
STATUTORY RULES OF NORTHERN IRELAND

2015 No. 93

The Shared Parental Leave Regulations (Northern Ireland) 2015

PART 3

ENTITLEMENT TO SHARED PARENTAL LEAVE (ADOPTION)

CHAPTER 2

Entitlement to particular periods of leave

Period of leave notice (adoption)

28.—(1) A may only be absent from work to take a period of shared parental leave if A gives A's employer a written notice which sets out the start and end dates of each period of shared parental leave requested in that notice.

(2) AP may only be absent from work to take a period of shared parental leave if AP gives AP's employer a written notice which sets out the start and end dates of each period of shared parental leave requested in that notice.

(3) A notice given under paragraph (1) or (2) must be given not less than eight weeks before the start date of the first period of shared parental leave requested in the notice.

(4) A notice under this regulation may—

- (a) be given at the same time as a notice under regulation 24, 25 or 27 is given to the employer;
- (b) provide notice of more than one period of leave;
- (c) if given before C is placed for adoption —

- (i) contain a start date for the leave which is the day on which C is placed for adoption or which is expressed as a number of days following the date of C's placement for adoption;

- (ii) contain an end date expressed as a number of days following the date of C's placement for adoption.

(5) A notice under this regulation may not—

- (a) be given before a notice is given to the employer under regulation 24 or 25, as the case may be;
- (b) request leave with a start or end date which is outside of the period in which shared parental leave may be taken (see regulation 23(1)).

Continuous period of shared parental leave (adoption)

29. Where an employee gives a notice under regulation 28 which requests one continuous period of shared parental leave, the employee is entitled to take that period of leave.

Discontinuous periods of shared parental leave (adoption)

30.—(1) This regulation applies where an employee gives a notice under regulation 28 which requests discontinuous periods of shared parental leave.

(2) In the two weeks beginning with the date the notice was given the employer who received the notice may—

- (a) consent to the periods of leave requested;
- (b) propose alternative dates for the periods of leave; or
- (c) refuse the periods of leave requested without proposing alternative dates.

(3) Where in the two weeks beginning with the date the notice was given the employer—

- (a) agrees to the periods of leave requested in that notice, or
- (b) agrees with the employee alternative dates for the periods of leave,

the employee is entitled to take the leave on the dates agreed.

(4) Where in the two weeks beginning with the date that notice was given no agreement has been reached, the employee is entitled to take the total amount of leave requested in the notice as a continuous period of leave.

(5) Where the employee is entitled to take a continuous period of leave under paragraph (4)—

- (a) the employee must choose a start date for that leave which is a date after the period of eight weeks beginning with the date on which the period of leave notice was given and must notify the employer of that date within 5 days of the end of the two week period referred to in paragraph (4); or
- (b) if the employee does not choose a start date under sub-paragraph (a), that leave must start on the start date of the first period of leave requested in the period of leave notice.

(6) An employee may withdraw a notice which requests discontinuous periods of shared parental leave on or before the 15th day after the notice was given unless the employee and employer have agreed to periods of leave.

Variation of period of leave (adoption)

31.—(1) Where an employee is entitled to a period of leave under regulation 29 or 30, the employee may give a written notice to request a variation of that period of leave.

(2) A notice under paragraph (1) may—

- (a) vary the start date or end date of any period of shared parental leave provided that the notice is given not less than eight weeks before the date varied and the new date;
- (b) request that a single period of leave become discontinuous periods of leave or vice versa;
- (c) cancel the leave requested provided that the notice is given not less than eight weeks before the leave cancelled by the notice is due to commence.

(3) A notice under paragraph (1) must state what periods of shared parental leave the employee is entitled to under regulation 29 or 30.

(4) A notice under paragraph (1) may not request leave with a start or end date which is outside of the period in which shared parental leave may be taken (see regulation 23(1)).

(5) Regulations 29 and 30 apply to a notice under paragraph (1) as they apply to a period of leave notice given in accordance with regulation 28; and for these purposes a reference in those regulations to a notice under regulation 28 (however expressed) is to be read as a reference to a notice under paragraph (1).

Limit on number of period of leave notices or variations (adoption)

32.—(1) An employee may give a combined total of up to three notices under regulations 28 and 31.

(2) Any notice which is—

- (a) withdrawn under regulation 30(6),
- (b) given under regulation 31 as a result of C being placed earlier or later than the date expected,
- (c) given under regulation 31 in response to a request from the employer that the employee vary a period of leave,

is to be disregarded for the purposes of paragraph (1).

(3) Where an employee has more than one employer, the limit in paragraph (1) applies in respect of each employer.

(4) The limit in paragraph (1) may be waived by agreement between the employee and the employer.

Change of circumstances (adoption)

33.—(1) Where less than 8 weeks before A is due to take a period of shared parental leave or during a period of such leave—

- (a) A informs A's employer that A has ceased to care for C (and therefore A will not be absent from work on shared parental leave); and
- (b) it is not reasonably practicable for A's employer to accommodate the change in circumstances by allowing A to work during the planned period of shared parental leave,

A's employer may require A to take a period of leave.

(2) Where less than 8 weeks before AP is due to take a period of shared parental leave or during a period of such leave—

- (a) AP informs AP's employer that AP has ceased to care for C or that A has informed AP that A has ceased to satisfy the condition in regulation 21(3)(d) (and therefore AP will not be absent from work on shared parental leave); and
- (b) it is not reasonably practicable for AP's employer to accommodate the change in circumstances by allowing AP to work during the planned period of shared parental leave,

AP's employer may require AP to take a period of leave.

(3) This regulation does not apply where regulation 34 applies.

(4) Leave that is required to be taken under paragraph (1) or (2) must be treated as shared parental leave for the purposes of these Regulations.

(5) Where A or AP, as the case may be, is not on a period of shared parental leave at the time the employer is informed of the change of circumstances, any leave that is required to be taken under paragraph (1) or (2) must—

- (a) start on the date on which the next period of shared parental leave was due to start; and
- (b) end as soon as it is reasonably practicable for the employer to accommodate the change in circumstances by allowing A or AP, as the case may be, to work and, in any event, end no later than—
 - (i) the date on which the next period of shared parental leave was due to end, or
 - (ii) eight weeks after the employer is informed of the change in circumstances,whichever is the earlier.

(6) Where A or AP, as the case may be, is on a period of shared parental leave at the time the employer is informed of the change of circumstances, any leave that is required to be taken under paragraph (1) or (2) must—

- (a) start on the date that the employer is informed of the change of circumstances; and
- (b) end as soon as it is reasonably practicable for the employer to accommodate the change in circumstances by allowing A or AP, as the case may be, to work and, in any event, end no later than—
 - (i) the date on which that period of shared parental leave was due to end, or
 - (ii) eight weeks after the employer is informed of the change in circumstances,whichever is the earlier.

Entitlement to shared parental leave in the event of a disrupted placement or the death of adopter, adopter’s partner or child

34. Part 2 of the Schedule applies where before the end of the period during which shared parental leave may be taken (see regulation 23(1))—

- (a) A, AP or C dies; or
- (b) C is returned after being placed for adoption.