1993 No. 256

PLANT HEALTH

Plant Health Order (Northern Ireland) 1993

Made				•	•	27th May 1993
Coming	into or	oerati	on			1st June 1993

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The Department of Agriculture, in exercise of the powers conferred on it by sections 2(a), 3(1)(b), 3A(c), 3B(1)(d) and 4(1)(e) of the Plant Health Act (Northern Ireland) 1967(f) and of all powers enabling it in that behalf, hereby makes the following Order:

PART I

Introductory

Citation and commencement

1. This Order may be cited as the Plant Health Order (Northern Ireland) 1993 and shall come into operation on 1st June 1993.

Revocation

2. The Orders listed in column (1) of Schedule 15 are hereby revoked.

⁽a) As amended by S.R. & O. (N.I.) 1972 No. 351 Art. 3 and Sch. 2; 1979 c. 2, s. 177(1) and Sch. 4 Pt. II; and S.I. 1984/702 (N.I. 2) Art. 15(2)
(b) As amended by S.R. & O. (N.I.) 1972 No. 351 Art. 3 and Sch. 2
(c) Inserted by S.I. 1975/1038 (N.I. 8) Art. 11(2)
(d) Inserted by S.I. 1984/702 (N.I. 2) Art. 15(2)
(e) As amended by S.I. 1984/702 (N.I. 2) Art. 15(2)
(f) 1076 2 28 (N.I.)

¹⁹⁶⁷ c. 28 (N.I.)

Interpretation

- **3.**—(1) In this Order—
- "approved immune variety" means a variety of potatoes approved for the time being by the Department as being immune from wart disease;
- "authorised officer" means in relation to a plant health inspection carried out or certificate or translation or copy of a certificate issued in—
 - (a) Northern Ireland, an inspector; and
 - (b) a place other than Northern Ireland, a representative of the Plant Protection Organisation of the country in which such inspection was carried out or certificate, translation or copy was issued;
- "Central America" means the geographical area comprising Belize, Costa Rica, El Salvador, Guatemala, Honduras, Nicaragua, Panama and the islands commonly known as the West Indies;
- "Customs Act" means the Customs and Excise Management Act 1979(a);
- "Directive 77/93/EEC" means Council Directive of 21st December 1976 on protective measures against the introduction into the Community of organisms harmful to plants or plant products and against their spread within the Community(b) as amended and supplemented by the instruments listed in Schedule 14;
- "early potatoes" means potatoes which have been harvested before they are completely mature, marketed for eating immediately after their harvesting and whose skins can easily be removed without peeling;
- "Euro-Mediterranean area" means the geographical area comprising Europe, Algeria, Cyprus, Egypt, Israel, Jordan, Lebanon, Libya, Malta, Morocco, Syria, Tunisia and Turkey;
- "Europe" includes the Canary Islands and Belarus, Estonia, Latvia, Lithuania, Moldova, the Ukraine and Russia (except the regions of Buryat, Yakut and Tuva, the Altai, Khabarovsk, Drasnoyarsk and Maritime Krais and the Amur, Chita, Irkutsk, Kamchatka, Kemerovo, Kurgan, Magadan, Novosibirsk, Omsk, Sakhalin, Tomsk and Tyumen Oblasts) but does not include Cyprus or Turkey;
- "European Community" means the European Economic Community including the Isle of Man and the Channel Islands but excluding the Canary Islands, Ceuta, Melilla and the French Overseas Departments;
- "fruit" means fruit in the botanical sense but does not include dried, dehydrated, lacquered or deep frozen fruit;
- "genetically modified pest" means a pest, the genetic complement of which has been modified, and includes—
 - (a) organisms and material which contain such a pest or parts thereof; and

⁽a) 1979 c. 2

⁽b) O.J. No. L.26, 31.1.77, p. 20 as corrected by the Corrigenda published in O.J. No. L.130, 29.5.79, p. 32

- (b) any other modified organisms likely to be injurious to plants, other than Agrobacterium species and other organisms which in the opinion of the Department have been modified to eliminate all pathogenic sequences;
- "growing medium" means material, intended to sustain the life of plants, which consists wholly or partly of soil, peat (whether used or unused), parts of plants, bark or other humus or of any other solid substance;
- "importer" in relation to any pest, plant, plant product or other object includes—
 - (a) any person who (whether as owner, consignor, consignee, agent, broker or otherwise) is in possession of or is in any way entitled to the custody of the pest, plant, plant product or other object which has been or is likely to be landed; and
 - (b) any person by whose action the pest, plant, plant product or other object has been or is likely to be landed;
- "inspector" means any person authorised in writing by the Department for the purposes of this Order;
- "landed" means brought into Northern Ireland by any means whatsoever;
- "North America" means the geographical area comprising Canada, Mexico and the United States of America (except the State of Hawaii);
- "nursery" means any premises wholly or partly used for the cultivation or keeping of plants for the purpose of transplantation or removal to other premises;
- "occupier" in relation to any premises means any person in occupation of or in charge of those premises whether he has an estate in them or not;
- "official" in relation to any testing or any other procedure required by this Order to be carried out in respect of any plant, plant product, soil or growing medium means carried out by or under the supervision of the Plant Protection Organisation of the country in which the testing or other procedure is carried out;
- "official register" means the register kept under Article 16;
- "official statement" in relation to any plant, plant product or other object means a statement by an authorised officer required to be made in relation thereto in accordance with column (3) of Schedule 4;
- "pest" means pests of plants or plant products which belong to the animal or plant kingdoms or which are viruses, mycoplasms or other pathogens and includes genetically modified pests;
- "phytosanitary certificate" means a certificate duly completed either in the form set out in Schedule 11 or an equivalent text in a language other than English;
- "place of production" means any premises which are normally worked as a unit, together with any contiguous uncultivated land;
- "'plant' means a living plant or living part of a plant including seed and "living part of a plant" shall be considered to include—
 - (a) fruit.

- (b) vegetables (other than those preserved by deep freezing),
- (c) tubers, corms, bulbs or rhizomes,
- (d) cut flowers,
- (e) branches with foliage,
- (f) cut trees retaining foliage, and
- (g) plants in tissue culture;
- "plant passport" in relation to any plant, plant product or other object means a plant passport issued in relation thereto in accordance with Article 15;
- "plant in tissue culture" means a plant growing in a liquid or solid aseptic culture medium in a closed transparent container;
- "plant product" means a product of plant origin which is unprocessed or has undergone simple preparation insofar as it is not a plant;
- "potato" means any tuber or true seed or any other plant of *Solanum tuberosum* L. or other tuber forming species or hybrid of the genus *Solanum* L.;
- "potato cyst nematode" means cyst forming nematodes of the genus Globodera Skarbilovich (Behrens) that infest and multiply on potatoes and includes all strains and pathotypes thereof;
- "potato ring rot" means either the disease of potatoes which is caused by the bacterium *Clavibacter michiganensis* (Smith) Davis et al. ssp. sepedonicus (Spieckermann and Kotthoff) Davis et al. and is known as potato ring rot or that bacterium, as the case may be;
- "premises" includes any land, building (other than a private dwelling house), vehicle, vessel, aircraft, hovercraft or freight container;
- "'protected zone" means a zone in the European Community listed in Schedule 8—
 - (a) in which one or more pests listed in that Schedule which are established in one or more parts of the European Community, are not endemic or established, despite favourable conditions for them to establish there, or
 - (b) in which there is a danger that certain pests will establish themselves, given propitious ecological conditions, for particular crops, despite the fact that these pests are not endemic or established in the European Community,

and which has been recognised, in accordance with the procedure laid down in Article 16a of Directive 77/93/EEC;

- "re-forwarding phytosanitary certificate" means a certificate duly completed either in the form set out in Schedule 12 or an equivalent text in a language other than English;
- "responsible person" means a person appointed under Article 15(5)(b) for the purpose of issuing a plant passport;
- "seed" means seed in the botanical sense which is intended for planting;

- "soil" means material wholly or partly derived from the upper layer of the earth's crust which is capable of sustaining plant life and which contains solid organic substances such as parts of plants, humus, peat or bark but does not include material composed entirely of unused peat;
- "South America" means the geographical area comprising Argentina, Bolivia, Brazil, Chile, Colombia, Ecuador, French Guiana, Guyana, Paraguay, Peru, Surinam, Uruguay and Venezuela;
- "third country" means a country or territory other than one within the European Community;
- "wart disease" means either the disease affecting potatoes which is caused by the fungus *Synchytrium endobioticum* (Schilb.) Perc. and is known as wart disease of potatoes or that fungus as the case may be.
- (2) Any reference in this Order to a particular pest shall be construed as a reference to that pest in any stage of its existence.
- (3) Any reference in this Order to a particular plant shall include a reference to a hybrid containing genetic material from the family, genus or species to which that plant belongs.
- (4) Any reference in this Order to premises declared infected with any particular pest shall be construed as a reference to premises declared infected with that pest by a notice served under Article 22(4) and for the time being in force.
- (5) Any reference in this Order to the European Community or a third country includes a reference to a state, province or region within the European Community or that third country.

PART II

MEASURES TO PREVENT INTRODUCTION, SPREAD OR CONVEYANCE OF PESTS

Prohibition on landing from a third country of pests, plants, etc.

- 4.—(1) A person shall not land from a third country—
- (a) any pest which is listed in Part A of Schedule 1;
- (b) any plant, plant product or other object carrying or infected with a pest which is listed in Part A of Schedule 1;
- (c) any plant or plant product which is listed in column (3) of Part A of Schedule 2 carrying or infected with a pest which is specified opposite thereto in column (2);
- (d) any plant, plant product or other object which is listed in column (2) of Part A of Schedule 3 which originates in a country specified opposite thereto in column (3);
- (e) subject to paragraph (2), any plant, plant product or other object originating outside the European Community and which is listed in column (2) of section 1 of Part A of Schedule 4 unless such plant, plant product or other object fulfils the conditions specified opposite thereto in column (3);

- (f) without prejudice to Article 6(2) and subject to paragraph (2), any plant, plant product or other object originating outside the European Community which is listed in section 1 of Part B of Schedule 5 unless an authorised officer has satisfactorily completed a plant health inspection to ensure compliance with the requirements of this Order in relation to such plant, plant product or other object in the country of origin or the country from which it has been consigned and it is accompanied by a valid phytosanitary certificate; or
- (g) any pest which, although not listed in Part A of Schedule 1, Part A of Schedule 2 or mentioned in section 1 of Part A of Schedule 4 is a pest which is not normally present in and is likely to be injurious to plants in Northern Ireland.
- (2) The requirements of paragraph (1)(e) and (f) shall not apply in relation to any plants or plant products which do not show any signs of any pest and which—
 - (a) are landed in the baggage of a passenger or other traveller;
 - (b) are not intended for use in the course of a trade or business;
 - (c) are intended for household use; and
 - (d) are in one of the following categories, not exceeding the stated quantities specified in relation thereto, namely—
 - (i) in the case of plants and plant products landed from third countries outside the Euro-Mediterranean area—
 - (A) fruit and raw vegetables (other than potatoes) together 2 kilograms;
 - (B) cut flowers and any parts of plants together forming a single bouquet 1 bouquet; and
 - (C) seeds (other than seeds of potatoes) 5 retail packets;
 - (ii) in the case of plants and plant products landed from third countries of the Euro-Mediterranean area—
 - (A) fruit and raw vegetables (other than potatoes) together 2 kilograms;
 - (B) cut flowers and any parts of plants together forming a single bouquet 1 bouquet;
 - (C) seeds (other than seeds of potatoes) 5 retail packets;
 - (D) bulbs, corms, tubers (other than potatoes) and rhizomes—together 2 kilograms; and
 - (E) other plants 5 plants.

Prevention of the spread of pests within the European Community

- 5.—(1) Subject to paragraph (5) a person shall not within the European Community without the authority of an inspector knowingly sell, plant, move or otherwise dispose of, or knowingly cause or permit to be sold, planted, moved or otherwise disposed of—
 - (a) any pest which is listed in Part A of Schedule 1;

- (b) any plant, plant product or other object carrying or infected with a pest which is listed in Part A of Schedule 1;
- (c) any plant or plant product which is listed in column (3) of Part A of Schedule 2 carrying or infected with a pest which is specified opposite thereto in column (2);
- (d) subject to paragraph (2) any plant, plant product or other object originating within the European Community and which is listed in column (2) of section II of Part A of Schedule 4 unless such plant, plant product or other object fulfils the conditions specified opposite thereto in column (3);
- (e) subject to paragraph (2) and Article 10 any plant, plant product or other object originating within the European Community and which is listed in section 1 of Part A of Schedule 5 unless an authorised officer has satisfactorily completed a plant health inspection to ensure compliance with the requirements of this Order in relation to such plant, plant product or other object at the place of production and it is accompanied by a valid plant passport;
- (f) any pest which although not mentioned in section II of Part A of Schedule 4 is a pest which is not normally present in and which is likely to be injurious to plants in Northern Ireland; or
- (g) any pest, plant, plant product or other object landed in contravention of Article 4.
- (2) The requirements of paragraph (1)(d) and (e) shall not apply in relation to the movement within Northern Ireland or landing from elsewhere in the European Community of any plants or plant products which do not show any signs of any pest and which—
 - (a) are contained in the baggage of a passenger or other traveller;
 - (b) are not intended for use in the course of a trade or business;
 - (c) are intended for household use; and
 - (d) have been grown anywhere in the European Community.
- (3) A person shall not without the authority of an inspector knowingly keep or cause or permit to be kept—
 - (a) any pest which is listed in column (2) of Part A of Schedule 1 other than a pest which is also listed in column (2) of Schedule 6;
 - (b) any pest which is listed in column (2) of Part A of Schedule 2 when present on or associated with any plant or plant product specified opposite thereto in column (3) other than a pest which is also listed in column (2) of Schedule 6; and
 - (c) any pest which is not normally present in Northern Ireland and which is likely to be injurious to plants in Northern Ireland.
- (4) A person shall not without the authority of an inspector engage in any activity which involves genetic modification of a pest or engage in any activity which to his knowledge involves genetically modified pests.
- (5) Nothing in paragraph (1) shall prohibit a person from destroying or delivering to an inspector any such pest, plant, plant product or other object as is referred to in that paragraph.

Prohibition on introduction into protected zones of pests, plants etc.

- **6.**—(1) A person shall not introduce into a protected zone which is listed in—
 - (a) column (3) of Part B of Schedule 1, any pest which is specified opposite thereto in column (2);
 - (b) column (3) of Part B of Schedule 1, any plant, plant product or other object if it carries or is infected with a pest specified in column (2) opposite the reference to that protected zone;
 - (c) column (4) of Part B of Schedule 2, any plant or plant product specified opposite thereto in column (3) if it carries or is infected with a pest specified in column (2) opposite the reference to that plant or plant product;
 - (d) column (3) of Part B of Schedule 3, any plant or plant product specified opposite thereto in column (2); or
 - (e) column (4) of Part B of Schedule 4, any plant, plant product or other object specified opposite thereto in column (2) of that Part unless it fulfils the conditions specified in column (3) opposite that reference.
- (2) Subject to Article 8 a person shall not introduce any plant, plant product or other object which is listed in—
 - (a) column (3) of Part B of Schedule 2 into any protected zone specified opposite thereto in column (4); or
 - (b) section II of Part A or B of Schedule 5 into any protected zone specified in column (4) of Part B of Schedule 4 opposite the reference to such plant, plant product or other object,

unless an authorised officer has satisfactorily completed a plant health inspection to ensure compliance with the requirements of this Order in relation to such plant, plant product or other object at the place of production if originating within the European Community or in the country of origin or the country from which it has been consigned if originating outside the European Community and it is accompanied by a plant passport or phytosanitary certificate, as appropriate, valid for that protected zone.

Prevention of the spread of pests within protected zones

- 7. Subject to the provisions of this Order a person shall not without the authority of an inspector knowingly keep, sell, plant, move or otherwise dispose of, or knowingly cause or permit to be kept, sold, planted, moved or otherwise disposed of, in a protected zone—
 - (a) which is listed in column (3) of Part B of Schedule 1, any pest which is specified opposite thereto in column (2);
 - (b) which is listed in column (4) of Part B of Schedule 2, any plant or plant product specified opposite thereto in column (3) where such plant or plant product carries or is infected with a pest which is specified in column (2) opposite the reference to such plant or plant product;
 - (c) which is listed in column (3) of Part B of Schedule 3, any plant or plant product specified opposite thereto in column (2);

- (d) which is listed in column (4) of Part B of Schedule 4, any plant, plant product or other object specified opposite thereto in column (2) unless such plant, plant product or other object fulfils the conditions specified in column (3) opposite the reference to that plant, plant product or other object;
- (e) any pest, plant, plant product or other object introduced into any protected zone in contravention of Article 6.

Movement of plants etc. through protected zones

- 8.—(1) Where a plant, plant product or other object which is listed in section II of Part A of Schedule 5 originates outside the protected zones specified in column (4) of Part B of Schedule 4 opposite the reference to such plant, plant product or other object in column (2) of that Part, it may move through those protected zones to a destination outside thereof, without a valid plant passport for those zones if it complies with the conditions specified in Part A of Schedule 7.
- (2) Where in the case of any plant, plant product or other object to which paragraph (1) relates which is moving through a protected zone without a valid plant passport as described in that paragraph, it appears during an inspection carried out under Article 25 within the protected zone in relation thereto that the plant, plant product or other object does not meet the conditions specified in Part A of Schedule 7 then without prejudice to Article 22 or 23 the measures specified in Part B of Schedule 7 may be taken in relation thereto.

Surveys relating to protected zones

9. The Department shall carry out surveys in Northern Ireland in accordance with the provisions of Commission Directive 92/70/EEC(a) laying down detailed rules for surveys to be carried out for the purposes of the recognition of protected zones in the European Community.

Local movement

10. Any plant, plant product or other object originating within the European Community and which is listed in Part A of Schedule 5 may be moved locally without a plant passport by or on behalf of any small producer or processor of plants, plant products or other objects whose entire production and sale of those plants, plant products or other objects is intended for final usage by persons on the local market who are not professionally involved in plant production provided that no spreading of pests is thereby to be feared.

Official statements in respect of plants etc.

- 11.—(1) An official statement shall be deemed to have been made by the issue, in accordance with the provisions of this Order of—
 - (a) in the case of any plant, plant product or other object landed from a third country, a phytosanitary certificate and, where appropriate, a re-forwarding phytosanitary certificate in relation thereto; and

- (b) in the case of any plant, plant product or other object moved within the European Community, a plant passport in relation thereto.
- (2) Any requirement for the satisfactory completion of a plant health inspection in relation to a plant, plant product and other object listed in Schedule 5 to ensure compliance with the requirements of this Order either—
 - (a) at the place of production, if originating in the European Community; or
 - (b) in the country of origin or the country from which it has been consigned, if originating outside the European Community,

shall be deemed to have been met by the issue of a plant passport or phytosanitary certificate, as appropriate, to accompany that plant, plant product or other object in accordance with the provisions of this Order.

Provisions relating to the issue of phytosanitary certificates and subsequent plant passports

- 12.—(1) Where any plant, plant product or other object which is listed in Part B of Schedule 5 has been exported from Northern Ireland to a third country and is subsequently re-imported into Northern Ireland, it shall be accompanied by a phytosanitary certificate issued in the third country from which it was directly consigned to Northern Ireland.
- (2) Where, after a phytosanitary certificate has been issued in respect of any plant, plant product or other object listed in Part B of Schedule 5 and the plant, plant product or other object to which that certificate relates has been stored, repacked or split up in a third country other than that in which the certificate was issued, that certificate shall on landing be accompanied by a re-forwarding phytosanitary certificate issued in that other third country.
- (3) Where any consignment from a third country is accompanied by a phytosanitary certificate which shows that the address of the person to whom it is consigned is in another third country, that consignment shall not be landed unless that certificate is accompanied by a re-forwarding phytosanitary certificate issued in each third country from which it has been consigned subsequent to the issue of that phytosanitary certificate.
- (4) Where a phytosanitary certificate has been issued in respect of any plant, plant product or other object listed in Part B of Schedule 5 and that plant, plant product or other object is landed the certificate shall, subject to the satisfactory completion of a plant health inspection of the plant, plant product or other object by an inspector to ensure compliance with the requirements of this Order be replaced, where appropriate, by a plant passport in accordance with the requirements of Part A of Schedule 5.

General provisions concerning certificates

13.—(1) Where a phytosanitary certificate or a re-forwarding phytosanitary certificate is issued in a third country, in a language other than English, such certificate shall incorporate or be accompanied by a translation in English of the text thereof and if such translation is in a document separate from such certificate, it shall be completed and signed by an authorised officer.

- (2) Subject to paragraph (3), where a consignment of plants, plant products or other objects has been consigned between two or more third countries before it is consigned to Northern Ireland it may, in place of any certificate required by this Order, be accompanied by a copy of such certificate issued in the country from which such consignment has been directly consigned to Northern Ireland if such copy certificate is certified either as a true copy of the original or as a true copy of a certified copy of the original, as the case may be, by an authorised officer.
- (3) Paragraph (2) shall not apply in the case of a re-forwarding phytosanitary certificate issued in the third country from which the consignment which it accompanies was directly consigned to Northern Ireland.
- (4) A phytosanitary certificate or a re-forwarding phytosanitary certificate issued by or on behalf of a state, provincial or other regional or local government authority of part of a third country, or by or on behalf of any department, service or other organ of such authority, shall not be deemed to be a valid phytosanitary certificate or a valid re-forwarding phytosanitary certificate for the purposes of this Order unless such authority is the only one empowered to issue, in relation to such part of the country, phytosanitary certificates or re-forwarding phytosanitary certificates to comply with the requirements of this Order.
- (5) Except in the case of a consignment landed from a third country by post any phytosanitary certificate and re-forwarding phytosanitary certificate which is required by this Order to accompany it shall immediately on landing be submitted to the proper officer at the same time as, and together with, the entry relating to that consignment. In this paragraph—
 - (a) "proper officer" has the same meaning as in the Customs Act; and
 - (b) "entry" shall be construed as a reference to the entry, delivery of which is to be made in accordance with the provisions of the Customs Act.
- (6) In the case of a consignment landed by post from a third country any phytosanitary certificate or re-forwarding phytosanitary certificate which is required by this Order to accompany it shall be affixed to the outside of the package comprising the consignment or, if the consignment consists of more than one package, such certificate shall be affixed to the outside of one of the packages and copies thereof shall be affixed to the outside of each of the remaining packages.
- (7) Each phytosanitary certificate and re-forwarding phytosanitary certificate produced when a consignment is landed from a third country shall be stamped or otherwise endorsed by an officer of Customs and Excise showing the date on which the consignment is cleared from Customs charge.

Period during which inspections are to be made and certificates issued

14.—(1) The last inspection before despatch carried out in relation to any consignment in the country of origin or consignor country for the purpose of issuing a phytosanitary certificate or a re-forwarding phytosanitary certificate to accompany it shall be carried out not more than 14 days before the date of the despatch.

(2) A phytosanitary certificate or a re-forwarding phytosanitary certificate shall not be valid for the purposes of this Order unless it has been completed and signed by an authorised officer not more than 14 days before the date of the despatch of the consignment which such certificate is to accompany and after the carrying out of any inspection referred to in paragraph (1) in respect of that consignment.

General provisions relating to plant passports

- 15.—(1) A plant passport issued in respect of any plant, plant product or other object listed in Part A of Schedule 5 shall consist of a label affixed to that plant, plant product or other object containing at least the information specified in Part B of Schedule 9 and, unless all such information is already contained on the label, an accompanying document which complies with paragraph (2) and contains the information specified in Part A of Schedule 9.
- (2) The accompanying document referred to in paragraph (1) shall be any document which is normally used for trade purposes.
- (3) The information specified in Schedule 9 and contained on a plant passport shall be in capital letters insofar as it is in manuscript and shall be in at least one of the official languages of the European Community.
- (4) Where a plant passport contains information not specified in Schedule 9 such information shall be clearly separated from the information specified in Schedule 9.
 - (5) A plant passport may be issued by—
 - (a) an inspector; or
 - (b) a person registered in the official register or a person acting on his behalf who has been appointed in writing by the Department or an inspector for that purpose.
- (6) Any appointment made under paragraph (5)(b) may be made subject to such reasonable conditions as the person making the appointment may specify in writing after having taken into account any relevant plant health risks.
- (7) The responsible person who issues a plant passport, shall ensure that it is kept and produced as required to an inspector and that the label referred to in paragraph (1) is affixed to any plant, plant product or other object to which it relates.
- (8) In the exercise of his powers under paragraph (5) or (7) the responsible person or inspector, as the case may be, shall ensure that—
 - (a) any plant, plant product or other object in respect of which a plant passport is required under this Order, is issued with such valid plant passport as is appropriate for its destination within the European Community;
 - (b) subject to the satisfactory completion of a plant health inspection by an inspector to ensure compliance with the requirements of this Order, a valid plant passport (including the name of the country of origin or, where appropriate, the country from which it has been consigned) is issued in relation to any plant, plant product or other object in respect

- of which a plant passport is required under this Order but which originates in a third country.
- (9) The authority to issue plant passports in relation to any plant, plant product or other object conferred on a responsible person under paragraph (5)(b) shall be conferred pursuant to the satisfactory completion of a plant health inspection by an inspector of, as the case may be, the place of origin or production of such plants, plant products or other objects, any part of that place or any other premises handling any such plants, plant products or other objects for the purposes of ascertaining whether such plants, plant products or other objects comply with the requirements of this Order.
- (10) Where the requirements of this Order are not being fulfilled insofar as they relate to the issue of plant passports, the authority to issue such plant passports conferred on a responsible person under paragraph (5) may be revoked by the Department or an inspector in part or in full until such time as an inspection has been satisfactorily completed as specified in paragraph (9) or until any breach of any condition to which with the authorisation is subject has been remedied to the satisfaction of the Department or inspector.

Official register

- **16.**—(1) The Department shall keep a register of each person who applies for registration under Article 17.
 - (2) The official register shall contain—
 - (a) the name of the person who has applied for registration;
 - (b) the address of the premises on which is carried out any activity to which the application relates; and
 - (c) a registration number unique to that person.
- (3) The Department may refuse to register an applicant in the official register if registration is inappropriate or insufficient particulars have been provided.
- (4) The official register shall be open to inspection by the European Commission.

Applications for registration

- 17.—(1) An application to be registered in the official register may be made by any person who—
 - (a) is involved or intends to become involved in the propagating, growing or trading of, or any other activity associated with, plants, plant products or other objects; or
 - (b) intends to land any plant, plant product or other object from a third country.
- (2) An application to be registered in the official register shall be made in writing in such form and containing such particulars as the Department may require.

Requirements of registration

18.—(1) Subject to paragraph (2) any person registered in the official register shall—

- (a) fulfil the requirements specified in Schedule 10; and
- (b) notify the Department of any change in the following—
 - (i) the species of plants or planting material which are the subject of any activity to which his application for registration related;
 - (ii) the location of the premises on which any such activity is carried out by him;
 - (iii) the stage of growth at which plants and plant products are marketed by him; or
 - (iv) any responsible person acting on his behalf.
- (2) The requirements of paragraph (1)(a) shall not apply to any person registered in the official register who is engaged solely in the production or importation of:
 - (a) tubers of Solanum tuberosum L. (excluding seed potatoes):
 - (b) fruit of Citrus L., Fortunella Swingle or Poncirus Raf. and their hybrids.
- (3) Without prejudice to paragraph (1)(a) any person shall upon receipt of any plant, plant product or other object to which is affixed a plant passport. remove the said plant passport and retain it for at least one year.

Restriction on the planting of potatoes

- 19.—(1) A person shall not plant or knowingly cause or permit to be planted in Northern Ireland any potatoes which have been grown in any place outside Austria, Switzerland or the European Community or any potatoes which have been derived from such potatoes.
- (2) A person shall not introduce into a protected region within the meaning of Commission Decision 93/231/EEC(a) any potatoes as seed potatoes other than seed potatoes of the Community grades produced and marketed in accordance with Commission Directive 93/17/EEC(b).

Notification of the presence or suspected presence of certain pests

- 20.—(1) The owner or occupier of any premises who knows or suspects that any pest to which this Article applies is present on the premises, or any other person who, in the course of his duties or business, becomes aware of or suspects the presence of such pest on any premises, shall immediately give notice to the Department or an inspector of that presence or suspected presence.
 - (2) This Article applies to any pest which—
 - (a) is listed in Schedule 1 other than a pest which is also listed in column (2) of Schedule 6 except when found at the premises of a person registered in the official register;
 - (b) is listed in column (2) of Schedule 2 when present or associated with any plant or plant product specified opposite thereto in column (3)

⁽a) O.J. No. L.106, 30.4.93, p. 11 (b) O.J. No. L.106, 30.4.93, p. 7

- other than a pest which is also listed in column (2) of Schedule 6 except when found at the premises of a person registered in the official register; or
- (c) is not normally present in and is likely to be injurious to plants in Northern Ireland.

Notification of the presence in, or likely entry into, a free zone of pests, plants etc.

- 21.—(1) Any person who knows or suspects that any of the things to which this Article applies is present in, or is likely to enter, a free zone for which he is the responsible authority, shall immediately give notice of that fact to the Department or an inspector and shall as soon as is reasonably practicable after giving such notice confirm it in writing.
 - (2) This Article applies to—
 - (a) any pest which is listed in Schedule 1 or 2;
 - (b) any other pest which is not normally present in and is likely to be injurious to plants in Northern Ireland;
 - (c) any plant, plant product or other object carrying or infected with a pest referred to in sub-paragraph (a) or (b);
 - (d) any plant, plant product or other object which is listed in column (2) of Part A of Schedule 3 or in column (2) opposite Item 1 of Part B of that Schedule; and
- (e) any plant, plant product or other object listed in Schedule 5, which have been or are likely to be landed and have not been cleared from Customs charge.
- (3) In this Article "the responsible authority" and "free zone" have the same meaning as in the Customs Act(a).

