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(Acts adopted under the EC Treaty/Euratom Treaty whose publication is obligatory)

## REGULATIONS

## COUNCIL REGULATION (EC) No 41/2006

#### of 21 December 2006

fixing for 2007 the fishing opportunities and associated conditions for certain fish stocks and groups of fish stocks, applicable in Community waters and, for Community vessels, in waters where catch limitations are required

THE COUNCIL OF THE EUROPEAN UNION,

Having regard to the Treaty establishing the European Community,

Having regard to Council Regulation (EC) No 2371/2002 of 20 December 2002 on the conservation and sustainable exploitation of fisheries resources under the Common Fisheries Policy ( $^{1}$ ), and in particular Article 20 thereof,

Having regard to Council Regulation (EC) No 847/96 of 6 May 1996 introducing additional conditions for year-to-year management of TACs and quotas (²), and in particular Article 2 thereof,

Having regard to Council Regulation (EC) No 423/2004 of 26 February 2004 establishing measures for the recovery of cod stocks (3), and in particular Articles 6 and 8 thereof,

Having regard to Council Regulation (EC) No 811/2004 of 21 April 2004 establishing measures for the recovery of the Northern hake stock (4), and in particular Article 5 thereof,

Having regard to Council Regulation (EC) No 2166/2005 of 20 December 2005 establishing measures for the recovery of the Southern hake and Norway lobster stocks in the Cantabrian Sea and Western Iberian peninsula (5), and in particular Articles 5 and 6 thereof,

Having regard to Council Regulation (EC) No 388/2006 of 23 February 2006 establishing a multiannual plan for the sustainable exploitation of the stock of sole in the Bay of Biscay (6), and in particular Article 4 thereof,

Having regard to the proposal from the Commission,

### Whereas:

- (1) Article 4 of Regulation (EC) No 2371/2002 requires the Council to adopt the measures necessary to ensure access to waters and resources and the sustainable pursuit of fishing activities, taking account of available scientific advice and, in particular, the report prepared by the Scientific, Technical and Economic Committee for Fisheries (STECF).
- (2) Under Article 20 of Regulation (EC) No 2371/2002, it is incumbent upon the Council to establish the total allowable catches (TAC) by fishery or group of fisheries. Fishing opportunities should be allocated to Member States and third countries in accordance with the criteria laid down in Article 20 of that Regulation.
- (3) In order to ensure effective management of the TACs and quotas, the specific conditions under which fishing operations occur should be established.
- (4) The principles and certain procedures for fishery management need to be laid down at Community level, so that Member States can ensure the management of the vessels flying their flag.
- (5) Article 3 of Regulation (EC) No 2371/2002 lays down definitions of relevance for the allocation of fishing opportunities.

<sup>(1)</sup> OJ L 358, 31.12.2002, p. 59.

<sup>(2)</sup> OJ L 115, 9.5.1996, p. 3.

<sup>(3)</sup> OJ L 70, 9.3.2004, p. 8.

<sup>(4)</sup> OJ L 150, 30.4.2004, p. 1. Corrected version in OJ L 185, 24.5.2004, p. 1.

<sup>(5)</sup> OJ L 345, 28.12.2005, p. 5

<sup>(6)</sup> OJ L 65, 7.3.2006, p. 1

- Fishing opportunities should be used in accordance with the Community legislation on the subject, and in particular with Commission Regulation (EEC) No 2807/83 of 22 September 1983 laying down detailed rules for recording information on Member States' catches of fish (1), Council Regulation (EEC) No 2930/86 of 22 September 1986 defining characteristics for fishing vessels (2), Commission Regulation (EEC) No 1381/87 of 20 May 1987 establishing detailed rules concerning the marking and documentation of fishing vessels (3), Council Regulation (EEC) No 3880/91 of 17 December 1991 on the submission of nominal catch statistics by Member States in the north-east Atlantic (4), Council Regulation (EEC) No 2847/93 of 12 October 1993 establishing a control system applicable to the common fisheries policy (5), Council Regulation (EC) No 1626/94 of 27 June 1994 laying down certain technical measures for the conservation of fishery resources in the Mediterranean (6), Council Regulation (EC) No 1627/94 of 27 June 1994 laying down general provisions concerning special fishing permits (7), Council Regulation (EC) No 850/98 of 30 March 1998 for the conservation of fishery resources through technical measures for the protection of juveniles of marine organisms (8), Council Regulation (EC) No 1434/98 of 29 June 1998 specifying conditions under which herring may be landed for industrial purposes other than direct human consumption (9), Council Regulation (EC) No 973/ 2001 of 14 May 2001 laying down certain technical measures for the conservation of certain stocks of highly migratory species (10), Council Regulation (EC) No 2347/ 2002 of 16 December 2002 establishing specific access requirements and associated conditions applicable to fishing for deep-sea stocks (11), Council Regulation (EC) No 1954/2003 of 4 November 2003 on the management of the fishing effort relating to certain Community fishing areas and resources (12), Commission Regulation (EC) No 2244/2003 of 18 December 2003 laying down detailed provisions regarding satellite-based Vessel Monitoring Systems (13), Regulation (EC) No 423/2004, Council Regulation (EC) No 601/2004 of 22 March 2004 laying down certain control measures applicable to fishing activities in the area covered by the Convention on the
- conservation of Antarctic marine living resources (<sup>14</sup>), Regulation (EC) No 811/2004, Regulation (EC) No 2166/2005, Regulation (EC) No 388/2006 and Council Regulation (EC) No 2015/2006 of 19 December 2006 fixing for 2007 and 2008 the fishing opportunities for Community fishing vessels for certain deep-sea fish stocks (<sup>15</sup>).
- (7) It is necessary, following the advice from the International Council for the Exploration of the Sea (ICES), to maintain the application of a temporary system to manage the catch limits of anchovy in ICES zone VIII.
- (8) Commission Regulation (EC) No 1116/2006 of 20 July 2006 prohibiting fishing for anchovy in ICES Sub-area VIII (16) should be repealed. inserted by me
- (9) It is necessary, following the advice from the ICES, to maintain and revise a system to manage the fishing effort on sandeel in ICES zones IIIa and IV and EC waters of ICES zone IIa.
- (10) As a transitional measure in the light of the most recent scientific advice from the ICES, the fishing effort on certain deep-sea species should be further reduced.
- (11) Under Article 20 of Regulation (EC) No 2371/2002 it is incumbent upon the Council to decide on the conditions associated with the limits on catches and/or fishing effort limits. Scientific advice indicates that substantial catches in excess of agreed TACs result in the sustainability of fishing operations being prejudiced. It is therefore appropriate to introduce associated conditions that will result in improved implementation of the agreed fishing possibilities.
- (12) At its Annual Meeting in 2006, the Northwest Atlantic Fisheries Organisation (NAFO) adopted a number of technical and control measures. It is necessary to implement these measures.
- (13) At its XXVth annual meeting in 2006, the Convention for the Conservation of Antarctic Marine Living Resources (CCAMLR) adopted relevant catch limits for the stocks open to established fisheries by any CCAMLR Member. CCAMLR also approved the participation of Community vessels in exploratory fisheries for *Dissostichus spp.* in Subareas FAO 88.1 and 88.2 as well as in Divisions 58.4.1, 58.4.2, 58.4.3a) and 58.4.3b) and made the relevant fishing activities subject to catch and by-catch limits, as well as to certain specific technical measures. Those limits and technical measures should also be applied.

<sup>(</sup>¹) OJ L 276, 10.10.1983, p. 1. Regulation as last amended by Regulation (EC) No 1804/2005 (OJ L 290, 4.11.2005, p. 10).

<sup>(2)</sup> OJ L 274, 25.9.1986, p. 1. Regulation as amended by Regulation (EC) No 3259/94 (OJ L 339, 29.12.1994, p. 11).

<sup>(3)</sup> OJ L 132, 21.5.1987, p. 9.

<sup>(4)</sup> OJ L 365, 31.12.1991, p. 1. Regulation as last amended by Regulation (EC) No 448/2005 (OJ L 74, 19.3.2005, p. 5).

<sup>(5)</sup> OJ L 261, 20.10.1993, p. 1. Regulation as last amended by Regulation (EC) No 768/2005 (OJ L 128, 21.5.2005, p. 1).

<sup>(6)</sup> OJ L 171, 6.7.1994, p. 1. Regulation as last amended by Regulation (EC) No 813/2004 (OJ L 150, 30.4.2004, p. 32).

<sup>(&</sup>lt;sup>7</sup>) OJ L 171, 6.7.1994, p. 7.

<sup>(8)</sup> OJ L 125, 27.4.1998, p. 1. Regulation as last amended by Regulation (EC) No 2166/2005 (OJ L 345, 28.12.2005, p. 5).

<sup>(9)</sup> OJ L 191, 7.7.1998, p. 10. Regulation as amended by Regulation (EC) No 2187/2005(OJ L 349, 31.12.2005, p. 1).

<sup>(10)</sup> OJ L 137, 19.5.2001, p. 1. Regulation as amended by Regulation (EC) No 831/2004 (OJ L 127, 29.4.2004, p. 33).

<sup>(11)</sup> OJ L 351, 28.12.2002, p. 6. Regulation as amended by Regulation (EC) No 2269/2004 (OJ L 396, 31.12.2004, p. 1).

<sup>(12)</sup> OJ L 289, 7.11.2003, p. 1.

<sup>(13)</sup> OJ L 333, 20.12.2003, p. 17.

<sup>(14)</sup> OJ L 97, 1.4.2004, p. 16.

<sup>(15)</sup> OJ L 384, 29.12.2006, p. 28

<sup>(16)</sup> OJ L 199, 21.7.2006, p. 8.

- (14) In order to comply with international obligations assumed by the Community as a Contracting Party to the CCAMLR, including the obligation to apply the measures adopted by the CCAMLR Commission, the TACs adopted by that Commission for the 2006-2007 season and the corresponding season limit dates should be applied.
- (15) In accordance with Article 2 of Regulation (EC) No 847/96, the stocks that are subject to the various measures referred to therein must be identified.
- (16) In accordance with the procedure provided for in the agreements or protocols on fisheries relations, the Community has held consultations on fishing rights with Norway (1), the Faroe Islands (2) and Greenland (3).
- (17) The Community is a contracting party to several regional fisheries organisations. Those fisheries organisations have recommended the setting of catch limitations and/or effort limitations and other conservation rules for certain species. Such recommendations should therefore be implemented by the Community.
- (18) For the adjustment of fishing effort limitations on cod as laid down in Regulation (EC) No 423/2004, alternative arrangements are maintained in order to manage fishing effort consistently with the TAC, as laid down in Article 8 (3) of that Regulation.
- (19) Certain temporary provisions should be maintained on the use of VMS data in order to provide for greater efficiency and effectiveness in the monitoring, control and surveillance of effort management.
- (20) Scientific advice indicates that the stock of plaice and sole in the North Sea are not fished sustainably and that levels of discards of plaice are very high. Scientific advice and advice from the North Sea Regional Advisory Council indicate that it is appropriate to adjust the fishing opportunities in terms of fishing effort of vessels targeting plaice.
- (21) Scientific advice recommends the adoption of a recovery plan for the stocks of sole in the Western channel. It is necessary to apply a provisional effort management scheme, while the Council is considering a long-term arrangement. For the cod stocks in the North Sea, the Skagerrak and the Western channel, in the Irish Sea and in the west of Scotland, and the stocks of hake and of Norway lobster in ICES zones VIIIc and IXa, the levels of permissible effort within the management scheme needs to be adapted.
- (22) In order to contribute to the conservation of fish stocks, certain supplementary measures on control and technical conditions of fishing should be implemented in 2007.
- (1) OJ L 226, 29.8.1980, p. 48.
- (2) OJ L 226, 29.8.1980, p. 12.
- (3) OJ L 29, 1.2.1985, p. 9.

- (23) Scientific investigations have demonstrated that the fishing practices when fishing with gillnets and entangling nets in ICES zones VIa, VIb, VIIb, VIIc, VIIJ, VIIk and XII constitute a serious threat to deep-sea species. However, transitional measures to allow these fisheries to take place under certain conditions should be implemented until more permanent measures are adopted.
- (24) In order to ensure sustainable exploitation of the hake stocks and to reduce discards, the latest developments on selective gears should be maintained as transitional measures in ICES zones VIIIa, VIIIb and VIIId.
- (25) The control of landings and transhipments of frozen fish by third-country fishing vessels landed in Community ports needs to be improved. In November 2006 the North-East Atlantic Fisheries Commission (NEAFC) adopted a recommendation involving port State control. Implementation of that recommendation in the Community legal order should be ensured.
- (26) In November 2006 the NEAFC recommended replacing a number of vessels on the list of vessels that have been confirmed as having engaged in illegal, unreported and unregulated fisheries. Implementation of the recommendations in the Community legal order should be ensured.
- (27) In order to contribute to the conservation of octopus and in particular to protect juveniles, it is necessary to maintain, in 2007, a minimum size of octopus from the maritime waters under the sovereignty or jurisdiction of third countries and situated in the CECAF region pending the adoption of a regulation amending Regulation (EC) No 850/98.
- (28) In the light of advice from STECF, fishing with beam trawl using electrical pulse current should be allowed in ICES zones IVc and IVb south under certain conditions.
- (29) At its Annual Meeting in 2006, the Inter-American Tropical Tuna Commission (IATTC) adopted catch limitations for yellowfin tuna, bigeye tuna and skipjack tuna. Although the Community is not a member of the IATTC, it is necessary to implement those measures to ensure sustainable management of the resource under the jurisdiction of that organisation.
- (30) At its Second Annual Meeting, the Western and Central Pacific Fisheries Commission (WCPFC) adopted effort limitations for yellowfin tuna, bigeye tuna, skipjack tuna and south pacific albacore, as well as technical measures as regards the treatment of by-catches. The Community is a member of the WCPFC since January 2005. It is therefore necessary to implement those measures into Community law to ensure sustainable management of the resource under the jurisdiction of that organisation.

- (31) At its Annual Meeting in 2006, the International Commission for the Conservation of Atlantic Tunas ICCAT adopted tables indicating the under-utilisation and over-utilisation of the fishing possibilities of the ICCAT contracting parties. In that context, the ICCAT adopted a Decision observing that during the year 2004, the Community had under-exploited its quota for several stocks.
- (32) In order to respect the adjustments to the Community quotas established by the ICCAT, it is necessary for the distribution of the fishing opportunities arising from the under-utilisation to be carried out on the basis of the respective contribution of each Member State towards the under-utilisation without modifying the distribution key concerning the annual allocation of TACs.
- (33) At its Annual Meeting in 2006, the ICCAT adopted a number of technical measures for certain stocks of highly migratory species in the Atlantic and the Mediterranean, specifying inter alia a new minimum size for bluefin tuna, restrictions on fishing within certain areas and time periods in order to protect bigeye tuna, measures concerning sport and recreational fishing activities in the Mediterranean Sea and the establishment of a sampling programme for the estimation of the size of the caged bluefin tuna. In order to contribute to the conservation of fish stocks it is necessary to implement these measures in 2007 pending the adoption of a regulation amending Regulation (EC) No 973/2001.
- (34) At its Annual Meeting in 2006, the South East Atlantic Fisheries Organisation (SEAFO) adopted conservation measures to close certain areas from 1 January 2007 in order to protect vulnerable deep-sea habitats, the prohibition of transhipments at sea in the Convention Area to fight illegal, unreported and unregulated (IUU) Fishing activities, an interim control scheme amending the Interim

- Arrangement annexed to the SEAFO Convention, incorporating the Conservation Measures adopted at the 2005 Annual Meeting, and technical measures to reduce the incidental mortality of seabirds in association with fishing activities. These measures are binding on the Community and should therefore be implemented.
- (35) It is no longer appropriate to provide fishing opportunities for vessels flying the flag of Barbados, Guyana, Surinam, Trinidad and Tobago, Japan and Korea in French Guyana waters due to under-utilization of fishing opportunities, this should be reflected in the specific provisions concerning the Department of French Guyana.
- (36) In order to ensure that catches of blue whiting by third-country vessels in Community waters are correctly accounted for, it is necessary to maintain the strengthened control provisions for such vessels.
- (37) In order to ensure the livelihood of Community fishermen and in order to avoid endangering resources and any possible difficulty due to the lapsing of Council Regulation (EC) No 51/2006 of 22 December 2005 fixing for 2006 the fishing opportunities and associated conditions for certain fish stocks and groups of fish stocks, applicable in Community waters and, for Community vessels, in waters where catch limitations are required (¹), it is essential to open those fisheries on 1 January 2007 and maintain in force in January 2007 some of the rules of that Regulation. Given the urgency of the matter, it is imperative to grant an exception to the six-week period referred to in paragraph I (3) of the Protocol on the role of national Parliaments in the European Union, annexed to the Treaty on European Union and to the Treaties establishing the European Communities,

HAS ADOPTED THIS REGULATION:

#### CHAPTER I

#### **SCOPE AND DEFINITIONS**

## Article 1

## Subject matter

This Regulation fixes fishing opportunities for the year 2007, for certain fish stocks and groups of fish stocks, and the associated conditions under which such fishing opportunities may be used.

In addition, it fixes certain effort limits and associated conditions for January 2008, and for certain Antarctic stocks it fixes the fishing opportunities and specific conditions for the periods set out in Annex IE.

## Article 2

### Scope

- 1. If not otherwise provided for, this Regulation shall apply to:
- (a) Community fishing vessels ('Community vessels'); and
- (b) Fishing vessels flying the flag of, and registered in, third countries ('third-country fishing vessels') in Community waters ('EC waters').

<sup>(1)</sup> OJ L 16, 20.1.2006, p. 1. Regulation as last amended by Regulation (EC) No 1782/2006 (OJ L 345, 8.12.2006, p. 10).

2. By way of derogation from paragraph 1, this Regulation shall not apply to fishing operations conducted solely for the purpose of scientific investigations which are carried out with the permission and under the authority of the Member State concerned and of which the Commission and the Member State in whose waters the research is carried out have been informed in advance.

#### Article 3

#### **Definitions**

For the purposes of this Regulation, in addition to the definitions laid down in Article 3 of Regulation (EC) No 2371/2002, the following definitions shall apply:

- (a) 'total allowable catches' (TAC) means the quantity that can be taken and landed from each stock each year;
- (b) 'quota' means a proportion of the allocated to the Community, Member States or third countries;
- (c) 'international waters' means waters falling outside the sovereignty or jurisdiction of any State;
- (d) 'NAFO Regulatory Area' means the part of the area of the Northwest Atlantic Fisheries Organisation (NAFO) Convention not falling under the sovereignty or within the jurisdiction of coastal States;
- (e) 'Skagerrak' means the area bounded on the west by a line drawn from the Hanstholm lighthouse to the Lindesnes lighthouse and on the south by a line drawn from the Skagen lighthouse to the Tistlarna lighthouse and from this point to the nearest point on the Swedish coast;
- (f) 'Kattegat' means the area bounded on the north by a line drawn from the Skagen lighthouse to the Tistlarna lighthouse and from this point to the nearest point on the Swedish coast and on the south by a line drawn from Hasenøre to Gnibens Spids, from Korshage to Spodsbjerg and from Gilbjerg Hoved to Kullen;
- (g) 'Gulf of Cadiz' means the area of ICES zone IXa east of longitude 7°23'48"W;
- (h) 'NEAFC Regulatory Area' means the waters of the Convention Areas as defined in the North-East Atlantic Fisheries Commission (NEAFC) Convention , which lie

beyond the waters under the jurisdiction of NEAFC Contracting Parties.

#### Article 4

## Fishing zones

For the purposes of this Regulation, the following zone definitions shall apply:

- (a) ICES (International Council for the Exploration of the Sea) zones are as defined in Regulation (EEC) No 3880/91;
- (b) CECAF (Eastern Central Atlantic or FAO major fishing zone 34) zones are as defined in Council Regulation (EC) No 2597/95 of 23 October 1995 on the submission of nominal catch statistics by Member States fishing in certain areas other than those of the North Atlantic (¹);
- (c) NAFO (Northwest Atlantic Fisheries Organisation) zones are as defined in Council Regulation (EEC) No 2018/93 of 30 June 1993 on the submission of catch and activity statistics by Member States fishing in the Northwest Atlantic (2);
- (d) CCAMLR (Convention on the Conservation of Antarctic Marine Living Resources) zones are as defined in Regulation (EC) No 601/2004;
- (e) the IATTC (Inter American Tropical Tuna Convention) zone is as defined in Council Decision 2006/539/EC of 22 May 2006 on the conclusion, on behalf of the European Community, of the Convention for the Strengthening of the Inter-American Tropical Tuna Commission established by the 1949 Convention between the United States of America and the Republic of Costa Rica (3);
- (f) the WCPFC (Western and Central Pacific Fisheries Convention) zone is as defined in Council Decision 2005/75/EC of 26 April 2004 on the accession of the Community to the Convention on the Conservation and Management of Highly Migratory Fish Stocks in the Western and Central Pacific Ocean (4);
- (g) the ICCAT (International Commission for the Conservation of Atlantic Tunas) zone is as defined in Council decision 86/238/EEC of 9 June 1986 on the accession of the Community to the International Convention for the

<sup>(</sup>¹) OJ L 270, 13.11.1995, p. 1. Regulation as last amended by Regulation (EC) No 1882/2003 of the European Parliament and of the Council (OJ L 284, 31.10.2003, p. 1).

<sup>(2)</sup> OJ L 186, 28.7.1993, p. 1. Regulation as last amended by Regulation (EC) No 1882/2003.

<sup>(3)</sup> OJ L 224, 16.8.2006, p. 22.

<sup>(4)</sup> OJ L 32, 4.2.2005, p. 1.

Conservation of Atlantic Tunas, as amended by the Protocol annexed to the Final Act of the Conference of Plenipotentiaries of the States Parties to the Convention signed in Paris on 10 July 1984 (¹);

- (h) SEAFO (South East Atlantic Fisheries Organisation) zones are as defined in Council Decision 2002/738/EC of 22 July 2002 on the conclusion by the European Community of
- the Convention on the Conservation and Management of Fishery Resources in the South-East Atlantic Ocean (2);
- (i) the GFCM (General Fisheries Commission for the Mediterranean) zone is as defined in Council Decision 98/416/EC (³) of 16 June 1998 on the accession of the European Community to the General Fisheries Commission for the Mediterranean.

#### CHAPTER II

## FISHING OPPORTUNITIES AND ASSOCIATED CONDITIONS FOR COMMUNITY VESSELS

## Article 5

## Catch limits and allocations

- 1. The catch limits for Community vessels in Community waters or in certain non-Community waters and the allocation of such catch limits among Member States and additional conditions in accordance with Article 2 of Regulation (EC) No 847/96 are set out in Annex I.
- 2. Community vessels are hereby authorised to make catches, within the quota limits set out in Annex I, in waters falling within the fisheries jurisdiction of the Faroe Islands, Greenland, Iceland and Norway, and the fishing zone around Jan Mayen, subject to the conditions set out in Articles 10, 17 and 18.
- 3. The Commission shall fix the final catch limits for the fisheries on sandeel in ICES zones IIIa and IV and EC waters of ICES zone IIa according to the rules laid down in point 8 of Annex IID.
- 4. The Commission shall fix catch limits for capelin in ICES zone V and Greenland waters of ICES zone XIV available to the Community at 7,7 % of the capelin TAC as soon as the TAC has been established.
- 5. Catch limits for the stock of Norway pout in ICES zone IIIa and in EC waters of ICES zones IIa and IV, for the stock of sprat in EC waters of ICES zones IIa and IV and for the stock of anchovy in ICES zone VIII may be revised by the Commission in accordance with the procedure referred to in Article 30(2) of Regulation (EC) No 2371/2002 in the light of scientific information collected during the first half of 2007.

- 6. It shall be prohibited for Community vessels to fish for, to retain on board, to tranship and to land the following species in all Community and non-Community waters:
- Basking shark (Cetorhinus maximus)
- White shark (Carcharodon carcharias).
- 7. It shall be prohibited for Community vessels to fish for orange roughy (*Hoplostethus atlanticus*) in the parts of ICES zones V, VI and VII that lie within the NEAFC Regulatory area.
- 8. It shall be prohibited for Community vessels to fish for redfish (*Sebastes mentella*) in the parts of ICES zones I and II that lie within the NEAFC Regulatory area from 1 January 2007 to 30 June 2007, with the exception of unavoidable by-catches. This prohibition shall also apply from 1 July 2007 to 31 December 2007, if recommended by NEAFC. In this event, the Commission shall publish a notification of the NEAFC recommendation in the 'C' series of the Official Journal of the European Union.

## Article 6

## Special provisions on allocations

- 1. The allocation of fishing opportunities among Member States as set out in Annex I shall be without prejudice to:
- a) exchanges made pursuant to Article 20(5) of Regulation (EC) No 2371/2002;
- b) reallocations made pursuant to Articles 21(4), 23(1) and 32 (2) of Regulation (EEC) No 2847/93;
- c) additional landings allowed under Article 3 of Regulation (EC) No 847/96;

<sup>(1)</sup> OJ L 162, 18.6.1986, p. 33.

<sup>(2)</sup> OJ L 234, 31.8.2002, p. 39.

<sup>(3)</sup> OJ L 190, 4.7.1998, p. 34.

- d) quantities withheld in accordance with Article 4 of Regulation (EC) No 847/96;
- e) deductions made pursuant to Article 5 of Regulation (EC) No 847/96.
- 2. For the purpose of withholding quotas to be transferred to 2008, Article 4(2) of Regulation (EC) No 847/96 shall apply, by way of derogation from that Regulation, to all stocks subject to analytical TAC.

## Fishing effort limits and associated conditions for the management of stocks

- 1. From 1 February 2007 to 31 January 2008, the fishing effort limitations and associated conditions laid down in:
- (a) Annex IIA, shall apply for the management of certain stocks in the Kattegat, the Skagerrak and ICES zones IV, VIa, VIIa, VIId and EC waters of ICES zone IIa;
- (b) Annex IIB, shall apply for the management of hake and Norway lobster in ICES zones VIIIc and IXa with the exception of the Gulf of Cadiz;
- (c) Annex IIC, shall apply for the management of the sole stock in ICES zone VIIe;
- (d) Annex IID, shall apply for the management of sandeel stocks in ICES zones IIIa and IV and EC waters of ICES zone IIa:
- 2. For the period from 1 January 2007 to 31 January 2007 for the stocks mentioned in paragraph 1(a), (b), (c) and (d), the fishing effort and associated conditions laid down in Annexes IIA, IIB, IIC and IID to Regulation (EC) No 51/2006 shall continue to apply.
- 3. Vessels using gear types identified in point 4.1 of Annex IIA and in point 3 of Annexes IIB and IIC respectively and fishing in areas defined in point 2 of Annex IIA and in point 1 of Annexes IIB and IIC respectively shall hold a special fishing permit issued in accordance with Article 7 of Regulation (EC) No 1627/94, as provided for in these Annexes.
- 4. The Commission shall fix the final fishing effort for 2007 for the fisheries on sandeel in ICES zones IIIa and IV and in EC waters of ICES zone IIa based on the rules laid down in points 3 to 6 of Annex IID.

5. Member States shall ensure that for 2007 the fishing effort levels, measured in kilowatt days absent from port, by vessels holding deep-sea fishing permits do not exceed 75 % of the average annual fishing effort deployed by the vessels of the Member State concerned in 2003 on trips when deep-sea fishing permits were held and deep-sea species, as listed in Annexes I and II to Regulation (EC) No 2347/2002, were caught. This paragraph shall apply only to fishing trips on which more than 100 kg of deep sea species, other than greater silver smelt, were caught.

#### Article 8

## Conditions for landing catches and by-catches

- 1. Fish from stocks for which catch limits are established shall be retained on board or landed only if:
- (a) the catches have been taken by vessels of a Member State having a quota and that quota is not exhausted; or
- (b) the catches consist of a part of a Community share which has not been allocated by quota among Member States, and that share has not been exhausted.
- 2. By way of derogation from paragraph 1, the following fish may be retained on board and landed even if a Member State has no quotas or the quotas or shares are exhausted:
- (a) species, other than herring and mackerel, where
  - they are caught mixed with other species with nets whose mesh size is less than 32 mm in accordance with Article 4 of Regulation (EC) No 850/98, and
  - (ii) the catches are not sorted either on board or on landing;

or

- b) mackerel, where
  - they are caught mixed with horse mackerel or pilchard;
  - (ii) they do not exceed 10 % of the total weight of mackerel, horse mackerel and pilchard on board and;
  - (iii) the catches are not sorted either on board or on landing.
- 3. Article 2(1) of Regulation (EC) No 1434/98, shall not apply to herring caught in ICES zones IIIa, IV and VIId and EC waters of ICES zone IIa.

- 4. All landings shall count against the quota or, if the Community share has not been allocated between Member States by quotas, against the Community share, except for catches made under the provisions of paragraph 2.
- 5. When catch limits of a Member State for herring in ICES zones IIIa, IV and VIId and EC waters of ICES zone IIa are exhausted, vessels flying the flag of that Member State, registered in the Community and operating within the fisheries to which the relevant catch limitations apply, shall be prohibited from landing catches which are unsorted and which contain herring.
- 6. The determination of the percentage of by-catches and their disposal shall be made in accordance with Articles 4 and 11 of Regulation (EC) No 850/98.

## Unsorted landings in ICES zones IIIa, IV and VIId and EC waters of ICES zone IIa

1. Member States shall ensure that an adequate sampling programme is in place allowing an efficient monitoring of unsorted landings by species caught in ICES zones IIIa, IV and VIId and EC waters of ICES zone IIa.

2. Unsorted catches in ICES zones IIIa, IV and VIId and EC waters of ICES zone IIa shall be landed only at ports and landing locations where a sampling programme as referred to in paragraph 1 is in place.

#### Article 10

#### **Access limits**

No fishing by Community vessels shall take place in the Skagerrak within 12 nautical miles from the baselines of Norway. However, vessels flying the flag of Denmark or Sweden shall be allowed to fish up to four nautical miles from the baselines of Norway.

## Article 11

#### Transitional technical and control measures

Transitional technical and control measures for Community vessels shall be as set out in Annex III.

#### CHAPTER III

### CATCH LIMITS AND ASSOCIATED CONDITIONS FOR THIRD-COUNTRY FISHING VESSELS

## Article 12

## Transitional technical and control measures

Transitional technical and control measures for third-country fishing vessels shall be as set out in Annex III.

## Article 13

## Authorisation

- 1. Fishing vessels flying the flag of Venezuela or Norway and fishing vessels registered in the Faroe Islands shall be authorised to make catches in Community waters, within the catch limits set out in Annex I, and subject to the conditions provided for in Articles 14 to 16 and 19 to 25.
- 2. It shall be prohibited for third-country fishing vessels to fish for, to retain on board, to tranship and to land the following species in all Community waters:
- a) Basking shark (Cetorhinus maximus)

b) White shark (Carcharodon carcharias).

## Article 14

## Geographical restrictions

- 1. Fishing by fishing vessels flying the flag of Norway or registered in the Faroe Islands shall be limited to those parts of the 200 nautical mile zone lying seawards of 12 nautical miles from the baselines of Member States in ICES zone IV, the Kattegat and the Atlantic Ocean north of 43°00'N, except the area referred to in Article 18 of Regulation (EC) No 2371/2002.
- 2. Fishing in the Skagerrak by fishing vessels flying the flag of Norway shall be allowed seawards of four nautical miles from the baselines of Denmark and Sweden.
- 3. Fishing by fishing vessels flying the flag of Venezuela shall be limited to those parts of the 200-nautical-mile zone lying seawards of 12 nautical miles from the baselines of the Department of French Guyana.

## Transit through Community waters

Third-country fishing vessels that transit through Community waters shall stow their nets so that they may not readily be used, in accordance with the following conditions:

 (a) nets, weights and similar gear shall be disconnected from their trawl boards and towing and hauling wires and ropes, (b) nets which are on or above deck shall be securely lashed to some part of the superstructure.

#### Article 16

## Conditions for landing catches and by-catches

Fish from stocks for which catch limits are fixed shall not be retained on board or landed unless the catches have been taken by fishing vessels of a third-country having a quota and that quota is not exhausted.

#### CHAPTER IV

#### LICENSING ARRANGEMENTS FOR COMMUNITY VESSELS

## Article 17

#### Licences and associated conditions

- 1. Notwithstanding the general rules on fishing licences and special fishing permits provided for in Regulation (EC) No 1627/94, fishing by Community vessels in waters of a third country shall be subject to the holding of a licence issued by the authorities of that third country.
- 2. However, paragraph 1 shall not apply to the following Community vessels, when fishing in Norwegian waters of the North Sea:
- a) vessels of a tonnage equal to or less than 200 GT; or
- b) vessels carrying out fisheries for human consumption for species other than mackerel; or
- vessels flying the flag of Sweden, in line with established practice.
- 3. The maximum number of licences and other associated conditions shall be fixed as set out in Part I of Annex IV. Requests for licences shall indicate the types of fishing and the name and

characteristics of the Community vessels for which licences are to be issued and shall be addressed by the authorities of the Member States to the Commission. The Commission shall submit these requests to the authorities of the third country concerned.

- 4. If one Member State transfers quota to another Member State (swap) in the fishing areas set out in Part I of Annex IV, the transfer shall include an appropriate transfer of licences and shall be notified to the Commission. However, the total number of licences for each fishing area, as set out in Part I of Annex IV, shall not be exceeded.
- 5. Community vessels shall comply with the conservation and control measures and all other provisions governing the zone in which they operate.

#### Article 18

#### **Faroe Islands**

Community vessels licensed to conduct a directed fishery for one species in waters of the Faroe Islands may conduct directed fishery for another species provided that they give prior notification to the Faroese authorities.

## CHAPTER V

## LICENSING ARRANGEMENTS FOR THIRD-COUNTRY FISHING VESSELS

### Article 19

## Obligation to have a licence and a special fishing permit

- 1. Notwithstanding Article 28b of Regulation (EEC) No 2847/93, fishing vessels of less than 200 GT flying the flag of Norway shall be exempt from the obligation to have a licence and a special fishing permit.
- 2. The licence and special fishing permit shall be kept on board. However, fishing vessels registered in the Faroe Islands or Norway shall be exempt from that obligation.
- 3. Fishing vessels from third countries authorised to fish on 31 December 2006 may continue to fish as from 1 January 2007 until the list of fishing vessels authorised to fish is submitted to, and approved by, the Commission.

## Application for a licence and special fishing permit

An application to the Commission for a licence and special fishing permit from an authority of a third-country shall be accompanied by the following information:

- (a) name of the vessel;
- (b) registration number;
- (c) external identification letters and numbers;
- (d) port of registration;
- (e) name and address of the owner or charterer:
- (f) gross tonnage and overall length;
- (g) engine power;
- (h) call sign and radio frequency;
- (i) intended method of fishing;
- (j) intended area of fishing;
- (k) species for which it is intended to fish;
- (l) period for which a licence is applied for.

### Article 21

### Number of licences

The number of licences and special associated conditions shall be fixed as set out in Part II of Annex IV.

## Article 22

## Cancellation and withdrawal

- 1. Licences and special fishing permits may be cancelled with a view to the issue of new licences and special fishing permits. Such cancellations shall take effect on the day preceding the date of issue of the new licences and special fishing permits by the Commission. New licences and special fishing permits shall take effect from their date of issue.
- 2. Licences and special fishing permits shall be wholly or partially withdrawn before their date of expiry if the quota for the stock in question as set out in Annex I has been exhausted.

3. Licences and special fishing permits shall be withdrawn in the event of any failure to meet the obligations laid down in this Regulation.

#### Article 23

## Failure to comply with relevant rules

- 1. For a period not exceeding 12 months, no licence or special fishing permit shall be issued for any third-country fishing vessel in respect of which the obligations laid down in this Regulation have not been fulfilled.
- 2. The Commission shall submit to the authorities of the third country concerned the names and characteristics of the third-country fishing vessels which will not be authorised to fish in the Community fishing zone for the following month or months as a consequence of an infringement of the relevant rules.

#### Article 24

## Obligations of the licence holder

- 1. Third-country fishing vessels shall comply with the conservation and control measures and other provisions governing fishing by Community vessels in the zone in which they operate, in particular Regulations (EEC) No 1381/87, (EEC) No 2847/93, (EC) No 1627/94, (EC) No 850/98, (EC) No 1434/98, and Council Regulation (EC) No 2187/2005 of 21 December 2005 for the conservation of fishery resources through technical measures in the Baltic Sea, the Belts and the Sound (¹).
- 2. The third-country fishing vessels referred to in paragraph 1 shall keep a logbook in which the information set out in Part I of Annex V shall be entered.
- 3. Third-country fishing vessels, except vessels flying the flag of Norway fishing in ICES zone IIIa, shall transmit the information set out in Annex VI to the Commission, in accordance with the rules laid down in that Annex.

## Article 25

## Specific provisions concerning the Department of French Guyana

- 1. The granting of licences to fish in the waters of the Department of French Guyana shall be subject to an undertaking by the owner of the third-country fishing vessel concerned to permit an observer to come on board at the Commission's request.
- 2. Third-country fishing vessels fishing in the waters of the Department of French Guyana shall keep a logbook corresponding to the model appearing in Part II of Annex V. Catch data shall be sent to the Commission upon request, via the French authorities.

<sup>(1)</sup> OJ L 349, 31.12.2005, p. 1.

#### CHAPTER VI

### SPECIAL PROVISIONS FOR COMMUNITY VESSELS FISHING IN THE MEDITERRANEAN SEA

#### Article 26

## Establishment of a closed season for the dolphinfish fisheries using fish aggregating devices

- 1. In order to protect dolphinfish (*Coryphaena hippurus*), in particular small fish, dolphin fish fisheries using fish aggregating devices (FADs) shall be prohibited from 1 January 2007 to 14 August 2007, in all geographical sub-areas of the GFCM Agreement zone.
- 2. By way of derogation from paragraph 1, if a Member State can demonstrate that, due to bad weather, the fishing vessels flying its flag were unable to utilise their normal fishing days, that Member State may carry over days lost by its vessels in FAD fisheries until 31 January of the following year. Member States wishing to benefit from this carry-over shall submit to the Commission before 1 January 2008 an application for the additional number of days on which a vessel will be authorised to fish dolphinfish by using FADs during the prohibition period from 1 January 2008 until 31 January 2008. Such an application shall be accompanied by the following information:
- (a) a report containing the details of the cessation of the fishing activities in question, including appropriate supporting meteorological information;
- (b) name of the vessel;
- (c) registration number;
- (d) external identification letters and numbers as defined in Annex I to Commission Regulation (EC) No 26/2004 of 30 December 2003 on the Community fishing fleet register (1).

The Commission shall forward the information obtained from the Member States to the GFCM Executive Secretariat.

3. Before 1 November 2007 Member States shall send the Commission a report on the implementation of the measures referred to in paragraph 1.

#### Article 27

## Establishment of fisheries restrictive areas in order to protect deep sea sensitive habitats.

- 1. Fishing with towed dredges and bottom trawl nets shall be prohibited in the areas bounded by lines joining the following coordinates:
- (a) Deep Sea fisheries restricted area 'Lophelia reef off Capo Santa Maria di Leuca'
  - 39° 27.72' N, 18° 10.74' E
  - 39° 27.80' N, 18° 26.68' E
  - 39° 11.16' N, 18° 04.28' E
  - 39° 11.16' N, 18° 35.58' E
- (b) Deep Sea fisheries restricted area 'The Nile delta area cold hydrocarbon seeps'
  - 31° 30.00' N, 33° 10.00' E
  - 31° 30.00' N, 34° 00.00' E
  - 32° 00.00' N, 34° 00.00' E
  - 32° 00.00' N, 33° 10.00' E
- (c) Deep Sea fisheries restricted area 'The Eratosthemes Seamount'
  - 33° 00.00' N, 32° 00.00' E
  - 33° 00.00' N, 33° 00.00' E
  - 34° 00.00' N, 33° 00.00' E
  - 34° 00.00' N, 32° 00.00' E
- 2. Member States shall take the measures necessary for the protection of deep sea sensitive habitats in the areas referred to in paragraph 1 and in particular shall ensure that they protect these areas from the impacts of any other than fishing activity jeopardizing the conservation of the features that characterize these particular habitats.

<sup>(</sup>¹) OJ L 5, 9.1.2004, p. 25. Regulation as amended by Regulation (EC) No 1799/2006 (OJ L 341, 7.12.2006, p. 26).

#### CHAPTER VII

### SPECIAL PROVISIONS FOR COMMUNITY VESSELS FISHING IN THE NAFO REGULATORY AREA

#### SECTION 1

## Community participation

#### Article 28

#### List of vessels

- 1. Only Community vessels of more than 50 gross tonnes which have been issued a special fishing permits by their flag Member State and are included in the NAFO vessel register shall be authorised, on the conditions set out in their permits, to fish, keep on board, trans-ship and land fishery resources from the NAFO Regulatory Area.
- 2. Each Member State shall inform the Commission in computer readable form, at least 15 days before the new vessel enters the NAFO Regulatory Area, of any amendment to its list of vessels flying its flag and registered in the Community that are authorised to fish in the NAFO Regulatory Area. The Commission shall forward this information promptly to the NAFO Secretariat.
- 3. The information referred to in paragraph 2 shall include the following:
- (a) the internal number of the vessel, as defined in Annex I to Regulation (EC) No 26/2004;
- (b) the international radio call sign;
- (c) the vessel charterer, where applicable;
- (d) the vessel type.
- 4. For vessels temporarily flying the flag of a Member State (bare boat charter), the information forwarded shall furthermore include:
- the date from which the vessel has been authorised to fly the flag of the Member State;
- (b) the date from which the vessel has been authorised by the Member State to engage in fishing in the NAFO Regulatory Area;
- (c) the name of the State where the vessel is registered or has been previously registered and the date as from which it ceased flying the flag of that State;
- (d) the name of the vessel;

- (e) the official registration number of the vessel assigned by the competent national authorities;
- (f) the home port of the vessel after the transfer;
- (g) the name of owner or charterer of the vessel;
- a declaration that the master has been provided with a copy of the regulations in force in the NAFO Regulatory Area;
- (i) the principal species which can be fished by the vessel in the NAFO Regulatory Area;
- (j) the Subareas where the vessel may be expected to fish.

#### SECTION 2

## Technical measures

## Article 29

## Mesh sizes

- 1. The use of trawl net having in any section thereof net meshes of dimensions less than 130 mm shall be prohibited for direct fishing of the groundfish species referred to in Annex VII except for fishing for *Sebastes mentella* as referred to in paragraph 3. That mesh size may be reduced to a minimum of 60 mm for direct fishing of short-finned squid (*Illex illecebrosus*). For direct fishing of skates (*Rajidae*) that mesh size shall be increased to a minimum of 280 mm in the cod-end and 220 mm in all other parts of the trawl.
- 2. Vessels fishing for shrimp (*Pandalus borealis*) shall use nets with a minimum mesh size of 40 mm.
- 3. Vessels fishing for pelagic *Sebastes mentella* (Oceanic redfish) in Sub-Area 2 and Division 1F and 3K shall use nets with a minimum mesh size of 100 mm.

## Article 30

## Attachments to nets

1. The use of any means or device other than those described in this Article which obstructs the meshes of a net or which diminishes their size shall be prohibited.

- 2. Canvas, netting or any other material may be attached to the underside of the cod-end in order to reduce or prevent damage.
- 3. Devices may be attached to the upper side of the cod-end provided that they do not obstruct the meshes of the cod-end. The use of top-side chafers shall be limited to those listed in Annex VIII.
- 4. Vessels fishing for shrimp (*Pandalus borealis*) shall use sorting grids or grates with a maximum spacing between bars of 22 mm. Vessels fishing for shrimp in Division 3L shall also be equipped with toggle chains of a minimum of 72 cm in length as described in Annex IX.

## By-catch retained on board

- 1. Fishing vessels shall limit their by-catch to a maximum of 2500 kg or 10 %, whichever is the greater, for each species listed in Annex IC for which no quota has been allocated in that Division to the Community.
- 2. In cases where a ban on fishing is in force or an 'Others' quota has been fully utilised, the by-catch of the species concerned may not exceed 1 250 kg or 5 %, whichever is the greater.
- 3. The percentages in paragraphs 1 and 2 calculated as the percentage, by weight, for each species of the total catch retained on board. Catches of shrimp shall not be included in the calculation of by-catch levels of ground fish species.

## Article 32

## By-catch in any one haul

- 1. If the percentages of by-catches in any one haul exceed the percentages laid down in Article 31(1) and (2) the vessel shall immediately move a minimum of 10 nautical miles from any position of the previous tow and throughout the next tow keep a minimum distance of 10 nautical miles from any position of the previous tow. If after moving, the next haul exceeds these by-catch limits the vessel shall leave the Division and not return for at least 60 hours.
- 2. Should total by-catches of all ground fish species subject to quota in any haul in the shrimp fishery exceed 5 % by weight in Division 3M or 2,5 % by weight in Division 3L, the vessel shall move a minimum of 10 nautical miles from any position of the previous tow and throughout the next tow keep a minimum distance of 10 nautical miles from any position of the previous tow. If after moving, the next haul exceeds these by-catch limits

the vessel shall leave the Division and not return for at least 60 hours.

3. The percentage of by-catch authorised in any one haul shall becalculated as the percentage, by weight, for each species of the total catch in that haul.

## Article 33

## Directed fishery and by-catch

- 1. Masters of Community vessels shall not conduct directed fisheries for species for which by-catch limits apply. A directed fishery for a species shall be considered to have been conducted when that species comprises the largest percentage by weight of the total catch in any one haul.
- 2. However, when a vessel is conducting a directed fishery for skate with a legal mesh size appropriate for that fishery, the first time that, in a haul, catches of species for which by-catch limits comprise the largest percentage, by weight of the total catch, they shall be considered as incidental. In this event the vessel shall immediately change position in accordance with Article 32(1) and (2).
- 3. Following an absence from a Division of at least 60 hours in accordance with the provisions of Article 32(1) and (2), masters of Community vessels shall undertake a trial tow the duration of which shall not exceed 3 hours. By way of derogation from paragraph 1 of this Article, if in a haul from such a trial tow catches of species for which by-catch limits comprise the largest percentage, by weight of the total catch, it shall not be considered as a directed fishery. In this event the vessel shall immediately change position in accordance with Article 32(1) and (2).

