. 43.

M251 1993 c. 43.

\textsuperscript{F890} Sch. 28 para. 8 repealed (1.12.2006) by Railways Act 2005 (c. 14), \textit{Sch. 13 Pt. 1} (with s. 14(4)(5), Sch. 11 para. 11(2)); S.I. 2006/2911, art. 2, Sch.

\textbf{Compliance orders}

\textsuperscript{F891} Sch. 28 para. 9 repealed (1.12.2006) by Railways Act 2005 (c. 14), \textit{Sch. 13 Pt. 1} (with s. 14(4)(5), Sch. 11 para. 11(2)); S.I. 2006/2911, art. 2, Sch.

\textbf{Section 56 of the Transport Act 1962}

Where provision is made for subsections (4) to (6) of section 56 of the \textit{Transport Act 1962} (functions of \textsuperscript{F892}Passengers’ Council and \textsuperscript{F893}London Transport Users’ Committee) to apply in relation to any services or any facilities connected with any services—

(a) \textsuperscript{F894}section 76 of the \textit{Railways Act 1993} shall not apply in relation to them unless the services are being provided under a franchise agreement, but

(b) \textsuperscript{F895}that subsection] shall not apply in relation to them if the services are being so provided.

\textbf{Textual Amendments}

\textsuperscript{F892} Words in Sch. 28 para. 10 substituted (E.W.S.) (25.2.2010) by \textit{The Passengers’ Council (Non-Railway Functions) Order 2010} (S.I. 2010/439), art. 1, \textbf{Sch. para. 8(4)}
Review of access charges

Textual Amendments

F893 Words in Sch. 28 para. 10 substituted (24.7.2005) by Railways Act 2005 (c. 14), s. 60(2), Sch. 12 para. 17(9)(a); S.I. 2005/1909, art. 2, Sch.

F894 Words in Sch. 28 para. 10(a) substituted (24.7.2005) by Railways Act 2005 (c. 14), s. 60(2), Sch. 12 para. 17(9)(b); S.I. 2005/1909, art. 2, Sch.

F895 Words in Sch. 28 para. 10(b) substituted (24.7.2005) by Railways Act 2005 (c. 14), s. 60(2), Sch. 12 para. 17(9)(c); S.I. 2005/1909, art. 2, Sch.

Marginal Citations

M252 1962 c. 46.
M253 1993 c. 43.

Closures

Textual Amendments

F896 Sch. 28 paras. 11-16 repealed (26.6.2005 for the repeal of Sch. 28 para. 15, 24.7.2005 for the repeal of Sch. 28 para. 14, 1.12.2006 except for the repeal of Sch. 28 para. 11, 29.1.2007 in so far as not already in force) by Railways Act 2005 (c. 14), s. 60(2), Sch. 13 Pt. 1 (with s. 14(4)(5), Sch. 11 para. 11(2)); S.I. 2005/1444, art. 2(2), Sch. 2; S.I. 2005/1909, art. 2, Sch.; S.I. 2006/2911, art. 2, Sch.; S.I. 2007/62, art. 2(e)

Register

F896 Sch. 28 paras. 11-16 repealed (26.6.2005 for the repeal of Sch. 28 para. 15, 24.7.2005 for the repeal of Sch. 28 para. 14, 1.12.2006 except for the repeal of Sch. 28 para. 11, 29.1.2007 in so far as not already in force) by Railways Act 2005 (c. 14), s. 60(2), Sch. 13 Pt. 1 (with s. 14(4)(5), Sch. 11 para. 11(2)); S.I. 2005/1444, art. 2(2), Sch. 2; S.I. 2005/1909, art. 2, Sch.; S.I. 2006/2911, art. 2, Sch.; S.I. 2007/62, art. 2(e)
SCHEDULE 29 – Driver training and driving instructors: minor and consequential amendments

Status: This version of this Act contains provisions that are prospective.

Changes to legislation: Transport Act 2000 is up to date with all changes known to be in force on or before 11 October 2019. There are changes that may be brought into force at a future date. Changes that have been made appear in the content and are referenced with annotations. (See end of Document for details) View outstanding changes

Textual Amendments

F896 Sch. 28 paras. 11-16 repealed (26.6.2005 for the repeal of Sch. 28 para. 15, 24.7.2005 for the repeal of Sch. 28 para. 14, 1.12.2006 except for the repeal of Sch. 28 para. 11, 29.1.2007 in so far as not already in force) by Railways Act 2005 (c. 14), s. 60(2), Sch. 13 Pt. 1 (with s. 14(4)(5), Sch. 11 para. 11(2)); S.I. 2005/1444, art. 2(2), Sch. 2; S.I. 2005/1909, art. 2, Sch.; S.I. 2006/2911, art. 2, Sch.; S.I. 2007/62, art. 2(e)

Code for protection of disabled rail users

F896 15 ......................................................

Textual Amendments

F896 Sch. 28 paras. 11-16 repealed (26.6.2005 for the repeal of Sch. 28 para. 15, 24.7.2005 for the repeal of Sch. 28 para. 14, 1.12.2006 except for the repeal of Sch. 28 para. 11, 29.1.2007 in so far as not already in force) by Railways Act 2005 (c. 14), s. 60(2), Sch. 13 Pt. 1 (with s. 14(4)(5), Sch. 11 para. 11(2)); S.I. 2005/1444, art. 2(2), Sch. 2; S.I. 2005/1909, art. 2, Sch.; S.I. 2006/2911, art. 2, Sch.; S.I. 2007/62, art. 2(e)

Penalty fares

F896 16 ......................................................

Textual Amendments

F896 Sch. 28 paras. 11-16 repealed (26.6.2005 for the repeal of Sch. 28 para. 15, 24.7.2005 for the repeal of Sch. 28 para. 14, 1.12.2006 except for the repeal of Sch. 28 para. 11, 29.1.2007 in so far as not already in force) by Railways Act 2005 (c. 14), s. 60(2), Sch. 13 Pt. 1 (with s. 14(4)(5), Sch. 11 para. 11(2)); S.I. 2005/1444, art. 2(2), Sch. 2; S.I. 2005/1909, art. 2, Sch.; S.I. 2006/2911, art. 2, Sch.; S.I. 2007/62, art. 2(e)

Supplementary

17 (1) Nothing in this Schedule limits section 276.

