
Status: Point in time view as at 30/03/2006. This version of this schedule contains provisions that are not valid for this point in time.
Changes to legislation: There are currently no known outstanding effects for the Interpretation Act 1978, SCHEDULE 1. (See end of Document for details)

SCHEDULES

SCHEDULE 1

Section 5.

WORDS AND EXPRESSIONS DEFINED

Modifications etc. (not altering text)

- C1** Sch. 1 excluded in part (6.4.2003 with effect in accordance with s. 723(1) of the excluding Act) by [Income Tax \(Earnings and Pensions\) Act 2003 \(c. 1\), s. 721\(6\)\(b\)](#) (subject to [Sch. 7](#))

Note: The years or dates which follow certain entries in this Schedule are relevant for the purposes of paragraph 4 of Schedule 2 (application to existing enactments).

Definitions

[^{F1}“Act” means an Act of Parliament.]

“Associated state” means a territory maintaining a status of association with the United Kingdom in accordance with the ^{M1}West Indies Act 1967. [16th February 1967]

“Bank of England” means, as the context requires, the Governor and Company of the Bank of England or the bank of the Governor and Company of the Bank of England.

“Bank of Ireland” means, as the context requires, the Governor and Company of the Bank of Ireland or the bank of the Governor and Company of the Bank of Ireland.

“British Islands” means the United Kingdom, the Channel Islands and the Isle of Man. [1889]

[^{F2}“British overseas territory” has the same meaning as in the British Nationality Act 1981;]

“British possession” means any part of Her Majesty’s dominions outside the United Kingdom; and where parts of such dominions are under both a central and a local legislature, all parts under the central legislature are deemed, for the purposes of this definition, to be one British possession. [1889]

^{F3}

“Building regulations”, in relation to England and Wales, [^{F4}has the meaning given by section 122 of the Building Act 1984]

“Central funds”, in an enactment providing in relation to England and Wales for the payment of costs out of central funds, means money provided by Parliament.

“Charity Commissioners” means the Charity Commissioners for England and Wales referred to in [^{F5}section 1 of the Charities Act 1993].

“Church Commissioners” means the Commissioners constituted by the ^{M2}Church Commissioners Measure 1947.

[^{F6}“Civil partnership” means a civil partnership which exists under or by virtue of the Civil Partnership Act 2004 (and any reference to a civil partner is to be read accordingly).]

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“Colonial legislature”, and “legislature” in relation to a British possession, mean the authority, other than the Parliament of the United Kingdom or Her Majesty in Council, competent to make laws for the possession. [1889]

“Colony” means any part of Her Majesty’s dominions outside the British Islands except—

- (a) countries having fully responsible status within the Commonwealth;
- (b) territories for whose external relations a country other than the United Kingdom is responsible;
- (c) associated states:

and where parts of such dominions are under both a central and a local legislature, all parts under the central legislature are deemed for the purposes of this definition to be one colony. [1889]

“Commencement”, in relation to an Act or enactment, means the time when the Act or enactment comes into force.

“Committed for trial” means—

- (a) in relation to England and Wales, committed in custody or on bail by a magistrates’ court pursuant to [^{F7}section 6 of the Magistrates’ Courts Act 1980], or by any judge or other authority having power to do so, with a view to trial before a judge and jury; [1889]
- (b) in relation to Northern Ireland, committed in custody or on bail by a magistrates’ court pursuant to [^{F8}Article 37 of the Magistrates’ Courts (Northern Ireland) Order 1981], or by a court, judge, resident magistrate ^{F9}. . . or other authority having power to do so, with a view to trial on indictment. [1st January 1979]

“The Communities”, “the Treaties” or “the Community Treaties” and other expressions defined by section 1 of and Schedule 1 to the ^{M3}European Communities Act 1972 have the meanings prescribed by that Act.

