



Appointment of Commissioners for the said Wards, and of Officers, Clerks, Collectors, and Watchmen, and the laying on and levying of the Assessment therein directed, are now near expiring: And whereas it is of great Importance, and will promote the Security, Comfort, and Convenience of the Inhabitants of the said City, that certain Parts of the said recited Acts should be altered, amended, and continued, and other Powers granted in relation thereto; but as these Purposes cannot be accomplished without the Aid and Authority of Parliament, May it therefore please Your Majesty that it may be enacted; and be it enacted by the King's most Excellent Majesty, by and with the Advice and Consent of the Lords Spiritual and Temporal, and Commons, in this present Parliament assembled, and by the Authority of the same, That from and after the passing of this Act, and in order to facilitate and assist the Execution thereof, the said City shall be divided into separate Wards or Districts, and Commissioners thereof appointed in manner herein-after mentioned; and the said City is hereby accordingly divided into the following Wards or Districts;

First Ward.

*videlicet*, The First Ward, comprehending the North Side of *Trongate Street* from the Cross to *Candlerigg Street*, the East Side of that Street from *Trongate Street* to *Bell Street*, the South Side of that Street from *Candlerigg Street* to *High Street*, and the West Side of that Street from the Cross to *Bell Street*, with all the intermediate

Second Ward.

Lanes and Buildings: The Second Ward, comprehending the West Side of *High Street* from *Bell Street* to *Greyfriars Wynd*, the North Side of *Bell Street* from *High Street* to *Candlerigg Street*, the South Side of *Grammar School Wynd* and of *Canon Street* from *High Street* to *Candlerigg Street*, and the East Side of that Street from *Canon Street* to *Bell Street*, with all the intermediate Lanes and Buildings:

Third Ward.

The Third Ward, comprehending the West Side of *High Street* from *Greyfriars Wynd* to *George Street*, the North Side of *Greyfriars Wynd* and of *Canon Street* and of *Ingram Street* from *High Street* to *John Street*, the South Side of *George Street* from *High Street* to *John Street*, and the East Side of that Street from *George Street* to *Ingram Street*, with all the intermediate Streets, Lanes, and Buildings:

Fourth Ward.

The Fourth Ward, comprehending the West Side of *High Street* from *George Street* to *Rottenrow Street*, the North Side of *George Street* from *High Street* to *John Street*, the South Side of *Rottenrow Street* from *High Street* to *John Street*, and the East Side of that Street from *Rottenrow Street* to *George Street*, with all the intermediate Streets, Lanes, and Buildings:

Fifth Ward.

The Fifth Ward, comprehending the North Side of *Trongate Street* from *Candlerigg Street* to *Glassford Street*, the West Side of *Candlerigg Street* from *Trongate Street* to *Ingram Street*, the South Side of that Street from *Candlerigg Street* to *Glassford Street*, and the East Side of that Street from *Ingram Street* to *Trongate Street*, with all the intermediate Streets, Lanes, and Buildings:

Sixth Ward.

The Sixth Ward, comprehending the North Side of *Argyll Street* from *Glassford Street* to *Queen Street*, the West Side of *Glassford Street* from *Argyll Street* to *Ingram Street*, the South Side of that Street from *Glassford Street* to *Queen Street*, and the East Side of that Street from *Ingram Street* to *Argyll Street*, with all the intermediate Streets, Lanes, and Buildings:

Seventh Ward.

The Seventh Ward, comprehending the North Side of *Ingram Street* from *John Street* to *Queen Street*, the West Side of *John Street* from *Ingram Street* to *Rottenrow Street* or *Lane*, the South

Side of that Lane from *John Street* to the Road to *Cowcaddens*, and the East Side of *Queen Street* and of the said Road to *Cowcaddens* from *Ingram Street* to the said Lane, with all the intermediate Streets, Lanes, and Buildings: The Eighth Ward, comprehending the North Side of *Argyll Street* from *Queen Street* to the Boundary of the Royalty in that Direction, and the West Side of *Queen Street* and of the Road to *Cowcaddens* from *Argyll Street* to the Bridge on that Road over *Saint Enoch's Burn*, with all the Streets, Lanes, and Buildings within the Royalty to the North and West of these Lines, and also all those Parts of the Royalty situated to the West of the Road from the aforesaid Bridges to *Port Dundas* on the Canal, and to the West and South-west of the Canal: The Ninth Ward, comprehending the South Side of *Trongate Street* from the Cross to *King Street*, the West Side of *Saltmarket Street* from the Cross to *Prince's Street*, the North Side of that Street from *Saltmarket Street* to *King Street*, and the East Side of that Street from *Trongate Street* to *Prince's Street*, with all the intermediate Lanes and Buildings: The Tenth Ward, comprehending the West Side of *Saltmarket Street* from *Prince's Street* to the River *Clyde*, the South Side of *Prince's Street* from *Saltmarket Street* to *King Street*, and the East Side of that Street and of *Market Lane* from *Prince's Street* to the said River, with all the intermediate Lanes and Buildings: The Eleventh Ward, comprehending the South Side of *Trongate Street* from *King Street* to *New Wynd*, the West Side of *King Street* and of *Market Lane* from *Trongate Street* to the River, and the East Side of *New Wynd* from *Trongate Street* to *Bridgegate Street*, with all the intermediate Lanes and Buildings, and also the South Side of *Bridgegate Street* from *Market Lane* to the *Old Bridge* over the River *Clyde*, and all the Lanes and Buildings betwixt that Part of *Bridgegate Street* and the River: The Twelfth Ward, comprehending the South Side of *Trongate Street* from *New Wynd* to *Old Wynd*, the West Side of *New Wynd* from *Trongate Street* to *Bridgegate Street*, the North Side of that Street from *New Wynd* to *Old Wynd*, and the East Side of *Old Wynd* from *Trongate Street* to *Bridgegate Street*, with all the intermediate Lanes and Buildings: The Thirteenth Ward, comprehending the South Side of *Trongate Street* from *Old Wynd* to *Stockwell Street*, the West Side of *Old Wynd* from *Trongate Street* to *Bridgegate Street*, the East Side of *Stockwell Street* from *Trongate* to *Bridgegate Street*, and the North Side of that Street from *Stockwell Street* to *Old Wynd*, with all the intermediate Lanes and Buildings: The Fourteenth Ward, comprehending the South Side of *Argyll Street* from *Stockwell Street* to *Maxwell Street*, the West Side of *Stockwell Street* from *Argyll Street* to the River, from the North End of the *Old Bridge* to the Line of *Maxwell Street*, and the East Side of that Street from *Argyll Street* Southward, and of a Line continued in the same Direction to the River, with all the intermediate Streets, Lanes, and Buildings: The Fifteenth Ward, comprehending the South Side of *Argyll Street* and of *Anderston Road*, from *Maxwell Street* to the Boundary of the Royalty, the West Side of *Maxwell Street* from *Argyll Street* Southward in a Line continued in the same Direction to the River, including the *Broomielaw Quay*, and all the Streets, Lanes, and Buildings within the Royalty situated to the South and West of these Two Lines: The Sixteenth Ward, comprehending the East Side of *Saltmarket Street* from the Cross

to

- to *Saint Andrew's Street*, the North Side of that Street to the Burn, and the South Side of *Gallowgate Street* from the Cross to the Burn, with all the Lanes and Buildings situated betwixt these Lines and the Burn:
- Seventeenth Ward. The Seventeenth Ward, comprehending all Sides of *Saint Andrew's Square*, with the Lanes and Buildings betwixt that Square and *Great Hamilton Street*, the South Side of *Saint Andrew's Street* and the East Side of *Saltmarket Street* from *Saint Andrew's Street* to *Green Street*, with all the intermediate Lanes and Buildings: The Eighteenth
- Eighteenth Ward. Ward, comprehending the South Side of *Gallowgate Street* from the Burn to *Saint Mungo's Lane*, both Sides of *Charlotte Street*, and all the other Lanes and Buildings betwixt the Burn and the Grounds belonging to *Saint Andrew's Square* on the West and *Saint Mungo's Lane* on the East: The Nineteenth
- Nineteenth Ward. Ward, comprehending the North Side of *Gallowgate Street* from the Cross to *Spoutmouth Lane*, the West Side of that Lane to the Foot of *Old Vennal*, the East Side of *High Street* from the Cross to the Head of *Old Vennal*, and the South Side of that Vennal till it join *Spoutmouth Lane*, with all the intermediate Lanes and Buildings: The Twentieth
- Twentieth Ward. Ward, comprehending the East Side of *Spoutmouth Lane* from *Gallowgate Street* to the College Grounds, and the North Side of *Gallowgate Street* from that Lane to *Barrack Street*, from *Gallowgate Street* to *Drygate Bridge*, with all the Streets, Lanes, and Buildings to the North of that Part of *Gallowgate Street*, and betwixt that Street and the College Grounds: The
- Twenty-first Ward. Twenty-first Ward, comprehending the North Side of *Old Vennal*, the East Side of *High Street* from that Vennal to *Duke Street*, and the South Side of *Duke Street* from *High Street* to the Burn, with all the intermediate Lanes and Buildings, and also the Lanes and Buildings within the Royalty to the East of the Burn and to the North of the College Grounds, including the Parts about *Drygate Bridge*, *Lady Well*, and both Sides of the Road towards *Carntine* Eastward to the Boundary of the Royalty: The Twenty-second
- Twenty-second Ward. Ward, comprehending the North Side of *Duke Street* from *High Street* to the Burn, the East Side of *High Street* from *Duke Street* to *Drygate Street*, and also the East Side of *Kirk Street* to *Castle Street*, and of *Castle Street* and of *Howgate*, and the Road to *Edinburgh* by *Kirkintulloch* to the Boundary of the Royalty in that Direction, and the West Side of the Burn from *Duke Street* Northward, with all the intermediate Streets and Buildings, and whole Royalty, situated to the North thereof, and to the East of the said Road: The Twenty-third
- Twenty-third Ward. Ward, comprehending the West Side of *Kirk Street* from *Rottenrow Street* Northward, and of *Castle Street* and *Howgate*, and the Road to *Edinburgh* by *Kirkintulloch* to the Boundary of the Royalty in that Direction, the North Side of *Rottenrow Street*, and the Lane continued from it Westward to the *Cowcaddens* Road, and the East Side of that Road Northward, and of the Road to *Port Dundas* on the Canal, to the Boundary of the Royalty in that Direction, with all the intermediate Lanes, Buildings, and Grounds, and the whole Royalty to the West of the said *Kirkintulloch* Road, and the North and East of the said Canal: The Twenty-fourth
- Twenty-fourth Ward. Ward, comprehending the East Side of *Saint Mungo's Lane*, the South Side of *Gallowgate Street*, from that Lane to opposite *Barrack Street*, and both Sides of *Gallowgate Street*, from thence to *Cam-lachie*, or the Boundary of the Royalty in that Direction, including
- Craig-

*Craignestock*, and the other Streets and Buildings adjacent, and within the Royalty.

II. And be it further enacted, That there shall be Two Resident Commissioners for each of the said Wards, residing within their respective Wards, who shall be qualified, named, elected, and chosen in manner after mentioned, who shall be termed Resident Commissioners of their respective Wards, and shall have, exercise, and possess all the Powers which by the Law of *Scotland* belong to the Office of Constable, within the Limits of this Act, and shall, as such, and under the Authority of the Magistrates of the said City, have a general Superintendence of their respective Districts, take all Measures necessary for preserving the general Peace, Order, and Comfort of the Inhabitants thereof, and co-operate with the General Commissioners herein-after appointed, and make Reports to them, or the said Magistrates, from Time to Time, as Occasion may require.

Two Resident Commissioners to be elected in each Ward.

III. And be it further enacted, That there shall also be One General Commissioner for each of the said Wards, residing within his own District or Ward, who shall be qualified, named, elected, and chosen in manner after mentioned, who shall have, exercise, and possess all the Powers belonging to the Office of Resident Commissioner, and shall be a Member of the Board of General Commissioners herein-after appointed for the Purposes herein-after specified.

One General Commissioner to be elected in each Ward.

IV. Provided always, and be it further enacted, That it shall be lawful to and in the Power of the Lord Provost, Magistrates, Dean of Guild, and Deacon Convener of the Trades of the said City, and the other General Commissioners named and appointed in manner herein-after directed, to alter, vary, add to, or diminish the said Wards or any of them in such Manner as the State of the Population thereof or other Circumstances shall to the said Lord Provost, Magistrates, Dean of Guild, Deacon Convener, and other General Commissioners appear from Time to Time to require; and in the event of any Addition being made to the Number of Wards, by Subdivision thereof, or otherwise, Resident and General Commissioners shall be elected and chosen in and for such additional Wards in manner and for the Purposes herein mentioned; and further, in the event of its being found and declared by the said Lord Provost, Magistrates, Dean of Guild, Deacon Convener, and other General Commissioners to be necessary and expedient, in the State of the Population of the said Wards or any of them, or other Circumstances, that additional Resident Commissioners should be chosen in and for the said Wards or any of them, it shall be lawful to and in the Power of the said Lord Provost, Magistrates, Dean of Guild, Deacon Convener, and other General Commissioners to fix and advertise the Number of such additional Resident Commissioners who shall be qualified, elected, and chosen in manner and for the Purposes herein directed.

Commissioners may alter Wards.

And Additional Commissioners may be elected.

V. And be it further enacted, That the said General Commissioners who are not continued in Office in manner herein-after, provided shall be elected on the last *Monday* of the First ensuing Month after the passing of this Act, and the said Resident Commissioners on the Second *Monday* of the Second Month after the passing of this Act, by a Majority of

How Commissioners are to be elected.

Votes of the Occupiers of Dwelling Houses, Shops, Warehouses, and other Premises and Buildings within the respective Wards, valued in manner herein-after directed at Ten Pounds Sterling or upwards of yearly Rent, out of the Number of Householders within the District or Ward whose Dwelling Houses, exclusive of those Parts occupied as Shops or Warehouses, are valued in manner aforesaid, according to the following Rental; *videlicet*, In Wards where there are Fifteen Householders qualified as aforesaid, whose Dwelling Houses, exclusive of those Parts occupied as Shops or Warehouses, are valued in manner aforesaid at Thirty Pounds Sterling and upwards of yearly Rent, the Commissioners for such Ward shall be chosen from the Householders of the above Description, and no Person or Persons in such Wards whose yearly Rent so valued does not amount to the said Sum shall be eligible to the said Office: In Wards where there are not Fifteen Householders qualified as aforesaid, but where there are Fifteen Householders whose Dwelling Houses, exclusive of those Parts occupied as Shops or Warehouses, are valued in manner aforesaid at Twenty-five Pounds Sterling and upwards of yearly Rent, the Commissioners for such Ward shall be elected from the Class last mentioned: In Wards where there are not Fifteen Householders qualified as aforesaid, but where there are Fifteen Householders whose Dwelling Houses are valued in manner aforesaid at Twenty Pounds Sterling and upwards, the Commissioners for such Ward shall be elected from the Class last mentioned: In Wards where there are not Fifteen Householders qualified as aforesaid, but where there are Fifteen Householders whose Dwelling Houses are valued in manner aforesaid at Fifteen Pounds Sterling and upwards, the Commissioners for such Ward shall be elected from the Class last mentioned: Provided always, that in Wards where there are not Fifteen Householders so qualified the Commissioners thereof may be elected out of the Number of those whose Dwelling Houses are valued in manner aforesaid at Ten Pounds Sterling or upwards of yearly Rent; and where Dwelling Houses and Shops or Warehouses are contiguous, and are possessed by the same Person, that one Half of the aggregate Rent of the whole Possession shall be accounted House Rent, and the other Half Shop Rent.

Manner of  
voting for  
Commission-  
ers.

VI. And be it further enacted, That the said Votes shall be given in each Ward separately, by written Notes or Tickets subscribed by the Voters, specifying their Names, Designations, and Qualifications, and containing the Names and Designations of the Persons voted for, put into Boxes prepared for the Purpose, on the Day appointed for each Election, which Boxes the Lord Provost, Magistrates, Dean of Guild, and Deacon Convener of the Trades of the City, and the other General Commissioners herein-after appointed and continued in Office, shall and they are hereby authorized and required to prepare in such Form as to them shall seem expedient, and to put up One of these Boxes in such Place within each Ward as to them shall seem proper, and of which they shall give Eight Days previous Notice by Advertisement in Two or more of the *Glasgow* Newspapers, in order that all concerned may have Access to put their Notes or Tickets into the same, between the Hours of Ten of the Clock Forenoon and Four of the Clock Afternoon of the Day of Election, at which last Hour the Election shall be closed, and the Boxes removed, and afterwards opened, and

and the Votes scrutinized, and provided there shall be Ten Votes in whole in each Ward for each Commissioner, as after mentioned, the Persons having the greatest Number of Votes shall be declared by the said Lord Provost, Magistrates, Dean of Guild, and Deacon Convener, and other General Commissioners, to be the then General and Resident Commissioners respectively, and shall be enrolled accordingly, and the Resident Commissioner having most Votes in each Ward at the first Election after the passing of this Act shall be the senior Resident Commissioner; and in case there shall be an Equality of Votes for Commissioners of any of the said Wards, the Board of Commissioners hereinafter appointed shall determine which of the Candidates is to be preferred: Provided always, that when any Person shall have a Qualification in one Ward upon a Dwelling House, and in another Ward upon a Shop, Warehouse, or other Building or Premises, such Person shall vote and act in respect of the Dwelling House only; and that where any Person shall have Dwelling Houses affording a Qualification in different Wards, such Person shall vote and act in respect of the House of greatest Value only.

VII. And be it further enacted, That in case any Person or Persons not qualified to vote as herein provided shall nevertheless vote or attempt to vote at the said Elections, every Person so offending shall forfeit any Sum not exceeding Five Pounds Sterling for each Offence, *toties quoties*, which Forfeitures shall be levied and applied in manner herein-after directed. Penalty on Persons voting who are not qualified.