(2) Nothing in this Schedule limits the operation of sections 16 and 17 of the Interpretation Act 1978 (effect of repeals).

Marginal Citations

M254 1978 c. 30.

SCHEDULE 29

Section 260.

DRIVER TRAINING AND DRIVING INSTRUCTORS: MINOR AND CONSEQUENTIAL AMENDMENTS

Introductory

1 The Road Traffic Act 1988 has effect subject to the following amendments.
### Consequential amendments about driver training

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>2</th>
<th>In section 89(6) (vehicles which may be driven by virtue of licence authorised by passing of test), for “For” substitute “Subject to regulations under section 99ZA of this Act, for “.</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>3</td>
<td>In section 97(1) (grant of licences), for “the following provisions of this section and section 92 of this Act” substitute “subsection (2) below, section 92 of this Act and regulations under section 99ZA of this Act “.</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>4</td>
<td>In section 98(2) (effect of full licence), after “below” insert “ and to regulations under section 99ZA of this Act “.</td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>
| 5 | (1) Section 164 (power of constables to require production of evidence) is amended as follows.  
(2) For subsection (4A) substitute—  
“(4A) If regulations make provision for the evidencing of the successful completion of driver training courses or of a person’s being within the exemption specified in subsection (2), or any exemption provided by virtue of subsection (3), of section 99ZA of this Act, a person driving on a road a motor vehicle which he—  
(a) is not authorised so to drive without having successfully completed such a course, or  
(b) would not be authorised so to drive apart from the exemption, may be required by a constable to produce prescribed evidence of the successful completion by him of such a course or of his being within the exemption.”  
(3) In subsection (6), for “his certificate of completion of a training course for motor cyclists” substitute “ prescribed evidence of the successful completion by him of a driver training course or of his being within an exemption “. |
(4) In subsection (8A), for “a certificate of completion of a training course for motor cyclists” substitute “ prescribed evidence of the successful completion of a driver training course or of being within an exemption ”.

(5) In subsection (11), for the words from ““counterpart,” to “completion”” substitute ““counterpart” and “provisional licence””.

6 In section 194 (index of expressions) insert at the appropriate place—

“Driver training course Section 99ZA”.

Tests of continued ability and fitness to give driving instruction

7 In section 125(5) (continuing registration conditional on undergoing tests of continued ability and fitness to give instruction), for the words from “undergo” to the end substitute “ submit himself for such test of continued ability and fitness to give instruction in the driving of motor cars (which may consist of practical and other means of assessment) as may be prescribed by regulations.”

8 In section 125B(6)(b) (similar provision in relation to disabled instructors), after “cars” insert “ (which may consist of practical and other means of assessment) ”.

9 (1) Section 132 (regulations about examinations and tests) is amended as follows.

(2) In subsection (1), for “such instruction” substitute “ instruction in the driving of motor cars (or appropriate motor cars) ”.

(3) In subsection (2)—

(a) in paragraph (a) (obligation to provide vehicle)—

(i) for “to any” substitute “ for any ”,

(ii) for “such a test of continued ability and fitness” substitute “ any part of such a test of continued ability and fitness which consists of practical assessment ”, and

(iii) for “the test” substitute “ the practical test or assessment ”,

(b) in paragraph (b) (fees)—

(i) after “examination” insert “ , or required to submit himself for such a test, ”, and

(ii) after “that part” insert “ or such tests, ”, and

(c) in paragraph (c) (particulars), after “examination” insert “ , or is required to submit himself for such a test ”.

Disabled instructors: emergency control assessments

10 In section 133A (assessments of disabled person’s ability to control a motor car in an emergency), after subsection (4) insert—

“(4A) Regulations may require a person who applies to undergo an emergency control assessment (or a part of such an assessment), or is required to submit himself for such an assessment, to pay a fee to the Secretary of State.”

Review by magistrates’ court of examinations of instructors

11 (1) Section 133 (review of examinations) is amended as follows.
Transport Act 2000 (c. 38)

SCHEDULE 30 – Detention of vehicles used without operator’s licence

Document Generated: 2019-10-11

Status: This version of this Act contains provisions that are prospective.

Changes to legislation: Transport Act 2000 is up to date with all changes known to be in force on or before 11 October 2019. There are changes that may be brought into force at a future date. Changes that have been made appear in the content and are referenced with annotations. (See end of Document for details) View outstanding changes

(2) In subsection (1) (application to magistrates’ court)—
   (a) for “submitted himself for any part of an examination of ability to give instruction in the driving of motor cars” substitute “undergone a relevant examination, or a part of such an examination “, and
   (b) for “that part of the examination was properly conducted in accordance with regulations” substitute “the examination or part was properly conducted “.

(3) In subsection (2) (order for repayment of fees etc.)—
   (a) for “that part of the examination was not so” substitute “the examination or part was not properly “, and
   (b) for “that part” substitute “the examination or part “.

(4) After subsection (3) insert—
   “(4) In this section “a relevant examination” means—
   (a) an examination of ability to give instruction in the driving of motor cars,
   (b) a test of continued ability and fitness to give instruction in the driving of motor cars (or appropriate motor cars), or
   (c) an emergency control assessment.”

Respondent in appeals about instructors

12 In section 131 (appeals against decisions of registrar), insert at the end—
   “(4G) On an appeal under this section the respondent is the Registrar.”

SCHEDULE 30

DETENTION OF VEHICLES USED WITHOUT OPERATOR’S LICENCE

Commencement Information

Sch. 30 wholly in force at 1.2.2001, see s. 275(1)(2) and S.I. 2001/57, art. 3(1), Sch. 2 Pt. I (subject to the transitional provision and saving in Sch. 2 Pt. II)

The Schedule to be inserted after Schedule 1 to the Goods Vehicles ( Licensing of Operators) Act 1995 is as follows—

“SCHEDULE 1A

DETENTION OF VEHICLES USED WITHOUT OPERATOR’S LICENCE

Interpretation

1 (1) In this Schedule—
   “authorised person” means—
   (a) an examiner appointed by the Secretary of State under section 66A of the Road Traffic Act 1988, or
(b) a person acting under the direction of such an examiner;

“contents”, in relation to a goods vehicle, means any goods carried by that vehicle;

“immobilisation device” means any device or appliance which is an immobilisation device for the purposes of section 104 of the Road Traffic Regulation Act 1984.

