



Extradition Act 1989 (repealed)

1989 CHAPTER 33

PART III

PROCEDURE

General

7 Extradition request and authority to proceed.

(1) Subject to the provisions of this Act relating to provisional warrants, a person shall not be dealt with under this Part of this Act except in pursuance of an order of the Secretary of State [^{F1}or the Scottish Ministers] (in this Act referred to as an “authority to proceed”) issued in pursuance of a request (in this Act referred to as an “extradition request”) for the surrender of a person under this Act made [^{F2}to the Secretary of State]—

[^{F3}(a) by—

- (i) an authority in a foreign state which appears to the Secretary of State to have the function of making extradition requests in that foreign state, or
- (ii) some person recognised by the Secretary of State as a diplomatic or consular representative of a foreign state; or]
- (b) by or on behalf of the Government of a designated Commonwealth country, or the Governor of a colony [^{F4}and an extradition request may be made by facsimile transmission and an authority to proceed issued without waiting to receive the original][^{F5}; or.
- (c) by or on behalf of the Government of the Hong Kong Special Administrative Region.]

(2) There shall be furnished with any such request—

- (a) particulars of the person whose return is requested;
- (b) particulars of the offence of which he is accused or was convicted (including evidence [^{F6}or, in a case falling within subsection (2A) below, information] sufficient to justify the issue of a warrant for his arrest under this Act);

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- (c) in the case of a person accused of an offence, a warrant [^{F7}or a duly authenticated copy of a warrant] for his arrest issued in the foreign state, Commonwealth country or colony [^{F8}or in the Hong Kong Special Administrative Region]; and
- (d) in the case of a person unlawfully at large after conviction of an offence, a certificate [^{F7}or a duly authenticated copy of a certificate] of the conviction and sentence,

and copies of them shall be served on the person whose return is requested before he is brought before the court of committal.

[^{F9}(2A) Where—

- (a) the extradition request is made by a foreign state; and
- (b) an Order in Council falling within section 4(5) above is in force in relation to that state,

it shall be a sufficient compliance with subsection (2)(b) above to furnish information sufficient to justify the issue of a warrant for his arrest under this Act.]

- (3) Rules under section 144 of the ^{M1}Magistrates' Courts Act 1980 may make provision as to the procedure for service under subsection (2) above in England and Wales and the High Court of Justiciary may, by Act of Adjournal, make rules as to such procedure in Scotland.
- (4) On receipt of any such request the Secretary of State [^{F1}or the Scottish minister] may issue an authority to proceed unless it appears to him [^{F10} or them] that an order for the return of the person concerned could not lawfully be made, or would not in fact be made, in accordance with the provisions of this Act.
- (5) An authority to proceed shall specify the offence or offences under the law of the United Kingdom which it appears to the Secretary of State [^{F1}or the Scottish Ministers] would be constituted by equivalent conduct in the United Kingdom.
- (6) In this section “warrant”, in the case of any foreign state, includes any judicial document authorising the arrest of a person accused of a crime.

[^{F11}(7) Where an extradition request is made by facsimile transmission this Act (including subsection (2) above) shall have effect as if the foreign documents so sent were the originals used to make the transmission and receivable in evidence accordingly.]

Textual Amendments

- F1** Words in S. 7(1)(4)(5) inserted (1.7.1999) by S.I. 1999/1750, **art. 9(3)(a)(b)** (with art. 7) ; S.I. 1998/3178, **art. 3**
- F2** Words in s. 7(1) inserted (10.4.1995) by 1994 c. 33, s. 168(1), **Sch. 9 para. 37(3)(a)(i)**; S.I. 1995/721, art. 2, **Sch.**
- F3** S. 7(1)(a) substituted (10.4.1995) by 1994 c. 33, s. 168(1), **Sch. 9 para. 37(3)(a)(ii)**; S.I. 1995/721, art. 2, **Sch.**
- F4** Words in s. 7(1)(b) inserted (10.4.1995) by 1994 c. 33, s. 168(1), **Sch. 9 para. 37(3)(a)(iii)**; S.I. 1995/721, art. 2, **Sch.**
- F5** S. 7(1)(c) and word "or" inserted (1.7.1997) by S.I. 1997/1178, art. 2, **Sch. para. 5(a)**.
- F6** Words in s. 7(2)(b) inserted (3.11.1994) by 1994 c. 33, **s. 158(3)(a)**.
- F7** Words in s. 7(2)(c)(d) inserted (10.4.1995) by 1994 c. 33, s. 168(1), **Sch. 9 para. 37(3)(b)**; S.I. 1995/721, art. 2, **Sch.**
- F8** Words in s. 7(2)(c) inserted (1.7.1997) by S.I. 1997/1178, art. 2, **Sch. para. 5(b)**.