VIII. And be it further enacted, That in case any of the said Commissioners named and elected in manner herein directed shall refuse or neglect to accept the Office, on being required so to do by the Lord Provost, Magistrates, and other General Commissioners herein appointed, they shall forfeit a Sum equal to Double their Assessment for the Purposes of this Act for the Year in which they so refuse, such Forfeiture to be levied in manner herein-after directed, and applied solely for the Purposes of this Act; and in the event of such Refusal or Neglect, or if any of the said Commissioners so named or elected shall die, or shall cease to reside within the Wards or Districts for which they are elected, their Places which have thereby become vacant shall be supplied by those qualified in manner aforesaid, and elected in manner after mentioned: Provided always, that the said Forfeiture shall not be incurred by the Refusal or Neglect of any Persons to accept who have previously held Office as Commissioners; and that Persons who have incurred such Forfeiture shall not be liable to be compelled to accept of the Office of Commissioner for Seven Years thereafter. If Commissioners refuse to act, or remove to other Wards, &c.

IX. And be it further enacted, That when the Office of any of the Commissioners shall become vacant, the Lord Provost, or, in his Absence, the next senior Magistrate present in the City, shall, within Fourteen Days after such Vacancy or Vacancies shall happen or become known to him, advertise in manner before directed an Election or Elections to be made in manner before appointed, not more than Twelve Days after the Publication of the Advertisements, in order to choose a Commissioner or Commissioners (qualified in manner aforesaid) to supply the said Vacancy or Vacancies: Provided always, that notwithstanding his or their Removal to another Supplying Vacancies among Commissioners.  
Ward

Ward such Commissioners, if still resident within the City, may, if the said Lord Provost, Magistrates, Dean of Guild, Deacon Convener, and other General Commissioners approve, continue and have Power to act as Commissioners for the Wards for which they were formerly elected till the then next annual Election of Commissioners.

Disputed Qualifications how to be decided.

X. And be it further enacted, That in case any Dispute or Difference shall arise relative either to the Qualifications of the Electors or of the Persons elected, the same shall be determined by the said Lord Provost, Magistrates, Dean of Guild, Deacon Convener, and other General Commissioners, whose Determination, or a Majority of them present, in all Cases shall be final and binding on all Persons concerned.

How Commissioners are to be appointed when Electors neglect or refuse to elect.

XI. And be it further enacted, That in case the Electors of any of the said Wards shall refuse or neglect to elect Commissioners for the same, either upon the said last *Monday* of the First ensuing Month after the passing of this Act or the Second *Monday* of the Second Month after the passing of this Act, in manner before directed, or upon any other Day appointed by Authority of this Act for electing Commissioners to supply Vacancies, or in case the Number of Voters giving their Votes for any Commissioner in any one Ward shall be less than Ten, then and in such Cases it shall be lawful for and in the Power of the said Lord Provost, Magistrates, Dean of Guild, Deacon Convener, and other General Commissioners herein appointed, who shall have accepted their Offices, to nominate and appoint Commissioners, qualified in manner before directed, for the said Wards; and such Persons, when so nominated and appointed, shall have and enjoy the same Powers and Privileges as Resident Commissioners and as General Commissioners respectively, and shall remain the same Time in Office, as if they had been elected by the Possessors of Houses, Shops, Warehouses, and other Buildings in their respective Wards in the Manner herein first directed.

Commissioners to go out of Office by Rotation.

XII. And whereas it is necessary that the said Commissioners should remain in Office for such Period as to enable them to acquire Experience and Knowledge of the Business hereby intrusted to them; be it therefore enacted, That the Commissioners who were chosen and appointed under the said recited Act of the Forty-seventh Year of His late Majesty, and who are at present acting in that Capacity, shall be continued as General Commissioners till the last *Monday* in *July* One thousand eight hundred and twenty-two, when Eight of them shall, as being disqualified by Seniority in the Manner directed by that Act, go out of Office, and Eight other General Commissioners, qualified and elected in manner aforesaid, shall be chosen to supply their Places; and that the Resident Commissioners to be elected on the Second *Monday* of the Second Month after the passing of this Act shall be continued in Office till the Second *Monday* of *August* One thousand eight hundred and twenty-two, when the senior Resident Commissioner in each Ward shall be disqualified and go out of Office, and One other Resident Commissioner in each Ward, qualified and elected in manner aforesaid, shall be chosen to supply their Places; and that at the Election in One thousand eight hundred and twenty-three Eight of the said General Commissioners shall, as being disqualified by Seniority, in manner aforesaid, go out of Office, and the senior Resident Commissioner for each Ward shall be disqualified and go out of Office,  
and



and Eight other General Commissioners, qualified and elected in manner aforesaid, and One other Resident Commissioner in each Ward, qualified and elected in manner aforesaid, shall be chosen to supply their Places respectively; and that on the last *Monday* in *July* and Second *Monday* in *August* One thousand eight hundred and twenty-four, and on these respective Days annually thereafter, Eight of the General Commissioners shall go out of Office by Rotation, and the senior Resident Commissioner for each Ward shall go out of Office by Rotation, and other General and Resident Commissioners, qualified and elected in manner aforesaid, shall be chosen to supply their Places respectively; so that there may be an Election of Eight General Commissioners each Year, and of One Resident Commissioner for each Ward each Year, on these respective Days, and no more, except for supplying Vacancies, or for appointing Commissioners for additional Wards, or additional Resident Commissioners, as before provided, in which last Events the Number of Commissioners who shall be chosen, and of General Commissioners who shall go out of Office annually thereafter, shall vary accordingly.

XIII. Provided always, and be it further enacted, That Persons disqualified in manner aforesaid may be immediately re-elected into Office in the Option of their Constituents, in which Case they shall come in as the Junior Commissioners, and shall be inrolled as such accordingly.

Commissioners may be re-elected.

XIV. And be it further enacted, That the Lord Provost and Five Baillies, the Dean of Guild, and the Deacon Convener of the Trades of the said City, and the General Commissioners of the said Wards, chosen as aforesaid, shall be and are hereby appointed a Board of General Commissioners for assessing, levying, and applying the Monies herein-after directed to be raised for the Purposes of this Act, for naming and appointing the Master or Superintendent of Police, Collectors, Treasurers, Clerks, and other Servants to be employed in the Execution thereof, for fixing their Salaries, for regulating the Manner of watching, patrolling, lighting, and cleaning the Streets, for establishing Rules and Regulations for the Direction and Government of the said Master or Superintendent, Collectors, Treasurers, Clerks, and other Servants, all as herein-after directed, and for executing the other Matters specified in this Act and committed to their Charge.

Board of Commissioners appointed for executing this Act.

XV. And be it further enacted, That the Lord Provost, and in his Absence the next Senior Magistrate present, and in absence of all the Magistrates the Dean of Guild or Deacon Convener, and in their Absence a Person to be chosen by the Meeting, shall preside at all Meetings of the said Commissioners, and shall have both a deliberative and casting Vote in Cases of Equality in all Matters and Questions which shall come before them; and that any Seven of the Board or Meeting shall be a Quorum for transacting ordinary Business; but provided that no Money shall be assessed, and that no Appointment of Servants shall be made, and that no Salaries shall be fixed, at such Meetings, unless there shall be present a Majority at least of the Members of the Board who have accepted of their Offices.

Who is to be Chairman at Meetings of the Commissioners.

XVI. And be it further enacted, That Four quarterly Meetings of the said Lord Provost, Magistrates, Dean of Guild, Deacon Convener, and

Quarterly Meetings of the Commis-

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other

sioners to be held.

other General Commissioners shall be held within the Police Office, or at such other Place within the City as shall be appointed by the said Lord Provost, Magistrates, Dean of Guild, Deacon Convener, and other General Commissioners, on the last *Monday* in the Months of *February, May, August, and November*, at Twelve of the Clock Noon, for putting this Act, and the Powers hereby committed to them, in execution (beginning those Meetings on the last *Monday* of *November* One thousand eight hundred and twenty-one); and that the Lord Provost, and in his Absence the next Senior Magistrate of the said City acting for the Time, shall cause all the Members of the said Board of Commissioners resident at the Time in the City to be summoned to attend the said quarterly Meetings, and that personally or at their Dwelling Houses by written or printed Summonses at least Twenty-four Hours previous to the Time of meeting.

Weekly Meetings to be held.

XVII. And be it further enacted, That besides the Four quarterly Meetings before mentioned weekly Meetings of the said Lord Provost, Magistrates, Dean of Guild, Deacon Convener, and other General Commissioners shall be held for the Purposes of this Act, and particularly for the Purpose of ordering Payment of the Wages and Salaries of the inferior Officers and Servants appointed under this Act, for inquiring into their Conduct and Behaviour, and for reprimanding or dismissing such of them as may have acted improperly, for inquiring into the State of the Lamps and the Conduct of the Contractor or Contractors for lighting the same, for hearing and giving Reports of the State of the respective Wards in point of Cleanliness, and for other similar Purposes connected with the general good Order of the Police within the said City; and such weekly Meetings shall be held upon any Day which shall be appointed by the Majority of the said Lord Provost, Magistrates, Dean of Guild, Deacon Convener, and other General Commissioners; and the said Lord Provost, Magistrates, Dean of Guild, Deacon Convener, and other General Commissioners, upon such Day being fixed, are required to attend the said weekly Meetings without any Summons or Warning.

Limitation of Business at weekly Meetings.

XVIII. Provided always, and be it enacted, That no new Rules or Regulations shall be adopted, nor extraordinary Business discussed, at the said weekly Meetings, unless due Notice thereof shall have been given at a prior Meeting, and the Substance of such Business notified to each Member of the Board by written or printed Notices, in the same Manner as is required at the quarterly Meetings.

Meetings may be adjourned.

XIX. And be it further enacted, That the said Board of Commissioners, or a Majority of them present at any of the said Meetings, may adjourn to the same or any other Place within the said City which they may think necessary or proper for executing the Powers vested in them by this Act, Notice being always given to each Member of the Board in manner aforesaid of the Time and Place when and where the adjourned Meetings are to be held.

Other Meetings may be called.

XX. And be it further enacted, That it shall be in the Power of the said Lord Provost, and in his Absence of the next Senior Magistrate acting for the Time, when he shall see Cause, or upon Requisition being made to him under the Hands of any Four of the said General Commissioners,

sioners, to appoint Meetings of the said Board of Commissioners, to be held within Forty-eight Hours of such Requisition, and to cause all the Members of the Board to be summoned to attend the said Meetings in manner aforesaid; and it shall be in the Power of the said Lord Provost, and in his Absence of the next Senior Magistrate of the said City acting for the Time, to appoint other Meetings of the said General Commissioners, as also Meetings of the foresaid Resident Commissioners, to be held at such Times and Places within the said City as may to him seem necessary or expedient for the above Purposes, all the Commissioners being always summoned to attend such Meetings respectively in manner aforesaid, and the Nature of the Business for which such Meetings are called being stated in the Notices calling the Meetings.

XXI. And be it further enacted, That it shall and may be lawful to and for the said Lord Provost, Magistrates, Dean of Guild, Deacon Convener, and other General Commissioners to appoint Committees of their own Number for carrying the Purposes of this Act into execution, and that One or more of the said Magistrates shall be nominated a Member or Members of each Committee.

Board may  
appoint  
Committees.

XXII. And in order to raise a Fund for defraying the Expence of guarding, watching, lighting, and cleaning the Streets, and the Establishment of a Master or Superintendent of Police, Superintendent of Fire Engines, Clerks, Treasurers, Surveyors, Officers, Patrol, Watchmen, Firemen, Lamp-lighters, Scavengers, and other Servants, and for the other necessary Purposes of this Act, be it enacted, That the said Lord Provost, Magistrates, Dean of Guild, Deacon Convener, and other General Commissioners herein named shall be and they are hereby empowered and required upon the last *Monday of August* annually, beginning upon the last *Monday in August* One thousand eight hundred and twenty-one, to assess upon all Renters, Occupiers, or Possessors of Dwelling Houses, Shops, Warehouses, Cellars, Stables, Stalls in the Public Markets, Factories, and other Buildings, and Pertinents thereof, within the said City and Royalty, subject to Payment of Cess or Land Tax, and rented or valued at Four Pounds and under Six Pounds Sterling yearly, an annual Assessment not exceeding Five-pence in the Pound Sterling; on the yearly Rent of the said Subjects, rented or valued at Six Pounds and under Ten Pounds Sterling yearly, an annual Assessment not exceeding Seven-pence Halfpenny in the Pound Sterling; on the yearly Rent of the said Subjects, rented or valued at Ten Pounds and under Fifteen Pounds Sterling yearly, an annual Assessment not exceeding Eleven-pence Farthing in the Pound Sterling yearly; and on the yearly Rent of the said Subjects, rented or valued at Fifteen Pounds Sterling yearly or upwards, an annual Assessment not exceeding One Shilling and Three-pence in the Pound Sterling; and so in proportion for lesser Sums, as the same shall stand rated in the Rent Roll according to which the Cess or Land Tax is levied and collected, or (in the Option of the said Magistrates and other General Commissioners) in the Rent Roll according to which the Duty on Dwelling Houses is levied and collected, or partly from the one and partly from the other of the said Rent Rolls, as to the said Magistrates and other General Commissioners may seem expedient; or so much of the said Sums as the said Magistrates and other General Commissioners shall judge necessary to assess and lay on for the said Service at the

Fund to be  
raised by  
Assessment  
for the Pur-  
poses of this  
Act.

Time;

Time; which annual Assessment shall be calculated for the current Year from *Whitsunday* to *Whitsunday* annually upon the aggregate or accumulated Rent of each Person's Possession, and shall be payable in the Proportions and at the Times to be appointed by the said Magistrates and other General Commissioners, and shall be levied and collected by the Person or Persons appointed by the said Magistrates and other General Commissioners, or a Quorum of them, for collecting of which Assessment such Allowance shall be made as the said Magistrates and General Commissioners shall judge proper; and the said Person or Persons appointed by the said Magistrates and General Commissioners, or a Quorum of them, are hereby empowered and required to levy, collect, and afterwards pay over the said Assessments to the said Magistrates and other General Commissioners, or to such Person or Persons and at such Periods as they shall appoint: Provided always, and be it enacted, that in case the Particulars of all the Houses, Shops, Cellars, Stables, Stalls, Factories, and other Buildings subject to the Payment of the said Assessment shall not be contained in any of the said two Rent Rolls, it shall be lawful for and in the Power of the said Magistrates and other General Commissioners to ascertain the yearly Rent or Value of those Tenements; and in case the said Assessment shall not be laid on and levied to the full Amount of the Rates before specified, the same Proportions on the different Classes of Rents shall be observed as is before specified, with regard to the aforesaid highest Assessments.

Cess and  
Land Tax  
Surveyors to  
give Inspec-  
tion of Sur-  
veys.

XXIII. And in order to enable the said Board of Commissioners to ascertain the Rent at which the said Houses, Shops, Warehouses, and other Buildings and Premises are to be assessed, be it further enacted, That all Surveyors and Assessors appointed or to be appointed to make Surveys or Assessments for the Purpose of collecting the Cess or Land Tax within the said City or Royalty shall be and are hereby authorized and required to give Inspection of the Surveys or Assessments in their Possession from Time to Time, upon being thereto required by or on the part of the said Magistrates and other General Commissioners, to any Person or Persons duly authorized by them for that Purpose.

Recovery of  
Rates.

XXIV. And be it enacted, That if any Person or Persons so rated and assessed shall refuse or neglect to pay the Rates or Assessments charged upon him, her, or them for the Space of Fourteen Days next after such Rates or Assessments shall be due and demanded, and Notice given by general Advertisements in any Two of the *Glasgow* Newspapers, and by Tuck of Drum through the said City, then and in such Case it shall be lawful for the said Collector or Collectors to apply to any of the said Magistrates for a Warrant to any of their Officers to enter his, her, or their House or Houses, and to seize and take possession of his, her, or their Goods and Effects, and which Warrant the said Magistrate is hereby authorized to grant upon a Certificate signed by the Collector or Collectors of such Demand having been made, of such Notice having been given, and of such Person or Persons being in arrear to the Amount stated in such Certificate; and if such Rates or Assessment shall not be paid within Three Days next after such Seizure is made, together with the Costs or Charges thereby incurred, then the Collector or Collectors is and are hereby authorized to sell by public Roup, at the Cross of *Glasgow*, or such other Place as may appear proper, such

such Part of the said Goods and Effects as shall be sufficient to pay the said Rates or Assessments, with the Costs and Charges attending such Seizure and Sale, returning the Surplus, if any be, to the said Owner or Owners; such Costs or Charges to be ascertained by the Magistrate who shall issue the said Warrant.

XXV. And be it further enacted, That the said Board of General Commissioners herein-before named and appointed shall have full Power and Authority, and they are hereby authorized and required, at their quarterly Meeting to be held on the last *Monday of August* annually, to prepare an Estimate of the Sums of Money to be expended for the Purposes of this Act for the then current Year, and to ascertain and lay on the Assessment to be levied from the Renters, Occupiers, and Possessors of the Houses, Shops, Warehouses, Cellars, Stables, Stalls, and other Buildings and Premises before described; and it shall not be lawful for, nor in the Power of the said Board of Commissioners, or any Person or Persons acting under their Authority, to levy or expend any Monies by virtue of this Act, unless the same shall have been previously assessed and laid on, and the Expenditure thereof voted by the said Board.

Powers of Commissioners as to assessing and levying Monies.

