Agriculture

#### No. 349 1993

#### AGRICULTURE

#### Feeding Stuffs (Amendment) Regulations (Northern Ireland) 1993

Made

6th August 1993

Coming into operation— Regulations 1 to 3 and Schedules 1 and 2 Regulation 4 Regulation 5

10th September 1993 1st October 1993 31st December 1993

The Department of Agriculture, being a Department designated(a), for the purposes of section 2(2) of the European Communities Act 1972(b) in relation to the common agricultural policy of the European Economic Community, in exercise of the powers conferred on it by that section and sections 66(1), 68(1), (1A) and (3), 69(1), (3), (6) and (7), 70(1), 73(3), 74(1), 74A(c), 84 and 86 of the Agriculture Act 1970(d) and of every other power enabling it in that behalf, after consultation with such persons or organisations as appear to it to represent the interests concerned, hereby makes the following Regulations:----

#### Citation and commencement

1. These Regulations may be cited as the Feeding Stuffs (Amendment) Regulations (Northern Ireland) 1993 and shall come into operation on the following dates:

(a) Regulations 1 to 3 and Schedules 1 and 2 on 10th September 1993;

(b) Regulation 4 on 1st October 1993;

(c) Regulation 5 on 31st December 1993.

#### Amendment of the Feeding Stuffs Regulations (Northern Ireland) 1992

2. The Feeding Stuffs Regulations (Northern Ireland) 1992(e) shall be amended in accordance with regulations 3 to 5.

3.—(1) In regulation 1, for paragraphs (2) and (3) there shall be substituted the following paragraph:

(e) S.R. 1992 No. 270

<sup>(</sup>a) S.I. 1972/1811
(b) 1972 c. 68; section 2 is subject to Schedule 2 to that Act and is to be read with S.I. 1984/703 (N.I. 3) and S.R. 1984 No. 253
(c) Inserted by 1972 c. 68 s. 4(1) and Schedule 4, paragraph 6

<sup>(</sup>d) 1970 c. 40 as amended by S.I. 1982/980

2016

"(2) The provisions of—

(a) paragraph 12(3) and (4) of Schedule 1; and

(b) Parts III and IV of Schedule 6,

shall not apply in relation to any compound feeding stuff manufactured before 1st March 1993 and sold before 31st December 1993.''.

(2) In regulation 13, the words "or import into Northern Ireland for such use" shall be omitted from each of paragraphs (1), (3) and (4).

(3) In Part I of Schedule 1 ("CONTENTS OF THE STATUTORY STATEMENT")-

- (a) in paragraphs 11(3) and 12(2), for the words "one of the ingredients" there shall be substituted the words "an ingredient";
- (b) after paragraph 12(2), there shall be inserted the following provisions:

"(3) Where the declaration is by specific names, an ingredient described in column 3 of Part III of Schedule 6 and complying with any compositional requirement specified in that column in relation to that ingredient shall be declared by the corresponding name specified in column 2 of that Part, (the inclusion in the declaration of any word appearing in brackets in column 2 being optional) if—

- (a) the botanical purity of the ingredient by weight is not less than the percentage specified in column 3 of Part III of Schedule 6 in relation to that ingredient or, if none is specified, is not less than 95% by weight; and
- (b) (in cases where the name specified in column 2 of Part III of Schedule 6 includes a common name or term specified in column 3 of Part IV of that Schedule), the ingredient was prepared by the process specified in column 1 and described in column 2 of Part IV of Schedule 6 in relation to that ingredient.

(4) Where the declaration is by specific names, if any requirement of sub-paragraph (3) is not complied with in relation to an ingredient, the declaration in the statutory statement of that ingredient shall not be by a name specified in column 2 of Part III of Schedule 6.<sup>''</sup>.

(4) In Part II of Schedule 1 ("DECLARATION OF ANALYTICAL CONSTITUENTS"), the word "crude", wherever it appears in column 2, shall be deleted.

(5) In Schedule 4—

(a) in paragraph 4, after sub-paragraph (2)(b) there shall be inserted the following provisions:

"and

- (c) the material complies with the conditions specified in relation thereto in column 5 of that Chapter.";
- (b) in paragraph 5, after sub-paragraph (b) there shall be inserted the following provisions:

"and

#### Agriculture

- (c) the material is intended for any animal of a kind specified opposite the binder, anti-caking agent or coagulant concerned, in column 3 of that Chapter.";
- (c) for paragraph 6(i) there shall be substituted the following sub-paragraph:
  - "(i) any material for any animal of a kind specified in column 3 of Chapter A of Part V may contain added vitamin A,  $D_2$  or  $D_3$ , in proportions which, taking account of any such vitamin which is naturally present, do not exceed the maximum content specified in column 4 of that Chapter in relation to the kinds of animal specified in column 3 thereof, and provided that the conditions (if any) specified in column 5 of that Chapter are complied with.";
- (d) in paragraph 8(c), there shall be inserted at the end of the sub-paragraph the words "and the animals concerned are of an age no greater than that (if any) specified in column 5 of that Part";
- (e) in Part IV ("PERMITTED BINDERS, ANTI-CAKING AGENTS AND COAGULANTS"), in Chapter B—
  - (i) in the provisions relating to the name or description "Bentonite and montmorillonite", for the words "and robenidine" in column 5 there shall be substituted the words "robenidine and maduramicin ammonium";
  - (ii) in the provisions relating to the name or description "Synthetic calcium aluminates"—
    - (A) in column 1 there shall be inserted the number "E598" opposite the words "Synthetic Calcium" in column 2;
    - (B) for the formula "A1203" in column 2, there shall be substituted the formula "Al<sub>2</sub>O<sub>3</sub>";
    - (C) after the provisions relating to Poultry, rabbits and pigs in columns 3 to 5 there shall be inserted the following provisions:

|--|

- (f) in Part V ("VITAMINS, PRO-VITAMINS AND SUBSTANCES HAVING A SIMILAR EFFECT"), in Chapter A, in the provisions relating to vitamin A, in column 3, after the word "Calves" there shall be inserted the words "for fattening";
- (g) in Part VI ("TRACE ELEMENTS")-
  - (i) for the provisions relating to the element Iodine-I in columns 5 and 6 there shall be substituted the following provisions:

	''Equines Other species	4 (total) 40 (total)''
--	----------------------------	---------------------------

- (ii) in the provisions relating to the element Cobalt-Co, for the formula in column 4 opposite the reference in column 3 to Cobaltous sulphate, monohydrate, there shall be substituted the formula "CoSO<sub>4</sub>·H<sub>2</sub>O";
- (iii) in the provisions relating to the element Zinc-Zn, in column 7 opposite the reference in column 3 to Zinc oxide, there shall be inserted the expression "Maximum content of lead 600 mg/kg";
- (h) for Chapter B of Part VIII, ("PERMITTED PRESERVATIVES"), there shall be substituted the Chapter set out in Schedule 1.
- (6) In Part II of Schedule 5 ("INGREDIENTS")—
- (a) for the heading of column 3 there shall be substituted the heading "Maximum content in mg/kg of ingredients referred to a moisture content of 12%";
- (b) for the figure relating to the substance Cadmium in column 3 there shall be substituted the figure "10";
- (c) after the provisions relating to the substance Cadmium there shall be inserted the following provisions:

"Arsenic	Phosphates	20"

- (7) In Schedule 6-
- (a) in Part I ("CATEGORIES OF INGREDIENTS FOR USE IN RELATION TO COMPOUND FEEDING STUFFS FOR PET ANIMALS") and Part II ("CATEGORIES OF INGREDIENTS FOR USE IN RELATION TO COMPOUND FEEDING STUFFS FOR ANIMALS OTHER THAN PETS"), the word "crude", wherever it appears in the second column in each Part, shall be deleted;
- (b) after Part II there shall be inserted the Parts III and IV set out in Schedule 2.

(8) In Schedule 7, the word "crude", wherever it appears in columns 5 and 7, shall be deleted.

**4.** In regulation 14—

(a) for paragraph (6)(b) there shall be substituted the following sub-paragraph:

"(b) treated hide, including leather and its waste;";

- (b) in paragraph (6)(d) the word "or" at the end shall be deleted;
- (c) after paragraph (6)(e) there shall be added the following sub-paragraphs:

"(f) solid urban waste, such as household waste;

#### Agriculture

- (g) untreated waste from eating places, except food stuffs of vegetable origin considered unsuitable for human consumption for reasons of freshness; or
- (h) packaging and parts of packaging from products used in agriculture or the food industry.";

(d) after paragraph (6) there shall be added the following paragraph:

"(7) For the purposes of paragraph (6) except sub-paragraph (e), "waste" shall mean material of any applicable category listed in Annex 1 to Council Directive  $75/442/\text{EEC}(\mathbf{a})$ , which is discarded or intended or required to be discarded."

5.—(1) In regulation 2(1), for the definition of "feeding stuff" there shall be substituted the following definition:

- (2) In regulation 14—
- (a) in paragraphs (3) and (4), for the words "A person shall not sell, or have in possession with a view to sale, for use as an ingredient", there shall be substituted the words "A person shall not, for use as an ingredient, import into Northern Ireland from a country other than a Member State of the European Economic Community, sell or otherwise supply, or have in possession with a view to selling or otherwise supplying,";
- (b) after paragraph (4), there shall be inserted the following paragraphs—

"(4A) A person shall not mix with any feeding stuff or ingredient, any ingredient specified in column 2 of Part II of Schedule 5, if the ingredient so specified contains any substance specified in column 1 of that Part in excess of the level specified in relation thereto in column 3 thereof.

(4B) A person shall not import into Northern Ireland from a country other than a Member State of the European Economic Community, sell or otherwise supply, or have in possession with a view to selling or otherwise supplying, any ingredient, unless that ingredient is sound, genuine and of merchantable quality.

(4C) For the purposes of paragraph (4B) and without prejudice to the provisions of paragraph (3) an ingredient is not sound, genuine and of merchantable quality if, where the ingredient is incorporated into any compound feeding stuff specified in column 2 of Part I of Schedule 5, the level of any substance specified in column 1 of that Part and contained in the ingredient exceeds the level specified for that substance in column 3 thereof in relation to the compound feeding stuff in question.";

(c) in paragraph (5), for the expression "paragraphs (1) to (4)" there shall be substituted the expression "paragraphs 1 to (4A)";

#### Agriculture

(d) after paragraph (5) there shall be inserted the following paragraphs:

"(5A) Where a person has or has had in his possession or control for the purposes of a trade or business any feeding stuff or ingredient, and becomes aware—

- (a) in the case of a feeding stuff, that the feeding stuff does not comply with any requirement of paragraph (1) or (2), or
- (b) in the case of an ingredient, that the ingredient does not comply with any requirement of paragraph (3). (4), (4B) or (4C),

he shall immediately notify the Department of Agriculture, and an inspector appointed under section 67(3) by the authority which, by virtue of section 67(1), has the duty to enforce Part IV of the Agriculture Act 1970.