(2) Regulations may, for the purposes of regulations made by virtue of this Schedule, make provision as to the meaning of “owner” as regards a goods vehicle.

(3) Regulations made by virtue of sub-paragraph (2) may, in particular, provide that the owner of a motor vehicle at a particular time shall be taken to be—

(a) any person in whose name it is then registered by virtue of the Vehicle Excise and Registration Act 1994, or

(b) any person in whose operator’s licence it is then specified.

Detention of property

2 (1) Regulations may provide that where an authorised person has reason to believe that a goods vehicle is being, or has been, used on a road in contravention of section 2, he may detain the vehicle and its contents.

(2) Regulations made by virtue of sub-paragraph (1) may not authorise a person other than a constable in uniform to stop a vehicle on any road.

3 Regulations may make provision with respect to property detained by virtue of paragraph 2.

Immobilisation and removal

4 (1) Regulations may provide that an authorised person may, before a goods vehicle is removed by virtue of paragraph 6—

(a) fix an immobilisation device to the vehicle in the place where the vehicle has been detained, or

(b) move the vehicle, or require it to be moved, to a more convenient place and fix an immobilisation device to the vehicle in that other place.

(2) Regulations may also provide—

(a) that, on any occasion when an immobilisation device is fixed to a vehicle, the person fixing the device shall also fix to the vehicle a notice indicating that the device has been fixed to the vehicle and warning that no attempt should be made to drive it or otherwise put it in motion and giving such other information as may be prescribed,

(b) that a vehicle to which an immobilisation device has been fixed may only be released from the device by or under the direction of an authorised person, and

(c) that an immobilisation notice shall not be removed or interfered with except by or on the authority of an authorised person.

5 (1) Regulations may provide that a person who, without being authorised to do so in accordance with paragraph 4(2)(b), removes or attempts to remove an immobilisation device fixed to a goods vehicle under regulations made by virtue of paragraph 4(1) is guilty of an offence and liable on summary conviction to a fine not exceeding level 3 on the standard scale.
(2) Regulations may provide that a person who removes or interferes with an immobilisation notice in contravention of regulations made by virtue of paragraph 4(2) (c) is guilty of an offence and liable on summary conviction to a fine not exceeding level 2 on the standard scale.

6 (1) Regulations may make provision for an authorised person to direct that any property detained by virtue of paragraph 2 be removed and delivered into the custody of a person specified in the direction.

(2) Regulations may provide that a person may be specified in a direction only if—
   (a) he is a person identified in accordance with prescribed rules, and
   (b) he has made arrangements with the Secretary of State and agreed to accept delivery of the property in accordance with those arrangements;
   and the arrangements may include the payment of a sum to a person into whose custody any property is delivered.

(3) Regulations may also provide that, where an authorised person has given a direction by virtue of sub-paragraph (1) in respect of a goods vehicle, he may allow the driver of the vehicle to deliver its contents to their destination or some other suitable place before delivering the vehicle into the custody of the person specified in the direction.

7 (1) Regulations may make provision for informing persons who may be entitled to the property that it has been detained.

(2) Provision made by virtue of sub-paragraph (1) may, in particular, include provision requiring—
   (a) the publication by an authorised person of such notices as may be prescribed, and
   (b) the giving of notice by an authorised person to such persons as may be prescribed.

Return or disposal of vehicle

8 Regulations may make provision for a goods vehicle detained by virtue of paragraph 2 to be returned to the owner.

9 (1) Regulations shall make provision enabling the owner of a goods vehicle detained by virtue of paragraph 2 to apply to the traffic commissioner for the area in which the vehicle was detained for the return of the vehicle.

(2) Regulations may, in particular—
   (a) require notice of an application to be given to the traffic commissioner within such period as may be determined in accordance with the regulations, and
   (b) require notice of an application to be made in such form as may be prescribed.

(3) Regulations shall make provision as to the grounds upon which the owner may apply for the return of the vehicle.

(4) Those grounds may include the following grounds—
   (a) that at the time the vehicle was detained the person using the vehicle held an operator’s licence (whether or not authorising the use of the vehicle),
   (b) that at the time the vehicle was detained the vehicle was not being, and had not been, used in contravention of section 2, or
(c) that, although at the time the vehicle was detained it was being, or had been, used in contravention of section 2, the owner did not know that it was being, or had been, so used.

10 (1) Regulations shall make provision—
   (a) enabling the traffic commissioner to hold a hearing before determining an application by virtue of paragraph 9,
   (b) requiring him to hold a hearing if requested by a person who claims to be the owner,
   (c) as to the time within which the hearing must be held, and
   (d) subject to such provision as may be made by the regulations, for the hearing to be held in public.

(2) Regulations shall also provide that, if no hearing is held, the traffic commissioner must determine the application within a prescribed time after receiving notice of the application.

(3) Regulations shall provide that—
   (a) if the traffic commissioner determines that one of the grounds prescribed by virtue of paragraph 9(3) is made out, he must order the person specified in a direction by virtue of paragraph 6(1) to return the goods vehicle to the owner;
   (b) if the traffic commissioner determines that none of those grounds is made out, the vehicle may be sold or destroyed by the person specified, in such manner as may be prescribed.

11 (1) Regulations shall provide for an appeal to the Transport Tribunal against the determination of the traffic commissioner.

(2) Regulations—
   (a) may prescribe the period within which an appeal must be made, and
   (b) may make provision for notice of the appeal to be given to the Transport Tribunal, the traffic commissioner and such other persons as may be prescribed.

12 Regulations may provide that, if no application is made to the traffic commissioner in accordance with regulations made by virtue of paragraph 9, any goods vehicle detained by virtue of paragraph 2 may be sold or destroyed in such manner as may be prescribed.

Return or disposal of contents of vehicle

13 (1) Regulations may provide that the person specified in a direction by virtue of paragraph 6(1) may retain custody of the contents of a goods vehicle until—
   (a) the contents are returned, in accordance with the regulations, to a person who establishes that he is entitled to them, or
   (b) the contents are sold or destroyed by the person specified in such manner as may be prescribed.