XXVI. And be it further enacted, That all travelling Merchants, Auctioneers, Hawkers, Pedlars, and others who shall take up a temporary Residence within the Limits over which this Act extends, for the Purpose of disposing of Merchandize, Goods, and other Effects, and who, in Prosecution of such Business, shall occupy Shops, Warehouses, or other Places for disposing of the said Goods within the Limits of this Act, shall pay the Assessments before mentioned, corresponding to the Premises occupied by them in manner following; that is to say, if they shall occupy a Shop, Warehouse, or other Place, for any Period less than Six Months, then such Shop, Warehouse, or other Place shall be liable to and chargeable with One Half of the annual Assessment, corresponding to such Possession; and if they shall occupy the same for Six Months or any longer Period, then such Shop, Warehouse, or other Place shall be liable to and chargeable with the whole annual Assessment corresponding to such Possession, whether occupied for a whole Year or not; and they shall also be liable, in like manner, in Payment of the Assessment for the Maintenance of the Poor, of Trades Stent, or Cess, and such other public and parochial Taxations as the Burgesses and Inhabitants of the said City are liable to pay; the said Persons, during their Residence in the said City, being entitled to the Protection afforded by this present Act, in the same Manner as the other Inhabitants.

Travelling Merchants, Auctioneers, &c. to pay Assessment.

XXVII. And be it further enacted, That all Proprietors, Lessees, and others who shall let, for Rent or Hire, Premises within the said City, to travelling Merchants, Auctioneers, Hawkers, Pedlars, or others, for a Space less than One Year, shall themselves, as well as the Occupiers aforesaid, be responsible for the Police Assessments applicable to the said temporary Occupations, and such Assessments may be recovered from the said Proprietors, Lessees, and others, or from the said Occupiers, as the said Board of Commissioners shall judge expedient.

Proprietors liable in Assessment for temporary Possessions.

XXVIII. And be it further enacted, That the said Magistrates, Dean of Guild, Deacon Convener, and General and Resident Commissioners,

Magistrates, Commissioners, and

[*Local.*]

17 H

and

others to pay  
Assessment.

and all Persons carrying on Business in the said City as Tradesmen to His Majesty, shall be subject to and liable in Payment of the said Assessment, for the Houses, Shops, Warehouses, Cellars, and other Buildings, and Pertinents thereof, rented or possessed by them, and shall be subject to the same Proceedings as the other Inhabitants, in regard to all Matters and Things herein contained, any Law or Usage to the contrary notwithstanding.

Exemption  
from Assess-  
ment.

XXIX. Provided always, and be it enacted, That no Assessment shall be levied for Gardens and Arable Grounds lying within the said City or Royalty thereof, or for Houses which are not occupied and possessed by the Proprietors thereof, or by their Tenants; and that no Assessment shall be levied upon Houses or Buildings which are solely occupied for the Purposes of public Charity.

Board may  
abate As-  
sessment.

XXX. Provided also, and be it further enacted, That it shall be lawful to the said Magistrates, Dean of Guild, Deacon Convener, and other General Commissioners, and they are hereby authorized, to delay the Execution of Diligence for Payment of the said Assessment from any Person or Persons liable therein, and to give such Abatement or Relief therefrom, as the Circumstances of any Person or Persons applying for the same may seem to them to require.

Questions as  
to Assess-  
ments to be  
decided by  
Magistrates.

XXXI. And be it further enacted, That in case any Question or Dispute shall arise relative to the Houses, Buildings, Cellars, Shops, Warehouses, and other Premises which are claimed to be exempted from the aforesaid Assessments, or relative to the Amount of the Assessments, or the Valuation of the said Subjects, the same shall be determined by Decrees to be given under the Hands of the said Magistrates, or any Two of them.

Eight hun-  
dred Pounds  
to be con-  
tributed an-  
nually from  
the City  
Funds.

XXXII. And be it further enacted, That the Magistrates and Town Council of *Glasgow* shall, from the common and ordinary Funds of the Community of the said City, add annually to the foresaid Assessments a Sum not less than Eight hundred Pounds Sterling, by half-yearly Payments, beginning at the Term of *Martinmas* One thousand eight hundred and twenty-one, and that the same, with the Assessment, to be recovered as aforesaid, shall be and the same are hereby vested in the said Lord Provost, Magistrates, Dean of Guild, Deacon Convener, and other General Commissioners named and appointed in manner herein directed; and that all such Monies shall be applied, laid out, and expended in watching, lighting, and cleaning the Streets, Lanes, Passages, Squares, and other principal Places within the said City, including *Charlotte Street*, and other Streets in similar Circumstances and Situations, in preserving the Peace within the same, and in general in defraying the Establishment of Master or Superintendent of Police, Superintendent of Fire Engines, Collectors, Treasurers, Clerks, Surveyors, Firemen, Officers, Patrol, Watchmen, and other Servants to be appointed in virtue of this Act, and for the other Purposes herein directed, and for no other Purposes whatever; and in case any Surplus Monies shall remain, after properly executing the Purposes aforesaid, upon settling the Accounts thereof at the End of each Year such Surplus shall be applied towards the same Purposes for the Year following: Provided always, that it shall not be obligatory on the

Monies vest-  
ed in Com-  
missioners,  
and Appli-  
cation there-  
of.

said Board of Commissioners to expend any Part of the said Funds in lighting or cleaning the *Broomielaw* Quay.

XXXIII. And be it further enacted, That all Debts contracted, and all lawful Contracts entered into by the Commissioners under the before recited Act of the Forty-seventh Year of His late Majesty, shall remain valid and binding upon the Lord Provost, Magistrates, Dean of Guild, and Deacon Convener, and other General Commissioners herein appointed, and be chargeable upon the Rates and Assessments herein authorized to be levied: Provided always, that the whole Rates assessed and Monies levied in virtue of the said recited Act, and all Arrears of the same, together with the whole Funds and Property arising from the said Act, shall be and the same are hereby made payable to and vested in the said Lord Provost, Magistrates, Dean of Guild, Deacon Convener, and other General Commissioners, and shall, after paying and discharging the whole Debts and Obligations contracted in the Execution of the said Act, be disposed of and expended by the said Board of Commissioners for the Purposes of this Act.

Provisions for discharging Debts already incurred.

XXXIV. And be it further enacted, That it shall and may be lawful to and in the Power of the said Lord Provost, Magistrates, Dean of Guild, Deacon Convener, and other General Commissioners, and they are hereby authorized, to borrow, or take up in Loan, at legal Interest, any Sum or Sums of Money not exceeding the Sum of Ten thousand Pounds Sterling in whole, to be laid out and expended in paying any Debts which may have been incurred in the Execution of the said recited Act of the Forty-seventh of His late Majesty, in purchasing Lands and Tenements, and building Houses and Apartments for and to be used as Office or Offices, Watch-house or Watch-houses of Police, in building or purchasing a Dwelling-house for the Master or Superintendent of Police to be appointed as herein directed, in purchasing Grounds for depositing the Dung to be swept and carried from the Streets, in purchasing and erecting Lamps and Lamp Posts, and lighting said Lamps, all as herein directed and authorized, and for the other necessary Purposes of this Act; and to grant, execute, and deliver to and in favour of the Lender or Lenders, or those having Right, such Bonds, Obligations, or other Deeds in Writing as may be required according to Law, binding the said Lord Provost, Magistrates, Dean of Guild, Deacon Convener, and other General Commissioners, and their Successors in Office, and the Assessment, Funds, and Property arising from this Act, for Payment, by Instalments, during the Currency hereof, of the said Sum or Sums so borrowed, with Interest; but which Bonds or other Deeds shall not contain, or be held as containing, any individual or personal Obligation for Payment.

Board of Commissioners empowered to borrow Money to purchase or build Police Office, &c.

XXXV. And be it further enacted, That the Lord Provost, Magistrates, Dean of Guild, Deacon Convener, and other General Commissioners shall be and they are hereby empowered and required to assess and levy, from all Renters, Occupiers, or Possessors of Dwelling Houses, Shops, Warehouses, Cellars, Stables, Stalls in the public Markets, Factories, and other Buildings and Pertinents thereof within the said City and Royalty, along with the annual Assessment hereby authorized to be levied, and according to the foresaid Rates and Proportions, such farther Sum as shall

Power to assess to indemnify for Loss by Riots.

shall be ascertained, from Time to Time, by the said Lord Provost, Magistrates, Dean of Guild, Deacon Convener, and other General Commissioners, or by a competent Court of Law, to be necessary for indemnifying Proprietors and Possessors of Houses and other Property within the said City and Royalty, for any Loss or Damage sustained by them in consequence of any Riot or Tumult.

Master of  
Police to be  
appointed.

XXXVI. And be it further enacted, That it shall and may be lawful to the said Lord Provost, Magistrates, Dean of Guild, Deacon Convener, and other General Commissioners herein named, and they are hereby empowered and required, to appoint a fit and proper Person to be Master or Superintendent of Police, for executing the Matters committed to him by this Act, for regulating the Police, and for preserving Peace and good Order, within the said City: Provided always, that it shall be in the Power of the said Lord Provost, Magistrates, Dean of Guild, and Deacon Convener, or of them and the other General Commissioners herein appointed, at any Meeting held for the Purpose, to dismiss the said Master or Superintendent of Police from his said Office.

Master of  
Police to ap-  
point Offi-  
cers, Patrol,  
and Watch-  
men, and to  
be account-  
able for  
them.

XXXVII. And whereas it is expedient that the Master or Superintendent of Police so to be appointed should, as far as possible, be made answerable for the Conduct of the Officers, Patrol, and Watchmen to be appointed in these Departments, and acting under his Orders; be it enacted, That as often as the Board of General Commissioners hereby appointed shall have fixed the competent Number of Officers, Patrol, Watchmen, and other Servants, which they shall judge necessary for the Purposes of this Act, and which they are hereby authorized and required to do, (the Number of Officers to be employed exclusively in the criminal Department of the Establishment not being less than Six,) and shall have also ascertained the Eligibility of Applicants to serve in these several Departments, it shall and may be lawful to the said Master or Superintendent of Police, and he is hereby authorized and required, to appoint from among the said Applicants whose Eligibility shall have been so ascertained fit and proper Persons for said Offices, and to remove them at Pleasure, the said Master or Superintendent being always accountable to the said Lord Provost and Magistrates, and to the said Board of General Commissioners, not only for his own Conduct, but for the Conduct and Efficiency of the Officers, Patrol, Watchmen, and other inferior Servants selected and appointed by him, and acting under his Directions.

Collectors,  
Treasurers,  
and Clerks,  
Superinten-  
dent of Fire  
Engines, &c.  
to be ap-  
pointed.

XXXVIII. And be it further enacted, That it shall and may be lawful to and for the said Lord Provost, Magistrates, Dean of Guild, Deacon Convener, and other General Commissioners herein named, and they are hereby authorized and required, to appoint a Collector or Collectors, Treasurer or Treasurers, for levying, receiving, and paying away the Monies to be raised in virtue of this Act, to appoint a Clerk or Clerks for keeping their Books and Records, to appoint a Surveyor or Surveyors for making up Lists of the Persons qualified to elect or be elected Commissioners as aforesaid, to appoint a Superintendent of Fire Engines, and such other Servants as shall be necessary to be employed in the Execution of this Act, and whose Appointment is not otherwise herein provided for.

XXXIX. And



XXXIX. And be it further enacted, That it shall and may be lawful to and for the said Lord Provost, Magistrates, Dean of Guild, Deacon Convener, and other General Commissioners herein named, and they are hereby authorized and required, to appoint suitable Salaries to the said Master or Superintendent of Police, Collectors, Treasurers, Clerks, Surveyors, Superintendent of Fire Engines, and to the Officers, Patrol, Watchmen, Firemen, Scavengers, Lamplighters, and the whole other Servants of the said Establishment, to pay the necessary Expences incurred by them in the Execution of the Duty of their respective Offices, and to reward them for meritorious Services or extraordinary Trouble.

Salaries to be paid, and Committee to reward meritorious Services.

XL. And be it further enacted, That it shall and may be lawful to the said Lord Provost, Magistrates, Dean of Guild, Deacon Convener, and other General Commissioners to make Provision, out of the Monies herein authorized to be assessed and levied, for any Master or Superintendent of the said Police Establishment who shall have held such Office for Fifteen Years, and shall have been superannuated therein, and to make suitable Provision, out of said Monies, for any Officer, Patrol, Watchman, or other Servant of the said Establishment who may at any Time be disabled or wounded in the Execution of his Office, or for the Family of any such Officer, Patrol, Watchman, or other Servant who may lose his Life in the Execution of his Office: Provided always, that the Provision or Allowance to be made to such Master or Superintendent of Police shall not exceed Fifty Pounds Sterling *per Annum*.

Provision may be for Persons disabled in Service of Police.

XLI. And be it further enacted, That the said Lord Provost and Magistrates shall have Power and they are hereby authorized to appoint the said Master or Superintendent of Police, and other Officers chosen as herein directed, Special Constables, for the Purpose of attending the said Magistrates, and executing the Warrants or Sentences to be pronounced by them in virtue of this Act, and for the other Purposes of this Act, and with all the Powers belonging to the Office of Constable by the Law of *Scotland*.

Master of Police and Officers may be made Special Constables for the Purposes of this Act.

XLII. And be it further enacted, That nothing herein contained shall be so construed as to prevent the said Magistrates, or any Two of them, from punishing or dismissing any of the Officers, Patrol, Watchmen, or other inferior Servants appointed in virtue of this Act when the said Magistrates, or any Two of them, shall find it necessary and proper so to do; and that no other Officer, Patrol, Watchman, or other Servant so dismissed shall be reinstated without the Consent and Approbation of Two of the said Magistrates for the Time being.

Magistrates may dismiss Officers, &c.

XLIII. And be it further enacted, That the said Master or Superintendent of Police, and the Officers, Patrol, and Watchmen under him, shall and they are hereby authorized and required to act under the Authority and Orders of the said Lord Provost and Magistrates, or any One of them, for executing all Matters relative to the regulating of the Police, and preserving of Peace and good Order within the said City, and in particular in searching for, detecting, apprehending, and bringing to Justice Persons guilty of Street Robberies, House-breakings, Assaults, Theft, Reset of Theft, Shop-lifting, picking Pockets, Swindling, Breaches of the Peace, and other Crimes, by causing the Persons ac-

Duty of Master of Police and other Officers.

cused thereof to be apprehended and secured, and proceeded against in Terms of Law; in apprehending and assisting to put the Law into execution against Vagabonds, Vagrants, idle and disorderly Persons, and public and sturdy Beggars, and other Persons who follow no lawful Employment or Occupation; in suppressing disorderly Public Houses, and other Houses frequented by Persons of the foregoing Descriptions; in suppressing Mobs and Riots; in assisting to extinguish Fires; in putting the Laws in execution by which Carters, Owners, and Drivers of Carts and other Carriages are prohibited from leaving the same on the Streets, Roads, and Passages, and riding on their said Carts and Carriages, and driving them or Horses or other Cattle furiously and improperly on the Streets; in seeing that the said Streets, Squares, Lanes, Passages, and other Places are properly lighted and cleaned; in reporting to the Superintendent of Streets the State of the Side Pavements where defective; in keeping good Order in the Public Markets of the said City, and among the Persons resorting to and dealing therein; in guarding, patrolling, and watching the Streets; and in general in aiding and assisting the Magistrates in all Matters relative to regulating the Police, and preserving the Peace and good Order of the said City, and executing the different Purposes of this Act.

Penalty for obstructing Officers.

XLIV. And be it further enacted, That if any Person or Persons shall at any Time or Times obstruct, hinder, or molest any Officer, Watchman, or other Person who shall be employed in the Execution of his or their Duty under this Act, every Person or Persons so offending shall forfeit and pay any Sum not exceeding Two Pounds Sterling for the first Offence, Three Pounds Sterling for the second Offence, and Five Pounds Sterling for the third and every subsequent Offence; and if any Person or Persons shall assault or strike any Officer or Officers, Watchman or Watchmen, Person or Persons employed in the Performance of his or their Duty under this Act, every such Person or Persons shall for every such Offence forfeit and pay any Sum not exceeding Five Pounds Sterling, to be levied and recovered in manner herein-after directed and appointed.

Penalty for enticing Officers from their Duty.

XLV. And be it further enacted, That if any Person shall entice from his Duty any of the said Officers, Patrol, Watchmen, or other Servants of the Police, or shall entertain or permit to be entertained in his or her House any such Officer, Patrol, Watchman, or other Servant during their Hours of Duty; or if any Publican or Retailer of Spirits shall furnish or supply any such Officer, Patrol, Watchman, or other Servant with Liquor when upon his Station, every such Person, upon being convicted thereof in manner herein expressed, shall forfeit a Sum not exceeding Five Pounds Sterling for each Offence, to be levied and recovered in manner herein-after directed, and of which Penalty one Moiety may be adjudged to the Informant, and the other Moiety applied as herein-after mentioned.

Collectors or Treasurers to find Security, and to keep Books, &c.

XLVI. And be it further enacted, That the said Lord Provost, Magistrates, Dean of Guild, Deacon Convener, and other General Commissioners shall cause the Collectors or Treasurers to be appointed by them as aforesaid to find sufficient Security to the said Board for their respective Intromissions with the Funds which they shall be empowered to levy and collect, and shall cause a Book or Books to be prepared and kept by the said Collectors or Treasurers, or by such other Person or Persons as the Board shall appoint,

appoint, wherein shall be entered an Account of the whole Monies which shall be levied and paid by virtue of this Act, and in what Manner the same have been applied; and that the said Books shall be regularly fitted and balanced yearly on the Second *Monday* of *June* immediately preceding the Election of the said Commissioners, the first Balance to be struck in the Year One thousand eight hundred and twenty-one, from which a Statement of the Receipts and Disbursements for the preceding Year shall be made out and printed on or before the last *Monday* of *August* annually, after the Books are balanced, and a Copy of which Statement shall be delivered to each of the said General and Resident Commissioners, and the Members of the Town Council, Merchants and Trades Houses, and shall be lodged in the Council Chamber of the said City, where it shall remain for Six Weeks, during which Time it shall be open to the Inspection of every Burgess of the said City, and other Person contributing to the aforesaid Assessments, or any Creditor or Creditors on the Rates hereby granted, without Fee or Reward, and shall also be published once in any Two of the *Glasgow* Newspapers.