Actions which may be required by an inspector

- 22.—(1) If an inspector has reasonable grounds for suspecting that any pest, plant, plant product or other object has been or is likely to be landed in contravention of this Order he may by notice in writing served on the importer or any person in charge of the vessel, aircraft, vehicle, hovercraft or freight container from which any pest, plant, plant product or other object has been or is likely to be landed—
 - (a) prohibit that landing;
 - (b) specify the manner in which that landing is to be carried out;
 - (c) require that the pest, plant, plant product or other object be treated, re-exported, returned to its point of origin, destroyed or otherwise disposed of in such manner and within such reasonable time as may be specified in the notice;
 - (d) prohibit the removal of the pest, plant, plant product or other object from the premises specified in the notice;

⁽a) See section 100A of the Customs Act which was inserted by the Finance Act 1984 (c. 43), section 8 and Schedule 4, Part 1

- (e) require the removal of the pest, plant, plant product or other object to premises specified in the notice in such manner and within such reasonable time as may be so specified;
- (f) require the taking of such other steps as may be specified in the notice and which appear to the inspector to be necessary to prevent the introduction or spread of any pest in such manner and within such reasonable time as may be specified in the notice.
- (2) If an inspector has reasonable grounds for suspecting that there is present or is likely to be present on any premises—
 - (a) any plant, plant product or other object which has been landed, kept, sold, planted, grown, moved or otherwise disposed of in contravention of this Order;
 - (b) any pest listed in Part A of Schedule 1 or 2 or, where appropriate, Part B of Schedule 1 or 2;
 - (c) any pest which is not normally present in Northern Ireland and which in the opinion of an inspector is in imminent danger of spreading or being spread in Northern Ireland;
 - (d) any plant, plant product or other object which is carrying or infected with or which may be carrying or infected with any pest referred to in sub-paragraph (b) or (c);
 - (e) any genetically modified pest,

he may by notice in writing served on the owner or occupier of the premises or the owner or person in charge of any of the things referred to in sub-paragraphs (a) to (e)—

- (i) require any of those things so referred to, to be treated, destroyed or otherwise disposed of in such manner and within such reasonable time as may be specified in such notice;
- (ii) prohibit the removal of those things from premises specified in such notice or impose such other prohibitions as appear to the inspector to be necessary to prevent the spread of any pest;
- (iii) require the removal of those things to premises specified in the notice in such manner and within such reasonable time as may be so specified;
- (iv) require the taking of such other steps as may be specified in the notice and which appear to the inspector to be necessary to prevent the spread of any pest in such manner and within such reasonable time as may be specified in such notice.
- (3) If an inspector has reasonable grounds for believing that it is necessary for the purpose of preventing the spread of or ensuring the eradication of any pest from any premises to which paragraph (2) relates he may by notice in writing served on the owner or occupier of any other premises impose such prohibitions and require the taking of such reasonable steps as may be specified in the notice as appear to him to be necessary for that purpose in such manner and within such reasonable time as may be specified in such notice.

- (4) If—
- (a) an inspector has reasonable grounds for suspecting that wart disease is present on any premises; or
- (b) in consequence of official testing carried out in accordance with appropriate methods to determine the presence of potato ring rot it appears to an inspector that those premises are infected with potato ring rot; or
- (c) in consequence of the examination of a sample of soil taken from any premises for the purpose of preventing the spread of potato cyst nematode or for any other purpose of this Order, it appears to an inspector that those premises are infected with potato cyst nematode,

he may, without prejudice to the powers conferred by paragraph (2), by notice in writing served on the owner or occupier of such premises declare the premises to be infected with wart disease, potato ring rot or potato cyst nematode, as appropriate.

- (5) For the purposes of paragraph (4)(b) premises shall be considered to be infected with potato ring rot if that disease is discovered in a single plant or tuber of potato on those premises.
- (6) An inspector may without prejudice to the powers conferred by paragraph (2) serve on the owner or occupier of premises—
 - (a) which surround, adjoin or are in close proximity to premises declared to be infected with wart disease a notice declaring the first mentioned premises to be a safety zone;
 - (b) within which the spread of potato ring rot is possible but which have not been declared infected with the disease a notice declaring those premises to be a demarcated zone for such period not to be less than 3 years as may be specified in the notice.
- (7) Any notice served under paragraph (4) or (6) may define by reference to a map or plan or otherwise the extent of the premises declared in the notice to be infected or to be a safety zone or to be a demarcated zone, as the case may be.
- (8) Any notice served on any person under paragraph (4) or (6)(a) shall remain in force until withdrawn by the Department by a further notice in writing served on the owner or occupier of the premises declared to be infected.

Actions which may be taken by an inspector

- 23. Without prejudice to the powers conferred by Article 22 or 25 where an inspector has reasonable grounds for suspecting that there is present or likely to be present on any premises—
 - (a) any pest listed in Part A of Schedule 1 or 2 or, where appropriate, Part B of Schedule 1 or 2;
 - (b) any pest not normally present in Northern Ireland and in respect of which there is in the opinion of an inspector an imminent danger of it spreading or being spread in Northern Ireland;

(c) any plant, plant product or other object which is carrying or infected with or which may be carrying or infected with a pest referred to in sub-paragraph (a) or (b),

he may, upon production if so required of his authority and after giving the owner or occupier of the premises reasonable notice of his intention, enter such premises and either on those premises or elsewhere take steps—

- (i) to destroy any pest referred to in sub-paragraph (a) or (b) and to prevent the spread of any such pest;
- (ii) to destroy or treat any plant, plant product or other object referred to in sub-paragraph (c).

Miscellaneous provisions as to notices

- **24.**—(1) A notice served under Article 22(1) to (3) may specify one or more requirements or alternative requirements.
- (2) Any treatment, re-exportation, return, destruction or disposal required by a notice served under Article 22(1) to (3) shall be carried out to the satisfaction of an inspector by the person upon whom the notice is served, from or at a place designated by an inspector and none of the pests, plants, plant products or other objects to which the notice relates shall be moved otherwise than directly from or to such place.
- (3) Except where otherwise provided, a notice served under this Order may be amended or withdrawn by the Department or an inspector by a further notice in writing served on the person on whom the first notice was served or on the owner or occupier of the premises in respect of which the further notice is intended to be served. The amendment or withdrawal of a notice may be subject to such conditions, if any, as the Department or an inspector considers expedient to impose for the purpose of preventing re-contamination with the pest to which the original notice relates or to prevent the introduction and spread of any pest.

Examination, sampling and marking

- 25. An inspector, on production if so required of his authority, may—
- (a) at all reasonable times for the purpose of ascertaining whether any pest listed in Schedule 1 or 2 or any pest which is not normally present in Northern Ireland and which is likely to be injurious to plants in Northern Ireland exists on any premises or for any other purpose of this Order (including checking compliance with it)—
 - (i) enter any premises;
 - (ii) examine and photograph any part of the premises and any objects on the premises; and
 - (iii) examine and take samples of or from any pest, plant, plant product or other object or anything which has been or may have been in contact therewith;
- (b) for the purposes of the examination and sampling referred to in sub-paragraph (a)—
 - (i) open or authorise any person to open on his behalf or require the owner or the person in charge to open in such manner as the

- inspector may specify any container, bundle or other package comprising any pest, plant, plant product or other object or anything which has been or may have been in contact therewith;
- (ii) mark or authorise any person on his behalf to mark any part of the premises or any objects on the premises or any pest, plant, plant product or other object or anything which has been or may have been in contact therewith;
- (iii) prohibit either entirely or to such extent as he may indicate in writing the movement of any pest, plant, plant product or other object or anything which has been or may have been in contact therewith and by means of which, in his opinion, a pest may spread.

Information as to compliance with notices

- 26.—(1) The person on whom a notice has been served under this Order shall, if so required by an inspector, immediately inform the inspector in writing whether the requirements of the notice have been complied with and, if they have been complied with, of the details of the steps taken so as to comply with those requirements.
- (2) Information furnished under paragraph (1) shall not be admissible as evidence against the person furnishing such information in any prosecution under this Order except in respect of an alleged failure to comply with paragraph (1).

Failure to comply with a notice

- 27.—(1) If any person fails to comply with the requirements of a notice served under this Order then, without prejudice to any proceedings consequent upon such failure, an inspector may, on production if so required of his authority, at any reasonable time—
 - (a) enter any premises on which the pest, plant, plant product or other object to which the notice relates may be present; and
 - (b) take or cause to be taken such steps as appear to the inspector to be necessary either to ensure that the requirements of the notice have been complied with or to remedy the consequences of the failure so to comply.
- (2) All reasonable costs of taking action under paragraph (1) shall be recoverable as a civil debt by the Department from the person upon whom the notice in question was served.

Persons authorised by an inspector

28.—(1) An inspector entering any premises under Article 23, 25 or 27 may take with him such other persons including, but not limited to, representatives of the European Commission together with such equipment and vehicles as are necessary for the purpose of facilitating the exercise of his powers under those Articles and such other persons whether or not accompanied by the inspector, upon production if so required of their authority given in that behalf by an inspector, may remain on the premises and from time to time re-enter, with such equipment and vehicles as aforesaid,

and carry out such work for the purposes aforesaid and in such manner as the inspector may direct.

(2) An inspector who authorises a person to take action as set out in Article 23, 25 or 27 shall give instructions in writing to that person in sufficient detail as to the steps which appear to the inspector to be necessary for that person to take.

Monitoring

- 29.—(1) An inspector shall examine the documents referred to in Item 2 of Schedule 10, at least once in each calendar year, to ensure that each person registered in the official register is complying with the requirements specified in that Schedule.
- (2) An inspector shall, for the purpose of conferring the authority on a responsible person to issue plant passports in respect of any plants, plant products or other objects listed in Part A of Schedule 5 which are propagated, grown or traded or are the subject of any other activity carried out by any person registered in the official register, at least once in each calendar year examine those plants, plant products or other objects, where possible on the premises where they are propagated, grown, traded or subjected to that activity.

Licences for the purposes of Part II

30. Notwithstanding the provisions of this Part a person may land, keep, deliver, sell, plant or otherwise dispose of any pest, plant, plant product or other object in Northern Ireland and may do any other thing prohibited by this Part under, and in accordance with the conditions of, a licence granted by the Department in exercise of any derogation whether specific or general permitted by Directive 77/93/EEC.

PART III

ADDITIONAL MEASURES TO PREVENT THE SPREAD OF PARTICULAR PESTS

Potato cyst nematode

- 31.—(1) Subject to paragraph (2) a person shall not plant or grow potatoes or permit potatoes to be planted or grown more often than once in any period of five years in the same land.
- (2) Nothing in paragraph (1) shall prohibit a person planting or growing potatoes in a garden immediately adjoining a dwelling house where all the produce from the garden is retained for the use of the occupants of the said dwelling house.
- 32.—(1) A notice declaring any premises to be infected with potato cyst nematode may direct that, subject to paragraph (2)—
 - (a) a person shall not plant or grow in or move on to, or permit to be planted or grown in or moved on to the infected premises any potatoes or tomato plants or plant propagating material;

- (b) a person shall not—
 - (i) plant or grow or permit to be planted or grown;
 - (ii) sell or otherwise dispose of for the purpose of being planted or grown; or
 - (iii) move or permit to be moved from infected premises, any potatoes or tomato plants or plant propagating material which have been grown or are growing in the infected premises;
- (c) a person shall not move or cause or permit to be moved from the infected premises any soil whether loose or attached to any object;
- (d) the owner or occupier of the infected premises shall destroy or cause to be destroyed any plant propagating material which has been grown or is growing in those premises;
- (e) the owner or occupier of the infected premises shall notify the Department immediately of any sale or other transfer or letting of those premises and at the same time shall furnish it with the name and address of the new owner or occupier.
- (2) The notice referred to in paragraph (1) shall not prohibit a person from removing any produce from the infected premises for consumption by himself or his immediate family.

Wart disease

- 33.—(1) A notice declaring any premises to be infected with wart disease or declaring any premises to be a safety zone may direct that the owner or occupier of the premises shall notify the Department immediately—
 - (a) of any sale or other transfer or letting of those premises and at the same time shall furnish it with the name and address of the new owner or occupier;
 - (b) if he acquires, or becomes the occupier of, any other premises.
 - (2) A person shall not-
 - (a) plant or cause or permit to be planted potatoes in any premises declared to be infected with wart disease:
 - (b) remove from premises declared to be infected with wart disease for transplanting elsewhere plants which have been grown or stored on those premises;
 - (c) sell or offer or expose for sale for planting or deliver for planting or knowingly cause or permit to be sold or offered or exposed for sale for planting or knowingly cause or permit to be delivered for planting any potatoes from a crop in any part of which wart disease has been found to be present.
- 34.—(1) A person shall not within a safety zone or within any premises declared to be infected with wart disease supply or use as manure or spread on any land or put into or upon any manure heap, either alone or mixed with other material, any potatoes, cleanings or sweepings of potato houses or of potato stores or of potato pits.

- (2) A person shall not plant or knowingly cause or permit to be planted in any safety zone any potatoes which are not of an approved immune variety, or, in the case of any premises which surround, adjoin or are in close proximity to premises on which wart disease of any race other than the common European race is present and in respect of which the Department so directs by notice in writing served on that person, any potatoes whatsoever except such varieties as the Department may authorise in writing to be planted on those premises.
- (3) In this Article "safety zone" means the areas defined in Schedule 13 or any premises in respect of which a notice is served under Article 22(6).
- **35.** A person shall not move potatoes from any premises declared to be infected with wart disease.
- 36.—(1) A person shall not sell or offer or expose for sale or knowingly cause or permit to be sold or offered or exposed for sale as potatoes of an approved immune variety any potatoes which are not of an approved immune variety.
- (2) A person shall not be liable to conviction for a contravention of Article 34(2) if he proves to the satisfaction of the court that the potatoes were sold to him as potatoes of an approved immune variety and that he did not know that the potatoes were not of an approved immune variety.
- 37. A person shall not remove or knowingly cause or permit to be removed any soil from any premises declared to be infected with wart disease so that it may be used or disposed of where that disease is not present.

Potato ring rot

- 38. Where premises are declared to be infected with potato ring rot the Department shall carry out official tests for the presence of that disease—
 - (a) on potato stocks which are clonally related to the potato stock on which the presence of potato ring rot was discovered; or
 - (b) on any potato stock that may have become infected with potato ring rot through contact with the infected stock or other objects which may also have been infected.
- 39. Where premises have been declared infected with potato ring rot or the presence of that disease is suspected an inspector shall by notice in writing served on the owner or occupier of the premises—
 - (a) require any potatoes on the premises to be treated, destroyed or otherwise disposed of in such manner and within such reasonable time as may be specified in such notice;
 - (b) prohibit the removal of those potatoes from premises specified in such notice or impose such other prohibitions as appear to him to be necessary to prevent the spread of that disease; and
 - (c) require the taking of such other steps as may be specified in the notice and which appear to him to be necessary to prevent the spread of that

- disease in such manner and within such reasonable time as may be specified in such notice.
- **40.** Seed potatoes shall not be certified under Council Directive 66/403/EEC(a) on the marketing of seed potatoes unless they are derived in direct line from material certified free of potato ring rot. Such certification shall be based on tests carried out either—
 - (a) on plants of the initial clonal selection, at least where the infection affects seed potato production in the country of origin; or
 - (b) on representative samples of the basic seed potatoes or earlier propagations.
- 41.—(1) A person shall not re-plant and grow potatoes infected with potato ring rot on any land and such potatoes shall be treated so as to prevent the spread of potato ring rot.
- (2) A person shall not use as seed potatoes any potatoes grown at a place of production any part of which has been declared to be infected with potato ring rot.
- (3) A person shall not grow potatoes in any premises declared to be infected with potato ring rot during the two growing seasons following any discovery of that disease on those premises or as long as volunteer potatoes are present therein.
- (4) A person shall not in any premises declared to be infected with potato ring rot in the growing period following the period referred to in paragraph (3)—
 - (a) plant potatoes for the production of seed potatoes; or
 - (b) plant potatoes other than officially certified seed potatoes in those premises.
- (5) A person shall under the supervision of an inspector destroy, cleanse or disinfect, as appropriate, before coming into contact with other potatoes, any building, container, packaging material, vehicle, handling, grading or packing machinery and any other object that may have come into contact with potatoes infected with potato ring rot at any time during the previous six months.
- (6) The owner or occupier of the premises shall notify the Department immediately—
 - (a) of any sale or other transfer or letting of those premises and at the same time shall furnish it with the name and address of the new owner or occupier; or
 - (b) if he acquires, or becomes the occupier of, any other premises.
- **42.**—(1) The Department shall within a demarcated zone supervise the growing, storing or handling of potatoes and shall take, or require to be taken, such measures as appear to it to be necessary to prevent the spread of potato ring rot.

- (2) A person shall not in the demarcated zone—
- (a) cut seed potatoes;

(b) use pricker-type planting machines; or

- (c) transport potato plants or tubers, unless such plants or tubers are free from potato ring rot.
- (3) In this Article "demarcated zone" means any premises in respect of which a notice is served under Article 22(6)(b).

Licences for the purposes of Part III

43. Notwithstanding the provisions of this Part a person may deliver, sell, cut, plant or otherwise dispose of any plant or soil in Northern Ireland and may do any other thing prohibited by this Part under, and in accordance with the conditions of, a licence granted by the Department.

PART IV

GENERAL

The Customs Act

44. The provisions of this Order are without prejudice to the provisions of the Customs Act imposing penalties or liability to forfeiture.

Officers of Customs and Excise

- 45.—(1) An inspector may, either orally or in writing, request an officer of Customs and Excise to prohibit the removal from the place of landing of any pest, plant, plant product or other object which has not been cleared from Customs charge until it has been examined by an inspector and such request may identify the pest, plant, plant product or other object in any way. A request under this paragraph which has been made orally shall be confirmed in writing.
- (2) Where a request has been made under paragraph (1) the officer of Customs and Excise to whom it is made shall by notice in writing served upon the importer require that until such pest, plant, plant product or other object has been examined by an inspector it shall not be removed from the place specified in the notice and he shall at the same time inform the inspector making the request referred to in paragraph (1) of the contents of the notice.
- (3) An inspector shall, as soon as practicable, examine any pest, plant, plant product or other object in respect of which a notice has been served by an officer of Customs and Excise under paragraph (2) and shall advise that officer in writing of the terms of any further notice served and of any other action taken, by the inspector under this Order in relation to that pest, plant, plant product or other object.
- (4) Where a notice is served by an officer of Customs and Excise under paragraph (2) prohibiting the removal of any pest, plant, plant product or other object a person shall not remove that pest, plant, plant product or other object except with the written consent of either that officer of Customs and Excise or an inspector.

Information which may be required

46.—(1) Any person who—

- (a) has or has had in his possession or under his charge or whom the Department or an inspector has reasonable cause to believe has or has had in his possession or under his charge—
 - (i) any pest listed in Schedule 1 or 2; or
 - (ii) any pest which is not normally present in Northern Ireland and which is likely to be injurious to plants in Northern Ireland; or
 - (iii) any plant, plant product or other object carrying or infected with a pest mentioned in heads (i) and (ii); or
 - (iv) any plant, plant product or other object which the Department or an inspector knows to have been landed or exported to a third country from Northern Ireland or has reasonable cause to believe has been landed in or exported to a third country from Northern Ireland; or
 - (v) any plant, plant product or other object which the Department or an inspector knows to have been moved to any part of the European Community from Northern Ireland or from any part of the European Community into, or within, Northern Ireland or has reasonable cause to believe has been moved to any part of the European Community from Northern Ireland or from any part of the European Community into, or within, Northern Ireland;
- (b) as auctioneer, salesman or otherwise, has sold or offered for sale any of the things mentioned in sub-paragraph (a),

shall if so required by notice in writing from the Department or an inspector furnish to the Department or the inspector within such reasonable time as may be specified in that notice such information as he may possess as to any person who has or has had, or is likely to have or to have had, any of those things in his possession or under his charge and shall produce for examination by the inspector any licences, declarations, certificates, records, invoices or other documents relating to such things.

- (2) Any person who is the occupier of premises in respect of which a notice has been served under paragraph (4) or (6) of Article 22 shall if so required by notice in writing from the Department or an inspector furnish to the Department or the inspector within such reasonable time as may be set out in that notice—
 - (a) any information he may possess as to the plants grown or products stored on the premises; and
 - (b) where he is not the owner of the premises, the name and address of the owner.
- (3) Information furnished under paragraph (1) or (2) shall not be admissible as evidence against the person furnishing such information in any prosecution under this Order except in respect of an alleged failure to comply with the said paragraphs.

Offences

- 47.—(1) A person shall be guilty of an offence if—
- (a) without reasonable excuse, proof of which shall be on him, he contravenes a provision of this Order or a provision or condition of any notice served under, or of a licence granted in accordance with, the provisions of this Order;
- (b) for the purpose of procuring the authority to issue a plant passport or a replacement plant passport or obtaining the issue of a phytosanitary certificate or a re-forwarding phytosanitary certificate or a licence under Article 30 or 43—
 - (i) he knowingly or recklessly makes a false statement, or
 - (ii) he intentionally fails to disclose any material particular;
- (c) he issues a plant passport or a replacement plant passport other than in accordance with the authorisation granted by the Department;
- (d) he dishonestly alters a plant passport affixed to a plant, plant product or other object or re-uses a plant passport; or
- (e) he intentionally obstructs or impedes in the exercise of his powers under this Order an inspector or a person authorised by an inspector.
- (2) An offence under paragraph (1) shall be punishable on summary conviction by a fine not exceeding £2,000(\mathbf{a}).

Sealed with the Official Seal of the Department of Agriculture on 27th May 1993.

(L.S.)

I. C. Henderson

Assistant Secretary

*No. 256*Articles 4 to 7, 20 to 23, 25 and 46

Pests prohibited

Part A

PESTS WHICH MAY NOT BE INTRODUCED INTO AND WHOSE SPREAD WITHIN THE EUROPEAN COMMUNITY IS PROHIBITED

SECTION A

Insects, Mites and Nematodes at all stages of their development

Item (1)	Description of pests (2)		
1.	Acleris spp. (non-European)		
2.	Amauromyza maculosa (Malloch)		
3.	Anomala orientalis Waterhouse		
4.	Anoplophora chinensis (Thompson)		
5.	Anoplophora malasiaca (Forster)		
6.	Arrhenodes minutus Drury		
7.	Bemisia tabaci Genn. (non-European populations) vector of viruses such as:		
	(a) Bean golden mosaic virus		
	(b) Cowpea mild mottle virus		
	(c) Lettuce infectious yellows virus		
	(d) Pepper mild tigré virus		
	(e) Squash leaf curl virus		
	(f) Euphorbia mosaic virus		
	(g) Florida tomato virus		
8.	Cicadellidae (non-European) known to be vectors of Pierce's disease (caused by Xylella fastidiosa), such as:		
	(a) Carneocephala fulgida Nottingham		
	, (b) Draeculacephala minerva Ball		
	(c) Graphocephala atropunctata (Signoret)		
9.	Choristoneura spp. (non-European)		
10.	Conotrachelus nenuphar (Herbst)		
11.	Globodera pallida (Stone) Behrens		
12.	Globodera rostochiensis (Wollenweber) Behrens		
13.	Heliothis armigera (Hübner)		
14.	Heliothis zea (Boddie)		
15.	Liriomyza bryoniae (Kaltenbach)		
16.	Liriomyza huidobrensis (Blanchard)		
17.	Liriomyza sativae Blanchard		

EUROPEAN COMMUNITY PROHIBITIONS

		PROHIBITIONS
Item	Description of pests	,
(1)	(2)	,
18.	Liriomyza trifolii (Burgess)	
19.	Longidorus diadecturus Eveleigh et Allen	
20.	Monochamus spp. (non-European)	
21.	Myndus crudus Van Duzee	•
22.	Nacobbus aberrans (Thorne) Thorne et Allen	
23.	Opogona sacchari (Bojer)	
24.	Popillia japonica Newman	
25.	Premnotrypes spp. (non-European)	
26.	Pseudopithyophthorus minutissimus (Zimmermann)	
27.	Pseudopithyophthorus pruinosus (Eichhoff)	
28.	Scaphoideus luteolus (Van Duzee)	•
29.	Spodoptera eridania (Cramer)	•
30.	Spodoptera frugiperda (Smith)	
31.	Spodoptera littoralis (Boisduval)	
32 .	Spodoptera litura (Fabricius)	
33.	Thrips palmi Karny	
34.	Tephritidae (non-European) such as:	
	(a) Anastrepha fraterculus (Wiedemann)	
	(b) Anastrepha ludens (Loew)	
	(c) Anastrepha obliqua Macquart	
	(d) Anastrepha suspensa (Loew)	
	(e) Dacus ciliatus Loew	
	(f) Dacus cucurbitae Coquillett	
	(g) Dacus dorsalis Hendel	
	(h) Dacus tryoni (Froggatt)	
	(i) Dacus tsuneonis Miyake	•
	(j) Dacus zonatus Saund.	
	(k) Epochra canadensis (Loew)	
	(l) Pardalaspis cyanescens Bezzi	
	(m) Pardalaspis quinaria Bezzi	
	(n) Pterandrus rosa (Karsch)	•
	(o) Rhacochlaena japonica Ito	
	(p) Rhagoletis cingulata (Loew)	
	(q) Rhagoletis completa Cresson	
	(r) Rhagoletis fausta (Östen-Sacken)	
	(s) Rhagoletis indifferens Curran	•
	(t) Rhagoletis mendax Curran	
•	(u) Rhagoletis pomonella Walsh	,

Plant Health PART A SECTION A

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EUROPEAN COMMUNITY
PROHIBITIONS

Item (1)	Description of pests (2)
	(v) Rhagoletis ribicola Doane
	(w) Rhagoletis suavis (Loew)
35.	Xiphinema americanum Cobb sensu lato (non-European populations)
36.	Xiphinema californicum Lamberti et Bleve-Zacheo
	Section B
	Bacteria
Item (1)	Description of pests (2)
1.	Clavibacter michiganensis (Smith) Davis et al. ssp. sepedonicus (Spieckermann et Kotthoff) Davis et al.
2.	Xylella fastidiosa (Well et Raju)
	Section C
	Fungi
Item (1)	Description of pests (2)
	(2)
(1) 1.	(2) Ceratocystis fagacearum (Bretz) Hunt
(1) 1. 2.	(2) Ceratocystis fagacearum (Bretz) Hunt Chrysomyxa arctostaphyli Dietel
(1) 1. 2. 3.	Ceratocystis fagacearum (Bretz) Hunt Chrysomyxa arctostaphyli Dietel Cronartium spp. (non-European)
(1) 1. 2. 3. 4.	Ceratocystis fagacearum (Bretz) Hunt Chrysomyxa arctostaphyli Dietel Cronartium spp. (non-European) Endocronartium spp. (non-European)
(1) 1. 2. 3. 4. 5.	Ceratocystis fagacearum (Bretz) Hunt Chrysomyxa arctostaphyli Dietel Cronartium spp. (non-European) Endocronartium spp. (non-European) Guignardia laricina (Saw.) Yamamoto et Ito
1. 2. 3. 4. 5. 6.	Ceratocystis fagacearum (Bretz) Hunt Chrysomyxa arctostaphyli Dietel Cronartium spp. (non-European) Endocronartium spp. (non-European) Guignardia laricina (Saw.) Yamamoto et Ito Gymnosporangium spp. (non-European)
(1) 1. 2. 3. 4. 5. 6. 7.	Ceratocystis fagacearum (Bretz) Hunt Chrysomyxa arctostaphyli Dietel Cronartium spp. (non-European) Endocronartium spp. (non-European) Guignardia laricina (Saw.) Yamamoto et Ito Gymnosporangium spp. (non-European) Inonotus weirii (Murrill) Kotlaba et Pouzar
(1) 1. 2. 3. 4. 5. 6. 7. 8.	Ceratocystis fagacearum (Bretz) Hunt Chrysomyxa arctostaphyli Dietel Cronartium spp. (non-European) Endocronartium spp. (non-European) Guignardia laricina (Saw.) Yamamoto et Ito Gymnosporangium spp. (non-European) Inonotus weirii (Murrill) Kotlaba et Pouzar Melampsora farlowii (Arthur) Davis
(1) 1. 2. 3. 4. 5. 6. 7.	Ceratocystis fagacearum (Bretz) Hunt Chrysomyxa arctostaphyli Dietel Cronartium spp. (non-European) Endocronartium spp. (non-European) Guignardia laricina (Saw.) Yamamoto et Ito Gymnosporangium spp. (non-European) Inonotus weirii (Murrill) Kotlaba et Pouzar Melampsora farlowii (Arthur) Davis Melampsora medusae Thümen
(1) 1. 2. 3. 4. 5. 6. 7. 8. 9.	Ceratocystis fagacearum (Bretz) Hunt Chrysomyxa arctostaphyli Dietel Cronartium spp. (non-European) Endocronartium spp. (non-European) Guignardia laricina (Saw.) Yamamoto et Ito Gymnosporangium spp. (non-European) Inonotus weirii (Murrill) Kotlaba et Pouzar Melampsora farlowii (Arthur) Davis Melampsora medusae Thümen Monilinia fructicola (Winter) Honey
(1) 2. 3. 4. 5. 6. 7. 8. 9. 10.	Ceratocystis fagacearum (Bretz) Hunt Chrysomyxa arctostaphyli Dietel Cronartium spp. (non-European) Endocronartium spp. (non-European) Guignardia laricina (Saw.) Yamamoto et Ito Gymnosporangium spp. (non-European) Inonotus weirii (Murrill) Kotlaba et Pouzar Melampsora farlowii (Arthur) Davis Melampsora medusae Thümen Monilinia fructicola (Winter) Honey Mycosphaerella larici-leptolepis Ito et al.
(1) 1. 2. 3. 4. 5. 6. 7. 8. 9. 10. 11. 12.	Ceratocystis fagacearum (Bretz) Hunt Chrysomyxa arctostaphyli Dietel Cronartium spp. (non-European) Endocronartium spp. (non-European) Guignardia laricina (Saw.) Yamamoto et Ito Gymnosporangium spp. (non-European) Inonotus weirii (Murrill) Kotlaba et Pouzar Melampsora farlowii (Arthur) Davis Melampsora medusae Thümen Monilinia fructicola (Winter) Honey Mycosphaerella larici-leptolepis Ito et al. Mycosphaerella populorum G. E. Thompson
(1) 1. 2. 3. 4. 5. 6. 7. 8. 9. 10. 11. 12. 13.	Ceratocystis fagacearum (Bretz) Hunt Chrysomyxa arctostaphyli Dietel Cronartium spp. (non-European) Endocronartium spp. (non-European) Guignardia laricina (Saw.) Yamamoto et Ito Gymnosporangium spp. (non-European) Inonotus weirii (Murrill) Kotlaba et Pouzar Melampsora farlowii (Arthur) Davis Melampsora medusae Thümen Monilinia fructicola (Winter) Honey Mycosphaerella larici-leptolepis Ito et al. Mycosphaerella populorum G. E. Thompson Phoma andina Turkensteen
(1) 1. 2. 3. 4. 5. 6. 7. 8. 9. 10. 11. 12. 13. 14.	Ceratocystis fagacearum (Bretz) Hunt Chrysomyxa arctostaphyli Dietel Cronartium spp. (non-European) Endocronartium spp. (non-European) Guignardia laricina (Saw.) Yamamoto et Ito Gymnosporangium spp. (non-European) Inonotus weirii (Murrill) Kotlaba et Pouzar Melampsora farlowii (Arthur) Davis Melampsora medusae Thümen Monilinia fructicola (Winter) Honey Mycosphaerella larici-leptolepis Ito et al. Mycosphaerella populorum G. E. Thompson Phoma andina Turkensteen Phyllosticta solitaria Ell. et Ev.
(1) 1. 2. 3. 4. 5. 6. 7. 8. 9. 10. 11. 12. 13. 14. 15.	Ceratocystis fagacearum (Bretz) Hunt Chrysomyxa arctostaphyli Dietel Cronartium spp. (non-European) Endocronartium spp. (non-European) Guignardia laricina (Saw.) Yamamoto et Ito Gymnosporangium spp. (non-European) Inonotus weirii (Murrill) Kotlaba et Pouzar Melampsora farlowii (Arthur) Davis Melampsora medusae Thümen Monilinia fructicola (Winter) Honey Mycosphaerella larici-leptolepis Ito et al. Mycosphaerella populorum G. E. Thompson Phoma andina Turkensteen Phyllosticta solitaria Ell. et Ev. Septoria lycopersici Speg. var. malugatii Ciccarone et Boerema
(1) 1. 2. 3. 4. 5. 6. 7. 8. 9. 10. 11. 12. 13. 14.	Ceratocystis fagacearum (Bretz) Hunt Chrysomyxa arctostaphyli Dietel Cronartium spp. (non-European) Endocronartium spp. (non-European) Guignardia laricina (Saw.) Yamamoto et Ito Gymnosporangium spp. (non-European) Inonotus weirii (Murrill) Kotlaba et Pouzar Melampsora farlowii (Arthur) Davis Melampsora medusae Thümen Monilinia fructicola (Winter) Honey Mycosphaerella larici-leptolepis Ito et al. Mycosphaerella populorum G. E. Thompson Phoma andina Turkensteen Phyllosticta solitaria Ell. et Ev.