“Comptroller and Auditor General” means the Comptroller-General of the receipt and issue of Her Majesty’s Exchequer and Auditor-General of Public Accounts appointed in pursuance of the ^{M4}Exchequer and Audit Departments Act 1866.

“Consular officer” has the meaning assigned by Article 1 of the Vienna Convention set out in Schedule 1 to the ^{M5}Consular Relations Act 1968.

[^{F10} “The Corporation Tax Acts” means the enactments relating to the taxation of the income and chargeable gains of companies and of company distributions (including provisions relating to income tax);]

“County court” means—

- (a) in relation to England and Wales, a court held for a district under [^{F11}the County Courts Act 1984]; [1846]
- (b) in relation to Northern Ireland, a court held for a division under the County Courts [^{F12}(Northern Ireland) Order 1980]. [1889]

“Court of Appeal” means—

- (a) in relation to England and Wales, Her Majesty’s Court of Appeal in England;
- (b) in relation to Northern Ireland, Her Majesty’s Court of Appeal in Northern Ireland.

“Court of summary jurisdiction”, “summary conviction” and “Summary Jurisdiction Acts”, in relation to Northern Ireland, have the same meanings as in Measures of the Northern Ireland Assembly and Acts of the Parliament of Northern Ireland.

“Crown Court” means—

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- (a) in relation to England and Wales, the Crown Court constituted by section 4 of the ^{M6}Crown Courts Act 1971;
- (b) in relation to Northern Ireland, the Crown Court constituted by section 4 of the ^{M7}Judicature (Northern Ireland) Act 1978.

“Crown Estate Commissioners” means the Commissioners referred to in section 1 of the ^{M8}Crown Estate Act 1961.

[^{F13}“Enactment” does not include an enactment comprised in, or in an instrument made under, an Act of the Scottish Parliament.]

“England” means, subject to any alteration of boundaries under Part IV of the ^{M9}Local Government Act 1972, the area consisting of the counties established by section 1 of that Act, Greater London and the Isles of Scilly. [1st April 1974].

“Financial year” means, in relation to matters relating to the Consolidated Fund, the National Loans Fund, or moneys provided by Parliament, or to the Exchequer or to central taxes or finance, the twelve months ending with 31st March. [1889]

“Governor-General” includes any person who for the time being has the powers of the Governor-General, and “Governor”, in relation to any British possession, includes the officer for the time being administering the government of that possession. [1889]

[^{F14}“Her Majesty’s Revenue and Customs” has the meaning given by section 4 of the Commissioners for Revenue and Customs Act 2005.]

“High Court” means—

- (a) in relation to England and Wales, Her Majesty’s High Court of Justice in England;
- (b) in relation to Northern Ireland, Her Majesty’s High Court of Justice in Northern Ireland.

[^{F15}“The Immigration Acts” has the meaning given by section 64 of the Immigration, Asylum and Nationality Act 2006.]

“The Income Tax Acts” means all enactments relating to income tax, including any provisions of the Corporation Tax Acts which relate to income tax.

“Land” includes building and other structures, land covered with water, and any estate, interest, easement, servitude or right in or over land. [1st January 1979].

“Lands Clauses Acts” means—

- (a) in relation to England and Wales, the ^{M10}Lands Clauses Consolidation Act 1845 and the ^{M11}Lands Clauses Consolidation Acts Amendment Act 1860, and any Acts for the time being in force amending those Acts; [1889]
- (b) in relation to Scotland, the ^{M12}Lands Clauses Consolidation (Scotland) Act 1845 and the ^{M13}Lands Clauses Consolidation Acts Amendment Act 1860, and any Acts for the time being in force amending those Acts; [1889]
- (c) in relation to Northern Ireland, the enactments defined as such by section 46(1) of the ^{M14}Interpretation Act Northern Ireland) 1954. [1889]

“Local land charges register”, in relation to England and Wales, means a register kept pursuant to section 3 of the ^{M15}Local Land Charges Act 1975, and “the appropriate local land charges register” has the meaning assigned by section 4 of that Act.