XLVII. And be it further enacted, That the said Board of Commissioners shall cause the Clerk or Clerks to be appointed by them as herein directed to keep a Book or Books, in which shall be engrossed Minutes of the whole Proceedings and Transactions of the Board and of their Committees, with the Resolutions, Orders, and Regulations agreed to by them from Time to Time, which Book or Books shall also contain the Amount of the Salaries and Emoluments stipulated to be paid to the said Master or Superintendent of Police, Superintendent of Fire Engines, Clerks, Surveyors, Collectors, Treasurers, Officers, Patrol, Watchmen, Firemen, Scavengers, Lamplighters, and other Servants employed in the said Establishment, and such other Matters as the Board of Commissioners shall direct; and which Book or Books shall at all reasonable Times be open to the Inspection of every Burgess of the said City, and Persons contributing to the aforesaid Assessments, who shall and may peruse and inspect the same without Fee or Reward.

Books to be kept by the Clerk.

XLVIII. And be it further enacted, That it shall not be lawful for the said Board of Commissioners to continue or appoint the Person who has been or may be appointed to act as their Clerk, or the Partner of any such Clerk, the Treasurer for the Purposes of this Act, or to continue or appoint the Person who has been or may be appointed Treasurer, or the Partner of any such Treasurer, the Clerk to the said Commissioners for executing this Act; and if any Person shall act in both the Capacities of Clerk and Treasurer for the Purposes of this Act, or if any Person, being the Partner of any such Clerk, shall act as Treasurer, or being the Partner of such Treasurer shall act as Clerk, in the Execution of this Act, every Person so offending shall for every such Offence forfeit and pay the Sum of Fifty Pounds to any Person or Persons who shall sue for the same, to be recovered, together with full Costs of Suit, before the Judge Ordinary of the County of *Lanark* or the Court of Session.

Clerk restrained from acting as Treasurer, and vice versa.

XLIX. And be it further enacted, That the said Lord Provost, Dean of Guild, Deacon Convener, and other General Commissioners may sue and be sued for any Matter or Thing to be done in virtue of this Act,

Board may sue and be sued in Name of their Clerk or Treasurer.

in the Name of their Clerk or Treasurer for the Time being, or in the Name of any one of the said General Commissioners; and no Action or Suit wherein the said General Commissioners shall be concerned in the Name of their Clerk or Treasurer by virtue of this Act shall abate by the Death or Removal of any such Clerk or Treasurer, but that the Clerk or Treasurer to the said General Commissioners for the Time being shall be deemed to be the Party suing or defending in every such Action; and no such Action shall abate by the Death or Removal of any Commissioner who shall have been made Pursuer or Defender therein, and the same may be continued in the Name of any other of the then acting General Commissioners.

Surveyors to  
make Lists  
of Electors,  
&c.

L. And be it further enacted, That the Surveyor to be appointed in virtue of this Act shall, and he is hereby authorized and required, within Three Calendar Months after he is elected, and at such Time as the said Board shall direct, to make up exact Lists of the Persons in the respective Wards who are qualified in manner aforesaid to elect or be elected Commissioners, and of the Persons who are liable in Payment of the Assessment in manner before mentioned, specifying the Rental of their respective Possessions, and the Sums for which they are respectively assessed, and the Amount of which shall form the Charge against the Collector for the current Year; which Lists shall be entered in Books to be kept for that Purpose, and shall be open and patent to the Inspection of all Parties interested at all reasonable Times; and the said Surveyor shall from Time to Time alter and amend the said Lists according as the Circumstances and Situation of the Persons capable of electing or being elected, and as the said Assessment may from Time to Time alter or vary.

Surveyor to  
furnish Lists.

LI. And be it further enacted, That the said Surveyor shall, Ten Days previous to every annual Election of Commissioners, deliver to the said Lord Provost, or in his Absence to the next Senior Magistrate present in the City, the said Assessment Books for the Year, certified and subscribed by him; which Books shall contain the Names of all the Persons in each of the Wards of the said City in which an Election is to take place capable of so electing or being elected Commissioners: Provided always, that when such Books shall be so delivered up certified Lists of the Voters shall, if judged necessary by the said Board, be retained at the Police Office, and such Books and Lists shall, at all reasonable Times, be patent to any Commissioner, or other Person interested, requesting to inspect the same

Streets, &c.  
to be lighted,  
and Lamps  
may be affix-  
ed to Houses.

LII. And be it further enacted, That it shall be lawful to and in the Power of the said Board of Commissioners, and they are hereby authorized and required, to provide and erect such a Number of Lamps, Lamp Posts, and Lamp Irons as may be necessary for lighting in a suitable Manner the whole Streets, Lanes, Squares, and public Passages, Thoroughfares, and Places within the Limits of this Act; and to light or enter into Contracts for lighting such Lamps either by means of Oil or with Lights known by the Name of Gas Lights or such other Lights of an improved Kind as they may find expedient; and it shall and may be lawful to and in the Power of the said Board of Commissioners herein named, and they are hereby authorized, to order the Lamp Irons and Lamps in the said City

Purchase Monies to be paid as a Recompence or Damages to the Tenants or Occupiers of such Ground, or any other Person having any particular Estate, Term, or Interest in the Premises, for his, her, or their respective Interests therein, which said Verdict shall be final and binding upon all Parties, who shall be obliged to perform to each other their respective Parts of the same; and a Copy thereof shall be fairly written on Paper or Parchment, signed by the Foreman of the Jury and the said Sheriff Depute or Substitute, and entered in the Records of the Sheriff Court of the County of *Lanark* kept at *Glasgow*; and the same, or official Copies or Extracts thereof, signed by the proper Officer, shall be taken and deemed as good and lawful Evidence in all Courts of Law and Equity whatsoever; and all Persons shall have Liberty to inspect the same, paying for every Inspection the Sum of One Shilling, and to take Copies thereof, paying for every Copy the Sum of Sixpence for every Hundred Words, and so in proportion for any greater or less Number of Words.

LXII. And be it further enacted, That the said Sheriff Depute or Substitute shall have Power and he is hereby authorized from Time to Time to impose any reasonable Fine or Fines, not exceeding the Sum of Five Pounds Sterling, on any Person who shall be summoned and returned on such Jury or Juries, who shall not appear, or who shall refuse to be sworn (or, being Quakers, to affirm) on the said Jury or Juries, or being so sworn shall not give his or their Verdict; and also on any Person or Persons who shall be summoned as aforesaid to give Evidence touching any of the Matters aforesaid, and shall not attend, after being paid or tendered a reasonable Sum for his, her, or their Costs and Expences, or shall refuse to be sworn (or, being Quakers, to affirm), or who being sworn shall refuse to give his, her, or their Evidence; and on any other Person or Persons who shall in any manner wilfully neglect his, her, or their Duty in the Premises, contrary to the true Intent and Meaning of this Act; and shall or may from Time to Time levy such Fine or Fines by Distress and Sale of the Offender's Goods, together with the reasonable Charges of such Distress and Sale, returning the Overplus, if any, to the Owner, and also shall or may use such Compulsitors as are competent by the Laws and Practice of *Scotland* to compel any Person or Persons who may be summoned as a Witness or Witnesses, or as Custodians of Writings and Title Deeds, to appear and give Evidence as aforesaid, and to exhibit and produce such Writings and Title Deeds; all which Fines shall be paid and applied in and towards carrying this Act into execution, in so far as regards the Purchase of Ground for the Purposes aforesaid.

Sheriff to impose Fines on Jurymen and Witnesses not appearing, &c.

LXIII. And be it further enacted, That upon Payment of such Sum or Sums of Money so to be settled and ascertained as aforesaid to the lawful Owners and Proprietors of the said Ground, or upon judicial Tender thereof made to him, her, or them respectively, by a Minute in the said Process before the Sheriff for ascertaining the said Value, whether Appearance be made in the Process for the Party or Parties interested or not, or in case they shall not be able to evince their Title to the Premises to the Satisfaction of the Sheriff Depute or Substitute, or that the Subjects are encumbered or entailed so that the Price of the same cannot be legally paid to the Parties interested, then upon Payment and Consignation thereof, with the Approbation and Warrant of the said Sheriff Depute or Substitute, into the Royal Bank of *Scotland* or Bank of *Scotland*

Power to enter on Payment or Consignation of the Purchase Monies.

*land* or *British* Linen Company, for the Use of the Parties interested, there to remain till it shall be issued in manner by this Act directed; and upon Notice of such Payment or Consignation, if the Party or Parties interested have made Appearance in the said Process, by proper Evidence being adduced of the said Payment or Consignation, or if the Party or Parties interested have not made such Appearance, and reside within the County of *Lanark*, then upon such Notice being made to them personally, or at their Dwelling Houses; but if they reside without the said County, then upon such Notice being given at the Dwelling House of some Tenant or Occupier of the Premises, by a Notary Public and Witnesses; and the Evidence being adduced of the said Payment or Consignation, then and in any of these Cases it shall be lawful for the said Sheriff Depute or Substitute to decern and adjudge the full Right and Property of such Ground to belong to the Magistrates and Town Council for the City of *Glasgow*, for and in behalf of the Community and Corporation of the said City, as fully and effectually as if the respective Proprietors had disposed and conveyed or had resigned the same to and in favour of the said Magistrates and Town Council; and it shall then, and not before, or otherwise, be lawful for the said Magistrates and Town Council to enter upon the Premises, and to convert and dispose of the same for the Purposes of this Act.

If Purchase Monies not paid, Verdict not to be binding on the Owners, &c.

LXIV. Provided always, and be it further enacted, That in case the Sum or Sums of Money so assessed by the said Jury, and ordered and adjudged by the said Sheriff Depute or Substitute to be paid to the Owners, Occupiers, and others, for their respective Interests in the Premises aforesaid, shall not be paid, tendered, or consigned, as herein directed, within Six Calendar Months next after the same shall have been so assessed, ordered, and adjudged, then and in such Case the Verdict of the said Jury, and the Order and Adjudication of the Sheriff Depute or Substitute, shall not be binding on the said Parties, Owners, Occupiers, and others, but shall continue binding on the said Magistrates and Town Council, any thing herein to the contrary notwithstanding.

Expences of Jury.

LXV. Provided always, and be it further enacted, That in the event that such Jury shall award a greater Compensation than the said Magistrates and Town Council or the said Superintendent of Streets shall have offered, but less than the Owner or Owners, Occupier or Occupiers shall have required, the Expence of such Jury shall be defrayed and borne by the said Magistrates and Town Council and the said Owner or Owners, Occupier or Occupiers equally, but in case the said Jury shall award to such Owner or Owners, Occupier or Occupiers the Sum so required, or any greater Sum, the whole of the said Expence shall be paid by the said Magistrates and Town Council; and, on the other hand, if the said Jury shall award the Sum offered by or on behalf of the said Magistrates and Town Council, or a less Sum, the whole of the said Expence shall be paid by the said Owner or Owners, Occupier or Occupiers: Provided that in all Cases where any Person or Persons shall, by reason of Absence or other Incapacity to treat, be prevented from treating with the said Magistrates and Town Council, such Costs and Expences shall be borne and paid by the said Magistrates and Town Council.

LXVI. Pro-

LXVI. Provided always, and be it further enacted, That in case of a Part only of any such Ground being wanted for the Purpose of erecting the House to be built thereon in a Line with the adjacent Houses, the Proprietors, Life-renters, and Possessors of such Houses, Buildings, and other Tenements aforesaid shall be entitled, if they so incline, to receive and be paid the full and adequate Value of the whole of such Ground, and which the said Magistrates and Town Council shall be and they are hereby obliged to purchase, account for, and pay accordingly, as the same shall be agreed on or determined, in case of Difference, in the Manner herein directed.

Where only a Part is wanted Magistrates and Town Council to purchase the whole if required.

LXVII. And be it enacted, That it shall be lawful for the said Magistrates and Town Council to sell and dispose of such Part or Parts of the said Ground as may be purchased by them, and as shall not be wanted for the Purposes of this Act, and to apply the Money arising therefrom towards the Expence of carrying this Act into execution, in so far as regards the Purchase of Ground for the Purposes aforesaid.

Magistrates and Town Council may resell.

LXVIII. Provided always, and be it further enacted, That the said Magistrates and Town Council, before they shall sell and dispose of such Ground, shall first offer to resell the same to the Person or Persons from whom they shall have purchased such Ground, or to the Heirs of such Person or Persons, the Price at which the same shall be resold being, at the Option of the said Person or Persons, either the Price paid by or on behalf of the said Magistrates and Town Council, or a Price for the same adjusted and settled by a Jury, in like manner as the Price for any Premises to be taken in pursuance of this Act is herein-before directed to be settled in case of Difference or Dispute as to the Value thereof, and the Costs and Charges of adjusting and settling the same shall be defrayed and borne in like manner as herein-before is directed with respect to Purchases made by the said Trustees, *mutatis mutandis*; and in case such Person or Persons shall not then and thereupon agree, or shall refuse to repurchase the same, then and in every such Case any Affidavit to be made and sworn before one of His Majesty's Justices of the Peace for the County of *Lanark* by some Person or Persons no way interested in the said Ground, stating that such Offer was made by or on behalf of the said Magistrates and Town Council, and that such Offer was then and thereupon not agreed to, or was refused by the Person or Persons to whom the same was so offered, shall in all Courts whatsoever be sufficient Evidence and Proof that such Offer was made and not agreed to, or was refused by the Person or Persons to whom it was made, as the Case may be.

Persons from whom Ground has been purchased shall have the first Offer of Re-purchase.

LXIX. And be it further enacted, That if any Money shall be agreed or awarded to be paid for any Ground, Houses, or Tenements purchased, taken, or used by virtue of the Powers of this Act for the Purposes thereof, which are held under Entail, or are subject to Life-rents, Annuities, or other Incumbrances, or shall belong to any Incorporation, Married Woman, Infant, Lunatic, or Person or Persons under any Disability or Incapacity, such Money shall, in case the same shall amount to the Sum of Two hundred Pounds or upwards, under the Direction and by the Authority of the Court of Session; be, with all convenient Speed, paid into the Bank of *Scotland* or Royal Bank of *Scotland* or *British Linen Company*,

Application of Compensation when exceeding 200*l.*

pany, to the Intent that such Money shall be applied, under the Direction and with the Approbation of the said Court, to be signified by an Order made upon a Petition to be preferred in a summary Way by the Person or Persons who would have been entitled to the Rents and Profits of the said Ground, Houses, or Tenements, in the Purchase or Redemption of the Land Tax, or Discharge of any Debt or Debts, or such other Incumbrance or Part thereof as the said Court shall authorize to be paid affecting the same Ground, Houses, or Tenements, or affecting other Ground, Houses, Lands, Tenements, or Heritages standing settled therewith to the same or the like Uses, Intents, or Purposes; or where such Money shall not be so applied, then the same shall be laid out and invested, under the like Direction and Approbation of the said Court, in the Purchase of other Ground, Houses, Lands, Tenements, or Heritages, which shall be conveyed and settled to, for, and upon such and the like Uses, Trusts, Intents, and Purposes, and in the same manner, as the Ground, Houses, or Tenements which shall be so purchased, taken, or used as aforesaid stood settled or limited, or such of them as at the Time of making such Conveyance and Settlement shall be existing undetermined and capable of taking effect; and in the meantime, and until such Purchase shall be made, the Interest or annual Produce of such Money shall from Time to Time be paid, by Order of the said Court, to the Person or Persons who would for the Time being have been entitled to the Rents and Profits of the Ground, Houses, Lands, Tenements, or Heritages so hereby directed to be purchased in case such Purchase or Settlement were made.

When less than 200*l.* and exceeding 20*l.*

LXX. Provided always, and be it further enacted, That if any Money so agreed or awarded to be paid for any Ground, Houses, or Tenements purchased, taken, or used for the Purposes aforesaid, and belonging to any Corporation, or to any Person or Persons under Disability or Incapacity as aforesaid, shall be less than the Sum of Two hundred Pounds and shall exceed the Sum of Twenty Pounds, then and in all such Cases the same shall, at the Option of the Person or Persons for the Time being entitled to the Rents and Profits of the Ground, Houses, or Tenements so purchased, taken, or used, or of his, her, or their Tutors or Curators in case of Infancy or Lunacy, to be signified in Writing under their respective Hands, under the like Direction and Authority, be paid into either of the said Banks, and be placed to his, her, or their Accounts as aforesaid, in order to be applied in manner herein-before directed, or otherwise the same shall be paid at the like Option to Two Trustees, to be nominated by the Person or Persons making such Option, and approved of by the said Magistrates and Town Council, (such Nomination and Approbation to be signified in Writing under the Hands of the nominating and approving Parties,) in order that such Principal Money and the Interest arising thereon may be applied in manner herein-before directed, so far as the Case may be applicable.

When 20*l.* or less.

LXXI. Provided also, and be it further enacted, That where such Money so agreed or awarded to be paid as next before mentioned shall be or be less than Twenty Pounds, then and in all such Cases the same shall be applied to the Use of the Person or Persons who would for the Time being have been entitled to the Rents and Profits of the Ground, Houses, or Tenements so purchased, taken, or used for the Purposes of this Act



in such Manner as the said Magistrates and Town Council shall think fit, or in case of Infancy or Lunacy, then to his, her, or their Tutors and Curators, to and for the Use and Benefit of such Person or Persons so entitled respectively.

