
STATUTORY RULES OF NORTHERN IRELAND

2006 No. 164

**The Zebra, Pelican and Puffin Pedestrian
Crossings Regulations (Northern Ireland) 2006**

PART III

SIGNIFICANCE OF SIGNS AT CROSSINGS

Significance of vehicular light signals at Pelican crossings

10.—(1) The significance of the vehicular light signals prescribed by regulation 4(2)(a) and paragraph 3 of Part I of Schedule 2 for the purpose of indicating a Pelican crossing shall be as follows—

- (a) the green signal shall indicate that vehicular traffic may proceed beyond the stop line and through the crossing;
- (b) the green arrow signal shall indicate that vehicular traffic may proceed beyond the stop line and through the crossing only for the purpose of proceeding in the direction as indicated by the arrow;
- (c) except as provided by sub-paragraph (e), the steady amber signal shall convey the same prohibition as the red signal, except that, as respects a vehicle which is so close to the stop line that it cannot safely be stopped without proceeding beyond the stop line, it shall convey the same indication as the green signal or, if the amber signal was immediately preceded by the green arrow signal, as that green arrow signal;
- (d) except as provided by sub-paragraph (e), the red signal shall convey the prohibition that vehicular traffic shall not proceed beyond the stop line;
- (e) when a vehicle is being used for fire brigade, ambulance or police purposes and the observance of the prohibition conveyed by the steady amber or the red signal in accordance with sub-paragraph (c) or (d) would be likely to hinder the use of that vehicle for the purpose for which it is being used, then those sub-paragraphs shall not apply to the vehicle, and the steady amber and the red signal shall each convey the information that the vehicle may proceed beyond the stop line if the driver—
 - (i) accords precedence to any pedestrian who is on that part of the carriageway which lies within the limits of the crossing or on a central reservation which lies between two crossings which do not form part of a system of staggered crossings; and
 - (ii) does not proceed in such a manner or at such a time likely to endanger any person or any vehicle approaching or waiting at the crossing, or to cause the driver of any such vehicle to change its speed or course in order to avoid an accident; and
- (f) the flashing amber signal shall convey the information that vehicular traffic may proceed through the crossing but that every pedestrian who is on the carriageway or a central reservation within the limits of a crossing (but not if he is on a central reservation which lies between two crossings forming part of a system of staggered crossings) before any part of the vehicle has entered those limits, has the right of precedence within those limits over

that vehicle, and the requirement that the driver of a vehicle shall accord such precedence to any such pedestrian.

(2) Vehicular traffic proceeding beyond a stop line in accordance with paragraph (1) shall proceed with due regard to the safety of other road users and subject to any direction given by a constable in uniform or by a traffic warden or to any other applicable prohibition or restriction.

(3) In this regulation, references to the “stop line” in relation to a Pelican crossing where the stop line is not visible shall be treated as references to the post or other structure on which the primary signals are mounted.

Significance of vehicular light signals at Puffin crossings

11.—(1) The significance of the vehicular light signals prescribed by regulation 4(3)(a) and paragraph 2 of Schedule 3 for the purpose of indicating a Puffin crossing shall be as follows—

- (a) the green signal shall indicate that vehicular traffic may proceed beyond the stop line and through the crossing;
- (b) the green arrow signal shall indicate that vehicular traffic may proceed beyond the stop line and through the crossing only for the purpose of proceeding in the direction as indicated by the arrow;
- (c) except as provided by sub-paragraph (f), the amber signal shall, when shown alone, convey the same prohibition as the red signal, except that, as respects a vehicle which is so close to the stop line that it cannot safely be stopped without proceeding beyond the stop line, it shall convey the same indication as the green signal or, if the amber signal was immediately preceded by the green arrow signal, as that green arrow signal;
- (d) except as provided by sub-paragraph (f), the red signal shall convey the prohibition that vehicular traffic shall not proceed beyond the stop line;
- (e) except as provided by sub-paragraph (f), the red-with-amber signal shall denote an impending change to green in the indication given by the signals but shall convey the same prohibition as the red signal;
- (f) when a vehicle is being used for fire brigade, ambulance or police purposes and the observance of the prohibition conveyed by the amber, red or red-with-amber signal in accordance with sub-paragraph (c), (d) or (e) would be likely to hinder the use of that vehicle for the purpose for which it is being used, then those sub-paragraphs shall not apply to the vehicle, and the amber, red or red-with-amber signal shall each convey the information that the vehicle may proceed beyond the stop line if the driver—
 - (i) accords precedence to any pedestrian who is on that part of the carriageway which lies within the limits of the crossing or on a central reservation which lies between two crossings which do not form part of a system of staggered crossings; and
 - (ii) does not proceed in such a manner or at such a time likely to endanger any person or any vehicle approaching or waiting at the crossing, or to cause the driver of any such vehicle to change its speed or course in order to avoid an accident.

(2) Vehicular traffic proceeding beyond a stop line in accordance with paragraph (1) shall proceed with due regard to the safety of other road users and subject to any direction given by a constable in uniform or by a traffic warden or to any other applicable prohibition or restriction.

(3) In this regulation, references to the “stop line” in relation to a Puffin crossing where the stop line is not visible shall be treated as references to the post or other structure on which the primary signals are mounted.

Significance of give-way lines at Zebra crossings

12. A give-way line included in the markings placed pursuant to regulation 4(1)(b) and Part II of Schedule 1 shall convey to vehicular traffic proceeding through a Zebra crossing the position at or before which a vehicle should be stopped for the purpose of complying with regulation 21 (Precedence of pedestrians over vehicles at Zebra crossings).

Significance of pedestrian light signals and figures on pedestrian demand units

13.—(1) The significance of the red and steady green pedestrian light signals whilst they are illuminated at a Pelican crossing and of the red and green figures on a pedestrian demand unit whilst they are illuminated at a Puffin crossing shall be as follows—

- (a) the red pedestrian light signal and the red figure shall both convey to a pedestrian the warning that, in the interests of safety, he should not cross the carriageway; and
 - (b) the steady green pedestrian light signal and the steady green figure shall both convey to a pedestrian that he may cross the carriageway and that drivers may not cause vehicles to enter the limits of the crossing.
- (2) The flashing green pedestrian light signal at a Pelican crossing shall convey—
- (a) to a pedestrian who is already on the crossing when the flashing green signal is first shown the information that he may continue to use the crossing and that, if he is on the carriageway or a central reservation within the limits of that crossing (but not if he is on a central reservation which lies between two crossings which form part of a system of staggered crossings) before any part of a vehicle has entered those limits, he has precedence over that vehicle within those limits; and
 - (b) to a pedestrian who is not already on the crossing when the flashing green light is first shown the warning that he should not, in the interests of safety, start to cross the carriageway.
- (3) Any audible signal emitted by any device for emitting audible signals provided in conjunction with the steady green pedestrian light signal or the green figure, and any tactile signal made by any device for making tactile signals similarly provided, shall convey to a pedestrian the same indication as the steady green pedestrian light signal or as the green figure as the case may be.

Significance of indicators for pedestrians at Pelican crossings

14. The word “WAIT” shown by the indicator for pedestrians whilst it is illuminated at a Pelican crossing shall convey the same warning and information to a pedestrian as that conveyed by the red pedestrian light signal, that is to say, that in the interests of safety, he should not cross the carriageway.

Significance of additional signs

15. A sign placed in accordance with regulation 8 shall convey the information, prohibition or requirement specified in relation to it by the 1997 Regulations.