## Article 34

## Minimum size of fish

- 1. Fish from the NAFO Regulatory Area which do not have the size required as set out in Annex X may not be processed, retained on board, trans-shipped, landed, transported, stored, sold, displayed or offered for sale, but shall be returned immediately to the sea.
- 2. Where the quantity of caught fish not having the size required as set out in Annex X exceeds 10 % of the total quantity, the vessel shall move away to a distance of at least five nautical miles from any position of the previous haul before continuing fishing. Any processed fish for which minimum fish size requirements apply which is below a length equivalent in Annex X, shall be deemed to originate from fish that is below the minimum fish size.

#### SECTION 3

## Establishment of fisheries restrictive areas in order to protect deep sea sensitive habitats (seamounts)

#### Article 35

## Demersal fishing gears

The conduct of fishing activities involving demersal fishing gears shall be prohibited in the following areas:

Area	Coordinate 1	Coordinate 2	Coordinate 3	Coordinate 4
Orphan Knoll	50.00.30	51.00.30	51.00.30	50.00.30
	47.00.30	45.00.30	47.00.30	45.00.30
Corner	35.00.00	36.00.00	36.00.00	35.00.00
Seamounts	48.00.00	48.00.00	52.00.00	52.00.00
Newfoundland	43.29.00	44.00.00	44.00.00	43.29.00
Seamounts	43.20.00	43.20.00	46.40.00	46.40.00
New England	35.00.00	39.00.00	39.00.00	35.00.00
Seamounts	57.00.00	57.00.00	64.00.00	64.00.00

#### SECTION 4

## Control measures

## Article 36

## Product labelling and separate stowage

- 1. All processed fish harvested in the NAFO Regulatory Area shall be labelled in such a way that each species and product category as referred to in Article 1 of Council Regulation (EC) No 104/2000 of 17 December 1999 on the common organisation of the markets in fishery and aquaculture products ( $^1$ ) and in case of shrimp the date of capture is identifiable. It shall also be marked as having been caught in the NAFO Regulatory Area.
- 2. All shrimp harvested in Division 3L and 3M and all Greenland halibut harvested in Subarea 2 and Divisions 3KLMNO shall be marked as having been caught in these respective zones.
- 3. Taking into account consideration for the legitimate safety and navigational responsibilities of the master of the vessel, the following shall apply:
- all catches taken inside the NAFO Regulatory Area shall be stowed separately from all catches taken outside the area. They shall be kept clearly separate, for example with plastic, plywood or netting;
- (l) OJ L 17, 21.1.2000, p. 22. Regulation as last amended byRegulation (EC) No 1759/2006 (OJ L 335, 1.12.2006, p. 3).

b) catches of the same species may be stowed in more than one part of the hold but the location where it is stowed shall be clearly represented in the stowage plan referred to in Article 37.

#### Article 37

## Fishing and production logbooks and stowage plan

- 1. In addition to complying with Articles 6, 8, 11 and 12 of Regulation (EEC) No 2847/93, masters of Community vessels shall enter in the logbook the information listed in Annex XI to the Regulation.
- 2. Before the 15th of each month, each Member State shall, in computer-readable form, notify the Commission of the quantities of stocks specified in Annex XII landed during the preceding month and communicate any information received under Articles 11 and 12 of Regulation (EEC) No 2847/93.
- 3. The masters of Community vessels shall, in respect of catches of the species listed in Annex IC, keep:
- (a) a production logbook stating their cumulative production, by species on board in product weight stated in kilograms.
- (b) a stowage plan that shows the location of the different species in the holds. In the case of shrimp, vessels shall keep a stowage plan that specifies the location of shrimp taken in Division 3L and in Division 3M as well as the quantities of shrimp by Division on board in product weight stated in kilograms.
- 4. The production logbook and stowage plan referred to in paragraph 3 shall be updated on a daily basis for the preceding day reckoned from 00.00 hrs (UTC) until 24.00 hrs (UTC) and shall be kept on board until the vessel has unloaded completely.
- 5. The master of a Community vessel shall provide the necessary assistance to enable the quantities declared in the production logbook and the processed products stored on board to be verified.
- 6. Every two years Member States shall certify the accuracy of the capacity plans for all Community vessels authorised to fish pursuant to Article 28(1). The master shall ensure that a copy of such certification remains onboard to be shown to an inspector upon request.

## Article 38

## Carrying of nets

1. When fishing directly for one or more of the species listed in Annex VII, Community vessels shall not carry nets with a mesh size smaller than that laid down in Article 29.

- 2. However, Community vessels fishing in the course of the same voyage in areas other than the NAFO Regulatory Area may keep on board nets with a smaller mesh size than that laid down in Article 29 provided they are securely lashed and stowed and are not available for immediate use. Such nets must:
- a) be unshackled from their boards and their hauling or trawling cables and ropes; and
- b) if they are carried on or above the deck, be lashed securely to a part of the superstructure.

## **Trans-shipment**

- 1. Community vessels shall not engage in trans-shipment operations in the NAFO Regulatory Area unless they have received prior authorisation to do so from their competent authorities.
- 2. Community vessels shall not engage in trans-shipment operations of fish from or to a non-contracting party vessel which has been sighted or otherwise identified as having engaged in fishing activities in the NAFO Regulatory Area.
- 3. Community vessels shall report each trans-shipment in the NAFO Regulatory Area to their competent authorities. Donor vessels shall make that report at least twenty-four hours in advance and receiving vessels not later than one hour after the trans-shipment.
- 4. The report referred to in paragraph 3 shall include the time, the geographical position, the total round weight by species to be off-loaded or on-loaded in kilograms as well as the call sign of vessels involved in the trans-shipment.
- 5. The receiving vessel shall report, in addition to the total catch on board and the total weight to be landed, the name of the port and the expected time of landing at least 24 hours in advance of any landing.
- 6. Member States shall promptly transmit the reports referred to in paragraph 3 and 5 to the Commission, which shall promptly forward them to the NAFO Secretariat.

## Article 40

## **Chartering of Community vessels**

1. Member States may assent tot a fishing vessel flying their flag and authorised to fish in the NAFO Regulatory Area being subject to a chartering arrangement for the utilisation in part or in full of a quota and/or fishing days allocated to another Contracting Party of NAFO. Chartering arrangements involving vessels identified by NAFO or any other Regional fisheries Organisation as having been involved in Illegal, Unreported and Unregulated (IUU) fishing activities shall, however, not be permitted.

- 2. On the date of the conclusion of a chartering arrangement, the flag Member State shall send the following information to the Commission, which shall forward this information to the Executive Secretary of NAFO:
- (a) its assent to the charter arrangement;
- (b) species covered by the charter and fishing opportunities allocated by the charter contract;
- (c) duration of the charter arrangement;
- (d) name of the charterer;
- (e) contracting party which chartered the vessel;
- (f) the action the Member State has taken to ensure that the chartered vessels flying its flag comply with the NAFO conservation and enforcement measures for the duration of the chartering period.
- 3. When the charter arrangement ends, the flag Member State shall inform the Commission, which shall promptly forward this information to the Executive Secretary of NAFO.
- 4. The flag Member State shall act to ensure that:
- (a) the vessel is not authorised to fish during the charter period against the fishing opportunities allocated to the flag Member State;
- (b) the vessel is not authorised to fish under more than one charter arrangement during the same period;
- the vessel complies with the NAFO conservation and enforcement measures for the duration of the chartering period;
- (d) all catches and by-catches under notified chartering arrangements are recorded in the fishing logbook by the chartered vessel separate from other catch data.
- 5. Member States shall report all catches and by-catches as referred to in paragraph 4(d) to the Commission separately from other national catch data. The Commission shall promptly forward those data to the Executive Secretary of NAFO.

## Article 41

## Monitoring of fishing effort

1. Each Member State shall take the necessary measures to ensure that the fishing effort of its vessels is commensurate with the fishing opportunities available to that Member State in the NAFO Regulatory Area.

- 2. Member States shall transmit to the Commission the fishing plan for their vessels fishing for species in the NAFO Regulatory Area no later than 31 January 2007 or, thereafter, at least 30 days before the commencement of such activity. The fishing plan shall identify, inter alia, the vessel or vessels that will engage in these fisheries and the intended number of fishing days those vessels will spend in the NAFO Regulatory Area.
- 3. Member States shall, on an indicative basis, inform the Commission of the intended activities of their vessels in other areas.
- 4. The fishing plan shall represent the total fishing effort to be deployed in the NAFO Regulatory Area in relation to the fishing opportunities available to the Member State making the notification.
- 5. No later than 15 January 2008, Member States shall report to the Commission on the implementation of their fishing plans. Those reports shall include the number of vessels actually engaged in fishing activities in the NAFO Regulatory Area, the catches of each vessel and the total number of days each vessel fished in that Area. Activities of vessels fishing for shrimp in Divisions 3M and 3L shall be reported separately for each Division.

## SECTION 5

### Special provisions for northern prawns

## Article 42

## Northern prawn fisheries

- 1. Each Member State shall report to the Commission daily on the quantities of Northern prawns (*Pandalus borealis*) caught in Division 3L of the NAFO Regulatory Area by vessels flying its flag and registered in the Community. All fishing activities shall take place at depths greater than 200 metres and shall be limited to one vessel per each Member State allocation at any one time.
- 2. Masters of vessels fishing for shrimp in Division 3L or their representatives shall, before entry into any port, provide the competent authorities of the Member States whose ports they wish to use with the following information at least 24 hours before the estimated time of arrival at port:
- a) the time of arrival at port;
- b) the quantities of shrimp retained on board;
- c) the Division or Divisions where the catches were taken.

## SECTION 6

## Special provisions for redfish

Article 43

## Redfish fishery

1. Every second Monday, the master of a Community vessel fishing for redfish in Division Subarea 2 and Divisions IF, 3K and 3M of the NAFO Regulatory Area, shall notify the competent

authorities of the Member State whose flag the vessel is flying or in which the vessel is registered of the quantities of redfish caught in those zones in the two-week period ending at 12 midnight on the previous Sunday.

When accumulated catches reach 50 % of the TAC, the notification shall be made weekly each Monday.

2. Member States shall report to the Commission every second Tuesday before 12 noon for the fortnight ending at 12 midnight on the previous Sunday the quantities of redfish caught in Subarea 2 and Divisions IF, 3K and 3M of the NAFO Regulatory Area by vessels flying their flag and registered in their territory.

When accumulated catches have reached 50 % of the TAC, reports shall be sent on a weekly basis.

#### SECTION 7

## **Enforcement measures**

#### Article 44

## Follow-up to infringements

- 1. The competent authorities of a Member State notified of an infringement committed by one of its vessels shall investigate that infringement immediately and fully to obtain the evidence required which shall include, where appropriate, the physical inspection of the vessel concerned.
- 2. The competent authorities of the Member State shall take immediate judicial or administrative action in accordance with their national legislation against the nationals responsible for the vessel flying its flag where the measures adopted by NAFO have not been respected.
- 3. The competent authorities of the flag Member State shall ensure that the proceedings initiated pursuant to paragraph 2 are capable, in accordance with the relevant provisions of national law, of providing effective measures that are adequate in severity, secure compliance, deprive those responsible of the economic benefit of the infringement and effectively discourage future infringements.

### Article 45

## Treatment of infringement reports from inspectors

- 1. Inspection and surveillance reports drawn up by NAFO inspectors shall constitute admissible evidence for judicial or administrative proceedings of any Member States. For establishing facts, those reports shall be treated on the same basis as inspection and surveillance reports of their own inspectors.
- 2. Member States shall collaborate in order to facilitate judicial or other proceedings arising from a report submitted by an inspector under this scheme, subject to the rules governing the admissibility of evidence in domestic judicial and other systems.

## Enhanced follow-up with regard to certain serious infringements

- 1. In addition to the provisions of Council Regulation (EEC) No 1956/88 of 9 June 1988 adopting provisions for the application of the scheme of joint international inspection adopted by the Northwest Atlantic Fisheries Organization (¹), in particular paragraphs 9 and 10 of the Scheme attached thereto, the flag Member State shall take action under this Section where a vessel flying its flag has committed one of the following serious infringements:
- (a) directed fishing for a stock which is subject to a moratorium or for which fishing is prohibited.
- (b) mis-recording of catches. To be considered for follow-up action under this Article the difference between the inspector's estimates of processed catch on board, by species or in total, and the figures recorded in the production logbook shall be 10 tons or 20 %, whichever is the greater, calculated as a percentage of the production logbook figures. In order to calculate the estimate of the catch on board a stowage factor agreed between the inspectors of the inspecting Contracting Party and the Contracting Party of the inspected vessel shall be used.
- (c) the repetition of the same serious infringement mentioned in paragraph 9 of the Scheme attached to Regulation (EEC) No 1956/88, that has been confirmed in accordance with paragraph 10 of the Scheme during a 100 day period or within the fishing trip, whichever is shorter.
- 2. The flag Member State shall ensure that following the inspection referred to in paragraph 3 the vessel concerned ceases all fishing activities and an investigation into the serious infringement is initiated.
- 3. If no inspector or other person designated by the flag Member State of the vessel to carry out the investigation as outlined in paragraph 1 is present in the Regulatory area the flag Member State shall require the vessel to proceed immediately to a port where the investigation can be initiated.
- 4. When completing the investigation for any serious infringement of mis-recording of catch referred to in paragraph 1(b) the flag Member State shall ensure that the physical inspection and enumeration of total catch on board takes place under its authority in port. Such inspection may take place in the presence of an inspector from any another Contracting Party that wishes to participate, subject to the consent of the flag Member State.
- 5. When a vessel is required to proceed to port pursuant to paragraphs 2, 3 and 4, an inspector from another Contracting Party may board and/or remain on board the vessel as it is

proceeding to port, provided that the competent authority of the Member State of the inspected vessel does not require the inspector to leave the vessel.

#### Article 47

#### **Enforcement measures**

- 1. Each flag Member State shall take enforcement measures with respect to a vessel, where it has been established, in accordance with its laws that this fishing vessel flying its flag committed a serious infringement to in Article 46.
- 2. The measures referred to in paragraph 1 may include, in particular depending on the gravity of the offence and in accordance with the pertinent provisions of national law:
- a) fines;
- b) seizure of illegal fishing gear and catches;
- c) sequestration of the vessel;
- d) suspension or withdrawal of fishing authorisation;
- e) reduction or withdrawal of the fishing quota.
- 3. The flag Member State of the vessel concerned shall notify to the Commission without delay, the appropriate measures taken in accordance with this Article. Based on this notification, the Commission shall notify to the NAFO Secretariat of that measures.

## Article 48

## Report on infringements

- 1. In case of a serious infringement referred to in Article 46, the Member State concerned shall provide the Commission with a report on the progress of the investigation, including details of any action taken or proposed to be taken in relation to the serious infringement as soon as practicable and in any case within three months following the notification of the infringement and a report on the outcome of the investigation when the investigation is completed.
- 2. The Commission shall compile a Community report on the basis of the reports of the Member States. It shall send the Community report on the progress of the investigation to the NAFO Secretariat within four months following the notification of the infringement and as soon as possible the report on the outcome of the investigation when the investigation is completed.

<sup>(1)</sup> OJ L 175, 6.7.1988, p. 1.

#### CHAPTER VIII

## SPECIAL PROVISIONS FOR LANDING OR TRANSHIPPING OF FROZEN FISH CAUGHT BY THIRD-COUNTRY FISHING VESSELS IN THE NEAFC REGULATORY AREA

#### Article 49

## Port State control

Without prejudice to Council Regulation (EEC) No 2847/93 and to Council Regulation (EC) No 1093/94 of 6 May 1994 setting the terms under which fishing vessels of a third country may land directly and market their catches at Community ports (¹) the procedures set out in this Chapter shall apply from 1 May 2007 to landing or transhipping in ports of Member States of frozen fish caught by third-country fishing vessels in the NEAFC Regulatory area as set out in Article 1 of the Convention attached to Council Decision 81/608/EEC of 13 July 1981 concerning the conclusion of the Convention on Future Multilateral Cooperation in the North-East Atlantic Fisheries (²).

### Article 50

## Designated ports

Landings and transhipments shall be allowed only in designated ports.

Member States shall designate a place used for landings or a place close to the shore (designated ports) where landings or transhipment operations of fish, referred to in Article 49, are permitted. Notwithstanding the date of application set out in Article 49, Member States shall send to the Commission before 15 January 2007 the list of such ports. Any subsequent changes to the list shall be notified to the Commission at least 15 days before the change comes into force.

The Commission shall publish the list of designated ports and changes thereto in the 'C' series of the Official Journal of the European Union and place it on its website.

### Article 51

## Prior notice of entry into port

1. By way of derogation from Article 28e(1) of Regulation (EEC) No 2847/93 the masters of all fishing vessels, carrying fish referred to in Article 49, intending to call into a port to land or tranship shall notify the competent authorities of the port they wish to use at least 3 working days before the estimated time of arrival.

- (1) OJ L 121, 12.5.1994, p. 3
- (2) OJ L 227, 12.8.1981, p. 22

- 2. The notification referred to in paragraph 1 of this article shall be accompanied by the form provided for in Part I of Annex XV with Part A duly completed as follows:
- Form PSC 1shall be used where the fishing vessel is landing its own catch;
- b) Form PSC 2 shall be used where the fishing vessel has engaged in transhipment operations. In such cases a separate form shall be used for each donor vessel.
- 3. The port Member State shall forward a copy of the form referred to in paragraph 2 without delay to the flag State of the fishing vessel and to the flag State(s) of donor vessels when the vessel has engaged in transhipment operations.

## Article 52

## Authorisation to land or tranship

- 1. Landings or transhipments may be authorised by the port Member State only if the flag State of the fishing vessel intending to land or tranship, or where the vessel has engaged in transhipment operations outside a port, the flag State or States of donor vessels, have confirmed by returning a copy of the form transmitted pursuant to Article 51(3) with Part B duly completed, that:
- the fishing vessels declaring that they have caught the fish had sufficient quota for the species declared;
- (b) the quantities of fish on board have been duly reported and taken into account for the calculation of any catch or effort limitations that may be applicable;
- (c) the fishing vessels declaring that they have caught the fish had authorisation to fish in the areas declared;
- (d) the declared presence of the vessel in the area of catch has been verified according to VMS data.

Landing or transhipment operations may commence only after authorisation has been given by the competent authorities of the port Member State.

2. By way of derogation from paragraph 1, the port Member State may authorise all or part of a landing in the absence of the confirmation referred to in paragraph 1 but shall in such cases keep the fish concerned in storage under the control of the

competent authorities. The fish shall only be released to be sold, taken over or transported once the confirmation referred to in paragraph 1 has been received. If the confirmation has not been received within 14 days of the landing the port Member State may confiscate and dispose of the fish in accordance with national rules.

3. The port Member State shall without delay notify its decision whether or not to authorise the landing or transhipment by transmitting a copy of the form provided for in Part I of Annex XV with Part C duly completed to the Commission and to the Secretary of NEAFC when the fish landed or transhipped is caught in the NEAFC Regulatory area.

#### Article 53

## Inspections

- 1. Member States shall carry out inspections of at least 15 % of landings or transhipments by third-country fishing vessels, referred to in Article 49, in its ports each year.
- 2. Inspections shall involve the monitoring of the entire discharge or transhipment and include a cross-check between the quantities by species recorded in the prior notice of landing and the quantities by species landed or transhipped.

3. Inspectors shall make all possible efforts to avoid unduly delaying a fishing vessel and ensure that the fishing vessel suffers the minimum interference and inconvenience and that degradation of the quality of the fish is avoided.

#### Article 54

#### **Inspection reports**

- 1. Each inspection shall be documented by completing an inspection report as set out in Part II of Annex XV.
- 2. A copy of each inspection report shall be transmitted without delay to the flag State of the inspected fishing vessel and to the flag State or States of donor vessels where the fishing vessel has engaged in transhipment operations and to the Commission and the Secretary of NEAFC when the fish landed or transhipped is caught in the NEAFC Regulatory Area;
- 3. The original or a certified copy of each inspection report shall be forwarded on request to the flag State of the inspected fishing vessel.

#### CHAPTER IX

#### SPECIAL PROVISIONS FOR COMMUNITY VESSELS FISHING IN THE AREA OF CCAMLR

## SECTION 1

## Restrictions and vessel information requirements

## Article 55

### Prohibitions and catch limitations

- 1. Direct fishing of the species set out in Annex XIII shall be prohibited in the zones and during the periods set out in that Annex.
- 2. For new and exploratory fisheries, the catch and by-catch limits set out in Annex XIV shall apply in the Subareas set out in that Annex.

## Article 56

## Information requirements relating to vessels authorised to fish in the Area of CCAMLR

1. As from 1 August 2007, Member States shall communicate to the Commission, in addition to the information requirements relating to authorised vessels set forth in Article 3(2) of Regulation (EC) No 601/2004, the following in respect of such vessels:

- (a) vessel IMO number (if issued);
- (b) previous flag, if any;
- (c) international Radio Call Sign;
- (d) name and address of vessel's owner(s), and any beneficial owner(s), if known;
- (e) type of vessel;
- (f) where and when it was built;
- (g) length;
- (h) colour photograph of the vessel, which shall consist of:
  - (i) one photograph not smaller than 12 x 7 cm showing the starboard side of the vessel, displaying its full overall length and complete structural features;
  - (ii) one photograph not smaller than 12 x 7 cm showing the port side of the vessel, displaying its full overall length and complete structural features;

- (iii) one photograph not smaller than 12 x 7 cm showing the stern, taken directly from astern;
- (i) measures taken to ensure tamper-proof operation of the satellite monitoring device installed on board.
- 2. As from 1 August 2007, Member States shall, to the extent practicable, also communicate to the Commission the following information relating to vessels authorised to fish in the Area of CCAMLR:
- (a) name and address of operator, if different from vessel owner(s);
- (b) names and nationality of master and, where relevant, of fishing master;
- (c) type of fishing method or methods;
- (d) beam (m);
- (e) gross registered tonnage;
- (f) vessel communication types and numbers (INMARSAT A, B and C numbers);
- (g) normal crew complement;
- (h) power of main engine or engines;
- (i) carrying capacity (tonnes), number of fish holds and their capacity (m³);
- (j) any other information (e.g. ice classification) considered appropriate.

## Report of vessel sightings

- 1. Should the master of a licensed fishing vessel sight a fishing vessel within the Area of CCAMLR, he shall, where possible, document as much information as possible on each such sighting, including:
- (a) name and description of the vessel;
- (b) vessel call sign;
- (c) registration number and the Lloyds/IMO number of the vessel;
- (d) flag state of the vessel;
- (e) photographs of the vessel to support the report;

- (f) any other relevant information regarding the observed activities of the sightedvessel.
- 2. The master shall forward a report containing the information referred to in paragraph 1 to his flag State as soon as possible. The flag State shall submit to the CCAMLR Secretariat any such reports if the sighted vessel is engaged in illegal, unreported and unregulated (IUU) activities according to CCAMLR standards.

### SECTION 2

## **Exploratory fisheries**

#### Article 58

## Participation in exploratory fisheries

- 1. Fishing vessels flying the flag of, and registered in, Spain that have been notified to CCAMLR in accordance with the provisions of Article 7 of Regulation (EC) No 601/2004 may participate in long-line exploratory fisheries for Dissostichus spp. in Subareas FAO 88.1 and 88.2 as well as in Divisions 58.4.1, 58.4.2, 58.4.3a) outside Areas of national jurisdiction and 58.4.3b) outside Areas of national jurisdiction.
- 2. No more than one fishing vessel per Member State shall fish in Divisions 58.4.3a) and 58.4.3b) at any one time.
- 3. With regard to Subareas 88.1 and 88.2 as well as Divisions 58.4.1 and 58.4.2, total catch and by-catch limits per Subarea and Division, and their distribution among Small Scale Research Units (SSRUs) within each of them shall be as set out in Annex XIV. Fishing in any SSRU shall cease when the reported catch reaches the specified catch limit, and that SSRU shall be closed to fishing for the remainder of the season.
- 4. Fishing shall take place over as large a geographical and bathymetric range as possible to obtain the information necessary to determine fishery potential and to avoid overconcentration of catch and fishing effort. However, fishing in Divisions 58.4.1 and 58.4.2 shall be prohibited in depths less than 550 m.

## Article 59

## Reporting systems

Fishing vessels participating in the exploratory fisheries as referred to in Article 58 shall be subject to the following catch and effort reporting systems:

(a) the Five-day Catch and Effort Reporting System set out in Article 12 of Regulation (EC) No 601/2004, with the exception that Member States shall submit to the Commission catch and effort reports not later than two working days after the end of each reporting period, for immediate transmission to CCAMLR. In Subareas 88.1 and 88.2 as well as in Divisions 58.4.1 and 58.4.2, reporting shall be made by Small Scale Research Units;

- (b) the Monthly fine-scale Catch and Effort Reporting System set out in Article 13 of Regulation (EC) No 601/2004;
- (c) the total number and weight of Dissostichus eleginoides and Dissostichus mawsoni discarded, including those with the 'jellymeat' condition, shall be reported.

## Special requirements

- 1. The exploratory fisheries as referred to in Article 58 shall be carried out in accordance with Article 8 of Council Regulation (EC) No 600/2004 of 22 March 2004 laying down certain technical measures applicable to fishing activities in the area covered by the Convention on the conservation of Antarctic marine living resources (¹) with regard to applicable measures to reduce the incidental mortality of seabirds in the course of long-line fisheries. In addition to these measures:
- (a) the discharge of offal shall be prohibited in these fisheries;
- (b) vessels participating in exploratory fisheries in Divisions 58.4.1 and 58.4.2 which comply with CCAMLR Protocols (A, B or C) for longline weighting shall be exempted from the night-setting requirement; however, vessels which catch a total of three seabirds shall immediately revert to night setting in accordance with Article 8 of Regulation (EC) No 601/2004;
- (c) vessels participating in exploratory fisheries in Subareas 88.1 and 88.2 as well as Divisions 58.4.3a) and 58.4.3b) which catch a total of three seabirds shall cease fishing immediately and shall not be permitted to fish outside the normal fishing season for the remainder of the 2006/ 07 season.
- 2. Fishing vessels participating in exploratory fisheries in FAO Subareas 88.1 and 88.2 shall be subject to the following additional requirements:
- a) Vessels shall be prohibited from discharging:
  - (i) oil or fuel products or oily residues into the sea, except as permitted in Annex I to MARPOL 73/78 (International Convention for the Prevention of Pollution from Ships);
  - (ii) garbage;
  - (iii) food wastes not capable of passing through a screen with openings no greater than 25 mm;
  - (iv) poultry or parts thereof (including egg shells);

- (v) sewage within 12 nautical miles of land or ice shelves, or sewage while the ship is travelling at a speed of less than 4 knots;
- (vi) incineration ash; or
- (vii) offal.
- no live poultry or other living birds shall be brought into Subareas 88.1 and 88.2 and any dressed poultry not consumed shall be removed from Subareas 88.1 and 88.2;
- c) fishing for Dissostichus spp. in Subareas 88.1 and 88.2 shall be prohibited within 10 nautical miles of the coast of the Balleny Islands.

#### Article 61

#### **Definition of hauls**

- 1. For the purposes of this Section, a haul shall comprise the setting of one or more lines in a single location. The precise geographic position of a haul shall be determined by the centrepoint of the line or lines deployed for the purposes of catch and effort reporting.
- 2. To be designated as a research haul:
- a. each research haul shall be separated by no less than five nautical miles from any other research haul, distance to be measured from the geographical mid-point of each research haul;
- b. each haul shall comprise at least 3 500 hooks and no more than 10 000 hooks; this may comprise a number of separate lines set in the same location;
- c. each haul of a longline shall have a soak time of not less than six hours, measured from the time of completion of the setting process to the beginning of the hauling process.

### Article 62

## Research plans

Fishing vessels participating in the exploratory fisheries referred to in Article 58 shall implement Research Plans, in each and all SSRUs in which FAO Subareas 88.1 and 88.2 as well as Divisions 58.4.1 and 58.4.2 are divided. The Research Plan shall be implemented in the following manner:

 (a) on first entry into a SSRU, the first 10 hauls, designated 'first series', shall be designated 'research hauls' and must satisfy the criteria set out in Article 61(2);

(1) OJ L 97, 1.4.2004, p. 1.

- (b) the next 10 hauls, or 10 tonnes of catch, whichever trigger level is achieved first, shall be designated the 'second series'. Hauls in the second series may, at the discretion of the master, be fished as part of normal exploratory fishing. However, provided they satisfy the requirements of Article 61(2), these hauls may also be designated as research hauls;
- (c) on completion of the first and second series of hauls, if the master wishes to continue to fish within the SSRU, the vessel shall undertake a 'third series' which shall result in a total of 20 research hauls being made in all three series. The third series of hauls shall be completed during the same visit as the first and the second series in a SSRU;
- (d) on completion of 20 research hauls of the third series, the vessel may continue to fish within the SSRU;
- (e) in SSRUs A, B, C, E and G in Subareas 88.1 and 88.2 where fishable seabed area is less than 15 000 km², points (b), (c) and (d) shall not apply and on completion of 10 research hauls the vessel may continue to fish within the SSRU.

## Data collection plans

- 1. Fishing vessels participating in the exploratory fisheries referred to in Article 58 shall implement data collection plans, in each and all SSRUs in which FAO Subareas 88.1 and 88.2 as well as Divisions 58.4.1 and 58.4.2 are divided. The Data Collection Plan shall comprise the following data:
- (a) the position and sea depth at each end of every line in a haul;
- (b) the setting, soak, and hauling times;
- (c) the number and species of fish lost at surface;
- (d) the number of hooks set;
- (e) the bait type;
- (f) the baiting success (%);
- (g) the hook type; and
- (h) the sea and cloud conditions and phase of the moon at the time of setting the lines.

2. All data referred to under paragraph 1 shall be collected for every research haul; in particular, all fish in a research haul up to 100 fish are to be measured and at least 30 fish sampled for biological studies. Where more than 100 fish are caught, a method for randomly subsampling the fish shall be applied.

## Article 64

### Tagging programme

- 1. Each fishing vessel participating in the exploratory fisheries as referred to in Article 58 shall implement a tagging programme as follows:
- (a) Dissostichus spp. individuals shall be tagged and released in accordance with the provisions set out in the CCAMLR Tagging Program and Protocol for Dissostichus spp. in exploratory fisheries. Vessels shall only discontinue tagging after they have tagged 500 individuals, or leave the fishery having tagged one individual per tonne of green weight caught;
- (b) the programme shall target individuals of all sizes in order to meet the tagging requirement. Only toothfish that are in good condition shall be tagged. All released individuals shall be double-tagged and releases shall cover as broad a geographical area as possible;
- (c) all tags shall be clearly imprinted with a unique serial number and a return address so that the origin of tags can be retraced in the case of recapture of the tagged individual;
- (d) all recaptured tagged individuals (i.e. fish caught that have a previously inserted tag) shall not be re-released, even if they were at liberty for only a short period;
- (e) all recaptured tagged individuals shall be biologically sampled (length, weight, sex, gonad stage), an electronic photograph taken if possible, the otoliths recovered and the tag removed;
- (f) all relevant tag data and any data recording tag recaptures shall be reported electronically in the CCAMLR format to CCAMLR within three months of the vessel departing these fisheries;
- (g) all relevant tag data, any data recording tag recaptures, and specimens from recaptures shall also be reported electronically in the CCAMLR format to the relevant regional tag data repository as detailed in the CCAMLR Tagging Protocol.
- 2. Toothfish that are tagged and released shall not be counted against the catch limits.

## Scientific observers and inspectors

- 1. Each fishing vessel participating in the exploratory fisheries referred to in Article 58 shall have at least two scientific observers, one of which shall be an observer appointed in accordance with the CCAMLR Scheme of International Scientific Observation, on board throughout all fishing activities within the fishing period.
- 2. Each Member State, subject to and in accordance with their applicable laws and regulations, including rules governing the admissibility of evidence in domestic courts, shall consider and act on reports from inspectors of a designating CCAMLR Member under this scheme on the same basis as reports from its own inspectors and both the Contracting Party and the designating CCAMLR Member concerned shall cooperate in order to facilitate judicial or other proceedings arising from any such report.

#### Article 66

## Notifications of intent to participate in a krill fishery

Each Member State intending to fish for krill in the Area of CCAMLR shall notify the CCAMLR Secretariat of its intention not less than four months in advance of the regular annual meeting of the Commission, immediately prior to the season in which it intends to fish.

## Article 67

## Interim prohibition of deep-sea gillnetting

1. The use of gillnets in the Area of CCAMLR, for purposes other than scientific research, shall be prohibited until the

Scientific Committee has investigated and reported on the potential impacts of this gear and the Commission has agreed on the basis of advice from the Scientific Committee that such a method may be used in the Area of CCAMLR.

- 2. The use of gillnets for scientific research in waters deeper than 100 meters shall be notified in advance to the Scientific Committee and be approved by the Commission before such research can commence.
- 3. Any vessel seeking to transit the Area of CCALMR carrying gillnets shall give advance notice of its intent, including the expected dates of its passage through the Area of CCAMLR to the CCAMLR Secretariat. Any vessel in possession of gillnets within the Area of CCAMLR which has not given such an advance notice, shall be in breach of these provisions.

#### Article 68

## Interim restrictions on the use of bottom trawling gear in the high-seas of the Area of CCAMLR for the fishing seasons 2006/07 and 2007/08

- 1. The use of bottom trawling gear in the high-seas areas of the Area of CCAMLR shall be restricted to areas for which the Commission has conservation measures in force for bottom trawling gear.
- 2. This restrictive measure shall not apply to the use of bottom trawling gear in conducting scientific research in the Area of CCAMLR.

### CHAPTER X

#### SPECIAL PROVISIONS FOR COMMUNITY VESSELS FISHING IN THE SEAFO CONVENTION AREA

### SECTION 1

## Authorisation of vessels

#### Article 69

## Authorisation of vessels

1. Member States shall submit electronically, where possible, to the Commission by 1 June 2007, the list of their vessels that are authorised to operate in the SEAFO Convention Area by issue of a fishing permit.

- 2. Owners of the vessels included in the list referred to in paragraph 1 shall be citizens or legal entities of the Community.
- 3. Fishing vessels may be authorised to operate in the SEAFO Convention Area only if they are able to fulfil the requirements and responsibilities under the SEAFO Convention and its conservation and management measures.
- 4. No fishing permit shall be issued to vessels that have a history of IUU fishing activities unless the new owners have provided sufficient evidence demonstrating that the previous

owners and operators have no legal, beneficial or financial interest in, or control over those vessels, or that, having taken into account all relevant facts, their vessels are not engaged in or associated with IUU fishing.

- 1. The list referred to in paragraph 1 shall include the following information:
- (a) name of vessel, registration number, previous names (if known), and port of registry;
- (b) previous flag (if any);
- (c) International Radio Call Sign (if any);
- (d) name and address of owner or owners;
- (e) type of vessel;
- (f) length;
- (g) name and address of operator (manager) or operators (managers) (if any);
- (h) gross register tonnage; and
- (i) power of main engine or engines.
- 6. Member States shall promptly notify the Commission, after the establishment of the initial list of authorised vessels, of any addition to, deletion from and/or any modification whenever such changes occur.

## Article 70

## Obligations for authorised vessels

- 1. Vessels shall comply with all the relevant SEAFO conservation and management measures.
- 2. Authorised vessels shall keep on board valid certificates of vessel registration and valid authorisation to fish and/or tranship.

## Article 71

## Unauthorised vessels

1. Member States shall take measures to prohibit the fishing for, the retaining on board, the transhipment and landing of species covered by the SEAFO Convention by vessels which are not entered on the SEAFO list of authorised vessels.

- 2. Member States shall notify the Commission of any factual information showing that there are reasonable grounds for suspecting that vessels not on the SEAFO list of authorised vessels are engaged in fishing for and/or transhipment of species covered by the SEAFO Convention in the SEAFO Convention Area.
- 3. Member States shall take the necessary measures to ensure that the owners of vessels included in the SEAFO list of authorised vessels are not engaged in or associated with, fishing activities conducted by vessels not entered on the SEAFO list of authorised vessels in the SEAFO Convention Area.

#### SECTION 2

### **Transhipments**

#### Article 72

## Prohibition of transhipments at sea

Each Member State shall prohibit transhipments at sea by vessels flying their flag in the SEAFO Convention Area, for species covered by the SEAFO Convention.

#### Article 73

## **In-port Transhipments**

- 1. Community fishing vessels which catch species covered by the SEAFO Convention in the SEAFO Convention Area shall tranship in the port of a SEAFO Contracting Party only if they have prior authorisation from the Contracting Party in whose port the operation will take place. Community fishing vessels shall be permitted to carry out transhipments only if they have obtained such a prior authorisation to tranship from the flag Member State and the port State.
- 2. Each Member State shall ensure that its authorised fishing vessels obtain a prior authorisation to engage in in-port transhipments. Member States shall also ensure that the transhipments are consistent with the reported catch amount of each vessel and require the reporting of transhipments.
- 3. The master of a Community fishing vessel who transships to another vessel, hereinafter referred to as 'the receiving vessel', any quantity of catches of species covered by the SEAFO Convention fished in the SEAFO Convention Area shall at the time of the

transshipment inform the flag State of the receiving vessel of the species and quantities involved, of the date of the transshipment and the location of catches and shall submit to his flag Member State a SEAFO transshipment declaration in accordance with the format set out in Part I of Annex XVI.

- 4. The master of the Community fishing vessel shall notify, at least 24 hours in advance, the following information to the SEAFO Contracting Party in whose port the transshipment will take place:
- a) the names of the transshipping fishing vessels,
- b) the names of the receiving vessels,
- c) the tonnage by species to be transshipped,
- d) the day and port of transshipment.
- 5. Not later than 24 hours before the beginning, and at the end of a transshipment when this takes place in a port of a SEAFO Contracting Party, the master of the Community flagged receiving vessel shall inform the competent authorities of the port State of the quantities of catches of species covered by the SEAFO Convention on board his vessel and transmit the SEAFO transshipment declaration to these competent authorities within 24 hours.
- 6. The master of the Community flagged receiving vessel shall, 48 hours before landing, submit a SEAFO transshipment declaration to the competent authorities of the port State where the landing takes place.
- 7. Each Member State shall take the appropriate measures to verify the accuracy of the information received and shall cooperate with the flag State to ensure that landings are consistent with the reported catches amount of each vessel.
- 8. Each Member State with vessels authorized to fish in the SEAFO Convention Area for species covered by the SEAFO Convention, shall notify to by 1 June 2007 to the Commission the details of the transshipments by its flag vessels.

## SECTION 3

## Conservation measures for the management of vulnerable deep-water habitats and ecosystems

### Article 74

#### Closed areas

All fishing activities for species covered by the SEAFO Convention by Community fishing vessels shall be prohibited in the areas defined below:

- (a) Sub Division A1
  - i) Dampier Seamount

10°00'S 02°00'W 10°00'S 00°00'E 12°00'S 02°00'W 12°00'S 00°00'E

ii) Malahit Guyot Seamount

11°00'S 02°00'W 11°00'S 04°00'W 13°00'S 02°00'W 13°00'S 04°00'W

(b) Sub-division B1

Molloy Seamount

27°00'S 08°00'E	27°00'S	10°00'E
29°00'S 08°00'E	29°00'S	10°00'E

- (c) Division C
  - i) Schmidt-Ott Seamount & Erica Seamount

37°00'S 13°00E	37°00'S 17°00'E
40°00'S 13°00E	40°00'S 17°00'E

ii) Africana seamount

37°00'S 28°00E	37°00'S 30°00E
38°00'S 28°00E	38°00'S 30°00E

iii) Panzarini Seamount

39°00'S 11°00'E	39°00'S 13°00'E
41°00'S 11°00'E	41°00'S 13°00'E

- (d) Sub-division C1
  - i) Vema Seamount

31°00'S 08°00'E	31°00'S 09°00'E
32°00'S 08°00'E	32°00'S 09°00'E

ii) Wust Seamount

33°00'S 06°00'E	33°00'S 08°00'E
34°00'S 06°00'E	34°00'S 08°00'E

## (e) Division D

i) Discovery, Junoy, Shannon Seamounts

41°00'S 06°00'W 41°00'S 03°00'E 44°00'S 06°00'W 44°00'S 03°00'E

ii) Schwabenland & Herdman Seamounts

44°00'S 01°00'W 44°00'S 02°00'E 47°00'S 01°00'W 47°00'S 02°00'E

#### Article 75

## Past fishing activities

Member States shall communicate to the Commission, by 1 June 2007, information relating to their fishing activities for species covered by the SEAFO Convention that were undertaken in 2004, 2005 and 2006 in the areas referred to in Article 74 in the following format:

Type of Fishing	Effort Measurement	Total Catch (Mt)
Trawlers	<ul><li>a. Kilowatt/fishing days</li><li>b. Vessel/fishing days</li></ul>	
Longliners	<ul><li>a. Gross tonnage/fishing days</li><li>b. Average number of hooks deployed/ Number of deployments</li></ul>	
Others	Gross tonnage/fishing days	

## SECTION 4

## Measures on reducing incidental by-catch of seabirds

## Article 76

## Information on interactions with seabirds

Member States shall collect and provide all available information to the Commission by 1 June 2007, on interactions with seabirds, including incidental catches by their fishing vessels, fishing for species covered by the SEAFO Convention.

#### Article 77

## Mitigation measures

- 1. All Community vessels fishing south of the parallel of latitude 30 degrees South shall carry and use bird-scaring lines (tori poles):
- a) tori poles shall comply with agreed tori line design and deployment guidelines, as set out in Part II of Annex XVI;
- tori poles shall be deployed prior to longlines entering the water at all times south of the parallel of latitude 30 degrees South;
- where practical, vessels shall be encouraged to use a second tori pole and bird-scaring line at times of high bird abundance or activity;
- back-up tori lines shall be carried by all vessels and be ready for immediate use.
- 2. Longlines shall be set at night only (i.e. during the hours of darkness between the times of nautical twilight (¹). During longline fishing at night, only the minimum ship's lights necessary for safety shall be used.
- 3. The dumping of offal shall be prohibited while gear is being shot or set. The dumping of offal during the hauling of gear shall be avoided. Any such discharge shall take place, where possible, on the opposite side of the vessel to that where the gear is being hauled. For vessels or fisheries where there is no requirement to retain offal on board the vessel, a system shall be implemented to remove fish hooks from offal and fish heads prior to discharge. Nets shall be cleaned prior to shooting to remove items that might attract seabirds.
- 4. Community fishing vessels shall adopt shooting and hauling procedures that minimise the time during which the net is lying on the surface with the meshes slack. Net maintenance shall, to the extent possible, not be carried out with the net in the water.
- 5. Community fishing vessels shall be encouraged to develop gear configurations that will minimise the likelihood of birds encountering the part of the net to which they are most vulnerable. This may include increasing the weighting or decreasing the buoyancy of the net so that it sinks faster, or placing coloured streamer or other devices over particular areas of the net where the mesh sizes create a particular danger to birds.

<sup>(</sup>¹) The exact times of nautical twilight are set out in the Nautical Almanac tables for the relevant latitude, local time and date. All times, whether for ship operations or observer reporting, shall be referenced to GMT.

- 6. Community fishing vessels which are so configured that they lack on-board processing facilities or adequate capacity to retain offal on board, or the ability to discharge offal on the opposite side of the vessel to that where gear is being hauled, shall not be authorised to fish in the SEAFO Convention Area.
- 7. Every effort shall be made to ensure that birds captured alive during fishing operations are released alive and that whenever possible hooks are removed without jeopardising the life of the bird concerned.

#### SECTION 5

#### Control

## Article 78

### Communication of vessel movements and catches

- 1. Fishing vessels and fishing research vessels authorised to fish in the SEAFO Convention Area and which are engaged in fishing shall send entry, catch and exit reports to the flag Member State's authorities by VMS, or other appropriate means, and, if the flag Member State so requires, to the SEAFO Executive Secretary.
- 2. The entry report shall be made no more than 12 hours and at least 6 hours in advance of each entry into the SEAFO Convention Area and shall include entering date, time, geographical position of the vessel and the quantity of fish on board by species (FAO 3 Alfa Code) and by live weight (kg).
- 3. The Catch report shall be made by species (FAO 3 Alfa Code) and by live weight (kg) at the end of each calendar month.
- 4. The exit report shall be made no more than 12 hours and at least 6 hours in advance of each exit from the SEAFO Convention Area. It shall include exiting date, time, geographical position of the vessel, the number of fishing days and the catch taken by species (FAD 3 Alfa Code) and by live weight (kg) in the SEAFO Convention Area since the commencement of fishing in the SEAFO Convention Area, or since the last catch report.

## Article 79

## Scientific observation and collection of information to support stock assessment

- 1. Each Member State shall ensure that all its fishing vessels operating in the SEAFO Convention Area, and targeting species covered by the SEAFO Convention, carry qualified scientific observers.
- 2. Each Member State shall require the submission of the information collected by the observers, in respect of each vessel flying its flag, within 30 days of leaving the SEAFO Convention Area. The data shall be submitted in the format specified by the SEAFO Scientific Committee. The Member State shall provide the Commission with a copy of the information as soon as possible, taking account of the need to maintain confidentiality of nonaggregated data. The Member State may also provide the SEAFO Executive Secretary with a copy of the information.
- 3. The information referred to in this Article shall, to the greatest extent possible, be collected and verified by designated observers by 30 June 2007.