LXXII. And be it further enacted, That in case any Person or Persons to whom any Sum or Sums of Money shall be awarded for the Purchase of any Ground, Houses, or Tenements to be purchased by virtue of this Act shall refuse to accept the same, or shall not be able to make a good Title to the Premises to the Satisfaction of the said Magistrates and Town Council, or in case such Person or Persons to whom such Sum or Sums of Money shall be so awarded as aforesaid cannot be found, or if the Person or Persons entitled to such Ground, Houses, or Tenements be not known or discovered, then and in every such Case it shall and may be lawful to and for the said Magistrates and Town Council to order the said Sum or Sums of Money so awarded as aforesaid to be paid into the Bank of *Scotland*, or Royal Bank of *Scotland*, or *British Linen Company*, to the Credit of the Parties interested in the said Ground, Houses, or Tenements, (describing them,) subject to the Order, Control, and Disposition of the Court of Session; which said Court, on the Application of any Person or Persons making claim to such Sum or Sums of Money, or any Part thereof, by Petition, shall be and is hereby empowered, in a summary Way of Proceeding or otherwise, as to the said Court shall seem meet, to order the same to be laid out and invested in the Public Funds, and to order Distribution thereof, or Payment of the Dividends thereof, according to the respective Estate or Estates, Title or Interest, of the Person or Persons making claim thereunto, and to make such other Order in the Premises as to the said Court shall seem just and reasonable; and the Cashier or Cashiers of the Bank of *Scotland*, or Royal Bank of *Scotland*, or *British Linen Company*, who shall receive such Sum or Sums of Money, is and are hereby required to give a Receipt or Receipts for such Sum or Sums of Money, mentioning and specifying for what and for whose Use the same is or are received, to such Person or Persons as shall pay any such Sum or Sums of Money into the Bank as aforesaid.

In case of not making out Titles, &c. Purchase Money to be paid into the Bank, subject to the Order of the Court of Session.

LXXIII. And be it further enacted, That where any Question shall arise touching the Title of any Person to any Money to be paid into the said Banks in pursuance of this Act, for the Purchase of any Ground, Houses, or Tenements, or of any Estate, Right, or Interest in any Ground, Houses, or Tenements to be purchased in pursuance of this Act, or to any Ground, Houses, Lands, Tenements, or Heritages to be purchased with any such Money, or to the Rents or Profits thereof, the Person or Persons who shall have been in Possession of such Ground, Houses, or Tenements at the Time of such Purchase, and all Persons claiming under such Person or Persons, or under the Possession of such Person or Persons, shall be deemed and taken to have been lawfully entitled to such Ground, Houses, or Tenements according to such Possession, until the contrary shall be shown to the Satisfaction of the said Court, and the Rents and Profits of the Grounds, Houses, Lands, Tenements, and Heritages to be purchased with such Money, and also the Ground, Houses, Lands, Tenements, and Heritages so purchased, shall be paid, applied,

Where any Question shall arise touching the Right to such Money.

and disposed of accordingly, unless it shall be made appear to the said Court that such Possession was a wrongful Possession, and that some other Person or Persons was or were lawfully entitled to such Ground, Houses, or Tenements, or to some Estate or Interest therein.

The Court may order reasonable Expences of Purchasers to be paid by the Magistrates and Town Council.

LXXIV. Provided always, and be it further enacted, That where, by reason of any Disability or Incapacity of the Person or Persons, or Corporation, entitled to any Ground, Houses, or Tenements to be purchased under the Authority of this Act, the Purchase Money for the same shall be required to be paid into the said Banks, and to be applied in the Purchase of other Ground, Houses, or Tenements, to be settled to the like Uses, in pursuance of this Act, it shall be lawful for the said Court to order the Expences of such Purchases, or so much thereof as the Court shall deem reasonable, together with the necessary Costs and Charges of obtaining such Order, to be paid by the said Magistrates and Town Council.

Outshots and Outstairs to be removed.

LXXV. And be it further enacted, That it shall and may be lawful for and in the Power of the said Dean of Guild Court of the said City, by a Decree given under their Hands (after inspecting the Premises, and hearing Parties concerned), to order the Proprietors of all Houses and other Buildings fronting any of the Streets of the said City to remove or cause to be removed and taken away, within a reasonable Time, all Outstairs, Outshots, Buildings, Erections, and other Things whatsoever which tend to obstruct free Passage in the said Streets and Foot Pavements; and if within the Time specified in such Decree the said Outstairs, Outshots, Buildings, Erections, and other Things be not taken away, the Owner or Proprietor of such House or Building to which the said Obstructions are annexed and belong shall forfeit and pay any Sum not exceeding Ten Shillings Sterling, and so *toties quoties* for every Month after the Date of such Decree during which the said Outstairs, Outshots, Buildings, or other Things shall remain, the said Sums to be recovered and applied in manner herein-after directed: Provided always, that in case the aforesaid Obstructions shall not be removed within Three Months after the Decree decerning them to be removed, it shall be lawful for and in the Power of the said Dean of Guild Court to order the same to be removed *brevi manu*: Provided always, and be it enacted, That in Cases where the said Outstairs, Outshots, Buildings, and Erections shall be removed under the Authority of this Act, for the Purpose of public Convenience and Accommodation, the Expence and Damage arising therefrom shall be paid by the said Magistrates and Council from the ordinary Funds of the Community of the said City.

Proviso as to Outstairs.

LXXVI. Provided always, and be it enacted, That in such Cases where the Houses and other Buildings already erected on the Sides of the said Foot Pavements cannot have convenient Access and Entries made to them by any other Passages than the Outstairs already made and erected, the said Court shall only have it in their Power to order the said Outstairs to be altered and narrowed in such a Manner as to leave a free Passage, not less than One Third of the Breadth of the said Foot Pavements, opposite to the said Outstairs.

LXXVII. And

LXXVII. And whereas there are still a few of the Shops fronting some of the Streets of the said City situated in Piazzas behind Pillars, whereby the said Shops are not only rendered dark and incommodious, but the said Piazzas in the Evenings and at Night are Receptacles for Thieves, Pickpockets, and idle and disorderly Persons; be it enacted, That it shall and may be lawful for and in the Power of the said Magistrates and Town Council, and their Successors in Office, to bargain and agree with such of the Proprietors of the said Shops as are desirous so to do, for Leave to them to bring forward their respective Shops to the Front of the said Pillars, so as to include the Area of the said Piazzas into the Shops, and to alter the Doors and Windows of the said Shops, by cutting the said Pillars or otherwise, so as to give proper Light and Entries to the Shops; and that it shall be lawful to the said Magistrates and Council and their aforesaid to ask, take, and receive from the Proprietors of the said Shops such Consideration Money for the Privilege before mentioned as the said Proprietors shall be willing to pay for the same; and that all Monies arising from the said Bargains and Agreements shall belong to and make Part of the common and ordinary Funds of the Community of the said City.

Shops behind Pillars may be extended.

LXXVIII. Provided also, and be it enacted, That the said Alterations and Improvements shall be made without in any manner of way endangering or damaging the neighbouring Shops, or the Tenements and Stories erected above the Shops so to be altered and improved; and that the Proprietors of the said neighbouring Shops and upper Tenements and Stories shall be entitled, before the Alterations are begun, to demand and get sufficient Security, either from the said Magistrates and Town Council, or from the Proprietors of the Shops which are to be altered and improved, as may be agreed upon by the said Parties and Magistrates and Town Council, for Indemnification against all Damage which may be thereby occasioned.

Alterations not to occasion Damage to the upper Tenements.

LXXIX. And be it further enacted, That in case any Deposition of Stones or Building Materials, or Sheds for Masons or other Workmen, shall be placed or formed upon, or any Hole or Opening shall be made in or adjoining any of the Streets, Lanes, Passages, Squares, or public Places of the City, for the Purpose of building, making Wells or Drains, laying Pipes, or for any other Purposes, the Person or Persons making or causing to be made the said Deposits, Sheds, Holes, or Openings, and the Persons employed or concerned therein, shall, at his, her, or their own Expence, cause a sufficient Rail or Fence to be put round the said Deposits, Sheds, Holes, or Openings, and shall also cause Lamps or Lights to be affixed at or near the same, to be kept burning every Night from Sun-setting to Sun-rising; and in case any of the said Person or Persons shall refuse or neglect to fence in a sufficient Manner, and to affix and keep burning the said Lamps or Lights in manner aforesaid, it shall and may be lawful for the said Dean of Guild Court to discern the Person or Persons so offending to pay any Sum not exceeding Five Pounds Sterling, to be recovered and applied as herein-after directed, and also to order the said Foundations, Holes, or Openings to be fenced, and Lamps or Lights to be affixed and kept burning thereat, by and at the Expence of the Person or Persons concerned or employed therein; reserving always to any Person or Persons who may suffer In-

Holes made in Streets to be fenced and lighted.

jury

jury by such Operations, or Neglect in fencing or lighting, to prosecute the Defaulters for Reparation and Damages according to Law.

Houses  
when taken  
down or un-  
der Repair  
to be fenced.

LXXX. Provided also, and be it enacted, That when it is necessary to take down or unroof any Houses and Tenements fronting the Streets of the said City, for the Purpose of rebuilding or repairing them, or for any other Purpose, or when it becomes necessary to perform any other Work upon the said Houses or Tenements, whereby Risk shall arise of Stones, Slates, Timber, or any other Materials falling upon the said Foot Pavements on the Sides of the Streets, that every Person or Persons carrying on or causing to be carried on such Works shall, at his, her, or their Expence, fence round or cause to be fenced round, with a sufficient Rail or other Fence, those Parts of the said Foot Pavements which are opposite to the said Houses or Tenements, and shall uphold and keep in proper Repair and Condition the said Rails or other Fences during the whole Time the said Works are carrying on, so as to prevent Passengers from walking along those Parts of the Pavements; and that it shall be lawful for and in the Power of the said Magistrates or any One of them to fine the Person or Persons refusing or neglecting so to fence round the said Pavements in a Sum not exceeding Five Pounds Sterling for each Day's Failure, to be levied and applied in manner herein-after directed, and also to order the said Pavements so to be fenced in at the Expence of the Person or Persons carrying on the said Works or Repairs; reserving to any Person who may suffer Injury through such Neglect to prosecute the Defaulters for Reparation and Damages, according to Law.

Water from  
the Roofs of  
front  
Houses to  
be conveyed  
in Pipes.

LXXXI. And be it further enacted, That the Water from the Roofs of all Houses or other Buildings within the said City fronting the public Streets, or fronting Lanes which are Thoroughfares to the said public Streets, shall be conveyed in Lead or other Pipe or Pipes reaching within Six Inches of the Ground, and affixed against or on the Sides or Fronts of such Houses or Buildings, and shall be conveyed from the Termination of such Pipe or Pipes by means of a Cut or Gutter in the Stone Pavement to the Sewer; and in case the Owners or Proprietors of said Houses or Buildings shall fail or refuse to convey the Water from their Houses and Buildings by such Pipe or Pipes, and Cut or Gutter, in manner aforesaid, it shall and may be lawful to the said Magistrates or any Two of them, on inspecting the Premises, and hearing Parties concerned, to decern, in a summary Manner, such Owners or Proprietors to pay any Sum not exceeding Ten Shillings Sterling, for every Day such Failure shall continue; and in case the said Persons shall neglect for Two Months to convey the Water from the Roofs of such Houses in manner aforesaid it shall be lawful to and in the Power of the said Magistrates, or any Two of them, to order the Works necessary for conveying the said Water in manner aforesaid to be done at the Expence of the said Persons, and to decern for the said Expences, besides the Penalties above specified.

How Ex-  
pence of  
Water Pipes  
is to be paid.

LXXXII. And be it further enacted, That where the Floors or Stories of any Houses or Buildings belong to more Proprietors than one the several Proprietors of the said House or Building shall be obliged to defray the Expences of making, affixing, and keeping in repair the said Pipe or Pipes, and forming the said Cut or Gutter, in proportion to the Rents of the

respec-

respective Parts of the said front Houses or Buildings which belong to each of them, as they shall stand rated in the Rent Rolls before mentioned; and in case any Dispute or Difference shall occur amongst the several Proprietors of the said House or Building, relative to their Proportions of the aforesaid Expences, it shall and may be lawful for the said Dean of Guild Court, after inspecting the Premises, and hearing the Parties concerned, by a Decree given under their Hands to determine the same according to the Rate of such Rent in the said Rent Rolls, and to decern for the said Expences in manner aforesaid; and which Determination shall be final and binding on all Parties concerned.

LXXXIII. Provided always, and be it enacted, That where any One or more of the said Proprietors are by their Title Deeds burdened with the Expence of conveying the whole Water from the said Houses or Buildings, he, she, or they shall still continue to be subject to that Burden; but it shall and may be lawful for them (upon obtaining an Order for that Purpose, from the said Dean of Guild Court, after visiting the Premises, and hearing Parties concerned), at their own Charges and Expences, to affix or cause to be affixed to those Parts of the Walls of the said Houses or Buildings which belong to the other Proprietors a Pipe or Pipes for the Purposes aforesaid, they always indemnifying the other Proprietors for all Damages they may sustain by the said Fixtures, as the same shall be ascertained by a Decree of the said Court in manner and according to the Proportions aforesaid.

Proviso as to Proprietors burdened with conveying Water by their Title Deeds.

LXXXIV. Provided also, and be it enacted, That when the Tenants or Occupiers of such Houses or other Buildings shall, in default of the Proprietors paying such Expence, have been at any Expence in conveying Water in manner aforesaid, which they are hereby authorized and required to do to the Amount of the yearly Rents payable by them respectively, they may and are hereby authorized and empowered to apply the Lead and other Materials of any Pipe or Pipes formerly affixed to the said Houses, or the Produce thereof, towards such Expences, and shall have Power and they are hereby authorized to deduct the Remainder of such Charges and Expences out of the next Rent due to his, her, or their Landlord or Landlords, who are hereby directed and required to allow the same in such Rent, any Lease or Contract to the contrary notwithstanding.

How Tenants may recover the Expence of Water Pipes.

LXXXV. And be it further enacted, That the Owners or Proprietors of all Houses and other Buildings, or of Gardens or Grounds on which Buildings are not erected, which are adjoining to and fronting any Street, Square, or other public or principal Place within the said City and Royalty (excepting such Parts thereof as are situated beyond the present Site of the Toll Bars at the *Gallowgate* and *Townhead*), shall, at his, her, or their Expence, cause the Grounds before their Property respectively on the Sides of the said Streets, Squares, and other public and principal Places to be well and sufficiently paved with flat hewn Stones, in such Manner and in such Form as the Dean of Guild Court (after visiting and inspecting the Grounds, and hearing Parties concerned,) shall, by Decrees to be pronounced by the said Court, from Time to Time direct and appoint, the Breadth of the said Foot Pavements not to exceed Twelve Feet in Streets of Sixty Feet wide and upwards, Ten Feet in

Foot Pavements to be made.

Streets from Fifty to Sixty Feet wide, Eight Feet in Streets from Forty to Fifty Feet wide, and Six Feet in all the Streets below Forty Feet wide, and that the whole Foot Pavements in the same Streets shall be of the same Breadth; but that it shall be in the Option of the Owners or Proprietors of Gardens, or Grounds not occupied, or used for Timber Yards, or for some Description of Trade or Manufacture, either to pave opposite their Property respectively in manner aforesaid, or to causeway the Foot Pavements before them with square-dressed Whin Stones, until their said Gardens or Grounds shall be built upon, but no longer: Provided always, that where Footpaths along such Gardens or Grounds are already formed with Whin Stones, and where the same shall appear to the said Dean of Guild Court to be in good Order, the Proprietor thereof shall not be obliged to form the same with square-dressed Whin Stones in manner aforesaid till it shall be necessary to relay such Footpaths, owing to Dis-repair or otherwise: And provided also, that such Parts of the said Footpaths as are opposite to Wynds, Lanes, or Closes which are Cart or Carriage Entries may also, in the Option of the Proprietors, be paved with square-dressed Whin Stones.

In case Proprietors refuse, Dean of Guild Court may order Foot Pavements to be made.

LXXXVI. And be it further enacted, That in case any such Owner or Proprietor shall refuse or neglect to cause such Grounds to be paved in manner and form so directed, within such Time as he, she, or they shall be required so to do by a Decree pronounced by the said Dean of Guild Court, after having visited and inspected the Grounds, and heard Parties concerned, it shall and may be lawful to the said Court to cause the said Foot Pavements to be made in such Manner and Form as they shall order and direct, the Breadth of the said Foot Pavements not to exceed the Breadths before specified, and to cause the same to be done at the Charge and Expence of such Owners or Proprietors respectively; and in case any such Owner or Proprietor shall refuse or neglect to pay such Charges and Expences when required, it shall and may be lawful to the said Court to decern such Charges and Expences to be paid by such Owner or Proprietor to the Tradesman by whom the Work has been done, or to any other Person named by the said Court, with the additional Expences incurred in recovering the same.

Foot Pavements how to be kept in repair.

LXXXVII. And be it further enacted, That it shall and may be lawful for the said Dean of Guild Court, after the Foot Pavements shall have been completed by virtue of this Act, to decern them to be kept in proper Repair, and to give Decrees for the Charges and Expences of repairing, relaying, and maintaining the said Foot Pavements, against the several Owners or Proprietors of the Houses and other Buildings, or of Gardens and Grounds on which Buildings are not erected, in the same Manner and according to the same Proportions as they are herein empowered to decern for the Charges and Expences attending the first making of the Foot Pavements aforesaid.

How Expence thereof to be defrayed.

LXXXVIII. And be it further enacted, That when the Floors or Stories of the said front Houses or Buildings belong to more Proprietors than One the several Proprietors of the same House or Building shall cause the Ground before the respective Houses or Buildings to be paved, and the Pavements to be kept in repair, in manner aforesaid, the Expence being defrayed in proportion to the Rents of the respective Parts of the House

House or Building belonging to each of them, as the same shall at the Time stand rented in the Rent Rolls herein-before mentioned; and in case any Dispute or Difference shall arise amongst the several Proprietors of the same House or Building relative to their Proportions of the aforesaid Expence it shall and may be lawful for the said Dean of Guild Court to determine the same according to the Rate of such Rent in the said Rent Rolls, and to decern for that Expence in manner aforesaid, and also, in the event of the Parties interested failing to pave or repair Pavements, to authorize the Superintendent of Streets or other Person to cause the same to be done at the Expence of the said Parties, and to decern against them for the said Expence, in manner aforesaid; and the Decision of the said Court in these particular Cases shall be final, conclusive, and binding on all Parties.