(2) Regulations may also make provision as to—
   (a) the period within which a person who claims to be entitled to the contents may make a claim for their return,
   (b) the requirements to be satisfied by a person who claims to be entitled to the contents (including requirements as to his entitlement), and
   (c) the manner in which entitlement to such contents is to be determined where there is more than one claim to them.
(3) The person specified in a direction by virtue of paragraph 6(1) may not sell or destroy the contents unless—
   (a) such steps as may be required by regulations made by virtue of paragraph 7(1) have been taken and no person has, before the expiry of the period referred to in sub-paragraph (2)(a), established an entitlement to the contents, or
   (b) the condition of the contents requires them to be disposed of without delay.

Custody of property

14 Regulations shall provide that, subject to the powers of a person specified in a direction by virtue of paragraph 6(1) to sell or destroy any property by virtue of this Schedule, it shall be the duty of that person while any property is in his custody to take such steps as are necessary for the safe custody of that property.

Proceeds of sale

15 (1) Regulations shall provide for the proceeds of sale of any property sold under regulations made by virtue of paragraph 10(3)(b), 12 or 13(1)(b)—
   (a) to be applied towards meeting expenses incurred by any authorised person in exercising his functions by virtue of this Schedule, and
   (b) in so far as they are not so applied, to be applied in such other manner as may be prescribed.

(2) Regulations may in particular provide for a sum determined in accordance with the regulations to be paid to a person if—
   (a) he claims after the sale of property under regulations made by virtue of paragraph 10(3)(b), 12 or 13(1)(b) to be or to have been its owner,
   (b) the claim is made within a prescribed time of the sale, and
   (c) any other prescribed conditions are fulfilled.

Disputes

16 (1) Regulations may make provision about the proceedings to be followed where a dispute occurs as a result of regulations made by virtue of paragraph 13 or 15.

(2) Provision made by virtue of sub-paragraph (1) may in particular provide—
   (a) for an application to be made to a magistrates’ court or (in the case of an application made in Scotland) the sheriff;
   (b) for a court or the sheriff to order a sum to be paid by the Secretary of State.

(3) Any application made to the sheriff in accordance with regulations made by virtue of sub-paragraph (2)(a) shall be made by way of summary application.

Obstruction of authorised person

17 Regulations may provide that a person who intentionally obstructs an authorised person in the exercise of his powers under regulations made by virtue of paragraph 2 or 6 is guilty of an offence and liable on summary conviction to a fine not exceeding level 3 on the standard scale.
Offences as to securing possession of property

18 (1) Regulations may provide that where—
   (a) a person makes a declaration with a view to securing the return of a goods vehicle under regulations made by virtue of paragraph 10,
   (b) the declaration is that the vehicle was not being, or had not been, used in contravention of section 2, and
   (c) the declaration is to the person’s knowledge either false or in any material respect misleading,
   he is guilty of an offence.

(2) Regulations may provide that a person guilty of such an offence is liable—
   (a) on summary conviction, to a fine not exceeding the statutory maximum, and
   (b) on conviction on indictment, to imprisonment for a term not exceeding two years or to a fine or to both.”
The repeal of section 3(2) of the Civil Aviation (Eurocontrol) Act 1983 does not affect the operation of the words in it from “and that subsection” onwards in relation to any time before the coming into force of the repeal.

### (3) Hostilities etc

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Chapter</th>
<th>Short title</th>
<th>Extent of repeal</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>1982 c. 16.</td>
<td>Civil Aviation Act 1982.</td>
<td>In section 6, in subsections (1) and (2), the words from “and in so far” to the end. Sections 62 and 63.</td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>

### (4) Land

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Chapter</th>
<th>Short title</th>
<th>Extent of repeal</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>1982 c. 16.</td>
<td>Civil Aviation Act 1982.</td>
<td>In section 43(1) the word “or” after paragraph (a).</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td></td>
<td></td>
<td>In section 44, in subsection (6) the word “and” after paragraph (a) and in subsection (12) the word “and” after paragraph (b).</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td></td>
<td></td>
<td>In section 46(10) the word “and” after paragraph (c).</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td></td>
<td></td>
<td>In section 55(7), in paragraph (a) the word “and” after sub-paragraph (i).</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td></td>
<td></td>
<td>In Schedule 7, in paragraph 5(2) the word “and” after paragraph (a).</td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>

### (5) Miscellaneous

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Chapter</th>
<th>Short title</th>
<th>Extent of repeal</th>
</tr>
</thead>
</table>
| 1982 c. 16.      | Civil Aviation Act 1982.              | In section 21(2)(a) the words “; 63(3) or 72(2)”.

In Schedule 4, in paragraph 1(5) the definition of “record”.

In Schedule 13, in Part II the entry relating to section 73.
### PART II

**LOCAL TRANSPORT**

#### Commencement Information

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Reference</th>
<th>Short title or title</th>
<th>Extent of repeal or revocation</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>1968 c. 73.</td>
<td>Transport Act 1968.</td>
<td>Section 9A(1) and (2). Section 9B. Section 33.</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>1983 c. 10.</td>
<td>Transport Act 1983.</td>
<td>In section 2— in subsection (3), the words “in a plan prepared by them under section 3 below” and the words “under section 4 below”, and in subsection (4), the words between “functions” and “shall”. Sections 3 to 5. Section 6(1), (2), (5) and (6). In section 10— in subsection (1), paragraphs (b) and (c) and, in the words following those paragraphs, the words “to (c)”, and</td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>
subsection (3).

1985 c. 51.  Local Government Act 1985. In Schedule 12, in paragraph 5, sub-paragraphs (3) and (4) and, in sub-paragraph (5), the words from “except that” to the end.

1985 c. 67.  Transport Act 1985. In section 7(4), the word “or” at the end of paragraph (a).

Section 58(3).

In section 63—

in subsection (1), paragraph (b) and the word “and” before it, and

in subsection (3), the words “(1)(b) or” and the words “(1)(a) or”, in paragraph (a), the words “as a local education authority or (as the case may be)” and, in paragraph (b), the words “social services or (as the case may be)”.

In section 64—

in subsection (1), the words following paragraph (b), and

in subsection (2), the words “under section 63(1)(a) or (as the case may be)”.

Section 89(3).