## Article 80

## Sightings of non-Contracting Party vessels

- 1. Fishing vessels flying the flag of a Member State shall report to their flag Member State information on any possible fishing activity by vessels flying the flag of a non-Contracting Party in the SEAFO Convention Area. This information shall contain, inter alia:
- (a) the name of the vessel;
- (b) the registration number of the vessel;
- (c) the flag State of the vessel;
- (d) any other relevant information regarding the sighted vessel.
- 2. Each Member State shall submit the information referred to in paragraph 1 to the Commission as rapidly as possible. The Commission shall forward this information to the SEAFO Executive Secretary for information.

### CHAPTER XI

## ILLEGAL, UNREPORTED AND UNREGULATED FISHERIES

## Article 81

#### **North Atlantic**

Vessels engaged in illegal, unreported and unregulated fisheries in the North Atlantic shall be subject to the measures set out in Annex XVII.

## CHAPTER XII

#### FINAL PROVISIONS

## Article 82

## Data transmission

When pursuant to Articles 15(1) and 18(1) of Regulation (EEC) No 2847/93, Member States send data to the Commission relating to landings of quantities of stocks caught, they shall use the stock codes set out in Annex I to this Regulation.

## Article 83

## Repeal

Regulation (EC) No 1116/2006 is hereby repealed.

References made to the repealed Regulation shall be construed as being made to this Regulation.

## Article 84

## **Entry into force**

This Regulation shall enter into force on the day of its publication in the Official Journal of the European Union.

It shall apply from 1 January 2007.

Where the TACs of the CCAMLR area are set for periods starting before 1 January 2007, Article 55 shall apply with effect from the beginning of the respective periods of application of the TACs.

This Regulation shall be binding in its entirety and directly applicable in all Member States.

Done at Brussels, 21 December 2006.

For the Council

The President

J. KORKEAOJA

## ANNEX I

# CATCH LIMITS APPLICABLE TO COMMUNITY VESSELS IN AREAS WHERE CATCH LIMITS EXIST AND FOR THIRD COUNTRY FISHING VESSELS IN EC WATERS, BY SPECIES AND BY AREA (IN TONNES LIVE WEIGHT, EXCEPT WHERE OTHERWISE SPECIFIED)

All catch limits set out in this Annex shall be considered as quotas for the purposes of Article 5 of this Regulation, and shall, therefore, be subject to the rules set out in Regulation (EC) No 2847/93, and in particular Articles 14 and 15 thereof

Within each area, fish stocks are referred to following the alphabetical order of the Latin names of the species. The following table of correspondences of Latin names and common names is given for the purposes of this Regulation:

Scientific name	Alpha-3 code	Common name
Ammodytidae	SAN	Sandeel
Anarhichas lupus	CAT	Atlantic catfish
Aphanopus carbo	BSF	Black scabbardfish
Argentina silus	ARU	Greater silver smelt
Beryx spp.	ALF	Alfonsinos
Boreogadus saida	POC	Polar cod
Brosme brosme	USK	Tusk
Centrophorus squamosus	GUQ	Leafscale gulper shark
Centroscymnus coelolepis	CYO	Portuguese dogfish
Cetorhinus maximus	BSK	Basking shark
Chaenocephalus aceratus	SSI	Blackfin icefish
Champsocephalus gunnari	ANI	Antarctic icefish
Channichthys rhinoceratus	LIC	Unicorn icefish
Chionoecetes spp.	PCR	Snow crab
Clupea harengus	HER	Herring
Coryphaenoides rupestris	RNG	Roundnose grenadier
Dalatias licha	SCK	Kitefin shark
Deania calcea	DCA	Birdbeak dogfish
Dissostichus eleginoides	TOP	Antarctic toothfish
Engraulis encrasicolus	ANE	Anchovy
Etmopterus princeps	ETR	Great lantern shark
Etmopterus pusillus	ETP	Smooth lantern shark
Etmopterus spinax	ETX	Velvet belly
Euphausia superba	KRI	Krill
Gadus morhua	COD	Cod
Galeorhinus galeus	GAG	Tope shark
Germo alalunga	ALB	Albacore tunna
Glyptocephalus cynoglossus	WIT	Witch flounder
Gobionotothen gibberifrons	NOG	Humped rockcod
Hippoglossoides platessoides	PLA	American plaice
Hippoglossus hippoglossus	HAL	Atlantic halibut
Hoplostethus atlanticus	ORY	Orange roughy
Illex illecebrosus	SQI	Short fin squid
Lamna nasus	POR	Porbeagle
Lampanyctus achirus	LAC	Lantern fish
Lepidonotothen squamifrons	NOS	Grey rockcod
Lepidorhombus spp.	LEZ	Megrims
Limanda ferruginea	YEL	Yellowtail flounder
Limanda limanda	DAB	Dab



Scientific name	Alpha-3 code	Common name
Lophiidae	ANF	Anglerfish
Macrourus berglax	RHG	Roughead grenadier
Macrourus spp.	GRV	Grenadier
Makaira nigricans	BUM	Blue marlin
Mallotus villosus	CAP	Capelin
Martialia hyadesi	SQS	Squid
Melanogrammus aeglefinus	HAD	Haddock
Merlangius merlangus	WHG	Whiting
Merluccius merluccius	HKE	Hake
Micromesistius poutassou	WHB	Blue whiting
Microstomus kitt	LEM	Lemon sole
Molva dypterigia	BLI	Blue ling
Molva macrophthalmus	SLI	Spanish ling
Molva molva	LIN	Ling
Nephrops norvegicus	NEP	Norway lobster
Notothenia rossii	NOR	Marbled rockcod
Pagellus bogaraveo	SBR	Red Seabream
Pandalus borealis	PRA	Northern prawn
Paralomis spp.	PAI	Crab
Penaeus spp.	PEN	'Penaeus' shrimps
Phycis spp.	FOX	Forkbeards
Platichthys flesus	FLX	Flounder
Pleuronectes platessa	PLE	Plaice
Pleuronectiformes	FLX	Flatfish
Pollachius pollachius	POL	Pollack
Pollachius virens	POK	Saithe
Psetta maxima	TUR	Turbot
Pseudochaenichthus georgianus	SGI	South Georgian icefish
Rajidae	SRX-RAJ	Skates and rays
Reinhardtius hippoglossoides	GHL	Greenland halibut
Salmo salar	SAL	Atlantic salmon
Scomber scombrus	MAC	Mackerel
Scopthalmus rhombus	BLL	Brill
Sebastes spp.	RED	Redfish
Solea solea	SOL	Common sole
Solea spp.	SOX	Sole
Sprattus sprattus	SPR	Sprat
Squalus acanthias	DGS	Spurdog/dogfish
Tetrapturus alba	WHM	White marlin
Thunnus alalunga Thunnus albacares	ALB	Albacore
Thunnus albacares Thunnus obesus	YFT	Yellowfin tuna
	BET	Bigeye tuna
Thunnus thynnus	BFT	Bluefin tuna Horse mackerel
Trachurus spp. Trisopterus esmarki	JAX Nop	Norway pout
Urophycis tenuis	HKW	White hake
Xiphias gladius	SWO	Swordfish
πιμιιιο χιιιιιιο	3WO	Swordiisii

The following table of correspondences of common names and Latin names is given exclusively for explanatory purposes:

Albacore	ALB	Thunnus alalunga
Albacore tunna	ALB	Germo alalunga
Alfonsinos	ALF	Beryx spp.
American plaice	PLA	Hippoglossoides platessoides
Anchovy	ANE	Engraulis encrasicolus
Anglerfish	ANF	Lophiidae
Antarctic icefish	ANI	Champsocephalus gunnari
Antarctic toothfish	TOP	Dissostichus eleginoides
Atlantic catfish	CAT	Anarhichas lupus
Atlantic halibut	HAL	Hippoglossus hippoglossus
Atlantic salmon	SAL	Salmo salar
Basking shark	BSK	Cetorhinus maximus
Bigeye tuna	BET	Thunnus obesus
Birdbeak dogfish	DCA	Deania calcea
Black scabbardfish	BSF	Aphanopus carbo
Blackfin icefish	SSI	Chaenocephalus aceratus
Blue ling	BLI	Molva dypterigia
Blue marlin	BUM	Makaira nigricans
Blue whiting	WHB	Micromesistius poutassou
Bluefin tuna	BFT	Thunnus thynnus
Brill	BLL	Scopthalmus rhombus
Capelin	CAP	Mallotus villosus
Cod	COD	Gadus morhua
Common sole	SOL	Solea solea
Crab	PAI	Paralomis spp.
Dab	DAB	Limanda limanda
Flatfish	FLX	Pleuronectiformes
Flounder	FLX	Platichthys flesus
Forkbeards	FOX	Phycis spp.
Great lantern shark	ETR	Etmopterus princeps
Greater silver smelt	ARU	Argentina silus
Greenland halibut	GHL	Reinhardtius hippoglossoides
Grenadier	GRV	Macrourus spp.
Grey rockcod	NOS	Lepidonotothen squamifrons
Haddock	HAD	Melanogrammus aeglefinus
Hake	HKE	Merluccius merluccius
Herring	HER	Clupea harengus
Horse mackerel	JAX	Trachurus spp.
Humped rockcod	NOG	Gobionotothen gibberifrons
Kitefin shark	SCK	Dalatias licha
Krill	KRI	
Lantern fish		Euphausia superba
	LAC	Lampanyctus achirus
Leafscale gulper shark	GUQ	Centrophorus squamosus
Lemon sole	LEM	Microstomus kitt
Ling	LIN	Molva molva
Mackerel	MAC	Scomber scombrus
Marbled rockcod	NOR	Notothenia rossii
Megrims	LEZ	Lepidorhombus spp.
Northern prawn	PRA	Pandalus borealis
Norway lobster	NEP	Nephrops norvegicus
Norway pout	NOP	Trisopterus esmarki

Orange roughy	ORY	Hoplostethus atlanticus	
Penaeus shrimps	PEN	Penaeus spp.	
Plaice	PLE	Pleuronectes platessa	
Polar cod	POC	Boreogadus saida	
Pollack	POL	Pollachius pollachius	
Porbeagle	POR	Lamna nasus	
Portuguese dogfish	CYO	Centroscymnus coelolepis	
Red Seabream	SBR	Pagellus bogaraveo	
Redfish	RED	Sebastes spp.	
Roughead grenadier	RHG	Macrourus berglax	
Roundnose grenadier	RNG	Coryphaenoides rupestris	
Saithe	POK	Pollachius virens	
Sandeel	SAN	Ammodytidae	
Short fin squid	SQI	Illex illecebrosus	
Skates and rays	SRX-RAJ	Rajidae	
Smooth lantern shark	ETP	Etmopterus pusillus	
Snow crab	PCR	Chionoecetes spp.	
Sole	SOX	Solea spp.	
South Georgian icefish	SGI	Pseudochaenichthus georgianus	
Spanish ling	SLI	Molva macrophthalmus	
Sprat	SPR	Sprattus sprattus	
Spurdog/dogfish	DGS	Squalus acanthias	
Squid	SQS	Martialia hyadesi	
Swordfish	SWO	Xiphias gladius	
Tope shark	GAG	Galeorhinus galeus	
Turbot	TUR	Psetta maxima	
Tusk	USK	Brosme brosme	
Unicorn icefish	LIC	Channichthys rhinoceratus	
Velvet belly	ETX	Etmopterus spinax	
White hake	HKW	Urophycis tenuis	
White marlin	WHM	Tetrapturus alba	
Whiting	WHG	Merlangius merlangus	
Witch flounder	WIT	Glyptocephalus cynoglossus	
Yellowfin tuna	YFT	Thunnus albacares	
Yellowtail flounder	YEL	Limanda ferruginea	

## ANNEX IA

## SKAGERRAK, KATTEGAT, ICES zones I, II, III, IV, EC waters of ICES zones V, VI, VII, VIII, IX, X, EC waters of CECAF, French Guyana waters

Species: Sandeel Ammodytidae		Zone:	Norwegian waters of IV SAN/04-N.
Denmark United Kingdom EC	19 000 (¹) 1 000 (¹) 20 000 (¹)		
TAC	Not relevant		Analytical TAC.  Article 3 of Regulation (EC) No 847/96 does not apply.  Article 4 of Regulation (EC) No 847/96 does not apply.  Article 5(2) of Regulation (EC) No 847/96 applies.

Quota for experimental fishery relating to sandeel abundance. The Commission will establish the conditions under which these quotas may be fished. Quotas may not be fished until the conditions are established. Unused quota from the experimental fishery may be carried forward to a commercial fishery if such quotas are established.

Species: Sandeel Ammodytidae		Zone:	IIIa; EC waters of IIa and IV (¹) SAN/2A3A4.
Denmark	Not established		
United Kingdom	Not established		
All Member States	Not established (2)		
EC	Not established		
Norway	20 000 (3) (4)		
TAC	Not established		Analytical TAC.
			Article 3 of Regulation (EC) No 847/96 does not apply.
			Article 4 of Regulation (EC) No 847/96 does not apply.
			Article 5(2) of Regulation (EC) No 847/96 applies.

Excluding waters within 6 miles of UK baselines at Shetland, Fair Isle and Foula Except Denmark and the United Kingdom
To be taken in the North Sea
Quota for experimental fishery relating to sandeel abundance. The Commission will establish the conditions under which these quotas may be fished. Quotas may not be fished until the conditions are established. Unused quota from the experimental fishery may be carried forward to a commercial fishery if such quotas are established.



Species: Greater silver smelt  Argentina silus		Zone:	EC and international waters of I and II $\label{eq:artificity} ARU/1/2.$
Germany	31		
France	10		
The Netherlands	25		
United Kingdom	50	1	
EC	116		Precautionary TAC Article 3 of Regulation (EC) No 847/96 applies. Article 4 of Regulation (EC) No 847/96 does not apply. Article 5(2) of Regulation (EC) No 847/96 applies.
Species: Greater silver smelt  Argentina silus		Zone:	EC and international waters of III and IV ARU/3/4.
Denmark	1 180		
Germany	12		
France	8		
Ireland	8		
The Netherlands	55		
Sweden	46		
United Kingdom	21	ı	
EC	1 331		Precautionary TAC Article 3 of Regulation (EC) No 847/96 applies. Article 4 of Regulation (EC) No 847/96 does not apply. Article 5(2) of Regulation (EC) No 847/96 applies
Species: Greater silver smelt Argentina silus		Zone:	EC and international waters of V, VI and VII ARU/567.
Germany	405		
France	9		
Ireland	378		
The Netherlands	4 225		
United Kingdom	297	-	
EC	5 311		Precautionary TAC Article 3 of Regulation (EC) No 847/96 applies. Article 4 of Regulation (EC) No 847/96 does not apply.Article 5(2) of Regulation (EC) No 847/96 applies Article 5(2) of Regulation (EC) No 847/96 applies

Species: Tusk Brosme brosme		Zone:	EC waters of IIa, IV, Vb, VI and VII USK/2A47-C
EC Norway	Not relevant (1) 3 400 (2) (3)		
Norway TAC	Not relevant		Precautionary TAC. Article 3 of Regulation (EC) No 847/96
			applies. Article 4 of Regulation (EC) No 847/96 does not apply.
			Article 5(2) of Regulation (EC) No 847/96 applies.

Species: Tusk Brosme brosme		Zone:	EC and international waters of I, II and XIV USK/1214EI
Germany	7		
France	7		
United Kingdom	7		
Others	4 (1)		
EC	25		

(1) Exclusively for by-catches. No directed fisheries are permitted under this quota.

Species: Tusk Brosme brosme		Zone:	EC and international waters of III USK/3EI.
Denmark	15		
Sweden	8		
Germany	8		
EC	31		

Specified in Regulation (EC) No 2015/2006
Of which an incidental catch of other species of 25 % per ship, at any moment, is authorised in zones Vb, VI and VII. However, this percentage may be exceeded in the first 24 hours following the beginning of the fishing on a specific ground. The total incidental catch of other species in zones Vb, VI and VII shall not exceed 3 000 tonnes.
Including ling. The quotas for Norway are ling 5 780 tonnes, and tusk 3 400 tonnes and are interchangeable of up to 2 000 tonnes and may only be fished with long-lines in zones Vb, VI and VII.

Species: Tusk Brosme brosme		Zone:	EC and international waters of IV USK/4EI.
Denmark	69		
Germany	21		
France	49		
Sweden	7		
United Kingdom	104		
Others	7 (1)		
EC	257		

(1) Exclusively for by-catches. No directed fisheries are permitted under this quota.

Species: Tusk Brosme brosme		Zone:	EC and international waters of V, VI and VII USK/567EI.
Germany	7		
Spain	24		
France	282		
Ireland	27		
United Kingdom	136		
Others	7 (¹)		
EC	483		

(1) Exclusively for by-catches. No directed fisheries are permitted under this quota.

Species: Tusk  Brosme brosme		Zone:	Norwegian waters of IV USK/4AB-N.
Belgium	1		
Denmark	191		
Germany	1		
France	1		
The Netherlands	1		
United Kingdom	5		
EC	200	ĺ	
TAC	Not relevant		Precautionary TAC
			Article 3 of Regulation (EC) No 847/96 does not apply.
			Article 4 of Regulation (EC) No 847/96 does not apply.
			Article 5(2) of Regulation (EC) No 847/96 applies

Species: Herring (¹) Clupea harengus		Zone:	IIIa HER/03A.
Denmark	28 907		
Germany	463		
Sweden	30 239		
EC	59 609		
Faroe Islands	500 (²)	Ī	
TAC	69 360		Analytical TAC
			Article 3 of Regulation (EC) No 847/96 does not apply.
			Article 4 of Regulation (EC) No 847/96 does not apply.
			Article 5(2) of Regulation (EC) No 847/96 applies.

Landings of herring taken in fisheries using nets with mesh sizes equal to or larger than 32 mm.

To be taken in Skagerrak. Limited in the West by a line from the lighthouse of Hanstholm to the lighthouse of Lindesnes and in the South by a line from the lighthouse of Tistlarna and from there to the nearest coast of Sweden.

Species: Herring (¹)  Clupea harengus		Zone:	IV north of 53°30'N HER/04A., HER/04B.
Denmark	50 349		
Germany	34 118		
France	19 232		
The Netherlands	47 190		
Sweden	3 470		
United Kingdom	50 279		
EC	204 638		
Norway	50 000 (²)	ĺ	
TAC	341 063		Analytical TAC
			Article 3 of Regulation (EC) No 847/96 does not apply.
			Article 4 of Regulation (EC) No 847/96 does not apply.
			Article 5(2) of Regulation (EC) No 847/96 applies.

Landings of herring taken in fisheries using nets with mesh sizes equal to or larger than 32 mm. Member States must inform the Commission of their landings of herring distinguishing between ICES zones IVa and IVb May be taken in EC waters. Catches taken within this quota are to be deducted from Norway's share of the TAC.

Within the limits of the abovementioned quotas, no more than the quantities given below may be taken in the zones specified Norwegian waters south of 62°N (HER/\*04N-)

EC 50 000

Species: Herring Clupea harengus		Zone:	Norwegian waters south of 62°N HER/04-N.
Sweden	846 (1)		
EC	846		
TAC	not relevant		

(1) By-catches of cod, haddock, pollack and whiting and saithe shall be counted against the quota for these species

Species: Herring (¹) Clupea harengus		Zone:	By-catches in zone IIIa HER/03A-BC
Denmark	13 160		
Germany	117		
Sweden	2 119		
EC	15 396	ſ	
TAC	15 396		Analytical TAC
			Article 3 of Regulation (EC) No 847/96 does not apply.
			Article 4 of Regulation (EC) No 847/96 does not apply.
			Article 5(2) of Regulation (EC) No 847/96 applies.

(1) Landings of herring taken in fisheries using nets with mesh sizes smaller than 32 mm.

Species: Herring (¹)  Clupea harengus		Zone:	By-catches in IV, VIId and in EC waters of IIa HER/2A47DX
Belgium	158		
Denmark	30 514		
Germany	158		
France	158		
The Netherlands	158		
Sweden	149		
United Kingdom	580		
EC	31 875		
TAC	31 875		Analytical TAC
			Article 3 of Regulation (EC) No 847/96 does not apply.
			Article 4 of Regulation (EC) No 847/96 does not apply.
			Article 5(2) of Regulation (EC) No 847/96 applies.

<sup>(1)</sup> Landings of herring taken in fisheries using nets with mesh sizes smaller than 32 mm.

Species: Herring (¹)  Clupea harengus		Zone: VIId; IVc (²) HER/4CXB7D
Belgium	8 277 (³)	
Denmark	651 (³)	
Germany	441 (³)	
France	9 014 (3)	
The Netherlands	15 710 (³)	
United Kingdom	3 424 (3)	
EC	37 517	
TAC	341 063	Analytical TAC
		Article 3 of Regulation (EC) No847/96 does not apply.
		Article 4 of Regulation (EC) No847/96 does not apply.
		Article 5(2) of Regulation (EC) No 847/96 applies.

Species: Herring Clupea harengus		Zone:	Vb and Vlb; EC waters of VlaN (¹) HER/5B6ANB.
Germany	3 727		
France	705		
Ireland	5 036		
The Netherlands	3 727		
United Kingdom	20 145		
EC	33 340		
Faroe Islands	660 (²)	ı	
TAC	34 000		Precautionary TAC
			Article 3 of Regulation (EC) No 847/96 applies.
			Article 4 of Regulation (EC) No 847/96 does not apply.
			Article 5(2) of Regulation (EC) No 847/96 applies.

Reference is to the herring stock in ICES zone VIa, north of 56°00' N and in that part of VIa which is situated east of 07°00' W and north of 55°00' N, excluding the Clyde.

This quota may only be taken in ICES zone VIa north of 56°30' N.

Landings of herring taken in fisheries using nets with mesh sizes equal to or larger than 32 mm.

Except Blackwater stock: reference is to the herring stock in the maritime region of the Thames estuary within a zone delimited by a line running due south from Landguard Point (51°56° N, 1°19.1° E) to latitude 51°33° N and hence due west to a point on the coast of the United Kingdom.

Transfers of up to 50 % of this quota may be affected to zone IVb. However, such transfers must be notified in advance to the Commission (HER/\*04B.).

Species: Herring Clupea harengus		Zone:	VIIbc; VIaS (¹) HER/6AS7BC
Ireland	12 600		
The Netherlands	1 260		
EC	13 860	Γ	
TAC	13 860		Analytical TAC
			Article 3 of Regulation (EC) No 847/96 applies.
			Article 4 of Regulation (EC) No 847/96 applies.
			Article 5(2) of Regulation (EC) No 847/96 applies.

Reference is to the herring stock in ICES zone VIa south of 56°00' N and west of 07°00' W.

Species: Herring Clupea harengus		Zone:	VI Clyde (¹) HER/06ACL.
United Kingdom	800		
EC	800	Γ	
TAC	800		Precautionary TAC
			Article 3 of Regulation (EC) No 847/96 applies.
			Article 4 of Regulation (EC) No 847/96 does not apply.
			Article 5(2) of Regulation (EC) No 847/96 applies.

Clyde stock: reference is to the herring stock in the maritime area situated to the north-east of a line drawn between the Mull of Kintyre and Corsewall Point.

Species: Herring Clupea harengus		Zone:	VIIa (¹) HER/07A/MM
Ireland	1 250		
United Kingdom	3 550		
EC	4 800	Г	
TAC	4 800		Analytical TAC
			Article 3 of Regulation (EC) No 847/96 applies.
			Article 4 of Regulation (EC) No 847/96 applies.
			Article 5(2) of Regulation (EC) No 847/96 applies.

Zone VIIa is reduced by the area added to the ICES zones VIIg, VIIh, VIIj and VIIk bounded:

— to the north by latitude 52° 30′N
— to the south by latitude 52° 00′N
— to the west by the coast of Ireland
— to the east by the coast of the United Kingdom.

Species: Herring Clupea harengus		Zone:	VIIe and VIIf HER/7EF.
France	500		
United Kingdom	500		
EC	1 000	Γ	
TAC	1 000		Precautionary TAC
			Article 3 of Regulation (EC) No 847/96 applies.
			Article 4 of Regulation (EC) No 847/96 does not apply.
			Article 5(2) of Regulation (EC) No 847/96 applies.

Species: Herring Clupea harengus		Zone:	VIIg (¹), VIIh (¹), VIIj (¹) and VIIk (¹) $HER/7G\text{-}K.$
Germany	104		
France	580		
Ireland	8 117		
The Netherlands	580		
United Kingdom	12		
EC	9 393	Г	
TAC	9 393		Analytical TAC
			Article 3 of Regulation (EC) No 847/96 applies.
			Article 4 of Regulation (EC) No 847/96 applies.
			Article 5(2) of Regulation (EC) No 847/96 applies.

This zone is increased by the area bounded:

— to the north by latitude 52° 30'N,

— to the south by latitude 52° 00'N,

— to the west by the coast of Ireland,

— to the east by the coast of the United Kingdom.



<b>Species:</b> Anchovy Engraulis encrasicolus		Zone:	VIII ANE/08.
Spain	0 (1)		
France	0 (1)		
EC	0 (1)	Г	
TAC	0 (1)		Analytical TAC
			Article 3 of Regulation (EC) No 847/96 applies.
			Article 4 of Regulation (EC) No 847/96 applies.
			Article 5(2) of Regulation (EC) No 847/96 applies.

<sup>(1)</sup> To gather information on the state of the stock, after consultation of the STECF and under the supervision of the Commission, a maximum of 10 % of the French and Spanish fishing effort (20 Spanish vessels and 8 French vessels) may be deployed in zone VIII for experimental fishing with scientific observers on board from 15 April until 15 June 2007.

Catch reports have to be submitted to the Commission every 15 days by the Member States concerned. The Commission will suspend the experimental fishery once sufficient data has been collected. The Commission will then, as appropriate, adopt the decision foreseen in Article 5(5) of this Regulation on the basis of an STECF advice.

Species: Anchovy Engraulis encrasicolus		Zone:	IX and X; EC waters of CECAF 34.1.1 ANE/9/3411
Spain	3 826		
Portugal	4 174		
EC	8 000	Г	
TAC	8 000		Precautionary TAC
			Article 3 of Regulation (EC) No 847/96 applies.
			Article 4 of Regulation (EC) No 847/96 does not apply.
			Article 5(2) of Regulation (EC) No 847/96 applies.

Species: Cod Gadus morhua		Zone: Skagerrak (¹) COD/03AN.
Belgium	7	
Denmark	2 282	
Germany	57	
The Netherlands	14	
Sweden	399	
EC	2 759	
ТАС	2 851	Analytical TAC
		Article 3 of Regulation (EC) No 847/96 does not apply.
		Article 4 of Regulation (EC) No 847/96 does not apply.
		Article 5(2) of Regulation (EC) No 847/96 applies.

# (1) Area as defined in Article 3(e) of this Regulation

Species: Cod Gadus morhua		Zone:	Kattegat (¹) COD/03AS.
Denmark	451		
Germany	9		
Sweden	271		
EC	731	Г	
TAC	731		Analytical TAC
			Article 3 of Regulation (EC) No 847/96 does not apply.
			Article 4 of Regulation (EC) No 847/96 does not apply.
			Article 5(2) of Regulation (EC) No 847/96 applies.

<sup>(1)</sup> Area as defined in Article 3(f) of this Regulation

Species: Cod Gadus morhua		Zone:	IV; EC waters of IIa COD/2AC4.
Belgium	590		
Denmark	3 388		
Germany	2 148		
France	728		
Γhe Netherlands	1 914		
Sweden	23		
United Kingdom	7 773		
EC	16 564		
Norway	3 393 (1)	ı	
ГАС	19 957		Analytical TAC
			Article 3 of Regulation (EC) No 847/96 does not apply.
			Article 4 of Regulation (EC) No 847/96 does not apply.
			Article 5(2) of Regulation (EC) No 847/96 applies.

<sup>(1)</sup> May be taken in EC waters. Catches taken within this quota are to be deducted from Norway's share of the TAC

Within the limits of the abovementioned quotas, no more than the quantities given below may be taken in the ICES zones specified Norwegian waters of IV  $(COD)^*04N$ -)

EC 14 397

Species: Cod Gadus morhua		Zone:	Norwegian waters south of 62° N COD/04-N.
Sweden	382		
EC	382	İ	
TAC	Not relevant		Analytical TAC
			Article 3 of Regulation (EC) No 847/96 does not apply.
			Article 4 of Regulation (EC) No 847/96 does not apply.
			Article 5(2) of Regulation (EC) No 847/96 applies.

Species: Cod  Gadus morhua		Zone:	VI; EC waters of Vb; EC and international waters of XII and XIV COD/561214
Belgium	1		
Germany	7		
France	78		
Ireland	110		
United Kingdom	294		
EC	490	Ī	
TAC	490		Analytical TAC
			Article 3 of Regulation (EC) No 847/96 applies.
			Article 4 of Regulation (EC) No 847/96 applies.
			Article 5(2) of Regulation (EC) No 847/96 applies.

Within the limits of the abovementioned quotas, no more than the quantities given below may be taken in the ICES zones specified Vla; EC waters of Vb  $(COD)^*sBC6A)$ 

Belgium	1	
Germany	7	
France	78	
Ireland	110	
United Kingdom	294	
EC	490	
Germany France Ireland United Kingdom	7 78 110 294	

Species: Cod  Gadus morhua		Zone:	VIIa COD/07A.
Belgium	19		
France	54		
Ireland	963		
The Netherlands	5		
United Kingdom	421		
EC	1 462	ſ	
TAC	1 462		Analytical TAC Article 3 of Regulation (EC) No 847/96 applies. Article 4 of Regulation (EC) No 847/96 applies. Article 5(2) of Regulation (EC) No 847/96 applies.

Species: Cod  Gadus morhua			/IIb-k, VIII, IX and X; EC waters of CECAF 34.1.1 COD/7X7A34
Belgium	197		
France	3 377		
Ireland	775		
The Netherlands	28		
United Kingdom	366		
EC	4 743	_	
TAC	4 743		Analytical TAC
			Article 3 of Regulation (EC) No 847/96 applies.
			Article 4 of Regulation (EC) No 847/96 applies.
			Article 5(2) of Regulation (EC) No 847/96 applies.

Species: Megrims Lepidorhombus spp.		Zone:	EC waters of IIa and IV LEZ/2AC4-C
Belgium	4		
Denmark	4		
Germany	4		
France	24		
The Netherlands	19		
United Kingdom	1 424		
EC	1 479		
TAC	1 479		Precautionary TAC
			Article 3 of Regulation (EC) No 847/96 applies.
			Article 4 of Regulation (EC) No 847/96 applies.
			Article 5(2) of Regulation (EC) No 847/96 applies.

Species: Megrims Lepidorhombus spp.		Zone:	VI; EC waters of Vb; international waters of XII and XIV LEZ/561214
Spain	327		
France	1 277		
Ireland	373		
United Kingdom	903		
EC	2 880	,	
TAC	2 880		Precautionary TAC Article 3 of Regulation (EC) No 847/96 applies. Article 4 of Regulation (EC) No 847/96 does not apply. Article 5(2) of Regulation (EC) No 847/96 applies.
Species: Megrims Lepidorhombus spp.		Zone:	VII LEZ/07.
Belgium	494	II.	
Spain	5 490		
France	6 663		
Ireland	3 029		
United Kingdom	2 624		
EC EC	18 300		
TAC	18 300		Precautionary TAC Article 3 of Regulation (EC) No 847/96 applies. Article 4 of Regulation (EC) No 847/96 does not apply. Article 5(2) of Regulation (EC) No 847/96 applies.
Species: Megrims		Zone:	VIIIa, VIIIb, VIIId and VIIIe
Lepidorhombus spp.			LEZ/8ABDE.
Spain	1 176		
France	949		
EC	2 125	i	
TAC	2 125		Analytical TAC Article 3 of Regulation (EC) No 847/96 applies. Article 4 of Regulation (EC) No 847/96 applies. Article 5(2) of Regulation (EC) No 847/96 applies.



Species: Megrims Lepidorhombus spp.		Zone:	VIIIc, IX and X; EC waters of CECAF 31.1.1 LEZ/8C3411
Spain	1 330		
France	66		
Portugal	44		
EC	1 440	Г	
TAC	1 440		Analytical TAC
			Article 3 of Regulation (EC) No 847/96 applies.
			Article 4 of Regulation (EC) No 847/96 applies.
			Article 5(2) of Regulation (EC) No 847/96 applies.

<b>Species:</b> Dab and flounder  Limanda limanda and F	Platichthys flesus	Zone:	EC waters of IIa and IV D/F/2AC4-C
Belgium	466		
Denmark	1 752		
Germany	2 627		
France	182		
The Netherlands	10 594		
Sweden	6		
United Kingdom	1 473		
EC	17 100	ı	
TAC	17 100		Precautionary TAC
			Article 3 of Regulation (EC) No 847/96 applies.
			Article 4 of Regulation (EC) No 847/96 does not apply.
			Article 5(2) of Regulation (EC) No 847/96 applies.

Species: Anglerfish Lophiidae		Zone:	EC waters of IIa and IV ANF/2AC4-C
Belgium	401		
Denmark	884		
Germany	432		
France	82		
The Netherlands	303		
Sweden	10		
United Kingdom	9 233		
EC	11 345	Í	
TAC	11 345		Precautionary TAC
			Article 3 of Regulation (EC) No 847/96 applies.
			Article 4 of Regulation (EC) No 847/96 does not apply.
			Article 5(2) of Regulation (EC) No 847/96 applies.

Species: Anglerfish Lophiidae		Zone:	Norwegian waters of IV ANF/4AB-N.
Belgium	50		
Denmark	1 266		
Germany	20		
The Netherlands	18		
United Kingdom	296		
EC	1 650	i	
TAC	Not relevant		Article 3 of Regulation (EC) No 847/96 does not apply.
			Article 4 of Regulation (EC) No 847/96 does not apply.
			Article 5(2) of Regulation (EC) No 847/96 applies.

Species: Anglerfish Lophiidae		Zone:	VI; EC waters of Vb; international waters of XII and XIV ANF/561214
Belgium	185		
Germany	212		
Spain	198		
France	2 280		
Ireland	516		
The Netherlands	178		
United Kingdom	1 586		
EC	5 155	ſ	
TAC	5 155		Precautionary TAC
			Article 3 of Regulation (EC) No 847/96 applies.
			Article 4 of Regulation (EC) No 847/96 does not apply.
			Article 5(2) of Regulation (EC) No 847/96 applies.

Species: Anglerfish  Lophiidae		Zone: VII ANF/07.
Belgium	2 595 (¹)	
Germany	289 (1)	
Spain	1 031 (1)	
France	16 651 (¹)	
Ireland	2 128 (1)	
The Netherlands	336 (1)	
United Kingdom	5 050 (1)	
EC	28 080 (1)	
TAC	28 080 (1)	Analytical TAC
		Article 3 of Regulation (EC) No 847/96 applies.
		Article 4 of Regulation (EC) No 847/96 applies.
		Article 5(2) of Regulation (EC) No 847/96 applies.

<sup>(1)</sup> Of which up to 5 % may be fished in ICES zones VIIIa, VIIIb, VIIId and VIIIe (ANF/\*8ABDE).

Species: Anglerfish  Lophiidae		Zone:	VIIIa, VIIIb, VIIId and VIIIe ANF/8ABDE.
Spain	1 206		
France	6 714		
EC	7 920	Ī	
TAC	7 920		Analytical TAC
			Article 3 of Regulation (EC) No 847/96 applies.
			Article 4 of Regulation (EC) No 847/96
			applies.  Article 5(2) of Regulation (EC) No 847/96
			applies.
Species: Anglerfish Lophiidae		Zone:	VIIIc, IX and X; EC waters of CECAF 31.1.1 ANF/8C3411
	1 629	Zone:	
Lophiidae	1 629 2	Zone:	
Lophiidae Spain		Zone:	
Lophiidae Spain France	2	Zone:	

Article 3 of Regulation (EC) No 847/96 applies.
Article 4 of Regulation (EC) No 847/96

Article 5(2) of Regulation (EC) No  $\,847/96$  applies.

applies.

Species: Haddock Melanogrammus aeglefinus		Zone:	IIIa, EC waters of IIIb, IIIc and IIId HAD/3A/BCD
Belgium	16 (1)		
Denmark	2 708 (1)		
Germany	172 (1)		
Γhe Netherlands	3 (1)		
Sweden	320 (1)		
EC	3 219 (1)	Г	
ГАС	3 360 (1)		Analytical TAC
			Article 3 of Regulation (EC) No 847/96 does not apply.
			Article 4 of Regulation (EC) No 847/96 does not apply.
			Article 5(2) of Regulation (EC) No 847/96 applies.

<sup>(1)</sup> In the event that a re-opening of the Norway pout fishery is decided, these quotas will be subject to review after deducting an appropriate amount for industrial by-catches.



Species: Haddock Melanogrammus aeglefinus		Zone:	IV; EC waters of IIa HAD/2AC4.
Belgium	498 (¹)		
Denmark	3 425 (1)		
Germany	2 180 (1)		
France	3 799 (1)		
The Netherlands	374 (1)		
Sweden	241 (1)		
United Kingdom	36 466 (1)		
EC	46 983 (1)		
Norway	7 657	ı	
TAC	54 640		Analytical TAC
			Article 3 of Regulation (EC) No 847/96 does not apply.
			Article 4 of Regulation (EC) No 847/96 does not apply.
			Article 5(2) of Regulation (EC) No 847/96 applies.

<sup>(1)</sup> In the event that a re-opening of the Norway pout fishery is decided, these quotas will be subject to review after deducting an appropriate amount for industrial by-catches.

EC 34 948

Species: Haddock Melanogrammus aeglefinus		Zone:	Norwegian waters south of 62° N HAD/04-N.
Sweden	707		
EC	707	Γ	
TAC	Not relevant		Analytical TAC
			Article 3 of Regulation (EC) No 847/96 does not apply.
			Article 4 of Regulation (EC) No 847/96 does not apply.
			Article 5(2) of Regulation (EC) No 847/96 applies.

Species: Haddock Melanogrammus aeglefinus		Zone:	VIb, XII and XIV HAD/6B1214
Belgium	10		
Germany	12		
France	509		
Ireland	363		
United Kingdom	3 721		
EC	4 615	Г	
TAC	4 615		Analytical TAC
			Article 3 of Regulation (EC) No 847/96 applies.
			Article 4 of Regulation (EC) No 847/96 applies.
			Article 5(2) of Regulation (EC) No 847/96 applies.

Species: Haddock Melanogrammus aeglefinus		Zone:	EC waters of Vb and VIa HAD/5BC6A.
Belgium	15		
Germany	18		
France	738		
Ireland	1 037		
United Kingdom	5 392		
EC	7 200	Г	
TAC	7 200		Analytical TAC
			Article 3 of Regulation (EC) No 847/96 applies.
			Article 4 of Regulation (EC) No 847/96 applies.
			Article 5(2) of Regulation (EC) No 847/96 applies.



Species: Haddock Melanogrammus aeglefinus		<b>Zone:</b> VII, VIII, IX and X; EC waters of CECAF 34.1.1 HAD/7/3411
Belgium	128	
France	7 680	
Ireland	2 560	
United Kingdom	1 152	
EC	11 520	
TAC	11 520	Precautionary TAC
		Article 3 of Regulation (EC) No 847/96 applies.
		Article 4 of Regulation (EC) No 847/96 does not apply.
		Article 5(2) of Regulation (EC) No 847/96 applies.

Within the limits of the abovementioned quotas, no more than the quantities given below may be taken in zone: VIIa

	(HAD/*07A)
Belgium	19
France	85
Ireland	511
United Kingdom	564
EC	1 179

When reporting to the Commission the uptake of their quotas, Member States shall specify quantities taken in ICES zone VIIa. Landings of haddock caught in ICES zone VIIa shall be prohibited when the totality of such landings exceeds 1179 tonnes.

Species: Whiting Merlangius merlangus		Zone:	IIIa WHG/03A.	
Denmark	1 326 (1)			
The Netherlands	5 (1)			
Sweden	142 (1)			
EC	1 473 (1)	ſ		
TAC	1 500		Precautionary TAC	
			Article 3 of Regulation (EC) No 847/96 does not apply.	
			Article 4 of Regulation (EC) No 847/96 does not apply.	
			Article 5(2) of Regulation (EC) No 847/96 applies.	

<sup>(1)</sup> In the event that a re-opening of the Norway pout fishery is decided, these quotas will be subject to review after deducting an appropriate amount for industrial by-catches.

Species: Whiting Merlangius merlangus		<b>Zone:</b> IV; EC waters of IIa WHG/2AC4.
Belgium	655 (¹)	
Denmark	2 833 (1)	
Germany	737 (¹)	
France	4 257 (1)	
The Netherlands	1 637 (1)	
Sweden	4 (1)	
United Kingdom	11 297 (1)	
EC	21 420 (1)	
Norway	2 380 (2)	
ГАС	23 800	Precautionary TAC
		Article 3 of Regulation (EC) No 847/96 does not apply.
		Article 4 of Regulation (EC) No 847/96 does not apply.
		Article 5(2) of Regulation (EC) No 847/96 applies.

In the event that a re-opening of the Norway pout fishery is decided, these quotas will be subject to review after deducting an appropriate amount for industrial by-catches.

May be taken in EC waters. Catches taken within this quota are to be deducted from Norway's share of the TAC.

Within the limits of the abovementioned quotas, no more than the quantities given below may be taken in the ICES zones specified: Norwegian waters of IV (WHG/\*04N-)

EC	14 512

Species: Whiting Merlangius merlangus		Zone: VI; EC waters of Vb; international waters of XII and XI WHG/561214
Germany	6	
France	124	
Ireland	305	
United Kingdom	585	
EC	1 020	
TAC	1 020	Precautionary TAC
		Article 3 of Regulation (EC) No 847/96 applies.
		Article 4 of Regulation (EC) No 847/96 does not apply.
		Article 5(2) of Regulation (EC) No 847/96 applies.



Species: Whiting Merlangius merlangus		Zone:	VIIa WHG/07A.
Belgium	1		
France	13		
Ireland	213		
The Netherlands	0		
United Kingdom	144		
EC	371		
TAC	371		Precautionary TAC Article 3 of Regulation (EC) No 847/96 applies. Article 4 of Regulation (EC) No 847/96 does not apply. Article 5(2) of Regulation (EC) No 847/96 applies.
Species: Whiting Merlangius merlangus		Zone:	VIIb, VIIc, VIId, VIIe, VIIf, VIIg, VIIh and VIIk WHG/7X7A.
Belgium	195		
France	11 964		
Ireland	5 544		
The Netherlands	97		
United Kingdom	2 140		
EC	19 940	ı	
TAC	19 940		Precautionary TAC Article 3 of Regulation (EC) No 847/96 applies. Article 4 of Regulation (EC) No 847/96 does not apply. Article 5(2) of Regulation (EC) No 847/96 applies.
Species: Whiting Merlangius merlangus		Zone:	VIII WHG/08.
Spain	1 440	•	
France	2 160		
EC	3 600	i	
TAC	3 600		Precautionary TAC Article 3 of Regulation (EC) No 847/96 applies. Article 4 of Regulation (EC) No 847/96 does not apply. Article 5(2) of Regulation (EC) No 847/96 applies.

Species: Whiting Merlangius merlan	gus	Zone:	IX and X; EC waters of CECAF 31.1.1 WHG/9/3411
Portugal	653		
EC	653	ĺ	
TAC	653		Precautionary TAC
			Article 3 of Regulation (EC) No 847/96 applies.
			Article 4 of Regulation (EC) No 847/96
			does not apply.
			Article 5(2) of Regulation (EC) No 847/96 applies.
<b>Species:</b> Whiting and Polla Merlangius merlan	ack gus and Pollachius pollachius	Zone:	Norwegian waters south of $62^{\circ}$ N W/P/04-N.
Sweden	190		
EC	190	ſ	
TAC	Not relevant		Article 3 of Regulation (EC) No 847/96 does not apply.
			Article 4 of Regulation (EC) No 847/96 does not apply.
			Article 5(2) of Regulation (EC) No 847/96 applies.
	ius	Zone:	IIIa; EC waters of IIIb, IIIc and IIId HKE/3A/BCD
Species: Hake Merluccius merlucci			
Merluccius merlucc	1 463		
Merluccius merlucci	1 463		
Merluccius merlucc Denmark Sweden	125		
Merluccius merlucc Denmark Sweden EC	125 1 588		Analytical TAC
-	125		Analytical TAC Article 3 of Regulation (EC) No 847/96
Merluccius merlucc Denmark Sweden EC	125 1 588		Article 3 of Regulation (EC) No 847/96 applies.
Merluccius merlucc Denmark Sweden EC	125 1 588		Article 3 of Regulation (EC) No 847/96

<sup>(1)</sup> Within an overall TAC of 52 680 tonnes for the northern stock of hake.

Species: Hake Merluccius merluccius		Zone:	EC waters of IIa and IV HKE/2AC4-C	
Belgium Denmark Germany France The Netherlands United Kingdom EC TAC	26 1 070 123 237 61 333 1 850 1 850 (¹)		Analytical TAC Article 3 of Regulation (EC) No 847/96 applies. Article 4 of Regulation (EC) No 847/96 applies. Article 5(2) of Regulation (EC) No 847/96 applies.	

Within an overall TAC of 52 680 tonnes for the northern stock of hake.

Species: Hake  Merluccius merluccius		Zone:	VI and VII; EC waters of Vb; international waters of XII a XIV HKE/571214
Belgium Spain France Ireland The Netherlands United Kingdom EC TAC	272 (¹) 8 708 13 448 (¹) 1 629 175 (¹) 5 309 (¹) 29 541 29 541 (²)		Analytical TAC Article 3 of Regulation (EC) No 847/96 applies. Article 4 of Regulation (EC) No 847/96 applies. Article 5(2) of Regulation (EC) No 847/96 applies.

Transfers of this quota may be effected to Zones IV and EC waters of zone IIa. However, such transfers must be notified in advance to the Commission.

Within an overall TAC of 52 680 tonnes for the northern stock of hake.