SECTION D

Viruses and Virus-like Organisms

<i>Item</i> (1)	Description of pests (2)
1.	Apple proliferation mycoplasm
2.	Apricot chlorotic leafroll mycoplasm
3.	Elm phlöem necrosis mycoplasm
4.	Pear decline mycoplasm
5.	Potato viruses and virus-like organisms such as:
	(a) Andean potato latent virus
	(b) Andean potato mottle virus
	(c) Arracacha virus B, oca strain
	(d) Potato black ringspot virus
	(e) Potato spindle tuber viroid
	(f) Potato virus T
	(g) non-European isolates of potato viruses A, M, S, V, X and Y (including Y°, Y ⁿ and Y°) and Potato leaf roll virus
6.	Tobacco ringspot virus
7.	Tomato ringspot virus
8.	Viruses and virus-like organisms of <i>Cydonia</i> Mill., <i>Fragaria</i> L., <i>Malus</i> Mill., <i>Prunus</i> L., <i>Pyrus</i> L., <i>Ribes</i> L., <i>Rubus</i> L. and <i>Vitis</i> L., such as:
	(a) Blueberry leaf mottle virus
	(b) Cherry rasp leaf virus (American)
	(c) Peach mosaic virus (American)
	(d) Peach phony rickettsia
	(e) Peach rosette mosaic virus
	(f) Peach rosette mycoplasm
	(g) Peach X-disease mycoplasm
	(h) Peach yellows mycoplasm
	(i) Plum line pattern virus (American)
	(j) Raspberry leaf curl virus (American)
	(k) Strawberry latent "C" virus
	(l) Strawberry vein banding virus
	(m) Strawberry witches' broom mycoplasm
	(n) non-European viruses and virus-like organisms of Cydonia Mill., Fragaria L., Malus Mill., Prunus L., Pyrus L., Ribes L., Rubus L. and Vitis L.
9.	Viruses transmitted by Bemisia tabaci Genn., such as:

(a) Bean golden mosaic virus(b) Cowpea mild mottle virus

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Item (1)	De	escription of pests (2)	
	 (c) Lettuce infectious yel (d) Pepper mild tigré viru (e) Squash leaf curl virus (f) Euphorbia mosaic vir (g) Florida tomato virus 	as	
Section E Parasitic Plants			
Item (1)		escription of pests (2)	

Arceuthobium spp. (non-European)

1.

Plant Health SCHEDULE 1

Part B

PESTS WHICH MAY NOT BE INTRODUCED INTO CERTAIN PROTECTED ZONES AND WHOSE SPREAD WITHIN THOSE ZONES IS PROHIBITED

Section A

Insects, Mites and Nematodes at all stages of their development

Item (1)	Description of pests (2)	Protected zones (3)
1.	Bemisia tabaçi Genn. (European populations)	Denmark Ireland Portugal United Kingdom
2.	Leptinotarsa decemlineata Say	Ireland Portugal (Azores and Madeira) Spain (Menorca and Ibiza) United Kingdom

SECTION B Viruses and Virus-like Organisms

Item (1)	Description of pests (2)	Protected zones (3)
1.	Beet necrotic yellow vein virus	Denmark Ireland Portugal (Azores) United Kingdom
2.	Tomato spotted wilt virus	Denmark

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Pests Prohibited on Certain Plants or Plant Products

Part A

PESTS WHICH MAY NOT BE INTRODUCED INTO AND WHOSE SPREAD WITHIN THE EUROPEAN COMMUNITY IS PROHIBITED IF THEY ARE PRESENT ON CERTAIN PLANTS OR PLANT PRODUCTS

Section A Insects, Mites and Nematodes at all stages of their development

Item	Description of pests	Description of plants
(1)	(2)	and plant products (3)
1.	Aculops fuchsiae Keifer	Plants of <i>Fuchsia</i> L., intended for planting, other than seeds.
2.	Aleurocanthus spp.	Plants of: Citrus L. Fortunella Swingle Poncirus Raf. and their hybrids, other than fruit and seeds.
3.	Anthonomus bisignifer (Schenkling)	Plants of <i>Fragaria</i> L., intended for planting, other than seeds.
4.	Anthonomus signatus (Say)	Plants of <i>Fragaria</i> L., intended for planting, other than seeds.
5.	Aonidiella citrina Coquillet	Plants of: Citrus L. Fortunella Swingle Poncirus Raf. and their hybrids, other than fruit and seeds.
6.	Aphelenchoides besseyi Christie	Seeds of Oryza spp.
7.	Aphelenchoides besseyi Christie	Plants of <i>Fragaria</i> L., intended for planting, other than seeds.
8.	Aschistonyx eppoi Inouye	Plants of <i>Juniperus</i> L., other than fruit and seeds, originating in non-European countries.
9.	Bursaphelenchus xylophilus (Steiner et Bührer) Nickle et al.	Plants of: Abies Mill. Cedrus Trew Larix Mill. Picea A. Dietr. Pinus L. Pseudotsuga Carr. Tsuga Carr.

PART A SECTION A

European Community Prohibitions

	•	I KOIIIBIIION
Item	Description of pests	Description of plants and plant products
(1)	(2)	(3)
		other than fruit and seeds, originating in non-European countries.
10.	Carposina niponensis Walsingham	Plants of: Cydonia Mill. Malus Mill. Prunus L. Pyrus L. other than seeds, originating in non-European countries.
11.	Circulifer haematoceps	Plants of: Citrus L. Fortunella Swingle Poncirus Raf. and their hybrids, other than fruit and seeds.
12.	Circulifer tenellus	Plants of: Citrus L. Fortunella Swingle Poncirus Raf. and their hybrids, other than fruit and seeds.
13.	Daktulosphaira vitifoliae (Fitch) .i	Plants of <i>Vitis</i> L., other than fruit and seeds.
14.	Diaphorina citri Kuway.	Plants of: Citrus L. Fortunella Swingle Poncirus Raf. and their hybrids, and Murraya König, other than fruit and seeds.
15.	Ditylenchus destructor Thorne	Flower bulbs and corms of the genera: Crocus L. Gladiolus Tourn. ex L. Hyacinthus L. Iris L. Tigridia Juss. Tulipa L. intended for planting, and potato tubers (Solanum tuberosum L.) intended for planting.
16.	Ditylenchus dipsaci (Kühn) Filipjev	Seeds and bulbs of: Allium cepa L. Allium porrum L. Allium schoenoprasum L.

European Community Prohibitions

Item	Description of pests	Description of plants and plant products
(1)	(2)	(3)
		bulbs and corms of: Camassia Lindl. Chionodoxa Boiss. Crocus flavus Weston "Golden Yellow" Galanthus L. Galtonia candicans (Baker) Decne Hyacinthus L. Ismene Herbert Muscari Miller Narcissus L. Ornithogalum L. Puschkinia Adams Urginea (L.) Baker Tulipa L. intended for planting, and seeds of Medicago sativa L.
17.	Enarmonia packardi (Zeller)	Plants of: Cydonia Mill. Malus Mill. Prunus L. Pyrus L. other than seeds, originating in non-European countries.
18.	Enarmonia prunivora Walsh	Plants of: Cydonia Mill. Malus Mill. Prunus L. Pyrus L. other than seeds, originating in non-European countries.
19.	Eotetranychus lewisi McGregor	Plants of: Citrus L. Fortunella Swingle Poncirus Raf. and their hybrids, other than fruit and seeds.
20.	Eotetranychus orientalis Klein	Plants of: Citrus L. Fortunella Swingle Poncirus Raf. and their hybrids, other than fruit and seeds.
21.	Grapholita inopinata Heinrich	Plants of: <i>Cydonia</i> Mill.

European Community Prohibitions

Item	Description of pests	Description of plants and plant products
(1)	(2)	(3)
•		Malus Mill. Prunus L. Pyrus L. other than seeds, originating in non-European countries.
22.	Hishomonus phycitis	Plants of: Citrus L. Fortunella Swingle Poncirus Raf. and their hybrids, other than fruit and seeds.
23.	Leucaspis japonica Ckll.	Plants of: Citrus L. Fortunella Swingle Poncirus Raf. and their hybrids, other than fruit and seeds.
24.	Listronotus bonariensis (Kuschel)	Seeds of: Cruciferae Gramineae Trifolium spp. originating in Argentina, Australia, Bolivia, Chile, New Zealand and Uruguay.
25.	Margarodes (non-European species) such as:	Plants of <i>Vitis</i> L., other than fruit and seeds.
	(a) Margarodes vitis (Phillipi)	
	(b) Margarodes vredendalensis de Klerk	
	(c) Margarodes prieskaensis Jakubski	•
26.	Numonia pyrivorella (Matsumura)	Plants of <i>Pyrus</i> L., other than seeds, originating in non-European countries.
27.	Oligonychus perditus Pritchard et Baker	Plants of <i>Juniperus</i> L., other than fruit and seeds, originating in non-European countries.
28.	Pissodes spp. (non-European)	Plants of conifers (Coniferales) other than fruit and seeds, originating in non-European countries.
29.	Radopholus citrophilus Huettel Dickson et Kaplan	Plants of: Citrus L.

SCHEDULE 2

PART A SECTION A EUROPEAN COMMUNITY PROHIBITIONS

Item	Description of pests	Description of plants and plant products
(1)	(2)	(3)
		Fortunella Swingle Poncirus Raf. and their hybrids, other than fruit and seeds, and plants of Araceae, Marantaceae, Musaceae, Persea spp., Strelitziaceae, rooted or with growing medium attached or associated.
30.	Radopholus similis (Cobb) Thorne	Plants of: Araceae Marantaceae Musaceae Persea spp. Strelitziaceae rooted or with growing medium attached or associated.
31.	Saissetia nigra (Nietm.)	Plants of: Citrus L. Fortunella Swingle Poncirus Raf. and their hybrids, other than fruit and seeds.
32.	Sçirtothrips aurantii Faure	Plants of: Citrus L. Fortunella Swingle Poncirus Raf. and their hybrids, other than fruit and seeds.
33.	Scirtothrips dorsalis Hood	Plants of: Citrus L. Fortunella Swingle Poncirus Raf. and their hybrids, other than fruit and seeds.
34.	Scirtothrips citri (Moultex)	Plants of: Citrus L. Fortunella Swingle Poncirus Raf. and their hybrids, other than fruit and seeds.
35.	Scolytidae spp. (non-European)	Plants of conifers (Coniferales), over 3m. in height, other than fruit and seeds, originating in non-European countries.
36:	Tachypterellus quadrigibbus Say	Plants of: <i>Cydonia</i> Mill.

PART A SECTION A EUROPEAN COMMUNITY PROHIBITIONS

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Item	Description of pests	Description of plants and plant products
(1)	(2)	(3)
		Malus Mill. Prunus L. Pyrus L. other than seeds, originating in non-European countries.
37.	Toxoptera citricida Kirk.	Plants of: Citrus L. Fortunella Swingle Poncirus Raf. and their hybrids, other than fruit and seeds.
38.	Trioza erytreae Del Guercio	Plants of: Citrus L. Fortunella Swingle Poncirus Raf. and their hybrids, and Clausena Burm. f., other than fruit and seeds.
39.	Unaspis citri Comstock	Plants of: Citrus L. Fortunella Swingle Poncirus Raf. and their hybrids, other than fruit and seeds.

SECTION B.

Bacteria .

Item	Description of pests	Description of plants
(1)	(2)	and plant products (3)
1.	Citrus greening bacterium	Plants of: Citrus L. Fortunella Swingle Poncirus Raf. and their hybrids, other than fruit and seeds.
2.	Citrus variegated chlorosis	Plants of: Citrus L. Fortunella Swingle Poncirus Raf. and their hybrids, other than fruit and seeds.

Item	Description of pests	Description of plants and plant products
(1)	(2)	(3)
3.	Clavibacter michiganensis ssp. insidiosus (McCulloch) Davis et al.	Seeds of Medicago sativa L.
4.	Clavibacter michiganensis ssp. michiganensis (Smith) Davis et al.	Plants of Lycopersicon lycopersicum (L.) Karsten ex Farw., intended for planting.
5.	Erwinia amylovora (Burr.) Winsl. et al.	Plants of: Chaenomeles Lindl. Cotoneaster Ehrh. Crataegus L. Cydonia Mill. Eriobotrya Lindl. Malus Mill. Mespilus L. Pyracantha Roem. Pyrus L. Sorbus L. other than Sorbus intermedia (Ehrh.) Pers. Stranvaesia Lindl. intended for planting, other than seeds.
6.	Erwinia chrysanthemi pv. dianthicola (Hellmers) Dickey	Plants of <i>Dianthus</i> L., intended for planting, other than seeds.
7.	Erwinia stewartii (Smith) Dye	Seeds of Zea mais L.
8.	<i>Pseudomonas caryophylli</i> (Burkholder) Starr et Burkholder	Plants of <i>Dianthus</i> L., intended for planting, other than seeds.
9.	Pseudomonas solanacearum (Smith) Smith	Plants of: Lycopersicon lycopersicum (L.) Karsten ex Farw. Solanum melongena L. intended for planting, other than seeds, and tubers of Solanum tuberosum L.
10.	Pseudomonas syringae pv. persicae (Prunier et al.) Young et al.	Plants of: Prunus persica (L.) Batsch Prunus persica var. nectarina (Ait.) Maxim intended for planting, other than seeds.
11.	Xanthomonas campestris (all strains pathogenic to Citrus)	Plants of: Citrus L. Fortunella Swingle Poncirus Raf. and their hybrids, other than seeds.

		A KOIIIDIIIONS
Item	Description of pests	Description of plants and plant products
(1)	(2)	(3)
12.	Xanthomonas campestris pv. oryzae (Ishiyama) Dye and pv. orizicola (Fang et al.) Dye	Seeds of Oryza spp.
13.	Xanthomonas campestris pv. phaseoli (Smith) Dye	Seeds of Phaseolus L.
14.	Xanthomonas campestris pv. pruni (Smith) Dye	Plants of <i>Prunus</i> L., intended for planting, other than seeds.
15.	Xanthomonas campestris pv. vesicatoria (Doidge) Dye	Plants of: Lycopersicon lycopersicum (L.) Karsten ex Farw. Capsicum spp. intended for planting.
16.	Xanthomonas fragariae Kennedy et King	Plants of <i>Fragaria</i> L., intended for planting, other than seeds.
17.	Xylophilus ampelinus (Panago- poulos) Willems et al.	Plants of <i>Vitis</i> L., other than fruit and seeds.

SECTION C

Fungi

Item (1)	Description of pests (2)	Description of plants and plant products (3)
2.	Apiosporina morbosa (Schwein.) v. Arx	Plants of <i>Prunus</i> L., intended for planting, other than seeds.
3.	Atropellis spp.	Plants of <i>Pinus</i> L., other than frui and seeds.
4.	Ceratocystis coerulescens (Münch) Bakshi	Plants of Acer saccharum Marsh., other than fruit and seeds originating in North American countries.

PROHIBITIONS Item Description of pests Description of plants and plant products (1)Ceratocystis fimbriata f. sp. Plants of *Platanus* L., intended for 5. platani Walter planting, other than seeds. Plants of Pinus L., other than fruit 6. Cercoseptoria pini-densiflorae (Hori et Nambu) Deighton and seeds. 7. Cercospora angolensis Carv. et Plants of: Mendes Citrus L. Fortunella Swingle Poncirus Raf. and their hybrids, other than seeds. 8. Ciborinia camelliae Kohn Plants of Camellia L., intended for planting, other than seeds, originating in non-European countries. 9. Plants of Fragaria L., intended for Colletotrichum acutatum Simmonds planting, other than seeds. 10. Cryphonectria parasitica Plants of: (Murrill) Barr Castanea Mill. Ouercus L. intended for planting, other than seeds of Castanea Mill. Plants of Vaccinium spp., 11. Diaporthe vaccinii Shaer intended for planting, other than seeds. 12. Didymella ligulicola (Baker, Plants of *Dendranthema* (DC.) Des Moul., intended for planting, Dimock et Davis) v. Arx other than seeds. Plants of: 13. Elsinoe spp. Bitanc. et Jenk. Mendes Citrus L. Fortunella Swingle Poncirus Raf. and their hybrids, other than fruit and seeds. Plants of *Phoenix* spp., other than 14. Fusarium oxysporum f. sp. albedinis (Kilian et Maire) fruit and seeds. Gordon Plants of: 15. Guignardia citricarpa Kiely (all strains pathogenic to Citrus) Citrus L. Fortunella Swingle Poncirus Raf. and their hybrids, other than seeds. Plants of: . 16. Guignardia piricola (Nosa) Cydonia Mill. Yamamoto Malus Mill. Prunus L.

Pvrus L.

PART A SECTION C

European Community Prohibitions

Item	Description of pests	Description of plants
(1)	(2)	and plant products (3)
		other than seeds, originating in non-European countries.
17.	Phialophora cinerescens (Wollenweber) van Beyma	Plants of <i>Dianthus</i> L., intended for planting, other than seeds.
18.	Phoma tracheiphila (Petri) Kanchaveli et Gikashvili	Plants of: Citrus L. Fortunella Swingle Poncirus Raf. and their hybrids, other than seeds
19.	Phytophthora.fragariae Hickman var. fragariae	Plants of Fragaria L., intended for planting, other than seeds.
20.	Plasmopara halstedii (Farlow) Berl. et de Toni	Seeds of Helianthus annuus L.
21.	Puccinia horiana Hennings	Plants of <i>Dendranthema</i> (DC.) Des Moul., intended for planting other than seeds.
22.	Puccinia pittieriana Hennings	Plants of Solanaceae, other than fruit and seeds.
23.	Scirrhia acicola (Dearn.) Siggers	Plants of <i>Pinus</i> L., other than frui and seeds.
24.	Scirrhia pini Funk et Parker	Plants of <i>Pinus</i> L., intended for planting, other than seeds.
25.	Venturia nashicola Tanaka et Yamamoto	Plants of <i>Pyrus</i> L., intended for planting, other than seeds, originating in non-European countries.
26.	Verticillium albo-atrum Reinke et Berthold	Plants of <i>Humulus lupulus</i> L., intended for planting, other than seeds.
27.	Verticillium dahliae Klebahn	Plants of <i>Humulus lupulus</i> L., intended for planting, other than seeds.

SECTION D

Viruses and Virus-like Organisms

Item	Description of pests	Description of plants and plant products
(1)	·· (2)	(3)
1.	Arabis mosaic virus	Plants of: Fragaria L. Rubus L.

SCHEDULE 2

PART A SECTION D

EUROPEAN COMMUNITY
PROHIBITIONS

Item	Description of pests	Description of plants and plant products
(1)	(2)	(3)
		intended for planting, other than seeds.
2.	Beet curly top virus (non- European isolates)	Plants of <i>Beta vulgaris</i> L., intended for planting, other than seeds.
3.	Beet leaf curl virus	Plants of <i>Beta vulgaris</i> L., intended for planting, other than seeds.
4.	Black raspberry latent virus	Plants of <i>Rubus</i> L., intended for planting.
5.	Blight and Blight-like	Plants of: Citrus L. Fortunella Swingle Poncirus Raf. and their hybrids, other than fruit and seeds.
6.	Cadang-Cadang viroid	Plants of Palmae, intended for planting, other than seeds, originating in non-European countries.
7.	Cherry leaf roll virus	Plants of <i>Rubus</i> L., intended for planting.
8.,	Chrysanthemum stunt viroid	Plants of <i>Dendranthema</i> (DC.) Des Moul., intended for planting, other than seeds.
9.	Citrus mosaic virus	Plants of: Citrus L. Fortunella Swingle Poncirus Raf. and their hybrids, other than fruit and seeds.
10.	Citrus tristeza virus (European isolates)	Plants of: Citrus L. Fortunella Swingle Poncirus Raf. and their hybrids, other than fruit and seeds.
11.	Citrus tristeza virus (non- European isolates)	Plants of: Citrus L. Fortunella Swingle Poncirus Raf. and their hybrids, other than fruit and seeds.

PROHIBITIONS

PART A SECTION D EUROPEAN COMMUNITY

		CHOITIGING I
Item	Description of pests	Description of plants and plant products
(1)	(2)	(3)
12.	Citrus vein enation woody gall	Plants of: Citrus L. Fortunella Swingle Poncirus Raf. and their hybrids, other than fruit and seeds.
13.	Grapevine Flavescence dorée MLO	Plants of Vitis L., other than fruit and seeds.
14.	Leprosis	Plants of: Citrus L. Fortunella Swingle Poncirus Raf. and their hybrids, other than fruit and seeds.
15.	Little cherry pathogen (non- European isolates)	Plants of: Prunus cerasus L. Prunus avium L. Prunus incisa Thunb. Prunus sargentii Rehd. Prunus serrula Franch. Prunus serrulata Lindl. Prunus speciosa (Koidz.) Ingram. Prunus subhirtella Miq. Prunus yedoensis Matsum. and hybrids and cultivars thereof, intended for planting, other than seeds.
16.	Naturally spreading psorosis	Plants of: Citrus L. Fortunella Swingle Poncirus Raf. and their hybrids, other than fruit and seeds.
17.	Palm lethal yellowing mycoplasm	Plants of Palmae, intended for planting, other than seeds, originating in non-European countries.
18.	Plum pox virus	Plants of <i>Prunus L</i> ., intended for planting, other than seeds.
19.	Potato stolbur mycoplasm	Plants of Solanaceae, intended for planting, other than seeds.
20.	Prunus necrotic ringspot virus	Plants of <i>Rubus</i> L., intended for planting.

European Community Prohibitions

		PROHIBITIONS
Item	Description of pests	Description of plants and plant products
(1)	(2)	(3)
21.	Raspberry ringspot virus	Plants of: Fragaria L. Rubus L. intended for planting, other than seeds.
22.	Satsuma dwarf virus	Plants of: Citrus L. Fortunella Swingle Poncirus Raf. and their hybrids, other than fruit and seeds.
23.	Spiroplasma citri Saglio et al.	Plants of: Citrus L. Fortunella Swingle Poncirus Raf. and their hybrids, other than fruit and seeds.
24.	Strawberry crinkle virus	Plants of Fragaria L., intended for planting, other than seeds.
25.	Strawberry latent ringspot virus	Plants of: Fragaria L. Rubus L. intended for planting, other than seeds.
26.	Strawberry mild yellow edge virus	Plants of <i>Fragaria</i> L., intended for planting, other than seeds.
27.	Tatter leaf virus	Plants of: Citrus L. Fortunella Swingle Poncirus Raf. and their hybrids, other than fruit and seeds.
28.	Tomato black ring virus	Plants of: Fragaria L. Rubus L. intended for planting, other than seeds.
. 29.	Tomato spotted wilt virus	Plants of: Apium graveolens L. Capsicum annuum L. Cucumis melo L. Dendranthema (DC.) Des Moul. all varieties of New Guinea hybrids Impatiens

PROHIBITIONS Description of plants Description of pests Item and plant products
(3) (1) (2) Lactuca sativa L. Lycopersicon lycopersicum (L.) Karsten ex Farw. Nicotiana tabacum L. of which there shall be evidence that they are intended for sale to professional tobacco production Solanum melongena L. Solanum tuberosum L. intended for planting. Witches' broom (MLO) Plants of: 30. Citrus L. Fortunella Swingle Poncirus Raf. and their hybrids, other than fruit

and seeds.