(5B) For the purposes of the foregoing provisions of this regulation "feeding stuff" means—

- (a) a product of vegetable or animal origin in its natural state (whether fresh or preserved);
- (b) a product derived from the industrial processing of such a product; or
- (c) an organic or inorganic substance, used singly or in a mixture, whether or not containing additives;

for oral feeding to pet animals, to the descriptions of animals prescribed by regulation 3 (being animals which, or kinds of which, are commonly kept for the production of food, wool, skins or fur or for the purpose of their use in the farming of land) or to animals living freely in the wild, and "daily ration" and "ingredient" shall be construed accordingly.".

Sealed with the Official Seal of the Department of Agriculture for Northern Ireland on 6th August 1993.

(L.S.)

#### I. C. Henderson

Assistant Secretary

## SCHEDULE 1

## "CHAPTER R

	"Chapter B					No.
Column 1	Column 2	Column 3	Column 4	Column 5	Column 6	349
EEC No.	Name or description	Chemical formula	Kind of animal	Maximum content (mg/kg in complete feeding stuff)	Minimum content (mg/kg in complete feeding stuff)	•
. E222	Sodium hydrogensulphite (sodium bisulphite) — Not permitted in unprocessed meat and fish	NaHSO <sub>3</sub>	Dogs and Cats	500 alone or together expressed as SO <sub>2</sub>		
E223	diSodium disulphite (Sodium metabisulphite) — <b>Not permitted</b> in unprocessed meat and fish	$Na_2S_2O_5$	Dogs and Cats	500 alone or together expressed as $SO_2$		7
E250	Sodium nitrite	NaNO <sub>2</sub>	Dogs and Cats	100 (canned feeding stuffs only)		Agriculture
E214	Ethyl4-hydroxybenzoate	$C_9H_{10}O_3$	Pet animals	Nolimit		ultı
E215	Sodium ethyl 4-hydroxybenzoate	C9H9O3Na	Pet animals	Nolimit		ure
E216	Propyl 4-hydroxybenzoate	$C_{10}H_{12}O_3$	Pet animals	Nolimit		
E217	Sodium propyl 4-hydroxybenzoate	$C_{10}H_{11}O_3Na$	Pet animals	No limit		
E218	Methyl 4-hydroxybenzoate	$C_8H_8O_3$	Pet animals	Nolimit		
E219	Sodium methyl 4-hydroxybenzoate	C <sub>8</sub> H <sub>7</sub> O <sub>3</sub> Na	Pet animals	Nolimit		
E490	Propane-1, 2-diol	$C_3H_8O_2$	Dogs	53,000		
E240	Formaldehyde	CH <sub>2</sub> O	All species of animals Pigs up to the age of six months	No limit (for silage only) 600 (skimmed milk only)		·
E285	Methylpropionic acid	C <sub>4</sub> H <sub>8</sub> O <sub>2</sub>	Ruminants at the beginning of rumination	4,000	1,000''	2021

,

## *Agriculture* SCHEDULE 2

## "PART III

# Non-exclusive list of the principal ingredients normally used in compound feeding stuffs for animals other than pets

## 1. Cereal Grains, their Products and By-Products

Number	Name	Description
(1)	(2)	(3)
1.01	Oats	Grains of Avena sativa L. and other cultivars of oats.
1.02	Oat flakes	Product obtained by steaming and rolling dehusked oats. It may contain a small proportion of oat husks.
1.03	Oat middlings	By-product obtained during the processing of screened, dehusked oats into oat groats and flour. It consists principally of oat bran and some endosperm.
1.04	Oat hulls and bran	By-product obtained during the processing of screened oats into oat groats. It consists principally of oat hulls and bran.
1.05	Barley	Grains of Hordeum vulgare L.
1.06	Barley middlings	By-product obtained during the processing of screened, dehusked barley into pearl barley, semolina or flour.
1.07	Rice, broken	By-product of the preparation of polished or glazed rice Oryza sativa L. It consists principally of undersized and/or broken grains.
1.08	Rice bran (brown)	By-product of the first polishing of dehusked rice. It consists principally of silvery skins, particles of the aleurone layer, endosperm and germ.
1.09	Rice bran (white)	By-product of the second polishing of dehusked rice. It consists principally of particles of the aleurone layer, endosperm and germ.
1.10	Rice bran with calcium carbonate	By-product of the polishing of dehusked rice. It consists principally of silvery skins, particles of the aleurone layer, endosperm, germ and small amounts of calcium carbonate resulting from use in the manufacturing process.
1.11	Fodder meal of pre-cooked rice	By-product of the polishing of dehusked pre-cooked rice. It consists principally of silvery skins, particles of the aleurone layer, endosperm, germ and small

Number	Name	Description
(1)	(2)	(3)
		amounts of calcium carbonate resulting from use in the manufacturing process.
1.12	Rice germ, expeller	By-product of oil manufacture, obtained by pressing of the germ of rice to which parts of the endosperm and testa still adhere.
1.13	Rice germ, extracted	By-product of oil manufacture, obtained by extraction of the germ of rice to which parts of the endosperm and testa still adhere.
1.14	Rice starch	Technically pure rice starch.
1.15	Millet	Grains of Panicum miliaceum L.
1.16	Rye -	Grains of Secale cereale L.
1.17	Rye middlings	By-product of flour manufacture, obtained from screened rye. It consists principally of particles of endosperm, with fine fragments of the outer skins and some grain waste.
1.18	Rye feed	By-product of flour manufacture, obtained from screened rye. It consists principally of fragments of the outer skins, and of particles of grain from which less of the endosperm has been removed than in rye bran.
1.19	Rye bran	By-product of flour manufacture, obtained from screened rye. It consists principally of fragments of the outer skins, and of particles of grain from which most of the endosperm has been removed.
1.20	Sorghum	Grains of Sorghum bicolor (L.) Moench s.i.
1.21	Wheat	Grains of <i>Triticum aestivum</i> L., <i>Triticum durum</i> Desf. and other cultivars of wheat.
1.22	Wheat middlings	By-product of flour manufacture, obtained from screened grains of wheat or dehusked spelt. It consists principally of particles of endosperm with fine fragments of the outer skins and some grain waste.
1.23	Wheat feed	By-product of flour manufacture, obtained from screened grains of wheat or dehusked spelt. It consists principally of fragments of the outer skins and of particles of grain from which less of the endosperm has been removed than in wheat bran.