In section 94(4), paragraph (a) and in paragraph (b) the words “after that time.”.

Section 102.

In section 104(2), the word “or” at the end of paragraph (a).

In section 108(1), the words “Wales or”.

Section 109.

Section 110.

Section 111.

Section 112(2).

In Schedule 3, paragraph 31.
### Schedule 31 – Repeals and revocations

**Status:** This version of this Act contains provisions that are prospective.

**Changes to legislation:** Transport Act 2000 is up to date with all changes known to be in force on or before 11 October 2019. There are changes that may be brought into force at a future date. Changes that have been made appear in the content and are referenced with annotations. (See end of Document for details) View outstanding changes

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Order</th>
<th>Act</th>
<th>Paragraph(s)</th>
<th>Details</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>S.I. 1986/1385.</td>
<td>Transport Act 1985 (Extension of Eligibility for Travel Concessions) Order 1986.</td>
<td>Article 3.</td>
<td>In article 1, the definitions of “mental handicap” and “severe mental handicap”.</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>1999 c. 29.</td>
<td>Greater London Authority Act 1999.</td>
<td>In Schedule 16—</td>
<td>In paragraph 2(1), the words “(persons who have attained pensionable age or whose ability to walk is seriously impaired)”, and paragraph 7.</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>2000 c. 38.</td>
<td>Transport Act 2000.</td>
<td>Section 158.</td>
<td>In section 146(1), in the definition of “eligible service”; paragraph (a) and in paragraph (b) the words “after that time”.</td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>

### Part III

**ROAD USER CHARGING AND WORKPLACE PARKING LEVY**

**Commencement Information**

*1518 Sch. 31 Pt. III partly in force; Sch. 31 Pt. III not in force at Royal Assent see s. 275(1)(2); Sch. 31 Pt. III in force for specified purposes (E.) (1.2.2001) by S.I. 2001/57, art. 3(2), Sch. 3 Pt. I (subject to the savings in Sch. 3 Pt. II)*

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Chapter</th>
<th>Short title</th>
<th>Extent of repeal</th>
</tr>
</thead>
</table>
paragraph 4(3)(e),
in paragraph 25(1),
paragraph (c) and the word “or” before it, and
in paragraph 38, the words “exercisable in the same manner, and subject to the same conditions and limitations.”.

In Schedule 24—
in paragraph 1(1), in the definition of “licence”, the words “by the occupier of those premises” and the definition of “occupier”,
paragraph 7(3)(e), and
in paragraph 39, the words “exercisable in the same manner, and subject to the same conditions and limitations.”.

PART IV
RAILWAYS

Commencement Information

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Reference</th>
<th>Short title or title</th>
<th>Extent of repeal or revocation</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>12, 13 &amp; 14 Geo.6 c. xxix.</td>
<td>British Transport Commission Act 1949.</td>
<td>In section 53(1), in its application to Scotland, in the definition of “Boards”, the words “the British Railways Board”.</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>10 &amp; 11 Eliz.2 c. 46.</td>
<td>Transport Act 1962.</td>
<td>In section 1, in subsection (1), the words “the British Railways Board (in this Act referred to as the “Railways Board”);” and subsection (3).</td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>
Sections 3 to 4A.
In section 12(1), the words “, other than the Railways Board,”.

In section 13, subsection (1A) and subsections (9) to (12).
In section 14(4), the words “, except the Railways Board,”.

In section 18(6), the words “the Railways Board and”.
In section 19(6), the words “the Railways Board and”.

Section 21A.

Section 22.
In section 27, in subsections (2) and (7), the words “(other than the Railways Board)” and, in subsection (8), the words “(other than the Railways Board)” and the words “or section 3 of the Transport Act 1982”.

In section 31, subsection (2) and, in subsection (6), the words “the Railways Board,”.

Section 32(6).
In section 52(2), the words “, as those subsections apply to the Boards”.

In section 54(1), the words “the Railways Board or” (in both places) and the words “, as the case may be,”.

In section 65, in subsection (1), in the definition of “the appropriate Board”, paragraph (b) and, in subsection (4), paragraph (b) and the words “the Railways Board or”.

Section 67.
In the First Schedule, in paragraph 3, the words from “Railways” to “other”.
<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Act and Year</th>
<th>Statutory Instrument</th>
<th>Section/Paragraph</th>
<th>Repealed/Revoked</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>10 &amp; 11 Eliz.2 c. xlii.</td>
<td>British Transport Commission Act 1962</td>
<td>Section 43(1)</td>
<td>In the Sixth Schedule, paragraph 1(5).</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>1966 c. 28.</td>
<td>Docks and Harbours Act 1966</td>
<td>Section 47</td>
<td>In section 30(1)(b), the words “the British Railways Board or”.</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>1967 c. 13.</td>
<td>Parliamentary Commissioner Act 1967</td>
<td></td>
<td>In section 57(1), in the definition of “the Boards”, the words “the British Railways Board and”.</td>
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<td>In section 36(a), the words “the British Railways Board or”.</td>
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<td>In Schedule 2, the entries relating to—</td>
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<tr>
<td></td>
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<td></td>
<td>the Central Rail Users’ Consultative Committee,</td>
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<td></td>
<td>the Director of Passenger Rail Franchising,</td>
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<td>the Rail Users’ Consultative Committee for Eastern England, the Rail Users’ Consultative Committee for North Eastern England,</td>
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<td>the Rail Users’ Consultative Committee for North Western England,</td>
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<td>the Rail Users’ Consultative Committee for Scotland,</td>
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<td>the Rail Users’ Consultative Committee for Southern England,</td>
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<td>the Rail Users’ Consultative Committee for the Midlands,</td>
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<td>the Rail Users’ Consultative Committee for Wales, and</td>
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<td>the Rail Users’ Consultative Committee for Western England.</td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>
1968 c. 73. Transport Act 1968. Section 38.

Section 42.

In section 44(1)(b)(iv), the words “the Railways Board or”.

In section 49(4), the words “the Railways Board and”, the word “each”, paragraph (a), in paragraph (b), the words “in the case of the Waterways Board”, the words “will be so connected by rail or so situated in relation to a railway line or, as the case may be,” and the words “the rail services of the Railways Board can be directly used or, as the case may be,”.