Part B

PESTS WHICH MAY NOT BE INTRODUCED INTO CERTAIN PROTECTED ZONES AND WHOSE SPREAD WITHIN THOSE ZONES IS PROHIBITED IF THEY ARE PRESENT ON CERTAIN PLANTS OR PLANT PRODUCTS

Section A

Insects, Mites and Nematodes at all stages of their development

	Insects, wites and Nematodes at all stages of their development			
Item	Description of pests	Description of plants and plant products	Protected zones	
(1)	(2)	(3)	(4)	
1.	Anthonomus grandis (Boh.)	Seed and fruits (bolls) of Gossypium spp.	Greece Italy Spain	
2.	Cephalcia lariciphila (Klug)	Plants of <i>Larix</i> Mill., intended for planting, other than seeds.	France Ireland United Kingdom (Northern Ireland, Isle of Man)	
3.	Dendroctonus micans Kugelann	Plants of conifers (Coniferales), over 3m. in height, other than fruit and seeds.	Greece Ireland Italy Portugal Spain United Kindom [Scotland, Northern Ireland, England (the following counties— Bedfordshire, Berkshire, Buckinghamshire, Cambridgeshire, Cleveland, Cornwall, Cumbria, Devon, Dorset, Durham, Essex, Hampshire, Hertfordshire, Humberside, Kent, Lincolnshire, Norfolk, Northamptonshire, Northumberland, Nottinghamshire, Oxfordshire, Somerset, Suffolk, Surrey, Sussex East, Sussex West, Tyne and Wear, Wiltshire,	

PROTECTED ZONE PROHIBITIONS

Item	Description of pests	Description of plants and plant products	Protected zones
(1)	(2)	(3)	(4)
	Cilminia hanannia a	Plants of Pinns A	Yorkshire South, Yorkshire West; and the following parts of counties: Avon (that part of the county to the north of the southern boundary of the M4 motorway), Derbyshire (the districts of North East Derbyshire, Chesterfield, Bolsover), Leicestershire (the districts of Charnwood, Melton, Rutland, Harborough, Oadby and Wigston, Leicester, Blaby) and Yorkshire North (the districts of Scarborough, Ryedale, Hambleton, Richmondshire, Harrogate, York, Selby), Isle of Man, Isle of Wight and Isles of Scilly]
4.	Gilpinia hercyniae (Hartig)	Plants of <i>Picea</i> A. Dietr., intended for planting, other than seeds.	France Greece Ireland United Kingdom (Northern Ireland, Isle of Man)
5.	Gonipterus scutellatus Gyll.	Plants of <i>Eucalyptus</i> L'Hérit, other than fruit and seeds.	Greece Portugal
6.	(a) Ips amitinus Eichhof	Plants of conifers (Coniferales), over 3m. in height, other than fruit and seeds.	France (Corsica) Greece Ireland Italy Portugal Spain United Kingdom
	(b) Ips cembrae Heer	Plants of conifers (Coniferales), over	Greece Ireland

Item	Description of pests	Description of plants and plant products	Protected zones
(1)	(2)	(3).	(4)
		3m. in height, other than fruit and seeds.	Portugal Spain United Kingdom (Northern Ireland, Isle of Man)
	(c) Ips duplicatus Sahlberg	Plants of conifers (Coniferales), over 3m. in height, other than fruit and seeds.	Greece Ireland Italy Portugal Spain United Kingdom
	(d) Ips sexdentatus Boerner	Plants of conifers (Coniferales), over 3m. in height, other than fruit and seeds.	Greece Ireland United Kingdom (Northern Ireland, Isle of Man)
	(e) Ips typo- graphus Heer	Plants of conifers (Coniferales), over 3m. in height, other than fruit and seeds.	Greece Ireland Portugal Spain United Kingdom
7.	Pissodes spp. (European)	Plants of conifers (Coniferales), other than fruit and seeds.	Ireland United Kingdom (Northern Ireland, Isle of Man)
8.	Sternochetus mangiferae Fabricius	Seeds of <i>Mangifera</i> spp. originating in third countries.	Portugal Spain
9.	Thaumetopoea pityocampa (Den. et Schiff.)	Plants of <i>Pinus</i> L., intended for planting, other than fruit and seeds.	Spain (Ibiza)
		Section B Bacteria	
Item	Description of pests	Description of plants	Protected zones
(1)	(2)	and plant products (3)	(4)
1.	Curtobacterium flaccumfaciens pv. flaccumfaciens (Hedges) Collins et Jones	Seeds of <i>Phaseolus</i> vulgaris L. and <i>Dolichos</i> Jacq.	Greece Italy Portugal Spain

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SCHEDULE 2

Plant Health PART B SECTION B

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			PROHIBITIONS
Item ·	Description of pests	Description of plants and plant products	Protected zones
(1)	(2)	(3)	. (4)
2.	Erwinia amylovora (Burr.) Winsl. et al.	Parts of plants, other than fruit, seeds and plants intended for planting, but including live pollen for pollination of: Chaenomeles Lindl. Cotoneaster Ehrh. Crataegus L. Cydonia Mill. Eriobotrya Lindl. Malus Mill. Mespilus L. Pyracantha Roem. Pyrus L. Sorbus L. other than Sorbus intermedia (Ehrh.) Pers. Stranvaesia Lindl.	France (Champagne-Ardennes, Alsace—except department of Bas-Rhin, Lorraine, Franche-Comté, Rhône-Alpes, Bourgogne, Auvergne, Provence-Alpes-Côte d'Azur, Corse, Languedoc-Roussillon) Ireland Italy Portugal Spain United Kingdom (Northern Ireland, Isle of Man, Channel Islands)

SECTION C

Fungi

Item	Description of pests	Description of plants	Protected zones	
(1)	(2)	and plant products (3)	(4)	
1.	Glomerella gossypii Edgerton	Seed and fruits (bolls) of Gossypium spp.	Greece Italy (Sicily)	
2.	Gremmeniella abietina (Lag.) Morelet	Plants of: Abies Mill. Larix Mill. Picea A. Dietr. Pinus L. Pseudotsuga Carr.	Ireland United Kingdom (Northern Ireland, Isle of Man)	

Plant Health PART B SECTION C

No. 256
PROTECTED ZONE
PROHIBITIONS

Item	Description of pests	Description of plants and plant products	Protected zones	
(1) (2) and plant products (3)		· (0)	(4)	
		intended for planting, other than seeds.		
3.	Hypoxylon mammatum (Wahl.) J. Miller	Plants of <i>Populus</i> L., intended for planting, other than seeds.	Ireland United Kingdom (Northern Ireland, Isle of Man)	
4.	Phytophthora cinnamomi Rands	Plants of Persea americana P. Mill., other than fruit and seeds.	Greece (Crete)	

PLANTS, PLANT PRODUCTS AND OTHER OBJECTS WHICH MAY NOT BE LANDED IF THEY ORIGINATE IN CERTAIN COUNTRIES

Item	Description of plants and	Country of origin from
(1)	plant products (2)	which prohibited (3)
1.	Plants of: Abies Mill. Cedrus Trew Chamaecyparis Spach Juniperus L. Larix Mill. Picea A. Dietr. Pinus L. Pseudotsuga Carr. Tsuga Carr. other than fruit and seeds.	Non-European countries.
2.	Plants of: Castanea Mill. Quercus L. with leaves, other than fruit and seeds.	Non-European countries.
3.	Plants of <i>Populus</i> L. with leaves, other than fruit and seeds.	North American countries.
4.	Plants of: Chaenomeles Lindl. Cydonia Mill. Crataegus L. Malus Mill. Photinia Ldl. Prunus L. Pyrus L. Rosa L. intended for planting, other than dormant plants free from leaves, flowers and fruit.	Non-European countries.
5.	Tubers of <i>Solanum tuberosum</i> L., seed potatoes.	Third countries other than: Austria Switzerland.
6.	Plants of stolon- or tuber- forming species of <i>Solanum</i> L. or their hybrids, intended for planting, other than those tubers of <i>Solanum tuberosum</i> L. specified in column (2) of Item 5.	Third countries.
7.	Tubers of Solanum tuberosum L., other than those specified in	Without prejudice to the special requirements applicable

EUROPEAN COMMUNITY PROHIBITIONS

Item	Description of plants and plant products	Country of origin from which prohibited
(1)	(2)	(3)
	column (2) of Items 5 and 6.	to the potato tubers listed in Schedule 4 Part A Section 1, third countries other than: Austria Cyprus Egypt Israel Libya Malta Morocco Switzerland Tunisia Turkey and other than European third countries which are either recognised as being free from Clavibacter michiganensis ssp. sepedonicus (Spieckermann et Kotthoff) Davis et al., in accordance with the procedure laid down in Article 16a of Directive 77/93/EEC, or in which provisions recognised as equivalent to the Community provisions on combating Clavibacter michiganensis ssp. sepedonicus (Spieckermann et Kotthoff) Davis et al. in accordance with the procedure laid down in Article 16a of Directive 77/93/EEC have been complied with.
8.	Plants of Solanaceae, intended for planting, other than seeds and those items specified in column (2) of Items 5, 6 and 7.	Non-European countries.
9.	Soil and growing medium as such, which consists in whole or in part of soil or solid organic substances such as parts of plants, humus including peat or bark, other than that composed entirely of peat.	Turkey Belarus Estonia Latvia Lithuania Moldova Russia Ukraine and third countries not belonging to continental Europe other than:

Part A

EUROPEAN COMMUNITY PROHIBITIONS

		F KOHIBITIONS
Item (1)	Description of plants and plant products (2)	Country of origin from which prohibited (3)
	· · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·	Cyprus Egypt Israel Libya Malta Morocco Tunisia.
10.	Plants of <i>Vitis</i> L., other than fruits.	Third countries.
11.	Plants of: Citrus L. Fortunella Swingle Poncirus Raf. and their hybrids, other than fruit and seeds.	Third countries.
12.	Plants of <i>Phoenix</i> spp., other than fruit and seeds.	Algeria Morocco.
13.	Plants of: Cydonia Mill. Malus Mill. Prunus L. Pyrus L. and their hybrids and Fragaria L., intended for planting, other than seeds.	Without prejudice to Item 4, where appropriate, non- European countries other than: Mediterranean countries Australia Canada New Zealand The continental states of the USA.
14.	Plants of the family Gramineae, other than plants of ornamental perennial grasses of the sub-families Bambusoideae, Panicoideae and of the genera: Buchloe Bouteloua Lag. Calamagrostis Cortaderia Stapf. Glyceria R. Br. Hakonechloa Mak. ex Honda Hystrix Molinia Phalaris L. Shibataea Spartina Schreb. Stipa L. Uniola L. intended for planting, other than seeds.	Third countries other than: European countries Mediterranean countries.

Plant Health SCHEDULE 3

PART B

PLANTS AND PLANT PRODUCTS WHICH MAY NOT BE INTRODUCED INTO OR KEPT WITHIN CERTAIN PROTECTED ZONES

Item	Description of plants and	Protected zones
(1)	plant products (2)	(3)
1.	Without prejudice to Part A Items 4 and 13, where appropriate, plants and live pollen for pollination of: Chaenomeles Lindl. Cotoneaster Ehrh. Crataegus L. Cydonia Mill. Eriobotrya Lindl. Malus Mill. Mespilus L. Pyracantha Roem. Pyrus L. Sorbus L. other than Sorbus intermedia (Ehrh.) Pers. Stranvaesia Lindl. other than fruit and seeds, originating in third countries other than those recognised as being free from Erwinia amylovora (Burr.) Winsl. et al. in accordance with the procedure laid down in Article 16a of Directive 77/93/EEC.	France (Champagne-Ardennes, Alsace — except department of Bas-Rhin, Lorraine, Franche-Comté, Rhône- Alpes, Bourgogne, Auvergne, Provence-Alpes- Côte d'Azur, Corse, Languedoc-Roussillon) Ireland Italy Portugal Spain United Kingdom (Northern Ireland, Isle of Man, Channel Islands).
2.	Fruits of: Citrus L. Fortunella Swingle Poncirus Raf. and their hybrids, originating in third countries.	France (Corsica) Greece.
3.	Fruits of: Citrus L. Fortunella Swingle Poncirus Raf. and their hybrids, except Citrus paradisi Macf., originating in third countries.	Italy.

PART A

CONDITIONS TO BE MET BEFORE CERTAIN PLANTS, PLANT PRODUCTS AND OTHER OBJECTS MAY BE LANDED OR MOVED WITHIN THE EUROPEAN COMMUNITY

SECTION I

Plants, plant products and other objects originating outside the European Community

Community		
Item (1)	Description of plants, plant products and other objects (2)	Conditions of landing (3)
1.	Plants of conifers (Coniferales) other than fruit and seeds originating in non-European countries.	Without prejudice to Schedule 3A Item 1, where appropriate, official statement that the plants have been produced in nurseries and that the place of production is free from <i>Pissodes</i> spp. (non-European).
2.	Plants of conifers (Coniferales) other than fruit and seeds, over 3m. in height, originating in non-European countries.	Without prejudice to Schedule 3A Item 1 and Schedule 4AI Item 1, where appropriate, official statement that the plants have been produced in nurseries and that the place of production is free from Scolytidae spp. (non-European).
3.	Plants of <i>Pinus</i> L., intended for planting, other than seeds.	Without prejudice to Schedule 3A Item 1 and Schedule 4AI Items 1 and 2, official statement that no symptoms of Scirrhia acicola (Dearn.) Siggers or Scirrhia pini Funk et Parker have been observed at the place of production or in its immediate vicinity since the beginning of the last complete cycle of vegetation.
4.	Plants of: Abies Mill. Larix Mill. Picea A. Dietr. Pinus L. Pseudotsuga Carr. Tsuga Carr. intended for planting, other than seeds.	Without prejudice to Schedule 3A Item 1 and Schedule 4AI Items 1 to 3, where appropriate, official statement that no symptoms of <i>Melampsora medusae</i> Thümen have been observed at the place of production or in its immediate vicinity since the beginning of the last complete cycle of vegetation.
5.	Plants of: Castanea Mill. Quercus L. other than fruit and seeds:	Without prejudice to Schedule 3A Item 2,

PLANTS ETC. FROM OUTSIDE THE EUROPEAN COMMUNITY

Item	Description of plants, plant products and other objects	Conditions of landing
(1)	(2)	(3)
	(a) originating in non- European countries;	official statement that no symptoms of Cronartium spp. (non-European) have been observed at the place of production or in its immediate vicinity since the beginning of the last complete cycle of vegetation;
	(b) originating in North American countries.	official statement that the plants originate in areas known to be free from Ceratocystis fagacearum (Bretz) Hunt.
6.	Plants of: Castanea Mill. Quercus L.	Without prejudice to Schedule 3A Item 2 and Schedule 4AI Item 5, official statement that:
	intended for planting, other than seeds.	(a) the plants originate in areas known to be free from <i>Cryphonectria parasitica</i> (Murrill) Barr; or
		(b) no symptoms of Cryphonectria parasitica (Murrill) Barr have been observed at the place of production or in its immediate vicinity since the beginning of the last complete cycle of vegetation.
7.	Plants of <i>Platanus</i> L., intended for planting, other than seeds, originating in the USA or Armenia.	Official statement that no symptoms of Ceratocystis fimbriata f. sp. platani Walter have been observed at the place of production or in its immediate vicinity since the beginning of the last complete cycle of vegetation.
8.	Plants of <i>Populus</i> L., intended for planting, other than seeds, originating in third countries.	Without prejudice to Schedule 3A Item 3, official statement that no symptoms of <i>Melampsora medusae</i> Thümen have been observed at the place of production or in its immediate vicinity since the beginning of the last complete cycle of vegetation.
9.	Plants of <i>Populus</i> L., other than fruit and seeds, originating in	Without prejudice to Schedule 3A Item 3 and Schedule 4AI Item 8,

PART A SECTION I

PLANTS ETC. FROM OUTSIDE THE EUROPEAN COMMUNITY

Item	Description of plants, plant products and other objects	Conditions of landing
(1)	(2)	(3)
	countries of the American continent.	official statement that no symptoms of <i>Mycosphaerella populorum</i> G.E. Thompson have been observed at the place of production or in its immediate vicinity since the beginning of the last complete cycle of vegetation.
10.	Plants of <i>Ulmus</i> L., intended for planting, other than seeds, originating in North American countries.	Official statement that no symptoms of Elm phlöem necrosis mycoplasm have been observed at the place of production or in its immediate vicinity since the beginning of the last complete cycle of vegetation.
11.	Plants of: Chaenomeles Lindl. Crataegus L. Cydonia Mill. Eriobotrya Lindl. Malus Mill. Prunus L. Pyrus L. intended for planting, other than seeds, originating in non-European countries.	Without prejudice to Schedule 3A Items 4 and 13 and Schedule 3B Item 1, where appropriate, official statement that: (a) the plants originate in a country known to be free from Monilinia fructicola (Winter) Honey; or (b) the plants originate in an area recognised as being free from Monilinia fructicola (Winter) Honey, in accordance with the procedure laid down in Article 16a of Directive 77/ 93/EEC and no symptoms of Monilinia fructicola (Winter) Honey have been observed at the place of production since the beginning of the last complete cycle of vegetation.
12.	From 15 February to 30 September, fruits of <i>Prunus</i> L.	Official statement that: (a) the fruits originate in a country known to be free from Monilinia fructicola (Winter) Honey; or
•	· · ,	(b) the fruits originate in an area recognised as being free from Monilinia fructicola (Winter) Honey, in

Plant Health PART A SECTION I

No. 256 PLANTS ETC. FROM

OUTSIDE THE **EUROPEAN COMMUNITY**

Item	Description of plants, plant products and other objects	Conditions of landing
(1)	(2)	(3)
		accordance with the

procedure laid down in Article 16a of Directive 77/ 93/EEC; or

(c) the fruits have been subjected to appropriate inspection and treatment procedures prior to harvest and, where appropriate, export to ensure freedom from *Monilinia* spp.

Without prejudice to Schedule 3B Items 2 and 3, the fruits shall be free from peduncles and leaves and the packaging shall bear an appropriate origin mark.

Without prejudice to Schedule 3B Items 2 and 3 and Schedule 4AI Items 13, 15 and 16, official statement that:

- (a) the fruits originate in areas known to be free from Xanthomonas campestris (all strains pathogenic to Citrus); or, if this requirement cannot be met,
- (b) no symptoms of Xanthomonas campestris (all strains pathogenic to Citrus) have been observed at the place of production and in its immediate vicinity since the beginning of the last cycle of vegetation and representative samples of leaves drawn not earlier than 15 days before fruit harvesting have shown, in appropriate official testing, to be free from that pest and none of the fruits harvested at the place of production has shown, in appropriate official examination,

- 13. Fruits of: Citrus L. Fortunella Swingle Poncirus Raf. and their hybrids, originating in third countries.
- 14. Fruits of: Citrus L. Fortunella Swingle Poncirus Raf. and their hybrids, originating in third countries where Xanthomonas campestris (all strains pathogenic to Citrus) is known to occur.

PART A SECTION I P

PLANTS ETC. FROM OUTSIDE THE EUROPEAN COMMUNITY

Item	Description of plants, plant products and other objects	Conditions of landing
(1)	(2)	(3)
	· · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·	symptoms of that past if

symptoms of that pest, if the fruits originate in countries recognised in accordance with the procedure laid down in Article 16a of Directive 77/93/EEC; or, if this requirement also cannot be met,

(c) the fruits have not shown symptoms of Xanthomonas campestris (all strains pathogenic to Citrus) and have been subjected to appropriate treatment such as chlorine or sodium or thophenylphenate.

Without prejudice to Schedule 3B Items 2 and 3 and Schedule 4AI Items 13, 14 and 16, official statement that:

- (a) the fruits originate in areas known to be free from Cercosphora angolensis
 Carv. et Mendes or Guignardia citricarpa Kiely (all strains pathogenic to Citrus); or, if this requirement cannot be met.
- (b) no symptoms of Cercospora angolensis Carv. et Mendes or Guignardia citricarpa Kiely (all strains pathogenic to Citrus) have been observed at the place of production and in its immediate vicinity since the beginning of the last cycle of vegetation and none of the fruits harvested at the place of production has shown, in appropriate official examination, symptoms of those pests; or, if this requirement also cannot be met,

15. Fruits of:

Citrus L.

Fortunella Swingle

Poncirus Raf.

and their hybrids, originating in third countries where

Cercospora angolensis Carv. et Mendes or Guignardia citricarpa Kiely (all strains pathogenic to Citrus) are known

to occur.

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Plants etc. from outside the European Community

Item	Description of plants, plant products and other objects	Conditions of landing
(1)	(2)	(3)

16. Fruits of:

Citrus L.

Fortunella Swingle

Poncirus Raf.

and their hybrids, originating in non-European third countries where Tephritidae (non-European) are known to occur on these fruits.

(c) the fruits have been subjected to appropriate treatment against Cercospora angolensis Carv. et Mendes or Guignardia citricarpa Kiely (all strains pathogenic to Citrus).

Without prejudice to Schedule 3B Items 2 and 3 and Schedule 4AI Items 13 to 15, official statement that:

- (a) the fruits originate in areas known to be free from Tephritidae (non-European); or, if this requirement cannot be met.
- (b) no signs of Tephritidae (non-European) have been observed at the place of production and in its immediate vicinity since the beginning of the last complete cycle of vegetation, on official inspections carried out at least monthly during the three months prior to harvesting and none of the fruits harvested at the place of production has shown, in appropriate official examination, signs of these pests; or, if this requirement also cannot be met,
- (c) the fruits have shown, in appropriate official examination on representative samples, to be free from Tephritidae (non-European) in all stages of their development; or, if this requirement also cannot be met,

Item

PART A SECTION I

Description of plants, plant

PLANTS ETC. FROM OUTSIDE THE **EUROPEAN COMMUNITY**

(1)	products and other objects (2)	(3)
17.	Plants of: Chaenomeles Lindl. Cotoneaster Ehrh. Crataegus L. Cydonia Mill. Eriobotrya Lindl. Malus Mill. Mespilus L. Pyracantha Roem. Pyrus L. Sorbus L. other than Sorbus intermedia (Ehrh.) Pers. Stranvaesia Lindl. intended for planting, other than seeds.	(d) the fruits have been subjected to an appr treatment; any accep vapour heat treatme treatment or quick fi treatment which has shown to be efficient. Tephritidae (non-Etwithout damaging the and, where not avail chemical treatment it is acceptable by Etwick Community legislat. Without prejudice to Schediltems 4 and 13, Schedule 3For Schedule 4AI Item 11, wappropriate, official statemed (a) that the plants origing countries recognised being free from Erwamylovora (Burr.) Val. in accordance with procedure laid down Article 16a of Direct 93/EEC; or (b) that the plants in the production and in its immediate vicinity, have shown sympton Erwinia amylovora

18. Plants of: Citrus L.

> Fortunella Swingle Poncirus Raf.

and their hybrids, other than fruit and seeds, and plants of

Araceae Marantaceae

Musaceae

Persea spp. Strelitziaceae

rooted or with growing medium attached or associated.

ropriate eptable ent, cold freeze s been nt against uropean) the fruit ilable. as far as European ition.

Conditions of landing

lule 3A B Item 1 vhere nent:

- nate in ed as vinia Winsl, et ith the n in ctive 77/
- e field of , which oms of (Burr.) Winsl. et al., have been rogued out.

Without prejudice to Schedule 3A Item 11, where appropriate, official statement that:

- (a) the plants originate in countries known to be free from Radopholus citrophilus Huettel et al. and Radopholus similis (Cobb) Thorne; or
- (b) representative samples of soil and roots from the place of production have been

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Item	Description of plants, plant products and other objects	Conditions of landing
(1)	(2)	(3)
		subjected, since the beginning of the last complete cycle of vegetation, to official nematological testing for at least Radopholus citrophilus Huettel et al. and Radopholus similis (Cobb) Thorne and have been found, in these tests, free from those pests.
19.	Plants of Crataegus L., intended for planting, other than seeds, originating in countries where Phyllosticta solitaria Ell. et Ev. is known to occur.	Without prejudice to Schedule 3A Item 4 and Schedule 4AI Items 11 and 17, official statement that no symptoms of <i>Phyllosticta solitaria</i> Ell. et Ev. have been observed on plants at the place of production since the beginning of the last complete cycle of vegetation.
20.	Plants of: Cydonia Mill. Fragaria L. Malus Mill. Prunus L. Ribes L. Rubus L. intended for planting, other than seeds, originating in countries where the relevant pests are known to occur on the genera concerned. The relevant pests are (a) on Fragaria L.: Phytopthora fragariae Hickman var. fragariae Arabis mosaic virus Raspberry ringspot virus Strawberry crinkle virus Strawberry latent ringspot virus Strawberry mild yellow edge virus Tomato black ring virus Xanthomonas fragariae Kennedy et King;	Without prejudice to Schedule 3A Items 4 and 13 or Schedule 4AI Items 11 and 17, where appropriate, official statement that no symptoms of diseases caused by the relevant pests have been observed on the plants at the place of production since the beginning of the last complete cycle of vegetation.

PLANTS ETC. FROM OUTSIDE THE EUROPEAN COMMUNITY

Item	Description of plants, plant products and other objects	Conditions of landing
(1)	(2)	(3)

- (b) on Malus Mill.:

 Phyllosticta solitaria

 Ell. et Ev.;
- (c) on Prunus L.:
 Apricot chlorotic leafroll
 mycoplasm
 Xanthomonas
 campestris pv. pruni
 (Smith) Dye;
- (d) on Prunus persica (L.)
 Batsch:
 Pseudomonas syringae
 pv. persicae (Prunier
 et al.) Young et al.;
- (e) on Pyrus L.:
 Phyllosticta solitaria
 Ell. et Ev.:
- (f) on Rubus L.:
 Arabis mosaic virus
 Raspberry ringspot virus
 Strawberry latent
 ringspot virus
 Tomato black ring virus;
- (g) on all species: non-European viruses and virus-like organisms.
- 21. Plants of:
 Cydonia Mill.
 Pyrus L.
 intended for planting, other than seeds, originating in countries where Pear decline mycoplasm is known to occur.
- 22. Plants of Fragaria L., intended for planting, other than seeds, originating in countries where the relevant pests are known to occur.

Without prejudice to Schedule 3A Items 4 and 13 and Schedule 4AI Items 11, 17 and 20, official statement that plants at the place of production and in its immediate vicinity, which have shown symptoms giving rise to the suspicion of contamination by Pear decline mycoplasm, have been rogued out at that place within the last three complete cycles of vegetation.

Without prejudice to Schedule 3A Item 13 and Schedule 4AI Item 20, official statement that:

(a) the plants, other than those raised from seed, have been either:

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Item	Description of plants, plant products and other objects	Conditions of landing
(1)	(2)	(3)
	The relevant nests are:	(i) officially contified

The relevant pests are:
Strawberry latent 'C' virus
Strawberry vein banding virus
Strawberry witches' broom
mycoplasm.

- (i) officially certified under a certification scheme requiring them to be derived in direct line from material which has been maintained under appropriate conditions and subjected to official testing for at least the relevant pests using appropriate indicators or equivalent methods and has been found free, in these tests, from those pests; or
- (ii) derived in direct line from material which is maintained under appropriate conditions and has been subjected within the last three complete cycles of vegetation, at least once, to official testing for at least the relevant pests using appropriate indicators or equivalent methods and has been found free, in these tests, from those pests; and
- (b) no symptoms of diseases caused by the relevant pests have been observed on plants at the place of production or on susceptible plants in its immediate vicinity, since the beginning of the last complete cycle of vegetation.

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Item	Description of plants, plant products and other objects	Conditions of landing
(1)	(2)	(3)
23.	Plants of <i>Fragaria</i> L., intended for planting, other than seeds, originating in countries where	Without prejudice to Schedule 3A Item 13 and Schedule 4AI Items 20 and 22, official statement that either:
·	Aphelenchoides besseyi Christie is known to occur.	(a) no symptoms of Aphelenchoides besseyi Christie have been observed on plants at the place of production since the beginning of the last complete cycle of vegetation; or
		(b) in the case of plants in tissue culture, the plants have been derived from plants which complied with subparagraph (a) or have been officially tested by appropriate nematological methods and have been found free from Aphelenchoides besseyi Christie.
24.	Plants of Fragaria L., intended for planting, other than seeds.	Without prejudice to Schedule 3A Item 13 and Schedule 4AI Items 20, 22 and 23, official statement that the plants originate in an area known to be free from Anthonomus signatus Say and Anthonomus bisignifer (Schenkling).
25.	Plants of Malus Mill., intended for planting, other than seeds, originating in countries where the relevant pests are known to occur on Malus Mill. The relevant pests are: Cherry rasp leaf virus (American) Tomato ringspot virus.	Without prejudice to Schedule 3A Items 4 and 13, Schedule 3B Item 1 and Schedule 4AI Items 11, 17 and 20, official statement that: (a) The plants have been either: (i) officially certified under a certification scheme requiring them to be derived in direct line from material which has been maintained under appropriate conditions and

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Item	Description of plants, plant products and other objects	Conditions of landing
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subjected to official testing for at least the relevant pests using appropriate indicators or equivalent methods and has been found free, in these tests, from those pests; or

- (ii) derived in direct line from material which is maintained under appropriate conditions and has been subjected, within the last three complete cycles of vegetation, at least once, to official testing for at least the relevant pests using appropriate indicators or equivalent methods and has been . found free, in these tests, from those pests; and
- (b) no symptoms of diseases caused by the relevant pests have been observed on plants at the place of production or on susceptible plants in its immediate vicinity, since the beginning of the last three complete cycles of vegetation.

26. Plants of *Malus* Mill., intended for planting, other than seeds, originating in countries where Apple proliferation mycoplasm is known to occur.

Without prejudice to Schedule 3A Items 4 and 13, Schedule 3B Item 1, Schedule 4AI Items 11, 17, 20 and 25, official statement that:

- (a) the plants originate in areas known to be free from Apple proliferation mycoplasm; or
- (b) (i) the plants, other than those raised from

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Item	Description of plants, plant products and other objects	Conditions of landing	
(1)	(2)	(3)	

either:

— officially certified under a certification scheme requiring them to be derived in direct line from material which has been maintained under

seed, have been

appropriate conditions and subjected to official testing for at least Apple proliferation mycoplasm using appropriate indicators or equivalent

methods and has been found free, in these tests.

from that pest; or

derived in direct
line from material
which is
maintained under

appropriate
conditions and
has been
subjected, within
the last six
complete cycles
of vegetation, at
least once, to
official testing for
at least Apple

proliferation mycoplasm using appropriate indicators or equivalent methods and has been found free,

in these tests,

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Item	Description of plants, plant products and other objects	Conditions of landing
(1)	(2)	(3)

from that pest; and

(ii) no symptoms of diseases caused by Apple proliferation mycoplasm have been observed on plants at the place of production, or on susceptible plants in its immediate vicinity, since the beginning of the last three complete cycles of vegetation.

27. Plants of the following species of Prunus L., intended for planting, other than seeds, originating in countries where Plum pox virus is known to occur:

> Prunus amygdalus Batsch Prunus armeniaca L. Prunus blireiana Andre Prunus brigantina Vill. Prunus cerasifera Ehrh. Prunus cistena Hansen Prunus curdica Fenzl et Fritsch.

Prunus domestica ssp. domestica(L.) Prunus domestica ssp.

insititia (L.) C.K. Schneid.

italica (Borkh.) Hegi. Prunus glandulosa Thunb. Prunus holosericea Batal. Prunus hortulana Bailey Prunus japonica Thunb.

(Maxim.) Koehne Prunus maritima Marsh. Prunus mume Sieb. et Zucc. Prunus nigra Ait. . Prunus persica (L.) Batsch

Prunus domestica ssp. Prunus mandshurica

Without prejudice to Schedule 3A Items 4 and 13 and Schedule 4AI Items 11 and 20, official statement that:

either:

- (a) the plants, other than those raised from seed, have been
 - (i) officially certified under a certification scheme requiring them to be derived in direct line from material which has been maintained under appropriate conditions and subjected to official testing for, at least, Plum pox virus using appropriate indicators or equivalent methods and has been found free, in these tests, from that pest; or
 - (ii) derived in direct line from material which is maintained under appropriate

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Item	Description of plants, plant products and other objects	Conditions of landing
(1)	(2)	(3)

Prunus salicina L.
Prunus sibirica L.
Prunus simonii Carr.
Prunus spinosa L.
Prunus tomentosa Thunb.
Prunus triloba Lindl.
other species of Prunus L.
susceptible to Plum pox
virus.

conditions and has been subjected, within the last three complete cycles of vegetation, at least once, to official testing for at least Plum pox virus using appropriate indicators or equivalent methods and has been found free, in these tests, from that pest;

- (b) no symptoms of disease caused by Plum pox virus have been observed on plants at the place of production or on susceptible plants in its immediate vicinity, since the beginning of the last three complete cycles of vegetation; and
- (c) plants at the place of production which have shown symptoms of disease caused by other viruses or virus-like pathogens, have been rogued out.

28. Plants of *Prunus* L., intended for planting:

- (a) originating in countries where the relevant pests are known to occur on Prunus L.;
- (b) other than seeds, originating in countries where the relevant pests are known to occur;
- (c) other than seeds, originating in non-European countries where the relevant pests are known to occur.