2024

Agriculture

No. 349

Number	Name	Description
(1)	(2)	(3)
1.24	Wheat bran ( <sup>1</sup> )	By-product of flour manufacture, obtained from screened grains of wheat or dehusked spelt. It consists principally of fragments of the outer skins, and of particles of grain from which the greater part of the endosperm has been removed.
1.25	Wheat germ	By-product of flour milling consisting essentially of wheat germ, rolled or otherwise, to which fragments of endosperm and outer skin may still adhere.
1.26	Wheat gluten	Dried by-product of the manufacture of wheat starch. It consists principally of gluten obtained during the separation of starch.
1.27	Wheat gluten feed	Dried by-product of the manufacture of wheat starch. It is composed of bran and gluten to which components of the steeping liquor, and possibly the germ, from which the oil may have been removed, may be added.
1.28	Wheat starch	Technically pure wheat starch.
1.29	Spelt	Grains of spelt Triticum spelta L., Triticum dioccum Schrank, Triticum monococcum.
1.30	Triticale	Grains of the Triticum X Secale hybrid.
1.31	Maize	Grains of Zea mays L.
1.32	Maize middlings	By-product of the manufacture of flour or semolina from maize. It consists principally of fragments of the outer skins and of particles of grain from which less of the endosperm has been removed than in maize bran.
1.33	Maize bran	By-product of the manufacture of flour or semolina from maize. It consists principally of outer skins and some maize germ fragments, with some endosperm particles.
1.34	Maize germ, expeller	By-product of oil manufacture, obtained by pressing of dry or wet processed maize germ to which parts of the endosperm and testa may still adhere.
1.35	Maize germ, extracted	By-product of oil manufacture, obtained by extraction of dry or wet processed maize germ to which parts of the endosperm and testa may still adhere.

(1) When this ingredient has been subjected to a finer milling, the word 'fine' may be added to the name or the name may be replaced by a corresponding denomination.

Agriculture

Number (1)	Name (2)	Description (3)
1.36	Maize gluten feed ( <sup>1</sup> )	Dried by-product of the manufacture of maize starch. It is composed of bran and gluten to which components of the steeping liquor, and possibly the germ, from which the oil may have been removed, may be added.
1.37	Maize gluten	Dried by-product of the manufacture of maize starch. It consists principally of gluten obtained during the separation of the starch.
1.38	Maize starch	Technically pure maize starch.
1.39	Pre-gelatinized maize starch ( <sup>2</sup> )	Heat treated maize starch, having the property of marked swelling on contact with cold water.
1.40	Malt culms	By-product of malting, consisting mainly of dried rootlets of germinated cereals.
1.41	Brewers' dried grains	By-product of brewing obtained by drying residues of malted and unmalted cereals and other starchy products.
1.42	Distillers' dried grains	By-product of alcohol distilling obtained by drying solid residues of fermented grain.
1.43	Distillers' dark grains ( <sup>3</sup> )	By-product of alcohol distilling obtained by drying solid residues of fermented grain to which pot ale syrup or evaporated spent wash has been added.

(1) (2) (3)

This name may be replaced by 'corn gluten feed'. This name may be replaced by 'extruded maize starch'. This name may be replaced by 'distillers dried grains and solubles'.

2.	Oil	Seeds,	Oil	Fruits,	their	Products	and	<b>By-Products</b>
----	-----	--------	-----	---------	-------	----------	-----	--------------------

Number (1)	Name (2)	Description (3)
2.01	Groundnut, partially decorticated, expeller	By-product of oil manufacture, obtained by pressing of partially decorticated groundnuts <i>Arachis hypogaea</i> L. and other species of <i>Arachis</i> . (Maximum fibre content 16% in the dry matter.)
2.02	Groundnut, partially decorticated, extracted	By-product of oil manufacture, obtained by extraction of partially decorticated groundnuts. (Maximum fibre content 16% in the dry matter.)
2.03	Groundnut, decorticated, expeller	By-product of oil manufacture, obtained by pressing of decorticated groundnuts.