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Changes to legislation: There are currently no known outstanding effects for the Extradition Act 1989 (repealed), Part III. (See end of Document for details)

- F9** S. 7(2A) inserted (3.11.1994) by 1994 c. 33, s. 158(3)(b).
F10 Words in s. 7(4) inserted (1.7.1999) by S.I. 1999/1750, art. 9(3)(c) (with art. 7); S.I. 1998/3178, art. 3
F11 S. 7(7) inserted (10.4.1995) by 1994 c. 33, s. 168(1), Sch. 9 para. 37(3)(c); S.I. 1995/721, art. 2, Sch.

Modifications etc. (not altering text)

- C1** S. 7 extended (16.8.2002) (with modifications) by The Extradition (Overseas Territories) Order 2002 (S.I. 2002/1823), art. 2, Schs. 1-4 (as amended (16.8.2002) by S.I. 2002/1825, art. 2, Sch. 2)
C2 S. 7(1)-(5) extended (British Antarctic Territory) (with modifications) (6.7.1992) by S.I. 1992/1300, art. 2, Sch.
C3 S. 7(1): transfer of function (1.7.1999) by S.I. 1999/1750, art. 2, Sch. 1 (with art. 7); S.I. 1998/3178, art. 3
C4 S. 7(4): transfer of functions (1.7.1999) by S.I. 1999/1750, art. 2, Sch. 1 (with art. 7); S.I. 1998/3178, art. 3

Marginal Citations

- M1** 1980 c. 43.

8 Arrest for purposes of committal.

(1) For the purposes of this Part of this Act a warrant for the arrest of a person may be issued—

- (a) on receipt of an authority to proceed—
(i) by the chief metropolitan stipendiary magistrate or a designated metropolitan magistrate;
(ii) by the sheriff of Lothian and Borders;
(b) without such an authority—
(i) by a metropolitan magistrate;
(ii) by a justice of the peace in any part of the United Kingdom; and
(iii) in Scotland, by a sheriff,

upon information that the said person is or is believed to be in or on his way to the United Kingdom;

and any warrant issued by virtue of paragraph (b) above is in this Act referred to as a “provisional warrant”.

(2) In this Act—

“designated metropolitan magistrate” means a metropolitan stipendiary magistrate designated for the purposes of this Act by the Lord Chancellor; and

“metropolitan magistrate” means the chief metropolitan stipendiary magistrate or a designated metropolitan magistrate.

(3) A person empowered to issue warrants of arrest under this section may issue such a warrant if he is supplied with such evidence [^{F12}or, in a case falling within subsection (3A) below, information] as would in his opinion justify the issue of a warrant for the arrest of a person accused or, as the case may be, convicted within his jurisdiction and it appears to him that the conduct alleged would constitute an extradition crime.

[^{F13}(3A) Where—

- (a) the extradition request or, where a provisional warrant is applied for, the request for the person’s arrest is made by a foreign state; and

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- (b) an Order in Council falling within section 4(5) above is in force in relation to that state,
- it shall be sufficient for the purposes of subsection (3) above to supply such information as would, in the opinion of the person so empowered, justify the issue of a warrant of arrest.]
- (4) Where a provisional warrant is issued under this section, the authority by whom it is issued shall forthwith give notice to the Secretary of State [^{F14}or the Scottish Ministers], and transmit to him [^{F15}or them] the information and evidence, or certified copies of the information and evidence, upon which it was issued; and the Secretary of State [^{F14}or the Scottish Minister] may in any case, and shall if he decides [^{F16} or they decide] not to issue an authority to proceed in respect of the person to whom the warrant relates, by order cancel the warrant and, if that person has been arrested under it, discharge him from custody.
- (5) A warrant of arrest issued under this section may, without being backed, be executed in any part of the United Kingdom and may be so executed by any person to whom it is directed or by any constable.
- (6) Where a warrant is issued under this section for the arrest of a person accused of an offence of stealing or receiving stolen property in a designated Commonwealth country or a colony or any other offence committed in such a country or in a colony in respect of property, a justice of the peace in any part of the United Kingdom and in Scotland a sheriff shall have the like power to issue a warrant to search for the property as if the offence had been committed within his jurisdiction.