The relevant pests are:

Without prejudice to Schedule 3A Items 4 and 13 or Schedule 4AI Items 11, 20 and 27, where appropriate, official statement that:

- (a) the plants have been either:
 - (i) officially certified under a certification scheme requiring them to be derived in direct line from material which has been maintained under appropriate conditions and subjected to official testing for at least the relevant pests using

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Item	Description of plants, plant products and other objects	Conditions of landing
(1)	(2)	(3)
•	 for the case under (a): Tomato ringspot virus; for the case under (b): Cherry rasp leaf virus (American) Peach mosaic virus 	appropriate indicators or equivalent methods and has been found free, in these tests, from those pests; or
	(American) Peach phony rickettsia Peach rosette mycoplasm Peach yellows mycoplasm Plum line pattern virus (American) Peach X-disease	(ii) derived in direct line from material which is maintained under appropriate conditions and has been subjected within the last three complete

- mycoplasm; — for the case under (c): Little cherry pathogen.
- cycles of vegetation, at least once, to official testing for at

least the relevant pests using appropriate indicators or equivalent methods and has been found free, in these tests, from those pests; and

- (b) no symptoms of diseases caused by the relevant pests have been observed on plants at the place of production or on susceptible plants in its immediate vicinity, since the beginning of the last three complete cycles of vegetation.
- 29. Plants of Rubus L., intended for planting:
 - (a) originating in countries where the relevant pests are known to occur on Rubus L.
 - (b) other than seeds, originating in countries where the relevant pests are known to occur.

The relevant pests are: — in the case of (a): Tomato ringspot virus Without prejudice to Item 20:

- (a) the plants shall be free from aphids, including their eggs; and
- (b) official statement that:
 - (i) the plants have been either:
 - officially certified under a certification scheme requiring them to be derived in direct line from material which has

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	•	EUROPEAN COMMUNITY
Item	Description of plants, plant products and other objects	Conditions of landing
(1)	(2)	(3)
	Black raspberry latent virus Cherry leafroll virus Prunus necrotic ringspot virus; — in the case of (b): Raspberry leaf curl virus (American) Cherry rasp leaf virus (American).	been maintained under appropriate conditions and subjected to official testing for at least the relevant pests using appropriate indicators or equivalent methods and has been found free, in these tests, from those pests; or — derived in direct line from material which is maintained under appropriate conditions and has been subjected, within the last three complete cycles of vegetation, at least once, to official testing for at least the relevant pests using appropriate indicators or equivalent methods and has been found free, in these tests, from those pests; and
		(ii) no symptoms of diseases caused by the relevant pests have been observed on plants at the place of production or on susceptible parets in its immediate vicinity, since the beginning of the last three complete cycles of vegetation
30.	Tubers of Solanum tuberosum I originating in countries	Without prejudice to Schedule 3A Items 5 to 7 official statement that:

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		European Community
Item	Description of plants, plant	Conditions of landing
(1)	products and other objects (2)	(3)
	where Synchytrium endobioticum (Schilbersky) Percival is known to occur.	(a) the tubers originate in areas known to be free from Synchytrium endobioticum (Schilbersky) Percival (all races other than Race 1, the common European race) and no symptoms of Synchytrium endobioticum (Schilbersky) Percival have been observed either at the place of production or in its immediate vicinity since the beginning of an adequate period; or
		(b) provisions recognised as equivalent to the Community provisions on combating Synchytrium endobioticum (Schilbersky) Percival in accordance with the procedure laid down in Article 16a of Directive 77/93/EEC have been complied with, in the country of origin.
31.	Tubers of Solanum tuberosum L.	Without prejudice to Schedule 3A Items 5 to 7 and Schedule 4AI Item 30, official statement that:
		(a) the tubers originate in countries known to be free from Clavibacter michiganensis ssp sepedonicus (Spieckermann et Kotthoff) Davis et al.; or
		(b) provisions recognised as equivalent to the Community provisions on combating Clavibacter michiganensis ssp. sepedonicus (Spieckermann et Kotthoff) Davis et al. in accordance with the procedure laid down in

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Item	Description of plants, plant products and other objects	Conditions of landing
(1)	(2)	(3)
		Article 16a of Directive 77/93/EEC, have been complied with in the country of origin.
32.	Tubers of Solanum tuberosum L., other than early potatoes, originating in countries where Potato spindle tuber viroid is known to occur.	Without prejudice to Schedule 3A Items 5 to 7 and Schedule 4AI Items 30 and 31, suppression of the faculty of germination.
33.	Tubers of Solanum tuberosum L., intended for planting.	Without prejudice to Schedule 3A Items 5 to 7 and Schedule 4AI Items 30 to 32, official statement that the tubers originate from a field known to be free from Globodera rostochiensis (Wollenweber) Behrens and Globodera pallida (Stone) Behrens.
34.	Plants of Solanaceae, intended for planting, other than seeds, originating in countries where Potato stolbur mycoplasm is known to occur.	Without prejudice to Schedule 3A Items 5 to 8 and Schedule 4AI Items 30 to 33, official statement that no symptoms of Potato stolbur mycoplasm have been observed on the plants at the place of production since the beginning of the last complete cycle of vegetation.
35.	Plants of Solanaceae, intended for planting, other than: tubers of Solanum tuberosum L. seeds of Lycopersicon lycopersicum (L.) Karsten ex Farw. originating in countries where Potato spindle tuber viroid is known to occur.	Without prejudice to Schedule 3A Items 6 and 8 and Schedule 4AI Item 34, where appropriate, official statement that no symptoms of Potato spindle tuber viroid have been observed on plants at the place of production since the beginning of the last complete cycle of vegetation.
36.	Plants of Humulus lupulus L., intended for planting, other than seeds.	Official statement that no symptoms of Verticillium albo-atrum Reinke and Berthold and Verticillium dahliae Klebahn have been observed on hops at the place of production since the beginning of the last complete cycle of vegetation.

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	_	EUROPEAN COMMUNITY
Itėm	Description of plants, plant products and other objects	Conditions of landing
(1)	(2)	(3)
37.	Plants of: Dendranthema (DC.) Des Moul. Dianthus L. Pelargonium L'Hérit ex Ait. intended for planting, other than seeds.	Official statement that: (a) no signs of Heliothis armigera Hübner or Spodoptera littoralis (Boisd.) have been observed at the place of production since the beginning of the last complete cycle of vegetation; or
		(b) the plants have undergone appropriate treatment to protect them from the pests specified in sub-paragraph (a).
38.	Plants of: Dendranthema (DC.) Des	Without prejudice to Item 37, official statement that:
	Moul. Dianthus L. Pelargonium L'Hérit ex Ait. other than seeds.	(a) no signs of Spodoptera eridania Cramer, Spodoptera frugiperda Smith or Spodoptera litura (Fabricius) have been observed at the place of production since the beginning of the last complete cycle of vegetation; or
		(b) the plants have undergone appropriate treatment to protect them from the pests specified in sub-paragraph (a).
39.	Plants of <i>Dendranthema</i> (DC.) Des Moul., intended for	Without prejudice to Items 37 and 38, official statement that:
	planting, other than seeds.	(a) the plants are no more than third generation stock derived from material which has been found to be free from Chrysanthemum stunt viroid during virological tests or are directly derived from material of which a representative sample of at least 10% has been found to be free from

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bed.

· ·		European Community
Item Description	of plants, plant nd other objects	Conditions of landing
(1)	(2)	(3)
		Chrysanthemum stunt viroid during an official inspection carried out at the time of flowering;
		(b) the plants or cuttings:
		(i) have come from premises which have been officially inspected at least monthly during the three months prior to despatch and on which no symptoms of Puccinia horiana Hennings have been observed during that period and in the immediate vicinity of which no symptoms of Puccinia horiana Hennings have been Hennings have been
		known to have occurred during the three months prior to export; or
		(ii) have undergone appropriate treatmen against <i>Puccinia</i> horiana Hennings; and
		(c) in the case of unrooted cuttings, no symptoms of Didymella ligulicola (Baker, Dimock et Davis) v. Arx were observed either on the cuttings or on the plants
	·.	from which the cuttings wer derived or that, in the case of rooted cuttings, no symptoms of <i>Didymella ligulicola</i> (Baker, Dimock et Davis) v. Arx were observed either on the cuttings or on the rooting

(ii) are of no more than fourth generation

		European Community
İtem	Description of plants, plant products and other objects	Conditions of landing
(1)	(2)	(3)
40.	Plants of <i>Dianthus</i> L., intended for planting, other than seeds.	Without prejudice to Items 37 and 38, official statement that:
		(a) the plants have been derived in direct line from mother plants which have been found free from Erwinia chrysanthemi pv. dianthicola (Hellmers) Dickey, Pseudomonas caryophylli (Burkholder) Starr et Burkholder and Phialophora cinerescens (Wollenw.) Van Beyma on officially approved tests, carried out at least once within the two previous years; and
		(b) no symptoms of the pests specified in sub-paragraph (a) have been observed on the plants.
41.	Bulbs of: Tulipa L. Narcissus L. other than those for which there shall be evidence by their packaging, or by other means, that they are intended for sale to final consumers not involved in professional cut flower production.	Official statement that no symptoms of <i>Ditylenchus dipsaci</i> (Kühn) Filipjev have been observed on the plants since the beginning of the last complete cycle of vegetation.
42.	Plants of <i>Pelargonium</i> L'Hérit ex Ait., intended for planting, other than seeds, originating in countries where Tomato ringspot virus is known to occur:	Without prejudice to Items 37 and 38, official statement that the plants:
	(a) where Xiphinema	(a) in this case—
	americanum Cobb sensu lato (non-European populations) or other vectors of Tomato ringspot virus are not known to	(i) are directly derived from places of production known to be free from Tomato ringspot virus; or
٠	occur;	(ii) are of no more than

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> stock, derived from mother plants found to be free from Tomato ringspot virus under an officially approved system of virological

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(1) (2) (3)

(b) where Xiphinema
americanum Cobb sensu
lato (non-European
populations) or other
vectors of Tomato ringspot
virus are known to occur.

43.

Plants of: Apium graveolens L. Argyranthemum spp. Aster spp. Brassica spp. Capsicum annuum L. Cucumis spp. Dendranthema (DC.) Des Moul. Dianthus L. and hybrids Exacum spp. Gerbera Cass. Gypsophila L. Lactuca spp. Leucanthemum L. Lupinus L.

Luptitus E.

Lycopersicon lycopersicum

(L.) Karsten ex Farw.

Solanum melongena L.

Tanacetum L.

Verbena L.

intended for planting, other than

testing; (b) in this case—

- (i) are directly derived from places of production known to be free from Tomato ringspot virus in the soil or plants; or
- (ii) are of no more than second generation stock, derived from mother plants found. to be free from Tomato ringspot virus under an officially approved system of virological testing.

Without prejudice to Schedule 3A Items 6 and 8 and Schedule 4AI Items 37 to 40, where appropriate, official statement that either:

- (a) no signs of any of the relevant pests have been observed at the place of production, on official inspections carried out at least monthly during the three months prior to export; or
- (b) immediately prior to export the plants have been inspected and found free from signs of the relevant pests and have been subjected to an appropriate treatment aimed at eradicating the relevant pests.

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seeds, originating in countries where it has been ascertained, in accordance with the procedure laid down in Article 16a of Directive 77/93/EEC, that the relevant pests:

Amauromyza maculosa (Malloch) Liriomyza bryoniae

(Kaltenbach)
Liriomyza huidobrensis
(Blanchard)

Liriomyza sativae Blanchard Liriomyza trifolii (Burgess) are not known to occur.

44. Plants of species covered by Item
43 intended for planting, other
than seeds, originating in
American countries or in any
other third country not covered
by Item 43.

45. Plants of herbaceous species, other than those covered by Item 43, intended for planting, other than seeds, originating in countries not covered by Item 43.

Without prejudice to Schedule 3A Items 6 and 8 and Schedule 4AI Items 37 to 40 and 43, where appropriate, official statement that no signs of—

Amauromyza maculosa (Malloch) Liriomyza bryoniae

(Kaltenbach)

Liriomyza huidobrensis (Blanchard)

Lirioimyza sativae Blanchard Lirioimyza trifolii (Burgess) have been observed at the place of production, on official inspections carried out at least monthly during the three months prior to export.

Without prejudice to Schedule 3A Items 6 and 8 and Schedule 4AI Items 37 to 40, where appropriate, official statement that either:

- (a) no signs of Amauromyza
 maculosa (Malloch) or
 Liriomyza sativae
 Blanchard have been
 observed at the place of
 production on an official
 inspection carried out prior
 to export; or
- (b) immediately prior to export the plants have been

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Item	Description of plants, plant products and other objects	Conditions of landing
(1)	(2)	(3)
		inspected and found free from signs of the pests specified in sub-paragraph (a) and have been subjected to an appropriate treatment
,		aimed at eradicating those pests.
46.	Plants with roots, planted or intended for planting, grown in the open air.	Official statement that the place of production is known to be free from: Clavibacter michiganensis ssp. sepedonicus (Spieckermann et Kotthoff) Davis et al. Globodera pallida (Stone)
		Behrens Globodera rostochiensis (Wollenweber) Behrens Synchytrium endobioticum (Schilbersky) Percival.
47.	Soil and growing medium attached to or associated with plants, consisting in whole or in part of soil or solid organic substances such as parts of	Official statement that: (a) the growing medium, at the time of planting was either: (i) free from soil and
	plants, humus including peat or bark or any solid inorganic substance, intended to sustain the vitality of the plants, originating in: Turkey	organic matter; or (ii) found free from insects and harmful nematodes and subjected to appropriate
	Belarus Estonia Latvia Lithuania Moldova	examination or heat treatment or fumigation to ensure that it was free from other pests; or
ŕ	Russia Ukraine non-European countries other than— Cyprus Egypt	(iii) subjected to appropriate heat treatment or fumigation to ensure freedom from pests; and
•	Israel	(b) since planting either:
. , .	Libya Malta Morocco Tunisia.	(i) appropriate measures have been taken to ensure that the growing medium

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		European Community
Item	Description of plants, plant products and other objects	Conditions of landing
(1)	(2)	(3)
		has been maintained free from pests; or
·		(ii) within two weeks prior to despatch the plants were shaken free from the medium leaving the minimum amount necessary to sustain vitality during transport and, if
		replanted, the growing medium used for that purpose meets the requirements laid down in subparagraph (a).
48.	Plants of <i>Beta vulgaris</i> L., intended for planting, other than seeds.	Official statement that no symptoms of Beet curly top virus (non-European isolates) have been observed at the place of production since the beginning of the last complete cycle of vegetation.
49.	Plants of <i>Beta vulgaris</i> L., intended for planting, other than	Without prejudice to Item 48, official statement that:
	seeds, originating in countries where Beet leaf curl virus is known to occur.	(a) Beet leaf curl virus has not been known to occur in the area of production; and
		(b) no symptoms of Beet leaf curl virus have been observed at the place of production or in its immediate vicinity since the beginning of the last complete cycle of vegetation.
50.	Plants, intended for planting,	Official statement that:
	other than seeds, originating in countries where <i>Thrips palmi</i> Karny is known to occur.	(a) the place of production has been found free from Thrips palmi Karny on official inspections carried out at least monthly during the three months prior to export;

or

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tem	Description of plants, plant products and other objects	Conditions of landing
(1)	(2)	(3)

- 51. Plants of Palmae, intended for planting, other than seeds, originating in non-European countries.
- (b) the consignment has undergone appropriate treatment to ensure freedom from Thysanoptera.

Without prejudice to Schedule 3A. Item 12, where appropriate, official

- statement that: (a) either:
 - (i) the plants originate in an area known to be free from Palm lethal yellowing mycoplasm and Cadang-Cadang viroid and no symptoms have been observed at the place of production or in its immediate vicinity since the beginning of the last complete cycle of vegetation;
 - (ii) no symptoms of Palm lethal yellowing mycoplasm and Cadang-Cadang viroid have been observed on the plants since the beginning of the last complete cycle of vegetation and plants at the place of production which have shown symptoms giving rise to the suspicion of contamination by the pests have been rogued out at that place and the plants have undergone appropriate treatment to rid them of Myndus crudus Van Duzee: and

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	<u> </u>	the state of the s
Item ·	Description of plants, plant products and other objects	Conditions of landing
(1)	(2)	(3)
•		(b) in the case of plants in tissue culture, the plants were derived from plants which have met the requirements laid down in sub-paragraph (a)(i) or (ii).
52.	Plants of Camellia L., intended	Official statement that:
	for planting, other than seeds, originating in non-European countries.	(a) the plants originate in areas known to be free from Ciborinia camelliae Kohn; or
	· . · .	(b) no symptoms of Ciborinia camelliae Kohn have been observed on plants in flower on the place of production since the beginning of the last complete cycle of vegetation.
53.	Plants of Fuchsia L., intended for planting, other than seeds, originating in the USA or Brazil.	Official statement that no symptoms of Aculops fuchsiae Keifer have been observed at the place of production and that immediately prior to export the plants have been inspected and found free from Aculops fuchsiae Keifer.
54.	Trees and shrubs, intended for planting, other than seeds and plants in tissue culture, originating in third countries other than European and Mediterranean countries.	Without prejudice to Schedule 3A Items 1 to 4, 8 and 10 to 13, Schedule 3B Item 1 and Schedule 4AI Items 1 to 11, 17 to 21, 25 to 29, 34 to 40, 43, 44, 46, 47 and 50 to 53, where appropriate, official statement that the plants:
		(a) are clean (that is, free from plant debris) and free from flowers and fruits;
		(b) have been grown in nurseries; and
		(c) have been inspected at appropriate times and prior to export and found free from symptoms of harmful bacteria, viruses and viruslike organisms and either:

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Item Description of plants, plant Conditions of landing products and other objects. (1)(3)(i) found free from signs or symptoms of harmful nematodes. insects, mites and fungi: or (ii) have been subjected to appropriate treatment to eliminate such organisms. 55. Deciduous trees and shrubs. Without prejudice to Schedule 3A intended for planting, other than Items 1 to 4, 8 and 10 to 13, Schedule 3B Item 1 and Schedule seeds and plants in tissue culture, originating in third countries 4AI Items 1 to 11, 17 to 21, 25 to 29, other than European and 34 to 40, 43, 44, 46, 47 and 50 to 54. Mediterranean countries. where appropriate, official statement that the plants are dormant and free from leaves. 56. Annual and biennial plants, other Without prejudice to Schedule 3A than Gramineae, intended for Items 6 and 8 and Schedule 4AI planting, other than seeds, Items 34, 35 and 43 to 50, where originating in countries otherappropriate, official statement that than European and the plants: Mediterranean countries. (a) have been grown in nurseries; (b) are free from plant debris, flowers and fruits; and (c) have been inspected at appropriate times and prior to export, and-(i) found free from symptoms of harmful bacteria, viruses and

(ii) either have been:

and

— found free from signs or symptoms of harmful nematodes, insects, mites and fungi; or

virus-like organisms;

subjected to appropriate treatment to

PLANTS ETC. FROM OUTSIDE THE **EUROPEAN COMMUNITY**

Item	Description of plants, plant products and other objects	Conditions of landing
(1)	(2)	(3)
		eliminate such organisms.
57.	Plants of the family Gramineae of ornamental perennial grasses of the subfamilies:	Without prejudice to Items 46, 47 and 50, where appropriate, official statement that the plants:

Bambusoideae

Panicoideae and of the genera:

Buchloe

Bouteloua Lag. Calamagrostis. Cortaderia Stapf.

Glyceria R. Br.

Hakonechloa Mak. ex Honda

Hystrix Molinia

Phalaris L.

Shibataea Spartina Schreb.

Stipa L. Uniola L.

intended for planting, other than seeds, originating in countries other than European and Mediterranean countries.

58. Plants of the bonsai-type, intended for planting, other than seeds, originating in non-European countries.

- (a) have been grown in nurseries;
- (b) are free from plant debris, flowers and fruits; and
- (c) have been inspected at appropriate times and prior to export, and-
 - (i) have been found free from symptoms of harmful bacteria, viruses and virus-like organisms; and
 - (ii) either have been:
 - found free from signs or symptoms of harmful nematodes. insects, mites and fungi; or
 - subjected to appropriate treatment to eliminate such organisms.

Without prejudice to Schedule 3A Items 1 to 4, 8 and 10 to 13, Schedule 3B Item 1 and Schedule 4AI Items 1 to 11, 17 to 21, 25 to 29, 34 to 39, 43, 44, 46, 47, 50 to 55 and 57, where appropriate, official statement that:

- (a) the plants shall have been grown and trained for at least two consecutive years in officially registered 'bonsai' nurseries, which are subjected to an officially supervised control regime;
- (b) the plants shall:

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Item	Description of plants, plant	Conditions of landing
(1)	products and other objects (2)	(3)

- (i) at least during the last two years prior to despatch:
 - have been grown in either an unused artificial growing medium or in a natural growing medium which has been treated by fumigation or by appropriate heat treatment to ensure freedom from pests and for which appropriate measures have been taken to ensure that the growing medium has been maintained free from pests;
 - have been potted, in pots which were placed on shelves at least 50 cm. above ground;
 - have been subjected to appropriate treatments to ensure freedom from non-European rusts; and
 - have been placed only in insect-proof screened structures; and
- (ii) within two weeks prior to despatch, have been shaken free from the medium leaving the minimum

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Item	Description of plants, plant products and other objects	Conditions of landing
(1)	(2)	(3)

amount necessary to sustain vitality during transport and, if replanted, the growing medium used for that purpose meets the requirements laid down in head (i);

- (c) the plants which have been grown in the registered 'bonsai' nurseries and those plants in the immediate vicinity thereof shall have been officially inspected at least six times a year at appropriate times for the presence of pests of concern. The inspections shall have been carried out at least by visual examination of each row in the field or nursery and by visual examination of all plant parts above the growing medium, using a random sample of at least 300 plants in a genus where the genus comprises of not more than 3,000 plants or 10% of the plants if there are more than 3,000 plants in the genus. The pests of concern are those listed in Schedules 1 to 4 and any other pest in so far as it does not exist in the European Community; and
- (d) the plants shall have been found free, in these inspections, from the relevant pests of concern. Infested plants shall have been removed. The remaining plants, where appropriate, shall have been effectively treated and in addition shall be held for an

•		ECROPEAN COMMONITI
Item	Description of plants, plant products and other objects	Conditions of landing
(1)	(2)	(3)
		appropriate period to ensure freedom from such pests and the material shall be packed in closed containers which have been officially sealed and bear a distinguishing mark, to be reproduced on the phytosanitary certificate provided for in Article 4 enabling the consignments to be identified.
59.	Herbaceous perennial plants, intended for planting, other than seeds, of the families: Caryophylaceae (except	Without prejudice to Items 43 to 47 and 50, where appropriate, official statement that the plants: (a) have been grown in
	Dianthus L.) Compositae (except Dendranthema (DC.) Des Moul.)	nurseries; (b) are free from plant debris, flowers and fruits; and
	Cruciferae Leguminosae Rosaceae (except Fragaria	(c) have been inspected at appropriate times and prior to export; and
	L.) originating in third countries other than European and Mediterranean countries.	(i) found free from symptoms of harmful bacteria, viruses and virus-like organisms; and
		(ii) either:
		 found free from signs or symptoms of harmful nematodes, insects, mites and fungi; or
		— have been subjected to appropriate treatment to eliminate such organisms.
60.	Plants of Euphorbia pulcherrima Willd., intended for planting, other than seeds, originating in countries where Bemisia tabaci Genn. (non-	Official statement that: (a) the plants originate in areas known to be free from Bemisia tabaci Genn.; or

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		European Community
Item (1)	Description of plants, plant products and other objects (2)	Conditions of landing (3)
	European populations) is known to occur.	(b) no signs of Bemisia tabaci Genn. have been observed on plants at the place of production, on official inspections carried out at least monthly during the three months prior to export.
61.	Plants intended for planting other than seeds, bulbs, tubers, corms and rhizomes originating in countries where the relevant pests are known to occur. The relevant pests are: Bean golden mosaic virus Cowpea mild mottle virus Lettuce infectious yellows virus Pepper mild tigré virus Squash leaf curl virus other viruses transmitted by Bemisia tabaci Genn.	Without prejudice to Schedule 3A Item 8 and Schedule 4AI Items 34, 35, 43 to 45, 48 to 50, 59 and 60, where appropriate,
	(a) where Bemisia tabaci Genn. (non-European populations) or other vectors of the relevant pests are not known to occur;	(a) in this case an official statement that no symptoms of the relevant pests have been observed on the plants during their complete cycle of vegetation;
·	(b) where Bemisia tabaci Genn. (non-European populations) or other vectors of the relevant pests are known to occur.	(b) in this case an official statement that no symptoms of the relevant pests have been observed on the plants during an adequate period;

during an adequate period; and

(i) the plants originate in areas known to be free from Bemisia tabaci Genn. and

other vectors of the relevant pests; or

(ii) the place of production has been found free from Bemisia tabaci Genn. and other vectors of the

PLANTS ETC. FROM OUTSIDE THE

Clavibacter

.Xanthomonas

Dye

michiganensis ssp.
michiganensis (Smith)
Davis et al.

campestris pv. vesicatoria (Doidge)

		European Community
Item	Description of plants, plant products and other objects	Conditions of landing
(1)	(2)	(3)
		relevant pests on official inspections carried out at appropriate times; or (iii) the plants have been subjected to an appropriate treatment aimed at eradicating Bemisia tabaci Genn.
62.	Seeds of Helianthus annuus L.	Official statement that:
		(a) the seeds originate in areas known to be free from Plasmopara halstedii (Farlow) Berl. et de Toni; or (b) the seeds, other than those seeds that have been produced on varieties resistant to all races of Plasmopara halstedii (Farlow) Berl. et de Toni present in the area of production, have been subjected to an appropriate treatment against Plasmopara halstedii (Farlow) Berl. et de Toni.
63.	Seeds of <i>Lycopersicon lycopersicum</i> (L.) Karsten ex Farw.	Official statement that the seeds have been obtained by means of an appropriate acid extraction method or an equivalent method approved in accordance with the procedure laid down in Article 16a of Directive 77/93/EEC; and either
		(a) the seeds originate in areas where

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propean Community

		European Community
Item	Description of plants, plant products and other objects	Conditions of landing
(1)	(2)	(3)
		Potato spindle tuber viroid are not known to occur; or
	·	(b) no symptoms of diseases caused by the pests specified in sub-paragraph (a) have been observed on the plants at the place of production during their complete cycle of vegetation; or
		(c) the seeds have been subjected to official testing for at least the pests specified in sub-paragraph (a), on a representative sample and using appropriate methods and have been found, in these tests, free from those pests.
64.	Seeds of Medicago sativa L.	Official statement that:
		(a) no symptoms of Ditylenchus dipsaci (Kühn) Filipjev have been observed at the place of production since the beginning of the last complete cycle of vegetation and that no Ditylenchus dipsaci (Kühn) Filipjev has been revealed by laboratory tests on a representative sample; or (b) fumigation has taken place prior to export.
65.	Seeds of <i>Medicago sativa</i> L., originating in countries where	Without prejudice to Item 64, official statement that:
	Clavibacter michiganensis ssp. insidiosus Davis et al. is known to occur.	(a) Clavibacter michiganensis ssp. insidiosus Davis et al. has not been known to occur on the farm or in the immediate vicinity since the beginning of the past 10 years;

(b) either:

(i) the crop belongs to a variety recognised as

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Item	Description of plants, plant products and other objects	Conditions of landing
(1)	(2)	(3)

being highly resistant to Clavibacter michiganensis ssp. insidiosus Davis et al.; or

- (ii) it had not yet started its fourth complete cycle of vegetation from sowing when the seed was harvested and there was not more than one preceding seed harvest from the crop; or
- (iii) the content of inert matter which has been determined in accordance with the rules applicable for the certification of seed marketed in the European Community, does not exceed 0.1% by weight;
- (c) no symptoms of Clavibacter michiganensis ssp. insidiosus Davis et al. have been observed at the place of production, or on any Medicago sativa L. crop adjacent to it, during the last complete cycle of vegetation or, where appropriate, the last two cycles of vegetation; and
- (d) the crop has been grown on land on which no previous Medicago sativa L. crop has been present during the last three years prior to sowing.

Official statement that:

(a) the seeds have been officially tested by

SCHEDULE 4

PART A SECTION I

Plants etc. from outside the European Community

Item (1)	Description of plants, plant products and other objects (2)	Conditions of landing (3)
		appropriate nematological tests and have been found free from Aphelenchoides besseyi Christie; or
•		(b) the seeds have been subjected to an appropriate hot water treatment or other appropriate treatment against Aphelenchoides besseyi Christie.
67.	Seeds of Phaseolus L.	Official statement that:
		(a) the seeds originate in a country known to be free from Xanthomonas campestris pv. phaseoli (Smith) Dye; or
		(b) a representative sample of the seeds has been tested and found free from Xanthomonas campestris pv. phaseoli (Smith) Dye in these tests.
68.	Seeds of Zea mais L.	Official statement that:
		(a) the seeds originate in areas known to be free from <i>Erwinia stewartii</i> (Smith) Dye; or
,		(b) a representative sample of the seeds has been tested and found free from Erwinia stewartii (Smith) Dye in this test.

PART A

CONDITIONS TO BE MET BEFORE CERTAIN PLANTS, PLANT PRODUCTS AND OTHER OBJECTS MAY BE LANDED OR MOVED WITHIN THE EUROPEAN COMMUNITY

Section II

Plants, plant products and other objects originating in the European Community

		,
Item	Description of plants, plant products and other objects	Conditions of movement
(1)	(2)	(3)
1.	Plants of <i>Pinus</i> L., intended for planting, other than seeds.	Official statement that no symptoms of <i>Scirrhia pini</i> Funk et Parker have been observed at the place of production or in its immediate vicinity since the beginning of the last complete cycle of vegetation.
2.	Plants of: Abies Mill. Larix Mill. Picea A. Dietr. Pinus L. Pseudotsuga Carr. Tsuga Carr. intended for planting, other than seeds.	Without prejudice to Item 1, where appropriate, official statement that no symptoms of <i>Melampsora medusae</i> Thümen have been observed at the place of production or in its immediate vicinity since the beginning of the last complete cycle of vegetation.
3.	Plants of <i>Populus</i> L., intended for planting, other than seeds.	Official statement that no symptoms of <i>Melampsora medusae</i> Thümen have been observed at the place of production or in its immediate vicinity since the beginning of the last complete cycle of vegetation.
4.	Plants of: Castanea Mill. Quercus L. intended for planting, other than seeds.	Official statement that: (a) the plants originate in areas known to be free from Cryphonectria parasitica (Murrill) Barr; or (b) no symptoms of Cryphonectria parasitica (Murrill) Barr have been observed at the place of production or in its immediate vicinity since the beginning of the last complete cycle of vegetation.