2026

¢

No. 349

Number	Name	Description
(1)	(2)	(3)
2.04	Groundnut, decorticated, extracted	By-product of oil manufacture, obtained by extraction of decorticated groundnuts.
2.05	Rape seed ( <sup>1</sup> )	Seeds of rape Brassica napus L. ssp. oleifera (Metzg.) Sinsk., of Indian sarson Brassica napus L. var. Glauca (Roxb.) O. E. Schulz and of rape Brassica campestris L. ssp. oleifera (Metzg.) Sinsk. (Minimum botanical purity 94%.)
2.06	Rape seed, expeller (1)	By-product of oil manufacture, obtained by pressing of seeds of rape. (Minimum botanical purity 94%.)
2.07	Rape seed, extracted (1)	By-product of oil manufacture, obtained by extraction of seeds of rape. (Minimum botanical purity 94%.)
2.08	Rape seed hulls	By-products obtained during dehulling of rape seeds.
2.09	Safflower seed, partially decorticated, extracted	By-product of oil manufacture, obtained by extraction of partially decorticated seeds of safflower <i>Carthamus tinctorius</i> L.
2.10	Copra, expeller	By-product of oil manufacture, obtained by pressing the dried kernel (endosperm) and outer husk (tegument) of the seed of the coconut palm <i>Cocos nucifera</i> L.
2.11	Copra, extracted	By-product of oil manufacture, obtained by extraction of the dried kernel (endosperm) and outer husk (tegument) of the seed of the coconut palm.
2.12	Palm kernel, expeller	By-product of oil manufacture, obtained by pressing of palm kernels <i>Elaeis</i> guineensis Jacq., <i>Corozo oleifera</i> (HBK) L. H. Bailey ( <i>Elaeis melanococca</i> <i>auct.</i> ) from which as much as possible of the hard shell has been removed.
2.13	Palm kernel, extracted	By-product of oil manufacture, obtained by extraction of palm kernels from which as much as possible of the hard shell has been removed.
2.14	Soya (bean), toasted	Soya beans <i>Glycine max</i> . L. Merr. subjected to an appropriate heat treatment.
2.15	Soya (bean), extracted, toasted	By-product of oil manufacture, obtained from soya beans after extraction and appropriate heat treatment. (Maximum fibre content 8% in the dry matter.)
2.16	Soya (bean), dehulled, extracted, toasted	By-product of oil manufacture, obtained from dehulled soya beans after extraction and appropriate heat treatment.

Agriculture

110. 547	1g/ iculture 2					
Number	Name	Description				
(1)	(2)	(3)				
2.17	Soya (bean) protein concentrate	Product obtained from dehulled, fat extracted soya beans.				
2.18	Soya (bean) oil	Oil obtained from soya beans.				
2.19	Soya (bean) hulls	By-product obtained during dehulling of soya beans.				
2.20	Cotton seed	Seeds of cotton <i>Gossypium</i> spp. from which the fibres have been removed.				
2.21	Cotton seed, partially decorticated, extracted	By-product of oil manufacture, obtained by extraction of seeds of cotton from which the fibres and part of the husks have been removed. (Maximum fibre 22.5% in the dry matter.)				
2.22	Cotton seed, expeller	By-product of oil manufacture, obtained by pressing of seeds of cotton from which the fibres have been removed.				
2.23	Niger seed, expeller	By-product of oil manufacture, obtained by pressing of seeds of the niger plant <i>Guizotia abyssinica</i> (Lf) Cass.				
2.24	Sunflower seed	Seeds of the sunflower <i>Helianthus</i> annuus L.				
2.25	Sunflower seed, extracted	By-product of oil manufacture, obtained by extraction of seeds of the sunflower.				
2.26	Sunflower seed, partially decorticated, extracted	By-product of oil manufacture, obtained by extraction of seeds of the sunflower from which part of the husks has been removed. (Maximum fibre 27.5% in the dry matter.)				
2.27	Linseed	Seeds of linseed <i>Linum usitatissimum</i> L. (Minimum botanical purity 93%.)				
2.28	Linseed, expeller	By-product of oil manufacture, obtained by pressing of linseed. (Minimum botanical purity 93%.)				
2.29	Linseed, extracted	By-product of oil manufacture, obtained by extraction of linseed. (Minimum botanical purity 93%.)				
2.30	Olive pulp	By-product of oil manufacture, obtained by extraction of pressed olives <i>Olea</i> <i>europaea</i> L., separated as far as possible from parts of the kernel.				
2.31	Sesame seed, expeller	By-product of oil manufacture, obtained by pressing of seeds of the sesame plant Sesamum indicum L.				

2028	Agr	iculture No. 349
Number (1)	. Name (2)	Description (3)
2.32	Cocoa bean, partially decorticated, extracted	By-product of oil manufacture, obtained by extraction of dried and roasted cocoa beans, <i>Theabroma cacao</i> L. from which part of the husks has been removed.

When appropriate "low in glucosinolate" may be indicated additionally in the name. "Low in glucosinolate" means as defined in legislation of the European Economic Community. (<sup>1</sup>)

Number	Name	Description
(1)	(2)	(3)
3.01	Chick peas	Seeds of Cicer arietinum L.
3.02	Guar meal, extracted	By-products obtained after extraction of the mucilage from seeds of <i>Cyamopsis</i> <i>tetragonoloba</i> (L.) Taub.
3.03	Ervil	Seeds of Ervum ervilia L.
3.04	Chickling vetch ( <sup>1</sup> )	Seeds of <i>Lathyrus sativus</i> L. submitted to an appropriate heat treatment.
3.05	Lentils	Seeds of Lens culinaris a.o. Medik.
3.06	Sweet lupins	Seeds of <i>Lupinus</i> spp. low in bitter seed content.
3.07	Beans, toasted	Seeds of <i>Phaseolus</i> or <i>Vigna</i> spp. submitted to an appropriate heat treatment to destroy toxic lectins.
3.08	Peas	Seeds of <i>Pisum</i> spp.
3.09	Pea middlings	By-products obtained during the manufacture of pea-flour. It consists principally of particles of cotyledon, and to a lesser extent, of skins.
3.10	Pea bran	By-product obtained during the manufacture of pea meal. It is composed mainly of skins removed during the skinning and cleaning of peas.
3.11	Horse beans	Seeds of Vicia faba L. spp. faba var. equina Pers, and var. minuta (Alef.) Mansf.
3.12	Monantha vetch	Seeds of Vicia monanthos Desf.
3.13	Vetches	Seeds of Vicia sativa L. var. sativa and other varieties.

## 3. Legume Seeds, their Products and By-products

(1) The name must be qualified by an indication of the nature of the heat treatment.