“London borough” means a borough described in Schedule 1 to the ^{M16}London Government Act 1963, “inner London borough” means one of the boroughs so described and numbered from 1 to 12 and “outer London borough” means one of the boroughs so described and numbered from 13 to 32, subject (in each case) to any alterations made under Part IV of the ^{M17}Local Government Act 1972 [^{F16}or Part II of the Local Government Act 1992].

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“Lord Chancellor” means the Lord High Chancellor of Great Britain.

“Magistrates’ court” has the meaning assigned to it—

- (a) in relation to England and Wales, by [^{F17}section 148 of the Magistrates’ Courts Act 1980];
- (b) in relation to Northern Ireland, by [^{F18}Article 2(2) of the Magistrates’ Courts (Northern Ireland) Order 1981].

“Month” means calendar month. [1850]

“National Debt Commissioners” means the Commissioners for the Reduction of the National Debt.

“Northern Ireland legislation” has the meaning assigned by section 24(5) of this Act. [1st January 1979]

“Oath” and “affidavit” include affirmation and declaration, and “swear” includes affirm and declare.

[^{F19}“Officer of Revenue and Customs” has the meaning given by section 2(1) of the Commissioners for Revenue and Customs Act 2005.]

“Ordnance Map” means a map made under powers conferred by the ^{M18}Ordnance Survey Act 1841 or the ^{M19}Boundary Survey (Ireland) Act 1854.

“Parliamentary Election” means the election of a Member to serve in Parliament for a constituency. [1889]

[^{F20}“PAYE income” has the meaning given by section 683 of the Income Tax (Earnings and Pensions) Act 2003.

“PAYE regulations” means regulations under section 684 of that Act.]

“Person” includes a body of persons corporate or unincorporate. [1889]

“Police area”, “police authority” and other expressions relating to the police have the meaning or effect described—

- (a) in relation to England and Wales, by [^{F21}section 101(1) of the Police Act 1996];
- (b) in relation to Scotland, by sections 50 and 51(4) of the ^{M20}Police (Scotland) Act 1967.

[^{F22}“Police Service of Northern Ireland” and “Police Service of Northern Ireland Reserve” have the same meaning as in the Police (Northern Ireland) Act 2000;]

“The Privy Council” means the Lords and others of Her Majesty’s Most Honourable Privy Council.

[^{F23}“Registered” in relation to nurses and midwives, means registered in the register maintained under article 5 of the [^{F24}Nursing and Midwifery Order 2001] by virtue of qualifications in nursing or midwifery, as the case may be.]

[^{F25}“Registered medical practitioner” means a fully registered person within the meaning of the Medical Act 1983 who holds a licence to practise under that Act.]

“Rules of Court” in relation to any court means rules made by the authority having power to make rules or orders regulating the practice and procedure of that court, and in Scotland includes Acts of Adjournal and Acts of Sederunt; and the power of the authority to make rules of court (as above defined) includes power to make such rules for the purpose of any Act which directs or authorises anything to be done by rules of court. [1889]

“Secretary of State” means one of Her Majesty’s Principal Secretaries of State.

[^{F26}“Sent for trial” means, in relation to England and Wales, sent by a magistrates’ court to the Crown Court for trial pursuant to section 51 or 51A of the Crime and Disorder Act 1998.]

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[^{F27}“Sewerage undertaker”, in relation to England and Wales, shall be construed in accordance with section 6 of the Water Industry Act 1991].

“Sheriff”, in relation to Scotland, includes sheriff principal. [1889]

[^{F28}“The standard scale”, with reference to a fine or penalty for an offence triable only summarily,—

- (a) in relation to England and Wales, has the meaning given by section 37 of the ^{M21}Criminal Justice Act 1982;
- (b) in relation to Scotland, has the meaning given by section 225(1) of the Criminal Procedure (Scotland) Act 1995];
- (c) in relation to Northern Ireland, has the meaning given by Article 5 of the ^{M22}Fines and Penalties (Northern Ireland) Order 1984.