LXXXIX. And be it further enacted, That in default of the Proprietors paying the Expences aforesaid the Tenants or Occupiers of such Houses or other Buildings shall and they are hereby authorized and required to pay the same, to the Amount of the Rents due by them respectively, and they are hereby empowered to deduct and retain, out of his, her, or their Rents, such Sums of Money as they shall respectively pay on account thereof, for their respective Landlords, Owners, or Proprietors, who are hereby required to allow such Payments accordingly, any Lease or Contract to the contrary notwithstanding.

Tenants to retain Expence thereof from their Rents.

XC. And be it further enacted, That from and after the passing of this Act, in case the said Board of Commissioners shall not judge it expedient to take the cleaning of the said Foot Pavements under their own Management, every Person or Persons who shall possess the Shops, or, where there are no Shops, who shall inhabit the First Floor of any Dwelling House or other House or Building adjoining to and fronting the Foot Pavements within the said City, shall cause the same, along the Front of their respective Shops and Property, to be swept, scraped, and cleansed once every lawful Day, between the Hours of Eight and Nine in the Morning; and where there are no Tenants therein, every Person or Persons who shall possess the Second Floor, or where there are no Tenants therein, who shall possess the next Floor of any such Dwelling House or Building, shall cause the said Pavement, and also the Pavement in front of the Entry or Passage to such Dwelling House, and also the said Entry or Passage itself, to be in like Manner swept, scraped, and cleaned once every lawful Day, between the Hours of Eight and Nine; and if they or any of them fail so to do it shall and may be lawful for the said Magistrates or any One of them to decern in a summary Manner such Possessors and Proprietors to pay any Sum not exceeding Two Shillings Sterling for each Offence, to be levied in manner herein-after directed; and in case any Dispute shall arise among the Possessors or Occupiers of the Shops, Houses, or Property adjoining the said Foot Pavements, or the said Entries or Passages, relative to the cleaning, scraping, and sweeping the same, it shall and may be lawful to the said Magistrates or any One of them to inquire into the Matter, and determine the same; and that where the Possessors of Shops or Inhabitants of the First Floors or Stories of Dwelling Houses sweep, scrape, and clean the Foot Pavements and Entries or Passages in manner aforesaid they shall have Relief against the Inhabitants of the Upper Floors

Possessors to clean Foot Pavements.

Floors or Stories of such Houses, for a Proportion of the Expence of so doing corresponding to the Valuation of their respective Possessions as rated in the said Rent Rolls, which Proportion shall, in case of Dispute, be ascertained and decerned for by the said Magistrates or any One of them.

For prevent-  
ing various  
Nuisances,  
Annoyances,  
and Obstruc-  
tions.

XCI. And be it further enacted, That from and after the passing of this Act if any Person or Persons shall, upon any of the Footways or Foot Pavements within the said City, run, draw, drive, or carry any Truck, Wheel, Sledge, Wheelbarrow, Handbarrow, Wheel or Wheels, Sedan Chair, Bier, or Carriage whatsoever, except directly across the same on necessary Occasions, or wilfully ride, lead, or drive any Horse or other Beast or Cattle whatever on any of the said Footways or Foot Pavements (except when going directly across the said Foot Pavements to or from any Stable or Cow-house); or wilfully permit or suffer any Horse or other Beast or Cattle which such Person may be riding, driving, or leading to go thereon; or shall tie or fasten any Horse or other Cattle to any House, Wall, Fence, Post, Tree, or other Thing whatsoever, across any of the said Footways or Foot Pavements; or set or leave any Cask, Bale, Box, Tub, Bucket, Pail, Stool, Bench, or Stall on or in the said Footways or Foot Pavements; or erect, set up, put or place any Blind, Shade, Coverlid, or Awning, or any other Matter or Thing, so as in any way to cause any Obstruction or Impediment on the Footways or on the Foot Pavements; or shall roll any Barrel, Hogshead, or Cask along the said Foot Pavements, except directly across them to or from any Cellars, Shops, or Warehouses, or shall roll any such Barrel, Hogshead, or Cask along any of the public or principal Streets, Squares, Passages, or Places in the said City, except from Shops, Cellars, Warehouses, or other Places directly to such Carts or Carriages as they are to be loaded upon, or from such Carts or Carriages as they have been loaded upon directly to the Shops, Cellars, Warehouses, or other Places in which they are to be deposited, (not exceeding Thirty Yards in any Case); or shall drive any Cattle on any of the Streets, Squares, Passages, or Places of the said City or Royalty furiously or improperly; or shall sit or stand in or upon any Cart or Waggon when driving the same along any of the said Streets, Squares, Passages, or Places, without having a Person on foot leading the Horses yoked to such Cart or Waggon; or shall leave any such Cart, Waggon, or other Carriage on any of the said Streets, Squares, Passages, or Places, yoked or unyoked, either during the Day or Night, to the Obstruction of the free Passage of other Carriages and of Passengers, or to the Danger of such Passengers; or shall carry or convey on any of the Streets, Squares, or Passages of the said City any Timber or Logs of Wood, exceeding Thirty Feet in Length, otherwise than upon Two or more Carts or Carriages, having each Two Wheels of not less than Five Inches in Breadth, or so as to project laterally beyond the Space within the Wheels of such Carts or Carriages; or shall, in any Street, Square, public Passage or Place within the said City, hoop, fire, cleanse, wash, or scald any Cask or Tub, or hew, saw, or cut any Wood or Timber, or bore any Timber, or make or repair or wash or clean any Coach, Chaise, Waggon, Sledge, or other Carriage, or the Wheel, Body, Springs, or other Part of any Coach, Chaise, Waggon, Sledge, or other Carriage (except such as may want immediate

Repair



Repair from any sudden Accident on the Spot, and which cannot conveniently be removed for that Purpose); or shoe, bleed, or farry any Horse or other Beast (unless in case of sudden Accident); or clean, dress, drive, or turn loose any Horse or other Beast or Cattle, or show or expose any Stallion or Stone-horse (except only in such Place as the said Magistrates shall direct); or show or expose, or exercise or expose to Sale, any Horse or other Beast; or kill or slaughter, or scald, singe, dress, or cut up any Animal, either wholly or in part; or cause or permit any Blood to run from any Slaughter-house, Butcher's Shop, or Shamble, into or upon the Streets, or any of them; or shall throw or cast any Dirt, Dung, Ashes, or Rubbish into or upon any of the said Footways or Foot Pavements; or shall in any Street, Square, public Passage or Place within the said City or Royalty sell or assist in selling, by Auction or public Sale, any Cattle, Goods, Wares, Merchandize, or Thing or Things whatsoever without the Authority of the said Magistrates for that Purpose had and obtained; or hang up, place, or expose to Sale, or cause or permit to be hanged up, placed, or exposed to Sale, any Goods, Wares, or Merchandize whatsoever, or any Fruit, Vegetables, or Garden Stuff, Butcher's Meat, or other Matter or Thing, in or upon, or so as to project over or upon, the Foot Pavement or Carriage-way of any such Streets, Squares, public Passages or Places, or beyond the Line or on the Outside of the Window or Windows of the House, Shop, or Place at which the same shall be so hanged up, placed, or exposed to Sale, or so as to obstruct or incommode the Passage of any Person or Carriage; or shall leave open after Sunset the Door or Window of any Cellar or other under-ground Room or Apartment without having placed or left a sufficient Light therein to warn and prevent Persons passing in the Streets, Lanes, and public Places of the said City or Royalty from falling into such Cellars or other under-ground Rooms or Apartments; or shall set or place upon the Outside of any Window or Opening fronting any of the Streets, Squares, Lanes, Closes, or Passages of the said City or Royalty any Furniture, Flower-pots, or Boxes for raising or preserving Flowers, Shrubs, or other Plants or Vegetables, or any other Article, unless the Soles and Outsides of the Window or Opening at which any such Furniture, Pots, Boxes, or Articles are set or placed shall be sufficiently railed in and secured with good and substantial Rails of Iron or Wood, so as to prevent the Risk of the said Furniture, Pots, Boxes, or other Articles falling from the said Windows or Openings; or shall place, hang, or affix any Sign, Sign Post, or Board otherwise than close to or flat upon the Wall or Front of the Houses, Shops, Warehouses, or Buildings to which they respectively belong; or shall play at Foot-ball, or at any other Game, to the Annoyance of any Passenger or Passengers; or cause, make, or assist in making any Bonfire, or wantonly discharge or fire any Gun, Pistol, or Blunderbuss, or other Fire-arms, or let off, set fire to, or throw any Cracker, Squib, Rocket, or other Fire-work, or play at any Game, to the Annoyance of the Inhabitants or Passengers; or shall occasion any other Kind of Obstruction or Annoyance in or upon any such Street, Square, public Passage or Place; or shall obstruct or incommode, hinder or prevent, the free Passage of any Footway or Causeway, or prejudice or annoy in any Manner whatsoever any Person or Persons travelling, passing, or going thereon, within the said City or Royalty; then and in every such Case every Person so offending shall forfeit and pay for the first

[*Local.*]

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Offence

Offence any Sum not exceeding Five Pounds Sterling, and for the second and every subsequent Offence any Sum not exceeding Ten Pounds Sterling; and it shall and may be lawful to and for any Constable or other Peace Officer, or any other Persons or Persons, by virtue of this Act, and without any Warrant whatsoever, to seize and apprehend any such Offender or Offenders as aforesaid, and forthwith to convey him, her, or them before any one of the Magistrates of the said City, in order to his, her, or their Conviction of such Offence: Provided nevertheless, that nothing herein contained shall extend or be construed to extend so as to prevent or hinder any Person or Persons from selling or exposing to Sale any Horse, Beast, or other Cattle, or placing any Stall, Booth, Stool, Bench, or Form for the Sale of Goods or Wares, or from exposing to Sale any Meat, Poultry, Vegetables, Fruit, or any other Matter or Thing, in any Market Place within the said City or Royalty, or in the usual Place of holding the public Fairs on the usual Days of such Markets or Fairs.

Calling of  
Auctions  
prohibited.

XCII. And be it further enacted, That no Porter or other Person shall call or proclaim any public Auction or Sale at any Shop, Warehouse, Sale-room, or other Place within the said City in such Manner as to disturb the Inhabitants in the Neighbourhood of such Place, or in any other Manner after such Sale shall have commenced; and if any Porter or other Person shall contravene this Enactment such Porter or other Person, or the Salesman or Auctioneer whose Auction or Sale shall be so called or proclaimed, shall for every such Offence forfeit and pay any Sum not exceeding Twenty Shillings Sterling, to be levied and applied in manner herein-after directed.

Scavengers  
to clean  
Streets, &c.

XCIII. And be it further enacted, That the public Streets, Squares, public Passages, and principal Places, and also the Foot Pavements within the said City, (provided it shall appear expedient to the Board of Commissioners to take charge of the cleaning of the said Foot Pavements,) shall be swept and cleaned by Scavengers to be appointed as aforesaid, or it shall be in the Power of the said Board of Commissioners to contract with other Persons to sweep and clean the said Streets, Squares, Passages, and Places, and also the said Foot Pavements, if they shall think proper so to do; and that the said Board shall cause all Soil, Dirt, Ashes, and Filth to be swept from the said Streets, Squares, Passages, and Places, and collected into Heaps, and to be immediately removed to such Place or Places as they shall appoint; and which Dirt, Ashes, and Filth it shall and may be lawful to the Board to sell and dispose of to such Person or Persons as may be willing to purchase the same; and the Money thence arising shall make Part of the Funds to be raised by virtue of this Act, and shall be applied to the Purposes thereof.

And Sweep-  
ings to be  
removed.

Dung laid  
on Streets  
to be remov-  
ed within a  
limited Time.

XCIV. And be it further enacted, That all Persons who shall lay or place Dung, or cause it to be laid or placed, on any Part of the Streets or other public Ways of the said City, for the Purpose of transporting it to other Places, shall remove and take away the same before Eleven of the Clock before Noon on the Day on which it is so laid in the Months of *November, December, January, February, and March*, and before Nine of the Clock before Noon in the Months of *April, May, June, July, August, September, and October*; and if any Ashes or Dung of any Kind, except

cept in Time of Frost and Snow, shall be so laid and remain upon any Parts of the said Streets or public Ways after the Hours before specified, the Person or Persons so offending shall forfeit and pay a Sum not exceeding Ten Shillings Sterling for each Offence, to be levied and applied in manner herein-after directed, and shall likewise incur Forfeiture of the Dung itself, which shall and may be sold as public Property, and the Proceeds applied to the Purposes of this Act: Provided always, that no Dung shall be removed from any Dungstead or Depository for Dung within the said City or Royalty thereof upon any *Wednesday*, or during the Time that any public Fair is held in the said City.

XCV. And be it further enacted, That the Persons employed in carrying or wheeling the said Dung shall be obliged to scrape, sweep, and clean the Closes, Foot Pavements, and Streets through, over, or upon which the said Dung shall have been carried, wheeled, or placed, and that immediately after they shall have finished their Work, under a Penalty not exceeding Five Shillings Sterling for each Offence, to be levied and applied in manner herein-after directed.

Whealers of  
Dung to  
clean Closes,  
Pavements,  
and Streets.

XCVI. And be it further enacted, That from and after the passing of this Act the whole Closes or Thoroughfares within the said City which are not cleaned and swept by Scavengers appointed under the Authority of this Act shall be kept clean and clear of all Dung, Filth, or Rubbish, and shall be swept and cleaned out, at the Expence of the Proprietors thereof, at least Twice each Week; and if the Owners or Proprietors of such Closes, or of the Houses and Buildings therein, shall not so sweep and keep clean the said Closes, they shall forfeit and pay any Sum not exceeding Ten Shillings Sterling for each Offence, to be levied and applied in manner herein-after directed.

Closes, &c.  
to be clean-  
ed by Pro-  
prietors.

XCVII. And be it further enacted, That where the said Closes, Lanes, or Thoroughfares, or Houses and Buildings therein, belong to more Proprietors than One, the several Proprietors shall be obliged to defray the Expence of sweeping and cleaning the said Closes in proportion to the Value of their respective Properties; and in case any Dispute or Difference shall occur among such Proprietors relative to their Proportion of the said Expence, it shall and may be lawful to the said Magistrates, or any one of them, after hearing the Parties concerned, by a Decree to be pronounced by them or him, to determine the Amount and Proportion to be paid by each Proprietor, and to discern for the same in a summary Manner, which Determination shall be final and binding on the Parties: Provided always, that where any One or more of such Proprietors are by their Title Deeds or otherwise burdened with the Expence of sweeping and cleaning the said Closes, he, she, or they shall still continue to be subject to that Burden.

All the Pro-  
prietors to  
contribute to  
cleaning.

Proviso as to  
Proprietors  
bound by  
their Title  
Deeds to  
clean Closes.

XCVIII. And whereas Thoroughfares, Passages, and Closes communi-  
cating with different Streets of the said City afford Offenders ready Means  
of Escape from Justice; be it therefore enacted, That it shall and may be  
lawful to the said Lord Provost, Magistrates, Dean of Guild, Deacon  
Convener, and other General Commissioners, and they are hereby autho-  
rized and empowered, from the Assessment herein authorized to be levied,  
to place and erect, or cause to be placed and erected, Iron Gates within

Iron Gates  
may be  
placed on  
Thorough-  
fares, &c.

or

or upon any such Thoroughfares, Passages, or Closes, and at such Parts thereof, as the said Lord Provost, Magistrates, Dean of Guild, Deacon Convener, and other General Commissioners shall direct and appoint, and to cause the said Gates to be locked at such Hours, and kept locked for such Time, as they shall think proper, and to be locked and opened and the Keys thereof to be kept by the Officers, Patrol, or Watchmen on the several Stations, or by such other Person or Persons as the said Lord Provost, Magistrates, Dean of Guild, Deacon Convener, and other General Commissioners shall authorize so to do; and that any Person or Persons wilfully damaging or injuring any such Gate shall forfeit and pay any Sum not exceeding Five Pounds Sterling, besides making Satisfaction for such Damage; and that any Person or Persons locking or unlocking any such Gate without being so authorized shall forfeit and pay any Sum not exceeding Ten Shillings Sterling, which said Penalties shall be levied and applied in manner herein-after directed: Provided always, that the Inhabitants in such Thoroughfares, Passages, and Closes shall have free and uninterrupted Access at all Hours to and from their respective Possessions therein by one of the principal Streets, Roads, or Passages connected therewith.

Houses and  
Shops to be  
numbered,  
and Streets  
to be named.

XCIX. And be it further enacted, That the Magistrates of the said City, or any one of them, shall and may order and direct the Houses, Buildings, Shops, or Warehouses within the said City and Royalty thereof to be numbered with Figures, to be placed or painted on the Doors, or on such other conspicuous Part thereof as the Proprietors or Occupiers thereof shall think proper, and may likewise order to be painted or otherwise inscribed on a conspicuous Part of some House or Building at or near the End or Corner of each Street, Square, Lane, Passage, or Place the Name of such Street, Square, Lane, Passage, or Place, the Expence of painting such Numbers or Names being defrayed from the Assessment herein authorized to be levied; and any Person or Persons who shall wilfully and maliciously destroy, injure, obliterate, or deface any such Number, Figure, Name, or Description shall for every such Offence forfeit and pay a Sum not exceeding Two Pounds Sterling, to be levied and applied in manner herein-after directed: Provided always, that when any of the said Numbers shall be unavoidably defaced in consequence of the Shop, Door, Wall, or other Place on which the same is marked being new painted or otherwise, the Proprietors or Possessors of the said Shop, Door, or Wall shall and they are hereby required to replace the said original Number in a Character easily legible where it formerly was, or in some other conspicuous Place to be approved by the said Board of Commissioners, and that within Ten Days after the same has been so defaced, under the like Penalty for each Offence, to be levied and applied in manner herein-after directed.