In section 50(1), the words “3(3)(e), 9(2)(c) or”, the words “Railways Board, and”, the word “each” and the words from “; and the said” to the end.

In section 56(2B), the definition of “the Franchising Director”.

In section 135(1)(b), the words “the Railways Board or”.

In section 137(8), the words “the Railways Board,.”.

In section 159(1), in the definition of “the Boards”, the words “the British Railways Board,”.

1969 c. 48. Post Office Act 1969. In section 20(1)(c), the words “the British Railways Board and” and the word “other”.


in Part II, the entry relating to the British Railways Board, and
in Part III, the entries relating to the Chairman of the Central Rail Users’ Consultative Committee appointed under section 3 of the Railways Act 1993, the Chairman in receipt of remuneration of the London Transport Users’ Committee, the Chairman of a rail users’ consultative committee appointed under section 2 of that Act and the Director of Passenger Rail Franchising.

1975 c. 25. Northern Ireland Assembly Disqualification Act 1975. In Schedule 1, in Part II, the entry relating to the British Railways Board.


1981 c. 56. Transport Act 1981. In Schedule 3, in paragraph 31(4), the words “the British Railways Board,”.


Section 39.

Section 40.

In section 41—
in subsection (1), the words from “as it applies” to the end,

in subsection (2), the words “or the Railways Board or any subsidiary of theirs”, and

subsection (4).

Section 42.

In Schedule 6, in paragraph 6, the words “or the Railways Board”.


1991 c. vii. Heathrow Express Railway Act 1991. In section 41(2), the words “or the Board” and the words “and the Board”.


1993 c. 43. Railways Act 1993. In section 1—
in subsection (1), paragraph (b) and the word “and” before it and the words “, or (as the case may be) the Franchising Director,”,
in subsection (2), the words “or the Franchising Director”, the words “to either of those offices” and the words “(or for appointment to the other of them)”,
in subsections (3) and (4), the words “or the Franchising Director”,
subsection (5),
in subsection (6), the words “and the Franchising Director”, and
in the sidenote, the words “and the Director of Passenger Rail Franchising”.

In section 4, in subsection (2) the words “the Secretary of State or, as the case may be,” and, in subsection (9), the definition of “through ticket”.

1993 c. 43.
Section 5.
Section 7(10).
Section 8(10).
Section 11(3).
In section 13(7), the words “the Secretary of State and”.
In section 15(1), the words following paragraph (d).
Section 17(11).
In section 18, in subsection (1), the word “or” at the end of paragraph (a) and subsection (11).
In section 19, in subsection (3), the word “or” at the end of paragraph (a) and subsection (13).
In section 20, in subsection (2), the words following paragraph (b) and subsections (9) and (12).
Section 22(6).
Section 25(3) to (9).
Section 27(14) and (15).
In section 29— in subsection (1), paragraph (b) and the preceding “or”, and subsections (6) and (7).
Section 32.
Section 33.
In section 34—
in subsection (1), the words “as eligible for provision under a franchise agreement”,
in subsection (12), the words “as eligible for provision under franchise agreements”,
in subsection (14), the words “, or is empowered to secure the operation of any additional railway assets,”, in paragraph (a)(ii), the words “of the” and “in question”, in
paragraph (b)(ii), the words “of the” and “in question” and paragraph (c) and the word “but” before it,
in subsection (16), the words “pursuant to his power under that section”, and
subsection (23).
In section 35(1), the words “as eligible for provision under a franchise agreement”.
In section 37—
in subsection (9), in the definition of “minor closure”, the words “, in the opinion of the Regulator,”,
in subsection (10), the words “or 44(2)”, and
subsection (11).
Section 38(9).
In section 39—
in subsection (10), in the definition of “minor closure” the words “, in the opinion of the Regulator,” (in both places) and the word “or” at the end of paragraph (a), in subsection (11), the words “or 44(2)” and the words “in pursuance of his power under section 30 above”, and
subsection (12).
Section 40(9).
In section 41—
in subsection (9), in the definition of “minor closure”, the words “, in the opinion of the Regulator,” (in both places),
in subsection (10), the words “or 44(2)” and the words “in pursuance of his power under section 30 above”, and
subsection (11).
Section 42(8).
In section 43, subsection (11) and, in subsection (12), the words following paragraph (d).

Section 44.
In section 46, in subsection (1), the words from “, other than” to the end and subsection (3).

Section 50(1)(b).
Sections 51 to 53.

In section 54(3), in the definition of “franchising functions”, in paragraph (a), the words “, 52 and 53(3)”.

In section 55—
subsection (5)(b) and (c),
in subsection (5A), the words “in relation to a licence holder or person under closure restrictions”,
in subsection (10), in paragraph (a) of the definition of “the appropriate officer”, the words “or a person under closure restrictions,”, and subsection (12).

In section 57(2), paragraph (b) and the word “or” before it.

In section 68(1), paragraph (b) and the word “or” before it.

Section 70.
Section 72(2)(c).

Section 73(2)(c) and (8).

In section 74(2), paragraph (b) and paragraph (d) and the word “and” before it.

In section 75(4), the definition of “first relevant
In section 76(9), the words from “and in this” to the end.

In section 77, in subsection (8), the words “, after consultation with the Regulator,” and, in subsection (11), the words from “and in this” to the end.

Section 78(1) to (4), (6) and (7).

In section 79(4), the definition of “committee”.

Section 80(6).

In section 83(1)—

the definitions of “the Central Committee” and “consultative committee”, and

in the definition of “closure consent”, the words “or 44”.

Sections 84 to 116.

In section 118—

in subsection (5), the words “given to him” and the words “relating to him”,

in subsection (11), the words “or II”, and

subsection (12).

Sections 126 to 129.

In section 133(1), the words “continue to”.

In section 135—

subsection (5),

in subsection (6), the words from “and subsections (2) and (3)” to the end,

in subsection (8), paragraph (b) and the word “and” before it,

in subsection (9)(b), the words “or in agreements or
other arrangements under section 51 or 52 above”; and
subsections (10) and (11).
Section 137.

Section 139.

Section 141.

In section 144(1), the words from “and, without” to “member of the subsidiary;” and the words “33 or”.
Section 150, in subsection (1), paragraphs (d) and (n) and subsection (4).

