SCHEDULE 2

Information, other than documents to accompany application to be issued with an ID card which confirms (with or without changes) the contents of an entry in the Register

PART 2

Documents to accompany application to be issued with an ID card which confirms (with or without changes) the contents of an entry in the Register

- **6.** In the case of all applications, other than where such card has been lost, stolen or destroyed, the applicant's current ID card.
- 7. In the case of an applicant who is an relevant airside worker, written confirmation from the applicant's employer that the applicant holds a valid airside pass or that the applicant is required to apply for an airside pass due to the applicant's employment or proposed employment.
- **8.** In the case of an application by an EEA national, involving a change of the name as recorded in the Register, the applicant's identity card or passport, which records the new name.
- **9.** In the case of an application by an applicant who claims to be a family member of an EEA national with a right to reside under the Immigration (European Economic Area) Regulations 2006, involving a change of the name as recorded in the Register, the applicant's passport, which records the new name.
- **10.** In the case of an application involving a change of date of birth as recorded in the Register, a birth or adoption certificate which records the new date of birth, in a form which contains details of the parents, or, as the case may be, adoptive parents of the applicant, in so far as they are included on the relevant register.
- 11. In the case of an application involving a change of place of birth as recorded in the Register, a birth or adoption certificate which records the new place of birth, in a form which contains details of the parents, or, as the case may be, adoptive parents of the applicant, in so far as they are included on the relevant register.
- 12. In the case of an application involving recording in the Register a change of gender that has been recognised by the Gender Recognition Panel, a gender recognition certificate, a birth or adoption certificate which records the new gender, in a form which contains details of the parents, or, as the case may be, adoptive parents or a valid passport recording the new gender.
- 13. In the case of an application involving the recording in the Register a change of gender that has not yet been recognised by the Gender Recognition Panel, a valid passport recording the new gender or a report from a registered medical practitioner or chartered psychologist practising in the field of gender dysphoria that the individual has a need to live in an acquired gender.
- **14.** In the case of an application by an individual who lives in two gender roles, involving recording in the Register a second gender, a report from a registered medical practitioner or a chartered psychologist practicing in the field of gender dysphoria that the individual has a need to live at least part of their life in a gender other than that recorded on their current birth certificate.
- **15.** In the case of an application involving a change of nationality as recorded in the Register, where the applicant has become a British citizen, the passport on which the applicant first entered the United Kingdom and a certificate of registration or naturalisation.
- **16.** In the case of an applicant who is a British subject with the right of abode in the United Kingdom under an enactment other than section 31 of the British Nationality Act 1981 a declaration that the applicant has not taken up alternative citizenship or nationality

- 17. In the case of an application involving a change of nationality as recorded in the Register, where an EEA national has become a national of a country other than the United Kingdom, a valid passport or identity card issued by the country of which the applicant has become a citizen.
- 18. In the case of an application involving a change of nationality as recorded in the Register, where an applicant who claims to be a family member of an EEA national with a right to reside under the Immigration (European Economic Area) Regulations 2006 has become a national of a country other than the United Kingdom, a valid passport issued by the country of which the applicant has become a citizen.
- 19. In the case of an application by an individual who has become a dual national, involving recording in the Register a second nationality, a valid passport or identity card issued by the country of which the applicant has become a citizen.
- **20.** In the case of an application involving a change of nationality as recorded in the Register, where the applicant has renounced British citizenship or British Subject status, the applicant's copy of the declaration of renunciation of British citizenship or British Subject status and a valid passport issued by the country of which the applicant is a citizen.