*Agriculture* 4. Tubers, Roots, their Products and By-products

Number	Name (2)	Description
(1)	(2)	(3)
4.01	(Sugar) Beet pulp	By-product of the manufacture of sugar, consisting of extracted and dried pieces of sugar-beet <i>Beta vulgaris</i> L. ssp. <i>vulgaris</i> var. <i>altissima</i> Doell.
4.02	(Sugar) Beet molasses	By-product consisting of the syrupy residue collected during the manufacture or refining of beet sugar.
4.03	(Sugar) Beet pulp, molassed	By-product of the manufacture of sugar comprising dried sugar-beet pulp, to which molasses has been added.
4.04	(Sugar) Beet vinasse	By-product obtained after the fermentation of beet molasses in the production of alcohol, yeast, citric acid or other organic substances.
4.05	(Beet) Sugar ( <sup>1</sup> )	Sugar extracted from sugar beet.
4.06	Sweet potato	Tubers of <i>Ipomoea batatas</i> (L.) Poir, regardless of their presentation.
4.07	Manioc	Roots of <i>Manihot esculenta</i> Crantz, regardless of their presentation.
4.08	Manioc starch, puffed	Starch obtained from manioc roots, greatly expanded by appropriate heat treatment.
4.09	Potato pulp	By-product of the extraction of potato starch Solanum tuberosum L.
4.10	Potato starch	Technically pure potato starch.
4.11	Potato protein	Dried by-product of starch manufacture composed mainly of protein substances obtained after the separation of starch.

(<sup>1</sup>) This name may be replaced by 'sucrose'.

5.	Other	Seeds	and	Fruits.	their	Products	and	<b>By-products</b>
•••	0.000	~~~~~				~ ~ ~ ~ ~ ~ ~ ~ ~ ~ ~ ~ ~ ~ ~ ~ ~ ~ ~ ~		~ produces

Number (1)	Name (2)	Description (3)
5.01	Carob pods	Product obtained by crushing the dried fruits (pods) of the carob tree <i>Ceratonia</i> <i>siliqua</i> L., from which the locust beans have been removed.
5.02	Citrus pulp	By-product obtained by pressing citrus fruits <i>Citrus</i> spp. during the production of citrus juice.
5.03	Apple pomace	By-product obtained by pressing apples <i>Malus</i> spp. during the production of apple juice.

2030		Agriculture No. 349
Number (1)	Name (2)	. Description (3)
5.04	Tomato pulp	By-product obtained by pressing tomatoes Solanum lycopersicum Karst. during the production of tomato juice.
5.05	Grape pulp	By-product of the processing of grapes <i>Vitis vinifera</i> L. after the juice has been pressed out.
5.06	Grape pips	By-product of the processing of grapes composed of pips, practically exempt of other components.

## 6. Forages and Roughages

Number	Name	Description
(1)	(2)	(3)
6.01	Lucerne meal ( <sup>1</sup> )	Product obtained by drying and milling young lucerne <i>Medicago sativa</i> L. and <i>Medicago</i> var. <i>Martyn</i> (Minimum botanical purity 80%.)
6.02	Lucerne pomace	Dried by-product obtained by pressing juice from lucerne.
6.03	Lucerne protein concentrate	Product obtained by artificially drying fractions of lucerne press juice, which has been centrifuged and heat treated to precipitate proteins.
6.04	Clover meal ( <sup>1</sup> )	Product obtained by drying and milling young clover <i>Trifolium</i> spp. (Minimum botanical purity 80%.)
6.05	Grass meal ( <sup>1</sup> )	Product obtained by drying and milling young forage plants.
6.06	Wheat straw	Straw of wheat.
6.07	Wheat straw, treated ( <sup>2</sup> )	Product obtained by an appropriate treatment of wheat straw.

(1) The term 'meal' may be replaced by 'pellets'. The method of drying may be indicated additionally in .

the name. (<sup>2</sup>) The name must be qualified by reference to the nature of the chemical treatment carried out.

Number	Name	Description
(1)	(2)	(3)
7.01	(Sugar) Cane molasses	By-product consisting of the syrupy residue collected during the manufacture or refining of sugar from sugar-cane Saccharum officinarum L.

### 7. Other Plants, their Products and By-Products

No. 349	)	Agriculture 2031
Number (1)	Name (2)	Description (3)
7.02	(Sugar) Cane vinasse	By-product obtained after the fermentation of cane molasses in the production of alcohols, yeast, citric acid or other organic substances.
7.03	(Cane) Sugar ( <sup>1</sup> )	Sugar extracted from sugar-cane.
7.04	Seaweed meal	Product obtained by drying and crushing seaweed, in particular brown seaweed. This product may have been washed to reduce the iodine content.

(<sup>1</sup>) This name may be replaced by 'sucrose'.

Number (1)	Name (2) .	Description (3)
8.01	Skimmed-Milk powder	Product obtained by drying milk from which most of the fat has been separated.
8.02	Buttermilk powder	Product obtained by drying the liquid which remains after butter churning.
8.03	Whey powder	Product obtained by drying the liquid which remains after cheese, quark, casein making or similar processes.
8.04	Whey powder, low in sugar	Product obtained by drying whey from which the lactose has been partly removed.
8.05	Whey protein powder ( <sup>1</sup> )	Product obtained by drying the protein compounds extracted from whey or milk by chemical or physical treatment.
8.06	Casein powder	Product obtained from skimmed or buttermilk by drying casein precipitated by means of acids or rennet.
8.07	Lactose powder	The sugar separated from milk or whey by purification and drying.

## 8. Milk Products

(<sup>1</sup>) This name may be replaced by 'milk albumin powder'.

