

# Extradition Act 1989

# **1989 CHAPTER 33**

## PART I

### INTRODUCTORY

#### Return to foreign states

#### 4 Orders in Council as to extradition

- (1) Where general extradition arrangements have been made, Her Majesty may, by Order in Council reciting or embodying their terms, direct that this Act, so far as it relates to extradition procedures under Part III of this Act, shall apply as between the United Kingdom and the foreign state, or any foreign state, with which they have been made, subject to the limitations, restrictions, exceptions and qualifications, if any, contained in the Order.
- (2) An Order in Council under this section shall not be made unless the general extradition arrangements to which it relates—
  - (a) provide for their determination after the expiration of a notice given by a party to them and not exceeding one year or for their denunciation by means of such a notice; and
  - (b) are in conformity with the provisions of this Act, and in particular with the restrictions on return contained in Part II of this Act.
- (3) An Order in Council under this section shall be conclusive evidence that the arrangements therein referred to comply with this Act and that this Act, so far as it relates to extradition procedures under Part III of this Act, applies in the case of the foreign state, or any foreign state, mentioned in the Order.
- (4) An Order in Council under this section shall be laid before Parliament after being made.
- (5) An Order in Council under this section which does not provide that a person may only be returned to the foreign state requesting his return if the court of committal is satisfied that the evidence would be sufficient to warrant his trial if the extradition

Status: This is the original version (as it was originally enacted).

crime had taken place within the jurisdiction of the court shall be subject to annulment in pursuance of a resolution of either House of Parliament.