Textual Amendments

F12 Words in s. 8(3) inserted (3.11.1994) by 1994 c. 33, s. 158(4)(a).

F13 S. 8(3A) inserted (3.11.1994) by 1994 c. 33, s. 158(4)(b).

F14 Words in s. 8(4) inserted (1.7.1999) by S.I. 1999/1750, art. 6(1), **Sch. 5 para. 9(4)(a)** (with art. 7); S.I. 1998/3178, **art. 3**

F15 Words in s. 8(4) inserted (1.7.1999) by S.I. 1999/1750, art. 6(1), **Sch. 5 para. 9(4)(b)** (with art. 7); S.I. 1998/3178, **art. 3**

F16 Words in s. 8(4) inserted (1.7.1999) by S.I. 1999/1750, art. 6(1), **Sch. 5 para. 9(4)(c)** (with art. 7); S.I. 1998/3178, **art. 3**

Modifications etc. (not altering text)

C5 S. 8 extended (British Antarctic Territory) (with modifications) (6.7.1992) by S.I. 1992/1300, art. 2, **Sch.**

9 Proceedings for committal.

- (1) A person arrested in pursuance of a warrant under section 8 above shall (unless previously discharged under subsection (4) of that section) be brought as soon as practicable before a court (in this Act referred to as “the court of committal”) consisting of a metropolitan magistrate or the sheriff of Lothian and Borders, as may be directed by the warrant.
- (2) For the purposes of proceedings under this section a court of committal in England and Wales shall have the like [^{F17} powers, as nearly as may be, including powers to adjourn the case and meanwhile to remand the person arrested under the warrant either in custody or on bail, as if the proceedings were the summary trial of an information

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against him; and section 16(1)(c) of the ^{M2}Prosecution of Offences Act 1985 (costs on dismissal) shall apply accordingly reading the reference to the dismissal of the information as a reference to the discharge of the person arrested.]

[^{F18}(2A) If a court of committal in England and Wales exercises its power to adjourn the case it shall on so doing remand the person arrested in custody or on bail.]

(3) For the purposes of proceedings under this section a court of committal in Scotland shall have the like powers, including power to adjourn the case and meanwhile to remand the person arrested under the warrant either in custody or on bail, and the proceedings shall be conducted as nearly as may be in the like manner, as if the proceedings were summary proceedings in respect of an offence alleged to have been committed by that person; and the provisions of the ^{M3}Legal Aid (Scotland) Act 1986 relating to such proceedings or any appellate proceedings following thereon shall apply accordingly to that person.

(4) Where—

- (a) the extradition request is made by a foreign state; and
- (b) an Order in Council such as is mentioned in subsection (8) below is in force in relation to that state,

there is no need to furnish the court of committal with evidence sufficient to [^{F19}make a case requiring an answer by the arrested person if the proceedings were the summary trial of an information against him.]

(5) Where the person arrested is in custody by virtue of a provisional warrant and no authority to proceed has been received in respect of him, the court of committal may fix a period (of which the court shall give notice to the Secretary of State [^{F20}or the Scottish Ministers]) after which he will be discharged from custody unless such an authority has been received.

(6) In exercising the power conferred by subsection (5) above in a case where the extradition request is made under general extradition arrangements the court shall have regard to any period specified for the purpose in the Order in Council relating to the arrangements.

(7) Where—

- (a) the extradition request is made under general extradition arrangements but no period is so specified; or
 - (b) the application is made under special extradition arrangements,
- the court of committal may fix a reasonable period.

[^{F21}(7A) In exercising the power conferred by subsection (5) above in a case where the extradition request is made by or on behalf of the Government of the Hong Kong Special Administrative Region the court shall not fix a period ending more than 60 days after the day of the person's arrest, unless the exceptional circumstances of the case justify a longer period.]

