### SCHEDULES

#### SCHEDULE 1

#### STATUTORY DISPUTE RESOLUTION PROCEDURES

#### PART I

# DISMISSAL AND DISCIPLINARY PROCEDURES

#### **CHAPTER I**

#### STANDARD PROCEDURE

Step 1: statement of grounds for action and invitation to meeting

- 1.—(1) The employer must set out in writing the employee's alleged conduct or characteristics, or other circumstances, which lead him to contemplate dismissing or taking disciplinary action against the employee.
- (2) The employer must send the statement or a copy of it to the employee and invite the employee to attend a meeting to discuss the matter.

#### Step 2: meeting

- **2.**—(1) The meeting must take place before action is taken, except in the case where the disciplinary action consists of suspension.
  - (2) The meeting must not take place unless—
    - (a) the employer has informed the employee what the basis was for including in the statement under paragraph 1(1) the ground or grounds given in it, and
    - (b) the employee has had a reasonable opportunity to consider his response to that information.
  - (3) The employee must take all reasonable steps to attend the meeting.
- (4) After the meeting, the employer must inform the employee of his decision and notify him of the right to appeal against the decision if he is not satisfied with it.

#### Step 3: appeal

- **3.**—(1) If the employee does wish to appeal, he must inform the employer.
- (2) If the employee informs the employer of his wish to appeal, the employer must invite him to attend a further meeting.
  - (3) The employee must take all reasonable steps to attend the meeting.
  - (4) The appeal meeting need not take place before the dismissal or disciplinary action takes effect.
  - (5) After the appeal meeting, the employer must inform the employee of his final decision.

# CHAPTER II MODIFIED PROCEDURE

Step 1: statement of grounds for action

- **4.** The employer must—
  - (a) set out in writing—
    - (i) the employee's alleged misconduct which has led to the dismissal,
    - (ii) what the basis was for thinking at the time of the dismissal that the employee was guilty of the alleged misconduct, and
    - (iii) the employee's right to appeal against dismissal, and
  - (b) send the statement or a copy of it to the employee.

## Step 2: appeal

- **5.**—(1) If the employee does wish to appeal, he must inform the employer.
- (2) If the employee informs the employer of his wish to appeal, the employer must invite him to attend a meeting.
  - (3) The employee must take all reasonable steps to attend the meeting.
  - (4) After the appeal meeting, the employer must inform the employee of his final decision.