

# Licensing Act 1964

## **1964 CHAPTER 26**

#### **PART I**

#### THE GENERAL LICENSING SYSTEM

#### Miscellaneous

### **Proof of justices' licence and provisions as to forgery thereof**

- (1) Any document purporting to be a justices' licence and—
  - (a) to be signed by the majority of the justices present when the licence was granted, or
  - (b) to be sealed or stamped with an official seal or stamp affixed or impressed under the authority of the licensing justices and to contain a certificate signed by the clerk to the licensing justices verifying that authority,

shall be received in evidence.

- (2) Any document purporting to be a copy of a justices' licence certified under the hand of the clerk to the licensing justices by whom the licence was granted to be a true copy shall be received in evidence—
  - (a) by licensing justices on an application for the renewal, transfer or removal of the licence, and
  - (b) by justices of the peace on an application for a protection order,
  - if the justices are satisfied by evidence that the original has been lost or unlawfully withheld.
- (3) If any person forges a justices' licence or tenders a justices' licence knowing it to have been forged, he shall be liable to imprisonment for a term not exceeding six months or a fine not exceeding twenty pounds.
- (4) Any excise licence granted in pursuance of a forged justices' licence shall be void.