(8) Where an authority to proceed has been issued in respect of the person arrested and the court of committal is satisfied, after hearing any representations made in support of the extradition request or on behalf of that person, that the offence to which the authority relates is an extradition crime, and is further satisfied—

- (a) where that person is accused of the offence, unless an Order in Council giving effect to general extradition arrangements under which the extradition request was made otherwise provides, that the evidence would be sufficient

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- to [F²² make a case requiring an answer by that person if the proceedings were the summary trial of an information against him.]
- (b) where that person is alleged to be unlawfully at large after conviction of the offence, that he has been so convicted and appears to be so at large, the court, unless his committal is prohibited by any other provision of this Act, shall commit him to custody or on bail—
- (i) to await the Secretary of State’s [F²⁰ or the Scottish Ministers’] decision as to his return; and
- (ii) if the Secretary of State decides [F²⁰ or the Scottish Ministers decide] that he shall be returned, to await his return.
- (9) If the court commits a person under subsection (8) above, it shall issue a certificate of the offence against the law of the United Kingdom which would be constituted by his conduct.
- (10) If the court commits a person to custody in the exercise of that power, it may subsequently grant bail if it considers it appropriate to do so.
- (11) If—
- (a) the court is not satisfied as mentioned in subsection (8) above in relation to the person arrested; or
- (b) his committal is prohibited by a provision of this Act,
- it shall discharge him.

Textual Amendments

- F17** Words in s. 9(2) substituted (1.4.1997) by 1994 c. 33, s. 158(5)(a); S.I. 1997/882, art. 3.
- F18** S. 9(2A) inserted (1.4.1997) by 1994 c. 33, s. 158(5)(b); S.I. 1997/882, art. 3.
- F19** Words in s. 9(4) substituted (1.4.1997) by 1994 c. 33, s. 158(5)(c); S.I. 1997/882, art. 3.
- F20** Words in 9(5)(8)(i)(ii) inserted (1.7.1999) by S.I. 1999/1750, art. 6(1), Sch. 5 para. 9(5)(6) (with art. 7); S.I. 1998/3178, art. 3
- F21** S. 9(7A) inserted (1.7.1997) by S.I. 1997/1178, art. 2, Sch. para. 6.
- F22** Words in s. 9(8)(a) substituted (1.4.1997) by 1994 c. 33, s. 158(5)(d); S.I. 1997/882, art. 3.

Modifications etc. (not altering text)

- C6** S. 9(1)(2)(5)(6)(8)-(11) extended (British Antarctic Territory) (with modifications) (6.7.1992) by S.I. 1992/1300, art. 2, Sch.
- S. 9(5): transfer of functions (1.7.1999) by S.I. 1999/1750, art. 2, Sch. 1

Marginal Citations

- M2** 1985 c. 23.
- M3** 1986 c. 47.

10 Statement of case by court.

- (1) If the court of committal refuses to make an order in relation to a person under section 9 above in respect of the offence or, as the case may be, any of the offences to which the authority to proceed relates, the foreign state, Commonwealth country or colony seeking the surrender of that person to it may question the proceeding on the ground that it is wrong in law by applying to the court to state a case for the opinion of the High Court or, in Scotland, the High Court of Justiciary on the question of law involved.