“Statutory declaration” means a declaration made by virtue of the ^{M23}Statutory Declarations Act 1835.

[^{F29}“Statutory maximum”, with reference to a fine or penalty on summary conviction for an offence,—

- (a) in relation to England and Wales, means the prescribed sum within the meaning of section 32 of the ^{M24}Magistrates’ Courts Act 1980;
- (b) in relation to Scotland, means the prescribed sum within the meaning of section 225(8) of the Criminal Procedure (Scotland) Act 1995]; and
- (c) in relation to Northern Ireland, means the prescribed sum within the meaning of Article 4 of the Fines and Penalties (Northern Ireland) Order 1984.

“Supreme Court” means—

- (a) in relation to England and Wales, the Court of Appeal and the High Court together with the Crown Court;
- (b) in relation to Northern Ireland, the Supreme Court of Judicature of Northern Ireland.

[^{F30}“The Tax Acts” means the Income Tax Acts and the Corporation Tax Acts.]

“The Treasury” means the Commissioners of Her Majesty’s Treasury.

[^{F31}“Trust of land” and “trustees of land”, in relation to England and Wales, have the same meanings as in the Trusts of Land and Appointment of Trustees Act 1996.]

“United Kingdom” means Great Britain and Northern Ireland. [12th April 1927]

[^{F32}“Wales” means the combined area of the counties which were created by section 20 of the ^{M25}Local Government Act 1972, as originally enacted, but subject to any alteration made under section 73 of that Act (consequential alteration of boundary following alteration of watercourse).]

[^{F33}“Water undertaker”, in relation to England and Wales, shall be construed in accordance with section 6 of the Water Industry Act 1991].

“Writing” includes typing, printing, lithography, photography and other modes of representing or reproducing words in a visible form, and expressions referring to writing are construed accordingly.

Textual Amendments

- F1** In Sch. 1 definition of “Act” inserted (1.7.1999) by 1998 c. 46, s. 125, **Sch. 8 para. 16(3)** (with s. 126(3)-(11)); S.I. 1998/3178, **art. 2**
- F2** Sch. 1: definition of “British overseas territory” inserted (26.2.2002) by 2002 c. 8, **s. 1(3)**
- F3** Entry repealed by **British Nationality Act 1981** (c. 61, SIF 87), s. 52(8), **Sch. 9**