Inhabitants  
may be  
enumerated.

C. And be it further enacted, That it shall and may be lawful to and in the Power of the said Lord Provost, Magistrates, Dean of Guild, Deacon Convener, and other General Commissioners to cause Enumerations of the Inhabitants to be made from Time to Time, and as often as they shall think expedient, and to employ proper Persons for that Purpose, to be paid from the said Assessments; and all Innkeepers and Masters of Hotels, Keepers of Public Houses, Lodging Houses, and other Houses of Entertainment shall and they are hereby ordered and  
required

required on such Occasions, and at all other Times when required by the Lord Provost or any of the said Magistrates, or any Officer or other Person acting under or by virtue of a written Order from them or either of them, to give the Names and Occupations of and otherwise describe all Persons living in their Houses or Families, under the Penalty of forfeiting for each Refusal any Sum not exceeding One Pound Sterling, to be levied and applied in manner herein-after directed.

CI. And be it further enacted, That it shall and may be lawful for the said Magistrates and Town Council, in Council assembled, and they are hereby empowered and authorized, at any Time or Times, to make, ordain, and establish such Orders, Rules, and Regulations for the better regulating all and each of the public Markets in the said City for the Sale of Meal and Corn, Butcher's Meat, Cheese, Butter and Eggs, Poultry, Fish, Potatoes and Vegetables, also for the Slaughter House or Houses, and all public Market Places erected or which shall hereafter be erected within the said City, and to impose such Penalties, not exceeding in any Case the Sum of Five Pounds Sterling, for enforcing Obedience to such Orders, Rules, and Regulations, as to the said Magistrates and Town Council, in Council assembled, shall seem proper; and likewise to make, ordain, and establish such Orders, Rules, and Regulations relative to the Manner of collecting the Dues in the said public Markets, and in other Places within the Limits of the said City, or any other Place or Places in the Vicinity thereof, to which the said Markets, Slaughter House or Houses may afterwards be removed, as they shall judge fit and expedient; and also from Time to Time, as Occasion may require, to repeal, add to, and alter such Orders, Rules, and Regulations: Provided always, that such Orders, Rules, and Regulations shall not be inconsistent with the Laws and Practice of *Scotland*, or the Provisions of this Act; and the said Magistrates and Town Council are hereby directed to cause such Orders, Rules, and Regulations to be painted in a legible Manner on Boards to be put up and affixed in such conspicuous Places in the said Markets as to the said Magistrates and Town Council shall seem proper for publishing the same, and to cause such Boards and Painting to be renewed from Time to Time when destroyed, obliterated, or defaced.

Magistrates and Council to make Regulations for Markets.

CII. And in order to prevent all Doubts with regard to the particular Days of the Week which ought to be held as Market Days, be it further enacted, That from and after the passing of this Act the public Market Days in the said City shall be *Monday, Wednesday, and Saturday* in each and every Week.

Market Days ascertained.

CIII. And be it further enacted, That no Hackney Coachman or Chairman, Carter, Waggoner, Porter, or other Person or Persons exercising similar Employments shall be allowed to ply or work on the Streets of the said City or Liberties for Hire with Hackney Coaches, Sedan Chairs, Carts, or Waggoners, or work as Carters or Porters, or to exercise other similar Employments, without first entering their Names and Places of Residence in a Book to be kept for that Purpose within the Town Clerk's Chambers of the said City, and without first giving Bond respectively, with sufficient Cautioners, for the faithful and honest Discharge of their Duty, under such Penalty as to the said Magistrates shall seem proper;

Regulations as to Hackney Coachmen, Porters, &c.

[*Local.*]

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and

and without having each a Badge or Ticket containing their respective Numbers; and if any Person shall act in any of the Capacities before mentioned without first so registering his Name and Place of Residence, and finding Caution, and without having such Badge or Ticket as aforesaid, every such Person shall for each Offence forfeit any Sum not exceeding Two Pounds Sterling, to be levied and applied in manner herein-after directed; and the said Lord Provost and Magistrates shall have Power and they are hereby authorized to make such Rules and Regulations as they shall think fit for licensing and regulating such Hackney Coaches and other Carriages, and also for such Sedan Chairmen, Carters, Waggoners, Porters, and other Persons exercising similar Employments, for punishing the Misbehaviour of such Coachmen, Drivers, Chairmen, Carters, Porters, and other Persons, for fixing and altering their Stands, and for ascertaining what Rates and Fares, both as to Distance and Time, shall be allowed to be taken by them, and to what Distance, and under what Penalties, not exceeding Five Pounds in any One Case, they shall be obliged to drive or ply in and round the said City, not exceeding Eight Miles for Coaches, and Five Miles for Sedan Chairmen, Carters, Porters, and others, and from Time to Time to repeal, add to, alter, and amend the said Rules and Regulations; and the said Lord Provost and Magistrates are hereby directed to cause such Rules and Regulations to be painted in a legible Manner on Boards to be put up and affixed in such conspicuous Places in the said City as to the said Lord Provost and Magistrates shall seem proper for publishing the same, and to cause such Boards and Painting to be renewed from Time to Time when destroyed, obliterated, or defaced.

Boards of Commissioners to erect Steel-yards, and make Regulations for weighing Coals.

CIV. And whereas the Inhabitants of the City of *Glasgow* have been much imposed upon in the Weight of Coals, which might be remedied by the Weight thereof being properly ascertained; be it therefore enacted, That the said Board of Commissioners shall be and they are hereby empowered and authorized to erect and maintain Steel-yards, Scales, or other Weighing Engines upon or adjacent to the different Streets or Roads leading to the City, or at any other convenient Place for the Purposes herein-after mentioned, or to grant Powers to others to that Effect, and to appoint proper Persons to attend the same, with suitable Allowances for their Trouble; and to order and appoint every Cart or Waggon employed for the Carriage of Coals for Sale within the said City and Royalty to be numbered and weighed, and recorded in a Book to be kept for that Purpose within the City, and under the Direction of the said Board of Commissioners; and which Carts and Waggon shall not be used until the Weight or Tare of such Cart or Waggon shall be ascertained as aforesaid, and shall not be afterwards altered in the Weight or Tare thereof farther than may be occasioned by wet Roads; and every Cart or Waggon loaded with Coals shall be weighed at the said Steel-yards, Scales, or other Weighing Engines, and the Weight of the Coals marked on a Ticket, to be delivered to the Driver; and it shall be lawful for the Person having the Charge of such Steel-yards, Scales, or other Weighing Engines to exact from the Driver for each Cart a Sum not exceeding One Penny Sterling, and for each Waggon a Sum not exceeding Two-pence Sterling, to defray the Expence of erecting and keeping in repair such Steel-yards, Scales, or other Weighing Engines, and for Payment of Persons employed for weighing the Coals, and delivering the Tickets, and

and certifying the Weight thereon, the Money to be repaid to the Drivers by the Purchasers of the Coals; and the Property of such Steel-yards, Scales, and Weighing Engines, when the same shall have been erected by the said Board of Commissioners, shall be vested in them, and when the same shall have been erected by any Person or Persons under their Authority, then the Property thereof shall be vested in the Person or Persons authorized by them to erect the same.

CV. And be it further enacted, That it shall be lawful to seize every Cart or Waggon loaded with Coals within the City or Liberties, or within the Bounds where the respective Steel-yards, Scales, or other Weighing Engines are erected, which shall not have been weighed, and a Ticket procured, and to seize, forfeit, and sell the whole Coals contained in such Cart or Waggon, and to apply the Price thereof in the same Manner with the Fines imposed by virtue of this Act, but such Cart or Waggon shall be returned to the Driver; and in case it shall be discovered that any Coals are taken or abstracted from any Cart or Waggon between the Time at which such Cart or Waggon shall be so weighed and the Time at which the Coals shall be delivered over to the Purchaser, it shall be lawful to seize, forfeit, and sell the whole Coals remaining in such Cart or Waggon, or abstracted therefrom, in so far as the latter can be recovered, in the Way and Manner before prescribed with respect to Coals not regularly weighed in Terms of this Act, and also to seize the Driver of such Cart or Waggon, and any Person or Persons accessory to such Abstraction, and to carry them before the said Magistrates, or any one of them; and the said Magistrates, or any one of them, are hereby authorized and empowered to punish such Driver, and any Person or Persons accessory to such Abstraction, by Fine not exceeding Two Pounds Sterling, to be recovered and applied in manner herein-after directed; and in all Cases where there is a Deficiency of Weight, either upon the first weighing or upon any after-weighing of the Coals, it shall be lawful to seize, forfeit, and sell, and punish in manner aforesaid; declaring, that in ascertaining the Weight of the Coals contained in an ordinary Cart, till further Regulations are made, each Cart Load shall be reckoned to weigh not less than One thousand two hundred Weight, and each Waggon Load not less than Two thousand four hundred Weight, and with Power to the said Magistrates to impose Fines for altering the Tare or Weight of the Cart or Waggon aforesaid, not exceeding Ten Shillings Sterling.

For preventing Abuses therein.

- CVI. And be it further enacted, That it shall and may be lawful to the said Board of Commissioners, and they are hereby authorized and empowered, to provide, furnish, and maintain such Number of portable or moveable Machines for weighing Coals as they may consider necessary, to be kept at convenient Places, in order that the Inhabitants may have Access to them for the Purpose of re-weighing their Coals, at their own Expence, if they shall be so inclined, and to employ proper Persons to attend such Machines, and to establish the Rates to be payable to them for such re-weighing as aforesaid; as also that the Master or Superintendent of Police may cause Coals offered for Sale to be re-weighed when he may think the same necessary as a Check upon the Conduct of Carters or others, such re-weighing being always done free of Expence; and if upon such re-weighing, made either at the Desire of the private Party

Coals may be re-weighed, &c.

or

or by Direction of the said Master or Superintendent as aforesaid, it shall appear that any Coals have been taken or embezzled from any Cart or other Carriage after its passing the Steel-yard where it was originally weighed, it shall be lawful to seize such Cart or Carriage with its Loading; and upon Complaint of the Offence made, and the same being established, it shall be lawful to declare the Coals found in such Cart or other Carriage to be forfeited, and to order the same to be sold, and the Proceeds thereof to be applied in the same Manner as the Fines imposed by this Act; and it shall be competent to punish the Drivers of the said Carts or other Carriages, or any other Person or Persons who shall be found to have been accessory to such Abstraction or Embezzlement, by a Fine not exceeding Two Pounds Sterling, to be levied and applied in manner herein-after directed.

Gunpowder not to be sold by Candle-light, &c.

CVII. And be it further enacted, That no Gunpowder shall be sold within the said City by Candle-light or other artificial Light under a Penalty not exceeding One Pound Sterling, to be paid for each Offence, by the Person or Persons selling the same, to be levied and applied in manner herein-after directed.

Not more than Ten Pounds Weight to be kept in any Warehouse, &c.

CVIII. And be it further enacted, That no Merchant, Shopkeeper, or other Person or Persons shall keep at the same Time in any House, Shop, Cellar, or Warehouse, or other Apartments, within the said City, more than Ten Pounds Weight of Gunpowder; and that every Person or Persons so offending shall for the first Offence forfeit and pay any Sum not exceeding One Pound Sterling, for the second Offence Three Pounds Sterling, and for the third and every subsequent Offence Five Pounds Sterling, to be levied in manner herein-after directed, besides forfeiting all the Gunpowder which shall be found in his, her, or their Houses, Shops, Cellars, Warehouses, or other Apartments exceeding the aforesaid Weight.

How to be kept.

CIX. And be it further enacted, That the aforesaid Quantity of Ten Pounds Weight of Gunpowder allowed to be kept within the Houses, Shops, Cellars, Warehouses, and other Apartments aforesaid shall be deposited in a Place by itself, separate from all other Goods and Commodities, and shall be secured by Lock and Key, under a Penalty not exceeding One Pound Sterling, to be paid for each Offence by the Occupier of the said House, Shop, Cellar, Warehouse, or other Apartment in which such Quantity of Gunpowder not so kept and secured as aforesaid shall be found, to be levied and applied in manner herein-after directed.

Exceptions as to Gunpowder kept for Military Purposes.

CX. Provided always, That it shall be lawful for and in the Power of the Commanding Officer of any of His Majesty's Military or Naval Forces, or the Commanding Officer of any Volunteer or Yeomanry Corps, to keep in any Place or Places which he may deem expedient such a Quantity of Gunpowder as he may think necessary for Military Purposes.

Vagrants to be apprehended and punished.

CXI. And be it further enacted, That the Officers, Watchmen, and other inferior Servants of Police shall apprehend and bring before the Magistrates of the said City, or any one of them, all Vagrants and common Beggars



Beggars for Examination; and if it shall appear that the Persons so apprehended do not belong to any Parish within the Limits over which this Act extends, they may be ordered to pass beyond the said Limits; and if any of the said Persons shall, after the Expiration of Forty-eight Hours, be again found at large within any of the said Wards, they may be apprehended and detained; and the Magistrates or Magistrate before whom they shall be brought may adjudge them to be disorderly Persons, and as such may commit them to Bridewell for any Space not exceeding Sixty Days.

CXII. And be it further enacted, That if any Person or Persons, within the Limits over which this Act extends, shall knowingly lodge, entertain, or harbour any Idler, Rogue, or Vagabond in any House or Out-house belonging to him, her, or them, and shall not give Notice to a Constable or other Officer acting under the Authority of this Act, in order that such Persons may be apprehended, every Person so offending, upon being lawfully convicted thereof before the said Magistrates, or any one of them, shall forfeit and pay a Sum not exceeding Two Pounds Sterling for each Offence, to be recovered as herein-after directed, one Moiety whereof may be adjudged to the Informer, and the other Moiety applied as herein-after appointed.

Penalty on  
Persons  
harbouring  
Vagrants.

CXIII. And be it further enacted, That it shall and may be lawful for the said Magistrates or any one of them, and they or any one of them are hereby authorized and empowered, to cause bring before them all Persons keeping Tippling Houses, or other Houses resorted to by riotous or disorderly People, and, upon Complaints being established against such Person or Persons to that Effect, either to declare the Licence or Licences of such Person or Persons for selling Ale or Spirituous Liquors to be forfeited, or to require such Person or Persons to find Security for his, her, or their good Behaviour for such Length of Time, and to such Extent, not being less than Ten Pounds Sterling, and not exceeding Fifty Pounds Sterling, as they shall judge proper; and in the event of such Security not being found within a reasonable Time it shall and may be lawful to the said Magistrates, or any one of them, to deprive such Persons of his, her, or their Licence or Licences for selling Ale or Spirituous Liquors; and in the event of the said Persons, or any of them, selling Ale or Spirituous Liquors not being duly licensed in Terms of Law, it shall and may be lawful to the said Magistrates, or any one of them before whom they are brought, to award against the Offender or Offenders a Fine not exceeding Ten Pounds Sterling, to be levied from such Offender or Offenders, and applied in manner herein-after directed.

Licences of  
Tippling  
Houses may  
be forfeited,  
or Keepers  
of such  
Houses to  
find Security.

CXIV. And be it further enacted, That all Brokers or Dealers in Second-hand Goods, other than licensed Pawnbrokers, resident within the said City shall be bound to register their Names and Places of Residence and of Business at the Town Clerk's Chambers, where they shall obtain a Certificate under the Hand of any one of the said Magistrates of such Registration; and all such Brokers and others failing to register their Names and Places of Residence as aforesaid shall be liable in a Penalty not exceeding Five Pounds Sterling.

Brokers to  
register  
Names and  
Places of  
Business.

Brokers to  
produce  
Goods on  
Demand.

CXV. And be it further enacted, That all Brokers or Dealers in Second-hand Goods or Metals, of whatsoever Kind or Description, shall, at all reasonable Times, show and produce, on Demand, to the Master of Police, the Officers acting under him, or other Officers authorized by the said Magistrates, or any of them, all and every Article or Articles in his, her, or their Possession, or which he, she, or they may have received in pawn or purchased, and shall also produce his, her, or their Book or Books in which the Description of any such Articles may have been entered; and as often as it shall be found that any Goods or Articles which have been stolen or fraudulently obtained shall be in the Possession of any such Persons, they are hereby required, on being informed that such Goods or Articles were stolen or fraudulently obtained, to deposit the same with the said Master or other superior Officer of Police, in order that they may be produced in such Manner as may be necessary for the Ends of public Justice, or restored to the proper Owner or Owners thereof; and every Person so dealing in Second-hand Articles, who shall refuse to produce and shew the Goods or Articles in his or her Possession, or the Book or Books in which the same are described, on being required so to do as aforesaid, or who shall not instantly deliver any such Goods or Articles stolen or fraudulently obtained as aforesaid, shall for every such Offence forfeit a Sum not exceeding Five Pounds Sterling, upon Conviction before the said Magistrates or any one of them, such Forfeiture to be recovered and applied in manner herein-after directed, and without Prejudice to such Persons being also proceeded against as Receivers or Resettlers of stolen Goods, according to Law.

Police Office  
&c. to be  
purchased,  
built, or  
rented.

CXVI. And be it further enacted, That for the Conveniency of the Public, and in order to the Purposes of this Act being more readily carried into effect, the Lord Provost, Magistrates, and other General Commissioners shall have Power and they are hereby authorized to purchase, build, or rent Lands, Tenements, and Apartments in such convenient Situations within the said City as they shall agree upon, to be used as a Police Office or Offices, Watch-house or Watch-houses, where the Master or Superintendent of Police, or other confidential Officer, shall be in attendance at such Hours and with such Assistants as the Lord Provost and Magistrates shall appoint, in order to receive Communications and Complaints, written or verbal, and to receive and detain, for Examination before the said Magistrates or any of them, all Persons charged with Crimes, Misdemeanors and Offences, and apprehended in virtue of this Act.