Within the limits of the abovementioned quotas, no more than the quantities given below may be taken in the zones specified: VIIIa, VIIIb, VIIId and VIIIe

	(HKE/*8ABDE)
Belgium	35
Spain	1 404
France	1 404
Ireland	176
The Netherlands	18
United Kingdom	790
EC	3 828

Species: Hake Merluccius merluccius		Zone:	VIIIa, VIIIb, VIIId and VIIIe HKE/8ABDE.
Belgium	9 (1)		
Spain	6 062		
France	13 612		
The Netherlands	18 (1)		
EC	19 701	i	
TAC	19 701 (²)		Analytical TAC Article 3 of Regulation (EC) No 847/96 applies. Article 4 of Regulation (EC) No 847/96 applies. Article 5(2) of Regulation (EC) No 847/96 applies.

Transfers of this quota may be effected to Zones IV and EC waters of zone IIa. However, such transfers must be notified in advance to the Commission.

Within an overall TAC of 52 680 tonnes for the northern stock of hake.  $(^{1})$ 

Within the limits of the abovementioned quotas, no more than the quantities given below may be taken in the zones specified:

VI and VII; EC waters of Vb; international waters of XII and XIV (HKE/\*57-14) Belgium 2 1 756 Spain 3 161 France The Netherlands 4 924 EC

Species: Hake Merluccius merluccius		Zone:	VIIIc, IX and X; EC waters of CECAF 34.1.1 HKE/8C3411
Spain	3 922		
France	376		
Portugal	1 830		
EC	6 128	ſ	
TAC	6 128		Analytical TAC
			Article 3 of Regulation (EC) No 847/96 applies.
			Article 4 of Regulation (EC) No 847/96 applies.
			Article 5(2) of Regulation (EC) No 847/96 applies.

<sup>(2)</sup> 



Species: Blue whiting Micromesistius poutassou		Zone:	Norwegian waters of IV WHB/4AB-N.	
Denmark United Kingdom EC TAC	18 050 950 19 000 1 700 000		Analytical TAC Article 3 of Regulation (EC) No 847/96 does not apply. Article 4 of Regulation (EC) No 847/96 does not apply. Article 5(2) of Regulation (EC) No 847/96 applies.	
Species: Blue whiting Micron	nesistius poutassou	Zone:	EC and international waters of I, II, III, IV, V, VI, VII, VIIIa VIIIb, VIIId, VIIIe, XII and XIV WHB/1X14	
Denmark	42 605 (1) (2)			
Germany	16 565 (¹) (²)			
Spain	36 119 (¹) (²)			
France	29 649 (1) (2)			
Ireland	32 992 (1) (2)			
The Netherlands	51 951 (¹) (²)			
Portugal	3 355 (1) (2)			
Sweden	10 539 (1) (2)			
United Kingdom	55 283 (¹) (²)			
EC	279 058 (1) (2)			
Norway	140 000 (³) (⁴)			
Faroe Islands	43 500 ( <sup>5</sup> ) ( <sup>6</sup> )			
TAC	1 700 000		Analytical TAC Article 3 of Regulation (EC) No 847/96 applies. Article 4 of Regulation (EC) No 847/96 applies. Article 5(2) of Regulation (EC) No 847/96 applies	

applies.

Of which up to 61 % may be fished in Norwegian Economic Zone or in the fishery zone around Jan Mayen (WHB/\*NZJM1). Of which up to 9,7 % may be fished in Faroese waters (WHB/\*05B-F).

May be fished in EC waters in zones II, IVa, VIa north of 56°30' N, VIb and VII west of 12°W (WHB/\*8CX34) No more than 40 000 tonnes may be fished in zone IVa.

Of which up to 500 tonnes may consist of argentine (*Argentina spp.*).

Catches of blue whiting may include unavoidable catches of argentine (*Argentina spp.*).

May be fished in EC waters in zones II, IVa, V, VIa north of 56°30' N, VIb and VII west of 12° W. The catch in zone IVa shall be no more than 10 875 tonnes.



Species: Blue whiting Micromesistius po	outassou	Zone:	VIIIc, IX and X; EC waters of CECAF 34.1.1 WHB/8C3411
Spain	37 954 (¹)		
Portugal	9 488 (1)		
EC	47 442 (¹)	Г	
TAC	1 700 000		Analytical TAC
			Article 3 of Regulation (EC) No 847/96 applies.
			Article 4 of Regulation (EC) No 847/96 applies.
			Article 5(2) of Regulation (EC) No 847/96 applies.

Of which up to 61 % may be fished in Norwegian Exclusive Economic Zone or in the fishery zone around Jan Mayen (WHB/\*NZJM2).

Species: Blue whiting Micromesistius poutassou		Zone:	EC waters of II, IVa, V, VI north of 56°30N and VII west of 12°W WHB/24A567
Norway	272 161 (1) (2)		
Faroe Islands	27 000 (³) (⁴)		
TAC	1 700 000		

- To be counted against Norway's catch limits established under the Coastal States arrangement. The catch in Zone IVa shall be no more than 68 040 tonnes.

  To be counted against the catch limits of the Faroe Islands established under the Coastal States arrangement. May also be fished in zone VIb. The catch in zone IV shall be no more than 6 750 tonnes.

Species: Lemon sole and witch  Microstomus kitt and Glyptocephalus cynoglossus		Zone:	EC waters of IIa and IV L/W/2AC4-C
Belgium	334		
Denmark	921		
Germany	118		
France	252		
The Netherlands	767		
Sweden	10		
United Kingdom	3 773		
EC	6 175	ı	
TAC	6 175		Precautionary TAC
			Article 3 of Regulation (EC) No 847/96 applies.
			Article 4 of Regulation (EC) No 847/96 does not apply.
			Article 5(2) of Regulation (EC) No 847/96 applies.

Species: Blue ling Molva dypterigia		Zone:	EC waters of IIa, IV, Vb, VI and VII BLI/2A47-C
EC	Not relevant (1)		
Norway	160		
TAC	Not relevant		
( <sup>1</sup> ) Specified in Regulation (I	EC) No 2015/2006		
Species: Blue ling Molva dypterigia		Zone:	EC waters of VIa north of 56°30' N and VIb BLI/6AN6B.
Faroe Islands	200 (1)	•	
	Not relevant r-catches of roundnose grenadier a	nd black scabb	ard fish to be counted against this quota.
(¹) To be fished by trawl: by		nd black scabba	ard fish to be counted against this quota.  EC and international waters of I and II  LIN/1/2.
To be fished by trawl: by  Species: Ling  Molva molva	r-catches of roundnose grenadier a		EC and international waters of I and II
To be fished by trawl: by  Species: Ling  Molva molva  Denmark			EC and international waters of I and II
To be fished by trawl: by  Species: Ling  Molva molva  Denmark  Germany	r-catches of roundnose grenadier a		EC and international waters of I and II
To be fished by trawl: by  Species: Ling  Molva molva  Denmark  Germany  France	r-catches of roundnose grenadier a  10 10		EC and international waters of I and II
Species: Ling	r-catches of roundnose grenadier a  10 10 10		EC and international waters of I and II

<sup>(1)</sup> Exclusively for by-catches. No directed fisheries are permitted under this quota

Species: Ling Molva molva		Zone:	IIIa; EC waters of IIIb, IIIc and IIId LIN/03.
Belgium	8		
Denmark	62		
Germany	8		
Sweden	24		
United Kingdom	8		
EC	109		Precautionary TAC Article 3 of Regulation (EC) No 847/96 applies. Article 4 of Regulation (EC) No 847/96 does not apply. Article 5(2) of Regulation (EC) No 847/96 applies.
Species: Ling Molva molva		Zone:	EC waters of IV LIN/04.
Molva molva	20	Zone:	
Molva molva Belgium	20 318	Zone:	
Molva molva Belgium Denmark		Zone:	
Molva molva Belgium Denmark Germany	318	Zone:	
Molva molva Belgium Denmark Germany France	318 197	Zone:	
Molva molva  Belgium  Denmark  Germany  France  The Netherlands	318 197 177	Zone:	
Species: Ling  Molva molva  Belgium  Denmark  Germany  France  The Netherlands  Sweden  United Kingdom	318 197 177 7	Zone:	

Species: Ling Molva molva		Zone:	EC and international waters of V LIN/05.
Belgium	10		
Denmark	7		
Germany	7		
France	7		
United Kingdom	7	Г	
EC	38		Precautionary TAC
			Article 3 of Regulation (EC) No 847/96 applies.
			Article 4 of Regulation (EC) No 847/96 does not apply.
			Article 5(2) of Regulation (EC) No 847/96 applies.



Species: Ling Molva molva		Zone:	EC and international waters of VI, VII, VIII, IX, X, XII and XIV LIN/6X14.
Belgium	45		
Denmark	8		
Germany	163		
Spain	3 299		
France	3 518		
Ireland	882		
Portugal	8		
United Kingdom	4 050		
Species: Ling Molva molva	11 973	Zone:	Precautionary TAC Article 3 of Regulation (EC) No 847/96 applies. Article 4 of Regulation (EC) No 847/96 does not apply. Article 5(2) of Regulation (EC) No 847/96 applies.  EC waters of IIa, IV, Vb, VI and VII LIN/2A47-C
EC Norway	Not relevant (1) 5 780 (2) (3)		
Faroe Islands	250 (4) (5)		
TAC	Not relevant		Precautionary TAC Article 3 of Regulation (EC) No 847/96 applies. Article 4 of Regulation (EC) No 847/96 does not apply. Article 5(2) of Regulation (EC) No 847/96 applies.

Specified in Regulation (EC) No 2015/2006.
Of which an incidental catch of other species of 25 % per ship, at any moment, is authorised in zones VI and VII. However, this percentage may be exceeded in the first 24 hours following the beginning of the fishing on a specific ground. The total incidental catch of other species in zones VI and VII shall not exceed 3 000 tonnes.
Including tusk. The quotas for Norway are ling 5 780 tonnes and tusk 3 400 tonnes and are interchangeable of up to 2 000 tonnes and may only be fished with longlines in zones Vb, VI and VII.
Including blue ling and tusk. Only to be taken by long lines in zones Vib and VIa north of 56° 30' N.
Of which an incidental catch of other species of 20 % per ship, at any moment, is authorised in ICES zone VIa and VIb. However, this percentage may be exceeded in the first 24 hours following the beginning of the fishing on a specific ground. The total incidental catch of other species in zone VI shall not exceed 75 tonnes.

Species: Ling Molva molva		Zone:	Norwegian waters of IV LIN/4AB-N.
Belgium	7		
Denmark	878		
Germany	25		
France	10		
The Netherlands	1		
United Kingdom	79		
EC	1 000	i	
TAC	Not relevant		Precautionary TAC  Article 3 of Regulation (EC) No 847/96 does not apply.  Article 4 of Regulation (EC) No 847/96 does not apply.
			Article 5(2) of Regulation (EC) No 847/96 applies.
Species: Norway lobster Nephrops norvegicus		Zone:	
Nephrops norvegicus	3 800	Zone:	applies.  IIIa; EC waters of IIIb, IIIc and IIId
Nephrops norvegicus Denmark	3 800	Zone:	applies.  IIIa; EC waters of IIIb, IIIc and IIId
Nephrops norvegicus Denmark Germany		Zone:	applies.  IIIa; EC waters of IIIb, IIIc and IIId
	11	Zone:	applies.  IIIa; EC waters of IIIb, IIIc and IIId



Species: Norway lobster Nephrops norvegicus		Zone:	EC waters of IIa and IV NEP/2AC4-C
Belgium	1 368		
Denmark	1 368		
Germany	20		
France	40		
The Netherlands	704		
United Kingdom	22 644		
EC	26 144	,	
TAC	26 144		Analytical TAC Article 3 of Regulation (EC) No 847/96 applies. Article 4 of Regulation (EC) No 847/96 applies. Article 5(2) of Regulation (EC) No 847/96 applies.
Species: Norway lobster Nephrops norvegicus		Zone:	Norwegian waters of IV NEP/4AB-N.
Denmark	1 230		
Germany	1		
UK	69		
EC	1 300		
TAC	Not relevant		Analytical TAC Article 3 of Regulation (EC) No 847/96 does not apply. Article 4 of Regulation (EC) No 847/96 does not apply. Article 5(2) of Regulation (EC) No 847/96 applies.
Species: Norway lobster Nephrops norvegicus		Zone:	VI; EC waters of Vb NEP/5BC6.
Spain	40		
France	161		
reland	269		
United Kingdom	19 415		
EC	19 885		
TAC	19 885		Analytical TAC Article 3 of Regulation (EC) No 847/96 applies. Article 4 of Regulation (EC) No 847/96 applies. Article 5(2) of Regulation (EC) No 847/96 applies.

Species:	Norway lobster Nephrops norvegicus		Zone:	VII NEP/07.
Spain		1 509		
France		6 116		
Ireland		9 277		
United	Kingdom	8 251		
EC		25 153	ſ	
TAC		25 153		Precautionary TAC Article 3 of Regulation (EC) No 847/96 applies. Article 4 of Regulation (EC) No 847/96 does not apply. Article 5(2) of Regulation (EC) No 847/96 applies.
Species:	Norway lobster Nephrops norvegicus		Zone:	VIIIa, VIIIb, VIIId and VIIIe NEP/8ABDE.
Spain		259		
France		4 061		
EC		4 320	Ī	
TAC		4 320		Precautionary TAC Article 3 of Regulation (EC) No 847/96 applies. Article 4 of Regulation (EC) No 847/96 does not apply. Article 5(2) of Regulation (EC) No 847/96 applies.
Species:	Norway lobster Nephrops norvegicus		Zone:	VIIIc NEP/08C.
	Trepinops noivegicus			114 /000.
Spain		126		
France		5		
EC		131	ſ	
TAC		131		Analytical TAC Article 3 of Regulation (EC) No 847/96 applies. Article 4 of Regulation (EC) No 847/96 applies. Article 5(2) of Regulation (EC) No 847/96 applies.



Species: Norway lobster Nephrops norvegicus		Zone:	IX and X; EC waters of CECAF 34.1.1 NEP/9/3411
Spain	109		
Portugal	328		
EC	437		
ГАС	437		Analytical TAC
			Article 3 of Regulation (EC) No 847/96 applies.
			Article 4 of Regulation (EC) No 847/96 applies.
			Article 5(2) of Regulation (EC) No 847/96
			applies.
S <b>pecies:</b> Northern prawn Pandalus borealis		Zone:	applies.  IIIa PRA/03A.
Pandalus borealis	4 033	Zone:	IIIa
Pandalus borealis	4 033 2 172	Zone:	IIIa
Species: Northern prawn Pandalus borealis  Denmark Sweden		Zone:	IIIa
Pandalus borealis  Denmark  Sweden	2 172	Zone:	IIIa
Pandalus borealis  Denmark  Sweden	2 172 6 205	Zone:	IIIa PRA/03A.
Pandalus borealis  Denmark  Sweden  EC	2 172 6 205	Zone:	IIIa PRA/03A.  Analytical TAC Article 3 of Regulation (EC) No 847/96

Species: Northern prawn Pandalus borealis		Zone:	EC waters of IIa and IV PRA/2AC4-C	
Denmark	2 960			
The Netherlands	28			
Sweden	119			
United Kingdom	877			
EC	3 984	Γ		
TAC	3 984		Precautionary TAC	
			Article 3 of Regulation (EC) No 847/96 applies.	
			Article 4 of Regulation (EC) No 847/96 does not apply.	
			Article 5(2) of Regulation (EC) No 847/96 applies.	

Species: Northern prawn Pandalus borealis		Zone:	Norwegian waters south of 62° N PRA/04-N.
Denmark	900		
Sweden	164 (1)		
EC	1 064	İ	
TAC	Not relevant		Precautionary TAC
			Article 3 of Regulation (EC) No 847/96 does not apply.
			Article 4 of Regulation (EC) No 847/96 does not apply.
			Article 5(2) of Regulation (EC) No 847/96 applies.

By-catches of cod, haddock, pollack, whiting and saithe shall be counted against the quotas for these species.

Species: 'Penaeus' shrimps Penaeus spp.s		Zone:	French Guyana waters (¹) PEN/FGU.
France	4 108 (2)		
EC	4 108 (2)	I	
TAC	4 108 (2)		Precautionary TAC
			Article 3 of Regulation (EC) No 847/96 does not apply.
			Article 4 of Regulation (EC) No 847/96 does not apply.
			Article 5(2) of Regulation (EC) No 847/96 applies.

- Area as defined in Article 14(3) of this Regulation Fishing for shrimps *Penaeus subtilis* and *Penaeus brasiliensis* is prohibited in waters less than 30 m deep.

Species: Plaice Pleuronectes platessa		Zone:	Skagerrak (¹) PLE/03AN.
Belgium	51		
Denmark	6 617		
Germany	34		
The Netherlands	1 273		
Sweden	355		
EC	8 330	Г	
TAC	8 500		Precautionary TAC
			Article 3 of Regulation (EC) No 847/96 does not apply.
			Article 4 of Regulation (EC) No 847/96 does not apply.
			Article 5(2) of Regulation (EC) No 847/96 applies.

Area as defined in Article 3(e) of this Regulation



Species: Plaice Pleuronectes platessa		Zone:	Kattegat (¹) PLE/03AS.
Denmark	1 891		
Germany	21		
Sweden	213		
EC	2 125	Γ	
TAC	2 125		Precautionary TAC
			Article 3 of Regulation (EC) No 847/96 does not apply.
			Article 4 of Regulation (EC) No 847/96 does not apply.
			Article 5(2) of Regulation (EC) No 847/96 applies.

(1) Area as defined in Article 3(f) of this Regulation

Species: Plaice Pleuronectes platessa		Zone:	IV; EC waters of IIa PLE/2AC4.
Belgium	3 024		
Denmark	9 829		
Germany	2 835		
France	567		
The Netherlands	18 901		
United Kingdom	13 987		
EC	49 143		
Norway	1 118		
TAC	50 261		Analytical TAC
			Article 3 of Regulation (EC) No 847/96 does not apply.
			Article 4 of Regulation (EC) No 847/96 does not apply.
			Article 5(2) of Regulation (EC) No 847/96 applies.

# Special conditions

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Species: Plaice Pleuronectes platessa		Zone:	VI; EC waters of Vb; international waters of XII and XIV PLE/561214
France	22		
Ireland	287		
United Kingdom	477		
EC	786	ı	
TAC	786		Precautionary TAC
			Article 3 of Regulation (EC) No 847/96 applies.
			Article 4 of Regulation (EC) No 847/96 does not apply.
			Article 5(2) of Regulation (EC) No 847/96 applies.

Species: Plaice Pleuronectes platessa		Zone:	VIIa PLE/07A.
Belgium	47		
France	21		
Ireland	1 209		
The Netherlands	14		
United Kingdom	558		
EC	1 849	Г	
TAC	1 849		Analytical TAC
			Article 3 of Regulation (EC) No 847/96 applies.
			Article 4 of Regulation (EC) No 847/96 applies.
			Article 5(2) of Regulation (EC) No 847/96 applies.

Species: Plaice Pleuronectes platessa		Zone:	VIIb and VIIc PLE/7BC.
France	24		
Ireland	98		
EC	122	i	
TAC	122		Precautionary TAC
			Article 3 of Regulation (EC) No 847/96 applies.
			Article 4 of Regulation (EC) No 847/96 does not apply.
			Article 5(2) of Regulation (EC) No 847/96 applies.

Species: Plaice Pleuronectes platessa		Zone:	VIId and VIIe PLE/7DE.
Belgium	826		
France	2 755		
United Kingdom	1 469		
EC	5 050		
TAC	5 050		Precautionary TAC
			Article 3 of Regulation (EC) No 847/96 applies.
			Article 4 of Regulation (EC) No 847/96
			does not apply.  Article 5(2) of Regulation (EC) No 847/96
			applies.
Species: Plaice Pleuronectes platessa		Zone:	VIIf and VIIg PLE/7FG.
Belgium	58		
France	104		
Ireland	201		
United Kingdom	54		
EC	417		
TAC	417		Analytical TAC
			Article 3 of Regulation (EC) No 847/96 applies.
			Article 4 of Regulation (EC) No 847/96
			applies. Article 5(2) of Regulation (EC) No 847/96
			applies.
Species: Plaice Pleuronectes platessa		Zone:	VIIh, VIIj and VIIk PLE/7HJK.
Belgium	21	1	

Species: Plaice Pleuronectes platessa		<b>Zone:</b> VIIh, VIIj and VIIk PLE/7HJK.
Belgium	21	
France	42	
Ireland	148	
The Netherlands	84	
United Kingdom	42	
EC	337	
TAC	337	Precautionary TAC Article 3 of Regulation (EC) No 847/96 applies.  Article 4 of Regulation (EC) No 847/96 does not apply.  Article 5(2) of Regulation (EC) No 847/96 applies.

Species: Plaice Pleuronectes platessa		Zone:	VIII, IX and X; EC waters of CECAF 34.1.1 PLE/8/3411
Spain	75		
France	298		
Portugal	75		
EC	448	i	
TAC	448		Precautionary TAC
			Article 3 of Regulation (EC) No 847/96 applies.
			Article 4 of Regulation (EC) No 847/96 does not apply.
			Article 5(2) of Regulation (EC) No 847/96 applies.

Species: Pollack Pollachius pollachius		<b>Zone:</b> VI; EC waters of Vb; international waters of XII and XIV POL/561214
Spain	6	
France	216	
Ireland	63	
United Kingdom	165	
EC	450	
TAC	450	Precautionary TAC
		Article 3 of Regulation (EC) No 847/96 applies.
		Article 4 of Regulation (EC) No 847/96 does not apply.
		Article 5(2) of Regulation (EC) No 847/96 applies.

Species: Pollack Pollachius pollachius		Zone:	VII POL/07.
Belgium	476		
Spain	29		
France	10 959		
Ireland	1 168		
United Kingdom	2 668		
EC	15 300	ı	
TAC	15 300		Precautionary TAC
			Article 3 of Regulation (EC) No 847/96 applies.
			Article 4 of Regulation (EC) No 847/96 does not apply.
			Article 5(2) of Regulation (EC) No 847/96 applies.



Species: Pollack Pollachius pollachius		Zone:	VIIIa, VIIIb, VIIId andVIIIe POL/8ABDE.
Spain	286		
France	1 394		
EC	1 680	Í	
TAC	1 680		Precautionary TAC
			Article 3 of Regulation (EC) No 847/96 applies.
			Article 4 of Regulation (EC) No 847/96 does not apply.
			Article 5(2) of Regulation (EC) No 847/96 applies.

Species: Pollack Pollachius pollachius		Zone:	VIIIc POL/08C.
Spain	236		
France	26		
EC	262	i	
TAC	262		Precautionary TAC Article 3 of Regulation (EC) No 847/96 applies. Article 4 of Regulation (EC) No 847/96 does not apply. Article 5(2) of Regulation (EC) No 847/96 applies.

Species: Pollack Pollachius pollachius		Zone:	IX and X; EC waters of CECAF 34.1.1 POL/9/3411	
Spain	278			
Portugal	10			
EC	288	Γ		
TAC	288		Precautionary TAC	
			Article 3 of Regulation (EC) No 847/96 applies.	
			Article 4 of Regulation (EC) No 847/96 does not apply.	
			Article 5(2) of Regulation (EC) No 847/96 applies.	

Species: Saithe Pollachius virens		Zone:	IIIa and IV; EC waters of IIa, IIIb, IIIc and IIId POK/2A34.
Belgium	43		
Denmark	5 111		
Germany	12 906		
France	30 374		
The Netherlands	129		
Sweden	702		
United Kingdom	9 895		
EC	59 160		
Norway	64 090 (1)		
ТАС	123 250		Analytical TAC
			Article 3 of Regulation (EC) No 847/96 does not apply.
			Article 4 of Regulation (EC) No 847/96 does not apply.
			Article 5(2) of Regulation (EC) No 847/96 applies.

(1) May only be taken in zones IV (EC waters) and IIIa. Catches taken within this quota are to be deducted from Norway's share of the TAC.

Species: Saithe Pollachius virens		Zone:	VI; EC waters of Vb; EC and international waters of XII and XIV $POK/561214$
Germany	798		
France	7 930		
Ireland	467		
United Kingdom	3 592		
EC	12 787	Г	
TAC	12 787		Analytical TAC
			Article 3 of Regulation (EC) No 847/96 does not apply.
			Article 4 of Regulation (EC) No 847/96 does not apply.
			Article 5(2) of Regulation (EC) No 847/96 applies.



Species: Saithe Pollachius virens		Zone:	Norwegian waters south of 62°N POK/04-N.
Sweden	880		
EC TAC N	880 fot relevant		Analytical TAC Article 3 of Regulation (EC) No 847/96 does not apply. Article 4 of Regulation (EC) No 847/96 does not apply. Article 5(2) of Regulation (EC) No 847/96 applies.
Species: Saithe Pollachius virens		Zone:	VII, VIII, IX and X; EC waters of CECAF 34.1.1 POK/7X1034
Belgium	10		
France	2 132		
Ireland	1 066		
United Kingdom	582		
EC	3 790		
TAC	3 790		Precautionary TAC Article 3 of Regulation (EC) No 847/96 applies. Article 4 of Regulation (EC) No 847/96 does not apply. Article 5(2) of Regulation (EC) No 847/96 applies.
Species: Turbot and brill  Psetta maxima and Scopthalmus	rhombus	Zone:	EC waters of IIa and IV T/B/2AC4-C
Belgium	317		
Denmark	677		
Germany	173		
France	82		
The Netherlands	2 401		
Sweden	5		
United Kingdom	668		
EC	4 323		
TAC	4 323		Precautionary TAC Article 3 of Regulation (EC) No 847/96 applies. Article 4 of Regulation (EC) No 847/96 does not apply. Article 5(2) of Regulation (EC) No 847/96 applies.

<b>Species:</b> Skates and rays Rajidae		<b>Zone:</b> EC waters of IIa and IV SRX/2AC4-C	
Belgium	369 (1)		
Denmark	14 (1)		
Germany	18 (1)		
France	58 (¹)		
The Netherlands	314 (1)		
United Kingdom	1 417 (1)		
EC	2 190 (1)		
TAC	2 190	Precautionary TAC	
		Article 3 of Regulation (EC) applies.	No 847/96
		Article 4 of Regulation (EC) does not apply.	No 847/96
		Article 5(2) of Regulation (E applies.	C) No 847/96

(1) By-catch quota. These species shall not comprise more than 25 % by live weight of the catch retained on board.

<b>Species:</b> Greenland Halibut Reinhardtius hippoglossoides		Zone:	EC waters of IIa and IV; EC and international waters of VI $\mbox{GHL}/\mbox{2A-C46}$
Denmark	6		
Germany	10		
Estonia	6		
Spain	6		
France	92		
Ireland	6		
Lithuania	6		
Poland	6		
United Kingdom	361		
EC	847 (1)		
TAC	Not relevant		Precautionary TAC
			Article 3 of Regulation (EC) No 847/96 applies.
			Article 4 of Regulation (EC) No 847/96 does not apply.
			Article 5(2) of Regulation (EC) No 847/96 applies.

<sup>(</sup>¹) Of which 350 tonnes are allocated to Norway and are to be taken in the EC waters of ICES zones IIa and VI. In ICES zone VI this quantity may only be fished with longlines.



Species: Mackerel Scomber scombrus		Zone:	IIIa and IV; EC waters of IIa, IIIb, IIIc and IIId MAC/2A34.
Belgium	372		
Denmark	11 509		
Germany	388		
France	1 171		
The Netherlands	1 179		
Sweden	3 966 (1) (2)		
United Kingdom	1 092		
EC	19 677 (1)		
Norway	10 200 (³)	İ	
TAC	422 551 ( <sup>4</sup> )		Analytical TAC
			Article 3 of Regulation (EC) No 847/96 does not apply.
			Article 4 of Regulation (EC) No 847/96 does not apply.
			Article 5(2) of Regulation (EC) No 847/96 applies.

#### Special conditions

Within the limits of the abovementioned quotas, no more than the quantities given below may be taken in the ICES zones specified:

	IIIa MAC/*03A	IIIa and IVbc MAC/*3A4BC	IVb MAC/*04B	IVc MAC/*04C	VI; international waters of IIa from 1 January to 31 March 2007 MAC/*2A6
Denmark France The Netherlands		4 130 490 490			4 020
Sweden United Kingdom	2.000	490	390	10	
Norway	3 000				

Including 242 tonnes to be taken in Norwegian waters south of 62°N (MAC/\*04-N). When fishing in Norwegian waters, by-catches of cod, haddock, Pollack and whiting and saithe shall be counted against the quotas for these species.

To be deducted from Norway's share of the TAC (access quota). This quota may be fished in zone IVa only, except for 3 000 tonnes that may be fished in zone IIIa.

TAC agreed by the EC, Norway and Faroe Islands for the northern area.

Species: Mackerel Scomber scombrus		Zone:	VI, VII, VIIIa, VIIIb, VIIId and VIIIe; EC waters of Vb; non-EC waters of IIa; international waters of XII and XIV MAC/2CX14-
Germany	16 311		
Spain	20		
Estonia	135		
France	10 875		
Ireland	54 369		
Latvia	100		
Lithuania	100		
The Netherlands	23 786		
Poland	1 148		
United Kingdom	149 519		
EC	256 363		
Norway	10 200 (1)		
Faroe Islands	3 955 (²)	i	
TAC	422 551 (³)		Analytical TAC
			Article 3 of Regulation (EC) No 847/96 does not apply.
			Article 4 of Regulation (EC) No 847/96 does not apply.
			Article 5(2) of Regulation (EC) No 847/96 applies.

#### Special conditions

Within the limits of the abovementioned quotas, no more than the quantities given below may be taken in the zones specified and only during the periods 1 January to 15 February and 1 October to 31 December.

EC waters of IVa

	MAC/*04A-C	
Germany	4 922	
France	3 282	
Ireland	16 407	
The Netherlands	7 178	
United Kingdom	45 120	
EC	76 909	

May be fished only in ICES zones IIa, VIa (north of 56°30'N), IVa, VIId, VIIe, VIIf and VIIh.

Of which 1 193 tonnes may be fished in EC waters of ICES zones IVa north of 59°N from 1 January to 15 February and from 1 October to 31 December. A quantity of 3 290 tonnes of the Faroe Islands'own quota may be fished in ICES zone VIa north of 56°30'N throughout the year and/or in ICES zones VIIe, VIIf, VIIh, and/or ICES zone IVa.

TAC agreed by the EC, Norway and Faroe Islands for the northern area.



Species: Mackerel Scomber scombrus		Zone:	VIIIc, IX and X; EC waters of CECAF 34.1.1 MAC/8C3411
Spain	24 405 (¹)		
France	162 (1)		
Portugal	5 044 (1)		
EC	29 611	Г	
TAC	29 611		Analytical TAC
			Article 3 of Regulation (EC) No 847/96 does not apply.
			Article 4 of Regulation (EC) No 847/96 does not apply.
			Article 5(2) of Regulation (EC) No 847/96 applies.

<sup>(</sup>¹) The quantities subject to exchange with other Member States may be taken, up to a limit of 25 % of the quota of the donor Member State, in ICES zones VIIIa, VIIIb and VIIId (MAC/\*8ABD.).

## Special conditions

Within the limits of the abovementioned quotas, no more than the quantities given below may be taken in the ICES zone specified:

	(MAC/*08B.)
Spain	2 049
France	14
Portugal	424

Species: Common sole Solea solea		Zone: IIIa, EC waters of IIIb, IIIc and III SOL/3A/BCD	d
Denmark	755		
Germany	44		
The Netherlands	73		
Sweden	28		
EC	900		
TAC	900	Analytical TAC	
		Article 3 of Regulation (EC applies.	C) No 847/96
		Article 4 of Regulation (EC applies.	C) No 847/96
		Article 5(2) of Regulation applies.	(EC) No 847/96

<b>Species:</b> Common sole Solea solea		<b>Zone:</b> EC waters of II and IV SOL/24.
Belgium	1 243	
Denmark	568	
Germany	995	
France	249	
The Netherlands	11 226	
United Kingdom	639	
EC	14 920	
Norway	100 (1)	
(¹) May be fished only in zon	15 020 e IV.	Analytical TAC  Article 3 of Regulation (EC) No 847/96 applies.  Article 4 of Regulation (EC) No 847/96 applies.  Article 5(2) of Regulation (EC) No 847/96 applies.
<b>Species:</b> Common sole Solea solea		<b>Zone:</b> VI; EC waters of Vb; international waters of XII and X SOL/561214
Solea solea	54	· ·
Solea solea Ireland	54 14	· ·
=		· ·

Species: Common sole Solea solea		Zone:	VIIa SOL/07A.
Belgium	403		
France	5		
Ireland	99		
The Netherlands	128		
United Kingdom	181		
EC	816	i	
TAC	816		Analytical TAC Article 3 of Regulation (EC) No 847/96 applies. Article 4 of Regulation (EC) No 847/96 applies. Article 5(2) of Regulation (EC) No 847/96 applies.
Species: Common sole Solea solea		Zone:	VIIb and VIIc SOL/7BC.
France	10	•	
Ireland	55		
EC	65		
TAC	65		Precautionary TAC  Article 3 of Regulation (EC) No 847/96 applies.  Article 4 of Regulation (EC) No 847/96 does not apply.  Article 5(2) of Regulation (EC) No 847/96 applies.
Species: Common sole Solea solea		Zone:	VIId SOL/07D.
Belgium	1 675		·
France	3 349		
United Kingdom	1 196		
EC EC	6 220		
TAC	6 220		Analytical TAC Article 3 of Regulation (EC) No 847/96 applies. Article 4 of Regulation (EC) No 847/96 applies. Article 5(2) of Regulation (EC) No 847/96 applies.

Species: Common sole Solea solea		Zone:	VIIe SOL/07E.	
Belgium	32			
France	339			
United Kingdom	529			
EC	900	Ī		
TAC	900		Precautionary TAC	
			Article 3 of Regulation (EC) No 847/96 applies.	
			Article 4 of Regulation (EC) No 847/96 does not apply.	
			Article 5(2) of Regulation (EC) No 847/96 applies.	

Species: Common sole Solea solea		<b>Zone:</b> VIIf and VIIg SOL/7FG.
Belgium	558	
France	56	
Ireland	28	
United Kingdom	251	
EC	893	
TAC	893	Analytical TAC
		Article 3 of Regulation (EC) No 847/96 applies.
		Article 4 of Regulation (EC) No 847/96 applies.
		Article 5(2) of Regulation (EC) No 847/96 applies.

Species: Common sole Solea solea		Zone:	VIIh, VIIj, and VIIk SOL/7HJK.
Belgium	54		
France	108		
Ireland	293		
The Netherlands	87		
United Kingdom	108		
EC	650	Г	
TAC	650		Precautionary TAC
			Article 3 of Regulation (EC) No 847/96 applies.
			Article 4 of Regulation (EC) No 847/96 does not apply.
			Article 5(2) of Regulation (EC) No 847/96 applies.



Species: Common sole Solea solea		Zone:	VIIIa and b SOL/8AB.
Belgium	56		
Spain	10		
France	4 162		
The Netherlands	312		
EC	4 540	Ī	
TAC	4 540		Analytical TAC
			Article 3 of Regulation (EC) No 847/96
			applies. Article 4 of Regulation (EC) No 847/96
			applies.
			Article 5(2) of Regulation (EC) No 847/96 applies.
			арупся.
Species: Sole		Zone:	VIIIc, VIIId, VIIIe, IX, X; EC waters of CECAF 34.1.1
Solea spp.			SOX/8CDE34
Spain	458		
Portugal	758		
EC	1 216	ſ	
TAC	1 216		Precautionary TAC
			Article 3 of Regulation (EC) No 847/96 applies.
			Article 4 of Regulation (EC) No 847/96
			does not apply.
			Article 5(2) of Regulation (EC) No 847/96 applies.
Species: Sprat		Zone:	IIIa
Sprattus sprattus			SPR/03A.
Denmark	34 843		
Germany	73		
Sweden	13 184		
EC	48 100	ſ	
TAC	52 000		Precautionary TAC
			Article 3 of Regulation (EC) No 847/96
			does not apply.  Article 4 of Regulation (EC) No 847/96
			does not apply.
			Article 5(2) of Regulation (EC) No 847/96 applies.

Species: Sprat Sprattus sprattus		Zone:	EC waters of IIa and IV SPR/2AC4-C
Belgium	1 685		
Denmark	133 396		
Germany	1 685		
France	1 685		
The Netherlands	1 685		
Sweden	1 330 (1)		
United Kingdom	5 562		
EC	147 028		
Norway	18 812 (²)		
Faroe Islands	9 160 (3) (4) (5)	1	
TAC	175 000 ( <sup>6</sup> )		Precautionary TAC
			Article 3 of Regulation (EC) No 847/96 applies.
			Article 4 of Regulation (EC) No 847/96 does not apply.
			Article 5(2) of Regulation (EC) No 847/96 applies.

Including sandeel.

May only be fished in EC waters of ICES zone IV.

This quantity may be fished in ICES zone IV and zone VIa North of 56°30'N. Any by-catch of blue whiting shall be counted against the blue whiting quota established for ICES zones VIa, VIb and VII.

1 832 tonnes can be caught as herring in fisheries using nets with mesh sizes less than 32mm. If the quota of 1 832 tonnes of herring is exhausted then all fisheries using nets with mesh sizes less than 32mm is prohibited.

Catches taken in the monitoring fisheries, corresponding to 2 % of the effort deployed by Member States and up to a maximum of 2 500 tonnes can be caught as sandeel.

Preliminary TAC. The final TAC will be established in the light of new scientific advice during the first half of 2007.

Species: Sprat  Sprattus sprattus		Zone:	VIId and VIIe SPR/7DE.
Belgium	31		
Denmark	1 997		
Germany	31		
France	430		
The Netherlands	430		
United Kingdom	3 226		
EC	6 144	Γ	
TAC	6 144		Precautionary TAC
			Article 3 of Regulation (EC) No 847/96 applies.
			Article 4 of Regulation (EC) No 847/96 does not apply.
			Article 5(2) of Regulation (EC) No 847/96 applies.



Species: Spurdog/dogfish Squalus acanthias		<b>Zone:</b> EC waters of IIa and IV DGS/2AC4-C
Belgium	13 (1)	
Denmark	77 (¹)	
Germany	14 (1)	
France	25 (1)	
The Netherlands	21 (1)	
Sweden	1 (1)	
United Kingdom	640 (1)	
EC	791 (¹)	
Norway	50 (²)	
TAC	841	Precautionary TAC
		Article 3 of Regulation (EC) No 847/96 applies.
		Article 4 of Regulation (EC) No 847/96 does not apply.
		Article 5(2) of Regulation (EC) No 847/96 applies.

<sup>(</sup>¹) By-catch quota. These species shall not comprise more than 5 % by live weight of the catch retained on board.
(²) Including catches taken with long-lines of tope shark (*Galeorhinus galeus*), kitefin shark (*Dalatias licha*), bird beak dogfish (*Deania calceus*), leafscale gulper shark (Centrophorus squamosus), greater lantern shark (*Etmopterus princeps*), smooth lantern shark (*Etmopterus spinax*) and Portuguese dogfish (*Centroscymnus coelolepis*). This quota may only be taken in zones IV, VI and VII.

<b>Species:</b> Spurdog/dogfish Squalus acanthias		Zone:	IIIa; EC and international waters of I, V, VI, VII, VIII, XII a XIV  DGS/135X14
EC	2 828	•	
TAC	2 828		Precautionary TAC
			Article 3 of Regulation (EC) No 847/96 applies.
			Article 4 of Regulation (EC) No 847/96 does not apply.
			Article 5(2) of Regulation (EC) No 847/96 applies.

Species: Horse mackerel Trachurus spp.		Zone:	EC waters of IIa and IV JAX/2AC4-C
Belgium	64		
Denmark	27 802		
Germany	2 096		
France	44		
Ireland	1 613		
The Netherlands	4 510		
Sweden	750		
United Kingdom	4 104		
EC	40 983		
Norway	1 600 (1)		
Faroe Islands	606 (²)	ı	
TAC	42 727		Precautionary TAC
			Article 3 of Regulation (EC) No 847/96 applies.
			Article 4 of Regulation (EC) No 847/96 does not apply.
			Article 5(2) of Regulation (EC) No 847/96 applies.

May only be fished in EC waters of ICES zone IV. Within a total quota of 2550 tonnes for ICES zones IV, VIa North of 56°30'N, VII e, VIIf and VIIh.

<b>Species:</b> Horse mackerel <i>Trachurus spp.</i>		Zone:	VI, VII and VIIIa, VIIIb, VIIId and VIIIe; EC waters of Vb; international waters of XII and XIV  JAX/578/14
Denmark	12 296		
Germany	9 828		
Spain	13 422		
France	6 494		
Ireland	31 996		
The Netherlands	46 891		
Portugal	1 299		
United Kingdom	13 292		
EC	135 518		
Faroe Islands	1 944 (1)		
TAC	137 000		Analytical TAC
			Article 3 of Regulation (EC) No 847/96 applies.
			Article 4 of Regulation (EC) No 847/96 applies.
			Article 5(2) of Regulation (EC) No 847/96 applies.

Within a total quota of 2550 tonnes for ICES zone IV, VIa North of 56°30'N, VIIe, VIIf and VIIh.



Species: Horse mackerel Trachurus spp.		Zone:	VIIIc and IX JAX/8C9.
Spain	29 587 (1)		
France	377 (¹)		
Portugal	25 036 (¹)		
EC	55 000	Ī	
TAC	55 000		Analytical TAC
			Article 3 of Regulation (EC) No 847/96 applies.
			Article 4 of Regulation (EC) No 847/96 applies.
			Article 5(2) of Regulation (EC) No 847/96 applies.

Of which no more than 5 % may consist of horse mackerel between 12 and 14 cm, notwithstanding Article 19 of Regulation (EC) No 850/98. For the purposes of the control of this quantity, the weight of the landings shall be affected by a coefficient of 1,2.

Species: Horse mackerel Trachurus spp.		Zone:	X; EC waters of CECAF (¹) JAX/X34PRT
Portugal	3 200 (²)		
EC	3 200	i	
TAC	3 200		Precautionary TAC
			Article 3 of Regulation (EC) No 847/96 applies.
			Article 4 of Regulation (EC) No 847/96 does not apply.
			Article 5(2) of Regulation (EC) No 847/96 applies.

Waters adjacent to the Azores.

Of which no more than 5 % may consist of horse mackerel between 12 and 14 cm, notwithstanding Article 19 of Regulation (EC) No 850/98. For the purposes of the control of this quantity, the weight of the landings shall be affected by a coefficient of 1,2.

Species: Horse mackerel Trachurus spp.		Zone:	EC waters of CECAF (¹) JAX/341PRT
Portugal	1 280 (²)		
EC	1 280	Г	
TAC	1 280		Precautionary TAC
			Article 3 of Regulation (EC) No 847/96 applies.
			Article 4 of Regulation (EC) No 847/96 does not apply.
			Article 5(2) of Regulation (EC) No 847/96 applies.

Waters adjacent to Madeira.

Of which no more than 5 % may consist of horse mackerel between 12 and 14 cm, notwithstanding Article 19 of Regulation (EC) No 850/98. For the purposes of the control of this quantity, the weight of the landings shall be affected by a coefficient of 1,2.

Species: Horse mackerel Trachurus spp.		Zone:	EC waters of CECAF (¹) JAX/341SPN
Spain	1 280		
EC	1 280	Γ	
TAC	1 280		Precautionary TAC
			Article 3 of Regulation (EC) No 847/96 applies.
			Article 4 of Regulation (EC) No 847/96 does not apply.
			Article 5(2) of Regulation (EC) No 847/96 applies.

Waters adjacent to the Canary Islands.

Species: Norway pout  Trisopterus esmarki		Zone:	Illa; EC waters of IIa and IV NOP/2A3A4.
Denmark	0		
Germany	0		
The Netherlands	0		
EC	0		
Norway	1 000 (1) (2)	ĺ	
TAC	Not relevant		Analytical TAC
			Article 3 of Regulation (EC) No 847/96 does not apply.
			Article 4 of Regulation (EC) No 847/96 does not apply.
			Article 5(2) of Regulation (EC) No 847/96 applies.

This quota may be fished in ICES zoneVIa North of 56°30'N. Only as by-catches.



Species: Norway pout Trisopterus esmarki		Zone:	Norwegian waters of IV NOP/4AB-N.	
Denmark United Kingdom EC TAC	4 750 (¹) (²) 250 (¹) (²) 5 000 (¹) (²) Not relevant		Article 3 of Regulation (EC) No 847/96 does not apply.  Article 4 of Regulation (EC) No 847/96 does not apply.  Article 5(2) of Regulation (EC) No 847/96 applies.	

(2) Only as by-catches.

TAC

Species: Industrial fish		Zone:	Norwegian waters of IV I/F/4AB-N.	
Sweden	800 (1) (2)			
EC	800			
TAC	Not relevant			

By-catches of cod, haddock, pollack and whiting and saithe to be counted against the quotas for these species. Of which no more than 400 tonnes of horse mackerel.

Species: Combined quota		Zone:	EC waters of Vb, VI and VII R/G/5B67-C
EC	Not relevant		
Norway	140 (1)		

<sup>(1)</sup> Taken with long lines only, including rat tails, Mora mora and greater fork beard.

Not relevant

Species: Other species		Zone:	Norwegian waters of IV OTH/4AB-N.
Belgium	38		
Denmark	3 500		
Germany	395		
France	162		
The Netherlands	280		
Sweden	Not relevant (1)		
United Kingdom	2 625		
EC	7 000 (2)	1	
TAC	Not relevant		Precautionary TAC
			Article 3 of Regulation (EC) No 847/96 does not apply.
			Article 4 of Regulation (EC) No 847/96 does not apply.
			Article 5(2) of Regulation (EC) No 847/96 applies.

Quota allocated by Norway to Sweden of 'other species' at a traditional level. Including fisheries not specifically mentioned, exceptions may be introduced after consultations as appropriate.