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- (2) If the state, country or colony seeking return immediately informs the court of committal that it intends to make such an application, the court shall make an order providing for the detention of the person to whom the authority to proceed relates, or directing that he shall not be released except on bail.
- (3) Rules of Court may specify—
 - (a) a period within which such an application must be made unless the court grants a longer period; and
 - (b) a period within which the court of committal must comply with such an application.
- (4) Where the court of committal fails to comply with an application under subsection (1) above within the period specified by Rules of Court, the High Court or, in Scotland, the High Court of Justiciary may, on the application of the state, country or colony that applied for the case to be stated, make an order requiring the court to state a case.
- (5) The High Court or High Court of Justiciary shall have power—
 - (a) to remit the case to the court of committal to decide it according to the opinion of the High Court or High Court of Justiciary on the question of law; or
 - (b) to dismiss the appeal.
- (6) Where the court dismisses an appeal relating to an offence, it shall by order declare that that offence is not an offence in respect of which the Secretary of State has [^{F23} or the Scottish Ministers have] power to make an order for return in respect of the person whose return was requested.
- (7) An order made by a metropolitan magistrate under subsection (2) above shall cease to have effect if—
 - (a) the court dismisses the appeal in respect of the offence or all the offences to which it relates; and
 - (b) the foreign state, Commonwealth country or colony does not immediately—
 - (i) apply for leave to appeal to the House of Lords; or
 - (ii) inform the court that it intends to apply for leave.
- (8) An order made by the sheriff of Lothian and Borders under subsection (2) above shall cease to have effect if the court dismisses the appeal in respect of the offence or all the offences to which it relates.
- (9) In relation to a decision of a court on an appeal under this section, section 1 of the ^{M4}Administration of Justice Act 1960 (right of appeal to House of Lords) shall have effect as if so much of subsection (2) as restricts the grant of leave to appeal were omitted.
- (10) The House of Lords may exercise any powers of the High Court under subsection (5) above and subsection (6) above shall apply to them as it applies to that Court.
- (11) Subject to subsections (7) and (8) above, an order under subsection (2) above shall have effect so long as the case is pending.
- (12) For the purposes of this section a case is pending (unless proceedings are discontinued) until (disregarding any power of a court to grant leave to take any step out of time) there is no step that the state, country or colony can take.

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(13) In the application of this section to Scotland subsections (9) and (10) above shall be omitted and in relation to an appeal under this section in Scotland the court may make an order providing for the detention of the person to whom it relates or it may grant bail; and [F24]section 177(2) and (3) of the Criminal Procedure (Scotland) Act 1995] shall apply for the purpose of such an appeal as it applies for the purpose of an appeal such as is mentioned in [F24]section 176] of that Act.

[F25](14) This section shall apply to the Hong Kong Special Administrative Region in the same way as it applies to any foreign state, Commonwealth country or colony.]

Textual Amendments

F23 Words in s. 10(6) inserted (1.7.1999) by S.I. 1999/1750, art. 6(1), **Sch. 5 para. 9(7)** (with art. 7); S.I. 1998/3178, **art. 3**

F24 Words in s. 10(13) substituted (1.4.1996) by 1995 c. 40, ss. 5, 7(2), **Sch. 4 para. 73**.

F25 S. 10(14) inserted (1.7.1997) by S.I. 1997/1178, art. 2, **Sch. para. 7**.

Modifications etc. (not altering text)

C7 S. 10(1)-(7)(9)-(12) extended (British Antarctic Territory) (with modifications) (6.7.1992) by S.I. 1992/1300, art. 2, **Sch**

Marginal Citations

M4 1960 c. 65.

11 Application for habeas corpus etc.

- (1) Where a person is committed under section 9 above, the court shall inform him in ordinary language of his right to make an application for habeas corpus, and shall forthwith give notice of the committal to the Secretary of State [F26 or the Scottish Ministers].
- (2) A person committed shall not be returned—
 - (a) in any case, until the expiration of the period of 15 days beginning with the day on which the order for his committal is made;
 - (b) if an application for habeas corpus is made in his case, so long as proceedings on that application are pending.
- (3) Without prejudice to any jurisdiction of the High Court apart from this section, the court shall order the applicant's discharge if it appears to the court in relation to the offence, or each of the offences, in respect of which the applicant's return is sought, that—
 - (a) by reason of the trivial nature of the offence; or
 - (b) by reason of the passage of time since he is alleged to have committed it or to have become unlawfully at large, as the case may be; or
 - (c) because the accusation against him is not made in good faith in the interests of justice,
 it would, having regard to all the circumstances, be unjust or oppressive to return him.
- (4) On any such application the court may receive additional evidence relevant to the exercise of its jurisdiction under section 6 above or subsection (3) above.

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Changes to legislation: There are currently no known outstanding effects for the Extradition Act 1989 (repealed), Part III. (See end of Document for details)

- (5) Proceedings on an application for habeas corpus shall be treated for the purposes of this section as pending (unless they are discontinued) until (disregarding any power of a court to grant leave to appeal out of time) there is no further possibility of an appeal.
- (6) In the application of this section to Scotland references to an application for habeas corpus shall be construed as references to an application for review of the order of committal and references to the High Court shall be construed as references to the High Court of Justiciary.

