

Parts in which coal, coke, oxide of iron, ochre, lime, or stone is crushed or ground.

Parts of walls, partitions, ceilings or tops of rooms which are at least 20 feet above the floor.

Ceilings or tops of rooms in print works, bleach works, or dye works, with the exception of finishing rooms or warehouses.

PART B.

- Shipbuilding works.
- Engineering works.
- Electric generating or transforming stations.
- Foundries other than foundries in which brass casting is carried on.
- Coach and motor body works.
- Those parts of factories where unpainted or unvarnished wood is manufactured.

SECOND SCHEDULE.

It is hereby certified that the washable water paint made by  $\frac{me}{us}$  and known as.....will when finished for use in accordance with the directions given (below ) (on the label attached to each tin) comply with the definition of washable paint in the Factories (Cleanliness of Walls and Ceilings) Order (Northern Ireland), 1939.

Name and Address of Firm.....

Date.....

Signature.....

Sanitary Accommodation.

REGULATIONS, DATED 10TH DAY OF MAY, 1939, MADE BY THE MINISTRY OF LABOUR UNDER SEATION 7 OF THE FACTORIES ACT (NORTHERN IRELAND), 1938.

1939. No. 70.

The Ministry of Labour for Northern Ireland, in pursuance of the powers conferred on it by sub-section (2) of Section 7 of the Factories Act (Northern Ireland), 1938, and of all other powers enabling it in that behalf, hereby makes the following Regulations :—

1.—These Regulations shall apply to all factories as defined in Section 157 of the Act and to electrical stations to which sub-section (1) of Section 107 of the Act applies.

2.—In cases where females are employed there shall be at least one suitable sanitary convenience for every 25 females.

**3.**—In cases where males are employed there shall be at least one suitable sanitary convenience (not being a convenience suitable merely as a urinal) for every 25 males :

Provided that in the case of factories where the number of males employed exceeds 100 and sufficient urinal accommodation is also provided, it shall be sufficient if there is one such convenience as aforesaid for every 25 males up to the first 100, and one for every 40 thereafter.

Provided further that in the case of a factory where the number of males employed exceeds 500, not being a factory constructed, enlarged or converted for use as a factory after the 30th June, 1939, it shall be sufficient to provide one such convenience as aforesaid for every 60 males if sufficient urinal accommodation is also provided and if the Medical Officer of Health issues a certificate (which shall be kept attached to the general register so long as it remains in force) that in his opinion the arrangements at the factory are such that this proviso may properly be applied to the factory. Any such certificate shall be liable at any time to be revoked by the Medical Officer of Health by notice in writing.

**4.**—In calculating the number of conveniences required by these Regulations, any odd number of persons less than 25, or 40, as the case may be, shall be reckoned as 25 or 40.

**5.**—Every sanitary convenience shall be sufficiently ventilated, and shall not communicate with any workroom except through the open air or through an intervening ventilated space :

Provided that, in the case of workrooms in use prior to the 1st January, 1903, and mechanically ventilated in such manner that air cannot be drawn into the workroom through the sanitary convenience, an intervening ventilated space shall not be required.

**6.**—Every sanitary convenience (other than a convenience suitable merely as a urinal) shall be under cover and so partitioned off as to secure privacy and shall have a proper door and fastenings. Urinals shall be so placed or so screened as not to be visible from other parts of the factory where persons work or pass.

**7.**—The sanitary conveniences shall be so arranged as to be conveniently accessible to the persons employed at all times while they are at the factory.

**8.**—In cases where persons of both sexes are employed, the sanitary conveniences for each sex shall be so placed or so screened that the interior shall not be visible, even when the door of any convenience is open, from any place where persons of the other sex

have to work or pass; and, if the conveniences for one sex adjoin those for the other sex, the approaches shall be separate. The conveniences for each sex shall be indicated by a suitable notice.

9.—These Regulations may be cited as the Factories (Sanitary Accommodation) Regulations (Northern Ireland), 1939, and shall come into force on the 1st July, 1939, and shall be without prejudice to the requirements in sub-section (1) of Section 7 of the Act that the conveniences shall be maintained and kept clean and that effective provision shall be made for lighting the conveniences.

10.—As from 1st July, 1939, the Sanitary Accommodation Order of the 4th February, 1903(a), so far as it relates to Northern Ireland is hereby revoked.

Sealed with the Official Seal of the Ministry of Labour for Northern Ireland this 10th day of May, 1939, in the presence of—

(L.S.)

*R. R. Bowman,*

Assistant Secretary.

Stormont, Belfast.

### Washing Facilities (Dermatitis).

ORDER, DATED 10TH DAY OF MAY, 1939, MADE BY THE MINISTRY OF LABOUR UNDER SECTION 43 OF THE FACTORIES ACT (NORTHERN IRELAND), 1938.

1939. No. 62.

1.—The Ministry of Labour for Northern Ireland, in pursuance of the powers conferred on it by the proviso to sub-section (4) of Section 43 of the Factories Act (Northern Ireland), 1938, and of all other powers enabling it in that behalf, hereby prescribes for the purposes of that proviso the processes specified in the Schedule to this Order, being processes liable to cause dermatitis or other affection of the skin.

2.—This Order may be cited as the Factories (Washing Facilities—Dermatitis) Order (Northern Ireland), 1939.

Sealed with the Official Seal of the Ministry of Labour for Northern Ireland this 10th day of May, 1939, in the presence of

(L.S.)

*R. R. Bowman,*

Assistant Secretary.

Stormont, Belfast.

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(a) S. R. and O. Rev., 1904, IV. Factory and Workshop, p. 5 (1903, No. 89).