Species: Other species		Zone:	EC waters of IIa, IV and VIa north of 56°30'N OTH/2A46AN
EC	Not relevant		
Norway	4 720 (¹) (²)		

Faroe Islands

TAC

Limited to ICES zones IIa and IV. Including fisheries not specifically mentioned, exceptions may be introduced after consultations as appropriate. Limited to by-catches of whitefish in ICES zones IV and VIa.

 $150(^{3})$ 

Not relevant

## ANNEX IB

## NORTH EAST ATLANTIC AND GREENLAND

# ICES zones I, II, V, XII, XIV and Greenland waters of NAFO 0 and 1

Species:	Snow crab Chionoecetes spp.	Zone:	Greenland waters of NAFO 0 and 1 PCR/N01GRN
Ireland	62		
Spain	437		
EC	500	_	
TAC	Not relevant		Precautionary TAC
			Article 3 of Regulation (EC) No 847/96 does not apply.
			Article 4 of Regulation (EC) No 847/96 does not apply.
			Article 5(2) of Regulation (EC) No 847/96 applies.

<b>Species:</b> Herring Clupea harengus		Zone:	EC and international waters of I and II HER/ $1/2$ .
Belgium	25 (1)		
Denmark	23 984 (1)		
Germany	4 200 (1)		
Spain	79 (1)		
France	1 035 (1)		
Ireland	6 209 (1)		
The Netherlands	8 583 (1)		
Poland	1 214 (1)		
Portugal	79 (¹)		
Finland	371 (1)		
Sweden	8 888 (1)		
United Kingdom	15 333 (¹)		
EC	70 000 (1)		
TAC	Not relevant		Article 3 of Regulation (EC) No 847/96 does not apply.
			Article 4 of Regulation (EC) No 847/96 does not apply.
			Article 5(2) of Regulation (EC) No 847/96 applies.

<sup>(1)</sup> Provisional quotas established without prejudice to the TAC to be established by relevant coastal states. Following agreement by the coastal states the definitive quotas will be established by the Commission.

Species:	Cod Gadus morhua		Zone:	Norwegian waters of I and II COD/1N2AB.
Germany		2 051		
Greece		254		
Spain		2 288		
Ireland		254		
France		1 883		
Portugal		2 288		
United Ki	ngdom	7 956		
EC		16 974		
TAC		410 000		Article 3 of Regulation (EC) No 847/96 does not apply.
				Article 4 of Regulation (EC) No 847/96 does
				not apply.  Article 5(2) of Regulation (EC) No 847/96 applies.
Species:	Cod Gadus morhua		Zone:	Greenland waters of NAFO 0 and 1 (¹); Greenland waters of V and XIV (¹) COD/N01514
Germany		818 (²)	1	
United Ki		182 (²)		
EC		1 000 (2)	_	
TAC		Not relevant		Article 3 of Regulation (EC) No 847/96 does not apply.  Article 4 of Regulation (EC) No 847/96 does not apply.  Article 5(2) of Regulation (EC) No 847/96 applies.

South of 63° N.
May only be fished as from 1 June. In the period from 1 June until 1 October the quota may only be fished by long-liners. As from 1 October both trawl and long-liners may be used.



Species: Cod Gadus morhua		Zone:	I and IIb COD/1/2B.
Germany	2 710		
Spain	7 006		
France	1 156		
Poland	1 271		
Portugal	1 479		
United Kingdom	1 735		
All Member States	100 (1)		
EC	15 457 (²)		1
TAC	410 000		Article 3 of Regulation (EC) No 847/96 does not apply.
			Article 4 of Regulation (EC) No 847/96 does not apply.
			Article 5(2) of Regulation (EC) No 847/96 applies.

Except Germany, Spain, France, Poland, Portugal and the United Kingdom
The allocation of the share of the cod stock available to the Community in the zone Spitzbergen and Bear Island is entirely without prejudice to the rights and obligations deriving from the 1920 Treaty of Paris.

Species:	Cod and haddock Gadus morhua and Melanogrammus aeglefinus		Zone:	Faroese waters of Vb C/H/05B-F.
Germany		10		
France		60		
United Ki	ingdom	430		
EC		500	Г	
TAC		Not relevant		Article 3 of Regulation (EC) No 847/96 does not apply.
				Article 4 of Regulation (EC) No 847/96 does not apply.
				Article 5(2) of Regulation (EC) No 847/96 applies.

TAC

Species:	Atlantic halibut Hippoglossus hippoglossus	Zone:	Greenland waters of V and XIV HAL/514GRN
Portugal	1 000 (¹)		
EC	1 200 (²)	_	
TAC	Not relevant		Article 3 of Regulation (EC) No 847/96 does not apply.  Article 4 of Regulation (EC) No 847/96 does not apply.  Article 5(2) of Regulation (EC) No 847/96 applies.
again: Comr	fished by no more than 6 Community demersal long-liners this quota. Further provisions may be introduced during 2 nittee.  nich 200 tonnes to be fished only with long lines, are allo	.007 on the	basis of a joint decision taken in the framework of the Join
Species:	Atlantic halibut Hippoglossus hippoglossus	Zone:	Greenland waters of NAFO 0 and 1 HAL/N01GRN
EC	200 (1)		
EC TAC	200 (¹) Not relevant		
TAC	Not relevant	Zone:	IIb CAP/02B.
TAC	Not relevant  ated to Norway, to be fished only with long lines.  Capelin	Zone:	
TAC  (¹) Alloca  Species:	Not relevant  ated to Norway, to be fished only with long lines.  Capelin  Mallotus villosus	Zone:	
TAC  (1) Alloca  Species:  EC  TAC	Not relevant  ated to Norway, to be fished only with long lines.  Capelin  Mallotus villosus  0 0		CAP/02B.
TAC  (1) Alloca  Species:	Not relevant  ated to Norway, to be fished only with long lines.  Capelin  Mallotus villosus	Zone:	
TAC  (¹) Alloca  Species:  EC TAC  Species:	Not relevant  Atted to Norway, to be fished only with long lines.  Capelin  Mallotus villosus  0 0 Capelin		CAP/02B.  Greenland waters of V and XIV

Not relevant



Species:	Haddock Melanogrammus aeglefinus	Z	Zone:	Norwegian waters of I and II HAD/1N2AB.
Germany	642			
France	386			
United Ki	ngdom 1 972			
EC	3 000		_	
TAC	Not relevant			Article 3 of Regulation (EC) No 847/96 does not apply.
				Article 4 of Regulation (EC) No 847/96 does not apply.
				Article 5(2) of Regulation (EC) No 847/96 applies.

Species:	Blue whiting Micromesistius poutassou	Zone:	Norwegian waters of II WHB/1N2AB.
Germany France	500 500		
EC	1 000	Γ	
TAC	1 700 000		Article 3 of Regulation (EC) No 847/96 does not apply.  Article 4 of Regulation (EC) No 847/96 does not apply.  Article 5(2) of Regulation (EC) No 847/96 applies.

Species: Blue whiting Micromesistius p	poutassou	Zone:	Faroese waters WHB/2X12-F
Denmark	7 920		
Germany	540		
France	864		
The Netherlands	756		
United Kingdom	7 920		
EC	18 000	Г	
TAC	Not relevant		Article 3 of Regulation (EC) No 847/96 does not apply.  Article 4 of Regulation (EC) No 847/96 does
			not apply.  Article 5(2) of Regulation (EC) No 847/96 applies.
-	ling ıd Molva dypterigia	Zone:	Article 5(2) of Regulation (EC) No 847/96
Molva molva an	-	Zone:	Article 5(2) of Regulation (EC) No 847/96 applies.
Molva molva an	ad Molva dypterigia	Zone:	Article 5(2) of Regulation (EC) No 847/96 applies.
Molva molva an Germany France	d Molva dypterigia 950 (¹)	Zone:	Article 5(2) of Regulation (EC) No 847/96 applies.
Molva molva an Germany France United Kingdom	950 (¹) 2 106 (¹)	Zone:	Article 5(2) of Regulation (EC) No 847/96 applies.
-	950 (¹) 2 106 (¹) 184 (¹)	Zone:	Article 5(2) of Regulation (EC) No 847/96 applies.
Molva molva an Germany France United Kingdom EC	950 (¹) 2 106 (¹) 184 (¹) 3 065 (¹)	Zone:	Article 5(2) of Regulation (EC) No 847/96 applies.  Faroese waters of Vb B/L/05B-F.  Article 3 of Regulation (EC) No 847/96 does

Species:	Northern prawn Pandalus borealis	Zone:	Greenland waters of V and XIV PRA/514GRN
Denmark	1 300		
France	1 300		
EC	7 000 (¹)	Г	
TAC	Not relevant		Article 3 of Regulation (EC) No 847/96 does not apply.
			Article 4 of Regulation (EC) No 847/96 does not apply.
			Article 5(2) of Regulation (EC) No 847/96 applies.

<sup>(1)</sup> Of which 3 250 tonnes are allocated to Norway and 1 150 tonnes to Faroe Islands.



Species:	Northern prawn Pandalus borealis		Zone:	Greenland waters of NAFO 0 and 1 PRA/N01GRN
Denmark France		2 000 2 000		
EC TAC		4 000 Not relevant		Article 3 of Regulation (EC) No 847/96 does not apply.  Article 4 of Regulation (EC) No 847/96 does not apply.  Article 5(2) of Regulation (EC) No 847/96 applies.
Species:	Saithe Pollachius virens		Zone:	Norwegian waters of I and II POK/1N2AB.
Germany France United Ki		3 160 508 282 3 950		
TAC		Not relevant		Article 3 of Regulation (EC) No 847/96 does not apply.  Article 4 of Regulation (EC) No 847/96 does not apply.  Article 5(2) of Regulation (EC) No 847/96 applies.
Species:	Saithe Pollachius virens		Zone:	International waters of I and II POK/1/2INT.
EC TAC		0 Not relevant		
Species:	Saithe Pollachius virens		Zone:	Faroese waters of Vb POK/05B-F.
Belgium Germany France The Neth United Ki EC TAC	erlands	54 334 1 630 54 626 2 700 Not relevant		Article 3 of Regulation (EC) No 847/96 does not apply.  Article 4 of Regulation (EC) No 847/96 does not apply.  Article 5(2) of Regulation (EC) No 847/96 applies.



Species:	Greenland halibut Reinhardtius hippoglossoides	Zone:	Norwegian waters of I and II GHL/1N2AB.
Germany	37		
United Ki	ngdom 37		
EC	75	Г	
TAC	Not relevant		Article 3 of Regulation (EC) No 847/96 does not apply.
			Article 4 of Regulation (EC) No 847/96 does not apply.
			Article 5(2) of Regulation (EC) No 847/96 applies.
Species:	Greenland halibut Reinhardtius hippoglossoides	Zone:	International waters of I and II GHL/1/2INT.
EC	0		
TAC	Not relevant		
Species:	Greenland halibut Reinhardtius hippoglossoides	Zone:	Greenland waters of V and XIV GHL/514GRN
Germany	6 294		
United Ki	ngdom 331		
EC	7 500 (¹)	Г	
TAC	Not relevant		Article 3 of Regulation (EC) No 847/96 does not apply.
			Article 4 of Regulation (EC) No 847/96 does not apply.
			Article 5(2) of Regulation (EC) No 847/96 applies.
(¹) Of wh	ich 800 tonnes are allocated to Norway and 75 tonn	es are allocated	to the Faroe Islands.
Species:	Greenland halibut Reinhardtius hippoglossoides	Zone:	Greenland waters of NAFO 0 and 1 GHL/N01GRN
Germany	1 550		
EC	2 500 (1)	Γ	
TAC	Not relevant		Article 3 of Regulation (EC) No 847/96 does not apply.
			Article 4 of Regulation (EC) No 847/96 does
		I	not apply.

Of which 800 tonnes are allocated to Norway and 150 tonnes are allocated to the Faroe Islands.



Species:	Mackerel Scomber scombrus	Zone:	Norwegian waters of IIa MAC/02A-N.
Denmark	10 200 (¹)		
EC	10 200 (¹)	Г	
TAC	Not relevant		Article 3 of Regulation (EC) No 847/96 does not apply.  Article 4 of Regulation (EC) No 847/96 does not apply.  Article 5(2) of Regulation (EC) No 847/96 applies.

Species:	Mackerel Scomber scombrus	Zone:	Faroese waters of Vb MAC/05B-F.
Denmark EC	3 290 (¹) 3 290		
TAC	Not relevant		Article 3 of Regulation (EC) No 847/96 does not apply.
			Article 4 of Regulation (EC) No 847/96 does not apply.
			Article 5(2) of Regulation (EC) No 847/96 applies.

 $<sup>\</sup>overline{(^1)}$  May be fished in EC waters of IVa (MAC/\*04A.).

Species: Redfish Sebastes spp.		Zone:	EC and international waters of V; international waters of XII and XIV $(^2)$ RED/51214.
Estonia	210 (1) (2)		
Germany	4 266 (1) (2)		
Spain	749 (1) (2)		
France	398 (1) (2)		
Ireland	1 (1) (2)		
Latvia	76 (¹) (²)		
The Netherlands	2 (1) (2)		
Poland	384 (1) (2)		
Portugal	896 (1) (2)		
United Kingdom	10 (1) (2)		
EC	6 992 (2)	_	
TAC	46 000		Article 3 of Regulation (EC) No 847/96 does not apply.  Article 4 of Regulation (EC) No 847/96 does not apply.  Article 5(2) of Regulation (EC) No 847/96 applies.

May be taken in the NAFO Regulatory Area Subarea 2, Divisions IF and 3K but shall be counted against the quota for ICES zones V, XII and XIV within a total quota of 11 537 tonnes (RED/\*N1F3K).

No more than 65 % of the quota may be taken before 15 July 2007.

Species: Redfish Sebastes spp.		Zone:	Norwegian waters of I and II RED/1N2AB.
Germany	766 (¹)		
Spain	95 (¹)		
France	84 (1)		
Portugal	405 (1)		
United Kingom	150 (1)		
EC	1 500 (1)		
TAC	Not relevant		Article 3 of Regulation (EC) No 847/96 does not apply.
			Article 4 of Regulation (EC) No 847/96 does not apply.
			Article 5(2) of Regulation (EC) No 847/96 applies.



1	Redfish Sebastes spp.		Zone:	Greenland waters of V and XIV RED/514GRN
Germany		5 977		
France		30		
United Kin	ıgdom	42		
EC		9 750 (1) (2)	Г	
TAC		Not relevant		Article 3 of Regulation (EC) No 847/96 does not apply.
				Article 4 of Regulation (EC) No 847/96 does not apply.
				Article 5(2) of Regulation (EC) No 847/96 applies.

May only be fished by pelagic trawl. May be fished East or West. The quota may be taken in the NEAFC Regulatory Area on the condition that Greenlandic reporting conditions are fulfilled.

3 500 tonnes to be fished with pelagic trawl are allocated to Norway and 200 tonnes are allocated to the Faroe Islands.

Species: Redfish Sebastes spp.		Zone:	Icelandic waters of Va RED/05A-IS
Belgium Germany France United Kingdom	O (¹) (²) (³) O (¹) (²) (³) O (¹) (²) (³) O (¹) (²) (³)		
EC	0 (1) (2) (3)	Γ	
TAC	Not relevant		Article 3 of Regulation (EC) No 847/96 does not apply.  Article 4 of Regulation (EC) No 847/96 does not apply.  Article 5(2) of Regulation (EC) No 847/96 applies.

Including anavoidable by-catches (cod not allowed).

To be fished between July and December.

Provisional quota pending the conclusions of fisheries consultations with Iceland for 2007.

Species: Redfish Sebastes spp.		Zone:	Faroese waters Vb RED/05B-F.
Belgium	16		
Germany	2 083		
France	141		
United Kingdom	24		
EC	2 265		
TAC	Not relevant		Article 3 of Regulation (EC) No 847/96 does not apply.
			Article 4 of Regulation (EC) No 847/96 does not apply.
			Article 5(2) of Regulation (EC) No 847/96 applies.

Species: By-catches		Zone:	Greenland waters of NAFO 0 and 1 XBC/N01GRN
EC	2 600 (1) (2)		
TAC	Not relevant		

<sup>(1)</sup> By-catches are defined as any catches of species not covered by the vessel's target species indicated on the license. May be fished East or West.
(2) Of which 120 tonnes of roundnose grenadier are allocated to Norway.

Species: Other species (1)		Zone:	Norwegian waters of I and II OTH/1N2AB.
Germany	150 (1)		
France	60 (1)		
United Kingdom	240 (1)		
EC	450 (¹)	Г	
TAC	Not relevant		Article 3 of Regulation (EC) No 847/96 does not apply.
			Article 4 of Regulation (EC) No 847/96 does not apply.
			Article 5(2) of Regulation (EC) No 847/96 applies.

Only as by-catch.



Species: Other species (1)		Zone:	Faroese waters of Vb OTH/05B-F.
Germany	305		
France	275		
United Kingdom	180		
EC	760	_	
TAC	Not relevant		Article 3 of Regulation (EC) No 847/96 does not apply.
			Article 4 of Regulation (EC) No 847/96 does not apply.
			Article 5(2) of Regulation (EC) No 847/96 applies.

(1) Excluding fish species of no commercial value.

Species: Flatfish		Zone:	Faroese waters of Vb FLX/05B-F.
Germany	54		
France	42		
United Kingdom	204		
EC	300	_	
TAC	Not relevant		Article 3 of Regulation (EC) No 847/96 does not apply.
			Article 4 of Regulation (EC) No 847/96 does not apply.
			Article 5(2) of Regulation (EC) No 847/96 applies.

## ANNEX IC

## NORTH WEST ATLANTIC

## Area of NAFO

All TACs and associate conditions are adopted in the framework of NAFO.

<b>Species:</b> Cod Gadus morhua		Zone:	NAFO 2J3KL COD/N2J3KL
EC	0 (1)		
TAC	0 (1)		
(1) There will be no direct fishing on this	s species, which will be	caught only as	by-catch within the rules set out in Articles 31, 32 and 3
Species: Cod		Zone:	NAFO 3NO
Gadus morhua			COD/N3NO.
F.C.	0 (1)		
EC	0()		
TAC	0 (1)	caught only as	s by-catch within the rules set out in Articles 31, 32 and
TAC  (1) There will be no direct fishing on this	0 (1)	caught only as  Zone:	by-catch within the rules set out in Articles 31, 32 and  NAFO 3M  COD/N3M.
TAC  (1) There will be no direct fishing on this  Species: Cod  Gadus morhua	0 (1)		
Species: Cod	0 (1) s species, which will be		NAFO 3M
TAC  (1) There will be no direct fishing on this  Species: Cod  Gadus morhua  EC  TAC	0 (¹) s species, which will be 0 (¹) 0 (¹)	Zone:	NAFO 3M
TAC  (1) There will be no direct fishing on this  Species: Cod  Gadus morhua  EC  TAC	0 (¹) s species, which will be 0 (¹) 0 (¹)	Zone:	NAFO 3M COD/N3M.
TAC  (1) There will be no direct fishing on this  Species: Cod  Gadus morhua  EC  TAC	0 (¹) s species, which will be 0 (¹) 0 (¹)	Zone:	NAFO 3M COD/N3M.
TAC  There will be no direct fishing on this species: Cod  Gadus morhua  EC  TAC  There will be no direct fishing on this species: Witch flounder	0 (¹) s species, which will be 0 (¹) 0 (¹)	Zone:	NAFO 3M COD/N3M.  s by-catch within the rules set out in Articles 31, 32 and NAFO 2J3KL

Species: Witch flounder Glyptocephalus cynoglossus		Zone:	NAFO 3NO WIT/N3NO.
EC TAC	0 (¹) 0 (¹)		

(1) There will be no direct fishing on this species, which will be caught only as by-catch within the rules set out in Articles 31, 32 and 33.

Species: American plaice Hippoglossoides platessoides		Zone:	NAFO 3M PLA/N3M.
EC	0 (1)		
TAC	0 (1)		

(1) There will be no direct fishing on this species, which will be caught only as by-catch within the rules set out in Articles 31, 32 and 33.

Species: American plaice Hippoglossoides platessoides		Zone:	NAFO 3LNO PLA/3LNO.
EC	0 (1)		
TAC	0 (1)		

There will be no direct fishing on this species, which will be caught only as by-catch within the rules set out in Articles 31, 32 and 33.

Species: Short fin squid Illex illecebrosus		Zone:	NAFO sub-zones 3 and 4 SQI/N34.
Estonia	128 (1)		
Latvia	128 (1)		
Lithuania	128 (1)		
Poland	227 (1)		
EC	$(^1)$ $(^2)$		
TAC	34 000		Article 3 of Regulation (EC) No 847/96 does not apply.
			Article 4 of Regulation (EC) No 847/96 does not apply.
			Article 5(2) of Regulation (EC) No 847/96 applies.

To be fished between 1 July and 31 December. No specified Community share, an amount of 29 467 tonnes is available to Canada and the EC Member States except Estonia, Latvia, Lithuania and Poland.

Species: Yellowtail flounder Limanda ferruginea		Zone:	NAFO 3LNO YEL/N3LNO.	
EC	0 (1) (2)			
TAC	15 500			

Despite having access to a shared quota of 79 tonnes for the Community, it is decided to set this amount to 0. There will be no directed fishing on this species, which will be caught only as by-catches within the rules set out in Articles 31, 32 and 33. Catches taken by vessels under this quota shall be reported to the Flag Member State and forwarded to the Executive Secretary of NAFO via the Commission at 48 hour intervals.

Species: Capelin Mallotus villosus		Zone:	NAFO 3NO CAP/N3NO.	
EC	0 (1)			
TAC	0 (1)			

There will be no direct fishing on this species, which will be caught only as by-catch within the rules set out in Articles 31, 32 and 33.

Species: Northern prawn Pandalus borealis		Zone:	NAFO 3L (¹) PRA/N3L.	
Estonia	245 (²)			
Latvia	245 (2)			
Lithuania	245 (2)			
Poland	245 (²)			
EC	245 (2) (3)	ı		
TAC	22 000		Article 3 of Regulation (EC) No 847/96 does not apply.  Article 4 of Regulation (EC) No 847/96 does not apply.	
			Article 5(2) of Regulation (EC) No $847/96$ applies.	

(1) Not including the box bounded by the following coordinates :

Point No	Latitude N	Longitude W
1	47°20'0	46°40'0
2	47°20'0	46°30'0
3	46°00'0	46°30'0
4	46°00'0	46°40'0

- To be fished from 1 January to 31 March, 1 July to 31 December All Member States except Estonia, Latvia, Lithuania and Poland.

Species: Northern prawn Pandalus borealis		Zone:	NAFO 3M (¹) PRA/N3M.
TAC	not relevant (²)		

(1) Vessels may also fish this stock in Division 3L in the box bounded by the following coordinates :

Point No	Latitude N	Longitude W	
1	47°20'0	46°40'0	
2	47°20'0	46°30'0	
3	46°00'0	46°30'0	
4	46°00'0	46°40'0	

When conducting a fishery for shrimp in this box, vessels shall, whether or not crossing the line separating NAFO Divisions 3L and 3M, report in accordance with point 1.3 of the Annex to Council Regulation (EEC) No 189/92 of 27 January 1992 adopting provisions for the application of control measures adopted by the Northwest Atlantic Fisheries Organization (OJ L 21, 30.1.1992, p. 4. Regulation as last amended by Regulation (EC) No 1048/97 (OJ L 154, 12.6.1997, p. 1)).

Moreover, fishing for shrimp shall be prohibited from 1 June to 31 December 2007 in the area bounded by the following coordinates:

Point No	Latitude N	Longitude W	
1	47°55'0	45°00'0	
2	47°30'0	44°15'0	
3	46°55'0	44°15'0	
4	46°35'0	44°30'0	
5	46°35'0	45°40'0	
6	47°30'0	45°40'0	
7	47°55'0	45°00'0	

(2) Not relevant. Fishery managed by limitations in fishing effort. The Member States concerned shall issue special fishing permits for their fishing vessels engaging in this fishery, and shall notify those permits to the Commission prior to the commencement of the vessel's activity, in accordance with Regulation (EC) No 1627/94. By way of derogation from Article 8 of that Regulation, permits will only become valid if the Commission has not objected within five working days following the notification.

Member State	Maximum number of vessels	Maximum number of fishing days
Denmark	2	131
Estonia	8	1 667
Spain	10	257
Latvia	4	490
Lithuania	7	579
Poland	1	100
Portugal	1	69

Each Member State shall, within 25 days following the calendar month in which the catches are made, report monthly to the Commission the fishing days spent in Division 3M and in the area defined in footnote ( $^1$ ).

Species: Greenland halibut Reinhardtius hippoglossoides		Zone:	NAFO 3LMNO GHL/N3LMNO
Estonia	321,3		
Germany	328		
Latvia	45,1		
Lithuania	22,6		
Spain	4 396,5		
Portugal	1 837,5		
EC	6 951	ŗ	
TAC	11 856		Article 3 of Regulation (EC) No 847/96 does not apply.
			Article 4 of Regulation (EC) No 847/96 does not apply.
			Article 5(2) of Regulation (EC) No 847/96 applies.

<b>Species:</b> Skate Rajidae		IAFO 3LNO RX/N3LNO.
Spain	6 561	
Portugal	1 274	
Estonia	546	
Lithuania	119	
EC	8 500	
TAC	13 500	Article 3 of Regulation (EC) No 847/96 does not apply.
		Article 4 of Regulation (EC) No 847/96 does not apply.
		Article 5(2) of Regulation (EC) No 847/96 applies.

Species: Redfish Sebastes spp.		Zone:	NAFO 3LN RED/N3LN.
EC	0 (1)		
TAC	0 (1)		

<sup>(1)</sup> There will be no direct fishing on this species, which will be caught only as by-catch within the rules set out in Articles 31, 32 and 33.



Species: Redfish Sebastes spp.		Zone:	NAFO 3M RED/N3M.
Estonia	1 571 (¹)		
Germany	513 (¹)		
Spain	233 (1)		
Latvia	1 571 (¹)		
Lithuania	1 571 (¹)		
Portugal	2 354 (1)		
EC	7 813 (1)	ı	
TAC	5 000 (¹)		Article 3 of Regulation (EC) No 847/96 does not apply.
			Article 4 of Regulation (EC) No 847/96 does not apply.
			Article 5(2) of Regulation (EC) No 847/96 applies.

<sup>(1)</sup> This quota is subject to compliance with the TAC of 5 000 tonnes established for this stock. Upon exhaustion of the TAC, the directed fishery for this stock shall be stopped irrespective of the level of catches.

Species: Redfish Sebastes spp.		Zone:	NAFO 3O RED/N3O.
Spain	1 771		
Portugal	5 229		
EC	7 000	ſ	
TAC	20 000		Article 3 of Regulation (EC) No 847/96 does not apply.  Article 4 of Regulation (EC) No 847/96 does
			not apply.  Article 5(2) of Regulation (EC) No 847/96 applies.

Species: Redfish Sebastes spp.		Zone:	NAFO Subarea 2, Divisions IF and 3K RED/N1F3K.
Latvia	364		
Lithuania	3 019		
TAC	3 383		

Species: White hake Urophycis tenuis		Zone:	NAFO 3NO HKW/N3NO.
Spain	2 165		
Portugal	2 835		
EC	5 000	Γ	
TAC	8 500		Article 3 of Regulation (EC) No 847/96 does not apply.  Article 4 of Regulation (EC) No 847/96 does not apply.  Article 5(2) of Regulation (EC) No 847/96 applies.

# ANNEX ID

# HIGHLY MIGRATORY FISH — All areas

TACs in this area are adopted in the framework of international fisheries organisations on tuna fisheries, such as ICCAT and

	<b>Zone:</b> Atlantic Ocean, east of longitude 45° W, and Mediterranean BFT/AE045W
74,4 (¹)	
161,5 (¹)	
3 133 (1)	
3 091 (1)	
2 440 (1)	
172,8 (¹)	
295 (1)	
30 (1) (2)	
9 397,7 (1)	
29 500	Article 3 of Regulation (EC) No 847/96 applies.  Article 4 of Regulation (EC) No 847/96 does not apply.  Article 5(2) of Regulation (EC) No 847/96
	161,5 (¹) 3 133 (¹) 3 091 (¹) 2 440 (¹) 172,8 (¹) 295 (¹) 30 (¹) (²) 9 397,7 (¹)

These figures and associated conditions are provisional and will be subject to revision by the Council as soon as possible following the adoption by ICCAT of the Allocation Scheme for the TAC at the ICCAT meeting in Tokyo to be held on 29-31 January 2007. The provisional allocation of bluefin tuna quotas among Member States does not prejudge the final allocation to be decided after the January 2007 negotiations in the framework of ICCAT. The definitive quota allocation for Cyprus and Malta will be added thereto. Except Cyprus, Greece, Spain, France, Italy, Malta and Portugal, and only as by-catch.

Species: Swordfish Xiphias gladius		Zone:	Atlantic Ocean, north of latitude 5° N SWO/AN05N
Spain	6 579		
Portugal	1 121		
All Member States	118 (1)		
EC	7 818	ſ	
TAC	14 000		Article 3 of Regulation (EC) No 847/96 applies.  Article 4 of Regulation (EC) No 847/96 does not apply.  Article 5(2) of Regulation (EC) No 847/96 applies.

Except Spain and Portugal, and only as by-catch.

Species: Swordfish Xiphias gladius		Zone:	Atlantic Ocean, south of latitude 5° N SWO/AS05N
Spain	5 422,8		
Portugal	357,2		
EC	5 780	Г	
TAC	17 000		Article 3 of Regulation (EC) No 847/96 applies.  Article 4 of Regulation (EC) No 847/96 does not apply.  Article 5(2) of Regulation (EC) No 847/96 applies.

Species: Northern albacore  Germo alalunga		Zone:	Atlantic Ocean, north of latitude 5° N ALB/AN05N
Ireland	8 326 (2)		
Spain	22 969 (²)		
France	5 642,5 (²)		
United Kingdom	775 (²)		
Portugal	5 355,5 (²)		
EC	43 068 (1)	ı	
TAC	34 500		Article 3 of Regulation (EC) No 847/96 applies.  Article 4 of Regulation (EC) No 847/96 does not apply.  Article 5(2) of Regulation (EC) No 847/96 applies.

The number of Community vessels fishing for Northern Albacore as a target species is fixed to 1 253 vessels in accordance with Article 10(1) of Regulation (EC) No 973/2001.

The distribution between the Member States of the maximum number of fishing vessels flying the flag of a Member State authorised to fish for Northern Albacore as a target species in accordance with Article 10(4) of Regulation (EC) No 973/2001:

Member State	Maximum number of vessels
Ireland	50
Spain	730
France	151
United Kingdom	12
Portugal	310
EC	1 253



<b>Species:</b> Southern albacore Germo alalunga		Zone:	Atlantic Ocean, south of latitude 5° N ALB/AS05N
Spain France Portugal EC TAC	943,7 311 660 1 914,7 30 915		Article 3 of Regulation (EC) No 847/96 applies.  Article 4 of Regulation (EC) No 847/96 does not apply.  Article 5(2) of Regulation (EC) No 847/96 applies.
Species: Bigeye Tuna Thunnus obesus		Zone:	Atlantic Ocean BET/ATLANT
Spain France Portugal EC TAC	15 963,3 7 562,1 7 974,6 31 500 90 000		Article 3 of Regulation (EC) No 847/96 applies.  Article 4 of Regulation (EC) No 847/96 does not apply.  Article 5(2) of Regulation (EC) No 847/96 applies.
Species: Blue marlin Makaira nigricans		Zone:	Atlantic Ocean BUM/ATLANT
EC TAC	103 Not relevant		
Species: White marlin Tetrapturus alba		Zone:	Atlantic Ocean WHM/ATLANT
EC TAC	46,5 Not relevant		

### ANNEX IE

### **ANTARCTIC**

# Area of CCAMLR

These TACs, adopted by CCAMLR, are not allocated to the members of CCAMLR and hence the Community share is undetermined. Catches are monitored by the Secretariat of CCAMLR, who will communicate when fishing must cease due to TAC exhaustion.

Species:	Unicorn icefish Channichthys rhinoceratus	Zone:	FAO 58.5.2 Antarctic LIC/F5852.
TAC	150		
Species:	Antarctic icefish Champsocephalus gunnari	Zone:	FAO 48.3 Antarctic ANI/F483.
(1) This 31	4 337 ( <sup>1</sup> ) s TAC is applicable for the period 15 November 2006 to 14 May 2007 shall be limited to 1 084 tonnes.	November 2	2007. Fishing for this stock during the period 1 March to
		1	
Species:	Antarctic icefish Champsocephalus gunnari	Zone:	FAO 58.5.2 Antarctic (¹) ANI/F5852.
TAC	42 (²)		

For the purpose of this TAC, the area open to the fishery is defined as that portion of FAO statistical division 58.5.2 that lies within the For the purpose of this 1AC, the area open to the fishery is defined as that portion of FAO statistical division 58.5.2 that lies within the area enclosed by a line:

(a) starting at the point where the meridian of longitude 72°15'E intersects the Australia–France Maritime Delimitation Agreement Boundary then south along the meridian to its intersection with the parallel of latitude 53°25'S;

(b) then east along that parallel to its intersection with the meridian of longitude 74°E;

(c) then northeasterly along the geodesic to the intersection of the parallel of latitude 52°S;

(d) then north along the meridian to its intersection with the parallel of latitude 51°S with the meridian of longitude 74°30'E;

and

<sup>(</sup>f) then southwesterly along the geodesic to the point of commencement. This TAC shall be applicable for the period 1 December 2006 to 30 November 2007.

EN

Species: Antarctic toothfish Dissostichus eleginoides		Zone:	FAO 48.3 Antarctic TOP/F483.
TAC	3 554 (1)		
Special conditions:			
Within the limits of the abovem specified:	entioned quota, no more t	han the qu	antities given below may be taken in the Subare
Management Area A: 48 W to 43 30 W — 52 30 S to 56 S (TOP/*F483A)	0		
Management Area B: 43 30 W to 40 W — 52 30 S to 56 S (TOP/*F483B)	1 066		
Management Area C: 40 W to 33 30 W — 52 30 S to 56 S (TOP/*F483C)	2 488		
(¹) This TAC shall be applicable for 30 November 2007.	long-line fishery in the period	d 1 May to	31 August 2007 and for pot fishery 1 December 2000
Species: Antarctic toothfish Dissostichus eleginoides		Zone:	FAO 48.4 Antarctic TOP/F484.
TAC	100		
Species: Antarctic toothfish Dissostichus eleginoides		Zone:	FAO 58.5.2 Antarctic TOP/F5852.
TAC	2 427 (1)	•	
(¹) This TAC is applicable for West	of 79°20'E only. Fishing east o	of this merid	ian within this zone is prohibited (see Annex XIII).
Species: Krill Euphausia superba		Zone:	FAO 48 KRI/F48.
TAC	4 000 000 (1)		
Special conditions:	.,		
Within the limits of the abovem specified:	entioned quota, no more t	han the qu	antities given below may be taken in the Subare
	entioned quota, no more t 1 008 000	han the qu	antities given below may be taken in the Subare

832 000 (1) This TAC shall be applicable for the period 1 December 2006 to 30 November 2007.

1 056 000

Subarea 48.3 (KRI/\*F483.)

Subarea 48.4 (KRI/\*F484.)

Species: Krill Euphausia superba		Zone:	FAO 58.4.1 Antarctic KRI/F5841.
TAC	440 000 (1)		
Special conditions:			
Within the limits of the aboveme specified:	ntioned quota, no more th	an the qu	uantities given below may be taken in the Subareas
Division 58.4.1 West of 115° E (KRI/*F-41W)	277 000		
Division 58.4.1 East of 115° E (KRI/*F-41E)	163 000		
(¹) This TAC shall be applicable for t	the period 1 December 2006 t	o 30 Nove	ember 2007.
Species: Krill Euphausia superba		Zone:	FAO 58.4.2 Antarctic KRI/F5842.
TAC	450 000 (1)		
(¹) This TAC shall be applicable for t	the period 1 December 2006 t	o 30 Nove	ember 2007.
		ı	
Species: Grey rockcod  Lepidonotothen squamifrons		Zone:	FAO 58.5.2 Antarctic NOS/F5852.
TAC	80		
		1	
Zone: Crab Paralomis spp.		Zone:	FAO 48.3 Antarctic PAI/F483.
TAC	1 600 (1)		
(¹) This TAC shall be applicable for t	the period 1 December 2006 t	o 30 Nove	ember 2007.
Species: Grenadier  Macrourus spp.		Zone:	FAO 58.5.2 Antarctic GRV/F5852.
TAC	360		
		1	
Species: Other species		Zone:	FAO 58.5.2 Antarctic OTH/F5852.



Species: Skates and rays Rajidae		Zone:	FAO 58.5.2 Antarctic SRX/F5852.	
TAC	120			
<b>Species:</b> Squid Martialia hyadesi		Zone:	FAO 48.3 Antarctic SQS/F483.	

#### ANNEX II

## ANNEX IIA

# FISHING EFFORT FOR VESSELS IN THE CONTEXT OF THE RECOVERY OF CERTAIN STOCKS IN THE SKAGERRAK AND KAYYEGAT ICES ZONES IV, VIA, VIIA, VIID AND EC WATERS OF ICES ZONE IIA

## **GENERAL PROVISIONS**

# 1. Scope

The conditions laid down in this Annex shall apply to Community vessels of length overall equal to or greater than 10 metres, carrying on board any of the gears defined in point 4 and present in the Skagerrak, Kattegat and ICES zones IV, VIa, VIIa, VIId and EC waters of ICES zone IIa. For the purposes of this Annex, a reference to the year 2007 means the period from 1 February 2007 to 31 January 2008.

# 2. Definitions of geographical areas

- 2.1. For the purposes of this Annex, the geographical area, representing all of following areas, shall apply:
  - (a) Kattegat;
  - (b) Skagerrak, ICES zones IV and VIId and EC waters of ICES zone IIa;
  - (c) ICES zone VIIa;
  - (d) ICES zone VIa.
- 2.2. For vessels notified to the Commission as being equipped with vessel monitoring systems in accordance with Articles 5 and 6 of Regulation (EC) No 2244/2003, the following definition of ICES zone VIa shall apply:

ICES zone VIa excluding that part of ICES zone VIa that lies to west of a line drawn by sequentially joining with rhumb lines the following positions, which shall be measured according to the WGS84 coordinate system:

60°00'N, 04°00'W

59°45'N, 05°00'W

59°30'N, 06°00'W

59°00'N, 07°00'W

58°30'N, 08°00'W

58°00'N, 08°00'W

58°00'N, 08°30'W

56°00'N, 08°30'W

56°00'N, 09°00'W

55°00'N, 09°00'W

55°00'N, 10°00'W

54°30'N, 10°00'W

# 3. Definition of day present within an area

For the purpose of this Annex, a day present within an area shall be any continuous period of 24 hours (or part thereof) during which a vessel is present within the geographical areas defined in point 2.1 and absent from port. The time from which the continuous period is measured is at the discretion of the Member State whose flag is flown by the vessel concerned.

# 4. Fishing gears

- 4.1. For the purpose of this Annex, the following groupings of fishing gears shall apply:
  - (a) Trawls, Danish seines and similar gears, except beam trawls, of mesh size:
    - (i) equal to or larger than 16 mm and less than 32 mm;
    - (ii) equal to or larger than 70 mm and less than 90 mm;
    - (iii) equal to or larger than 90 mm and less than 100 mm;
    - (iv) equal to or larger than 100 mm and less than 120 mm;
    - (v) equal to or larger than 120 mm;
  - (b) Beam trawls of mesh size:
    - (i) equal to or larger than 80 mm and less than 90 mm;
    - (ii) equal to or larger than 90 mm and less than 100 mm;
    - (iii) equal to or larger than 100 mm and less than 120 mm;
    - (iv) equal to or larger than 120 mm;
  - (c) Gillnets, entangling nets with mesh size, except trammel nets:
    - (i) less than 110 mm;
    - (ii) equal to or larger than 110 mm and less than 150 mm;
    - (iii) equal to or larger than 150 and less than 220 mm;
    - (iv) equal to or larger than 220 mm.
  - (d) Trammel nets.
  - (e) Longlines.
- 4.2. For the purposes of this Annex and referring to the geographical areas defined in point 2.1 and the groupings of fishing gear defined in point 4.1, the following transfer groups are defined:

- (a) grouping of fishing gears 4.1.a.i within any area;
- (b) groupings of fishing gears 4.1.a.ii within any area and 4.1.a.iii in zones IV, VIa, VIIa, VIId and EC waters of zone IIa:
- groupings of fishing gears 4.1.a.iii in Skagerrak and Kattegat, 4.1.a.iv and 4.1.a.v within any area;
- (d) groupings of fishing gears 4.1.b.i, 4.1.b.ii, 4.1.b.iii, and 4.1.b.iv within any area;
- (e) groupings of fishing gears 4.1.c.i, 4.1.c.ii, 4.1.c.iii, 4.1.c.iv and 4.1.d within any area;
- (f) grouping of fishing gears 4.1.e within any area.

### IMPLEMENTATION OF FISHING EFFORT LIMITATIONS

### 5. Vessels concerned by fishing effort limitations

5.1. A Member State shall not permit fishing with a gear belonging to a grouping of fishing gear defined in point 4.1 in any geographical area defined in point 2.1 by any vessels flying its flag which have no record of such fishing activity in the years 2001, 2002, 2003, 2004, 2005 or 2006 in that area, excluding the record of fishing activities as a result of transfer of days between fishing vessels, unless it ensures that equivalent capacity, measured in kilowatts, is prevented from fishing in the area in question.

However, a vessel with a track record of using a gear belonging to a grouping of fishing gear defined in point 4.1 may be authorized to use a fishing gear, provided that the number of days allocated to this latter gear is greater than or equal to the number of days allocated to the first gear.

5.2 A vessel flying the flag of a Member State having no quotas in a geographical area defined in point 2.1 shall not be permitted to fish in that area with a gear belonging to a grouping of fishing gear defined in point 4.1, unless the vessel is allocated a quota after a transfer in accordance with Article 20(5) of Regulation (EC) No 2371/2002 and is allocated days at sea according to point 15 of this Annex.

# 6. Limitations in activity

Each Member State shall ensure that, when carrying on board any of the groupings of fishing gear referred to in point 4.1, fishing vessels flying its flag and registered in the Community shall be present within a geographical area defined in point 2.1 for no more than the number of days set out in point 8.

# 7. Exceptions

A Member State shall not count against the days present within an area allocated to any of vessels flying its flag under this Annex either any days when the vessel was present within an area but unable to fish because it was assisting another vessel in need of emergency aid or any days when a vessel has been present within an area but unable to fish because it is transporting an injured person for emergency medical aid. The Member State shall provide justification to the Commission within one month of any decisions taken on this basis with associated evidence of the emergency from competent authorities.

## NUMBER OF DAYS ABSENT FROM PORT ALLOCATED TO FISHING VESSELS

# 8. Maximum number of days

- 8.1. For the purpose of fixing the maximum number of days a fishing vessel may be present within the area, the following special conditions shall apply in accordance with Table I:
  - (a) The vessel must comply with the conditions laid down in Appendix 1.
  - (b) The vessel must comply with the conditions laid down in Appendix 2 to Annex III and the catch retained onboard shall consist of less than 5 % of cod and of more than 70 % of lobster.

- (c) The total landings of cod in 2002 made by the vessel, or by the vessel or vessels using similar gears and qualifying for this special condition, *mutatis mutandis*, that it has replaced in accordance with Community law, must represent less than 5 % of the total landings of all species made by the vessel in 2002 according to the landings in live weight consigned in the Community logbook.
- (d) The total landings of cod, sole and plaice in 2002 made by the vessel, or by the vessel or vessels using similar gears and qualifying for this special condition, mutatis mutandis, that it has replaced in accordance with Community law, must represent less than 5 % of the total landings of all species made by the vessel in 2002 according to the landings in live weight consigned in the Community logbook. Alternatively, the condition may be met that in any fishing trip during 2007 the catches of cod, sole and plaice must represent less than 5 % of the total catch during that trip and that an observer is permanently on board.
- (e) The total landings in 2002 made by the vessel, or by the vessel or vessels using similar gears and qualifying for this special condition, *mutatis mutandis*, that it has replaced in accordance with Community law, must represent less than 5 % cod and more than 60 % plaice of the total landings of all species made by the vessel in 2002 according to the landings in live weight consigned in the Community logbook.
- (f) The total landings in 2002 made by the vessel, or by the vessel or vessels using similar gears and qualifying for this special condition, *mutatis mutandis*, that it has replaced in accordance with Community law, must represent less than 5 % cod and more than 5 % turbot and lumpsucker of the total landings of all species made by the vessel in 2002 according to the landings in live weight consigned in the Community logbook.
- (g) The vessel must be equipped with a trammel net of mesh size ≤ 110 mm and must be absent from port for no more than 24 hours at a time.
- (h) The vessel must fly the flag and be registered in a Member State having developed a system, approved by the Commission, of automatic suspension of fishing licences in respect of infringements by vessels qualifying for this special condition.
- (i) The vessel must have been present in the area in the year 2003, 2004, 2005 or 2006 with fishing gear on board referred to in point 4.1.b. In 2007 the quantities of cod retained on board shall represent less than 5 % of the total landings of all species made by the vessel according to the landings in live weight recorded in the Community logbook. During a management period when a vessel is making use of this provision the vessel may not at any time carry on board fishing gear other than that specified in points 4.1.b.iii or 4.1.b.iv.
- (j) The vessel must comply with conditions laid down in Appendix 2.
- (k) The total landings in 2002 made by the vessel or by the vessels using similar gears and qualifying for this special condition mutatis mutandis that it has replaced in accordance with Community law, must represent less than 5 % cod and more than 60 % plaice of the total landings in live weight consigned in the Community logbook during the May October period. At least 55 % of the maximum number of days available under this special condition shall apply in the area east of 4°30'W in the months of May to October inclusive.
- (l) The vessel must comply with conditions laid down in Appendix 3.
- 8.2 The maximum number of days per year for which a vessel may be present within any one of the geographical areas defined as in point 2.1 having carried on board any one of the fishing gears referred to in point 4.1 is shown in Table I.
- 8.3. The maximum number of days per year for which a vessel may be present within any combination of geographical areas defined in point 2.1 may not be higher than the highest number of days allocated for one of the areas composing it.
- 8.4. A day present within a geographical area defined in point 2.1 of this Annex shall also count against the total number of days present within the area defined in point 1 of Annex IIC for a vessel operating with the same gear as defined in point 4.1 of Annex IIA and point 3 of Annex IIC.