In section 151(1), the definitions of “the Franchising Director” and “transfer scheme”.
Section 152(2).
In Schedule 1—
the words “or the Franchising Director” (in each place),
the words “and the Franchising Director” (in each place, including the heading),
paragraph 1(4),
in paragraph 2(1), the word “each” and the words “, or (as the case may be) the Franchising Director,”,
in the heading before paragraph 3, the words “, the Franchising Director” and the word “their”,
in paragraph 4, the word “each”,
in paragraph 5, the words “or, as the case may be, the Franchising Director” (in both places),
in paragraph 6, the word “each” and the words “, the Franchising Director” (in both places),
paragraph 7(a), and
paragraph 8(a).

In Schedule 2—
paragraph 1,
in paragraph 2, the words “, with the approval of the Treasury,”,
paragraph 3,
in paragraph 7(1), the words “, with the approval of the Regulator”,
in paragraph 8(1), the word “, 3”, and
paragraphs 9 and 10.

In Schedule 3—
paragraph 1,
in paragraph 2, the words “, with the approval of the Treasury,”,
paragraph 3,
in paragraph 7(1), the words “, with the approval of the Regulator”,
in paragraph 8(1), the word “, 3”, and
paragraph 9.

In Schedule 4, paragraph 7.

In Schedule 7, in paragraph 2(7), the words “on him” and, in paragraph 7, sub-paragraph (3) and, in sub-paragraph (4), the words “(except those specified in sub-paragraph (3) above)”.

Schedule 8.
Schedule 9.

In Schedule 11—
in paragraph 1(4), the words “or II”,
in paragraph 10(6)(b), the words "of the Board" (in both places), and
in paragraph 11(10), in the definition of "relevant employer", the word "or" at the end of paragraph (b) and, in paragraph (c), the words ", other than a company which is wholly owned by the Franchising Director".

In Schedule 12, paragraphs 5, 6(2) to (5), (6)(a) and (7) and 32.

Schedule 13.

S.I. 1994/1432. Railway Pensions (Protection and Designation of Schemes) Order 1994. In article 9(2), the words "", except to the extent specified in paragraph (3),"" and the word "relevant" (in both places).

Article 13.

Article 14.


In section 199(1), the words "; notwithstanding anything in subsection (10) of that section" and the words "; notwithstanding anything in subsection (9) of that section".

Section 235(6).

In section 240(8), the definition of "the Franchising Director".
### SCHEDULE 31 – Repeals and revocations

**Status:** This version of this Act contains provisions that are prospective.

**Changes to legislation:** Transport Act 2000 is up to date with all changes known to be in force on or before 11 October 2019. There are changes that may be brought into force at a future date. Changes that have been made appear in the content and are referenced with annotations. (See end of Document for details)

In Schedule 18, paragraph 17.
In Schedule 19, paragraphs 1, 3, 4 and 5(5) and (6).

| S.I. 1999/277. | Parliamentary Commissioner Order 1999. | In Article 2, the entries relating to—
| | | the Central Rail Users’ Consultative Committee,
| | | the Rail Users’ Consultative Committee for Eastern England,
| | | the Rail Users’ Consultative Committee for North Eastern England,
| | | the Rail Users’ Consultative Committee for North Western England,
| | | the Rail Users’ Consultative Committee for Scotland,
| | | the Rail Users’ Consultative Committee for Southern England,
| | | the Rail Users’ Consultative Committee for the Midlands,
| | | the Rail Users’ Consultative Committee for Wales, and
| | | the Rail Users’ Consultative Committee for Western England.
| S.I. 1999/1750. | Scotland Act 1998 (Transfer of Functions to the Scottish Ministers etc.) Order 1999. | In Schedule 2, in the entry relating to the Railways Act 1993, paragraphs (b) and (c).
| 2000 c. 36. | Freedom of Information Act 2000. | In Schedule 1, in Part VI, the entry relating to the British Railways Board.

## PART V

### MISCELLANEOUS

**Commencement Information**

| Sch. 31 Pt. V partly in force; Sch. 31 Pt. V not in force at Royal Assent see s. 275; Sch. 31 Pt. V in force for certain purposes at 1.4.2002 by S.I. 2002/658, art. 2(2), Sch. Pt. 2 (with transitional provision in art. 3) (as substituted by S.I. 2002/846, art. 2)
### (1) Driver training and driving instructors

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Chapter</th>
<th>Short title</th>
<th>Extent of repeal</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>1988 c. 52.</td>
<td>Road Traffic Act 1988.</td>
<td>Section 89(2A) and (5A).</td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>

In section 97—

in subsection (3), paragraph (e) and the word “and” before it, and subsections (3A) and (3B).

In section 98(3), paragraph (c) and the word “or” before it.

In section 108(1), the definitions of “approved training course for motor cyclists” and “prescribed certificate of completion”.

In section 130—

in subsection (3), the words “under this section”, and in subsection (5), the words “granted under this section”.

Section 131(5).

Schedule 3.


In Schedule 3—

in paragraph 11(c), sub-paragraph (ii) and the word “and” before it, in paragraph 15, sub-paragraph (g) and the word “and” before it, and in paragraph 18, sub-paragraphs (b) and (d).

### (2) Other provisions

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Chapter</th>
<th>Short title</th>
<th>Extent of repeal</th>
</tr>
</thead>
</table>
| 1984 c. 27. | Road Traffic Regulation Act 1984.        | In section 26(1), the words “during periods between the hours of eight in the morning and half-past five in the
In section 28—
in subsection (1), the words “between the hours of eight
in the morning and half-past five in the afternoon”, and
in subsection (5),
paragraph (c) and the word “and” before it.

1991 c. 22. New Roads and Street Works Act 1991. In section 74(4), the words “if he does so”.
Status:
This version of this Act contains provisions that are prospective.

Changes to legislation:
Transport Act 2000 is up to date with all changes known to be in force on or before 11 October 2019. There are changes that may be brought into force at a future date. Changes that have been made appear in the content and are referenced with annotations.

