SCHEDULE 2

Regulation 6(4)

Technical requirements for analysis of samples

- 1. The reference method adopted for determining the sulphur content of fuels sampled pursuant to regulation 6(1) shall be defined by—
 - (a) ISO method 8754 (1992) and PrEN ISO 14596 for heavy fuel oil(1);
 - (b) EN method 24260 (1987), ISO 8754 (1992) and PrEN ISO 14596 for gas oil(2).
 - 2. The arbitration method shall be PrEN ISO 14596.
- **3.** The statistical interpretation of the verification of the sulphur content of the gas oils used shall be carried out in accordance with ISO standard 4259 (1992)(3).

⁽¹⁾ ISO method 8754 (1992) is described in the British Standard entitled "Petroleum Products-Determination of Sulphur content-Energy-dispersive X-ray fluorescence methods", published under the numbers BS EN ISO 8754:1995 and ISO 8754:1992, which came into effect on 31st July 1995. PrEN ISO 14596 is described in the British Standard entitled "Petroleum Products-Determination of Sulphur content-Wavelength-dispersive X-ray fluorescence spectrometry", published under the numbers BS EN ISO 14596:1998 and ISO 14596:1998, which came into effect on 15th December 1998.

⁽²⁾ EN method 24260 (1987) is described in the British Standard entitled "Petroleum Products and Hydrocarbons-Determination of Sulphur Content-Wickbold combustion method", published under the numbers BS EN 24260:1994 and ISO 24260:1987, which came into effect on 30th September 1994.

⁽³⁾ ISO standard 4259 (1992) is described in the British Standard entitled "Petroleum Products-Determination and Application of precision data in relation to methods of test", published under the numbers BS EN ISO 4259:1996 and ISO 4259:1992, which came into effect on 15th February 1996.