8.5. Where a vessel crosses between two or more geographical areas defined in point 2 of this Annex on a fishing trip, the day shall be counted against the area in which the largest proportion of time was spent during that day.

## 9. Management periods

- 9.1. A Member State may divide the days within an area given in Table I into management periods of durations of one or more calendar months.
- 9.2. The number of days for which a vessel may be present within any of the geographical areas defined in point 2.1 during a management period shall be fixed at the discretion of the Member State concerned.
- 9.3. In any given management period a vessel that has used the number of days present within the area for which it is eligible shall remain in port or out of any geographical area referred to in point 2.1 for the remainder of the management period unless using only unregulated gear as described in point 18.

### 10. Allocation of additional days for permanent cessation of fishing activities

- 10.1. An additional number of days on which a vessel may be present within the area when carrying on board any of the gears referred to in point 4.1. may be allocated to Member States by the Commission on the basis of permanent cessations of fishing activities that have taken place since 1 January 2002. The effort expended in 2002 measured in kilowatt days of the withdrawn vessels using the gear in question in the relevant area shall be divided by the effort expended by all vessels using that gear during 2002. The additional number of days shall be then calculated by multiplying the ratio so obtained by the number of days originally allocated. Any part of a day resulting from this calculation shall be rounded to the nearest whole day. This point shall not apply where a vessel has been replaced in accordance with point 5.2 or when the withdrawal has already been used in previous years to obtain additional days at sea.
- 10.2. Member States may re-allocate the additional number of days to any vessel or group of vessels using the conversion mechanism foreseen in point 14.
- 10.3. Member States wishing to benefit from the allocations referred to in point 10.1. shall submit a request to the Commission with reports containing the details of the permanent cessations of fishing activities in question.
- 10.4. On the basis of such a request the Commission may amend the number of days defined in point 8.2. for that Member State in accordance with the procedure laid down in Article 30(2) of Regulation (EC) No 2371/2002.
- 10.5. Any additional number of days resulting from permanent cessation of activity previously allocated by the Commission remains allocated in 2007.

## 11. Allocation of additional days for enhanced observer coverage

- 11.1. Three additional days on which a vessel may be present within the area when carrying onboard any of the groupings of fishing gear referred to in point 4.1. may be allocated between 1 February 2007 and 31 January 2008 to Member States by the Commission on the basis of an enhanced programme of observer coverage in partnership between scientists and the fishing industry. Such a programme shall focus in particular on levels of discarding and on catch composition and go beyond the requirements on data collection, as laid down in Council Regulation (EC) No 1543/2000 (¹), Commission Regulation (EC) No 1639/2001 (²) and Commission Regulation (EC) No 1581/2004 for the minimum and extended programme level.
- 11.2 Member States wishing to benefit from the allocations referred to in point 11.1. shall submit a description of their enhanced observer coverage programme to the Commission.
- 11.3 On the basis of this description, and after consultation with STECF, the Commission may amend the number of days defined in point 8.2 for that Member State and for the vessels, the area and gear concerned by the enhanced programme of observers in accordance with the procedure laid down in Article 30(2) of Regulation (EC) No 2371/2002.

<sup>(1)</sup> OJ L 176, 15.7.2000, p. 1

<sup>(2)</sup> OJ L 222, 17.8.2001, p. 53. Regulation as amended by Regulation (EC) No 1581/2004 (OJ L 289, 10.9.2004, p. 6).

- 11.4. Six additional days on which a vessel may be present within the area referred to in point 2.1(c) when carrying on board gear referred to in point 4.1(iv) and (v) may be allocated between 1 February 2007 and 31 January 2008 to Member States by the Commission on the basis of an Enhanced Data Pilot Project
- 11.5 Twelve additional days on which a vessel may be present within the area referred to in point 2.1(c) when carrying on board gear referred to in point 4.1 except gear referred to in paragraphs 4.1(iv) and (v) may be allocated between 1 February 2007 and 31 January 2008 to Member States by the Commission on the basis of an Enhanced Data Pilot Project.
- 11.6 Member States wishing to benefit from the allocations referred to in points 11.4. and 11.5. shall submit a description of their Enhanced Data Pilot Project to the Commission, which shall go beyond the existing requirements under Community legislation. On the basis of this description the Commission may approve a Member State's proposal for an Enhanced Data Pilot Project.

# 12. Special conditions for the allocation of days

- 12.1. The special fishing permit referred to in Article 7(3) for any vessel benefiting of any special conditions listed in point 8.1 shall identify such conditions.
- 12.2. If a number of days is allocated to a vessel resulting from compliance with any of the special conditions listed in points 8.1.(b), (c), (d), (e), (f) or (k), the catches taken by that vessel and retained on board shall consist of no more than the percentage of those species referred to in these points. The vessel shall not tranship any fish to another vessel. When either of these conditions is not met by a vessel, that vessel shall with immediate effect no longer be entitled to the allocation of days corresponding to the given special conditions.

13.

Table I

Maximum days a vessel may be present in 2007 within an area by fishing gear

				1	Areas as d	efined in	point:	
Gear Point 4.1	Special condi- tion Point 8	Denomination ( <sup>1</sup> )	2.a Kattegat		2.b — Skagge — II, IVa, 3 — VIId	b,c,	2.c VIIa	2.d VIa
				1	2	3		
a.i		Trawls or Danish seines with mesh size ≥ 16 and < 32 mm	228	228 (²)			228	228
a.ii		Trawls or Danish seines with mesh size ≥70 and <90 mm	n.r.	n.r.	204	221	204	227
a.iii		Trawls or Danish seines with mesh size ≥90 and <100 mm	95	95 209			227	227
a.iv		Trawls or Danish seines with mesh size ≥100 and <120 mm	103		95		105	84
a.v		Trawls or Danish seines with mesh size ≥120 mm	103		96		114	85
a.iii	8.1.(a)	Trawls or Danish seines with mesh size ≥90 and <100 mm with a 120 mm square mesh window	126	126 126 227			227	227
a.iv	8.1.(a)	Trawls or Danish seines with mesh size ≥100 and <120 mm with a 120 mm square mesh window	137	137	137 103		114	91

				į	Areas as d	lefined in	point:		
Gear Point 4.1	Special condi- tion Point 8	Denomination ( <sup>1</sup> )	2.a Kattegat		2.b — Skagge — II, IVa, 3 — VIId	2.c VIIa	2.d VIa		
a.v	8.1.(a)	Trawls or Danish seines with mesh size ≥120 mm with a 120 mm square mesh window	137	137	10	03	114	91	
a.v.	8.1.(j)	Trawls or Danish seines with mesh size ≥120 mm with a 140 mm square mesh window	mm with a 140 mm square						
a.ii	8.1.(b)	Trawls or Danish seines with mesh size ≥70 and <90 mm complying with the conditions laid down in Appendix 2 to Annex III	Unl.	1	Unlimite	d	Unl.	Unl.	
a.ii	8.1.(c)	Trawls or Danish seines with mesh size ≥70 and <90 mm track records shall represent less than 5 % of cod	n.r	n.r	215	227	204	227	
a.iii	8.1.(l)	Trawls or Danish seines with mesh size ≥90 and <100 mm complying with the conditions laid down in Appendix 3	132	132	2	38	238	238	
a.iv	8.1.(c)	Trawls or Danish seines with mesh size ≥100 and <120 mm track records shall represent less than 5 % of cod	148	148					
a.v	8.1.(c)	Trawls or Danish seines with mesh size ≥120 mm track records shall represent less than 5 % of cod	160		160		160	160	
a.iv	8.1.(k)	Trawls or Danish seines with mesh size ≥100 and <120 mm track records shall represent less than 5 % of cod and more than 60 % of plaice	n.r.		n.r.		166	n.r.	
a.v	8.1.(k)	Trawls or Danish seines with mesh size ≥120 mm track records shall represent less than 5 % of cod and more than 60 % of plaice	n.r.		n.r.		178	n.r.	
a.v	8.1.(h)	Trawls or Danish seines with mesh size ≥120 mm operating under a system of automatic suspension of fishing licences	115		115		126	103	
a.ii	8.1.(d)	Trawls or Danish seines with mesh size ≥70 and <90 mm track records represent less than 5 % of cod, sole and plaice	280		280		280	252	
a.iii	8.1.(d)	Trawls or Danish seines with mesh size ≥90 and <100 mm track records represent less than 5 % of cod, sole and plaice	Unl.	Unl. 280		280	280		
a.iv	8.1.(d)	Trawls or Danish seines with mesh size ≥100 and <120 mm track records represent less than 5 % of cod, sole and plaice	Unl.	1	Unlimite	d	276	276	
a.v	8.1.(d)	Trawls or Danish seines with mesh size >120 mm track records represent less than 5 % of cod, sole and plaice	Unl.	Unlimited			Unl.	279	

				1	Areas as d	efined in	point:	
Gear Point 4.1	Special condi- tion Point 8	condition  Denomination (¹)			2.b — Skagge — II, IVa, 3 — VIId	b,c,	2.c VIIa	2.d VIa
				1	2	3		
a.v	8.1.(h) 8.1.(j)	Trawls or Danish seines with mesh size >120 mm with a 140 mm square mesh window and operating under a system of automatic suspension of fishing licenses	n.r.	n.r.	12	27	138	115
b.i		Beam trawls with mesh size ≥80 and < 90 mm	132	143 (2)				
b.ii		Beam trawls with mesh size ≥90 and < 100 mm	n.r.	143 (²)	U	nl.	143	143 (2)
b.iii		Beam trawls with mesh size ≥100 and < 120 mm	n.r.	143	Uı	nl.	143	143
b.iv		Beam trawls with mesh size ≥ 120 mm	n.r.	143	Uı	nl.	143	143
b.iii	8.1.(c)	Beam trawls with mesh size ≥100and < 120 mm track records shall repre- sent less than 5 % of cod	Unl. 1		155			
b.iii	8.1 (i)	Beam trawls with mesh size ≥100 and < 120 mm for vessels having used beam trawls in 2003, 2004, 2005 or 2006.	155	155				
b.iv	8.1.(c)	Beam trawls with mesh size ≥ 120 mm track records shall represent less than 5 % of cod	n.r.	155	Unl.		155	155
b.iv	8.1 (i)	Beam trawls with mesh size ≥ 120mm for vessels having used beam trawls in 2003, 2004, 2005 or 2006.	n.r.	155	Uı	nl.	155	155
b.iv	8.1.(e)	Beam trawls with mesh size ≥ 120 mm track records shall represent less than 5 % of cod and more than 60 % of plaice	n.r.	155	Uı	nl.	155	155
c.i		Gillnets and entangling nets with mesh sizes < 110 mm	140		140		140	140
c.ii		Gillnets and entangling nets with mesh sizes ≥110 mm and < 150 mm	140		140		140	140
c.iii		Gillnets and entangling nets with mesh sizes ≥ 150 mm and < 220 mm	140		130		140	140
c.iv		Gillnets and entangling nets with mesh sizes ≥ 220 mm	140	140			140	140
d		Trammel nets	140		140		140	140
c.iii	8.1.(f)	Gillnets and entangling nets with mesh size ≥ 220 mm track records shall represent less than 5 % of cod and more than 5 % of turbot and lumpsucker	162	140	162	140	140	140

				1	Areas as d	lefined in	point:	
Gear Point 4.1	Special condi- tion Point 8	Denomination ( <sup>1</sup> )	2.a Kattegat	2.b 1 — Skaggerak 2 — II, IVa, b,c, 3 — VIId			2.c VIIa	2.d VIa
d	8.1.(g)	Trammel nets with mesh size < 110 mm. The vessel shall be absent from the port no more than 24 h.	140	140	205		140	140
e		Long-lines	173		173		173	173

<sup>(1)</sup> Only the denominations in points 4.1 and 8.1 are used.

n.r. means 'non relevant'

#### **EXCHANGES OF FISHING EFFORT ALLOCATIONS**

# 14. Transfer of days between fishing vessels flying the flag of a member state

- 14.1. A Member State may permit any fishing vessel flying its flag to transfer days present within a geographical area referred to in point 2.1 for which it is eligible to another vessel flying its flag provided that the product of the days received by a vessel and its engine power in kilowatts (kilowatt days) is equal to or less than the product of the days transferred by the donor vessel and the engine power in kilowatts of that vessel. The engine power in kilowatts of the vessels shall be that recorded for each vessel in the Community fishing fleet register.
- 14.2. The total number of days present within an area under point 14.1. multiplied by the engine power in kilowatts of the donor vessel shall not be higher than the donor vessel's average annual days track record excluding transfers from other vessels in that area as verified by the Community logbook in the years 2001, 2002, 2003, 2004 and 2005 multiplied by the engine power in kilowatts of that vessel. When a donor vessel uses the area definition of West of Scotland as defined in point 2.2 its track record calculation will be based on this area definition.

For the purposes of this point, the recipient vessel is deemed to use its own allocated days before any days transferred to it. Transferred days used by the recipient vessel are counted towards the track record of the donor vessel.

- 14.3. The transfer of days as described in point 14.1 shall only be permitted between vessels operating within the same transfer group as defined in point 4.2 and during the same management period. A Member State may allow a transfer of days when a licensed donor vessel has ceased its activity.
- 14.4. Transfer of days is only permitted for vessels benefiting from an allocation of fishing days without the special conditions laid down in point 8.1.

By way of derogation from this point, vessels benefiting from the allocation of fishing days under the special condition referred to in point 8.1.(h), when this condition is not combined with any other special condition as laid down in point 8.1, may transfer days.

14.5. On request from the Commission, Member States shall provide information on the transfers that have taken place. With the purpose of making this information available to the Commission, a detailed format of spreadsheet may be adopted, in accordance with the procedure laid down in Article 30(2) of Regulation (EC) No 2371/2002.

# 15. Transfer of days between fishing vessels flying the flag of different Member States

Member States may permit transfer of days present within an area for the same management period and within the same area between any fishing vessels flying their flags provided the same provisions as laid down in points 5.1, 5.2, 7 and 14 apply. Where Member States decide to authorise such a transfer, they shall notify the Commission before such transfers take place the details of the transfer, including the number of days transferred, the fishing effort and, where applicable, the quotas relating thereto.

<sup>(2)</sup> Application of Title V of Regulation (EC) No 850/98 where restrictions exist.

#### USE OF FISHING GEAR

## 16. Notification of fishing gear

Before the first day of each management period the master of a vessel or his representative shall notify to the authorities of the flag Member State which gear or gears he intends to use during the forthcoming management period. Until such notification is provided the vessel shall not be entitled to fish within the geographical areas defined in point 2.1 with any of the fishing gear referred to in point 4.1.

## 17. Use of more than one grouping of fishing gear

- 17.1. A vessel may use gears belonging to more than one of the groupings of fishing gears defined under point 4.1 during one management period.
- 17.2. Whenever the master of a vessel or his representative notifies the use of more than one fishing gear, the total number of days available during the year shall be no more than the arithmetic mean of the days corresponding to each gear in accordance with Table I, rounded down to the nearest whole day.
- 17.3. If one of the gears notified has no limitation in number of days, then the total number of days available during the year for this particular gear shall remain unlimited.
- 17.4. If the number of fishing gear is two, then the vessel cannot deploy any of the gears for longer than the number of days laid down for that gear in Table I for the area concerned.
- 17.5. If the number of gears is three or greater, a vessel may at any moment use one of the gears notified, and which have a limited number of days, subject to the condition that the total number of days spent fishing with whichever gear since the beginning of the year shall be:
  - (a) no more than the number of days available under point 17.2 and
  - (b) no more than the number of days that would be allocated in accordance with table I if that gear was used in isolation.
- 17.6. Whenever a Member State chooses to divide the days into management periods in accordance with point 9, the conditions of points 17.2, 17.3 and 17.4 shall apply *mutatis mutandis* for each management period.
- 17.7. The option to use more than one gear shall only be available if the following additional monitoring arrangements are met:
  - (a) during a given trip the fishing vessel may carry on board or use only one of the groupings of fishing gear referred to in point 4.1, except as provided for in point 19.2;
  - (b) before any trip the master of a vessel or his representative shall give prior notice to the competent authorities of the type of fishing gear that is to be carried on board or used unless the type of fishing gear has not changed from the one notified for the previous trip.
- 17.8. Inspection and surveillance at sea and in port by the competent authorities shall be undertaken for verification of compliance with the above two requirements. Any vessel found not to be complying with these requirements shall with immediate effect no longer be permitted to use more than one grouping of fishing gears.

# 18. Combined use of regulated and unregulated fishing gear

A vessel wishing to combine the use of one or more of the fishing gears referred to in point 4.1 (regulated gears) with any other fishing gears not referred to in point 4.1 (unregulated gears) shall not be restricted in their use of the unregulated gear. Such vessels must pre-notify when the regulated gear is to be used. When no such notification has been given, none of the fishing gear referred to in point 4.1 may be carried on board. Such vessels must be authorised and equipped to undertake the alternative fishing activity with unregulated gears.

# 19. Prohibition of carrying on board more than one regulated fishing gear

- 19.1 A vessel which is present within any of the geographical areas defined in point 2 and carrying on board a fishing gear belonging to one of the groupings of fishing gears referred to in point 4.1 may not simultaneously carry on board any gear belonging to one of the other groupings of fishing gears referred to in point 4.1.
- 19.2 By way of derogation from point 19.1 a vessel may carry on board in a geographical area referred to in point 2.1 fishing gears belonging to different groupings of fishinggears, but then the fishing days will be taken as consumed when fishing with the gear and special condition having lesser number of days allocated under Table I.

#### NON-FISHING RELATED ACTIVITIES AND TRANSIT

## 20. Non-fishing related activities

In any given management period a vessel may undertake non-fishing related activities, without that time being counted against its days allocated under point 8, provided that the vessel first notifies its flag Member State of its intention to do so, the nature of its activity and that it surrenders its fishing licence for this time. Such vessels shall not carry any fishing gear or fish on board during that time.

### 21. Transit

A vessel is allowed to transit across the area provided that it has no fishing permit to operate in the area or that it has first notified its authorities of its intention to do so. While that vessel is within the area any fishing gears carried on board must be lashed and stowed in accordance with conditions laid down in Article 20(1) of Regulation (EEC) No 2847/93.

## MONITORING, INSPECTION AND SURVEILLANCE

# 22. Fishing effort messages

By way of derogation to Article 9 to the Council Regulation (EC) No 423/2004 of 26 February 2004 establishing measures for the recovery of cod stocks (¹), vessels equipped with vessel monitoring systems in accordance with Article 5 and 6 of Regulation (EC) No 2244/2003 shall be excluded from hailing requirements.

## **VESSEL MONITORING SYSTEMS OBLIGATIONS**

# 23. Recording of relevant data

Member States shall ensure that the following data received pursuant to Articles 8, 10(1) and 11(1) of Commission Regulation (EC) No 2244/2003 are recorded in a computer-readable form:

- (a) entry into, and exit from port;
- (b) each entry into, and exit from maritime areas where specific rules on access to waters and resources apply.

## 24. Cross-checks

Member States shall verify the submission of logbooks and relevant information recorded in the logbook by using VMS data. Such cross-checks shall be recorded and made available to the Commission on request.

<sup>(1)</sup> OJ L 70, 9.3.2004, p. 8.

### REPORTING OBLIGATIONS

### 25. Collection of relevant data

Member States, on the basis of information used for the management of fishing days absent from port and present within the areas as set out in this Annex, shall collect for each annual quarter the information about total fishing effort deployed in the areas defined in point 2.1 for towed gears, static gears and demersal longlines and effort deployed by vessels using different types of gear in the areas concerned by this Annex.

# 26. Communication of relevant data

- 26.1. On request of the Commission, Members States shall make available to the Commission a spreadsheet with the data referred to in point 25 in the format specified in Tables II and III by sending it to the appropriate electronic mailbox address, which shall be communicated to the Member States by the Commission.
- 26.2. A new format of spreadsheet for making the data referred to in point 25 available to the Commission may be adopted in accordance with the procedure laid down in Article 30(2) of Regulation (EC) No 2371/2002.

Table II

## Reporting format

Country	CFR	External marking	Length of man-	Area fished	Gear(s) notified		Special condition applying to noti- fied gear(s)		Days eligible using notified gear(s)			Days spent with notified gear(s)			Transfers						
,	agement period		Nº1	Nº2	Nº3		Nº1	Nº2	Nº3		Nº1	Nº2	Nº3		Nº1	Nº2	Nº3		of days		
(1)	(2)	(3)	(4)	(5)	(6)	(6)	(6)	(6)	(7)	(7)	(7)	(7)	(8)	(8)	(8)	(8)	(9)	(9)	(9)	(9)	(10)

Table III

# Data format

	Name of field	Maximum number of characters/ digits	Alignment (*) L(eft)/R(ight)	Definition and Comments
(1)	Country	3	n/r	Member State (Alpha-3 ISO code) in which vessel is registered for fishing under Council Regulation (EC) No 2371/2002.  In the case of the donor vessel, it is always the reporting country
(2)	CFR	12	n/r	Community Fleet Register number Unique identification number of a fishing vessel.  Member State (Alpha-3 ISO code) followed by an identifying series (9 characters). Where a series has fewer than 9 characters additional zeros must be inserted on the left hand side.
(3)	External marking	14	L	Under Commission Regulation (EEC) No 1381/87
(4)	Length of management period	2	L	Length of the management period measured in months.
(5)	Area fished	1	L	Indicate if vessel has been fishing in area a, b, c or d of point 2.1 of Annex IIA.
(6)	gear(s) notified	5	L	Indication of gear grouping notified in accordance with point 4.1 to Annex IIA (e.g a.i, a.ii, a.ii, a.iv, a.v, b.i, b.ii, b.iii, b.iv, c.i, c.ii, c.iii, d or e).

	Name of field	Maximum number of characters/ digits	Alignment (*) L(eft)/R(ight)	Definition and Comments
(7)	Special condition applying to notified gear(s)	2	L	Indication of which, if any, of the special condition a-l referred to in point 8.1 of Annex IIA apply.
(8)	Days eligible using noti- fied gear(s)	3	L	Number of days for which the vessel is eligible under Annex IIA for the choice of gears and length of management period notified
(9)	Days spent with notified gear(s)	3	L	Number of days the vessel actually spent present within the area and using the gear notified during the notified management period according to Annex IIA
(10)	Transfers of days	4	L	For days transferred indicate '- number of days transferred' and for days received indicate '+ number of days transferred'

<sup>(\*)</sup> Relevant information for transmission of data by fixed-length formatting.

## Appendix 1 to Annex IIA

A copy of the special permits referred to in point 12.1 of this Annex shall be kept on board the fishing vessel.

- 1. When holding the special fishing permit the vessel shall only keep on board and use a towed net with an escape window as specified in point 2. The gear shall be approved by the national inspectors before commencing fishing.
- 2. Escape window
- 2.1. The window shall be inserted in the untapered section with a minimum of 80 open meshes in the circumference. The window shall be inserted into the top panel. There shall be no more than two open diamond meshes between the posterior row of meshes in the side of the window and the adjacent selvedge. The window shall terminate no more than six metres from cod-line. The joining rate shall be two diamond meshes to one square mesh when codend mesh size is equal or more than 120 mm, five diamond meshes to two square meshes when codend mesh size is equal or more than 100 mm and less than 120 mm and three diamond meshes to one square mesh when codend mesh size is equal or more than 90 mm and less than 100 mm.
- 2.2. The window shall be at least three meters in length. The meshes shall have a minimum opening of 120 mm. The meshes shall be square meshes, i.e. all four sides of the window netting will be cut bars. The netting shall be mounted such that the bars run parallel and perpendicular to the length of the cod-end.
- 2.3. The netting of square-meshed panel shall be knotless single twine. The window shall be inserted in such a way that the meshes remain fully open at all times when fishing. The window shall not be obstructed in any way by either internal or external attachments.

# Appendix 2 to Annex IIA

A copy of the special permits referred to in point 12.1. of this Annex shall be kept on board the fishing vessel.

- 1. When holding the special fishing permit the vessel shall only keep on board and use a towed net with an escape window as specified in point 2. The gear shall be approved by the national inspectors before commencing fishing.
- 2. Escape window
- 2.1. The window shall be inserted in the untapered section with a minimum of 80 open meshes in the circumference. The window shall be inserted into the top panel. There shall be no more than two open diamond meshes between the posterior row of meshes in the side of the window and the adjacent selvedge. The window shall terminate no more than 6 metres from cod-line. The joining rate shall be five diamond meshes to two square meshes.
- 2.2. The window shall be at least three meters in length. The meshes shall have a minimum opening of 140 mm. The meshes shall be square meshes i.e. all four sides of the window netting will be cut bars. The netting shall be mounted such that the bars run parallel and perpendicular to the length of the codend.
- 2.3. The netting of square-meshed panel shall be knotless single twine. The window shall be inserted in such a way that the meshes remain fully open at all times when fishing. The window shall not be obstructed in any way by either internal or external attachments.

# Appendix 3 to Annex IIA

- 1. A copy of the special permits referred to in point 12.1 of this Annex shall be kept on board the fishing vessel.
- 2. When holding the special fishing permit the vessel shall only keep on board and use a towed net with an escape window as specified in point 3 inserted in a codend with a mesh size equal or larger than 95 mm and with a minimum of 80 open meshes and a maximum of 100 meshes in the circumference. The gear shall be approved by the national inspectors before commencing fishing.
- Escape window
- 3.1. The window shall be inserted in the top panel. There shall be no more than two open diamond meshes between the posterior row of meshes in the side of the window and the adjacent selvedge. The window shall terminate no more than 4 metres from cod-line. The joining rate shall be three diamond meshes to one square mesh.
- 3.2. The window shall be at least five meters in length. The meshes shall have a minimum opening of 120 mm. The meshes shall be square meshes i.e. all four sides of the window netting will be cut bars. The netting shall be mounted such that the bars run parallel and perpendicular to the length of the codend.
- 3.3. The netting of square-meshed panel shall be knotless single twine. The window shall be inserted in such a way that the meshes remain fully open at all times when fishing. The window shall not be obstructed in any way by either internal or external attachments.

#### ANNEX IIB

# FISHING EFFORT FOR VESSELS IN THE CONTEXT OF THE RECOVERY OF CERTAIN SOUTHERN HAKE AND NORWAY LOBSTER STOCKS IN ICES ZONES VIIIa AND IXa EXCLUDING THE GULF OF CADIZ

# 1. Scope

The conditions laid down in this Annex shall apply to Community vessels of length overall equal to or greater than 10 metres, carrying on board towed and static gears defined in point 3 and present in zones VIIIc and IXa excluding the Gulf of Cadiz. For the purposes of this Annex, a reference to the year 2007 means the period from 1 February 2007 to 31 January 2008.

### 2. Definition of day present within the area

For the purpose of this Annex, a day present within an area shall be any continuous period of 24 hours (or part thereof) during which a vessel is present within the geographical area defined in point 1 and absent from port. The time from which the continuous period is measured is at the discretion of the Member State whose flag is flown by the vessel concerned.

## 3. Fishing gear

For the purpose of this Annex, the following groupings of fishing gears shall apply:

- (a) Trawls, Danish seines and similar gears of mesh size equal to or larger than 32 mm;
- (b) Gill-nets of mesh size equal to or larger than 60 mm;
- (c) Bottom long-lines.

# IMPLEMENTATION OF FISHING EFFORT LIMITATIONS

# 4. Vessels concerned by fishing effort limitations

4.1. A Member State shall not permit fishing with a gear belonging to a grouping of fishing gear defined in point 3 in the area by any of its vessels which have no record of such fishing activity in the years 2002, 2003, 2004, 2005 or 2006 in the area, excluding the record of fishing activities as a result of transfer of days between fishing vessels, unless it ensures that equivalent capacity, measured in kilowatts, is prevented from fishing in the regulated area.

However, a vessel with a track record of using a gear belonging to a grouping of fishing gear defined in point 3 may be authorised to use a different fishing gear, provided that the number of days allocated to this latter gear is greater than or equal to the number of days allocated to the first gear.

4.2. A vessel flying the flag of a Member State having no quotas in the area defined in point 1 shall not be permitted to fish in that area with a gear belonging to a grouping of fishing gear defined in point 3, unless the vessel is allocated a quota after a transfer as permitted according to the Article 20(5) of Regulation (EC) No 2371/2002 and is allocated days at sea according to point 13 of this Annex.

## 5. Limitations in activity

Each Member State shall ensure that, when carrying on board any of the groupings of fishing gear referred to in point 3, fishing vessels flying its flag and registered in the Community shall be present within the area for no more than the number of days specified in point 7.

## 6. Exceptions

A Member State shall not count against the days allocated to any of its vessels under this Annex either any days when the vessel has been present within the area but unable to fish because it was assisting another vessel in need of emergency aid or any days when a vessel has been present within the area but unable to fish because it is transporting an injured person for emergency medical aid. The Member State shall provide justification to the Commission within one month of any decisions taken on this basis with associated evidence of the emergency from the competent authorities.

# NUMBER OF DAYS PRESENT WITHIN THE AREA ALLOCATED TO FISHING VESSELS

## 7. Maximum number of days

- 7.1. For the purposes of fixing the maximum number of days a fishing vessel may be present within the area, the following special conditions shall apply in accordance with Table I:
  - (a) The total landings of hake in the years 2001, 2002 and 2003 made by the vessel, or by the vessel or vessels using similar gears and qualifying for this special condition, *mutatis mutandis*, that it has replaced in accordance with Community law, shall represent less than 5 tonnes according to the landings in live weight consigned in the Community logbook, and;
  - (b) The total landings of Norway lobster in the years 2001, 2002 and 2003 made by the vessel, or by the vessel or vessels using similar gears and qualifying for this special condition, *mutatis mutandis*, that it has replaced in accordance with Community law, shall represent less than 2,5 tonnes according to the landings in live weight consigned in the Community logbook.
- 7.2. The maximum number of days per year for which a vessel may be present within the area having carried on board any one of the groupings of fishing gear referred to in point 3 is shown in Table I.

# 8. Management periods

- 8.1. A Member State may divide the days present within the area given in Table I into management periods of durations of one or more calendar months.
- 8.2. The number of days for which a vessel may be present within the area during a management period shall be fixed at the discretion of the Member State concerned.
- 8.3. In any given management period a vessel may undertake non-fishing related activities, without that time being counted against its days allocated under point 7, provided that the vessel first notifies its flag Member State of its intention to do so, the nature of its activity and that it surrenders its fishing licence for this time. Such vessels shall not carry any fishing gear or fish on board during that time.

## 9. Allocation of additional days for permanent cessation of fishing activities

- 9.1. An additional number of days on which a vessel may be present within the area when carrying on board any of the groupings of fishing gear referred to in point 3 may be allocated to Member States by the Commission on the basis of permanent cessation of fishing activities that have taken place since 1 January 2004 either in accordance with Article 7 of Regulation (EC) No 2792/1999 or resulting from other circumstances duly motivated by Member States. Any vessels that can be shown to have been definitively withdrawn from the area may also be considered. The effort expended in 2003 measured in kilowatt days of the withdrawn vessels using the gear in question in the relevant area shall be divided by the effort expended by all vessels using that gear during the same year. The additional number of days shall be then calculated by multiplying the ratio so obtained by the number of days originally allocated. Any part of a day resulting from this calculation shall be rounded to the nearest whole day. This point shall not apply where a vessel has been replaced in accordance with point 4.2 or when the withdrawal has already been used in previous years to obtain additional days at sea.
- 9.1.a. Member States may re-allocate the additional number of days to any vessel or group of vessels using the conversion mechanism foreseen in point 12.

- 9.2. Member States wishing to benefit from the allocations referred to in point 9.1. shall submit a request to the Commission with reports containing the details of the permanent cessation of fishing activities in question.
- 9.3. On the basis of such a request the Commission may amend the number of days defined in point 7.2. for that Member State in accordance with the procedure laid down in Article 30(2) of Regulation (EC) No 2371/2002.

Any additional number of days resulting from permanent cessation of activity previously allocated by the Commission remains allocated in 2007.

# 10. Allocation of additional days for enhanced observer coverage

- 10.1. Three additional days on which a vessel may be present within the area when carrying onboard any of the groupings of fishing gear referred to in point 3 may be allocated between 1 February 2007 and 31 January 2008 to Member States by the Commission on the basis of an enhanced programme of observer coverage in partnership between scientists and the fishing industry. Such a programme shall focus in particular on levels of discarding and on catch composition and go beyond the requirements on data collection, as laid down in Regulation (EC) No 1543/2000, Regulation (EC) No 1639/2001 and Regulation (EC) No 1581/2004 for the minimum and extended programme levels.
- 10.2. Member States wishing to benefit from the allocations referred to in point 10.1 shall submit a description of their enhanced observer coverage programme to the Commission.
- 10.3. On the basis of this description, and after consultation with STECF, the Commission may amend the number of days defined in point 7.2 for that Member State and for the vessels, the area and gear concerned by the enhanced programme of observers in accordance with the procedure laid down in Article 30(2) of Regulation (EC) No 2371/2002.

# 11. Special conditions for the allocation of days

- 11.1. If a vessel has received an unlimited number of days resulting from compliance with the special conditions listed in points 7.1(a) and 7.1(b), the vessel's landings in 2007 shall not exceed 5 tonnes live weight of hake and 2,5 tonnes live weight of Norway lobster.
- 11.2. The vessel shall not tranship any fish at sea to another vessel.
- 11.3. When either of these conditions is not met by a vessel, that vessel shall with immediate effect no longer be entitled to the allocation of days corresponding to the given special conditions.

Table I — Maximum number of days a vessel may be present within the area by fishing gear per year

Gear point 3	Special conditions point 7	Denomination  Only the gear groupings as defined in point 3 and the special conditions as defined in point 7 are used.	Maximum num- ber of days		
3.a		Bottom trawls of mesh size ≥32 mm	216		
3.b.		Gill-nets of mesh size ≥60 mm	216		
3.c		Bottom long-lines	216		
3.a	7.1(a) and 7.1(b)	Bottom trawls of mesh size ≥32 mm	Unlimited		
3.b	7.1(a)	Gill-nets of mesh size ≥60 mm	Unlimited		
3.c	7.1(a)	Bottom long-lines	Unlimited		

#### **EXCHANGES OF FISHING EFFORT ALLOCATIONS**

# 12. Transfer of days between vessels flying the flag of a member state

- 12.1. A Member State may permit any fishing vessel flying its flag to transfer days present within the area for which it is eligible to another vessel flying its flag within the area provided that the product of the days received by a vessel multiplied by its engine in kilowatts (kilowatt days) is equal to or less than the product of the days transferred by the donor vessel and the engine power in kilowatts of that vessel. The engine power in kilowatts of the vessels shall be that recorded for each vessel in the Community fishing fleet register.
- 12.2. The total number of days present within the area transferred under point 12.1. multiplied by the engine power in kilowatts of the donor vessel shall not be higher than the donor vessel's average annual days track record in the area as verified by the Community logbook in the years 2001, 2002, 2003, 2004 and 2005 multiplied by the engine power in kilowatts of that vessel.
- 12.3. The transfer of days as described in point 12.1. shall be permitted only between vessels operating within the same gear group and during the same management period.
- 12.4. Transfer of days is only permitted for vessels benefiting from an allocation of fishing days without special condition, as laid down in point 7.1.
- 12.5. On request from the Commission, Member States shall provide information on the transfers that have taken place. Formats of spreadsheet for the collection and transmission of this information may be adopted in accordance with the procedure laid down in Article 30(2) of Regulation (EC) No 2371/2002.

# 13. Transfer of days between fishing vessels flying the flag of different member states

Member States may permit transfer of days present within the area for the same management period and within the area between any fishing vessels flying their flags provided the same provisions as laid down in points 5.1, 5.2, 6 and 12. Where Member States decide to authorize such a transfer, they shall notify the Commission, before such transfers take place, the details of the transfer, including the number of days, the fishing effort and, where applicable, the fishing quotas relating thereto.

## **USE OF FISHING GEAR**

# 14. Notification of fishing gear

- 14.1. Before the first day of each management period the master of a vessel or his representative shall notify to the authorities of the flag Member State which gear or gears he intends to use during the forthcoming management period. Until such notification is provided the vessel shall not be entitled to fish within the area referred to in point 1 with any of the groupings of fishing gear referred to in point 3.
- 14.2. Point 14.1 shall not apply to fishing vessels authorised by a Member State to use only one of the groupings of fishing gear referred to in point 3.

# 15. Combined used of regulated and unregulated fishing gear

A vessel wishing to combine the use of one or more of the fishing gear referred to in point 3 (regulated gears) with any other grouping of fishing gear not referred to in point 3 (unregulated gears) will not be restricted in their use of the unregulated gear. Such vessels must prenotify when the regulated gear is to be used. When no such notification has been given, none of the fishing gear referred to in point 3 may be carried on board. Such vessels must be authorised and equipped to undertake the alternative fishing activity with the unregulated gear.

#### TRANSIT

### 16. Transit

A vessel is allowed to transit across the area provided that it has no fishing permit to operate in the area or it has first notified its authorities of its intention to do so. While that vessel is within the area any fishing gears carried on board must be lashed and stowed in accordance with conditions laid down in Article 20(1) of Regulation (EEC) No 2847/93.

# MONITORING, INSPECTION AND SURVEILLANCE

# 17. Fishing effort messages

Articles 19b, 19c, 19d, 19e and 19k of Regulation (EEC) No 2847/93 shall apply to vessels carrying on board the groupings of fishing gear defined in point 3 of this Annex and operating in the area defined in point 1 of this Annex. Vessels equipped with vessel monitoring systems in accordance with Articles 5 and 6 of Regulation (EC) No 2244/2003 shall be excluded from these hailing requirements.

## 18. Recording of relevant data

Member States shall ensure that the following data received pursuant to Articles 8, 10(1) and 11(1) of Regulation (EC) No 2244/2003 are recorded in a computer-readable form:

- (a) entry into, and exit from port;
- (b) each entry into, and exit from maritime areas where specific rules on access to waters and resources apply.

## 19. Cross-checks

Member States shall verify the submission of logbooks and relevant information recorded in the logbook by using VMS data. Such cross-checks shall be recorded and made available to the Commission on request.

# REPORTING OBLIGATIONS

# 20. Collection of relevant data

Member States, on the basis of information used for the management of fishing days present within the area as set out in this Annex, shall collect for each annual quarter the information about total fishing effort deployed within the area for towed gears and static gears and effort deployed by vessels using different types of gear in the area concerned by this Annex.

## 21. Communication of relevant data

21.1. On request of the Commission, Members States shall make available to the Commission a spreadsheet with the data referred to in point 20 in the format specified in Tables II and III by sending it to the appropriate electronic mailbox address, which shall be communicated to the Member States by the Commission.

21.2. A new format of spreadsheet for making the data referred to in point 20 available to the Commission may be adopted in accordance with the procedure laid down in Article 30(2) of Regulation (EC) No 2371/2002.

# Table II

# Reporting format

	External mark-	Length of management	Area fished	Gear(s) notified			Special condition applying to notified gear(s)			Days eligible using notified gear(s)			Days spent with notified gear(s)			Trans- fer of					
ıry	try	ing	period		Nº1	Nº2	Nº3		Nº1	Nº2	Nº3		Nº1	N°2	Nº3		Nº1	Nº2	Nº3		days
(1)	(2)	(3)	(4)	(5)	(6)	(6)	(6)	(6)	(7)	(7)	(7)	(7)	(8)	(8)	(8)	(8)	(9)	(9)	(9)	(9)	(10)

# Table III

# Data format

Name of field	Maximum number of characters/digits	Alignment (*) L(eft)/R(ight)	Definition and Comments					
(1) Country	3	n/r	Member State (Alpha-3 ISO code) in which vessel is registered for fishing under Council Regulation (EC) No 2371/2002.  In the case of the donor, it is always the reporting country					
(2) CFR	12	n/r	Community Fleet Register number Unique identification number of a fishing vessel. Member State (Alpha-3 ISO code) followed by an identifying series (9 characters). Where a series has fewer than 9 characters additional zeros must be inserted on the left hand side.					
(3) External marking	14	L	Under Commission Regulation (EEC) No 1381/87					
(4) Length of management period	2	L	Length of the management period measured in months.					
(5) Area fished	1	L	Non relevant information in the case of Annex IIB.					
(6) gear(s) notified	5	L	Indication of gear grouping notified in accordance with point 3 of Annex IIB (e.g a, b or c)					
(7) Special condition applying to notified gear(s)	2	L	Indication of which, if any, of the special condition a-b referred to in point 7.1 of Annex IIB that apply.					
(8) Days eligible using notified gear(s)	3	L	Number of days for which the vessel is eligible under Annex IIB for the choice of gears and length of management period notified					
(9) Days spent with notified gear(s)	3	L	Number of days the vessel actually spent present within the area and using a gear corresponding to gear notified during the notified management period according to Annex IIB.					
(10) Transfers of days	4	L	For days transferred indicate '– number of days transferred' and for days received indicate '+ number of days transferred'					

<sup>(\*)</sup> Relevant information for transmission of data by fixed-length formatting.

#### ANNEX IIC

# FISHING EFFORT FOR VESSELS IN THE CONTEXT OF THE RECOVERY OF WESTERN CHANNEL SOLE STOCKS ICES ZONE VIIe

#### **GENERAL PROVISIONS**

### 1. Scope

- 1.1. The conditions laid down in this Annex shall apply to Community vessels of length overall equal to or greater than 10 metres carrying on board any of the gears defined in point 3, and present in zone VIIe. For the purposes of this Annex, a reference to the year 2007 means the period from 1 February 2007 to 31 January 2008.
- 1.2. Vessels fishing with static nets with mesh size equal to or larger than 120 mm and with track records of less than 300 kg live weight of sole according to the EC logbook in 2004 shall be exempt from the provisions of this Annex on the conditions that:
  - (a) such vessels catch less than 300 kg live weight of sole in 2007, and
  - (b) such vessels shall not tranship any fish at sea to another vessel, and
  - (c) each Member State concerned makes a report to the Commission by 31 July 2007 and 31 January 2008 on these vessels' track records for sole in 2004 and catches of sole in 2007.

When either of these conditions is not met, the vessels shall with immediate effect no longer be exempted from the provisions of this Annex.

# 2. Definition of day present with the area

For the purpose of this Annex, a day present within an area shall be any continuous period of 24 hours (or part thereof) during which a vessel is present within zone VIIe and absent from port. The time from which the continuous period is measured is at the discretion of the Member State whose flag is flown by the vessel concerned.

# 3. Fishing gear

For the purposes of this Annex, the following groupings of fishing gears shall apply:

- (a) Beam trawls of mesh size equal to or greater than 80 mm;
- (b) Static nets including gill-nets, trammel-nets and tangle-nets with mesh size less than 220 mm.

# IMPLEMENTATION OF FISHING EFFORT LIMITATIONS

# 4. Vessels concerned by fishing effort limitations

4.1. A Member State shall not permit fishing with a gear belonging to a grouping of fishing gear defined in point 3 in the area by any of its vessels which have no record of such fishing activity in the years 2002, 2003, 2004, 2005 or 2006 in that area unless it ensures that equivalent capacity, measured in kilowatts, is prevented from fishing in the regulated area.

However, a vessel with a track record of using a gear belonging to a grouping of fishing gear defined in point 3 may be authorised to use a different fishing gear, provided that the number of days allocated to this latter gear is greater than or equal to the number of days allocated to the first gear.

4.2. A vessel flying the flag of a Member State having no quotas in the area defined in point 1 shall not be permitted to fish in that area with a gear belonging to a grouping of fishing gear defined in point 3, unless the vessel is allocated a quota after a transfer as permitted according to the Article 20(5) of Regulation (EC) No 2371/2002 and is allocated days at sea according to point 13 of this Annex.

# 5. Limitations in activity

Each Member State shall ensure that, when carrying on board any of the groupings of fishing gear referred to in point 3, fishing vessels flying its flag and registered in the Community shall be present within the area for no more than the number of days set out in point 7.

## 6. Exceptions

A Member State shall not count against the days allocated to any of its vessels under this Annex either any days when the vessel has been present within the area but unable to fish because it was assisting another vessel in need of emergency aid or any days when a vessel has been present within the area but unable to fish because it is transporting an injured person for emergency medical aid. The Member State shall provide justification to the Commission within one month of any decisions taken on this basis with associated evidence of the emergency from the competent authorities.

#### NUMBER OF DAYS PRESENT WITHIN THE AREA ALLOCATED TO FISHING VESSELS

## 7. Maximum number of days

- 7.1. The maximum number of days per year for which a vessel may be present within the area having carried on board and used any one of the fishing gears referred to in point 3 is shown in Table I.
- 7.2. The number of days per year for which a vessel is present within the total area covered by this Annex and Annex IIA shall not exceed the number shown in Table I of this Annex. However the number of days in which the vessel is present in the areas covered in Annex IIA shall comply with the maximum number fixed in accordance with Annex IIA.

# 8. Management periods

- 8.1. Member States may divide the days present within the area given in Table I into management periods of durations of one or more calendar months.
- 8.2. The number of days for which a vessel may be present within the area during a management period shall be fixed at the discretion of Member States concerned.
- 8.3. In any given management period a vessel that has used the number of days present within the area for which it is eligible shall remain in port or out of the area for the remainder of the management period unless using a gear for which no maximum number of days has been fixed.

