



Family Law Act 1996

1996 CHAPTER 27

[^{F1}PART 4A

FORCED MARRIAGE

[^{F1}Forced marriage protection orders

Textual Amendments

- F1** Pt. 4A inserted (25.11.2008 except in regard to the insertion of s. 63N) by [Forced Marriage \(Civil Protection\) Act 2007 \(c. 20\)](#), [ss. 1, 4\(2\)](#); [S.I. 2008/2779](#), [art. 2\(a\)](#) (as amended (22.4.2014) by [Crime and Courts Act 2013 \(c. 22\)](#), [s. 61\(3\)](#), [Sch. 11 para. 210](#) Table; [S.I. 2014/954](#), [art. 2\(e\)](#) (with [art. 3](#)) (with transitional provisions and savings in [S.I. 2014/956](#), [arts. 3-11](#)))

63A Forced marriage protection orders

- (1) The court may make an order for the purposes of protecting—
 - (a) a person from being forced into a marriage or from any attempt to be forced into a marriage; or
 - (b) a person who has been forced into a marriage.
- (2) In deciding whether to exercise its powers under this section and, if so, in what manner, the court must have regard to all the circumstances including the need to secure the health, safety and well-being of the person to be protected.
- (3) In ascertaining that person's well-being, the court must, in particular, have such regard to the person's wishes and feelings (so far as they are reasonably ascertainable) as the court considers appropriate in the light of the person's age and understanding.
- (4) For the purposes of this Part a person (“A”) is forced into a marriage if another person (“B”) forces A to enter into a marriage (whether with B or another person) without A's free and full consent.

Status: Point in time view as at 25/11/2008.

Changes to legislation: Family Law Act 1996, Cross Heading: Forced marriage protection orders is up to date with all changes known to be in force on or before 18 July 2023. There are changes that may be brought into force at a future date. Changes that have been made appear in the content and are referenced with annotations. (See end of Document for details)

- (5) For the purposes of subsection (4) it does not matter whether the conduct of B which forces A to enter into a marriage is directed against A, B or another person.
- (6) In this Part—
- “force” includes coerce by threats or other psychological means (and related expressions are to be read accordingly); and
 - “forced marriage protection order” means an order under this section.

63B Contents of orders

- (1) A forced marriage protection order may contain—
- (a) such prohibitions, restrictions or requirements; and
 - (b) such other terms;
- as the court considers appropriate for the purposes of the order.
- (2) The terms of such orders may, in particular, relate to—
- (a) conduct outside England and Wales as well as (or instead of) conduct within England and Wales;
 - (b) respondents who are, or may become, involved in other respects as well as (or instead of) respondents who force or attempt to force, or may force or attempt to force, a person to enter into a marriage;
 - (c) other persons who are, or may become, involved in other respects as well as respondents of any kind.
- (3) For the purposes of subsection (2) examples of involvement in other respects are—
- (a) aiding, abetting, counselling, procuring, encouraging or assisting another person to force, or to attempt to force, a person to enter into a marriage; or
 - (b) conspiring to force, or to attempt to force, a person to enter into a marriage.

63C Applications and other occasions for making orders

- (1) The court may make a forced marriage protection order—
- (a) on an application being made to it; or
 - (b) without an application being made to it but in the circumstances mentioned in subsection (6).
- (2) An application may be made by—
- (a) the person who is to be protected by the order; or
 - (b) a relevant third party.
- (3) An application may be made by any other person with the leave of the court.
- (4) In deciding whether to grant leave, the court must have regard to all the circumstances including—
- (a) the applicant's connection with the person to be protected;
 - (b) the applicant's knowledge of the circumstances of the person to be protected; and
 - (c) the wishes and feelings of the person to be protected so far as they are reasonably ascertainable and so far as the court considers it appropriate, in the light of the person's age and understanding, to have regard to them.

Status: Point in time view as at 25/11/2008.

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- (5) An application under this section may be made in other family proceedings or without any other family proceedings being instituted.
- (6) The circumstances in which the court may make an order without an application being made are where—
- (a) any other family proceedings are before the court (“the current proceedings”);
 - (b) the court considers that a forced marriage protection order should be made to protect a person (whether or not a party to the current proceedings); and
 - (c) a person who would be a respondent to any such proceedings for a forced marriage protection order is a party to the current proceedings.
- (7) In this section—
- “family proceedings” has the same meaning as in Part 4 (see section 63(1) and (2)) but also includes—
- (a) proceedings under the inherent jurisdiction of the High Court in relation to adults;
 - (b) proceedings in which the court has made an emergency protection order under section 44 of the Children Act 1989 (c. 41) which includes an exclusion requirement (as defined in section 44A(3) of that Act); and
 - (c) proceedings in which the court has made an order under section 50 of the Act of 1989 (recovery of abducted children etc.); and
- “relevant third party” means a person specified, or falling within a description of persons specified, by order of the Lord Chancellor.
- (8) An order of the Lord Chancellor under subsection (7) may, in particular, specify the Secretary of State.]

Status:

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