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- F4** Words substituted by [Building Act 1984 \(c. 55, SIF 15\)](#), s. 133(1), **Sch. 6 para. 19**
- F5** Words in definition of "Charity Commissioners" in Sch. 1 substituted (1.8.1993) by 1993 c. 10, ss. 98(1), 99(1), **Sch. 6 para. 15**
- F6** In Sch. 1 definition of "civil partnership" inserted (5.12.2005) by [Civil Partnership Act 2004 \(c. 33\)](#), ss. 261(1), 263(10), **Sch. 27 para. 59**; S.I. 2005/3175, **art. 2(2)**
- F7** Words substituted by [Magistrates' Courts Act 1980 \(c. 43, SIF 82\)](#), s. 154, **Sch. 7 para. 169(a)**
- F8** Words substituted by S.I. 1981/1675 (N.I. 26), s. 170(2), **Sch. 6 para. 56(a)**
- F9** In Sch. 1 in paragraph (b) of definition of "committed for trial" words repealed (1.4.2005) by [Justice \(Northern Ireland\) Act 2002 \(c. 26\)](#), ss. 86, 87, Sch. 13; S.R. 2005/109, **art. 2**, Sch.
- F10** Definition substituted by [Finance Act 1987 \(c. 16, SIF 63:1\)](#), ss. 2(8), 71, **Sch. 15 para. 12**
- F11** Words substituted by [County Courts Act 1984 \(c. 28, SIF 34\)](#), s. 148(1), **Sch. 2 Pt. V para. 68**
- F12** Words substituted by S.I. 1980/397 (N.I. 3), **Sch. 1 Pt. II**
- F13** In Sch. 1 definition of "enactment" inserted (1.7.1999) by 1998 c. 46, s. 125, **Sch. 8 para. 16(3)** (with s. 126(3)-(11)); S.I. 1998/3178, **art. 2**
- F14** In Sch. 1 definition of "Her Majesty's Revenue and Customs" inserted (7.4.2005 at 5.45 p.m.) by [Commissioners for Revenue and Customs Act 2005 \(c. 11\)](#), ss. 4(3), 53; S.I. 2005/1126, **art. 2**
- F15** In Sch. 1 definition of "the immigration acts" inserted (30.3.2006) by [Immigration, Asylum and Nationality Act 2006 \(c. 13\)](#), s. 64(4)
- F16** Sch 1: words in definition of "London borough" inserted (31.10.1992) by [Local Government Act 1992 \(c. 19\)](#), s. 27(1), **Sch. 3 para. 21**; S.I. 1992/2371, **art. 2**
- F17** Words substituted by [Magistrates' Courts Act 1980 \(c. 43, SIF 82\)](#), s. 154, **Sch. 7 para. 169(b)**
- F18** Words substituted by S.I. 1981/1675 (N.I. 26), s. 170(2), **Sch. 6 para. 56(b)**
- F19** In Sch. 1 definition of "Officer of Revenue and Customs" inserted (7.4.2005 at 5.45 p.m.) by [Commissioners for Revenue and Customs Act 2005 \(c. 11\)](#), ss. 2(7), 53; S.I. 2005/1126, **art. 2**
- F20** In Sch. 1 definitions of "PAYE income" and "PAYE regulations" inserted (6.4.2003 with effect as mentioned in s. 723(1)(a)(b) of amending Act) by [Income Tax \(Earnings and Pensions\) Act 2003 \(c. 1\)](#), ss. 722, 723, **Sch. 6 Pt. 2 para. 148** (subject to Sch. 7)
- F21** In Sch. 1 in definition of "police area" words substituted (22.8.1996) by 1996 c. 16, ss. 103, 104(1), **Sch. 7 Pt. II para. 32**
- F22** Sch. 1: definitions of "Police Service of Northern Ireland" and "Police Service of Northern Ireland Reserve" inserted (4.11.2001) by 2000 c. 32, s. 74, **Sch. 6**, para. 5; S.R. 2001/396, art. 2, **Sch.**
- F23** Sch. 1: definition of "registered" substituted by S.I. 2002/253, art. 54, **Sch. 5 para. 7** (the amendment coming into force in accordance with art. 1(2)(3) of the amending S.I.)
- F24** Sch. 1: words in definition of "Registered" substituted (1.8.2004) by [The Health Act 1999 \(Consequential Amendments\) \(Nursing and Midwifery\) Order 2004 \(S.I. 2004/1771\)](#), arts. 1(2), 3, **Sch. para. 7**
- F25** Sch. 1: definition of "registered medical practitioner" substituted by S.I. 2002/3135, art. 16(1), **Sch. 1 para. 10** (with transitional provisions in Sch. 2) (the amendment coming into force in accordance with art. 1(2)(3) of the amending S.I.)
- F26** In Sch. 1 definition of "sent for trial" inserted (9.5.2005 for specified purposes, 18.6.2012 for specified purposes, 5.11.2012 for specified purposes, 28.5.2013 for specified purposes) by [Criminal Justice Act 2003 \(c. 44\)](#), ss. 41, 336(3), **Sch. 3 Pt. 2 para. 49(b)**; S.I. 2005/1267, **art. 2**, Sch. Pt. 1 para. 1(1)(h); S.I. 2012/1320, **art. 4(1)(c)(2)(3)** (with art. 5) (see S.I. 2012/2574, art. 4(2) and S.I. 2013/1103, art. 4); S.I. 2012/2574, **art. 2(c)(2)(3)**, Sch. (with arts. 3, 4) (as amended (4.11.2012) by S.I. 2012/2761, art. 2) (with S.I. 2013/1103, art. 4); S.I. 2013/1103, **art. 2(1)(c)(2)(3)** (with arts. 3, 4)
- F27** Definition inserted (E.W.) by [Water Act 1989 \(c. 15, SIF 130\)](#), ss. 58(7), 101(1), 141(6), 160(1)(2)(4), 163, 189(4)-(10), 190, 193(1), Sch. 25 para. 55(2), Sch. 26 paras. 3(1)(2), 17, 40(4), 57(6), **58**
- F28** Definition inserted by [Criminal Justice Act 1988 \(c. 33, SIF 39:1\)](#), ss. 123(6), 170(1), Sch. 8 para. 16, **Sch. 15 para. 58(a)**
- F29** Definition inserted by [Criminal Justice Act 1988 \(c. 33, SIF 39:1\)](#), ss. 123(6), 170(1), Sch. 8 para. 16, **Sch. 15 para. 58(b)**
- F30** Definition substituted by [Finance Act 1987 \(c. 16, SIF 63:1\)](#), ss. 2(8), 71, **Sch. 15 para. 12**
- F31** In Sch. 1 definitions of "trust of land" and "trustees of land" inserted (E.W.) (1.1.1997) by 1996 c. 47, s. 25(1), **Sch. 3 para. 16** (with ss. 24(2), 25(4)(5)); S.I. 1996/2974, **art. 2**