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Plant Health PART A SECTION II

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(European strains); or

(b) the plants derive from a certification scheme requiring them to be

Item	Description of plants, plant products and other objects	Conditions of movement
(1)	(2)	(3)
5.	Plants of <i>Platanus</i> L., intended for planting, other than seeds.	Official statement that: (a) the plants originate in an area known to be free from Ceratocystis fimbriata f. sp. platani Walter; or (b) no symptoms of Ceratocystis fimbriata f. sp. platani Walter have been observed at the place of production or in its immediate vicinity since the beginning of the last
6.	Plants of: Chaenomeles Lindl. Cotoneaster Ehrh. Crataegus L. Cydonia Mill. Eriobotrya Lindl. Malus Mill. Mespilus L. Pyracantha Roem. Pyrus L. Sorbus L. other than Sorbus intermedia (Ehrh.) Pers.	complete cycle of vegetation. Official statement that: (a) the plants originate in zones recognised as being free from Erwinia amylovora (Burr.) Winsl. et al. in accordance with the procedure laid down in Article 16a of Directive 77/93/EEC; or (b) the plants in the field of production and in its immediate vicinity, which
7.	Stranvaesia Lindl. intended for planting, other than seeds. Plants of: Citrus L. Fortunella Swingle Poncirus Raf. and their hybrids, other than fruit and seeds.	have shown symptoms of Erwinia amylovora (Burr.) Winsl. et al., have been rogued out. Official statement that: (a) the plants originate in areas known to be free from Spiroplasma citri Saglio et al., Phoma tracheiphila (Petri) Kanchaveli and Gikashvili, Citrus vein enation woody gall and Citrus tristeza virus

Item	Description of plants, plant	"Conditions of movement
(1)	products and other objects (2)	(3)

derived in direct line from material which has been maintained under appropriate conditions and has been subjected to official individual testing for, at least, Citrus tristeza virus (European strains) and Citrus vein enation woody gall, using appropriate indicators or equivalent methods, approved in accordance with the procedure laid down in Article 16a of Directive 77/93/EEC and have been growing permanently in an insectproof glasshouse or in an isolated cage on which no symptoms of Spiroplasma citri Saglio et al., Phoma tracheiphila (Petri) Kanchaveli and Gikashvili, Citrus tristeza virus (European strains) and Citrus vein enation woody gall have been observed; or

(c) the plants:

(i) have been derived from a certification scheme requiring them to be derived in direct line from material which has been maintained under appropriate conditions and has been subjected to official individual testing for, at least, Citrus vein enation woody gall and Citrus tristeza virus (European strains),

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ORIGINATING IN THE
EUROPEAN COMMUNITY

Item .	Description of plants, plant products and other objects	Conditions of movement
(1)	(2)	(3)

using appropriate indicators or equivalent methods, approved in accordance with the procedure laid down in Article 16a of Directive 77/93/EEC and has been found, in these tests, free from Citrus tristeza virus (European strains) and certified free from, at least, Citrus tristeza virus (European strains) in official individual tests carried out according to the methods mentioned in this indent; and

(ii) have been inspected and no symptoms of Spiroplasma citri Saglio et al., Phoma tracheiphila (Petri) Kanchaveli and Gikashvili, Citrus vein enation woody gall and Citrus tristeza virus have been observed since the beginning of the last complete cycle of vegetation.

8. Plants of:
 Araceae
 Marantaceae
 Musaceae
 Persea spp.
 Strelitziaceae
 rooted or with growing medium attached or associated.

Official statement that:

(a) no contamination by Radopholus similis
(Cobb) Thorne has been observed at the place of production, since the beginning of the last complete cycle of vegetation; or

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PLANTS ETC.
ORIGINATING IN THE
EUROPEAN COMMUNITY

Item	Description of plants, plant products and other objects	Conditions of movement
(1)	(2)	(3)

- 9. Plants of:
 Fragaria L.
 Prunus L.
 Rubus L.
 intended for planting, other than seeds.
- (b) soil and roots from suspected plants have been subjected since the beginning of the last complete cycle of vegetation to official nematological testing for at least Radopholus similis (Cobb) Thorne and have been found, in these tests, free from that pest.
- (1) Official statement that:
 - (a) the plants originate in areas known to be free from the relevant pests set out in paragraph 2; or
 - (b) no symptoms of diseases caused by the relevant pests set out in paragraph 2 have been observed on plants at the place of production since the beginning of the last complete cycle of vegetation.
- (2) The relevant pests are:
 - (a) on Fragaria L.:

 Phytophthora
 fragariae Hickman
 var fragariae
 Arabis mosaic virus
 Raspberry ringspot virus
 Strawberry crinkle virus
 Strawberry latent
 ringspot virus
 Strawberry mild yellow
 edge virus
 Tomato black ring virus
 Xanthomonas
 fragariae Kennedy et
 King;
 - (b) on Prunus L.:
 Apricot chlorotic
 leafroll mycoplasm

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EUROPEAN COMMUNITY

Item	Description of plants, plant products and other objects	Conditions of movement
(1)	(2)	(3)
		Xanthomonas campestris pv. pruni (Smith) Dye;
u		(c) on Prunus persica (L.) Batsch: Pseudomonas syringae pv. persicae (Prunier et al.) Young et al.; and
	·	(d) on Rubus L.: Arabis mosaic virus Raspberry ringspot virus Strawberry latent ringspot virus Tomato black ring virus.
10.	Plants of: Cydonia Mill.	Without prejudice to Item 6, official statement that:
	Pyrus L. intended for planting, other than seeds.	(a) the plants originate in areas known to be free from Pear decline mycoplasm; or
		(b) the plants at the place of production and in its immediate vicinity, which have shown symptoms giving rise to the suspicion of contamination by Pear decline mycoplasm, have been rogued out at that place within the last three complete cycles of vegetation.
11.	Plants of Fragaria L., intended for planting, other than seeds.	Without prejudice to Item 9, official statement that:
		(a) the plants originate in areas known to be free from Aphelenchoides besseyi Christie; or
		(b) no symptoms of Aphelenchoides besseyi Christie have been observed on plants at the place of production since the beginning of the last complete cycle of vegetation; or

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Item	Description of plants, plant products and other objects	Conditions of movement
(1)	(2)	(3)
		(c) in the case of plants in

- 12. Plants of Malus Mill., intended for planting, other than seeds.
- have been derived from plants complying with subparagraph (b) or have been officially tested by appropriate nematological methods and have been found free from Aphelenchoides besseyi Christie. Without prejudice to Item 6,

tissue culture, the plants

- official statement that: (a) the plants originate in areas known to be free from Apple proliferation
 - mycoplasm; or (b) (i) the plants, other than those raised from seed. have been either:
 - officially certified under a certification scheme requiring them to be derived in direct line from material which has been maintained under appropriate conditions and subjected to official testing for, at least, Apple proliferation mycoplasm using appropriate indicators or equivalent methods and has been found, in these tests, free
 - derived in direct line from material which is maintained under appropriate conditions and has been subjected,

from that pest; or

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Item	Description of plants, plant products and other objects	Conditions of movement
(1)	(2)	(3)

within the last six complete cycles of vegetation, at least once, to official testing for, at least, Apple proliferation mycoplasm using appropriate indicators or equivalent methods and has been found, in these tests, free from that pest; and

(ii) no symptoms of diseases caused by Apple proliferation mycoplasm have been observed on plants at the place of production, or on susceptible plants in its immediate vicinity, since the beginning of the last three complete cycles of vegetation.

13. Plants of the following species of *Prunus* L., intended for planting, other than seeds:

Prunus amygdalus Batsch Prunus armeniaca L. Prunus blireiana Andre Prunus brigantina Vill, Prunus cerasifera Ehrh. Prunus cistena Hansen Prunus curdica Fenzl and Fritsch. Prunus domestica ssp.

Prunus domestica ssp. domestica L. Prunus domestica ssp.

insititia (L.) C.K. Schneid. Prunus domestica ssp. italica (Borkh.) Hegi.

Prunus glandulosa Thunb. Prunus holosericea Batal. Prunus hortulana Bailey Prunus japonica Thunb. Without prejudice to Item 9, official statement that:

- (a) the plants originate in areas known to be free from Plum pox virus; or
- (b) (i) the plants, other than those raised from seed, have been either:
 - officially certified under a certification scheme requiring them to be derived in direct line from material which has been maintained under appropriate conditions and subjected to official testing for, at least, Plum pox virus

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Item	Description of plants, plant products and other objects	Conditions of landing
(1)	(2)	(3)
	Prunus mandshurica (Maxim.) Koehne Prunus maritima Marsh. Prunus mume Sieb. et Zucc. Prunus nigra Ait. Prunus persica (L.) Batsch Prunus salicina L. Prunus sibirica L. Prunus simonii Carr. Prunus spinosa L. Prunus tomentosa Thunb. Prunus triloba Lindl. other species of Prunus L. susceptible to Plum pox virus.	using appropriate indicators or equivalent methods and has been found, in these tests, free from that pest; or — derived in direct line from material which is maintained under appropriate conditions and has been subjected, within the last three complete cycles of vegetation, at least once, to official testing for at least Plum pox virus using appropriate indicators or equivalent methods and has been found, in these tests, free from that pest;
		(ii) no symptoms of disease caused by Plum pox virus have been observed on plants at the place of production or on susceptible plants in its immediate vicinity, since the beginning of the last three complete cycles of vegetation; and (iii) plants at the place of production which have shown symptoms of disease caused by other viruses or virus-like pathogens, have been rogued out.

14. Plants of *Vitis* L., other than fruit and seeds.

Official statement that no symptoms of Grapevine Flavescence dorée MLO and *Xylophilus ampelinus* (Panagopoulos) Willems et al. have

PLANTS ETC.
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		LOROFEAN COMMONITI
Item	Description of plants, plant products and other objects	Conditions of landing
(1)	(1) (2)	(3)
		been observed on the mother-stock plants at the place of production since the beginning of the last two complete cycles of vegetation.
15.	Tubers of Solanum tuberosum	Official statement that:
	L., intended for planting.	(a) the Community provisions to combat Synchytrium endobioticum (Schilbersky) Percival have been complied with; and
		(b) either:
		(i) the tubers originate in an area known to be free from Clavibacter michiganensis ssp. sepedonicus (Spieckermann et Kotthoff) Davis et al.; or (ii) the Community
		provisions to combat Clavibacter michiganensis ssp. sepedonicus (Spieckermann et Kotthoff) Davis et al. have been complied with; and
		(c) the tubers originate from a field known to be free from Globodera rostochiensis (Wollenweber) Behrens and Globodera pallida (Stone) Behrens.
16.	Tubers of Solanum tuberosum L., intended for planting, other	Without prejudice to Item 15, official statement that the tubers:
	than tubers of those varieties officially accepted in one or more Member States of the European Community pursuant to Directive 70/457/EEC(a).	(a) belong to advanced selections such a statement being indicated in an appropriate way on the document accompanying the relevant tubers;

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ORIGINATING IN THE **EUROPEAN COMMUNITY**

Item	Description of plants, plant products and other objects	Conditions of landing
(1)	(2)	(3)
	,	(b) have been produced within

17 Plants of stolon- or tuber-forming species of Solanum L., or their hybrids, intended for planting, other than those tubers of Solanum tuberosum L. specified in Item 15 or 16 and other than culture maintenance material being stored in genebanks or genetic stock collections.

- the Community; and
- (c) have been derived in direct line from material which has been maintained under appropriate conditions and has been subjected within the European Community to official quarantine testing in accordance with appropriate methods and has been found. in these tests, free from pests.
- (1) The plants shall have been held under quarantine conditions and shall have been found free of any pests in quarantine testing.
- (2) The quarantine testing referred to in paragraph (1) shall:
 - (a) be supervised by the official Plant Protection Organisation of the Member State of the European Community concerned and executed by scientifically trained staff of that organisation or of any officially approved body;
 - (b) be executed at a site provided with appropriate facilities sufficient to contain pests and maintain the material including indicator plants in such a way as to eliminate any risk of spreading pests;
 - (c) be executed on each unit of the material:
 - (i) by visual examination at regular intervals during the full length of at least one vegetative cycle, having regard to the

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EUROPEAN COMMUNITY

Item	Description of plants, plant products and other objects	Conditions of landing
(1)	(2)	(3)
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type of material and its stage of development during the testing programme, for symptoms caused by any pests;

- (ii) by testing, in accordance with appropriate methods to be submitted to the Committee referred to in Article 16a of Directive 77/93/EEC:
 - in the case of all potato material at least for Andean potato latent virus Arracacha virus B, oca strain Potato black ringspot virus Potato spindle tuber viroid Potato virus T Andean potato mottle virus common potato viruses A, M, S, V, X,Y (including Y° , Y^{n} and Y^{c}) and Potato leafroll virus Clavibacter michiganensis ssp. sepedonicus " (Spieckermann et

Kotthoff)
Davis et al.;

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Item	Description of plants, plant products and other objects	Conditions of landing
(1)	(2)	(3)

- in the case of true seed of potato at least for the viruses and viroid listed in this subhead; and
- (d) by appropriate testing on any other symptom observed in the visual examination in order to identify the pests having caused such symptoms.
- (3) Any material which has not been found free under the testing specified under paragraph (2) from pests as specified under paragraph (2) shall be immediately destroyed or subjected to procedures which eliminate the pests.
- (4) Each organisation or research body holding this material shall inform their official Plant Protection Organisation of the material held.

Each organisation or research body holding such material shall inform their official Plant Protection Organisation of the material held.

There shall be evidence by a registration number put on the packaging, or in the case of loose loaded potatoes transported in bulk, on the vehicle transporting the potatoes, that the potatoes have been grown by an officially registered producer, or originate from officially registered collective storage or despatching centres located in the area of production, indicating that the tubers are free from *Pseudomonas solanacearum* (Smith) Smith and that:

(a) the Community provisions to combat Synchytrium endobioticum (Schilbersky) Percival; and

- 18. Plants of stolon- or tuber-forming species of *Solanum* L., or their hybrids, intended for planting, being stored in genebanks or genetic stock collections.
- 19. Tubers of *Solanum tuberosum*L., other than those mentioned in Items 15 to 18.

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Item Description of plants, plant products and other objects
(1) (2) Conditions of landing (3)

20. Plants of Solanaceae, intended for planting, other than seeds and other than plants mentioned in Item 18 or 19.

21. Plants of *Humulus lupulus* L., intended for planting, other than seeds.

Dendranthema (DC.) Des Moul.
Dianthus L.
Pelargonium L'Hérit ex Ait.
intended for planting, other than seeds.

Plants of:

22.

(b) where appropriate, the Community provisions to combat Clavibacter michiganensis ssp. sepedonicus (Spieckermann et Kotthoff) Davis et al.

are complied with.

Without prejudice to Items 15 to 17, where appropriate, official statement that:

- (a) the plants originate in areas known to be free from Potato stolbur mycoplasm; or
- (b) no symptoms of Potato stolbur mycoplasm have been observed on the plants at the place of production since the beginning of the last complete cycle of vegetation.

Official statement that no symptoms of Verticillium albo-atrum Reinke and Berthold and Verticillium dahliae Klebahn have been observed on hops at the place of production since the beginning of the last complete cycle of vegetation.

Official statement that:

- (a) no signs of Heliothis
 armigera Hübner or
 Spodoptera littloralis
 (Boisd.) have been observed
 at the place of production
 since the beginning of the
 last complete cycle of
 vegetation; or
- (b) the plants have undergone appropriate treatment to protect them from the pests specified in sub-paragraph (a).

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ORIGINATING IN THE

(c) in the case of unrooted cuttings no symptoms of

		European Community
Item	Description of plants, plant products and other objects	Conditions of landing
(1)	(2)	(3)
23.	Plants of <i>Dendranthema</i> (DC.) Des Moul., intended for	Without prejudice to Item 22, official statement that:
	planting, other than seeds.	(a) the plants are no more than third generation stock derived from material which has been found to be free from Chrysanthemum stunt viroid during virological tests or are directly derived from material of which a representative sample of at least 10% has been found to be free from Chrysanthemum stunt viroid during an official inspection carried out at the time of flowering.
		flowering; (b) the plants or cuttings have come from premises:
		(i) which have been officially inspected at least monthly during the three months prior to despatch and on which no symptoms of <i>Puccinia horiana</i> Hennings have been observed during that period and in the immediate vicinity of
		which no symptoms of <i>Puccinia horiana</i> Hennings have been known to have occurred during the three months prior to marketing; or
		(ii) the consignment has undergone appropriate treatment against <i>Puccinia horiana</i> Hennings; and
,	•	45

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No. 256 PLANTS ETC. ORIGINATING IN THE EUROPEAN COMMUNITY

Description of plants, plant Conditions of landing Item products and other objects (1)(2)(3)Didymella ligulicola (Baker, Dimock et Davis) v. Arx were observed either on the cuttings or on the plants from which the cuttings were derived or that, in the case of rooted cuttings, no symptoms of *Didymella* ligulicola (Baker, Dimock et Davis) v. Arx were observed either on the cuttings or on the rooting bed. 24. Plants of Dianthus L., intended Without prejudice to Item 22, official statement that: for planting, other than seeds. (a) the plants have been derived in direct line from mother plants which have been found free from Erwinia chrysanthemi pv. dianthicola (Hellmers) Dickey, Pseudomonas caryophylli (Burkholder) Starr et Burkholder and Phialophora cinerescens (Wollenw.) van Beyma on officially approved tests carried out at least once within the two previous years; and (b) no symptoms of the pests specified in sub-paragraph (a) have been observed on the plants. 25. Bulbs of: Official statement that no symptoms Tulipa L. of Ditylenchus dipsaci (Kühn) Narcissus L. Filipiev have been observed on the other than those for which there plants since the beginning of the last shall be evidence by their complete cycle of vegetation. packaging, or by other means,

that they are intended for sale to final consumers not involved in professional cut flower

production.

		EUROPEAN COMMUNITY
Item	Description of plants, plant products and other objects	Conditions of landing
(1)	(2)	(3)
26.	Plants of: Apium graveolens L. Argyranthemum spp. Aster spp. Brassica spp. Capsicum annuum L. Cucumis spp. Dendranthema (DC.) Des Moul. Dianthus L. and hybrids Exacum spp. Gerbera Cass. Gypsophila L. Lactuca spp. Leucanthemum L. Lupinus L. Lycopersicon lycopersicum (L.) Karsten ex Farw. Solanum melongena L. Spinacia L. Tanacetum L. Verbena L. intended for planting, other than seeds.	Without prejudice to Items 22 to 24, where appropriate, official statement that: (a) the plants originate in an area known to be free from Liriomyza bryoniae (Kaltenbach), Liriomyza huidobrensis (Blanchard) and Liriomyza trifolii (Burgess); or (b) no signs of Liriomyza bryoniae (Kaltenbach), Liriomyza huidobrensis (Blanchard) or Liriomyza trifolii (Burgess) have been observed at the place of production, on official inspections carried out at least monthly during the three months prior to harvesting; or (c) immediately prior to marketing the plants have been inspected and found free from signs of the relevant pests and have been subjected to an appropriate treatment aimed at eradicating Liriomyza bryoniae (Kaltenbach), Liriomyza huidobrensis (Blanchard) and Liriomyza
27.	Plants with roots, planted or intended for planting, grown in	trifolii (Burgess). There shall be evidence that the place of production is known to be

the open air.

the n to be free from Clavibacter michiganensis ssp. sepedonicus (Spieckermann et Kotthoff) Davis et al., Globodera pallida (Stone) Behrens, Globodera rostochiensis (Wollenweber) Behrens and Synchytrium endobioticum (Schilbersky) Percival.

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Plants etc.

Originating in the
European Community

	•	European Community
Item	Description of plants, plant products and other objects	Conditions of landing
. (1)	(2)	(3)
28.	Plants of <i>Beta vulgaris</i> L., intended for planting, other than	Official statement that: (a) the plants originate in areas
*	seeds.	known to be free from Beet leaf curl virus; or
		(b) Beet leaf curl virus has not been known to occur in the area of production and no symptoms of Beet leaf curl virus have been observed at the place of production or in its immediate vicinity since the beginning of the last complete cycle of vegetation.
29.	Seeds of Helianthus annuus L.	Official statement that:
	•	(a) the seeds originate in areas known to be free form Plasmopara halstedii (Farlow) Berl. et de Toni; or
		(b) the seeds, other than those seeds that have been produced on varieties resistant to all races of Plasmopara halstedii (Farlow) Berl. et de Toni present in the area of production, have been subjected to an appropriate treatment against Plasmopara halstedii (Farlow) Berl. et de Toni.
30.	Seeds of Lycopersicon lycopersicum (L.) Karsten ex Farw.	(1) Official statement that the seeds have been obtained by means of an appropriate acid extraction method or an equivalent method approved in accordance with the procedure laid down in Article 16a of Directive 77/93/EEC.
		(2) Official statement that either—
		(a) the seeds originate in areas where Clavibacter michiganensis ssp. michiganensis (Smith)
•	· ·	Davis et al. or

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EUROPEAN COMMUNITY

has not been known to

Item	Description of plants, plant products and other objects	Conditions of landing
(1)	(2)	(3)
		Xanthomonas campestris pv. vesicatoria (Doidge) Dye are not known to occur; or
		(b) no symptoms of diseases caused by the pests specified in sub-paragraph (a) have been observed on the plants at the place of production during their last complete cycle of vegetation; or
•		(c) the seeds have been subjected to official testing for at least the pests specified in sub-paragraph (a), on a representative sample and using appropriate methods, and have been found, in these tests, to be free from those pests.
31.	Seeds of Medicago sativa L.	Official statement that:
		(a) no symptoms of Ditylenchus dipsaci (Kühn) Filipjev have been observed at the place of production since the beginning of the last complete cycle of vegetation and that no Ditylenchus dipsaci (Kühn) Filipjev has been revealed by laboratory tests on a representative sample; or
		(b) that fumigation has taken place prior to marketing.
32.	Seeds of Medicago sativa L.	Without prejudice to Item 31, official statement that:
		(a) the seeds originate in areas known to be free from Clavibacter michiganensis ssp. insidiosus Davis et al.; and
		(b) (i) Clavibacter michiganensis ssp. insidiosus Davis et al.

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Item	Description of plants, plant products and other objects	Conditions of landing
(1)	(2)	(3)
	•	occur on the farm or in

occur on the farm or in the immediate vicinity since the beginning of the past 10 years;

(ii) either:

- the crop belongs to a variety recognised as being highly resistant to Clavibacter michiganensis ssp. insidiosus Davis et al.; or
- it had not yet started its fourth complete cycle of vegetation from sowing when the seed was harvested and there was not more than one preceding seed harvest from the crop; or
- the content of inert matter which has been determined in accordance with the rules applicable for certification of seed marketed in the European Community, does not exceed 0.1% by weight;
- (iii) no symptoms of Clavibacter michiganensis ssp. insidiosus Davis et al. have been observed at the place of production or on any Medicago sativa L. crop adjacent to it during the last complete cycle of vegetation or, where

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Item (1)	Description of plants, plant products and other objects (2)	Conditions of landing (3)
		appropriate, the last two cycles of vegetation; and
		(iv) the crop has been grown on land on which no previous <i>Medicago</i> sativa L. crop has been present during the last three years prior to sowing.
33.	Seeds of Phaseolus L.	Official statement that:
		 (a) the seeds originate in areas known to be free from Xanthomonas campestris pv. phaseoli (Smith) Dye; or (b) a representative sample of the seeds has been tested and found free from Xanthomonas campestris pv. phaseoli (Smith) Dye in these tests.
34.	Fruits of: Citrus L. Fortunella Swingle Poncirus Raf. and their hybrids.	The packaging shall bear an appropriate origin mark.
35.	Fruits of: Citrus L. Fortunella Swingle Poncirus Raf. and their hybrids, other than fruits of Citrus clementina Hort. ex Tanaka, originating in France (Corsica).	Without prejudice to Item 34, the fruits shall be free from leaves and peduncles.

Plant Health SCHEDULE 4

PART B

CONDITIONS TO BE MET BEFORE PLANTS, PLANT PRODUCTS AND OTHER OBJECTS MAY BE INTRODUCED INTO OR MOVED WITHIN CERTAIN PROTECTED ZONES

Item	Description of plants, plant products and other objects	Conditions of movement	Protected zones
(1)	(2)	(3)	(4)
1.	Plants of conifers (Coniferales), other than fruit and seeds, over 3m. in height.	Without prejudice to Schedule 3A Item 1, Schedule 4AI Items 1 to 4 and Schedule 4AII Items 1 and 2, where appropriate, official statement that the place of production is free from Dendroctonus micans Kugelan.	Greece Ireland Italy Portugal Spain United Kingdom(a).
2.	Plants of conifers (Coniferales), other than fruit and seeds, over 3m. in height.	Without prejudice to Schedule 3A Item 1, Schedule 4AI Items 1 to 4, Schedule 4AII Items 1 and 2 and Schedule 4B Item 1, where appropriate, official statement that the place of production is free from <i>Ips duplicatus</i> Sahlberg.	Greece Ireland Italy Portugal Spain United Kingdom.
3.	Plants of conifers (Coniferales), other than fruit and seeds, over 3m. in height.	Without prejudice to Schedule 3A Item 1, Schedule 4AI Items 1 to 4, Schedule 4AII Items 1 and 2 and Schedule 4B Items 1 and 2, where appropriate, official statement that the place of production is free from <i>Ips typographus</i> Heer.	Greece Ireland Portugal Spain United Kingdom.

⁽a) Scotland, Northern Ireland, England [the following counties:—Bedfordshire, Berkshire, Buckinghamshire, Cambridgeshire, Cleveland, Cornwall, Cumbria, Devon, Dorset, Durham, Essex, Hampshire, Hertfordshire, Humberside, Kent, Lincolnshire, Norfolk, Northamptonshire, Northumberland, Nottinghamshire, Oxfordshire, Somerset, Suffolk, Surrey, Sussex East, Sussex West, Tyne and Wear, Wiltshire, Yorkshire South and Yorkshire West; and the following parts of counties:—Avon (that part of the county to the north of the southern boundary of the M4 motorway), Derbyshire (the districts of North East Derbyshire, Chesterfield and Bolsover), Leicestershire (the districts of Charnwood, Melton, Rutland, Harborough, Oadby and Wigston, Leicester and Blaby) and Yorkshire North (the districts of Scarborough, Ryedale, Hambleton, Richmondshire, Harrogate, York and Selby)], Isle of Man, Isle of Wight and Isles of Scilly

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Item	Description of plants, plant products and other objects	Conditions of movement	Protected zones
(1)	(2)	(3)	(4)
4.	Plants of conifers (Coniferales), other than fruit and seeds, over 3m. in height.	Without prejudice to Schedule 3A Item 1, Schedule 4AI Items 1 to 4, Schedule 4AII Items 1 and 2 and Schedule 4B Items 1 to 3, where appropriate, official statement that the place of production is free from <i>Ips amitinus</i> Eichhof.	France (Corsica) Greece Ireland Italy Portugal Spain United Kingdom.
5.	Plants of conifers (Coniferales), other than fruit and seeds, over 3m. in height.	Without prejudice to Schedule 3A Item 1, Schedule 4AI Items 1 to 4, Schedule 4AII Items 1 and 2 and Schedule 4B Items 1 to 4, where appropriate, official statement that the place of production is free from <i>Ips cembrae</i> Heer.	Greece Ireland Portugal Spain United Kingdom (Northern Ireland, Isle of Man).
6.	Plants of conifers (Coniferales), other than fruit and seeds, over 3m. in height.	Without prejudice to Schedule 3A Item 1, Schedule 4AI Items 1 to 4, Schedule 4AII Items 1 and 2 and Schedule 4B Items 1 to 5, where appropriate, official statement that the place of production is free from <i>Ips sexdentatus</i> Boerner.	Greece Ireland United Kingdom (Northern Ireland, Isle of Man).
7.	Plants of conifers (Coniferales), other than fruit and seeds.	Without prejudice to Schedule 3A Item 1, Schedule 4AI Items 1 to 4, Schedule 4AII Items 1 and 2 and Schedule 4B Items 1 to 6, where appropriate, official statement that the place of production is free from <i>Pissodes</i> spp. (European).	Ireland United Kingdom (Northern Ireland, Isle of Man).
8.	Plants of <i>Larix</i> Mill., intended for planting, other than seeds.	Without prejudice to Schedule 3A Item 1, Schedule 4AI Items 1, 2 and 4, Schedule 4AII Item 2 and Schedule 4B Items 1 to 7,	France Ireland United Kingdom (Northern Ireland, Isle of Man).

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PLANTS ETC. AND PROTECTED ZONES

Item	Description of plants, plant products and other objects	Conditions of movement	Protected zones
(1)	(2)	(3)	(4)
		official statement that the plants have been produced in nurseries and that the place of production is free from Cephalcia lariciphila (Klug.).	
9.	Plants of: Pinus L. Picea A. Dietr. Larix Mill. Abies Mill. Pseudotsuga Carr. intended for planting, other than seeds.	Without prejudice to Schedule 3A Item 1, Schedule 4AI Items 1 to 3, Schedule 4AII Item 1 and Schedule 4B Items 1 to 8, where appropriate, official statement that the plants have been produced in nurseries and that the place of production is free from Gremmeniella abietina (Lag.) Morelet.	Ireland United Kingdom (Northern Ireland, Isle of Man).
10.	Plants of <i>Pinus</i> L., intended for planting, other than seeds.	Without prejudice to Schedule 3A Item 1, Schedule 4AI Items 1 to 3, Schedule 4AII Items 1 to 7 and Schedule 4B Items 1 to 7 and 9, official statement that the plants have been produced in nurseries and that the place of production and its immediate vicinity is free from Thaumetopoea pityocampa (Den. et Schiff.).	Spain (Ibiza).
11.	Plants of <i>Picea</i> A. Dietr., intended for planting, other than seeds.	Without prejudice to Schedule 3A Item 1, Schedule 4AI Items 1, 2 and 4, Schedule 4AII Items 2 and Schedule 4B Items 1 to 7 and 9, official statement that the plants have been produced in nurseries and that the place of production is free from Gilpinia hercyniae (Hartig).	France Greece Ireland United Kingdom (Northern Ireland, Isle of Man).