## 9. Allocation of additional days for permanent cessations of fishing activities

9.1. An additional number of days on which a vessel may be present within the area when carrying on board any of the groupings of fishing gear referred to in point 3 may be allocated to Member States by the Commission on the basis of permanent cessation of fishing activities that have taken place since 1 January 2004 either in accordance with Article 7 of Regulation (EC) No 2792/1999 or resulting from other circumstances duly motivated by Member States. The effort expended in 2003 measured in kilowatt days of the withdrawn vessels using the gear in question shall be divided by the effort expended by all vessels using that gear during the same year. The additional number of days shall be then calculated by multiplying the ratio so obtained by the number of days originally allocated. Any part of a day resulting from this calculation shall be rounded to the nearest whole day. This point shall not apply where a vessel has been replaced in accordance with point 4.2 or when the withdrawal has already been used in previous years to obtain additional days at sea.

- 9.2. Member States may re-allocate the additional number of days to any vessel or group of vessels using the conversion mechanism foreseen in point 11.
- 9.3. Member States wishing to benefit from the allocations referred to in point 9.1. shall submit a request to the Commission with reports containing the details of the permanent cessation of fishing activities in question.
- 9.4. On the basis of such a request the Commission may amend the number of days defined in point 7.1 for that Member State in accordance with the procedure laid down in Article 30(2) of Regulation (EC) No 2371/2002.

Any additional number of days resulting from permanent cessation of activity previously allocated by the Commission remains allocated in 2007

## 10. Allocation of additional days for enhanced observer coverage

- 10.1 Three additional days on which a vessel may be present within the area when carrying onboard any of the groupings of fishing gear referred to in point 3 may be allocated between 1 of February 2007 and 31 of January 2008 to Member States by the Commission on the basis of an enhanced programme of observer coverage in partnership between scientists and the fishing industry. Such a programme shall focus in particular on levels of discarding and on catch composition and go beyond the requirements on data collection, as laid down in Regulation (EC) No 1543/2000, Regulation (EC) No 1639/2001 and Regulation (EC) No 1581/2004 for the minimum and extended programme levels.
- 10.2 Member States wishing to benefit from the allocations referred to in point 11.1 shall submit a description of their enhanced observer coverage programme to the Commission.
- 10.3 On the basis of this description, and after consultation with STECF, the Commission may amend the number of days defined in point 7.1 for that Member State and for the vessels, the area and gear concerned by the enhanced programme of observers in accordance with the procedure laid down in Article 30(2) of Regulation (EC) No 2371/ 2002.

Table I

Maximum number of days a vessel may be present within the area by fishing gear per year

Gear point 3	Denomination  Only the groupings of fishing gear referred to in point 3 are used	Western Channel		
3.a. 3.b.	Beam trawls of mesh size ≥ 80 mm  Static nets with mesh size < 220 mm	192 192		

## **EXCHANGES OF FISHING EFFORT ALLOCATIONS**

## 11. Transfer of days between fishing vessels flying the flag of a Member State

- 11.1. A Member State may permit any of its fishing vessels flying its flag to transfer days present within the area for which it is eligible to another of its vessels flying its flag within the area provided that the product of the days received by a vessel and its engine power in kilowatts (kilowatt days) is equal to or less than the product of the days transferred by the donor vessel and the engine power in kilowatts of that vessel. The engine power in kilowatts of the vessels shall be that recorded for each vessel in the Community fishing fleet register.
- 11.2. The total number of days present within the area, multiplied by the engine power in kilowatts of the donor vessel, shall not be higher than the donor vessel's average annual days track record in the area as verified by the Community logbook in the years 2001, 2002, 2003, 2004 and 2005 multiplied by the engine power in kilowatts of that vessel.
- 11.3. The transfer of days as described in point 12.1. shall be permitted only between vessels operating within the same gear grouping referred to in point 3 and during the same management period.

11.4. On request from the Commission, Member States shall provide reports on the transfers that have taken place. A detailed format of spreadsheet for making these reports available to the Commission may be adopted in accordance with the procedure laid down in Article 30(2) of Regulation (EC) No 2371/2002.

# 12. Transfer of days between fishing vessels flying the flag of different Member States

Member States may permit transfer of days present within the area for the same management period and within the area between any fishing vessels flying their flags provided the same provisions as laid down in points 5.1, 5.2, 6 and 12. Where Member States decide to authorize such a transfer, as a preliminary they shall notify the Commission before such transfers take place of the details of the transfer, including the number of days transferred, the fishing effort and, where applicable, the fishing quotas relating thereto, as agreed between them.

#### **USE OF FISHING GEAR**

### 13. Notification of fishing gear

Before the first day of each management period the master of a vessel or his representative shall notify to the authorities of the flag Member State which gear or gears he intends to use during the forthcoming management period. Until such notification is provided the vessel shall not be entitled to fish within the area defined in point 1 with any of the groupings of fishing gear referred to in point 3.

# 14. Non-fishing related activities

In any given management period a vessel may undertake non-fishing related activities, without that time being counted against its days allocated under point 7, provided that the vessel first notifies its flag Member State of its intention to do so, the nature of its activity and that it surrenders its fishing licence for that time. Such vessels shall not carry any fishing gear or fish on board during that time.

# **TRANSIT**

## 15. Transit

A vessel shall be allowed to transit across the area provided that it has no fishing permit to operate in the area or it has first notified its authorities of its intention to do so. While that vessel is within the area any fishing gears carried on board must be lashed and stowed in accordance with conditions laid down in Article 20(1) of Regulation (EEC) No 2847/93.

## MONITORING, INSPECTION AND SURVEILLANCE

## 16. Fishing effort messages

Articles 19b, 19c, 19d, 19e and 19k of Regulation (EEC) No 2847/93 shall apply to vessels carrying on board the groupings of fishing gear defined in point 3 and operating in the area defined in point 1. Vessels equipped with vessel monitoring systems in accordance with Articles 5 and 6 of Regulation (EC) No 2244/2003 shall be excluded from these hailing requirements.

# 17. Recording of relevant data

Member States shall ensure that the following data received pursuant to Articles 8, 10(1) and 11(1) of Regulation (EC) No 2244/2003 are recorded in a computer-readable form:

- (a) entry into, and exit from port;
- (b) each entry into, and exit from maritime areas where specific rules on access to waters and resources apply.

## 18. Cross-checks

Member States shall verify the submission of logbooks and relevant information recorded in the logbook by using VMS data. Such cross-checks shall be recorded and made available to the Commission on request.

#### 19. Alternative control measures

Member States may implement alternative control measures to ensure compliance with the obligations referred to in point 16 which are as effective and transparent as these reporting obligations. Such alternative measures shall be notified to the Commission before being implemented.

#### 20. Prior notification of transhipments and landings

The master of a Community vessel or his representative wishing to tranship any quantity retained on board or to land in a port or landing location of a third-country shall inform the competent authorities of the flag Member State at least 24 hours prior to transhipping or to landing in a third-country the information referred to in Article 19b of Regulation (EEC) No 2847/93.

#### 21. Margin of tolerance in the estimation of quantities reported in the logbook

By way of derogation from Article 5(2) of Regulation (EEC) No 2807/83, the permitted margin of tolerance, when estimating quantities, in kilograms retained on board of vessels referred to in point 16 shall be 8 % of the logbook figure. Where no conversion factors are laid down in Community legislation, the conversion factors adopted by the Member states whose flag the vessel is flying shall apply.

#### 22. Separate stowage

When quantities of sole greater than 50 kg are stowed on board a vessel, it shall be prohibited to retain on board a fishing vessel in any container any quantity of Sole mixed with any other species of marine organism. The masters of Community vessels shall give inspectors of Member States such assistance as will enable the quantities declared in the logbook and the catches of sole retained on board to be cross checked.

## 23. Weighing

- 23.1. The competent authorities of a Member State shall ensure that any quantity of sole exceeding 300 kg caught in the area shall be weighed using auction room scales before sale.
- 23.2. The competent authorities of a Member State may require that any quantity of sole exceeding 300 kg caught in the area and first landed in that Member State is weighed in the presence of controllers before being transported from the port of first landing.

#### 24. Transport

By way of derogation from Article 13 of Regulation (EEC) No 2847/93, quantities greater than 50 kg of any species in fisheries referred to in Article 7 of this Regulation which are transported to a place other than that of landing or import shall be accompanied by a copy of one of the declarations provided for in Article 8(1) of Regulation (EEC) No 2847/93 pertaining to the quantities of these species transported. The exemption provided for in Article 13(4)(b) of Regulation (EEC) No 2847/93 shall not apply.

# 25. Specific monitoring programme

By way of derogation from Article 34c(1) of Regulation (EEC) No 2847/93, the specific monitoring programme for any of the stocks in fisheries referred to in Article 7 may last more than two years from their date of entry into force.

## REPORTING OBLIGATIONS

#### 26. Collection of relevant data

Member States, on the basis of information used for the management of fishing days present within the area as set out in this Annex, shall collect for each annual quarter the information about total fishing effort deployed within the area for towed gears and static gears and effort deployed by vessels using different types of gear in the area concerned by this Annex.

## 27. Communication of relevant data

- 27.1. On request of the Commission, Members States shall make available to the Commission a spreadsheet with the data referred to in point 26 in the format specified in Tables II and III by sending it to the appropriate electronic mailbox address, which shall be communicated to the Member States by the Commission.
- 27.2. A new format of spreadsheet for the purpose of making the data referred to in point 26 available to the Commission may be adopted in accordance with the procedure laid down in Article 30(2) of Regulation (EC) No 2371/2002.

#### Table II

## Reporting format

Coun- try	CFR	External mark-	Length of management	Area fished		Gear(s)	notified		Special	condition fied g	applying gear(s)	to noti-	Days e	ligible usir	ng notified	gear(s)	Days	spent with	notified g	gear(s)	Trans- fer of
		ing	period		Nº1	Nº2	Nº3		Nº1	Nº2	Nº3		Nº1	Nº2	N°3		Nº1	Nº2	Nº3		days
(1)	(2)	(3)	(4)	(5)	(6)	(6)	(6)	(6)	(7)	(7)	(7)	(7)	(8)	(8)	(8)	(8)	(9)	(9)	(9)	(9)	(10)

## Table III

## Data format

Name of field	Maximum number of characters/digits	Alignment (*) L(eft)/R(ight)	Definition and Comments
(1) Country	3	n/r	Member State (Alpha-3 ISO code) in which vessel is registered for fishing under Council Regulation (EC) No 2371/2002.  In the case of the donor, it is always the reporting country
(2) CFR	12	n/r	Community Fleet Register number Unique identification number of a fishing vessel. Member State (Alpha-3 ISO code) followed by an identifying series (9 characters). Where a series has fewer than 9 characters additional zeros must be inserted on the left hand side.
(3) External marking	14	L	Under Commission Regulation (EEC) No 1381/87
(4) Length of management period	2	L	Length of the management period measured in months.
(5) Area fished	1	L	Non relevant information in the case of Annex IIC.
(6) gear(s) notified	5	L	Indication of gear grouping notified in accordance with point 3 to Annex IIC (a or b)
(7) Special condition applying to notified gear(s)	2	L	Non relevant information in the case of Annex IIC.
(8) Days eligible using notified gear(s)	3	L	Number of days for which the vessel is eligible under Annex IIC for the choice of gear groupings and length of management period notified.

Name of field	Maximum number of characters/digits	Alignment (*) L(eft)/R(ight)	Definition and Comments
(9) Days spent with notified gear(s)	3	L	Number of days the vessel actually spent present within the area and using a gear corresponding to grouping gear notified during the notified management period according to Annex IIC.
(10) Transfers of days	4	L	For days transferred indicate '- number of days transferred' and for days received indicate '+ number of days transferred'

<sup>(\*)</sup> Relevant information for transmission of data by fixed-length formatting.

#### ANNEX IID

# FISHING OPPORTUNITIES AND FISHING EFFORT FOR VESSELS FISHING FOR SANDEEL IN ICES ZONES IIIA AND IV AND IN EC WATERS OF ICES ZONE IIA

- 1. The conditions laid down in this Annex shall apply to Community vessels fishing in ICES zones IIIa and IV and in EC waters of ICES zone IIa with demersal trawl, seine or similar towed gears with a mesh size of less than 16 mm. The same conditions shall apply to third country vessels authorized to fish for sandeel in EC waters of ICES zone IV unless otherwise specified, or as a consequence of consultations between the Community and Norway as set out in Table 3, footnote 13, of the Agreed Record of conclusions between the European Community and Norway of 1 December 2006.
- 2. For the purposes of this Annex a day present within the area shall be:
  - (a) the 24-hour period between 00:00 hours of a calendar day and 24:00 hours of the same calendar day or any part of such a period or;
  - (b) any continuous period of 24 hours as recorded in the Community logbook between the date and time of departure and the date and time of arrival or any part of any such time period.
- 3. Each Member State concerned shall, not later than 1 March 2007, establish a data base containing for ICES zones IIIa and IV, for each of the years 2002, 2003, 2004, 2005 and 2006 and for each vessel flying its flag or registered within the Community which have been fishing with demersal trawl, seine or similar towed gears with a mesh size of less than 16 mm, the following information:
  - (a) the name and internal registration number of the vessel;
  - (b) the installed engine power of the vessel in kilowatts measured in accordance with Article 5 of Regulation (EEC) No 2930/86;
  - (c) the number of days present within the area when fishing with demersal trawl, seine or similar towed gear with a mesh size of less than 16 mm;
  - (d) the kilowatt-days as the product of the number of days present within the area and the installed engine power in kilowatts.
- 4. The following quantities shall be calculated by each Member State:
  - (a) the total kilowatt-days for each year as the sum of the kilowatt-days calculated in point 3(d);
  - (b) the average kilowatt-days for the period 2002 to 2006.
- 5. Each Member State shall ensure that the total kilowatt-days in 2007 for vessels flying its flag or registered in the Community does not exceed the effort deployed in 2005 as calculated under point 4(a).
- 6. Notwithstanding the effort limit laid down in point 5, the total kilowatt-days deployed by each Member State for the purpose of setting up exploratory fishing, which shall not start before 1 April 2007, shall not exceed, within the period 1 April to 6 May, 30 % of the total kilowatt-days deployed in 2005.
- 7. The fishing effort deployed by two Faroese vessels for the purpose of undertaking exploratory fishing shall not exceed 2 % of the fishing effort deployed by the Member States for the same purpose as established in point 6.
- 8. The TAC and quotas for sandeel in ICES zone IIIa and in EC waters of ICES zones IIa and IV as laid down in Annex I shall be revised by the Commission as early as possible based on advice from ICES and the STECF on the size of the 2006 year class of North Sea sandeel, in accordance with the following rules:
  - (a) where ICES and the STECF estimates the size of the 2006 year class of North Sea sandeel to be equal to or smaller than 150 000 million individuals at age 1, fishing with demersal trawl, seine or similar towed gears with a mesh size of less than 16 mm shall be prohibited for the remainder of 2007. However, a limited fishery may

be allowed in order to monitor the sandeel stocks in ICES zones IIIa and IV and the effects of the closure. To this end the Member States concerned shall, in cooperation with the Commission, develop a plan for the monitoring of this limited fishery;

(b) where ICES and the STEFC estimates the size of the 2006 year class of North Sea sandeel to be greater than  $150\ 000$  million at age 1, the TAC (in  $1\ 000$  t) shall be established according to the following function:

$$TAC_{2007} = -597 + (4,073*N_1)$$

where N1 means the real-time estimate of age group 1 in billions and the TAC is in 1 000 t;

- (c) notwithstanding point 7(b), the TAC shall not exceed 400 000 tonnes.
- (d) The Commission Regulation on the revision of the TAC and quotas for sandeel in ICES zone IIIa and in EC waters of ICES zones IIa and IV following the scientific advice referred to in the points (a) and (b) shall be applicable as from the date of publication of a notice by the Commission in the Official Journal of the European Union setting out the required revision.
- 9. Commercial fishing with demersal trawl, seine or similar towed gears with a mesh size of less than 16 mm, shall be prohibited from 1 August 2007 until 31 December 2007.

#### ANNEX III

#### TRANSITIONAL TECHNICAL AND CONTROL MEASURES

#### Part A

North Atlantic including the North Sea, Skagerrak and Kattegat

- 1. Landing and weighing procedures for herring, mackerel and horse mackerel in ices zones I to VII
- 1.1. Scope
  - 1.1.1 The following procedures shall apply to landings in the European Community by Community and third country vessels of quantities per landing exceeding 10 tonnes of herring, mackerel, and horse mackerel, or a combination thereof, taken in:
    - (a) for herring in ICES zones I, II, IIIa, IV, Vb, VI and VII;
    - (b) for mackerel and horse mackerel in ICES zones IIa, IIIa, IV, VI and VII.
- 1.2. Designated ports
  - 1.2.1. Landings referred to in point 1.1 are only permitted in designated ports.
  - 1.2.2. Each Member State concerned shall transmit to the Commission changes in the list, transmitted in 2004, of designated ports in which landings of herring, mackerel and horse mackerel may take place and, changes in inspection and surveillance procedures for those ports including the terms and conditions for recording and reporting the quantities of any of the species and stocks referred to in point 1.1.1. within each landing. Those changes shall be transmitted at least 15 days before they enter into force. The Commission shall transmit this information as well as ports designated by third countries to all Member States concerned.
- 1.3. Entry to port
  - 1.3.1. The master of a fishing vessel referred to in point 1.1.1. or his agent shall inform the competent authorities of the Member State in which the landing is to be made, at least 4 hours in advance of entry to port of landing of the Member State concerned of the following:
    - (a) the port he intends to enter, the name of the vessel and its registration number;
    - (b) the estimated time of arrival at that port;
    - (c) the quantities in kilograms live weight by species retained on board;
    - (d) the management area in accordance with Annex I where the catch was taken.
- 1.4. Discharge
  - 1.4.1. The competent authorities of the Member State concerned shall require that the discharge does not commence until authorised to do so.

## 1.5. Logbook

1.5.1. By way of derogation from the provisions of point 4.2 of Annex IV to Regulation (EEC) No 2807/83, the master of a fishing vessel shall submit, immediately upon arrival to port, the relevant page or pages of the logbook to the competent authority at the port of landing.

The quantities retained on board, notified prior to landing as referred to in point 1.3.1.(c), shall be equal to the quantities recorded in the logbook after its completion.

By way of derogation from the provisions of Article 5(2) of Regulation (EEC) No 2807/83 the permitted margin of tolerance in estimates recorded into the logbook of the quantities in kilograms of fish retained on board of vessels shall be 8 %.

#### 1.6. Weighing of fresh fish

- 1.6.1. All buyers purchasing fresh fish shall ensure that all quantities received are weighed on systems approved by the competent authorities. The weighing shall be carried out prior to the fish being sorted, processed, held in storage and transported from the port of landing or resold. The figure resulting from the weighing shall be used for the completion of landing declarations, sales notes and take-over declarations.
- 1.6.2. When determining the weight any deduction for water shall not exceed 2 %.

#### 1.7. Weighing of fresh fish after transport

- 1.7.1. By way of derogation from point 1.6.1. Member States may permit fresh fish to be weighed after transport from the port of landing provided that the fish is transported to a destination on the territory of the Member State no more than 100 kilometres from the port of landing and that:
  - (a) the tanker in which the fish is transported is accompanied by an inspector from the place of landing to the place where the fish is weighed, or
  - (b) approval is given by the competent authorities at the place of landing to transport the fish subject to the following provisions:
    - (i) immediately prior to the tanker leaving the port of landing, the buyer or his agent shall provide to the competent authorities a written declaration giving the species of the fish and name of the vessel from which it is to be discharged, the unique identity number of the tanker and details of the destination where the fish will be weighed as well as the estimated time of arrival of the tanker at the destination;
    - (ii) a copy of the declaration provided for in (i) shall be kept by the driver during the transport of the fish and handed over to the receiver of the fish at the destination.

# 1.8. Weighing of frozen fish

- 1.8.1. All buyers or holders of frozen fish shall ensure that the quantities landed are weighed prior to the fish being processed, held in storage, transported from the port of landing or resold. Any tare weight equal to the weight of boxes, plastic or other containers in which the fish to be weighed is packed may be deducted from the weight of any quantities landed.
- 1.8.2. Alternatively, the weight of frozen fish packed in boxes may be determined by multiplying the average weight of a representative sample based on weighing the contents removed from the box and without plastic packaging whether or not after the thawing of any ice on the surface of the fish. Member States shall notify to the Commission for approval any changes in their sampling methodology approved by the Commission during 2004. Changes shall be approved by the Commission. The figure resulting from the weighing shall be used for the completion of landing declarations, sales notes and take-over declarations.

## 1.9. Sales note and take-over declaration

1.9.1. In addition to the provisions of Article 9(5) of Regulation (EC) No 2847/93 the processor or buyer of all fish landed shall submit a copy of the sales note or take-over declaration to the competent authorities of the Member State concerned on demand but in any event no later than 48 hours after the completion of the weighing.

## 1.10. Weighing facilities

- 1.10.1. In cases where publicly operated weighing facilities are used the party weighing the fish shall issue to the buyer a weighing slip indicating the date and time of the weighing and the identity number of the tanker. A copy of the weighing slip shall be attached to the sales note or take-over declaration.
- 1.10.2. In cases where privately operated weighing facilities are used the system shall be approved, calibrated and sealed by the competent authorities and be subject to the following provisions:
  - (a) the party weighing the fish shall keep a paginated weighing logbook indicating:
    - (i) the name and registration number of the vessel from which the fish has been landed,
    - (ii) the identity number of the tankers in cases where fish has been transported from the port of landing before weighing,
    - (iii) the species of fish,
    - (iv) the weight of each landing,
    - (v) the date and time of the beginning and end of the weighing.
  - (b) where the weighing is carried out on a conveyor belt system a visible counter shall be fitted that records the cumulative total of the weight. Such cumulative total shall be recorded in the paginated logbook referred to in point (a);
  - (c) the weighing logbook and the copies of written declarations provided for in point 1.7.1.(b)(ii) shall be kept for three years.

#### 1.11. Access by competent authorities

The competent authorities shall have full access at all times to the weighing system, the weighing logbooks, written declarations and all premises where the fish is processed and kept.

#### 1.12. Cross checks

- 1.12.1. The competent authorities shall carry out administrative cross checks on all landings between the following:
  - quantities by species indicated in the prior notice of landing, referred to in point 1.3.1 and the quantities recorded in the vessel's logbook,
  - (b) quantities by species recorded in the vessel's logbook and the quantities recorded in the landing declaration,
  - (c) quantities by species recorded on the landing declaration and the quantities recorded in the take-over declaration or the sales note.

#### 1.13. Full inspection

- 1.13.1. The competent authorities of a Member State shall ensure that at least 15 % of the quantities of fish landed and at least 10 % of the landings of fish are subject to full inspections which shall include at least the following:
  - (a) monitoring of the weighing of the catch from the vessel, by species. In the case of vessels pumping catch ashore the weighing of the entire discharge from the vessels selected for inspection shall be monitored. In the case of freezer trawlers, all boxes shall be counted. A representative sample of boxes/pallets shall be weighed in order to arrive at an average weight for the boxes/pallets. Sampling of boxes shall also be undertaken according to an approved methodology in order to arrive at an average net weight for the fish (without packing, ice);
  - (b) in addition to the cross checks referred to in point 1.12 cross verification between the following:
    - quantities by species recorded in the weighing logbook and the quantities by species recorded in the take-over declaration or the sales note;
    - (ii) the written declarations received by the competent authorities pursuant to point 1.7.1.(b) (i) and the written declarations held by the receiver of the fish pursuant to point 1.7.1 (b) (ii);
    - (iii) identity numbers of tankers that appear in the written declarations provided for in point 1.7.1 (b)(i) and the weighing logbooks;
  - (c) if the discharge is interrupted, permission shall be required before the discharge can recommence;
  - (d) verification that the vessel is empty of all fish, once the discharge has been completed.

#### 1.14. Documentation

1.14.1. All inspection activities covered by point 1 shall be documented. Such documentation shall be kept for 3 years.

## 2. Fishing for herring in EC waters of ices zone IIa

It shall be prohibited to land or retain on board herring caught in EC waters of zone IIa in the periods 1 January to 28 February and 16 May to 31 December.

#### 3. Technical conservation measures in the Skagerrak and in the Kattegat

By way of derogation from the provisions set out in Annex IV of Regulation (EC) No 850/98, the provisions in Appendix 1 to this Annex shall apply.

## 4. Electric fishing in ices zones IVc and IVb

- 4.1. By way of derogation from Article 31(1) of Regulation (EC) No 850/98 fishing with beam trawl using electrical pulse current shall be allowed in ICES zones IVc and IVb south of a rhumb line joined by the following points, which shall be measured according to the WGS84 coordinate system:
  - a point on the east coast of the United Kingdom at latitude 55° N,
  - then east to latitude 55° N, longitude 5° E,

- then north to latitude 56° N,
- and finally east to a point on the west coast of Denmark at latitude 56° N
- 4.2. The following measures shall apply in 2007:
  - (a) no more than 5 % of the beam trawler fleet by Member State shall be allowed to use the electric pulse trawl;
  - (b) the maximum electrical power in kW for each beam trawl shall be no more than the length in metre of the beam multiplied by 1,25;
  - (c) the effective voltage between the electrodes shall be no more than 15 V;
  - (d) the vessel shall be equipped with an automatic computer management system which records the maximum power used per beam and the effective voltage between electrodes for at least the last 100 tows. It shall be not possible for non authorized person to modify this automatic computer management system;
  - (e) It shall be prohibited to use one or more tickler chains in front of the footrope.

## 5. Closure of an area for sandeel fisheries in ICES zone IV

- 5.1. It shall be prohibited to land or retain on board sandeels caught within the geographical area bounded by the east coast of England and Scotland, and enclosed by sequentially joining with rhumb lines the following positions, which shall be measured according to the WGS84 coordinate system:
  - the east coast of England at latitude 55°30'N,
  - latitude 55°30'N, longitude 1°00'W,
  - latitude 58°00'N, longitude 1°00'W,
  - latitude 58°00'N, longitude °00'W,
  - the east coast of Scotland at longitude 2°00'W.
- 5.2. Fisheries for scientific investigation shall be allowed in order to monitor the sandeel stock in the area and the effects of the closure.

## 6. Rockall Haddock box in ICES zone VI

All fishing, except with longlines, shall be prohibited in the areas enclosed by sequentially joining with rhumb lines the following positions, which shall be measured according to the WGS84 coordinate system:

Point No	Latitude	Longitude
1	57°00'N	15°00'W
2	57°00'N	$14^{\rm o}00'{ m W}$
3	56°30'N	$14^{\rm o}00'{ m W}$
4	56°30'N	15°00'W

## 7. Restrictions on fishing for cod in ices zones VI and VII

#### 7.1. ICES zone VIa

Until 31 December 2007, it shall be prohibited to conduct any fishing activity within the areas enclosed by sequentially joining with rhumb lines the following positions, which shall be measured according to the WGS84 coordinate system:

- 59°05′N, 06°45′W
- 59°30'N, 06°00'W
- 59°40'N, 05°00'W
- 60°00'N, 04°00'W
- 59°30'N, 04°00'W
- 59°05'N, 06°45'W.

## 7.2. ICES zones VII f and g

From 1 February 2007 until 31 March 2007, it shall be prohibited to conduct any fishing activity in the following ICES rectangles: 30E4, 31E4, 32E3. This prohibition shall not apply within 6 nautical miles from the baseline.

- 7.3. By way of derogation from points 7.1. and 7.2. it shall be permitted to conduct fishing activities using pots and creels within the specified areas and time periods, provided that:
  - (i) no fishing gear other than pots and creels are carried on board, and
  - (ii) no fish other than shellfish and crustacea are retained on board.
- 7.4. By way of derogation from points 7.1. and 7.2., it shall be permitted to conduct fishing activities within the areas referred to in those points using nets of mesh size less than 55 mm, provided that:
  - (i) no net of mesh size greater than or equal to 55 mm is carried on board, and
  - (ii) no fish other than herring, mackerel, pilchard/sardines, sardinelles, horse mackerel, sprat, blue whiting and argentines are retained on board.

## 8. Technical conservation measures in the Irish Sea

- 8.1. In the period from 14 February to 30 April 2007 it shall be prohibited to use any demersal trawl, seine or similar towed net, any gill net, trammel net, tangle net or similar static net or any fishing gear incorporating hooks within that part of ICES division VIIa enclosed by:
  - the east coast of Ireland and the east coast of Northern Ireland and
  - straight lines sequentially joining the following geographical coordinates:
    - a point on the east coast of the Ards peninsula in Northern Ireland at 54° 30 N,
    - 54° 30\_ N, 04° 50\_ W,
    - 54° 15\_ N, 04° 50\_ W,
    - a point on the east coast of Ireland at 53° 15 N.

- 8.2. By way of derogation from point 8.1, within the area and time period referred to therein:
  - (a) the use of demersal otter trawls shall be permitted provided that no other type of fishing gear is retained on board and that such nets:
    - (i) are of mesh size either 70 mm to 79 mm or 80 mm to 99 mm, and
    - (ii) are of only one of the permitted mesh size ranges, and
    - (iii) incorporate no individual mesh, irrespective of its position within the net, of mesh size greater than 300 mm, and
    - (iv) are deployed only within an area enclosed by sequentially joining with rhumb lines the following coordinates:
      - 53° 30' N, 05° 30' W
      - 53° 30' N, 05° 20' W
      - 54° 20' N, 04° 50' W
      - 54° 30' N, 05° 10' W
      - 54° 30' N, 05° 20' W
      - 54° 00' N, 05° 50' W
      - 54° 00' N, 06° 10' W
      - 53° 45' N, 06° 10' W
      - 53° 45' N, 05° 30' W
      - 53° 30' N, 05° 30' W;
  - (b) the use of separator trawls shall be permitted provided that no other type of fishing gear is retained on board and that such nets:
    - (i) comply with the conditions laid down in subparagraph (a), and
    - (ii) are constructed in conformity with the technical details provided in the Annex.

Furthermore, separator trawls may also be used within an area enclosed by rhumb lines sequentially joining the following coordinates:

- 53° 45' N, 06° 00" W
- 53° 45' N, 05° 30' W
- 53° 30' N, 05° 30' W
- 53° 30' N, 06° 00' W
- 53° 45' N, 06° 00' W.
- 8.3. The technical conservation measures referred to in Articles 3 and 4 of Council Regulation (EC) No 254/2002 of 12 February 2002 establishing measures to be applicable in 2002 for the recovery of the stock of cod in the Irish Sea (zone VIIa) (¹) shall apply.

<sup>(1)</sup> OJ L 41, 13.2.2002, p. 1.

## 9. Use of gillnets in ICES Zones VIa, b, VII b, c, j, k and XII

- 9.1. For the purposes of this Annex, gillnet and entangling net means a gear made up of a single piece of net and held vertically in the water. It catches living aquatic resources by entangling or enmeshing.
- 9.2. For the purposes of this Annex, trammel net means a gear made up of two or more pieces of net hung jointly in parallel on a single headline and held vertically in the water.
- 9.3. Community vessels shall not deploy gillnets, entangling nets and trammel nets at any position where the charted depth is greater than 200 metres in ICES Zones VIa, b, VII b, c, j, k and XII east of 27° W.
- 9.4. By way of derogation from point 9.3 it shall be permitted to use the following gear:
  - (a) Gillnets with a mesh size equal to or greater than 120 mm and less than 150 mm, provided that they are deployed in waters of less than 600 metres charted depth, are no more than 100 meshes deep, have a hanging ratio of not less than 0,5, and are rigged with floats or equivalent floatation. The nets shall each be of a maximum of 2,5 km in length, and the total length of all nets deployed at any one time shall not exceed 25 km per vessel. The maximum soak time shall be 24 hours; or
  - (b) Entangling nets with a mesh size equal to or greater than 250 mm, provided that they are deployed in waters of less than 600 metres charted depth, are no more than 15 meshes deep, have a hanging ratio of not less than 0,33, and are not rigged with floats or other means of floatation. The nets shall each be of a maximum of 10 km in length. The total length of all nets deployed at any one time shall not exceed 100 km per vessel. The maximum soak time shall be 72 hours.
- 9.5. Only one of the types of gear described in points 9.4.(a) and 9.4.(b) shall be carried aboard the vessel at any one time. To allow for the replacement of lost or damaged gear, vessels may carry on board nets with a total length 20 % greater than the maximum length of the fleets that may be deployed at any one time. All gear shall be marked in accordance with Commission Regulation (EC) No 356/2005 of 1 March 2005 laying down detailed rules for the marking and identification of passive fishing gear and beam trawls (¹).
- 9.6. All vessels deploying gillnets or entangling nets at any position where the charted depth is greater than 200 metres in ICES Zones VIa, b, VII b, c, j, k and XII east of 27° W must hold a special fixed net fishing permit issued by the flag Member State.
- 9.7. The master of a vessel with a fixed net permit referred to in point 9.6 shall record in the logbook the amount and lengths of gear carried by a vessel before it leaves port and when it returns to port, and must account for any discrepancy between the two quantities.
- 9.8. The naval services or other competent authorities shall have the right to remove unattended gear at sea in ICES Zones VIa, b, VII b, c, j, k and XII east of 27° W in the following situations:
  - (a) the gear is not properly marked;
  - (b) the buoy markings or VMS data indicate that the owner has been located at a distance less than 100 nautical miles from the gear for more than 120 hours;
  - (c) the gear is deployed in waters with a charted depth greater than that permitted;
  - (d) the gear is of an illegal mesh size.
- 9.9. The master of a vessel with a fixed net permit referred to in point 9.6 shall record in the logbook the following information during each fishing trip:
  - the mesh size of the net deployed,
  - the nominal length of one net,

<sup>(1)</sup> OJ L 56, 2.3.2005, p. 8. Regulation as amended by Regulation (EC) No 1805/2005 (OJ L 290, 4.11.2005, p. 12).

- the number of nets in a fleet,
- the total number of fleets deployed,
- the position of each fleet deployed,
- the depth of each fleet deployed,
- the soak time of each fleet deployed,
- the quantity of any gear lost, its last known position and date of loss.
- 9.10. Vessels fishing with a fixed net permit referred to in point 9.6 shall only be permitted to land in the ports designated by the Member States in accordance with Article 7 of Regulation (EC) 2347/2002.
- 9.11. The quantity of sharks retained on board by any vessel using the gear type described in point 9.4.(b) shall be no more than 5 % by live-weight of the total quantity of marine organisms retained on board.

## 10. Condition for fisheries with certain towed gears authorized in the Bay of Biscay

By way of derogation of the provisions laid down in Article 5(2) of Commission Regulation (EC) No 494/2002 of 19 March 2002 establishing additional technical measures for recovery of the stock of hake in ICES zones III, IV, V, VI and VII and ICES zones VIII a, b, d, e  $(^1)$ , it shall be permitted to conduct fishing activity using trawls, Danish seines and similar gears, except beam trawls, of mesh size range 70 to 99 mm in the area defined in Article 5(1)(b) of Regulation (EC) No 494/2002 if the gear is fitted with a square mesh window in accordance with Appendix 3 to this Annex.

#### 11. Restrictions on fishing for anchovy in ices zone VIII and for roundnose grenadier in ICES zone IIIa

- 11.1. In ICES zone VIII it shall be prohibited to catch, retain on board, tranship or land anchovy.
- 11.2. If the catch limits for anchovy in ICES zone VIII are revised in accordance with Article 5(5), point 11.1of this Annex shall not apply.
- 11.3. Notwithstanding Council Regulation (EC) No 2015/2006 no directed fishery for roundnose grenadier shall be conducted ICES zone IIIa pending consultations between the European Community and Norway in early 2007.

#### 12. Fishing effort for deep sea species

By way of derogation from Regulation (EC) No 2347/2002, the following shall apply in 2007:

- 12.1. Member States shall ensure that fishing activities which lead to catches and retention on board of more than 10 tonnes each calendar year of deep-sea species and of Greenland halibut by vessels flying their flag and registered in their territory shall be subject to a deep-sea fishing permit.
- 12.2. It shall however be prohibited to catch and retain on board, tranship or to land any aggregate quantity of the deep sea species and of Greenland halibut in excess of 100 kg in each sea trip, unless the vessel in question holds a deep-sea permit.

<sup>(1)</sup> OJ L 77, 20.3.2002, p. 8.

## 13. Interim measures for the protection of vulnerable deep-sea habitats

It shall be prohibited to conduct bottom trawling and fishing with static gear, including bottom set gill-nets and longlines, within the areas enclosed by sequentially joining with rhumb lines the following positions, which shall be measured according to the WGS84 coordinate system:

#### The Hecate Seamounts:

- 52° 21.2866' N, 31° 09.2688' W
- 52° 20.8167' N, 30° 51.5258' W
- 52° 12.0777' N, 30° 54.3824' W
- 52° 12.4144' N, 31° 14.8168' W
- 52° 21.2866' N, 31° 09.2688' W

#### The Faraday Seamounts:

- 50° 01.7968' N, 29° 37.8077' W
- 49° 59.1490' N, 29° 29.4580' W
- 49° 52.6429' N, 29° 30.2820' W
- 49° 44.3831' N, 29° 02.8711' W
- 49° 44.4186' N, 28° 52.4340' W
- 49° 36.4557' N, 28° 39.4703' W
- 49° 29.9701' N, 28° 45.0183' W
- 49° 49.4197' N, 29° 42.0923' W
- 50° 01.7968' N, 29° 37.8077' W

## Part of the Reykjanes Ridge:

- 55° 04.5327' N, 36° 49.0135' W
- 55° 05.4804' N, 35° 58.9784' W
- 54° 58.9914' N, 34° 41.3634' W
- 54° 41.1841' N, 34° 00.0514' W
- 54° 00.0'N, 34° 00.0' W
- 53° 54.6406' N, 34° 49.9842' W
- 53° 58.9668' N, 36° 39.1260' W
- 55° 04.5327' N, 36° 49.0135' W

## The Altair Seamounts:

- 44° 50.4953' N, 34° 26.9128' W
- 44° 47.2611' N, 33° 48.5158' W
- 44° 31.2006' N, 33° 50.1636' W
- 44° 38.0481' N, 34° 11.9715' W
- 44° 38.9470' N, 34° 27.6819' W
- 44° 50.4953' N, 34° 26.9128' W

#### The Antialtair Seamounts:

- 43° 43.1307' N, 22° 44.1174' W
- 43° 39.5557' N, 22° 19.2335' W
- 43° 31.2802' N, 22° 08.7964' W
- 43° 27.7335' N, 22° 14.6192' W
- 43° 30.9616' N, 22° 32.0325' W
- 43° 40.6286' N, 22° 47.0288' W
- 43° 43.1307' N, 22° 44.1174' W

#### Hatton Bank:

- 59° 26' N, 14° 30' W
- 59° 12' N, 15° 08' W
- 59° 01' N, 17° 00' W
- 58° 50' N, 17° 38' W
- 58° 30' N, 17° 52' W
- 58° 30' N, 18° 45' W
- 58° 47' N, 18° 37' W
- 59° 05' N, 17° 32' W
- 59° 16' N, 17° 20' W
- 59° 22' N, 16° 50' W
- 59° 21' N, 15° 40' W

# North West Rockall:

- 57° 00' N, 14° 53' W
- 57° 37' N, 14° 42' W
- 57° 55' N, 14° 24' W
- 58° 15' N, 13° 50' W
- 57° 57' N, 13° 09' W
- 57° 50' N, 13° 14' W
- 57° 57' N, 13° 45' W
- 57° 49' N, 14° 06' W
- 57° 29' N, 14° 19' W
- 57° 22' N, 14° 19' W
- 57° 00' N, 14° 34' W

# Logachev Mound:

- 55° 17' N, 16° 10' W
- 55° 34' N, 15° 07' W
- 55° 50' N, 15° 15' W
- 55° 33' N, 16° 16' W

West Rockall Mound:

- 57° 20' N, 16° 30' W
- 57° 05' N, 15° 58' W
- 56° 21' N, 17° 17' W
- 56° 40' N, 17° 50' W

## Part B

Highly migratory fish in the Eastern Atlantic and the Mediterranean

- 14. Minimum size for bluefin tuna in the East Atlantic and Mediterranean Sea (1)
- 14.1. By way of derogation from Article 6 and Annex IV of Regulation (EC) No 973/2001, the minimum size for bluefin tuna in the Mediterranean Sea shall be 10 kg or 80 cm.
- 14.2. By way of derogation from Article 7(1) of Regulation (EC) No 973/2001, no tolerance limit shall be granted for bluefin tuna fished in the East Atlantic and in the Mediterranean Sea.

## 15. Minimum size for bigeye tuna

By way of derogation from Article 6 and Annex IV of Regulation (EC) No 973/2001, the minimum size of bigeye tuna shall not apply.

- 16. Restrictions on the use of certain types of vessels and gears
- 16.1. In order to protect the stock of bigeye tuna, in particular juvenile fish, fishing by purse seiners and baitboats shall be prohibited and in the area specified in points (a) and for the period specified in (b):
  - (a) the area is the following:
    - Southern limit: parallel 0° South latitude
    - Northern limit: parallel 5° North latitude
    - Western limit: meridian 20° West longitude
    - Eastern limit: meridian 10° West longitude;
  - (b) the period covered by the prohibition shall be from 1 November to 30 November of each year.
- 16.2. By way of derogation from Article 3 of Regulation (EC) No 973/2001, Community vessels shall be authorised to fish without restriction on the use of certain types of vessels and gears in the area referred to in Article 3(2) of that Regulation and during the period specified in Article 3(1) of that Regulation.

<sup>(1)</sup> See footnote 1 in Annex ID concerning bluefin tuna.

16.3. Pending the entry into force of Council Regulation (EC) No 1967/2006 of 21 December 2006 concerning management measures for the sustainable exploitation of fishery resources in the Mediterranean Sea (¹) the fisheries currently operating under the derogations provided for in Article 3(1) and (1a) and Article 6(1) and (1a) of Regulation (EC) No1626/94 may temporarily continue their activity in 2007.

#### 17. Measures concerning sport and recreational fishing activities in the Mediterranean Sea

- 17.1. Each Member State shall take the necessary measures to forbid the use, within the framework of sport and recreational fishing of towed nets, encircling nets, seine sliding, dredger, gillnets, trammel nets and longline to fish for tuna and tuna-like species, notably bluefin tuna, in the Mediterranean Sea.
- 17.2. Each Member State shall ensure that catches of tuna and tuna-like species carried out in the Mediterranean Sea as a result from sport and recreational fishing are not marketed.

#### 18. Sampling plan for bluefin Tuna

By way of derogation from Article 5a of Regulation (EC) No 973/2001, each Member State shall establish a sampling programme for the estimation of the numbers-at-size of the bluefin tuna caught; this requires notably that size sampling at cages must be done on one sample (= 100 specimen) for every 100 tonnes of live fish. Size sample will be collected during harvesting ( $^2$ ) at the farm, in accordance with the ICCAT methodology for reporting Task II. The sampling should be conducted during any harvesting, covering all cages. Data must be transmitted to ICCAT by 1 May 2007 for the sampling conducted the previous year.

#### Part C

## Eastern Atlantic

## 19. Eastern Central Atlantic

The minimum size for octopus (*Octopus vulgaris*) in the maritime waters under the sovereignty or jurisdiction of third countries and situated in the CECAF (FAO Fishery Committee for the Eastern Central Atlantic) region shall be 450 g (gutted). Octopus under the minimum size of 450 g (gutted) shall not be retained on board or be transhipped, landed, transported, stored, sold, displayed or offered for sale, but shall be returned immediately to the sea.

## Part D

## Eastern Pacific Ocean

## 20. Purse seines in the Regulatory Area of the Inter-American Tropical Tuna Commission (IATTC)

- 20.1. The fishing by purse-seine vessels for Yellowfin Tuna (*Thunnus albacares*), Bigeye Tuna (*Thunnus obesus*) and Skipjack Tunas (*Katsuwonus pelamis*) shall be prohibited from either, 1 August to 11 September 2007, or, 20 November to 31 December 2007 in the area defined by the following limits:
  - the Pacific coastlines of the Americas,
  - longitude 150° W,
  - latitude 40° N,
  - latitude 40° S.

<sup>(1)</sup> OJ L409, 30.12.2006, p. 11.

<sup>(2)</sup> For fish farmed more than 1 year, other additional sampling methods should be established.

- 20.2. The Member States concerned shall notify the Commission of the selected period of closure before 1 July 2007. All the purse seine vessels of the Member States concerned must stop purse-seine fishing in the defined area during the period selected.
- 20.3. As of ... (\*) purse seiners fishing for tuna in the Regulatory Area of the IATTC shall retain on board and then land all bigeye, skipjack and yellowfin tuna caught, except fish considered unfit for human consumption for reasons other than size. A single exception shall be the final set of a trip, when there may be insufficient well space remaining to accommodate all the tuna caught in that set.

#### Part E

Eastern Pacific Ocean and Western and Central Pacific Ocean

#### 21. Tuna and albacore in the Western and Central Pacific Ocean

Member States shall ensure that the total fishing effort for bigeye tuna, yellowfin tuna, skipjack tuna and south pacific albacore in the Western and Central Pacific Ocean is limited to the fishing effort provided for in fisheries partnership agreements between the Community and coastal States in the region.

## 22. Special measures for the Eastern, Western and Central Pacific Ocean

In the Eastern, Western and Central Pacific Ocean purse seine vessels shall promptly release unharmed, to the extent practicable, all sea turtles, sharks, billfishes, rays, dorado, and other non-target species. Fishermen shall be encouraged to develop and use techniques and equipment to facilitate the rapid and safe release of any such animals.

## 23. Specific measures applying to encircled or entangled sea turtles

In the Eastern, Western and Central Pacific Ocean the following specific measures shall apply:

- (a) whenever a sea turtle is sighted in the net, all reasonable efforts shall be made to rescue the turtle before it becomes entangled in the net, including, if necessary, the deployment of a speedboat;
- (b) if a turtle is entangled in the net, net roll should stop as soon as the turtle comes out of the water and should not start again until the turtle has been disentangled and released;
- (c) if a turtle is brought on board a vessel, all appropriate methods to assist in the recovery of the turtle should be made before returning it to the water;
- (d) tuna-fishing vessels shall be prohibited from disposing of salt bags or any other type of plastic rubbish at sea;
- (e) the release, when practicable, of sea turtles entangled in Fish Aggregating Devices (FADs) and other fishing gear is encouraged;
- (f) the recovery of FADs which are not being used in the fishery is also encouraged.

