#### SCHEDULE 1

## Applicable Amounts

### Part III

#### Premiums

# Severe disability premium

- 13.—(1) Subject to paragraphs 16 and 17, the condition is that the relevant person is a severely disabled person.
- (2) For the purposes of sub-paragraph (1), a relevant person shall be treated as a severely disabled person if, and only if—
  - (a) in the case of a single person, a lone parent or a relevant person who is treated as having no partner in consequence of sub-paragraph (3)—
    - (i) he is in receipt of attendance allowance or the care component of a disability living allowance at the highest or middle rate prescribed in accordance with section 72 of the 1992 Act, and
    - (ii) subject to sub-paragraph (4), he has no non-dependents aged 18 or over normally residing with him or with whom he is normally residing, and
    - (iii) an invalid care allowance under section 70 of the 1992 Act is not in payment to anyone in respect of caring for him;
  - (b) in the case of a relevant person who has a partner—
    - (i) the relevant person is in receipt of attendance allowance or the care component of a disability living allowance at the highest or middle rate prescribed in accordance with section 72 of the 1992 Act,
    - (ii) and his partner is also in receipt of such allowance or, if he is a member of a polygamous marriage, all the partners of that marriage are in receipt of such an allowance, and
    - (iii) subject to sub-paragraph (4), the relevant person has no non-dependants aged 18 or over normally residing with him or with whom he is normally residing, and either an invalid care allowance is payable to someone in respect of caring for only one of a couple or, in the case of a polygamous marriage for one or more but not all the partners of the marriage, or else such an allowance is not in payment to anyone in respect of caring for either member of a couple or any partner of a polygamous marriage.
- (3) Where a relevant person has a partner who does not satisfy the conditions in sub-paragraph (2) (b)(ii), and that partner is blind or is treated as blind within the meaning of paragraph 12(1)(a)(v) and (2), that partner will be treated for the purposes of sub-paragraph (2) as if he were not a partner of the relevant person.
  - (4) For the purposes of sub-paragraph (2)(b) a person shall be treated as being in receipt of—
    - (a) attendance allowance, or the care component of disability living allowance at the highest or middle rate prescribed in accordance with section 72(3) of the 1992 Act, if he would, but for his being a patient for a period exceeding 28 days, be so in receipt;
    - (b) invalid care allowance if he would, but for the person for whom he was caring being a patient for a period exceeding 28 days, be so in receipt.

Status: This is the original version (as it was originally made). This item of legislation is currently only available in its original format.

- (5) For the purposes of sub-paragraphs (2)(a)(ii) and (2)(b)(iii) no account shall be taken of either—
  - (a) a person receiving attendance allowance or the care component of a disability living allowance at the highest or middle rate prescribed in accordance with section 72 of the 1992 Act, or
  - (b) a person who is blind or is treated as blind within the meaning of paragraph 12(1)(a)(v) and (2).
- (6) For the purposes of sub-paragraph (2)(a)(iii) and (b), no account shall be taken of an award of invalid care allowance to the extent that payment of such an award is back-dated for a period before the date on which the award is made.