SCHEDULE 4		PARI D	PROTECTED ZONE
Item	Description of plants, plant products and other objects	Conditions of movement	Protected zones
(1)	(2)	(3) -	(4)
12.	Plants of Eucalyptus L'Hérit, other than fruit and seeds.	Official statement that: (a) the plants are free from soil and have been subjected to a treatment against Gonipterus scutellatus Gyll.; or (b) the plants originate in areas known to be free from Gonipterus scutellatus Gyll.	Greece Portugal.
13.	Tubers of Solanum tuberosum L., intended for planting.	Without prejudice to Schedule 3A Items 5 and 6, Schedule 4AI Items 30 to 35 and Schedule 4AII Items 15 to 20, official statement that the tubers: (a) were grown in an area where Beet necrotic yellow vein virus is known not to occur; or	Denmark Ireland Portugal (Azores) United Kingdom.
		 (b) were grown on land or in growing media consisting of soil that is known to be free from Beet necrotic yellow vein virus or officially tested by appropriate methods and found free from Beet necrotic yellow vein virus; or (c) have been washed free from soil. 	
14.	Tubers of Solanum tuberosum L., other than those mentioned in Item 13 and other than	The consignment or lot shall not contain more than 1% by weight of soil.	Denmark Ireland Portugal (Azores) United Kingdom.

those intended for starch production at premises with approved waste disposal facilities.

Item	Description of plants, plant products and	(
	other objects	
(1)	(2)	

Conditions of movement
(3)

Protected zones

(4)

15. Plants and live pollen

for pollination of: Chaenomeles Lindl. Cotoneaster Ehrh. Crataegus L. Cydonia Mill. Eriobotrya Lindl. Malus Mill. Mespilus L. Pyracantha Roem. Pyrus L. Sorbus L. other than Sorbus intermedia (Ehrh.) Pers. Stranvaesia Lindl. other than fruit and seeds.

Without prejudice to Schedule 3A Items 4 and 13 and Schedule 3B Item 1, where appropriate, official statement that:

- (a) the plants originate in the protected zones listed in column (4) opposite this Item; or
 - (b) the plants have been produced or, if moved into a "buffer zone", maintained, for a period of at least one year, on a field:
 - (i) located in an officially designated "buffer zone" covering at least 50 km², that is, an area where host plants are subjected to an officially approved and supervised control regime with the object of minimising the risk of Erwinia amylovora (Burr.) Winsl. et al. being spread from the plants grown there;
 - (ii) which has been officially approved, before the start of the last complete cycle of vegetation, for the

France (Champagne-Ardennes, Alsace — except department of Bas-Rhin. Lorraine. Franche-Comté. Rhône-Alpes, Bourgogne, Auvergne, Provence-Alpes-Côte d'Àzur, Corse. Languedoc-Roussillon) Ireland Italy Portugal Spain Únited Kingdom (Northern Ireland, Isle of Man. Channel Islands).

PART B

PLANTS ETC. AND PROTECTED ZONES

			PROTECTED ZONES
Item	Description of plants, plant products and other objects	Conditions of movement	Protected zones
(1)	(2)	(3)	(4)
		cultivation of plants under the require- ments laid down in this sub- paragraph; (iii) which, as well as the other parts of the "buffer zone", has been	
		found free from Erwinia amylovora (Burr.) Winsl. et al. since the beginning of the last complete cycle of vegetation:	
		— at official inspections carried out at least twice in the field, as well as in the surrounding	
		zone of a radius of at least 250m., that is, once during July/ August and once during	
		September/ October; — at official	. ,

spot checks carried out in

surrounding zone of a radius of at least 1 km.,

at least once during July to October, in

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PLANTS ETC. AND
PROTECTED ZONES

Item	Description of plants, plant products and other objects	Conditions of movement	Protected zones
(1)	(2)	(3)	(4)

appropriate places, in particular where appropriate indicator plants are present; and at official tests carried out in accordance with an appropriate láborátory method on samples officially drawn, since the start of the last complete cycle of vegetation, from plants having shown symptoms of Erwinia amylovora (Burr.) Winsl. et al. on the field or in other parts of the "buffer zone"; and

selected

(iv) from which, as well as from the other parts of the "buffer zone", no host plants showing symptoms of Erwinia amylovora

PLANTS ETC. AND PROTECTED ZONES

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			-110120122 201.25
Item	Description of plants, plant products and other objects	Conditions of movement	Protected zones
(1)	(2)	(3)	(4)

(Burr.) Winsl. et al. have been removed without prior official investigation or approval.

16. Plants of:

Allium porrum L.
Apium L.
Beta L.
Brassica napus L.
Brassica rapa L.
Daucus L.
other than plants
intended for planting.

The consignment or lot shall not contain more than 1% by weight of soil.

Denmark Ireland Portugal (Azores) United Kingdom.

- 17. Plants of *Beta vulgaris* L., intended for planting other than seeds.
- (1) Without prejudice to Schedule 4AI Items 48 and 49, Schedule 4AII Item 28 and Schedule 4B Item 16, official statement that the plants:
- Denmark Ireland Portugal (Azores) United Kingdom.
- (a) have been officially individually tested and found free from Beet necrotic yellow vein virus; or
- (b) have been grown from seeds complying with the requirements listed in Item 22; and
 - (i) grown in areas where Beet necrotic yellow vein virus is known not to occur; or
 - (ii) grown on land, or in growing media, officially tested by appropriate methods and found free from

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SCHEDULE	4

No. 256
PLANTS ETC. AND
PROTECTED ZONES

			I KOTECTED ZONES
Item	Description of plants, plant products and other objects	Conditions of movement	Protected zones
(1)	(2)	(3)	(4)

Beet necrotic yellow vein virus; and

- (iii) sampled and the sample tested and found free from Beet necrotic yellow vein virus.
- (2) The organisation or research body holding the material shall inform the official Plant Protection Organisation in their country of the material held.

18. Plants of:

Begonia L.

Euphorbia pulcherrima Willd. other than those for which there shall be evidence by their packaging or their flower (or bract) development or by other means that they are intended for sale to final consumers not involved in professional plant production, intended for planting, other than seeds.

Official statement that:

- (a) the plants originate in an area known to be free from Bemisia tabaci Genn.; or
- (b) no signs of Bemisia tabaci Genn. have been observed on plants at the place of production on official inspections carried out, at least monthly, during the three months prior to marketing; or
- (c) immediately prior to marketing the plants have been subjected to an appropriate treatment aimed at eradicating Bemisia tabaci Genn. and have been inspected and found free from signs of the living pest.

19. Plants of *Beta vulgaris*L., intended for animal

fodder.

Official statement that the consignment of plants has been either:

Denmark
Ireland
Portugal
United Kingdom.

Denmark Ireland Portugal (Azores)

PLANTS ETC. AND PROTECTED ZONES

Item	Description of plants, plant products and other objects	Conditions of movement	Protected zones
(1)	(2)	(3).	(4)
		 (a) heat treated to eliminate contamination with Beet necrotic yellow vein virus; or (b) processed to remove soil and lateral roots and to de-vitalise the 	United Kingdom.
20.	Plants of Beta vulgaris L., intended for industrial processing.	plants. Official statement that the plants are intended for industrial processing, for delivery to processing enterprises with appropriate controlled waste disposal to prevent the spread of Beet necrotic yellow vein virus and transported in such a manner as to ensure that there is no risk of spread of that pest.	Denmark Ireland Portugal (Azores) United Kingdom.
21.	Soil and unsterilised waste from beet.	Official statement that the soil or waste has been treated to eliminate contamination with Beet necrotic yellow vein virus.	Denmark Ireland Portugal (Azores) United Kingdom.
22.	Seeds of Beta vulgaris L.	Official statement that: (a) the seeds satisfy the conditions laid down in Annex 1(B)(3) of Directive 66/400/ EEC(a); or (b) the seeds have been produced from a crop grown in an area where Beet necrotic yellow vein virus is known not to occur.	Denmark Ireland Portugal (Azores) United Kingdom.

No. 256
PLANTS ETC. AND
PROTECTED ZONES

Item	Description of plants, plant products and other objects	Conditions of movement	Protected zones
(1)	(2)	(3)	(4)
23.	Seeds of Gossypium spp.	Official statement that: (a) the seed has been acid-delinted; and (b) no symptoms of Glomerella gossypii Edgerton have been observed at the place of production since the beginning of the last complete cycle of vegetation and that a representative sample has been found free from Glomerella gossypii Edgerton in those tests.	Greece Italy (Sicily).
24.	Seeds of Mangifera spp.	Official statement that the seeds originate in areas known to be free from Sternochetus mangifera Fabricius.	Portugal Spain.
25.	Used agricultural machinery.	The machinery shall be cleaned and free from soil and plant debris.	Denmark Ireland Portugal (Azores) United Kingdom.

Articles 4 to 8, 10 to 12, 15, 21 and 29

Plants, plant products and other objects which must be subject to a plant health inspection — at the place of production if originating in the European Community, before being moved within the European Community — in the country of origin or the consignor country, if originating outside the European Community, before being permitted to enter the European Community

PART A

PLANTS, PLANT PRODUCTS AND OTHER OBJECTS ORIGINATING IN THE EUROPEAN COMMUNITY

SECTION I

Plants, plant products and other objects which are potential carriers of pests of relevance for the entire European Community and which must be accompanied by a plant passport

- 1. Plants and plant products:
- (a) plants intended for planting other than seeds of the genera Chaenomeles Lindl., Cotoneaster Ehrh., Crataegus L., Cydonia Mill., Eriobotrya Lindl., Malus Mill., Mespilus L., Prunus L., Pyracantha Roem., Pyrus L., Sorbus L. (other than Sorbus intermedia (Ehrh.) Pers.) and Stranvaesia Lindl.;
- (b) plants of Beta vulgaris L. and Humulus lupulus L., intended for planting, other than seeds;
- (c) plants of stolon- or tuber-forming species of Solanum L. or their hybrids, intended for planting;
- (d) plants of Fortunella Swingle, Poncirus Raf. and their hybrids and Vitis L., other than fruit and seeds;
- (e) without prejudice to sub-paragraph (f), plants of Citrus L. and its hybrids, other than fruit and seeds; and
- (f) fruits of Citrus clementina L. with peduncles and leaves.
- 2. Plants, plant products and other objects produced by producers whose production and sale is authorised to persons professionally engaged in plant production, other than those plants, plant products and other objects which are prepared and ready for sale to the final consumer, and for which it is ensured by the responsible official bodies of the European Community, that the production thereof is clearly separate from that of other products:
 - (a) plants intended for planting other than seeds of the genera Abies Mill., Apium graveolens L., Argyranthemum spp., Aster spp., Brassica spp., Castanea Mill., Cucumis spp., Dendranthema (DC.) Des Moul., Dianthus L. and hybrids, Exacum spp., Fragaria L., Gerbera Cass., Gypsophila L., all varieties of New Guinea hybrids of Impatiens L., Lactuca spp., Larix Mill., Leucanthemum L., Lupinus L., Pelargonium L'Hérit ex Ait., Picea A. Dietr., Pinus L., Platanus L., Populus L., Pseudotsuga Carr., Quercus L., Rubus L., Spinacia L., Tanacetum L., Tsuga Carr. and Verbena L.;
 - (b) plants of Solanaceae, other than those referred to in paragraph 1(c), intended for planting, other than seeds;

PART A PLANTS ETC. ORIGINATING IN THE EUROPEAN COMMUNITY

- (c) plants of Araceae, Marantaceae, Musaceae, Persea spp. and Strelitziaceae, rooted or with growing medium attached or associated; and
- (d) seeds and bulbs of Allium cepa L., Allium porrum L. and Allium schoenoprasum L.
- 3. Bulbs and corms intended for planting, produced by producers whose production and sale is authorised to persons professionally engaged in plant production, other than those bulbs and corms which are prepared and ready for sale to the final consumer, and for which it is ensured by the responsible official bodies of the European Community, that the production thereof is clearly separate from that of other products of Camassia Lindl., Chionodoxa Boiss., Crocus flavus Weston 'Golden Yellow', Galanthus L., Galtonia candicans (Baker) Decne, Gladiolus Tourn. ex L., Hyacinthus L., Iris L., Ismene Herbert, Muscari Miller., Narcissus L., Ornithogalum L., Puschkinia Adams, Scilla L., Tigridia Juss. and Tulipa L.

SECTION II

Plants, plant products and other objects which are potential carriers of pests of relevance for certain protected zones, and which must be accompanied by a plant passport valid for the appropriate zone when introduced into or moved within that zone

Without prejudice to the plants, plant products and other objects listed in Section I.

- 1. Plants, plant products and other objects:
- (a) plants of conifers (Coniferales), as appropriate;
- (b) plants intended for planting, other than seed, of *Populus* L. and *Beta vulgaris* L.;
- (c) plants, other than fruit and seeds, of Chaenomeles Lindl., Cotoneaster Ehrh., Crataegus L., Cydonia Mill., Eriobotrya Lindl., Eucalyptus L'Hérit., Malus Mill., Mespilus L., Persea americana P. Mill., Pyracantha Roem., Pyrus L., Sorbus L. (other than Sorbus intermedia (Ehrh.) Pers.) and Stranvaesia Lindl.;
- (d) live pollen for pollination of Chaenomeles Lindl., Cotoneaster Ehrh., Crataegus L., Cydonia Mill., Eriobotrya Lindl., Malus Mill., Mespilus L., Pyracantha Roem., Pyrus L., Sorbus L. (other than Sorbus intermedia (Ehrh.) Pers.) and Stranvaesia Lindl.;
- (e) tubers of Solanum tuberosum L. intended for planting;
- (f) plants of Beta vulgaris L. intended for animal fodder or for industrial processing;
- (g) soil and unsterilised waste from beet (Beta vulgaris L.);
- (h) seeds of Beta vulgaris L., Dolichos Jacq., Gossypium spp. and Phaseolus vulgaris L.; and
- (i) fruits (bolls) of Gossypium spp.
- 2. Plants, plant products and other objects produced by producers whose production and sale is authorised to persons professionally engaged in plant

PART A

PLANTS ETC. ORIGINATING IN THE EUROPEAN COMMUNITY

production, other than those plants, plant products and other objects which are prepared and ready for sale to the final consumer, and for which it is ensured by the responsible official bodies of the European Community, that the production thereof is clearly separate from that of other products:

- (a) without prejudice to paragraph 1(a), plants of conifers (Coniferales) intended for planting, other than seeds; and
- (b) plants of Begonia L. and Euphorbia pulcherrima Willd., intended for planting, other than seeds.

SCHEDULE 5

PART B

PLANTS, PLANT PRODUCTS AND OTHER OBJECTS ORIGINATING OUTSIDE THE EUROPEAN COMMUNITY

SECTION I

Plants, plant products and other objects which are potential carriers of pests of relevance for the entire European Community

- 1. Plants intended for planting, other than seeds or aquarium plants, but including seeds of Cruciferae, Gramineae, Trifolium spp. (originating in Argentina, Australia, Bolivia, Chile, New Zealand and Üruguay), Capsicum spp., Helianthus annuus L., Lycopersicon lycopersicum (L.) Karsten ex Farw., Medicago sativa L., Prunus L., Rubus L., Oryza spp., Zea mais L., Allium cepa L., Allium porrum L., Allium schoenoprasum L. and Phaseolus L.
 - 2. Parts of plants, other than fruit and seeds of:
 - (a) Castanea Mill., Dendranthema (DC.) Des Moul., Dianthus L., Pelargonium L'Hérit ex Ait., Phoenix spp., Populus L. and Quercus L.;
 - (b) conifers (Coniferales);
 - (c) Acer saccharum Marsh., originating in North American countries; and
 - (d) Prunus L., originating in non-European countries.
 - 3. Fruit of:
 - (a) Citrus L., Fortunella Swingle, Poncirus Raf., and their hybrids; and
 - (b) Annona L., Cydonia Mill., Diospyros L., Malus Mill., Mangifera L., Passiflora L., Prunus L., Psidium L., Pyrus L., Ribes L., Syzygium Gaertn. and Vaccinium L., originating in non-European countries.
 - 4. Tubers of Solanum tuberosum L.
 - 5. (a) Soil and growing medium as such, which consists in whole or in part of soil or solid organic substances such as parts of plants, humus including peat or bark, other than that composed entirely of peat.
 - (b) Soil and growing medium, attached to or associated with plants, consisting in whole or in part of material specified in sub-paragraph (a) or

PART B PLANTS ETC. ORIGINATING
OUTSIDE THE EUROPEAN COMMUNITY

consisting in whole or in part of peat or of any solid inorganic substance intended to sustain the vitality of the plants, originating in Turkey, Belarus, Estonia, Latvia, Lithuania, Moldova, Russia, Ukraine and in non-European countries other than Cyprus, Egypt, Israel, Libya, Malta, Morocco and Tunisia.

SECTION II

Plants, plant products and other objects which are potential carriers of pests of relevance for certain protected zones

Without prejudice to the plants, plant products and other objects listed in Section I.

- 1. Plants of Beta vulgaris L. intended for animal fodder or for industrial processing.
 - 2. Soil and unsterilised waste from beet (Beta vulgaris L.).
- 3. Live pollen for pollination of *Chaenomeles* Lindl., *Cotoneaster* Ehrh., *Crataegus* L., *Cydonia* Mill., *Eriobotrya* Lindl., *Malus* Mill., *Mespilus* L., *Pyracantha* Roem., *Pyrus* L., *Sorbus* L. (other than *Sorbus intermedia* (Ehrh.) Pers.) and *Stranyaesia* Lindl.
- 4. Parts of plants, other than fruit and seeds of *Chaenomeles* Lindl., *Cotoneaster* Ehrh., *Crataegus* L., *Cydonia* Mill., *Erioibotrya* Lindl., *Malus* Mill., *Mespilus* L., *Pyracantha* Roem., *Pyrus* L., *Sorbus* L. (other than *Sorbus intermedia* (Ehrh.) Pers.) and *Stranvaesia* Lindl.
- 5. Seeds of *Dolichos Jacq.*, *Mangifera spp.*, *Beta vulgaris L.* and *Phaseolus vulgaris L.*
 - 6. Seeds and fruits (bolls) of Gossypium spp.
 - 7. Parts of plants of *Persea americana* P. Mill. and *Eucalyptus* L'Hérit.

Articles 5 and 20

Pests listed in Schedules 1 and 2 which, insofar as they may be a sub-species or strain normally present in Northern Ireland, may be kept etc. (whether or not in association with plants) and need not be notified except when they are found at the premises of a person registered in the official register

Part A

INSECTS MITTES AND NEMATODES AT ALL STAGES OF THEIR DEVELOPMENT

<i>Item</i> (1)	Description of pests (2)	
1.	Ditylenchus dipsaci (Kühn) Filipjev — Stem Nematode	
2.	Globodera pallida (Stone) Behrens and Globodera rostochiensis (Wollenweber) Behrens — Potato Cyst Nematodes	
	Part B	
	BACTERIA	
Item (1)	Description of pests (2)	
1.	Clavibacter michiganensis ssp. insidiosus (McCulloch) Davis et al. — Bacterial Wilt of Lucerne	
2.	Clavibacter michiganensis ssp. michiganensis (Smith) Davis et al. — Bacterial Canker of Tomato	
3.	Erwinia chrysanthemi pv. dianthicola (Hellmers) Dickey — Slow Wilt of Carnation	
4.	Xanthomonas campestris pv. vesicatoria (Doidge) Dye — Toma Bacterial Spot	
	Part C	
	Fungi	
Item (1)	Description of pests (2)	
1	Didymella ligulicola (Baker, Dimock et Davis) v. Arx — Chrysan- themum Ray Blight	
2.	Phialophora cinerescens (Wollenweber) van Beyma — a Carnation Wilt	
3.	Phytophthora fragariae Hickman var. fragariae — Red Core Disease of Strawberries	
4.	Puccinia horiana Hennings — Chrysanthemum White Rust	
5.	Verticillium albo-atrum Reinke et Berthold — Verticillium Wilt Disease	
	Verticillium dahliae Klebahn — Hop Wilt	

PESTS AND NOTIFICATION

 $\begin{array}{c} \text{Part D} \\ \\ \dot{\text{Viruses and virus-like organisms}} \end{array}$

Item (1)	Description of pests (2)	
1.	Arabis mosaic virus	
2.	Chrysanthemum stunt viroid	
3.	Plum pox virus	
4.	Raspberry ringspot virus	
5.	Strawberry crinkle virus	
6.	Strawberry latent ringspot virus	
7.	Strawberry mild yellow edge virus	
8.	Tomato black ring virus	
9.	Tomato spotted wilt virus	

PART A

CONDITIONS TO BE MET BY PLANTS, PLANT PRODUCTS ETC. MOVING THROUGH A PROTECTED ZONE WITHOUT A PLANT PASSPORT VALID FOR THAT ZONE

- 1. The packaging containing or, where appropriate, the vehicles transporting, the plants, plant products or other objects shall—
 - (a) be clean and free from the pests relevant to the protected zone through which they are moving;
 - (b) be of such a nature so as to ensure that there is no risk of the spread of the pests relevant to the protected zone through which they are moving; and
 - (c) immediately after packing be secured according to stringent plant health standards and to the satisfaction of an inspector to ensure that there is no risk of the pests relevant to the protected zone through which they are moving spreading in that protected zone and that packaging shall remain secured during transportation through the said protected zone. The identifying features of the packaging or vehicles shall remain unchanged.
- 2. The plants, plant products or other objects shall be accompanied by a document, normally used for trade purposes, indicating that they originate outside the relevant protected zone and have a destination outside that protected zone.

PART B

Measures that may be taken where plants, plant products etc. moving through a protected zone do not meet the conditions specified in Part A

- 1. The packaging shall be sealed.
- 2. The plants, plant products or other objects shall be moved, under the supervision of an inspector, to a destination outside the relevant protected zone.

Zones in the European Community recognised as "Protected Zones" in respect of the pests listed against their names

 $\label{eq:part A} \textbf{Part A}$ Insects, mites and nematodes at all stages of their development

INS	ECTS, MITES AND NEMATODES AT A	LL STAGES OF THEIR DEVELOPMENT
Item (1)	Description of pests (2)	Protected zones: territory of (3)
1.	Anthonomus grandis (Boh.)	Greece Italy Spain
2.	Bemisia tabaci Genn. (European populations)	Denmark Ireland Portugal United Kingdom
3.	Cophalcia lariciphila (Klug.)	France Ireland United Kingdom (Northern Ireland and Isle of Man)
4.	Dendroctonus micans Kugelan	Greece Ireland Italy Portugal Spain United Kingdom [Scotland Northern Ireland England (the following counties:—Bedfordshire, Berkshire, Buckinghamshire, Cambridgeshire, Cleveland, Cornwall, Cumbria, Devon, Dorset, Durham, Essex, Hampshire, Hertfordshire, Humberside, Kent, Lincolnshire, Norfolk, Northamptonshire, Northumberland, Nottinghamshire, Oxfordshire, Somerset, Suffolk, Surrey, Sussex East, Sussex West, Tyne and Wear, Wiltshire, Yorkshire South, Yorkshire West; and the following parts of the counties: Avon (that part of the county to the north of the southern boundary of the M4 motorway), Derbyshire (the districts of North-east Derbyshire,

Part A

PESTS AND RECOGNISED PROTECTED ZONES

		T ROTECTED ZONES
<i>Item</i> (1)	Description of pests (2)	Protected zones: territory of (3)
		Chesterfield, Bolsover), Leicestershire (the districts of Charnwood, Melton, Rutland, Harborough, Oadby and Wigston, Leicester, Blaby) and Yorkshire North (the districts of Scarborough, Ryedale, Hambleton, Richmondshire, Harrogate, York, Selby); Isle of Man, Isle of Wight and Isles of Scilly]
5.	Gilpinia hercyniae (Hartig)	France Greece Ireland United Kingdom (Northern Ireland and the Isle of Man)
6.	Gonipterus scutellatus Gyll.	Greece Portugal
7.	Ips amitinus Eichhof	France (Corsica) Greece Ireland Italy Portugal Spain United Kingdom
8.	Ips cembrae Heer	Greece Ireland Portugal Spain United Kingdom (Northern Ireland and the Isle of Man)
9.	Ips duplicatus Sahlberg	Greece Ireland Italy Portugal Spain United Kingdom
10.	Ips sexdentatus Boerner	Greece Ireland United Kingdom (Northern Ireland and the Isle of Man)

Part A

PESTS AND RECOGNISED PROTECTED ZONES

Item (1)	Description of pests (2)	Protected zones: territory of (3)
11.	Ips typographus Heer	Greece Ireland Portugal Spain United Kingdom
12.	Leptinotarsa decemlineata Say	Ireland Portugal (Azores and Madeira) Spain (Menorca and Ibiza) United Kingdom
13.	Matsuccocus feytaudi Duc.	France (Corsica)
14.	Pissodes spp. (European)	Ireland United Kingdom (Northern Ireland and the Isle of Man)
15.	Sternochetus mangiferae Fabricius	Portugal Spain
16.	Thaumetopoea pityocampa (Den. et Schiff.)	Śpain (Ibiza)
17.	All known non-European pests of fruit of <i>Citrus</i> L., <i>Fortunella</i> Swingle, <i>Poncirus</i> Raf. and their hybrids	France (Corsica) Greece Italy

Part B

BACTERIA

Item (1)	Description of pests (2)	Protected zones: territory of (3)
1.	Curtobacterium flaccumfaciens pv. flaccumfaciens (Hedges) Col.	Greece Italy Portugal Spain
2.	Erwinia amylovora (Burr.) Winsl. et al.	France (Champagne-Ardennes, Alsace (except Department Bas- Rhin), Lorraine, Franche-Comté, Rhône-Alpes, Bourgogne, Auvergne, Provence-Alpes-Côte d'Azur, Corse, Languedoc- Roussillon)

No. 256	
SCHEDULE	8

1381 PESTS AND RECOGNISED PROTECTED ZONES

Item (1)	Description of pests (2)	Protected zones: territory of (3)
		Ireland Italy Portugal Spain United Kingdom (Northern Ireland, the Isle of Man and the Channel Islands)
3.	All unknown non-European pests of fruit of <i>Citrus</i> L., <i>Fortunella</i> Swingle, <i>Poncirus</i> Raf. and their hybrids	France (Corsica) Greece Italy
	Part C	
	Fungi	•
Item (1)	Description of pests (2)	Protected zones: territory of (3)
1.	Glomerella gossypii Edgerton	Greece Italy (Sicily)
2.	Gremmeniella abietina (Lag.) Morelet	Ireland United Kingdom (Northern Ireland and the Isle of Man)
3.	Hypoxylon mammatum (Wahl.) J. Miller	Ireland United Kingdom (Northern Ireland and the Isle of Man)
4.	Phytophthora cinnamomi Rands	Greece (Crete)
5.	All unknown non-European pests of fruit of <i>Citrus</i> L., <i>Fortunella</i> Swingle, <i>Poncirus</i> Raf. and their hybrids	France (Corsica) Greece Italy

PART D

VIRUSES AND VIRUS-LIKE ORGANISMS

Item (1)	Description of pests (2)	Protected zones: territory of (3)
1.	Beet necrotic yellow vein virus	Denmark Ireland Portugal (Azores) United Kingdom
2.	Tomato spotted wilt virus	Denmark
3.	All unknown European pests of fruit of <i>Citrus</i> L., <i>Fortunella</i> Swingle, <i>Poncirus</i> Raf. and their hybrids	France (Corsica) Greece Italy

Information that shall appear on a plant passport

PART A

Information that shall appear on the accompanying document of a plant passport

- 1. "EEC plant passport".
- 2. An indication of the EC Member State code.
- 3. An indication of the responsible official body or its distinguishing code.
- 4. The registration number.
- 5. The individual serial, week or batch number.
- 6. The botanical name.
- 7. The quantity.
- 8. The distinctive marking "ZP" for the territorial validity of the passport and, where appropriate, the name of the protected zone for which the product is qualified.
- 9. The distinctive marking "RP" in the case of the replacement of a plant passport and, where appropriate, the code for the originally registered person.
- 10. Where appropriate, the name of the country of origin or consignor country, for third country products.

PART B

Information that shall appear on the label

- 1. "EEC plant passport".
- 2. An indication of the EC Member State code.
- 3. An indication of the responsible official body or its distinguishing code.
- 4. The registration number.
- 5. The individual serial, week or batch number.

Articles 18 and 29

Obligations placed on a person registered in the official register

- 1. To keep an updated plan of the premises on which the plants, plant products or other objects are grown, produced, stored, kept or used by the person so listed.
 - 2. To keep records on plants, plant products or other objects—
 - (a) purchased for storage or planting on the premises,
 - (b) under production, or
 - (c) dispatched to others,
- and to keep the documents for at least one year.
- 3. To designate a responsible person technically experienced in plant production and related plant health matters, to liaise with the Department or an inspector.
- 4. To carry out visual observations as necessary and at appropriate times, and in a manner laid down in guideline instructions given by the Department or an inspector.
- 5. To ensure access for an inspector, in particular for inspection and, where appropriate, sampling, and to the records and documents referred to in paragraph 2.
- 6. To co-operate with the Department and meet any specific obligations relating to the assessment or improvement of the plant health situation of the premises and to safeguarding the identity of the plants, plant products or other objects until the plant passport has been attached.