Textual Amendments

F26 Words in 11(1) inserted (1.7.1999) by S.I. 1999/1740, art. 6(1), **Sch. 5 para. 9(8)** (with art. 7); S.I. 1998/3178, **art. 3**

Modifications etc. (not altering text)

C8 S. 11 extended (16.8.2002) (with modifications) by [The Extradition \(Overseas Territories\) Order 2002 \(S.I. 2002/1823\)](#), **art. 2, Schs. 1-4** (as amended (16.8.2002) by S.I. 2002/1825, art. 2, Sch. 2)

C9 S. 11(1)-(5) extended (British Antarctic Territory) (with modifications) (6.7.1992) by S.I. 1992/1300, **art. 2, Sch.**
S. 11(1): transfer of functions (1.7.1999) by S.I. 1999/1750, art. 2, **Sch. 1** (with art. 7); S.I. 1998/3178, **art. 3**

12 Order for return.

- (1) Where a person is committed under section 9 above and is not discharged by order of the High Court or the High Court of Justiciary, the Secretary of State [^{F27}or the Scottish Ministers] may by warrant order him to be returned unless his return is prohibited, or prohibited for the time being, by this Act, or the Secretary of State decides [^{F27}or the Scottish Ministers decide] under this section to make no such order in his case.
- (2) Without prejudice to his general discretion as to the making of an order for the return of a person to a foreign state, Commonwealth country or colony [^{F28}or to the Hong Kong Special Administrative Region]—
 - (a) the Secretary of State [^{F27}or the Scottish Ministers] shall not make an order in the case of any person if it appears to the Secretary of State [^{F27}or the Scottish Ministers] in relation to the offence, or each of the offences, in respect of which his return is sought, that—
 - (i) by reason of its trivial nature; or
 - (ii) by reason of the passage of time since he is alleged to have committed it or to have become unlawfully at large, as the case may be; or
 - (iii) because the accusation against him is not made in good faith in the interests of justice,it would, having regard to all the circumstances, be unjust or oppressive to return him; and
 - (b) the Secretary of State [^{F27}or the Scottish Ministers] may decide to make no order for the return of a person accused or convicted of an offence not punishable with death in Great Britain if that person could be or has been sentenced to death for that offence in the country by which the request for his return is made.

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- (3) An order for return shall not be made in the case of a person who is serving a sentence of imprisonment or detention, or is charged with an offence, in the United Kingdom—
- (a) in the case of a person serving such a sentence, until the sentence has been served;
 - (b) in the case of a person charged with an offence, until the charge is disposed of or withdrawn or unless an order is made for it to lie on the file and, if it results in his serving a term of imprisonment or detention, until the sentence has been served.
- (4) In the application of this section to Scotland, the reference in subsection (3) above to an order being made for the charge to lie on the file shall be construed as a reference to the diet being deserted pro loco et tempore.
- (5) The Secretary of State [^{F27}or the Scottish Ministers] may decide to make no order under this section for the return of a person committed in consequence of an extradition request if another extradition request or a requisition under Schedule 1 to this Act has been made in respect of him and it appears to the Secretary of State [^{F27}or the Scottish Ministers], having regard to all the circumstances of the case and in particular—
- (a) the relative seriousness of the offences in question;
 - (b) the date on which each such request was made; and
 - (c) the nationality or citizenship of the person concerned and his ordinary residence,
- that preference should be given to that other request or requisition.
- (6) Notice of the issue of a warrant under this section for the return of a person to a Commonwealth country or colony shall forthwith be given to the person to be returned.

Textual Amendments

- F27** Words in s. 12(1)(2)(5) inserted (1.7.1999) by S.I. 1999/1750, art. 6(1), **Sch. 5 para. 9(9)(a)(b)** (with art. 7); S.I. 1998/3178, **art. 3**
- F28** Words in s. 12(2) inserted (1.7.1997) by S.I. 1997/1178, art. 2, **Sch. para. 8**.