View outstanding changes

Changes and effects yet to be applied to:

- s. 215 heading words substituted by S.I. 2015/1682 Sch. para. 4(p)(i)
- s. 12B(1A)(b) words substituted by S.I. 2019/93, Sch. 1 para. 9(1A) (as inserted) by S.I. 2019/1245 reg. 25
- s. 18(6A)(b) words substituted by S.I. 2019/93, Sch. 1 para. 9(1B) (as inserted) by S.I. 2019/1245 reg. 25
- s. 18(7)(a) word omitted by S.I. 2014/892 Sch. 1 para. 151(4)(a)
- s. 19(2)(a) word omitted by virtue of S.I. 2019/93, Sch. 1 para. 9(1C)(a) (as inserted) by S.I. 2019/1245 reg. 25
- s. 82(4) words inserted by 2003 c. 44 Sch. 32 para. 161
- s. 82(5) repealed by 2003 c. 44 Sch. 37 Pt. 9
- s. 86(3)(a) word inserted by S.I. 2019/93 Sch. 1 para. 9(2)(a)
- s. 86(3)(c) word omitted by S.I. 2019/93 Sch. 1 para. 9(2)(b)
- s. 86(3)(d) words substituted by 2018 c. 5 Sch. 12 para. 20(2)(a)
- s. 93(2)(a) words inserted by 2018 c. 5 Sch. 12 para. 20(2)(a)
- s. 93(2)(b) words inserted by 2018 c. 5 Sch. 12 para. 20(2)(b)
- s. 93(2)(c) words inserted by 2018 c. 5 Sch. 12 para. 20(2)(c)
- s. 93(2)(d) words inserted by 2018 c. 5 Sch. 12 para. 20(2)(d)
- s. 93(3)(a) words substituted by 2018 c. 5 Sch. 12 para. 20(3)(a)
- s. 93(3)(b) words inserted by 2018 c. 5 Sch. 12 para. 20(3)(b)
- s. 93(4)(a) words inserted by 2018 c. 5 Sch. 12 para. 20(4)(a)
- s. 93(4)(b) words substituted by 2018 c. 5 Sch. 12 para. 20(4)(b)
- s. 93(4)(c) words substituted by 2018 c. 5 Sch. 12 para. 20(4)(c)
- s. 93(9) words substituted by 2018 c. 5 Sch. 12 para. 20(5)
- s. 94(2)(a) words inserted by 2018 c. 5 Sch. 12 para. 21(2)
- s. 94(2)(b) words inserted by 2018 c. 5 Sch. 12 para. 21(2)
- s. 94(2)(b) words inserted by 2018 c. 5 Sch. 12 para. 21(3)
- s. 94(3)(a) words inserted by 2018 c. 5 Sch. 12 para. 21(3)
- s. 95(6)(a) words substituted by 2018 c. 5 Sch. 12 para. 22(4)(a)
- s. 95(6)(b) words inserted by 2018 c. 5 Sch. 12 para. 22(4)(a)
- s. 95(6)(c) words inserted by 2018 c. 5 Sch. 12 para. 22(4)(b)
- s. 95(6)(d) words inserted by 2018 c. 5 Sch. 12 para. 22(4)(c)
- s. 158 by 2000 c. 38 s. 274Sch. 31 Pt. 2
- s. 207 by 2000 c. 38 Sch. 27 para. 55 (see 1996 c. 61)
- s. 208 by 2000 c. 38 Sch. 27 para. 55 (see 1996 c. 61)
- s. 246 repealed by 2005 c. 14 Sch. 13 Pt. 1
- s. 258(2) words repealed by 2006 c. 49 Sch. 7(14)
- s. 259(2)(3) repealed by 2006 c. 49 Sch. 7(14)
- Sch. 9 para. 3(1)(k) omitted by S.I. 2019/93 Sch. 1 para. 9(3)(a)
- Sch. 9 para. 3(3)(s) omitted by S.I. 2019/93 Sch. 1 para. 9(3)(b)
- Sch. 10 para. 23(2)(a) words substituted by S.I. 2019/93 Sch. 1 para. 9(4)
- Sch. 11 para. 122 by 2000 c. 38 s. 274Sch. 31 Pt. 2
- Sch. 16 para. 34(2)(a) repealed by 2005 c. 14 Sch. 13 Pt. 1
- Sch. 16 para. 34(3) repealed by 2005 c. 14 Sch. 13 Pt. 1
- Sch. 16 para. 49(4)(5) repealed by 2005 c. 14 Sch. 13 Pt. 1
- Sch. 29 para. 7 repealed by 2006 c. 49 Sch. 7(14)
- Sch. 29 para. 8 repealed by 2006 c. 49 Sch. 7(14)
- Sch. 29 para. 9 repealed by 2006 c. 49 Sch. 7(14)
- Sch. 29 para. 11 repealed by 2006 c. 49 Sch. 7(14)

**Changes and effects yet to be applied to the whole Act associated Parts and Chapters:**
- Blanket amendment words substituted by S.I. 2011/1043 art. 34

Whole provisions yet to be inserted into this Act (including any effects on those provisions):
- s. 146(1)(defn.)(a)(b) by 2000 c. 38 s. 274Sch. 31 Pt. 2
- s. 19(2)(aa) inserted by S.I. 2019/93, Sch. 1 para. 9(1C)(b) (as inserted) by S.I. 2019/1245 reg. 25
- s. 70(2)(ca) inserted by 2018 c. 5 Sch. 12 para. 19
- s. 95(1)(ca) inserted by 2018 c. 5 Sch. 12 para. 22(2)
- s. 95(1)(da)-(dc) inserted by 2018 c. 5 Sch. 12 para. 22(3)
- s. 95(9) inserted by 2018 c. 5 Sch. 12 para. 22(5)
- s. 131A(2)(a) words omitted by 2017 c. 21 Sch. 2 para. 13(a)(i)
- s. 131A(2)(b) omitted by 2017 c. 21 Sch. 2 para. 13(a)(ii)
- s. 131A(4) omitted by 2017 c. 21 Sch. 2 para. 13(b)
- s. 131A(5)(b) words omitted by 2017 c. 21 Sch. 2 para. 13(c)(i)
- s. 131A(5)(c) words omitted by 2017 c. 21 Sch. 2 para. 13(c)(ii)
- s. 132B(1)(a) omitted by 2017 c. 21 Sch. 2 para. 19
- Sch. 16 para. 34(4)(a)para. 34(4)(b)(c) repealed by 2005 c. 14 Sch. 13 Pt. 1