Bail may be  
taken in cer-  
tain Cases.

CXVII. And be it further enacted, That upon the Apprehension of any Person or Persons as aforesaid who shall be legally entitled to be liberated upon Bail, it shall be lawful to the Master or superior Officer of Police upon Duty at the Time, and he is empowered, in absence of the Magistrate of Police, to accept of sufficient Bail, by Bond or Pledge, for such Person or Persons to an Extent not exceeding Twenty Pounds Sterling, and to liberate such Person or Persons accordingly.

Prisoners  
may be re-  
manded and  
kept in Po-  
lice Office  
till Caution.

CXVIII. And be it further enacted, That where the said Magistrates or any one of them shall find it necessary to remand any Prisoner or Prisoners for affording Time to find Caution, or for further Examination, it shall be lawful to detain such Prisoner or Prisoners in the Police Office until such Caution can be found, or until such further Examination takes place,

place, such further Examination, always taking place as soon as Circumstances will permit, and without any unnecessary Delay.

CXIX. And be it further enacted, That where any Offender or Offenders shall have found Caution for good Behaviour, or for keeping the Peace, and shall commit a new Offence or Offences inferring Forfeiture of said Caution, it shall be lawful to order the Cautioner or Cautioners to be cited to make Payment of the Sum or Sums contained in the Bond or Bonds of Caution within the Space of Forty-eight Hours, and in default of instant Payment, after the Lapse of the said Space, to declare the Sum or Sums in such Bond or Bonds of Caution to be forfeited, which shall thereupon be recoverable by a Precept to be issued by any of the said Magistrates upon *induciæ* of Ten Days; and upon Failure of Payment it shall be lawful to grant Warrant for the Pounding and Sale of the Defaulter's Goods and Effects for the Sum or Sums so forfeited, and the Expences of such Pounding and Sale; and upon Certificate of the pouncing Officer of there not being a Sufficiency of such Goods and Effects, the Cautioner or Cautioners may be imprisoned by Warrant of any of the said Magistrates in the Debtors Apartments of the Tolbooth of *Glasgow* for a Space not exceeding Thirty Days; and after the said Imprisonment no further Procedure against the Cautioner or Cautioners shall be competent on the Bond.

Bonds of Caution when to be forfeited and Penalties recovered.

CXX. And be it further enacted, That when any Offender or Offenders shall have suffered Imprisonment in the Jail or Bridewell of the said City for the Space of Sixty Days, and shall be afterwards found guilty of any Offence under this Act, and further when such Offender or Offenders has or have no fixed Residence within the said City, nor any visible Means of Subsistence, the Proof as to both which shall rest with the said Offender or Offenders, it shall, in such Circumstances (but not otherwise), be lawful to the said Magistrates or any one of them to banish the Offender or Offenders from the City and Liberties thereof for a Space not exceeding Twelve Calendar Months, under Certification that if he, she, or they shall return to the said City or Liberties previous to the Expiration of the said Term of Banishment he, she, or they shall again be committed to the said Tolbooth or Bridewell for a Space not exceeding Sixty Days, and under the further Certification that he, she, or they shall be thereafter again banished, after having suffered this Imprisonment, from the said City and Liberties till the original Term of Banishment is fully expired, if any Part of it be not elapsed.

Power to banish in certain Cases.

CXXI. And be it further enacted, That all Offences, Matters, and Things falling under this Act shall be judged of and determined by the said Magistrates, or by the Dean of Guild Court, respectively, at the Instance of their Procurator Fiscal, to whom it shall be competent to bring Actions and Prosecutions; and that in all Actions and Prosecutions brought by him accordingly, and whether concluding for Fines, Penalties, or Damages, Imprisonment or Banishment, where such Fines, Penalties, or Damages shall not exceed Five Pounds Sterling, or where such Imprisonment shall not exceed Sixty Days, or where such Banishment shall not exceed Twelve Calendar Months, the Procedure against Offenders shall be of a summary Nature, without any written Pleadings or

Actions competent to the Procurator Fiscal.

Summary Procedure.

or Record of Evidence, it being hereby provided that a Record shall be preserved of the Charge and of the Judgment pronounced.

Costs of Suit  
to be de-  
cerned for.

CXXII. And be it further enacted, That in all Cases where the said Magistrates or Dean of Guild Court are empowered to decern for the Expence of any Works or Operations, or of any other Expences, Sums of Money, Damages, or Penalties, under the Authority of this Act, it shall be lawful for them also to decern for the Costs of Suit over and above such Expences, Sums of Money, Penalties, and Damages; and it shall also be lawful to the said Magistrates to award Damages to an injured Party against any Offender or Offenders to an Amount not exceeding Twenty Pounds Sterling: Provided always, that in case any Defender shall be acquitted it shall be lawful to the said Magistrates and Dean of Guild Court, if they shall see Cause, to subject the private Party who has made the Complaint in the Expences incurred by the Party acquitted.

Damages  
may be  
awarded to  
injured  
Party.

Recovery of  
Penalties.

CXXIII. And be it further enacted, That where Fines, Penalties, Forfeitures, and Damages decerned for in virtue of this Act shall not exceed Two Pounds Sterling, and the Manner of levying or recovering of which is not otherwise herein-before directed, it shall and may be lawful for the said Magistrates or any one of them, and they or any one of them are hereby empowered, in case the Offender or Offenders shall not immediately pay the Sums decerned for, to commit such Offender or Offenders to Prison for any Time not exceeding Fourteen Days, unless such Fines, Penalties, Forfeitures, and Damages, and the Charges incurred in levying and recovering the same, shall be sooner paid and satisfied; and farther, that when Fines, Penalties, Forfeitures, Damages, and Expences decerned for shall exceed the Sum of Two Pounds Sterling, and the Manner of levying and recovering of which is not otherwise herein-before directed, it shall and may be lawful for the said Magistrates or any one of them, and they or any one of them are hereby empowered, in Case the Offender or Offenders shall not immediately pay the Sums decerned for, to commit such Offender or Offenders to Prison for any Time not exceeding Sixty Days, unless the Sums of Money so decerned for, and the Charges incurred in levying and recovering the same, shall be sooner paid and satisfied.

Appeal.

CXXIV. And be it further enacted, That if any Person or Persons shall think him, her, or themselves aggrieved by any Order or other Proceeding of the said Lord Provost, Magistrates, Dean of Guild, Deacon Conventer, and other General Commissioners, or by any Sentence or Decree of the said Magistrates or Dean of Guild Court, it shall be lawful for him, her, or them to appeal to the first Circuit Court of Justiciary to be held at *Glasgow* after the Expiration of Twenty Days from the Date of such Order, Sentence, Decree, or other Proceeding, and the Appellant or Appellants shall find Security, and observe the other Requisites of the Law relative to Appeals to that Court.

No Appeal  
except on  
Consign-  
ation of  
Sums, de-  
cerned for.

CXXV. Provided always, and be it further enacted, That no Stay of Execution of the Sentences pronounced by the said Magistrates, or any of them, under this Act, in so far as regards Fines, Penalties, Forfeitures, Damages, or Expences, shall be competent to the Effect of preventing  
imme-

immediate Payment or Consignation in the Hands of the Clerk of Court of the Sums awarded under any of those Heads; and the Person or Persons against whom Sentences shall be pronounced (or who may be found liable in such Expences), if in Custody at the Time, shall be so kept, and if not in Custody at the Time shall immediately be taken into Custody and so kept, till the Money be paid or consigned; and if the same is not so paid or consigned within Twenty-four Hours from the Date of such Sentence, in so far as concerns Damages and Expences, and immediately in so far as concerns Fines and Penalties, he, she, or they shall be committed to the Tolbooth of *Glasgow*, till liberated in due Course of Law, in so far as concerns Damages and Expences, and till the Expiry of the Term of Confinement failing Payment, in so far as concerns Fines and Penalties; and in all Cases a Copy of the Charge and Sentence, certified by the Clerk of Court, shall be deemed a sufficient Warrant of Commitment; reserving nevertheless to any Person or Persons having so consigned such Penalty, Damages, or Expences, if he, she, or they shall consider himself, herself, or themselves aggrieved, to seek Redress by Suspension, Advocation, or Appeal, in common Form.

CXXVI. And be it further enacted, That when the Magistrate acting under this Act shall think the Case deserving a higher Punishment or Fine than is authorized by this Act, he shall and may commit such Offender to the Tolbooth of *Glasgow* for Examination, or till liberated in due Course of Law.

Where higher Punishment is necessary.

CXXVII. And be it further enacted, That it shall be lawful to any of the said Magistrates to shorten the Period of any Person's Confinement in Jail or Bridewell, by virtue of this Act, or otherwise, upon being satisfied of the good Behaviour of such Person during his or her Confinement, either upon Payment of a pecuniary Fine not exceeding Ten Pounds Sterling for each Offence, or upon Caution for such Person's good Behaviour for any Period not exceeding Twelve Months, and under a Penalty not exceeding Ten Pounds Sterling.

Magistrates empowered to shorten Period of Confinement in Jail or Bridewell.

CXXVIII. And be it further enacted, That one Moiety of the whole Fines, Penalties, and Forfeitures imposed under this Act, or any other Act, or at Common Law, and levied from Offenders detected or apprehended by any Officer or Servant, or other Person acting under this Act, and not herein-before directed to be otherwise applied, shall, after deducting Ten Pounds *per Centum* in Name of Expences, be paid monthly to the said Magistrates and other General Commissioners, or to their Collector, for the Purposes of this Act, and that the other Moiety of the said Fines, Penalties, and Forfeitures, together with all other Fines, Penalties, and Forfeitures awarded and recovered in Prosecutions before the said Magistrates at the instance of their Procurator Fiscal, shall be paid to any Person duly authorized by the said Magistrates, and be applied by the said Magistrates towards defraying the Charges of Prosecutions and other judicial Criminal Procedure before the said Magistrates at the instance of their said Procurator Fiscal, and of Precognitions taken in virtue of Warrants by them in order to Trial before the High Court or Circuit Court of Justiciary: Providing also, that a Book or Books shall be kept by the Assessors of the said Magistrates, or other Person or Persons duly authorized by the said Magistrates, in which shall be entered an accurate Statement of the Fines, Penalties, and Forfeitures to be

Application of Penalties, &c.

divided as aforesaid; and which Book or Books shall, at all reasonable Times, be patent and open for the Inspection of the said General Commissioners, or any of them, who may take Copies or Excerpts therefrom, without Payment of any Fee, Charge, or Expence.

Children of Parents confined in Jail &c. not to acquire a Settlement.

CXXIX. And be it further enacted, That no Children born of Parents confined in the Tolbooth of *Glasgow*, or in Bridewell, or of Parents who have been admitted into the Infirmary, or into any Lying-in Hospital, or into any Charitable Institution, within the said City, shall by such their Birth acquire a legal Settlement within the said City, or in any of the Parishes thereof, unless they have in other respects a legal Right to such Settlement.

Sheriff may give Commissions to Magistrates for limited Purposes in the County.

CXXX. And be it further enacted, That it shall be lawful to the Sheriff Depute of the County of *Lanark*, and he is hereby authorized and empowered, to grant to all or any of the said Magistrates Commissions as Sheriffs Substitute, to the effect of enabling the said Magistrates, or any of them, and they, or any of them, are hereby authorized and empowered, on the Application of the Procurator Fiscal of the said Magistrates, to grant Warrants to apprehend Offenders who have committed Offences within the Limits of this Act, and to search for Goods which have been stolen within the said Limits, wherever such Offenders or such Goods may be found within the said County; and on such Warrants being granted, it shall be lawful for the Officers of the said Magistrates, or the Officers of Police, to execute the same.

Powers of Magistrates and Commissioners to extend to South Extremity of Bridges.

CXXXI. And be it further enacted, That the Powers of the said Magistrates, and other Commissioners herein appointed, shall extend to the South Extremity of the Bridges constructed or to be constructed over the River *Clyde*, and leading from the City of *Glasgow*, to the Barony of *Gorbals*, and Villages of *Hutchesonstown* and *Tradestown*, the Trustees of the said Bridges respectively defraying the Expence of lighting the same from the Funds under their Charge; and that the said Magistrates and the Burgh and Dean of Guild Courts of *Glasgow* shall possess and exercise the same Rights, Privileges, and Jurisdictions over and upon the said Bridges as they do now possess and exercise, or are by this Act authorized to exercise, within the said City.

Magistrates and other General Commissioners to make Regulations and Bye Laws.

CXXXII. And be it further enacted, That it shall and may be lawful for the said Lord Provost, Magistrates, Dean of Guild, and Deacon Convener; and other General Commissioners, or a Majority of them, at any Quarterly Meeting, or other Meeting to be held for the Purpose, at any Time or Times, to make, ordain, or establish Orders, Rules, and Regulations, for the Direction and Government of the whole Servants belonging to the Establishment appointed as aforesaid; as also to make, establish, and ordain Bye Laws for the better executing this Act, particularly as to erecting Sheds, and laying down Building Materials on the Streets, and for removing Obstructions and Incumbrances, and preventing Nuisances and Annoyances on the said Streets, or on the Foot Pavements or other Places within the said City; and also from Time to Time, as Occasion may require, to repeal, add to, and amend, or alter such Rules, Orders, and Bye Laws as to them shall seem necessary and expedient, and to enforce the same by pecuniary Penalties,

Penalties, not exceeding in any Case the Sum of Five Pounds Sterling, to be levied and applied in manner herein directed: Provided always, that none of the said Orders, Rules, and Regulations shall become valid or take effect till they be ratified and confirmed by the Magistrates and Town Council of the said City in Council assembled, nor the said Bye Laws till they be published in Two or more of the Newspapers of the said City; and the said Magistrates and other General Commissioners are hereby directed to cause the said Orders, Rules, Regulations, and Bye Laws to be printed and affixed on conspicuous Places in the Police Offices and Watch-houses, and such other Parts of the said City, as to the said Magistrates and other General Commissioners shall seem proper for publishing the same, and to cause such Prints to be renewed from Time to Time, when torn down, obliterated, or defaced: And provided also, that no such Regulations or Bye Laws shall be repugnant to the Laws of *Scotland*, or to any thing contained in this Act.

CXXXIII. And be it further enacted, That no Action shall be commenced against the said Magistrates and other Commissioners, or any other Person or Persons, for any thing done in the Execution of this Act, after Three Calendar Months from the Time the Act is committed; and the Defender or Defenders in such Action or Process may produce this Act, and plead that the said Things were done by Authority and in virtue thereof, and if they shall appear so to be done, then and in that Case the said Defender or Defenders shall be assoilzied from such Action or Process, and the Pursuer or Pursuers in such Action shall be found liable to pay the said Defender or Defenders the whole Expences of Process incurred by the said Defender or Defenders: Provided always, that it shall be competent to the Town Council, Merchants House, and Trades House of the said City, or any One of them, to bring Actions against the said Board of Commissioners, or to the Board of Commissioners for the Time being to bring Actions against their Predecessors in Office, before the Courts of Session or Exchequer in *Scotland*, for embezzling, squandering, or misapplying the Funds vested in them by this Act, and that at any Time within Twelve Calendar Months after the Offence for which such Action may be raised shall be alleged to have been committed.

Limitation  
of Actions.

CXXXIV. Provided always, and be it enacted, That nothing contained in this Act shall extend or be construed to extend to take away, diminish, or abridge any Rights, Privileges, Jurisdictions, and Powers which now belong to and are enjoyed by the Magistrates and Town Council of the said City, or by the said Magistrates or any One of them, or by the Water Baillie of the Ports or River of *Clyde*, appointed by the said Magistrates and Council, by virtue of former Acts of Parliament, or Royal Charters granted in their Favour, or of immemorial Usage.

Saving Jurisdictions  
Magistrates  
and Council,  
and Baillie  
of the River  
*Clyde*.

CXXXV. And be it further enacted, That the Charges and Expences of passing this Act shall, in the first instance, be advanced by the said Magistrates and Council out of the Funds of the Community, and shall be repaid to them, with Interest from the respective Periods of advancing the same, out of the Monies arising from the Assessments aforesaid, by equal Portions, from the Sums levied during the First Seven Years after the passing of this Act.

Expences of  
this Act how  
to be paid.

CXXXVI. And

Public Act.

CXXXVI. And be it further enacted, That all Sheriffs, Justices of the Peace, Judges, and Magistrates, with their Officers, Messengers at Arms, and all other Officers and Executors of the Law whomsoever, shall and they are hereby required to be aiding and assisting in putting this Act into due and lawful Execution; and that this Act shall be deemed and taken to be a Public Act, and shall be judicially taken notice of as such by all Judges, Justices, and others, without being specially pleaded.

Commence-  
ment and  
Continuance  
of Act.

CXXXVII. And be it further enacted, That this Act shall commence upon the passing thereof; and that the several Parts of this Act, and of the said recited Acts of the Thirty-ninth and Fortieth and the Forty-seventh of His late Majesty, which relate to the Division of the said City into Wards, the appointing of Commissioners for the said Wards, the laying on and levying the Assessment herein-before directed, and the appointing a Master or Superintendent of Police, Clerks, Surveyors, Collectors, Treasurers, Officers, Patrol, Watchmen, and other Servants, (except such Parts of the said recited Acts as are by this Act amended or altered, or are repugnant or contrary to any of the Provisions in this Act contained,) shall be executed and put in force for and during the Residue then to come of the Term granted by the said recited Act of the Forty-seventh of His late Majesty, and from the Expiration thereof for and during the further Term of Fourteen Years, and from thence to the End of the then next Session of Parliament; but that all the other Parts of this Act, and of the said recited Acts of the Thirty-ninth and Fortieth and the Forty-seventh of His late Majesty, shall be perpetual.

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