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- F32** Definition of "Wales" in Sch. 1 substituted (3.4.1995) by 1994 c. 19, s. 1(3), **Sch. 2 para. 9** (with ss. 54(5)(7), 55(5), Sch. 17 para. 22(1), 23(2)); S.I. 1995/852, art. 3, **Sch. 1**
- F33** Definition substituted by Water Act 1989 (c. 15, SIF 130), ss. 58(7), 101(1), 141(6), 160(1)(2)(4), 163, 189(4)-(10), 190, 193(1), Sch. 25 para. 55(3), Sch. 26 paras. 3(1)(2), 17, 40(4), 57(6), **58**

Marginal Citations

- M1** 1967 c. 4.
M2 1947 C.A.M. No. 2.
M3 1972 c. 68.
M4 1866 c. 39.
M5 1968 c. 18.
M6 1971 c. 23.
M7 1978 c. 23.
M8 1961 c. 55.
M9 1972 c. 70.
M10 1845 c. 18.
M11 1860 c. 106.
M12 1845 c. 19.
M13 1860 c. 106.
M14 1954 c. 33 (N.I.)
M15 1975 c. 76.
M16 1963 c. 33.
M17 1972 c. 70.
M18 1841 c. 30.
M19 1854 c. 17.
M20 1967 c. 77.
M21 1982 c. 48 (39:1).
M22 S.I. 1984/703 (N.I. 3).
M23 1835 c. 62.
M24 1980 c. 43 (82).
M25 1972 c. 70.

F34 . . .

Textual Amendments

- F34** Entry repealed (E.W.) (14.10.1991) by Children Act 1989 (c. 41, SIF 20), s. 108(6)(7), **Sch.15** (Sch. 14 paras. 1(1), 27(4)); S.I. 1991/828, **art. 3(2)**

F35

Textual Amendments

- F35** Entry repealed (E.W.) (14.10.1991) by Children Act 1989 (c. 41, SIF 20), **s. 108** (6)(7) (Sch. 14 paras. 1(1), 27(4)) Sch.15; S.I. 1991/828, **art. 3(2)**.

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Textual Amendments

F35 Entry repealed (E.W) (14.10.1991) by [Children Act 1989 \(c. 41, SIF 20\)](#), **s. 108** (6)(7) (Sch. 14 paras. 1(1), 27(4)) Sch.15; [S.I. 1991/828, art. 3\(2\)](#).