Plant Health SCHEDULE 11

Form of Phytosanitary Certificate

1 Name and address of export	er:		HYTOSANITARY CE o. EEC / UK (North	
3 Declared name and address	of consignee:		ant Protection Organis UK (Northern Irela Plant Protection Organ	and)
		5 Pla	ace of origin: Norther	n Ireland
6 Declared means of conveyan	ce:			
7 Declared point of entry:				
Distinguishing marks; number botanical name of plants:	er and description of pac	L kages; n	ame of produce;	9 Quantity declared:
		·		
10 This is to certify that the plan - have been inspected accor - are considered to be free fi - are considered to conform	ding to appropriate proc rom quarantine pests an	edures; d practic	and ally free from other in	
11 Additional declaration:		<u> </u>		
				•
DISINFESTATION AND/OR DISIN	FECTION TREATMENT		Place of issue:	•
12 Treatment:			Date:	
13 Chemical (active ingredient):	14 Duration and temp	erature:	Name and signature of authorised officer	
15 Concentration:	16 Date:			
17 Additional information:			•	

Note: The certificate shall be completed in typescript or in block capitals.

Form of re-forwarding Phytosanitary Certificate

1 Name and address of exporter:	2	2 REFORWARDING PHYTOSANITARY CERTIFICATE No. EEC/UK (Northern Ireland)/		
3 Declared name and address of consignee:		Plant Protection Organisation of UK (Northern Ireland) to Plant Protection Organisation(s) of		
	5 PI	ace of origin: Norther	n Ireland	
6 Declared means of conveyance:				
7 Declared point of entry:			-	
Distinguishing marks; number and botanical name of plants:	ame of produce;	9 Quantity declared:		
		<i>(</i>		
10 This is to certify - that the plants or plant products described above were imported into Northern Ireland (country of re-export) from (country of origin) covered by Phytosanitary Certificate No. * original certified true copy of which is attached to this Certificate; - that they are * packed repacked in original new containers - that based on the * original Phytosanitary Certificate and addition inspection, they are considered to conform with the current regulations of the importing country; and - that during storage in Northern Ireland (country of re-export) the consignment has not been subjected to the risk of infestation or infection. * Insert tick in the appropriate boxes.				
11 Additional declaration:				
DISINFESTATION AND/OR DISINFECT	TON TREATMENT	Place of issue:		
12 Treatment:		Date:		
13 Chemical (active ingredient): 14	Duration and temperature:	Name and signature of authorised officer		
15 Concentration:	16 Date:			
17 Additional information:		, i		

Note: The certificate shall be completed in typescript or in block capitals.

Article 34

Wart Disease: Safety Zones

DISTRICT No. 1 (COUNTY DOWN-ARMAGH)

A district comprising the townlands of (and all towns and villages included therein):—

(a) All Ards Peninsula (south of main road from Greyabbey to Ballywalter) Ballyboghilbo (that portion lying south of the main road from Greyabbey to Ballywalter), Ballybryan, Blackabbey (that portion lying south of the main road from Greyabbey to Ballywalter), Bootown (E.D. Greyabbey), Killyvolgan, Rosemount, all in the barony of Ballywalter, in the Administrative County of Down;

Ardgeehan, Ardkeen, Ardminnan, Ardquin, Balliggan, Ballyadam, Ballyatwood (that portion lying south of the main road from Greyabbey to Ballyblack, Ballybranigan, Ballycam, Ballycran Beg, Ballywalter), Ballycran More, Ballyedock or Carrstown, Ballyesborough, Ballyfinragh. Ballyfounder, Ballyfrench, Ballygalget, Ballygarvan, Ballygarvigan, Ballygelagh, Ballygraffan, Ballyhalbert, Ballyhemlin, Ballyhenry, Ballyherly, Ballylimp, Ballymacnamee, Ballymarter, Ballyminnish, Ballymurphy, Ballynichol, Ballyobegan, Ballyphilip, Ballyquintin, Ballyridley, Ballyrusley, Ballyspurge, Ballytrustan, Ballywaddan, Ballywallon, Ballywalter, Ballyward, Ballywhite, Ballywhollart, Ballywierd, Broom Quarter, Castleboy, Cloghy, Cookstown, Corrog, Craigaroddan, Demesne, Derry, Dooey, Drumardan, Drumardan Quarter, Dunevly, Echlinville, Fish Quarter, Glastry, Granagh, Gransha, Inishargy, Kearney, Keentagh, Killydressy, Kircubbin, Kirkistown, Knockinelder, Lisbane, Loughdoo, Marlfield, Newcastle, Nunsquarter, Parson Hall, Portavogie, Priest Town, Ratallagh, Roddens, Rowreagh, Slanes, Springvale, Tara, Thomastown, Tieveshilly, Tullyboard, Tullycarnan, Tullycross, Tullymally, Tullynacrew, Tullytramon, all in the barony of Ards Upper in the Administrative County of Down:

(b) Ardglass, Strangford, Raholp Area

Acre McCricket, Ardglass, Ardtole, Audleystown, Ballinarry, Ballintlieve, Ballintogher, Ballyalton, Ballybeg, Ballybrannagh Lower, Ballybrannagh Upper, Ballyclander Lower, Ballyclander Upper, Ballycruttle, Ballyculter Lower, Ballyculter Upper, Ballyedock Lower, Ballyedock Upper, Ballyhornan, Ballyhosset, Ballyhosset Milltown, Ballylenagh, Ballymenagh, Ballymurry, Ballynagarrick, Ballynagross Lower, Ballynagross Upper, Ballyorgan, Ballyrenan (E.D. Raholp), Ballysallagh, Ballystokes, Ballysugagh, Ballytrustan, Ballywalter, Ballywooden, Bishops Court, Cargagh, Carrintaggart, Carrowbaghran, Carrowcarlin, Carrownacaw, Carrowvanny, Castle Island, Castlemahon, Castleward, Church Ballee, Cloghy, Coney Island, Corbally, Dillin, Dunsfort, Ferryquarter, Glebe, Isle McCricket, Jordans Crew, Kilclief, Kildares Crew, Killard Lower, Killard Upper, Lagnagoppoge, Lisbane, Lisboy, Lismore, Loughkeelan, Loughmoney, Portloughan, Quoile, Raholp, Ringawaddy, Ringbane, Ringfad, Ross, Russell's Quarter North, Russell's Quarter South, Saul, Sheepland Beg, Sheepland More, Slievenagriddle, Spittle Ballee, Spittle Quarter, Strangford Lower, Strangford Upper, Tollumgrange Lower, Tollumgrange Upper, Tullycarnan, Tullyfoyle Lower, Tullyfoyle Upper, Tullynaskeagh,

DISTRICT No. 1

WART DISEASE: SAFETY ZONES

Tullyratty, Walshestown, Whitehills, all in the barony of Lecale Lower in the Administrative County of Down;

(c) Killough, Downpatrick, Dundrum and Seaforde Area

Aghlisnafin, Ardmeen, Audley's Acre, Ballybannon, Ballycam, Ballydargan, Ballydonety, Ballydonnell, Ballydugan, Ballygallum, Ballygilbert, Ballykeel, Ballykilbeg, Ballykinler Lower, Ballykinler Middle, Ballykinler Upper, Ballylig, Ballylough, Ballylucas, Ballymote Lower, Ballymote Middle, Ballymote Upper, Ballynagallagh, Ballynewport, Ballynoe, Ballyplunt, Ballyrolly, Ballystrew, Ballyvange, Ballyvaston, Ballyviggis, Ballywarren, Bonecastle, Bright, Cargagh, Carrickinab, Carrowbane, Carrowdressex, Castleskreen, Clanmaghery, Clanmaghery Commons of, Clogher, Commonreagh, Coniamstown, Corbally, Crolly's Quarter, Demesne of Down, Dundrum, Erenagh, Glebe, Glovet, Grangewalls, Grangicam, Hollymount, Islandbane, Island Henry, Jordans Acre, Kilbride, Killavees, Killough, Legamaddy, Lisnamaul, Lisoid, Magheralagan, Magherasaul, Marshallstown, Moneycarragh, Moneylane, Murlough Lower, Quarter Cormick, Rathmullan Lower, Rathmullan Upper, Ringreagh, Rossglass, Russell's Quarter, Saint John's Point, Saul Quarter, Strand, Struell, Tobercorran, Tobermoney, Tullinespick, Tullymurry, Tyrella North, Tyrella South, Wateresk, Whigamstown, Woodgrange, and the Urban District of Downpatrick, all in the barony of Lecale Upper in the Administrative County of Down;

Annadorn, Ardilea, Ardtanagh, Castlenavan, Claragh, Cloghram, Clough, Creeghduff, Cumran, Drumanaghan or Drumulcaw, Drumanakelly, Drumcaw, Drumgooland, Dunnanew, Farranfad, Knocksticken, Naghan, Seaforde Demesne, Tannaghmore, all in the barony of Kinelarty, in the Administrative County of Down;

(d) Newcastle-Castlewellan Area

Aghacullion, Ardaghy, Ballyaghbeg, Ballyginny, Ballyhafry, Ballyloughlin, Ballymagreehan, Ballymoney, Burrenbane, Burrenreagh, Carnacavill, Castlewellan, Clarkhill, Clonachullion, Cross, Drumee, Drumena, Dundrinne, Fofannybane, Fofannyreagh, Letalian, Moneyscalp, Moyad, Murlough Upper, Slievenalargy, Tollymore, Tollymore Park, Tullybranigan, Tullyree, and the Urban District of Newcastle, all in the barony of Iveagh Upper, Lower Half, in the Administrative County of Down;

(e) Annalong-Kilkeel Area

Aghyoghill, Attical, Aughnahoory, Aughnaloopy, Aughrim, Ballaghanery, Ballaghanery Upper, Ballinran, Ballinran Upper, Ballyardel, Ballygowan, Ballykeel, Ballymadeerfy, Ballymagart, Ballymageogh, Ballymartin, Ballynahatten, Ballyveagh Beg, Ballyveagh Beg Upper, Ballyveagh More, Ballyveagh More Upper, Benagh Lower, Benagh Upper, Brackenagh East, Brackenagh East Upper, Brackenagh West, Brackenagh West Upper, Carrigenagh Upper, Corcreaghan, Cranfield, Derryoge, Drumcro, Drumin-Drummanlane, Drummanmore, Dunnaman, Dunnaval, Glasdrumman, Glenloughan, Glenloughan Upper, Grange, Greencastle. Guineways, Guineways Upper, Kilkeel, Leitrim, Leitrim Upper, Lisnacree, Lisnacree Upper, Lurganconary, Lurganreagh, Magheramurphy, Maghery, Moneydorragh Beg, Moneydorragh More, Moneydorragh More Upper, Mourne Mountains Middle, Mourne Mountains West, Mourne Park or Ballyrogan, Moyad, Moyad Upper, Mullartown, Tullyframe, and the Urban District of Kilkeel, all in the barony of Mourne, in the Administrative County of Down;

SCHEDULE 13 DISTRICT No. 1

(f) Warrenpoint-Rostrevor Area

Aghnamoira, Ballincurry, Ballindoalty, Ballinran, Ballintur, Ballyedmond, Ballymoney, Ballyneddan, Clonallan Glebe, Dromore, Drumsesk, Killeaghan, Kilfeaghan Upper, Knockbarragh, Levallyclanone, Moygannon, Narrow Water, Ringmackilroy, Rostrevor, Rostrevor Upper, Tamnyveagh, The Point Park and the Urban District of Warrenpoint, all in the barony of Iveagh Upper, Upper Half, in the Administrative County of Down;

WART DISEASE: SAFETY ZONES

(g) Newry and South Armagh Area

Ballynacraig, Commons, Greenan and the Urban District of Newry, all in the Lordship of Newry, in the Administrative County of Down;

Ballinlare, Drumalane, Lisdrumgullion and Lisdrumliska, all in the barony of Orior Upper, in the Administrative Counties of Armagh and Down;

Aghayalloge, Altnaveigh, Annahaia, Ballinliss, Ballintemple (part east of the road from Belleek to Aghadavoyle School), Ballymacdermot, Carnagat, Carrivekeeny, Carrivemaclone, Cloghoge, Cloghreagh, Clonlum, Clontygora, Corrinshigo, Derry Beg, Ellisholding, Fathom Lower, Fathom Upper, Killeen, Meigh, Newtown, Seafin, Tamnaghbane, all in the barony of Orior Upper, in the Administrative County of Armagh.

DISTRICT No. 2 (MID-ULSTER)

A district comprising the townlands of (and all towns and villages included therein):—

Aghagaskin, Annagh and Moneysterlin, Annaghmore, Aughrim, Ballinderry (E.D. Tobermore), Ballybriest, Ballycomlargy, Ballydermot (and Intake adjoining), Ballyheifer, Ballymacombs Beg, Ballymacombs More, Ballymacpeake Lower (that portion south of the main road from Gulladuff to Portglenone), Ballymacpeake Upper, Ballymacpherson, Ballymaguigan, Ballymulderg Beg, Ballymulderg More, Ballymully, Ballynagarve, Ballynagowan, Ballynahone More (that part south of the Moyola River), Ballynease-Helton, Ballynease-Macpeake, Ballynease-Strain, Ballynocker, Ballyronan More, Ballyscullion West (and Intake adjoining), Bancran Glebe, Boveagh, Brackagh (E.D. Bancran), Brackagh (E.D. Lissan Upper), Brackaghlislea, Brackagh Slieve Gallion, Cahore, Calmore, Caneese, Carmean, Carnamoney, Carncose, Carndaisy, Carraloan (Glebe), Carrydarragh, Cavanreagh, Clagan, Cloane, Clooney, Cloughfin (E.D. Bancran), Cloughfin (E.D. Iniscarn), Coltrim, Coolsaragh, Coolshinny, Corick, Cranny, Creagh — The (Etre and Otre) (also Intakes adjoining), Crossnarea, Cullion, Curr, Curran, Derrycrummy, Derryganard, Derrygarve, Derrynoyd, Dirnan, Disert, Doon, Dromore, Drumanee Lower, Drumanee Upper, Drumard (E.D. Iniscarn), Drumard (E.D. Lissan Upper), Drumballyhagan (that portion south of the Moyola River), Drumballyhagan Clark (that portion south of the Moyola River), Drumcrow (that portion south of the Moyola River), Drumderg, Drumenagh, Drumlamph, Drummeen, Drumrainey, Drumsamney, Dunamoney, Dunarnon, Dunlogan, Dunman, Dunmurry, Dunnabraggy, Duntibryan, Durnascallon, East Glebe, Edenreagh, Feenan Beg, Feenan More, Glebe (E.D. Iniscarn), Glebe (E.D. Lissan Upper), Glebe (E.D. Magherafelt), Glengomna, Glenmaquill, Glenone (that portion south of the main road from Gulladuff to Portglenone), Glenviggan, Gortahurk, Gortamney, Gortanewry, Gortnaskey, Grange, Granny, Iniscarn, Keenaght, Killybasky, Killyberry, Killyberry Boyd, Killyberry Downing, Killyboggin, Killyfaddy, Killyneese, Killynumber, Killytoney, Knockadoo, Knocknagin,

SCHEDULE 13 DISTRICT No. 2 WART DISEASE: SAFETY ZONES

Labby, Larrycormick, Leckagh, Lecumpher, Leitrim (and Intake adjoining), Letteran, Lisalbanagh, Lisnamorrow, Lisnamuck (that portion south of the Moyola River), Longfield, Luney, Magherascullion, Megargy, Mobuy, Moneyconey, Moneyguiggy, Moneymore (E.D. Moneymore), Moneyconey, Moneyconey, Moneyguiggy, Moneymore (E.D. Moneymore), Moneyneany, Moneyshanere, Moneystaghan Ellis (that portion south of the main road from Gulladuff to Portglenone), Moneystaghan Macpeake (that portion south of the main road from Gulladuff to Portglenone), Mormeal, Motalee, Moyard, Moybeg Kirley (that portion south of the Moyola River), Moydamlaght, Moyesset, Moyheeland, Moykeeran, Moymucklemurry, Muff, Mullaghboy (E.D. Aghagaskin), Mullaghboy (E.D. Bellaghy), Mullaghnamoyagh, Mulnavoo, Old Town Deer Park, Old Town Downing, Rosgarran, Polepatrick, Quilly, Roshure, Rossmore, Owenreagh, Shanemullagh, Straw, Stranagard, Strawmore, Straw Mountain, Tamlaghtmore, Tamnadeese, Tamnadoey, Tamlaghtduff, Tamnyaskey, Tintagh, Tirgan, Toberhead, Tobermore (that portion south of the Moyola River), Tonaght, Town Parks of Magherafelt, Tullybrick, Tullylinkisay, Tullynagee, Tullyroan, Turnaface, West Glebe, all in the barony of Loughinsholin, in the Administrative County of Londonderry; Claggan (E.D. Lissan Lower), Drumgrass, Dunmore, all in the barony of Dungannon Upper, in the Administrative County of Tyrone;

That portion of the Townland of Brecart which lies between the old and new courses of the River Bann in the barony of Upper Toome, in the Administrative County of Antrim.

DISTRICT No. 3 (COOKSTOWN)

A district comprising the townlands of (and all towns and villages included therein):—

Cloghog, Killybearn, in the barony of Loughinsholin, in the Administrative County of Londonderry;

Ballymaguire, Claggan (E.D. Ballyclog), Derrygonigan, Doorless, Drumbulgan, Dufless, Edernagh, Glebe (E.D. Coagh), Liscausy, Lisnahall, Tievenagh, Tullyhurken, Tullyraw, Tullyveagh, Tullyweery, in the barony of Dungannon Upper, in the Administrative County of Tyrone.

DISTRICT No. 4 (BALLYCASTLE)

A district comprising the townlands of (and all towns and villages included therein):—

Ballyberidagh North, Ballyberidagh South, Ballydurnian, Ballyveely, Brackney, Broom-beg, Broom-more, Broughmore, Carey Mill, Churchfield, Coolaveely, Drumahaman, Drumahitt, Drumaridly, Drumavoley, Drumawillin, Drumeeny, Drummans, Eglish, Farranmacarter, Glebe (E.D. Ballycastle), Gortamaddy or White Hall, Kilcreg, Losset, Magherindonnelly, Mullarts, Town Parks, all in the barony of Cary, in the Administrative County of Antrim.

DISTRICT No. 5 (GLENARIFF)

A district comprising the townlands of (and all towns and villages included therein):—

DISTRICT No. 5

WART DISEASE: SAFETY ZONES

Baraghilly, Bay (E.D. Ardclinis), Callisnagh (E.D. Ardclinis), Carrivemurphy, Clonreagh, Craignagat, Diskirt, Doory, Drumnacur (E.D. Ardclinis), Falrusklin, Foriff, Glasmullen, Greenaghan, Kilmore, Red Bay, Tamlagh, Toberwine, Warren, all in the barony of Glenarm Lower, in the Administrative County of Antrim.

Instruments amending and supplementing Council Directive 77/93/EEC

Instrument	Reference
Act concerning the conditions of accession	
of the Hellenic Republic and the adjustment	
of the Treaties	O.J. No. L.291, 19.11.79, p. 86.
Council Directive 80/392/EEC	O.J. No. L.100, 17.4.80, p. 32.
Council Directive 80/393/EEC	O.J. No. L.100, 17.4.80, p. 35.
Council Directive 81/7/EEC	O.J. No. L.14, 16.1.81, p. 23.
Council Directive 84/378/EEC	O.J. No. L.207, 2.8.84, p. 1.
Council Directive 85/173/EEC	O.J. No. L.65, 6.3.85, p. 23.
Council Regulation (EEC) No. 3768/85	O.J. No. L.362, 31.12.85, p. 8.
Council Directive 85/574/EEC	O.J. No. L.362, 31.12.85, p. 8. O.J. No. L.372, 31.12.85, p. 25.
Commission Directive 86/545/EEC	O.J. No. L.323, 18.11.86, p. 14.
Commission Directive 86/546/EEC	O.J. No. L.323, 18.11.86, p. 16.
Commission Directive 86/547/EEC(a)	O.J. No. L.323, 18.11.86, p. 21.
Council Directive 86/651/EEC	O.J. No. L.382, 31.12.86, p. 13.
Council Directive 87/298/EEC	O.J. No. L.151, 11.6.87, p. 1.
Commission Directive 88/271/EEC(b)	O.J. No. L.116, 4.5.88, p. 13.
Commission Directive 88/272/EEC(c)	O.J. No. L.116, 4.5.88, p. 19.
Commission Directive 88/430/EEC	O.J. No. L.208, 2.8.88, p. 36.
Council Directive 88/572/EEC	O.J. No. L.313, 19.11.88, p. 39.
Council Directive 89/359/EEC	O.J. No. L.153, 6.6.89, p. 28.
Council Directive 89/439/EEC	O.J. No. L.212, 22.7.89, p. 106.
Council Directive 90/168/EEC	O.J. No. L.92, 7.4.90, p. 49.
Commission Directive 90/490/EEC	O.J. No. L.271, 3.10.90, p. 28.
Commission Directive 90/506/EEC	O.J. No. L.282, 13.10.90, p. 67.
Council Directive 90/654/EEC	O.J. No. L.353, 17.12.90, p. 48.
Commission Directive 91/27/EEC	O.J. No. L.16, 22.1.91, p. 29.
Council Directive 91/683/EEC	O.J. No. L.376, 31.12.91, p. 29.
Commission Directive 92/10/EEC	O.J. No. L.70, 17.3.92, p. 27.
Commission Directive 92/70/EEC	O.J. No. L.250, 29.8.92, p. 37.
Commission Directive 92/71/EEC	O.J. No. L.275, 18.9.92, p. 24.
Commission Directive 92/76/EEC	O.J. No. L.305, 21.10.92, p. 12.
Commission Directive 92/90/EEC	O.J. No. L.344, 26.11.92, p. 38.
Council Directive 92/98/EEC	O.J. No. L.352, 2.12.92, p. 1.
Commission Directive 92/103/EEC	O.J. No. L.363, 11.12.92, p. 1.
Commission Directive 92/105/EEC	O.J. No. L.4, 8.1.93, p. 22.
Council Directive 93/19/EEC	O.J. No. L.96, 22.4.93, p. 33.

⁽a) As amended by Commission Directives 90/80/EEC (O.J. No. L.51, 27.2.90, p. 34); 91/103/EEC (O.J. No. L.52, 27.2.91, p. 51) and 91/661/EEC (O.J. No. L.363, 31.12.91, p. 40)
(b) As amended by Commission Directive 89/83/EEC (O.J. No. L.32, 3.2.89, p. 29)
(c) As amended by Commission Directives 90/113/EEC (O.J. No. L.67, 15.3.90, p. 51); 91/102/EEC (O.J. No. L.52, 27.2.91, p. 50) and 91/660/EEC (O.J. No. L.366, 31.12.91, p. 39)

Plant Health SCHEDULE 15

1393 Article 2

Revocations

Orders Revoked (1)	References (2)
Plant Health Order (Northern Ireland) 1988	S.R. 1988 No. 175
Plant Health (Amendment) Order (Northern Ireland) 1989 Plant Health (Amendment No. 2) Order (Northern	S.R. 1989 No. 426
Ireland) 1989	S.R. 1989 No. 473
Plant Health (Amendment) Order (Northern Ireland) 1991 Plant Health (Amendment No. 2) Order (Northern	S.R. 1991 No. 128
Ireland) 1991	S.R. 1991 No. 439

Plant Health EXPLANATORY NOTE

(This note is not part of the Order.)

This Order revokes and consolidates with amendments the Plant Health Order (Northern Ireland) 1988. The Order implements:—

- (a) certain provisions of Council Directive 77/93/EEC (O.J. No. L.26, 31.1.77, p. 20 as corrected by the Corrigenda published in O.J. No. L.130/132, 29.5.79, and amended and supplemented by the instruments listed in Schedule 14) on protective measures against the introduction into the European Community of certain organisms harmful to plants or plant products and against their spread within the European Community;
- (b) Council Directive 69/465/EEC [(O.J. No. L.323, 24.12.69, p. 3) (O.J./S.E. 1969 (II), p. 563)] on the control of potato cyst eelworm;
- (c) Council Directive 69/464/EEC [(O.J. No. L.323, 24.12.69, p. 1) (O.J./S.E. 1969 (II), p. 561)] on the control of potato wart disease; and
- (d) Council Directive 80/665/EEC (O.J. No. L.180, 14.7.80, p. 30) on the control of potato ring rot.

The Order:-

- (a) prohibits the landing in Northern Ireland from a non-EC country of certain plant pests, plants, plant products and other objects and sets out the conditions under which other plants etc. may be landed in Northern Ireland (Article 4 and Schedules 1 to 5);
- (b) prohibits the sale, planting, movement or other disposal within the European Community of certain plant pests, plants, plant products and other objects (Article 5(1) and (2) and Schedules 1, 2, 4 and 5);
- (c) prohibits the keeping of certain plant pests (Article 5(3) and Schedules 1, 2 and 6);
- (d) prohibits the genetic modification of plant pests and any activity involving genetically modified plant pests (Article 5(4));
- (e) prohibits the introduction into protected zones in the European Community of certain plant pests, plants, plant products and other objects and sets out the conditions under which other plants etc. may be introduced into those zones (Article 6 and Schedules 1 to 5);
- (f) prohibits the keeping, sale, planting, movement or other disposal of certain plant pests, plants, plant products and other objects in the protected zones of the European Community and sets out the conditions under which other plants etc. may be kept, sold, planted, moved or otherwise disposed of in those zones (Articles 7 and 8 and Schedules 1 to 5 and 7);
- (g) lists the protected zones for the European Community and requires surveys to be carried out in Northern Ireland to ascertain whether the plant pests against which they are protected are now endemic or established there (Article 9 and Schedule 8);

- (h) requires certain plants, plant products and other objects to be accompanied by phytosanitary certificates, re-forwarding phytosanitary certificates and plant passports and contains various provisions concerning these (Articles 4 and 5, 6 to 8 and 11 to 15 and Schedules 5 and 9);
- (i) provides that certain local movements of plants, plant products and other objects may take place without a plant passport (Article 10);
- (j) provides for the establishment of an official register by the Department of Agriculture of persons involved in activities associated with plants, plant products and other objects and sets out the requirements to be met by those registered (Articles 16 to 18 and Schedule 10);
- (k) lays down restrictions on the planting of potatoes (Article 19);
- (1) requires the notification of the presence of certain plant pests, plants etc. (Articles 20 and 21 and Schedules 1 to 3, 5 and 6);
- (m) provides powers to enable remedial or precautionary action where plant pests, plants etc. are or are likely to be either landed in Northern Ireland or present on premises in contravention of the Order (Articles 22 to 24);
- (n) provides powers to declare premises infected with certain plant pests and, in the case of wart disease of potatoes and potato ring rot, to declare premises a safety zone and demarcated zone respectively (Article 22(4) and (5));
- (o) provides powers of entry, examination, sampling and marking and powers to take remedial action where the requirements of notices served have not been complied with (Articles 25 to 28);
- (p) enables the examination of certain documents kept by a person registered in the official register and the inspection of plants etc. subject to any activity by him at least once in each calendar year (Article 29):
- (q) contains additional provisions to prevent the spread of potato cyst nematode, wart disease of potatoes and potato ring rot (Articles 31 to 42);
- (r) provides that certain things prohibited by the Order may be authorised by a licence (Articles 30 and 43);
- (s) provides that officers of Customs and Excise may detain plant pests, plants etc. for examination by an inspector of the Department of Agriculture (Article 45);
- (t) provides powers to require the disclosure of information from certain persons about certain plant pests, plants etc. (Article 46); and
- (u) provides for offences (Article 47).

The principal changes are as follows:—

1. the requirement for phytosanitary certificates to accompany imports of certain plants etc. now applies only to those coming from non-EC countries (Article 4);

- 2. certain plants etc. moving within the European Community (including Northern Ireland) must be accompanied by a plant passport or trace-back label (Articles 5, 6 and 10);
- 3. plant passports (unlike phytosanitary certificates) may (subject to the satisfaction of certain requirements) be issued by those engaged in the production and marketing of plants etc. (Article 15);
- 4. the lists of plant pests which are harmful to plants and plant products have been revised (Schedules 1 and 2);
- 5. the list of plants etc. which may not be imported has been amended and now only applies to those coming from non-EC countries (Schedule 3);
- 6. the lists of plants etc. which are subject to controls when imported from a non-EC country or moving within the European Community have been revised (Schedules 4 and 5);
- 7. the list of plant pests whose presence or suspected presence must be notified to the Department of Agriculture has been modified (Schedule 6);
- 8. persons engaged in certain activities associated with plants and plant products need to be registered with the Department of Agriculture and to fulfil certain obligations (Articles 16 to 18 and Schedule 10);
- 9. the power to declare premises infected with certain plant pests has been extended to include potato ring rot (Article 22(4) and (5));
- 10. the additional provisions to prevent the spread of Colorado beetle and beet rhizomania disease have been deleted and new provisions inserted to prevent the spread of potato ring rot (Articles 38 to 42);
- 11. the requirements that a person shall not move potatoes from or through a safety zone for wart disease of potatoes or that seed potatoes produced in such a safety zone may not be planted other than in the safety zone in which they were grown have been deleted (Articles 34 and 35).

Any person who—

- (a) without reasonable excuse, proof of which shall be on him, contravenes a provision of this Order (other than in relation to the landing of any Article prohibited under the Customs and Excise Management Act 1979) or a provision or condition of a notice served or a licence granted in accordance with this Order;
- (b) knowingly or recklessly makes a false statement or intentionally conceals relevant information for the purpose of procuring authority to issue a plant passport or obtaining a licence or certificate under this Order;
- (c) issues a plant passport other than in accordance with the authorisation granted by the Department of Agriculture;
- (d) dishonestly alters or re-uses a plant passport; or
- (e) intentionally obstructs or impedes an inspector of the Department of Agriculture, or any person authorised by him, in the execution of his duty under this Order,

is guilty of an offence and is liable on summary conviction to a fine not exceeding £2,000.

Any person who lands from a third country anything in contravention of this Order, with intent to evade the prohibition contained in it, is guilty of an offence under section 50(2) of the Customs and Excise Management Act 1979 (c. 2) and may be detained. A person guilty of such an offence is liable on summary conviction to a penalty of £5,000 or of three times the value of the goods, whichever is the greater, or to imprisonment for a term not exceeding 6 months, or to both; or on conviction on indictment, to a penalty of any amount, or to imprisonment for a term not exceeding 2 years, or to both.