Status: Point in time view as at 01/01/2006.

Changes to legislation: There are currently no known outstanding effects for the The Companies (Northern Ireland) Order 1986 (revoked), SECTION B. (See end of Document for details)

# SCHEDULES

# SCHEDULE 4 F1

#### FORM AND CONTENT OF COMPANY ACCOUNTS

**F1** mod. SR 1986/305

# PART II

# ACCOUNTING PRINCIPLES AND RULES

# **SECTION B**

## HISTORICAL COST ACCOUNTING RULES

## **Preliminary**

- F1 Order repealed (prosp.) by Companies Act 2006 (c. 46), ss. 1284(2), 1295, 1300(2), Sch. 16 and the repeal being partly in force, as to which see individual Articles (with savings (with adaptations) by Companies Act 2006 (Commencement No. 6, Saving and Commencement Nos. 3 and 5 (Amendment)) Order 2008 (S.I. 2008/674), arts. 2(3), {4}, Sch. 2) and subject to amendments (6.4.2008) by Companies Act 2006 (Consequential Amendments etc) Order 2008 (S.I. 2008/948), arts. 2(2), 3(1)(b)(2), Sch. 1 paras. 135, 147, 148 {Sch. 2 Note 1} (with arts. 6, 11, 12) and subject to amendments (6.4.2008) by S.R. 2008/133, {regs. 2, 3}
- **16.** [FI Subject to sections C and D], the amounts to be included in respect of all items shown in a company's accounts shall be determined in accordance with the rules set out in paragraphs 17 to 28.
  - F1 SR 2004/496

## Fixed assets

## General rules

- 17. Subject to any provision for depreciation or diminution in value made in accordance with paragraph 18 or 19, the amount to be included in respect of any fixed asset shall be its purchase price or production cost.
  - 18. In the case of any fixed asset which has a limited useful economic life, the amount of—
    - (a) its purchase price or production cost; or

#### Status: Point in time view as at 01/01/2006.

Changes to legislation: There are currently no known outstanding effects for the The Companies (Northern Ireland) Order 1986 (revoked), SECTION B. (See end of Document for details)

(b) where it is estimated that any such asset will have a residual value at the end of the period of its useful economic life, its purchase price or production cost less that estimated residual value,

shall be reduced by provisions for depreciation calculated to write off that amount systematically over the period of the asset's useful economic life.

- 19.—(1) Where a fixed asset investment of a description falling to be included under item B.III of either of the balance sheet formats set out in Part I has diminished in value provisions for diminution in value may be made in respect of it and the amount to be included in respect of it may be reduced accordingly; and any such provisions which are not shown in the profit and loss account shall be disclosed (either separately or in aggregate) in a note to the accounts.
- (2) Provisions for diminution in value shall be made in respect of any fixed asset which has diminished in value if the reduction in its value is expected to be permanent (whether its useful economic life is limited or not), and the amount to be included in respect of it shall be reduced accordingly; and any such provisions which are not shown in the profit and loss account shall be disclosed (either separately or in aggregate) in a note to the accounts.
- (3) Where the reasons for which any provision was made in accordance with sub-paragraph (1) or (2) have ceased to apply to any extent, that provision shall be written back to the extent that it is no longer necessary; and any amounts written back in accordance with this sub-paragraph which are not shown in the profit and loss account shall be disclosed (either separately or in aggregate) in a note to the accounts.

## Rules for determining particular fixed asset items

- **20.**—(1) Notwithstanding that an item in respect of "development costs" is included under "fixed assets" in the balance sheet formats set out in Part I, an amount may only be included in a company's balance sheet in respect of development costs in special circumstances.
- (2) If any amount is included in a company's balance sheet in respect of development costs the following information shall be given in a note to the accounts—
  - (a) the period over which the amount of those costs originally capitalised is being or is to be written off; and
  - (b) the reasons for capitalising the development costs in question.
- **21.**—(1) The application of paragraphs 17 to 19 in relation to goodwill (in any case where goodwill is treated as an asset) is subject to the following provisions of this paragraph.
- (2) Subject to sub-paragraph (3), the amount of the consideration for any goodwill acquired by a company shall be reduced by provisions for depreciation calculated to write off that amount systematically over a period chosen by the directors of the company.
  - (3) The period chosen shall not exceed the useful economic life of the goodwill in question.
- (4) In any case where any goodwill acquired by a company is shown or included as an asset in the company's balance sheet the period chosen for writing off the consideration for that goodwill and the reasons for choosing that period shall be disclosed in a note to the accounts.

## Current assets

**22.** Subject to paragraph 23, the amount to be included in respect of any current asset shall be its purchase price or production cost.