Modifications etc. (not altering text)

- C10** S. 12: transfer of functions (1.7.1999) by S.I. 1999/1750, art. 2, **Sch. 1** (with art. 7); S.I. 1998/3178, **art. 3**
- C11** S. 12 extended (16.8.2002) (with modifications) by **The Extradition (Overseas Territories) Order 2002** (S.I. 2002/1823), **art. 2**, **Schs. 1-4** (as amended (16.8.2002) by S.I. 2002/1825, art. 2, Sch. 2)
- C12** S. 12(1)-(3)(5)(6) extended (British Antarctic Territory) (with modifications) (6.7.1992) by S.I. 1992/1300, art. 2, **Sch**

13 Return to foreign states – supplementary.

- (1) The Secretary of State [^{F29}or the Scottish Ministers] shall give the person to whom an order under section 12(1) above for return to a foreign state [^{F30}or to the Hong Kong Special Administrative Region] would relate notice in writing that he is contemplating making such an order.
- (2) The person to whom such an order would relate shall have a right to make representations, at any time before the expiration of the period of 15 days commencing with the date on which the notice is given, as to why he should not be returned to the

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foreign state, and unless he waives that right, no such order shall be made in relation to him before the end of that period.

- (3) A notice under subsection (1) above shall explain in ordinary language the right conferred by subsection (2) above.
- (4) It shall be the duty of the Secretary of State [^{F29} or the Scottish Ministers] to consider any representations made in the exercise of that right.
- (5) Unless the person to whom it relates waives the right conferred on him by subsection (6) below, he shall not be returned to the foreign state [^{F30} or to the Hong Kong Special Administrative Region] until the expiration of the period of 7 days commencing with the date on which the warrant is issued or such longer period as—
 - (a) in England and Wales, rules under section 84 of the ^{M5}Supreme Court Act 1981 may provide; or
 - (b) in Scotland, the High Court of Justiciary may provide by Act of Adjournal.
- (6) At any time within that period he may apply for leave to seek judicial review of the Secretary of State's [^{F29} or the Scottish Ministers] decision to make the order.
- (7) If he applies for judicial review, he may not be returned so long as the proceedings for judicial review are pending.
- (8) Proceedings for judicial review shall be treated for the purposes of this section as pending (unless they are discontinued) until (disregarding any power of a court to grant leave to appeal out of time) there is no further possibility of an appeal.
- (9) A warrant under section 12 above—
 - (a) shall state in ordinary language that the Secretary of State has [^{F29} or the Scottish Minister have] considered any representations made in the exercise of the right conferred by subsection (2) above; and
 - (b) shall explain in ordinary language the rights conferred by this section on a person whose return to a foreign state [^{F30} or to the Hong Kong Special Administrative Region] has been ordered under section 12 above,and a copy shall be given to the person to whom it relates as soon as the order for his return is made.

Textual Amendments

F29 Words in s. 13(1)(4)(6)(9) inserted (1.7.1999) by S.I. 1999/1750, art. 6(1), **Sch. 5 para. 9(10)-(12)** (with art. 7); S.I. 1998/3178, **art. 3**

F30 Words in s. 13(1)(5)(9)(b) inserted (1.7.1997) by S.I. 1997/1178, art. 2, **Sch. para. 9**.

Modifications etc. (not altering text)

C13 S. 13(1)(4): transfer of functions (1.7.1999) by S.I. 1999/1750, art. 2, **Sch. 1** (with art. 7); S.I. 1998/3178, **art. 3**

Marginal Citations

M5 1981 c. 54.

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14 Simplified procedure.

- (1) A person may give notice that he waives the rights conferred on him by section 11 above.
- (2) A notice under this section shall be given in England and Wales in the manner prescribed by rules under section 144 of the ^{M6}Magistrates' Courts Act 1980, and without prejudice to the generality of subsection (1) of that section, the power to make such rules shall include power to make provision for a magistrate to order the committal for return of a person with his consent at any time after his arrest.
- (3) A notice under this section shall be given in Scotland in the manner prescribed by the High Court of Justiciary by Act of Adjournal and the sheriff may order the committal for return of a person with his consent at any time after his arrest.
- (4) Where an order is made by virtue of this section, this Act shall cease to apply to the person in respect of whom it is made, except that, if he is not surrendered within one month after the order is made, the High Court or, in Scotland, the High Court of Justiciary, upon application by or on behalf of that person, may, unless reasonable cause is shown for the delay, order him to be discharged.