Construction of certain expressions relating to offences

In relation to England and Wales—

- (a) “indictable offence” means an offence which, if committed by an adult, is triable on indictment, whether it is exclusively so triable or triable either way;
- (b) “summary offence” means an offence which, if committed by an adult, is triable only summarily;
- (c) “offence triable either way” means an offence [^{F36}, other than an offence triable on indictment only by virtue of Part V of the Criminal Justice Act 1988] which, if committed by an adult, is triable either on indictment or summarily;

and the terms “indictable”, “summary” and “triable either way”, in their application to offences, are to be construed accordingly.

Textual Amendments

F36 Words inserted by [Criminal Justice Act 1988 \(c. 33, SIF 39:1\)](#), ss. 123(6), 170, Sch. 8 para. 16, **Sch. 15 para. 59**

In the above definitions references to the way or ways in which an offence is triable are to be construed without regard to the effect, if any, of [^{F37}section 22 of the Magistrates’ Courts Act 1980] on the mode of trial in a particular case.

Textual Amendments

F37 Words substituted by [Magistrates' Courts Act 1980 \(c. 43, SIF 82\)](#), s. 154, **Sch. 7 para. 169(c)**

Textual Amendments

F36 Words inserted by [Criminal Justice Act 1988 \(c. 33, SIF 39:1\)](#), ss. 123(6), 170, Sch. 8 para. 16, **Sch. 15 para. 59**

F37 Words substituted by [Magistrates' Courts Act 1980 \(c. 43, SIF 82\)](#), s. 154, **Sch. 7 para. 169(c)**

[^{F38} Construction of certain references to relationships

Textual Amendments

F38 Entry added (E.W.) by [Family Law Reform Act 1987 \(c. 42, SIF 49:7\)](#), s. 33(1)(2), Sch. 2 para. 73, **Sch. 3 paras. 1, 6**

In relation to England and Wales—

- (a) references (however expressed) to any relationship between two persons;

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- (b) references to a person whose father and mother were or were not married to each other at the time of his birth; and
- (c) references cognate with references falling within paragraph (b) above, shall be construed in accordance with section 1 of the Family Law Reform Act 1987. [The date of the coming into force of that section]]

Modifications etc. (not altering text)

C2 Paragraph excluded by [Income and Corporation Taxes Act 1988 \(c. 1, SIF 63:1\)](#), [s. 831\(4\)](#)

Modifications etc. (not altering text)

C2 Paragraph excluded by [Income and Corporation Taxes Act 1988 \(c. 1, SIF 63:1\)](#), [s. 831\(4\)](#)

VALID FROM 01/04/2013

[^{F39}Construction of certain expressions relating to the police: Scotland

Textual Amendments

F39 Words in Sch. 1 inserted (1.4.2013) by [The Police and Fire Reform \(Scotland\) Act 2012 \(Consequential Provisions and Modifications\) Order 2013 \(S.I. 2013/602\)](#), art. 1(2), [Sch. 2 para. 15\(3\)](#)

In relation to Scotland—

- (a) references to a police force include references to the Police Service of Scotland;
- (b) references to a chief officer of police include references to the chief constable of the Police Service of Scotland;
- (c) “police authority” means the Scottish Police Authority;
- (d) the “police area” of the Police Service of Scotland is Scotland and references to a police force or police authority for any area include references to the Police Service of Scotland or, as the case may be, the Scottish Police Authority;
- (e) references to a constable or chief constable of, or appointed for, any area are to be construed as references to a constable or, as the case may be, the chief constable of, or appointed for, the Police Service of Scotland.]

Status:

Point in time view as at 30/03/2006. This version of this schedule contains provisions that are not valid for this point in time.

Changes to legislation:

There are currently no known outstanding effects for the Interpretation Act 1978, SCHEDULE 1.