## 9. Land Animal Products

Number	Name	Description
(1)	(2)	(3)
9.01	Meat meal ( <sup>1</sup> )	Product obtained by heating, drying and grinding whole or parts of warm-blooded land animals from which the fat may have been partially extracted or physically

2022	
2052	

Agriculture

No. 349

Number	Name	Description
(1)	(2)	(3)
		removed. The product must be substantially free of hooves, horn, bristle, hair and feathers, as well as digestive tract content. (Minimum protein content 50% on a dry matter basis.)
9.02	Meat and bone meal ( <sup>1</sup> )	Product obtained by heating, drying and grinding whole or parts of warm-blooded land animals from which the fat may have been partially extracted or physically removed. The product must be substantially free of hooves, horn, bristle, hair and feathers, as well as digestive tract content.
9.03	Bone meal	Product obtained by drying, heating and finely grinding bones of warm-blooded land animals from which the fat has been largely extracted or physically removed. The product must be substantially free of hooves, horn, bristle, hair and feathers, as well as digestive tract content.
9.04	Greaves	Residual product of the manufacture of tallow and other extracted or physically removed fats of animal origin.
9.05	Poultry offal meal ( <sup>1</sup> )	Product obtained by drying and grinding waste from slaughtered poultry. The product must be substantially free of feathers.
9.06	Feather meal, hydrolysed	Product obtained by hydrolysing, drying and grinding poultry feathers.
9.07	Blood meal	Product obtained by drying the blood of slaughtered warm-blooded animals. The product must be substantially free of foreign matter.
9.08	Animal fat	Product composed of fat from warm- blooded land animals.

(1) Products containing more than 13% fat in the dry matter must be named as 'rich in fat'.

10. Fish, Other Marine Animals, their Produc	ts and By-Products
--	--------------------

Number	Name	Description
(1)	(2)	(3)
10.01	Fish meal ( <sup>1</sup> )	Product obtained by processing whole or parts of fish from which part of the oil may have been removed and to which fish solubles may have been re-added.

No. 349	) Ag	riculture 2033
Number (1)	Name (2)	Description (3)
10.02	Fish solubles, condensed	Stabilized product composed of press juice obtained during manufacture of fish meal from which much of the fish oil and some of the water has been removed.
10.03	Fish oil	Oil obtained from fish.
10.04	Fish oil, refined, hardened	Oil obtained from fish which has been refined and subjected to hydrogenation.

(<sup>1</sup>) Products containing more than 75% protein in the dry matter may be named as 'rich in protein'.

Number	Name	Description
(1)	(2)	(3)
11.01	Calcium carbonate ( <sup>1</sup> )	Product obtained by grinding sources of calcium carbonate, such as limestone, oyster or mussel shells, or by precipitation from acid solution.
11.02	Calcium and magnesium carbonate	Natural mixture of calcium carbonate and magnesium carbonate.
11.03	Calcareous marine algae (Maerl)	Product of natural origin obtained from calcareous algae, ground or granulated.
11.04	Magnesium oxide	Technically pure magnesium oxide (MgO).
11.05	Kieserite	Natural magnesium sulphate $(MgSO_4 \cdot H_2O)$ .
11.06	Dicalcium phosphate ( <sup>2</sup> )	Precipitated calcium monohydrogen phosphate from bones or inorganic sources (CaHPO <sub>4</sub> ·xH <sub>2</sub> O).
11.07	Mono-dicalcium phosphate	Product obtained chemically and composed of equal parts of dicalcium phosphate and mono-calcium phosphate.
11.08	Defluorinated rock-phosphate	Product obtained by grinding purified and appropriately defluorinated natural phosphates.
11.09	Degelatinized bone meal	Degelatinized, sterilized and ground bones from which the fat has been removed.
11.10	Mono-calcium phosphate	Technically pure calcium- bis(dihydrogenphosphate) (Ca( $H_2$ - $PO_4$ ) <sub>2</sub> · $xH_2O$ ).
11.11	Calcium-magnesium phosphate	Technically pure calcium magnesium phosphate.
11.12	Mono-ammonium phosphate	Technically pure mono-ammonium phosphate ( $NH_4H_2PO_4$ ).

## 11. Minerals

2034

Number	Name	Description
(1)	(2)	(3)
11.13	Sodium chloride ( <sup>3</sup> )	Technically pure sodium chloride or product obtained by grinding natural sources of sodium chloride, such as (rock) and (marine) salt.

The nature of the source may replace or be indicated additionally in the name.
 The manufacturing process may be included in the name.
 The nature of the source of the sodium may replace or be indicated additionally in the name.

Number (1)	Name (2)	Description (3)
12.01	Bakery waste	By-product obtained from the manufacture of biscuits, cake or bread.
12.02	Confectionery waste	By-product obtained from the manufacture of chocolate, sweets and other confectionery.
12.03	Fatty acids	By-product obtained during the deacidification, by means of lye or by distillation of oils and fats of unspecified vegetable or animal origin.
12.04	Salts of fatty acids ( <sup>1</sup> )	Product obtained by saponification of fatty acids with calcium, sodium or potassium-hydroxide.

## 12. Miscellaneous

(1) The name may be supplemented by an indication of the type of salt.