Modifications etc. (not altering text)

- C14** S. 14 extended (16.8.2002) (with modifications) by [The Extradition \(Overseas Territories\) Order 2002 \(S.I. 2002/1823\)](#), [art. 2](#), [Schs. 1-4](#) (as amended (16.8.2002) by [S.I. 2002/1825](#), [art. 2](#), [Sch. 2](#))
- C15** S. 14(1)(2)(4) extended (British Antarctic Territory) (with modifications) (6.7.1992) by [S.I. 1992/1300](#), [art. 2](#), [Sch.](#)

Marginal Citations

- M6** 1980 c. 43.

Special extradition arrangements

15 Special extradition arrangements.

- (1) Where special extradition arrangements have been made in respect of a person, extradition procedures shall be available in the case of that person, as between the United Kingdom and the foreign state with which the arrangements have been made, subject to the limitations, restrictions, exceptions and qualifications, if any, contained in the arrangements.
- (2) If the Secretary of State issues a certificate of special extradition arrangements, it shall be conclusive evidence of all matters stated in it.
- (3) In subsection (2) above “certificate of special extradition arrangements” means a certificate—
 - (a) that special extradition arrangements have been made in respect of a person as between the United Kingdom and a foreign state specified in the certificate; and
 - (b) that extradition procedures are available in the case of that person as between the United Kingdom and the foreign state to the extent specified in the certificate.

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Effect of delay

16 Discharge in case of delay.

- (1) If a person committed under section 9 above is still in the United Kingdom after the expiration of the relevant period, he may apply to the High Court or the High Court of Justiciary for his discharge.
- (2) Unless he has instituted proceedings for judicial review of the Secretary of State's decision to order his return, the relevant period is—
 - (a) the period of two months beginning with the first day on which, having regard to section 11(2) above, he could have been returned;
 - (b) where a warrant for his return has been issued under section 12 above, the period of one month beginning with the day on which that warrant was issued.
- (3) If he has instituted such proceedings, the relevant period is the period expiring one month after they end.
- (4) Proceedings for judicial review end for the purposes of this section—
 - (a) if they are discontinued, on the day of discontinuance; and
 - (b) if they are determined, on the day on which (disregarding any power of a court to grant leave to appeal out of time) there is no further possibility of an appeal.
- (5) If upon an application under this section the court is satisfied that reasonable notice of the proposed application has been given to the Secretary of State, the court may, unless sufficient cause is shown to the contrary, by order direct the applicant to be discharged and, if a warrant for his return has been issued under section 12 above, quash that warrant.

Modifications etc. (not altering text)

- C16** S. 16 extended (British Antarctic Territory) (with modifications) (6.7.1992) by S.I. 1992/1300, art. 2, Sch.
- S. 16 extended (16.8.2002) (with modifications) by [The Extradition \(Overseas Territories\) Order 2002](#) (S.I. 2002/1823), art. 2, Schs. 1-4 (as amended (16.8.2002) by S.I. 2002/1825, art. 2, Sch. 2)
- C17** S. 16(5): transfer of functions (1.7.1999) by S.I. 1999/1750, art. 2, Sch. 1 (with art. 7); S.I. 1998/3178, art. 3

17 Custody.

- (1) Any person remanded or committed to custody under this Part of this Act shall be committed to the like institution as a person charged with an offence before the court of committal.
- (2) If any person who is in custody by virtue of a warrant under this Act escapes out of custody, he may be retaken in any part of the United Kingdom in like manner as a person escaping from custody under a warrant for his arrest issued in that part in respect of an offence committed in that part.
- (3) Where a person, being in custody in any part of the United Kingdom whether under this Part of this Act or otherwise, is required to be removed in custody under this Act to another part of the United Kingdom and is so removed by sea or by air, he shall be

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deemed to continue in legal custody until he reaches the place to which he is required to be removed.

- (4) A warrant for the return of any person shall be sufficient authority for all persons to whom it is directed and all constables to receive that person, keep him in custody and convey him into the jurisdiction to which he is to be returned.

Modifications etc. (not altering text)

C18 S. 17 extended (British Antarctic Territory) (with modifications) (16.7.1992) by S.I. 1992/1300, art. 2, Sch.

S. 17 extended (16.8.2002) (with modifications) by The Extradition (Overseas Territories) Order 2002 (S.I. 2002/1823), art. 2, Schs. 1-4 (as amended (16.8.2002) by S.I. 2002/1825, art. 2, Sch. 2)

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Changes to legislation:

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