Changes to legislation: There are currently no known outstanding effects for the The Companies (Northern Ireland) Order 1986 (revoked), SECTION B. (See end of Document for details)

- **23.**—(1) If the net realisable value of any current asset is lower than its purchase price or production cost the amount to be included in respect of that asset shall be the net realisable value.
- (2) Where the reasons for which any provision for diminution in value was made in accordance with sub-paragraph (1) have ceased to apply to any extent, that provision shall be written back to the extent that it is no longer necessary.

# Miscellaneous and supplementary provisions

## Excess of money owed over value received as an asset item

- **24.**—(1) Where the amount repayable on any debt owed by a company is greater than the value of the consideration received in the transaction giving rise to the debt, the amount of the difference may be treated as an asset.
  - (2) Where any such amount is so treated—
    - (a) it shall be written off by reasonable amounts each year and must be completely written off before repayment of the debt; and
    - (b) if the current amount is not shown as a separate item in the company's balance sheet it must be disclosed in a note to the accounts.

## Assets included at a fixed amount

- 25.—(1) Subject to sub-paragraph (2), assets which fall to be included—
  - (a) amongst the fixed assets of a company under the item "tangible assets"; or
- (b) amongst the current assets of a company under the item "raw materials and consumables", may be included at a fixed quantity and value.
  - (2) Sub-paragraph (1) applies to assets of a kind which are constantly being replaced, where—
    - (a) their overall value is not material to assessing the company's state of affairs; and
    - (b) their quantity, value and composition are not subject to material variation.

# Determination of purchase price or production cost

- **26.**—(1) The purchase price of an asset shall be determined by adding to the actual price paid any expenses incidental to its acquisition.
- (2) The production cost of an asset shall be determined by adding to the purchase price of the raw materials and consumables used the amount of the costs incurred by the company which are directly attributable to the production of that asset.
  - (3) In addition, there may be included in the production cost of an asset—
    - (a) a reasonable proportion of the costs incurred by the company which are only indirectly attributable to the production of that asset, but only to the extent that they relate to the period of production; and
    - (b) interest on capital borrowed to finance the production of that asset, to the extent that it accrues in respect of the period of production,
- so, however, that in a case within head (b) the inclusion of the interest in determining the cost of that asset and the amount of the interest so included shall be disclosed in a note to the accounts.
  - (4) In the case of current assets distribution costs may not be included in production costs.

- 27.—(1) Subject to the qualification mentioned below, the purchase price or production cost of—
  - (a) any assets which fall to be included under any item shown in a company's balance sheet under the general item "stocks"; and
  - (b) any assets which are fungible assets (including investments),

may be determined by the application of any of the methods mentioned in sub-paragraph (2) in relation to any such assets of the same class.

The method chosen must be one which appears to the directors to be appropriate in the circumstances of the company.

- (2) Those methods are—
  - (a) the method known as "first in, first out" (FIFO);
  - (b) the method known as "last in, first out" (LIFO);
  - (c) a weighted average price; and
  - (d) any other method similar to any of the methods mentioned above.
- (3) Where in the case of any company—
  - (a) the purchase price or production cost of assets falling to be included under any item shown in the company's balance sheet has been determined by the application of any method permitted by this paragraph; and
  - (b) the amount shown in respect of that item differs materially from the relevant alternative amount given below in this paragraph,

the amount of that difference shall be disclosed in a note to the accounts.

- (4) Subject to sub-paragraph (5), for the purposes of sub-paragraph (3)(b), the relevant alternative amount, in relation to any item shown in a company's balance sheet, is the amount which would have been shown in respect of that item if assets of any class included under that item at an amount determined by any method permitted by this paragraph had instead been included at their replacement cost as at the balance sheet date.
- (5) The relevant alternative amount may be determined by reference to the most recent actual purchase price or production cost before the balance sheet date of assets of any class included under the item in question instead of by reference to their replacement cost as at that date, but only if the former appears to the directors of the company to constitute the more appropriate standard of comparison in the case of assets of that class.
- (6) For the purposes of this paragraph, assets of any description shall be regarded as fungible if assets of that description are substantially indistinguishable one from another.

## Substitution of original stated amount where price or cost unknown

**28.** Where there is no record of the purchase price or production cost of any asset of a company or of any price, expenses or costs relevant for determining its purchase price or production cost in accordance with paragraph 26, or any such record cannot be obtained without unreasonable expense or delay, its purchase price or production cost shall be taken for the purposes of paragraphs 17 to 23 to be the value ascribed to it in the earliest available record of its value made on or after its acquisition or production by the company.

# **Status:**

Point in time view as at 01/01/2006.

# **Changes to legislation:**

There are currently no known outstanding effects for the The Companies (Northern Ireland) Order 1986 (revoked), SECTION B.