



Chemical Weapons Act 1996

1996 CHAPTER 6

Chemical weapons

2 Use etc. of chemical weapons

- (1) No person shall—
 - (a) use a chemical weapon;
 - (b) develop or produce a chemical weapon;
 - (c) have a chemical weapon in his possession;
 - (d) participate in the transfer of a chemical weapon;
 - (e) engage in military preparations, or in preparations of a military nature, intending to use a chemical weapon.
- (2) For the purposes of subsection (1)(a) an object is not a chemical weapon if the person uses the object only for permitted purposes; and in deciding whether permitted purposes are intended the types and quantities of objects shall be taken into account.
- (3) For the purposes of subsection (1)(b), (c), (d) or (e) an object is not a chemical weapon if the person does the act there mentioned with the intention that the object will be used only for permitted purposes; and in deciding whether permitted purposes are intended the types and quantities of objects shall be taken into account.
- (4) For the purposes of subsection (1)(d) a person participates in the transfer of an object if—
 - (a) he acquires or disposes of the object or enters into a contract to acquire or dispose of it, or
 - (b) he makes arrangements under which another person acquires or disposes of the object or another person enters into a contract to acquire or dispose of it.
- (5) For the purposes of subsection (4)—
 - (a) to acquire an object is to buy it, hire it, borrow it or accept it as a gift;
 - (b) to dispose of an object is to sell it, let it on hire, lend it or give it.
- (6) In proceedings for an offence under subsection (1)(a), (c) or (d) relating to an object it is a defence for the accused to prove—

Status: This is the original version (as it was originally enacted).

- (a) that he neither knew nor suspected nor had reason to suspect that the object was a chemical weapon, or
 - (b) that he knew or suspected it to be a chemical weapon and as soon as reasonably practicable after he first so knew or suspected he took all reasonable steps to inform the Secretary of State or a constable of his knowledge or suspicion.
- (7) Nothing in subsection (6) prejudices any defence which it is open to a person charged with an offence under this section to raise apart from that subsection.
- (8) A person contravening this section is guilty of an offence and liable on conviction on indictment to imprisonment for life.