## PART IV

#### PRINCIPAL PROCESSES USED FOR PREPARATION OF THE INGREDIENTS LISTED IN PART III OF THIS SCHEDULE

Process (1)	Description (2)	Common Name/Term (3)
Concentration	Increase in certain contents by removing water or other constituents.	Concentrate
Decortication ( <sup>1</sup> )	Removal of outer layers from grains, seeds, fruits, nuts and others.	Decorticated
Drying	Dehydration by artificial or natural processes in order to preserve the product.	Dried (sun or artificially)

Process (1)	Description (2)	Common Name/Term (3)
Extraction	Removal either by organic solvent of fat or oil from certain materials or by aqueous solvent of sugar or other water soluble components. In the case of the use of organic solvent, the resulting product must be technically free of such solvent.	Extracted (in case of oil- containing materials) Molasses, pulp (in case of products containing sugar or other water soluble components)
Extrusion	Pressing, pushing or protrusion of material through orifices under pressure. See also Pregelatinization.	Extruded
Flaking	Rolling of moist heat-treated material.	Flakes
Flour milling	Physical processing of grain to reduce particle size and facilitate separation into constituent fractions (principally flour, bran and middlings).	Flour, bran, middlings
Heat treatment/heating	General term covering a number of heat treatments carried out under specific conditions to influence the nutritional value or the structure of the material.	Toasted, cooked, puffed, heat-treated
Hydrogenation	Treatment of oils and fats to achieve a higher melting point.	Hardened
Hydrolysis	Breakdown into simpler chemical constituents by appropriate treatment with water and possibly either enzymes or acid/alkali.	Hydrolysed
Pressing	Removal by mechanical pressure (either by a screw or other type of press) and possibly some heat, of fat/oil from oil-rich materials, or of juice from fruits or other vegetable products.	Expeller ( <sup>2</sup> ) in case of oil- containing material(s) Pulp, pomace (in case of fruits, etc.)
Pelleting	Compaction into a moulded form of presentation.	Pellet

2036	Agriculture	No. 349
Process (1)	Description (2)	Common Name/Term (3)
Pregelatinization	Modification of starch to improve markedly its swelling properties in cold water.	Pregelatinized
Refining	Removal of impurities in sugars, oils and other natural materials by chemical/ physical treatment.	Refined
Wet-milling	Mechanical separation of the component parts of kernel/ grain after steeping in water, possibly with sulphur dioxide, for the extraction of starch.	Germ, gluten, starch''

(1) 'Decortication' may be replaced by 'dehulling' or 'dehusking' if appropriate. Therefore the common name/term should be 'dehulled' or 'dehusked'.

(<sup>2</sup>) When appropriate, the word 'expeller' may be replaced by 'cake'.

#### EXPLANATORY NOTE

(This note is not part of the Regulations.)

These Regulations amend the Feeding Stuffs Regulations (Northern Ireland) 1992 ("the principal Regulations") and implement as respects Northern Ireland the following Community legislation:

1. Commission Directive 92/63/EEC (O.J. No. L221, 6.8.92, p. 49) amending the Annexes to Council Directive 74/63/EEC concerning undesirable substances and products in animal nutrition, (regulation 3(6)(b) and (c));

2. Commission Directive 92/64/EEC (O.J. No. L221, 6.8.92, p. 51) amending the Annexes to Council Directive 70/524/EEC concerning additives in feeding stuffs, (regulation 3(5)(b), (e) and (g));

3. Commission Directive 92/87/EEC (O.J. No. L319, 4.11.92, p. 19) establishing a non-exclusive list of the main ingredients normally used and marketed for the preparation of compound feeding stuffs intended for animals other than pets, (regulation 3(3)(b), 3(7)(b) and Schedule 2);

4. Council Directive 92/88/EEC (O.J. No. L321, 6.11.92, p. 24) amending Directive 74/63 on undesirable substances and products in animal nutrition, (regulation 5);

5a

#### Agriculture

5. Commission Directive 92/113/EEC (O.J. No. L16, 25.1.93, p. 2) amending the Annexes to Council Directive 70/524/EEC concerning additives in feeding stuffs, (regulation 3(5)(g) and (h) and Schedule 1);

6. Commission Decision 92/508/EEC (O.J. No. L312, 29.10.92, p. 36) amending the Annex to Commission Decision 91/516/EEC establishing a list of ingredients whose use is prohibited in compound feeding stuffs (regulation 4).

Regulation 3(3)(a) and (4) to (8) make minor drafting amendments to the principal Regulations and amend Schedules 4 and 5 to those Regulations, which relate respectively to permitted additives in feeding stuffs and to prescribed limits for undesirable substances in feeding stuffs.

The principal changes are contained in—

- (a) regulation 3(2), which removes from regulation 13 of the principal Regulations (controlling the use of additives in feeding stuffs) certain provisions concerning importation into Northern Ireland of material containing additives;
- (b) regulation 3(3)(b), which extends the provisions contained in paragraph 12 of Schedule 1 to the principal Regulations (which are concerned with declaration of the ingredients of compound feeding stuffs for animals other than pet animals in the statutory statements required by law to be provided when such feeding stuffs are sold) by prescribing names for the designation of such ingredients in statutory statements where certain specified requirements are met;
- (c) regulation 4, which extends the provisions of regulation 14(6) of the principal Regulations (which prohibits the use and sale for use as a compound feeding stuff of material containing certain specified substances) by adding certain substances to the list of those prohibited;
- (d) regulation 5, which modifies and extends the provisions of regulation 14 of the principal Regulations (which control the use in feeding stuffs and ingredients of undesirable substances) by extending the range of transactions to which the controls apply; by prohibiting the mixing of ingredients with other ingredients or feeding stuffs in certain circumstances; by requiring ingredients the subject of specified transactions to be sound, genuine and of merchantable quality; by requiring individuals who become aware in specified circumstances that ingredients or feeding stuffs do not comply with the controls to report the matter to the authorities and by further extending the controls by applying them to cases where feeding stuffs or ingredients are to be fed to wild animals.

÷