<sup>(\*)</sup> Date of entry into force of this Regulation.

## Appendix 1 to Annex III

## TOWED GEARS: Skagerrak and Kattegat

Mesh size ranges, target species and required catch percentages applicable to the use of a single mesh size range

	Mesh size range (mm)									
	<16 16-31		-31	32-69		35-69	70-89 (¹)	≥90		
Species		Minimum percentage of target species								
	50 % (²)	50 % (²)	20 % (²)	50 % (²)	20 % (²)	20 % (³)	30 % ( <sup>4</sup> )	none		
Sandeel (Ammodytidae) (5)	Х	х	х	X	X	Х	Х	Х		
Sandeel (Ammodytidae) (6)		х		x	x	х	х	х		
Norway pout (Trisopterus esmarkii)		x		x	x	x	x	x		
Blue whiting (Micromesistius poutassou)		x		x	x	x	x	x		
Greater weever (Trachinus draco) (7)		x		X	X	x	x	x		
Molluscs (except Sepia) (7)		x		x	x	x	x	x		
Garfish (Belone belone) (7)		x		x	x	x	x	x		
Gray gurnard (Eutrigla gurnardus) ( <sup>7</sup> )		x		X	X	x	x	x		
Argentine (Argentina spp.)				Х	Х	x	x	x		
Sprat (Sprattus sprattus)		Х		X	X	X	х	X		
Eel (Anguilla, anguilla)			х	х	X	х	х	x		
Common shrimp/Baltic shrimp (Crangon spp., Palaemon adspersus) (8)			х	X	X	х	X	X		
Mackerel (Scomber spp.)				х			х	х		
Horse mackerel (Trachurus spp.)				Х			x	x		
Herring (Clupea harengus)				X			X	X		
Northern shrimp (Pandalus borealis)						x	X	x		
Common shrimp/Baltic shrimp (Crangon spp., Palaemon adspersus) (7)					X		X	X		
Whiting (Merlangius merlangus)							х	х		
Norway lobster (Nephrops norvegicus)							Х	X		
All other marine organisms								X		

When applying this mesh size range the codend shall be constructed of square meshed netting with a sorting grid in accordance with Appendix 2.

The catch retained on board shall consist of no more than 10 % of any mixture of cod, haddock, hake, plaice, witch, lemon sole, sole, turbot, brill, flounder, mackerel, megrim, whiting, dab, saithe, Norway lobster and lobster.

The catch retained on board shall consist of no more than 50 % of any mixture of cod, haddock, hake, plaice, witch, lemon sole, sole, turbot, brill, flounder, herring, mackerel, megrim, whiting, dab, saithe, Norway lobster and lobster.

The catch retained on board shall consist of no more than 60 % of any mixture of cod, haddock, hake, plaice, witch, lemon sole, sole, turbot, brill, flounder, megrim, whiting, dab, saithe and lobster.

From 1 March to 31 October in Skagerrak and from 1 March to 31 July in Kattegat.

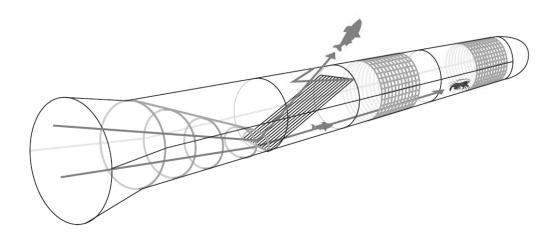
From 1 November to the last day of February in Skagerrak and from 1 August to the last day of February in Kattegat.

Only within four miles from the baselines.

#### Appendix 2 to Annex III

## Specifications fo the Sorting grid for 70 mm trawl fishery

- (a) The species selective grid shall be attached in trawls with full square mesh codend with a mesh size equal to or larger than 70 mm and smaller than 90 mm. The minimum length of the codend shall be 8 m. It shall be prohibited to use any trawl having more than 100 square meshes in any circumference of the codend, excluding the joining or the selvedges.
- (b) The grid shall be rectangular. The bars of the grid shall be parallel to the longitudinal axis of the grid. The bar spacing of the grid shall not exceed 35 mm. It shall be permitted to use one or more hinges in order to facilitate its storage on the net drum.
- (c) The grid shall be mounted diagonally in the trawl, upwards backwards, anywhere from just in front of the codend to the anterior end of the untapered section. All sides of the grid shall be attached to the trawl.
- (d) In the upper panel of the trawl there shall be an unblocked fish outlet in immediate connection to the upper side of the grid. The opening of the fish outlet shall have the same width in the posterior side as the width of the grid and shall be cut out to a tip in the anterior direction along mesh bars from both sides of the grid.
- (e) It shall be permitted to attach in front of the grid a funnel to lead the fish towards the trawl floor and grid. The minimum mesh size of the funnel shall be 70 mm. The minimum vertical opening of the guiding funnel towards the grid shall be 15 cm. The width of the guiding funnel towards the grid shall be the grid width.



Schematic illustration of a size and species selective trawl. Entering fish is lead towards the trawl floor and grid via a leading funnel. Larger fish is then led out of the trawl by the grid while smaller fish and Norway lobster pass through the grid and enter the codend. The full square mesh codend enhance escapement of small fish and undersized Norway lobster.

#### Appendix 3 to Annex III

## Condition for fisheries with certain towed gears authorized in ICES zones III, IV, V, VI, VII and VIII a, b, d, e

(a) Specifications of the top square mesh window

Specifications of 100 mm, measured as inner opening, square mesh window in the rear tapered section of the trawl, Danish seine or similar gear with a mesh size equal to or larger than 70 mm and smaller than 100 mm.

The window shall be a rectangular section of netting. There shall be only one window. The window shall not be obstructed in any way by either internal or external attachments.

b) Location of the window

The window shall be inserted into the middle of the top panel of the rear tapered section of the trawl just in front of the untapered section constituted by the extension piece and the codend.

The window shall terminate not more than 12 meshes from the hand braided row of meshes between the extension piece and the rear tapered section of the trawl.

(c) Size of the window

The length and the width of the window shall be at least 2 m and at least 1 m respectively.

(d) Netting of the window

The meshes shall have a minimum mesh opening of 100 mm. The meshes will be square meshes, i.e. all four sides of the window netting shall be cut all bars.

The netting shall be mounted such that the bars run parallel and perpendicular to the longitudinal axis of the codend.

The netting shall be single twine. The twine thickness shall be not more than 4 mm.

(e) Insertion of the window into the diamond meshes netting

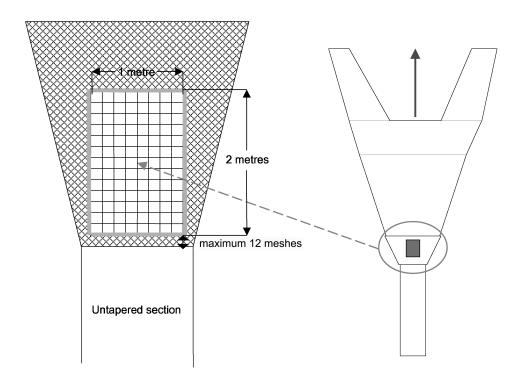
It shall be permitted to attach a selvedge on the four sides of the window. The diameter of this selvedge shall be no more than 12 mm.

The stretched length of the window shall be equal to the strength length of the diamond meshes attached to the longitudinal side of the window.

The number of diamond meshes of the top panel attached to the smallest side of the window (i.e. one metre long side which is perpendicular to the longitudinal axis of the codend) shall be at least the number of full diamond meshes attached to the longitudinal side of the window divided by 0,7.

# (f) Other

The insertion of the window into the trawl is illustrated below.



# ANNEX IV

PART I

Quantitative limitations of licences and fishing permits for Community vessels fishing in third country waters

Area of fishing	Fishery	Number of licences	Allocation of licences amongst Member States	Maximum num- ber of vessels present at any time
Norwegian waters and fishery zone around Jan Mayen	Herring, North of 62°00'N	77	DK: 26, DE: 5, FR: 1, IRL: 7, NL: 9, SW: 10, UK: 17, PL: 1	55
	Demersal species, North of 62°00'N	80	FR: 18, PT: 9, DE: 16, ES: 20, UK: 14, IRL: 1	50
	Mackerel, South of 62°00'N, purse seine fishery	11	DE: 1 (¹), DK: 26 (¹), FR: 2 (¹), NL: 1 (¹)	not relevant
	Mackerel, South of 62°00'N, trawl fishery	19		not relevant
	Mackerel, North of 62°00'N, purse seine fishery	11 (²)	DK: 11	not relevant
	Industrial species, South of 62°00'N	480	DK: 450, UK: 30	150
Waters of the Faroe Islands	All trawl fisheries with vessels of not more than 180 feet in the zone between 12 and 21 miles from the Faroese baselines	26	BE: 0, DE: 4, FR: 4, UK: 18	13
	Directed fishing for cod and haddock with a minimum mesh of 135 mm, restricted to the area south of 62°28'N and east of 6°30'W	8 (3)		4
	Trawling outside 21 miles from the Faroese baseline. In the periods 1 March to 31 May and 1 October to 31 December, these vessels may operate in the area between 61°20'N and 62°00'N and between 12 and 21 miles from the baselines.	70	BE: 0, DE: 10, FR: 40, UK: 20	26
	Trawl fisheries for blue ling with a minimum mesh of 100 mm in the area south of 61°30'N and west of 9°00'W and in the area between 7°00'W and 9°00'W south of 60°30'N and in the area southwest of a line between 60°30'N, 7°00'W and 60°00'N, 6°00'W.	70	DE: 8 (4), FR: 12 (4), UK: 0 (4)	20 (5)

Area of fishing	Fishery	Number of licences	Allocation of licences amongst Member States	Maximum num- ber of vessels present at any time
	Directed trawl fishery for saithe with a minimum mesh size of 120 mm and with the possibility to use round-straps around the codend.	70		22 (5)
	Fisheries for blue whiting. The total number of licences may be increased by four vessels to form pairs, should the Faroese authorities introduce special rules of access to an area called 'main fishing area of blue whiting'	36	DE: 3, DK: 19, FR: 2, UK: 5, NL: 5	20
	Line fishing	10	UK: 10	6
	Fishing for mackerel	12	DK: 12	12
	Herring fisheries north of 62°N	21	DE: 1, DK: 7, FR: 0, UK: 5, IRL: 2, NL: 3, SW: 3	21

This allocation is valid for purse and trawl fisheries.

To be selected from the 11 licences for purse seine fishery for mackerel South of 62°00'N.

Following the Agreed Record of 1999, the figures for the Directed fishing for cod and haddock are included in the figures for 'All trawl fisheries with vessels of not more than 180 feet in the zone between 12 and 21 miles from the Faroese baselines'.

These figures are included in the figures for 'Trawling outside 21 miles from the Faroese baselines'.

PART II Quantitative limitations of licences and fishing permits for third country fishing vessels in Community waters

Flag State	Fishery	Number of licences	Maximum number of vessels present at any time
Norway	Herring, North of 62°00'N	18	18
Faeroe Islands	Mackerel, VIa (north of 56°30'N), VIIe, f,h, horse mackerel, IV, VIa (north of 56°30'N), VIIe, f,h; herring, VIa (north of 56°30'N)	14	14
	Herring north of 62°00'N	21	21
	Herring, IIIa	4	4
	Industrial fishing for Norway pout and sprat, IV, VIa (north of 56°30'N): sandeel, IV (including unavoidable by-catches of blue whiting)	15	15
	Ling and tusk	20	10
	Blue whiting, II, VIa (north of 56°30'N), VIb, VII (west of 12°00'W)	20	20
	Blue ling	16	16
Venezuela	Snappers (1) (French Guyana waters)	41	pm
	Sharks (French Guyana waters)	4	pm

<sup>(1)</sup> To be fished exclusively with long lines or traps (snappers) or long lines or mesh nets having a minimum mesh of 100 mm, at depths greater than 30 m (sharks). To issue these licences, proof must be produced that a valid contract exists between the ship owner applying for the licence and a processing undertaking situated in the Department of French Guyana, and that it includes an obligation to land at least 75% of all snapper catches, or 50% of all shark catches from the vessel concerned in that department so that they may be processed in that undertaking's plant.

That contract must be endorsed by the French authorities, which shall ensure that it is consistent both with the actual capacity of the contracting processing undertaking and with the objectives for the development of the Guyanese economy. A copy of the duly endorsed contract shall be appended to the licence application.

Where that endorsement is refused, the French authorities shall give notification of this refusal and state their reasons for it to the party concerned and to the Commission

concerned and to the Commission.

# PART III

# Declaration pursuant to Article 25(2)

	LANDING DE	CLARATION (¹)	
Name of vessel: Name of master: Master's signature: Voyage made from the		to the	Registration No: Name of agent:
Port of landing:			
	Quantity of shrimps l	anded (in live-weight)	
"Head-off" shrimps: or ( x 1,6) =	kg kg (head-on shrimps)		
"Head-on" shrimps:	kg		
Thunnidae: kg		Snapper (Lutjanidae):	kg
Shark: kg		Other: kg	

<sup>(</sup>¹) One copy is kept by the master, one copy is kept by the control officer, and one copy is to be sent to the Commission of the European Communities.

#### ANNEX V

## PART I

#### Information to be recorded in the logbook

When fishing is carried out within the 200-nautical-mile zone off the coasts of the Member States of the Community which is covered by Community rules on fisheries, the following details are to be entered in the log-book immediately after the following events:

After each haul:

- 1.1. the quantity (in kilograms live-weight) of each species caught;
- 1.2. the date and the time of the haul;
- 1.3. the geographical position in which the catches were made;
- 1.4. the fishing method used.

After each trans-shipment to or from another vessel:

- 2.1. the indication 'received from' or 'transferred to';
- 2.2. the quantity (in kilograms live-weight) of each species trans-shipped;
- 2.3. the name, external identifications letters and numbers of the vessel to or from which the trans-shipment occurred;
- 2.4. trans-shipment of cod is not allowed.

After each landing in a port of the Community:

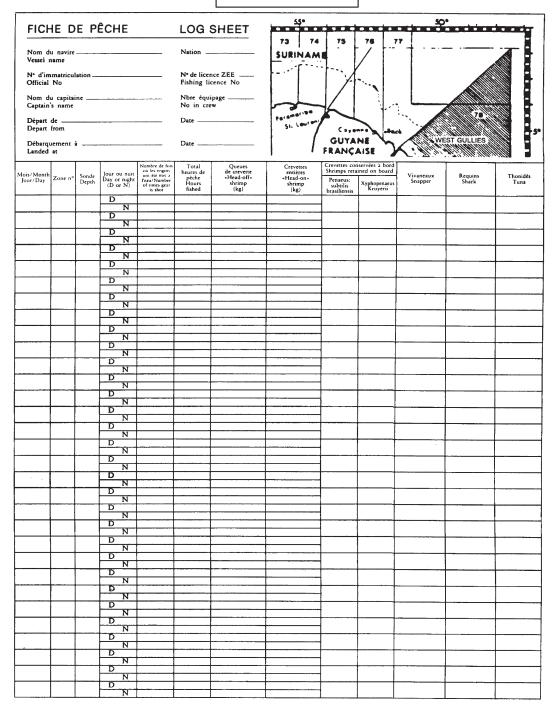
- 3.1. name of the port;
- 3.2. the quantity (in kilograms live-weight) of each species landed.

After each transmission of information to the Commission of the European Communities:

- 4.1. date and time of the transmission;
- 4.2. type of message: 'catch on entry', 'catch on exit', 'catch', 'transhipment';
- 4.3. in the case of radio transmission: name of the radio station.

## PART II

# Log-book model



#### ANNEX VI

## CONTENT AND MODALITIES OF THE TRANSMISSION OF INFORMATION TO THE COMMISSION

- The information to be transmitted to the Commission of the European Communities and the timetable for its transmission is as follows:
  - 1.1. On each occasion a vessel commences a fishing trip (1) in Community waters it shall send a 'catch on entry' message specifying the following

SR	m (²)	(= start of record)
AD	m	XEU (= to Commission of the European Communities)
SQ	m	(serial number of message in current year)
TM	m	COE (= 'catch on entry')
RC	m	(international radio call sign)
TN	o (3)	(fishing trip serial number in the year)
NA	0	(name of the vessel)
IR	m	(Flag state as ISO-3 country code, where applicable followed by a unique reference number, if any, as applied in the flag state)
XR	m	(external identification letters; side number of the vessel)
LT (4)	o (5)	(latitude position of the vessel at time of transmission)
LG (4)	o (5)	(longitude position of the vessel at time of transmission)
LI	0	(estimated latitude position where the master intends to commence fishing, degrees or decimal presentation)
LN	0	(estimated longitude position where the master intends to commence fishing, degrees or decimal presentation)
RA	m	(relevant ICES area)
OB	m	(quantity by species on board, in the hold, in pairs as needed: FAO code + live weight in kilograms, rounded to the nearest 100 kilograms
DA	m	(date of transmission in yyyymmdd format)
TI	m	(time of transmission in hhmm format)
MA	m	(name of the master of the vessel)
ER	m	(= end of record)

1.2. On each occasion a vessel terminates a fishing trip (6) in Community waters it shall send a 'catch on exit' message specifying the following:

SR	m	(= start of record)
AD	m	XEU (= to Commission of the European Communities)
SQ	m	(serial number of message for that vessel in current year)
TM	m	COX (= 'catch on exit')
RC	m	(international radio call sign)
TN	0	(fishing trip serial number in the year)
NA	0	(name of the vessel)
IR	m	(Flag state as ISO-3 country code, where applicable followed by a unique reference number, if any, as applied in the flag state)
XR	m	(external identification letters; side number of the vessel)
LT ( <sup>7</sup> )	o (8)	(latitude position of the vessel at time of transmission)
LG ( <sup>7</sup> )	o (8)	(longitude position of the vessel at time of transmission)

A fishing trip means a voyage commencing when a vessel intending to fish enters the 200-nautical-mile zone off the coasts of the Member States of the Community which is covered by the Community rules on fisheries and terminating when a vessel leaves that zone.

m = mandatory

o = optional

<sup>(&</sup>lt;sup>3</sup>) LT, LG: must be specified as decimal figure, 3 figures after the decimal point; until 31.12.2006 the use of LA and LO, with data in degrees and minutes continues to be supported.

Optional if a vessel is subject to satellite tracking.

A fishing trip means a voyage commencing when a vessel intending to fish enters the 200-nautical-mile zone off the coasts of the Member States of the Community which is covered by the Community rules on fisheries and terminating when a vessel leaves that zone.

LT, LG: must be specified as decimal figure, 3 figures after the decimal point; until 31.12.2006 the use of LA and LO, with data in degrees and minutes, continues to be supported.

Optional if a vessel is subject to satellite tracking.

RA	m	(relevant ICES area where catches were taken)
CA	m	(catch quantity by species since last report in pairs as needed, : FAO code + live weight in kilograms, rounded to the nearest 100 kilograms)
OB	0	(quantity by species on board, in the hold, in pairs as needed: FAO code + live weight in kilograms, rounded to the nearest $100  \text{kilograms}$
DF	0	(days fished since last report)
DA	m	(date of transmission in yyyymmdd format)
TI	m	(time of transmission in hhmm format)
MA	m	(name of the master of the vessel)
ER	m	(= end of record)

1.3. At three-day intervals, commencing on the third day after the vessel first enters the zones referred to under 1.1 when fishing for herring and mackerel, and in weekly intervals, commencing the seventh day after the vessel first enters the zones referred to under 1.1 when fishing for all species other than herring and mackerel, a 'catch report' message has to be sent, specifying:

SR	m	(= start of record)
AD	m	XEU (= to Commission of the European Communities)
SQ	m	(serial number of message for that vessel in current year)
TM	m	CAT (= 'catch report')
RC	m	(international radio call sign)
TN	O	(fishing trip serial number in the year)
NA	O	(name of the vessel)
IR	m	(Flag state as ISO-3 country code, where applicable followed by a unique reference number, if any, as applied in the flag state)
XR	m	(external identification letters; side number of the vessel)
LT (1)	o (2)	(latitude position of the vessel at time of transmission)
LG (1)	o (2)	(longitude position of the vessel at time of transmission)
RA	m	(relevant ICES area where catches were taken)
CA	m	(catch quantity by species since last report in pairs as needed, : FAO code + live weight in kilograms, rounded to the nearest 100 kilograms)
OB	0	(quantity by species on board, in the hold, in pairs as needed,: FAO code + live weight in kilograms, rounded to the nearest 100 kilograms
DF	O	(days fished since last report)
DA	m	(date of transmission in yyyymmdd format)
TI	m	(time of transmission in hhmm format)
MA	m	(name of the master of the vessel)
ER	m	(= end of record)

1.4. Whenever a trans-shipment is planned between the 'catch on entry' and 'catch on exit' message and apart from the 'catch report' messages, an additional 'trans-shipment' message has to be sent minimum 24 hours in advance, specifying:

SR	m	(= start of record)
AD	m	XEU (= to Commission of the European Communities)
SQ	m	(serial number of message for that vessel in current year)
TM	m	TRA (= 'trans-shipment')
RC	m	(international radio call sign)
TN	0	(fishing trip serial number in the year)
NA	0	(name of the vessel)
IR	m	(Flag state as ISO-3 country code, where applicable followed by a unique reference number, if any, as applied in the flag state)
XR	m	(external identification letters; side number of the vessel)
KG	m	(quantity by species on- or off-loaded in pairs as needed, : FAO code + live weight in kilograms, rounded to the nearest 100 kilograms)
TT	m	(international radio call sign of the receiving vessel)
TF	m	(international radio call sign of the donor vessel)

<sup>(1)</sup> LT, LG: must be specified as decimal figure, 3 figures after the decimal point; until 31.12.2006 the use of LA and LO, with data in degrees and minutes, continues to be supported.

<sup>(2)</sup> Optional if a vessel is subject to satellite tracking.

LT (1)	$m/o (^2), (^3)$	(predicted latitude position of the vessel where the trans-shipment is planned)
LG (1)	m/o (2), (3)	(predicted longitude position of the vessel where the trans-shipment is planned)
PD	m	(predicted date when the trans-shipment is planned)
PT	m	(predicted time when the trans-shipment is planned)
DA	m	(date of transmission in yyyymmdd format)
TI	m	(time of transmission in hhmm format)
MA	m	(name of the master of the vessel)
ER	m	(= end of record)

#### 2. Form of the communication

Unless point 3.3 is applied (see below), the information specified above under point 1 shall be transmitted respecting the codes and ordering of data as specified above; in particular,

- the text 'VRONT' must be placed in the subject line of the message;
- each data item will be placed on a new line;
- the data itself will be preceded by the indicated code, separated from each-other by a space.

Example (with fictitious data):

```
SR
           XEU
AD
SQ
           COE
TM
           IRCS
RC
TN
           VESSEL NAME EXAMPLE
NA
           NOR
IR
XR
           PO 12345
           + 65.321
LT
           - 21.123
LO
RA
           04A.
           COD 100 HAD 300
OB
DA
           20051004
MA
           CAPTAIN NAME EXAMPLE
ΤI
           1315
ER
```

## 3. Communication scheme

- 3.1. The information specified under point 1 shall be transmitted by the vessel to the Commission of the European Communities in Brussels by Telex (SAT COM C 420599543 FISH), electronic mail (FISHERIES-telecom@cec.eu. int) or via one of the radio stations listed under point 4 below and in the form specified under point 2.
- 3.2. If it is impossible for reasons of force majeure for the message to be transmitted by the vessel, it may be transmitted on the vessel's behalf by another vessel.

<sup>(</sup>¹) LT, LG: must be specified as decimal figure, 3 figures after the decimal point; until 31.12.2006 the use of LA and LO, with data in degrees and minutes, continues to be supported.

<sup>(2)</sup> Optional if a vessel is subject to satellite tracking.

<sup>(3)</sup> Optional for the receiving vessel.

3.3. In the case a Flag State has the technical capability to send all above messages and contents in the so-called NAF-format on behalf of its operating vessels, that Flag State may — after bilateral agreement between the Flag State and the Commission — transmit this information via a secured transmission protocol to the Commission of the European Communities in Brussels. In that case, some extra information will be added — as a kind of envelope — to the transmission (after the AD information)

FR	m	(from; party alfa ISO-3 country code)
RN	m	(serial number of the record for the relevant year)
RD	m	(date of transmission in yyyymmdd format)
RT	m	(time of transmission in hhmm format)

Example (with data of above)

 $\label{eq:likelihood} $$||SR|/AD|XEU||FR/NOR||RN/5||RD|20051004||RT/1320||SQ|1||TM/COE||RC/IRCS||TN/1||NA/VESSEL NAME EXAMPLE||IR/NOR||XR/PO 12345||LT|+65.321||LG|-21.123||RA|04A.||OB|COD 100 HAD 300||DA| 20051004||T1/1315||MA/CAPTAIN NAME EXAMPLE||ER||$ 

The Flag State will receive a 'return message' specifying:

SR	m	(= start of record)
AD	m	(ISO-3 country code of Flag State)
FR	m	XEU (= to Commission of the European Communities)
RN	m	(serial number of message in current year for which a 'return message' is sent)
TM	m	RET (= 'return')
SQ	m	(serial number of original message for that vessel in current year)
RC	m	(international radio call sign mentioned in original message)
RS	m	(return status — ACK or NAK)
RE	m	(return error number)
DA	m	(date of transmission in yyyymmdd format)
TI	m	(time of transmission in hhmm format)
ER	m	(= end of record)

## 4. Name of the radio station

Name of radio station	Call sign of radio station
Lyngby	OXZ
Land's End	GLD
Valentia	EJK
Malin Head	EJM
Torshavn	OXJ
Bergen	LGN
Farsund	LGZ
Florø	LGL
Rogaland	LGQ
Tjøme	LGT
Ålesund	LGA
Ørlandet	LFO
Bodø	LPG
Svalbard	LGS
Stockholm Radio	STOCKHOLM RADIO
Turku	OFK

# 5. Code to be used to indicate the species

Alfonsinos (Beryx spp.)	ALF
American plaice (Hippoglossoides platessoides)	PLA
Anchovy (Engraulis encrasicolus)	ANE
Angler/Monk (Lophius spp.)	MNZ
Argentine (Argentina silus)	ARG
Atlantic pomfret (Brama brama)	POA
Basking shark (Cetorinhus maximus)	BSK
Black scabbardfish (Aphanopus carbo)	BSF
Blue ling (Molva dypterygia)	BLI
Blue whiting (Micromesistius poutassou)	WHB
Bob shrimp (Xiphopenaeus kroyeri)	BOB
Cod (Gadus morhua)	COD
Common shrimp (Crangon crangon)	CSH
Common squid (Loligo spp.)	SQC
Dogfish (Squalus acanthias)	DGS
Forkbeards (Phycis spp.)	FOR
Greenland halibut (Reinhardtius hippoglossoides)	GHL
Haddock (Melanogrammus aeglefinus)	HAD
Hake (Merluccius merluccius)	HKE
Halibut (Hippoglossus hippoglussus)	HAL
Herring (Clupea harengus)	HER
Horse-mackerel (Trachurus trachurus)	HOM
Ling (Molva Molva)	LIN
Mackerel (Scomber Scombrus)	MAC
Megrim (Lepidorhombus spp.)	LEZ
Nortern deep-water prawn (Pandalus borealis)	PRA
Norway lobster (Nephrops norvegicus)	NEP
Norway pout (Trisopterus esmarkii)	NOP
Orange roughy (Hoplostethus atlanticus)	ORY
Other	OTH
Plaice (Pleuronectes platessa)	PLE
Pollack (Pollachius pollachius)	POL
Porbeagle (Lamma nasus)	POR
Redfish (Sebastes spp.)	RED
Red seabream (Pagellus bogaraveo)	SBR
Roundnose grenadier (Coryphaenoides rupestris)	RNG
Saithe (Pollachius virens)	POK
Salmon (Salmo salar)	SAL
Sandeel (Ammodytes spp.)	SAN
Sardine (Sardina pilchardus)	PIL
Shark (Selachii, Pleurotremata)	SKH
Shrimp (Penaeidae)	PEZ
Sprat (Sprattus sprattus)	SPR
Squid (Illex spp.)	SQX
Tuna (Thunnidae)	TUN
Tusk (Brosme brosme)	USK
Whiting (Merlangus merlangus)	WHG
Yellowtail flounder (Limanda ferruginea)	YEL

6. Codes to be used to indicate the relevant area.

```
02A.
             ICES division IIa — Norwegian Sea
             ICES division IIb — Spitzbergen and Bear Island
02B.
03A.
             ICES division IIIa — Skagerrak and Kattegat
03B.
             ICES division IIIb
03C.
             ICES division IIIc
             ICES division IIId - Baltic Sea
03D.
             ICES division IVa - Northern North Sea
04A.
04B.
             ICES division IVb — Central North Sea
04C.
             ICES division IVc - Southern North Sea
             ICES division Va - Iceland Grounds
05A.
05B.
             ICES division Vb — Faroes Grounds
             ICES division VIa - Northwest coast of Scotland and North Ireland
06A.
             ICES division VIb — Rockall
06B.
07A.
             ICES division VIIa - Irish Sea
07B.
             ICES division VIIb - West of Ireland
07C.
             ICES division VIIc - Porcupine Bank
07D.
             ICES division VIId - Eastern Channel
07E.
             ICES division VIIe - Western English Channel
07F.
             ICES division VIIf - Bristol Channel
07G.
             ICES division VIIg - Celtic Sea North
             ICES division VIIh - Celtic Sea South
07H.
             ICES division VIIj - South-West of Ireland - East
07J.
07K.
             ICES division VIIk - South-West of Ireland - West
08A.
             ICES division VIIIa- Bay of Biscay - North
08B.
             ICES division VIIIb — Bay of Biscay — Central
08C
             ICES division VIIIc - Bay of Biscay - South
             ICES division VIIId - Bay of Biscay - Offshore
08D.
08E.
             ICES division VIIIe - Bay of Biscay - West Bay
09A.
             ICES division IXa - Portuguese waters - East
             ICES division IXb — Portuguese waters — West
09B.
             ICES division XIVa - North-East Greenland
14A.
14B.
             ICES division XIVb - South-East Greenland
```

- 7. In addition to the provisions laid down in points 1 to 6 the following provisions shall apply to Third-Country vessels intending to fish for blue whiting in Community waters:
  - (a) Vessels that already have catch on board may only commence their fishing trip after having received authorisation from the competent authority of the coastal Member State concerned. At least four hours prior to entering Community waters the master of the vessel shall notify as appropriate one of the following Fisheries Monitoring Centres:
    - (i) UK (Edinburgh) by e-mail at the following address: ukfcc@scotland.gsi.gov.uk or by telephone (+44 131 271 9700), or
    - (ii) Ireland (Haulbowline) by e-mail at the following address: nscstaff@eircom.net or by telephone (+353 87 236 5998).

The notification shall specify the name, international radio call sign and port letters and number (PLN) of the vessel, the total quantity by species on board and the position (longitude/latitude) where the master estimates that the vessel will enter Community waters as well as the area where he intends to commence fishing. The vessel shall not commence fishing until it has received acknowledgement of the notification and instructions on whether or not the master is required to present the vessel for inspection. Each acknowledgement shall have a unique authorisation number which the master shall retain until the fishing trip is terminated.

Notwithstanding any inspections that may be carried out at sea the competent authorities may in duly justified circumstances require a master to present his vessel for inspection in port.

- (b) Vessels that enter Community waters with no catch on board shall be exempt from the requirements laid down in paragraph a).
- (c) By way of derogation from the provisions of point 1.2, the fishing trip shall be considered as being terminated when the vessel leaves Community waters or enters a Community port where its catch is fully discharged.

Vessels shall only leave Community waters after passing through one of the following control routes:

- A. ICES rectangle 48 E2 in zone VIa
- B. ICES rectangle 46 E6 in zone IVa
- C. ICES rectangles 48 E8, 49 E8 or 50 E8 in zone IVa.

The master of the vessel shall give at least four hours prior notification of entering one of the afore mentioned control routes to the Fisheries Monitoring Centre in Edinburgh by e-mail or telephone as provided for in point 1. The notification shall specify the name, international radio call sign and port letters and number (PLN) of the vessel, the total quantity by species on board and the control route through which the vessel intends to pass.

The vessel shall not leave the area within the control route until it has received acknowledgement of the notification and instructions on whether or not the master is required to present the vessel for inspection. Each acknowledgement shall have a unique authorisation number which the master shall retain until the vessel leaves Community waters.

Notwithstanding any inspections that may be carried out at sea the competent authorities may in duly justified circumstances require a master to present his vessel for inspection in the ports of Lerwick or Scrabster.

- (d) Vessels that transit through Community waters must stow their nets so that they may not readily be used in accordance with the following conditions:
  - nets, weights and similar gear shall be disconnected from their trawl boards and towing and hauling wires and ropes,
  - (ii) nets which are on or above deck shall be securely lashed to some part of the superstructure.

# ANNEX VII

# LIST OF SPECIES

Common English Name	Scientific Name	3-Alpha Code
Groundfish		
Atlantic Cod	Gadus morhua	COD
Haddock	Melanogrammus aeglefinus	HAD
Atlantic redfishes	Sebastes sp.	RED
Golden redfish	Sebastes marinus	REG
Beaked redfish (deepwater)	Sebastes mentella	REB
Acadian redfish	Sebastes fasciatus	REN
Silver hake	Merluccius bilinearis	HKS
Red hake (*)	Urophycis chuss	HKR
Pollock (=Saithe)	Pollachius virens	POK
American plaice	Hippoglossoides platessoides	PLA
Witch flounder	Glyptocephalus cynoglossus	WIT
Yellowtail flounder	Limanda ferruginea	YEL
Greenland halibut	Reinharditius hippoglossoides	GHL
Atlantic halibut	Hippoglossus hippoglossus	HAL
Winter flounder	Pseudopleuronectes americanus	FLW
Summer flounder	Paralichthys dentatus	FLS
Windowpane flounder	Scophthalmus aquosus	FLD
Flatfishes (NS)	Pleuronectiformes	FLX
American angler (=Goosefish)	Lophius americanus	ANG
Atlantic searobins	Prionotus sp.	SRA
Atlantic tomcod	Microgadus tomcod	TOM
Blue antimora	Antimora rostrata	ANT
Blue whiting	Micromesistius poutassou	WHB
Cunner	Tautogolabrus adspersus	CUN
Cusk (=Tusk)	Brosme brosme	USK
Greenland cod	Gadus ogac	GRC
Blue ling	Molva dypterygia	BLI
Ling	Molva molva	LIN



Common English Name	Scientific Name	3-Alpha Code
Lumpfish =(Lumpsucker)	Cyclopterus lumpus	LUM
Northern kingfish	Menticirrhus saxatilis	KGF
Northern puffer	Sphoeroides maculatus	PUF
Eelpouts (NS)	Lycodes sp.	ELZ
Ocean pout	Macrozoarces americanus	OPT
Polar cod	Boreogadus saida	POC
Roundnose grenadier	Coryphaenoides rupestris	RNG
Roughhead grenadier	Macrourus berglax	RHG
Sandeels (=Sand Lances)	Ammodytes sp.	SAN
Sculpins	Myoxocephalus sp.	SCU
Scup	Stenotomus chrysops	SCP
Tautog	Tautoga onitis	TAU
Tilefish	Lopholatilus chamaeleonticeps	TIL
White hake (*)	Urophycis tenuis	HKW
Wolffishes (NS)	Anarhicas sp.	CAT
Atlantic wolffish	Anarhichas lupus	CAA
Spotted wolffish	Anarhichas minor	CAS
Groundfish (NS)		GRO
Pelagics		
Atlantic herring	Clupea harengus	HER
Atlantic mackerel	Scomber scombrus	MAC
Atlantic butterfish	Peprilus triacanthus	BUT
Atlantic menhaden	Brevoortia tyrannus	MHA
Atlantic saury	Scomberesox saurus	SAU
Bay anchovy	Anchoa mitchilli	ANB
Bluefish	Pomatomus saltatrix	BLU
Crevalle jack	Caranx hippos	CVJ
Frigate tuna	Auxis thazard	FRI
King mackerel	Scomberomourus cavalla	KGM
Atlantic Spanish mackerel	Scomberomourus maculatus	SSM
Sailfish	Istiophorus platypterus	SAI



Common English Name	Scientific Name	3-Alpha Code
White marlin	Tetrapturus albidus	WHM
Blue marlin	Makaira nigricans	BUM
Swordfish	Xiphias gladius	SWO
Albacore tuna	Thunnus alalunga	ALB
Atlantic bonito	Sarda sarda	BON
Little tunny	Euthynnus alletteratus	LTA
Bigeye tunny	Thunnus obesus	BET
Northern bluefin tuna	Thunnus thynnus	BFT
Skipjack tuna	Katsuwonus pelamis	SKJ
Yellowfin tuna	Thunnus albacares	YFT
Tunas (NS)	Scombridae	TUN
Pelagic fish (NS)		PEL
Invertebrates		
Long-finned squid (Loligo)	Loligo pealei	SQL
Short-finned squid (Illex)	Illex illecebrosus	SQI
Squids (NS)	Loliginidae, Ommastrephidae	SQU
Atlantic razor clam	Ensis directus	CLR
Hard clam	Mercenaria mercenaria	CLH
Ocean quahog	Arctica islandica	CLQ
Soft clam	Mya arenaria	CLS
Surf clam	Spisula solidissima	CLB
Stimpson's surf clam	Spisula polynyma	CLT
Clams (NS)	Prionodesmacea, Teleodesmacea	CLX
Bay scallop	Argopecten irradians	SCB
Calico scallop	Argopecten gibbus	SCC
Marine worms (NS)	Polycheata	WOR
Horseshoe crab	Limulus polyphemus	HSC
Marine invertebrates (NS)	Invertebrata	INV
Iceland scallop	Chylamys islandica	ISC
Sea scallop	Placopecten magellanicus	SCA
Scallops (NS)	Pectinidae	SCX



Common English Name	Scientific Name	3-Alpha Code
American cupped oyster	Crassostrea virginica	OYA
Blue mussel	Mytilus edulis	MUS
Whelks (NS)	Busycon sp.	WHX
Periwinkles (NS)	Littorina sp.	PER
Marine molluscs (NS)	Mollusca	MOL
Atlantic rock crab	Cancer irroratus	CRK
Blue crab	Callinectes sapidus	CRB
Green crab	Carcinus maenas	CRG
Jonah crab	Cancer borealis	CRJ
Queen crab	Chionoecetes opilio	CRQ
Red crab	Geryon quinquedens	CRR
Stone king crab	Lithodes maia	КСТ
Marine crabs (NS)	Reptantia	CRA
American lobster	Homarus americanus	LBA
Northern prawn	Pandalus borealis	PRA
Aesop shrimp	Pandalus montagui	AES
Penaeus shirmps (NS)	Penaeus sp.	PEN
Pink (=Pandalid) shrimps	Pandalus sp.	PAN
Marine crustaceans (NS)	Crustacea	CRU
Sea-urchin	Strongylocentrotus sp.	URC
Other fish		
Alewife	Alosa pseudoharengus	ALE
Amberjacks	Seriola sp.	AMX
American conger	Conger oceanicus	COA
American eel	Anguilla rostrata	ELA
Atlantic hagfish	Myxine glutinosa	MYG
American shad	Alosa sapidissima	SHA
Argentines (NS)	Argentina sp.	ARG
Atlantic croaker	Micropogonias undulatus	CKA
Atlantic needlefish	Strongylura marina	NFA
Atlantic salmon	Salmo salar	SAL



Arlantic silverside Arlantic thread herring Opishonena oglinum THA Alantic thread herring Opishonena oglinum THA Barid's slickhead Alepocephalus bairdit ALC Black drum Pogonias cromis BDM Black seabass Centropristis striata BSB Blueback herring Alosa aestivulis BHH Capelin Adotus villous Capelin Mallotus villous CAP Chars (NS) Salvelinus sp. CHR Cobia Radpycentron canadum CBA Common (Florida) pompano Trachinotus carolinus POM Gizzard shad Donosoma cepelianum SHG Grunts (NS) Ponadasyidae GRX Hickory shad Alosa mediocris SHII Lantemfish Notoscopelus sp. LAX Muglildae MUL Peprilus alephotus ("puru) HVF Pigfish Orthopristis chrysoptera PIG Rainbow smelt Osnerus mondax SMR Red drum Sciaenops ocellatus RDM Red porgy Pagrus pagrus RPG Rough scad Trachurus lathami RSC Sand perch Dipletrum formosam PES Sheepshead Archosargus probatocephalus SPI Spot creaker Leiostowus xanthurus STB Sturgeons (NS) Acipenseridae Silno Sp. TRO White perch Moroue americana PEW	Common English Name	Scientific Name	3-Alpha Code
Barid's slickhead Alepecephalus baindii ALC Black drum Pogonias cromis BDM Black seabass Centroprists striata BSB Blueback herring Alosa aestivalis BBH Capelin Mallotus villosus CAP Chars (NS) Sabelinus sp. CHR Cobia Rachycentron canadam CBA Common (Florida) pompano Trachinotus carolinus POM Gizzard shad Dorosoma cepedianum SHG Grunts (NS) Pomadasyidae GRX Hickory shad Alosa mediocris SHH Lanternfish Notoscopelus sp. LAX Mullets (NS) Muglidae MUL North atlantic harvestfish Peprilus alepidotus (=paru) HVF Pigfish Orthopristis chrysoptera PIG Rainbow smelt Oanerus mondae SMR Red drum Sciaenops occilatus RDM Red porgy Pagrus pagrus RPG Rough scad Trachurus lathami RSC Sand perch Diplectran formosum PES Sheepshead Archosargus probatocephalus SPH Spot croaker Leiostomus xanthurus STF Spotted weakfish Ognoscion nebulosus Striped bass Morome sacatilis STB Sturgeons (NS) Acipenseridae Stlm Sturgeons (NS) Acipenseridae STU Tarpon Tarpon (=megalops) atlanticus TAR Trouts (NS) Salmo sp. TRO	Atlantic silverside	Menidia menidia	SSA
Black drum Pogonias cromis BDM  Black seabass Centropristis striata BSB  Blueback herring Alosa aestivalis BBH  Capelin Mallotus villosus CAP  Chars (NS) Salvelinus sp. CHR  Cobia Radpycentron canadam CBA  Common (Florida) pompano Trachinotus carolinus POM  Gizzard shad Dorosoma capedianum SHG  Grunts (NS) Pomadasyidae GRX  Hickory shad Alosa mediocris SHH  Lanternfish Notoscopelas sp. LAX  Mullets (NS) Magilidae MUL  North atlantic harvestfish Peprilus alepidotus (=paru) HVF  Pigfish Orthopristis chrysoptena PIG  Rainbow smelt Osmerus mordax SMR  Red drum Sciaenops ocellatus RDM  Red porgy Pagrus pagrus RPG  Rough scad Trachuras lathami RSC  Sand perch Diplectrum formosum PES  Sheepshead Archosargus probatocephalus SPH  Spot croaker Leiostorius xonthurus SPT  Spotted weakfish Cynoscion nebulosae SWF  Squeteague (Gray Weakfish) Cynoscion regellis STG  Striped bass Morone saxatilis STB  Sturgeons (NS) Acipenseridae STU  Tarpon Tarpon (=megolops) atlanticus TAR  Trouts (NS) Salmo sp. TRO	Atlantic thread herring	Opisthonema oglinum	THA
Black seabass Blueback herring Alosa aestivalis Blueback herring Alosa aestivalis BBH Capelin Mallotus villosus CAP Chars (NS) Salvelinus sp. CHR Cobia Rachycentron canadum CBA Common (Florida) pompano Trachinotus carolinus POM Gizzard shad Dorosoma cepedianum SHG Grunts (NS) Pomadasyidae GRX Hickory shad Alosa mediocris SHH Lanternfish Notoscopelus sp. LAX Mullets (NS) Mugllidae Mull North atlantic harvestfish Peprilus alepidotus (-paru) HVF Pigfish Orthopristis chrysoptera PIG Rainbow smelt Osmerus mordax SMR Red drum Sciaenops ocellatus Red porgy Pagrus pagrus Red porgy Pagrus pagrus Red porgy Pagrus pagrus Red porgy Rough scad Trachurus lathami RSC Sand perch Diplectrum formosum PES Sheepshead Archosargus probatocephalus SPH Spot croaker Leiostomus xanthurus SPT Spotted weakfish Cymoscion nebulosus SWF Squeteague (Gray Weakfish) Cymoscion regalis Striped bass Morone saxatilis STB Strugeons (NS) Acipenseridae Salmo sp. TRO	Barid's slickhead	Alepocephalus bairdii	ALC
Blueback herring Alosa aestivalis Capelin Mallotus villosus Char Chars (NS) Salvelinus sp. CHR Cobia Racdyventron canadum CBA Common (Florida) pompano Trachinotus carolinus POM Gizzard shad Dorosoma cepedianum SHG Grunts (NS) Pomadasyidae Grunts (NS) Pomadasyidae Grunts (NS) Alosa mediocris SHH Lanternfish Notoscopelus sp. LAX Mullets (NS) Muglidae MUL North atlantic harvestfish Peprilus alepidotus (=paru) HVF Pigfish Orthopristis chrysoptena PIG Rainbow smelt Osmens mordax SMR Red drum Sciaenops ocellatus RDM Red porgy Pagrus pagrus Red porgy Pagrus pagrus RPG Rough scad Trachurus lathami RSC Sand perch Diplectrum formosum PES Sheepshead Archosargus probatocephalus SPH Spott croaker Leiostomus xanthurus STG Squeteague (Gray Weakfish) Cynoscion ragalis Striped bass Morone saxatilis STB Strugeons (NS) Acipenseridae Tarpon (=megalops) atlanticus TAR Trouts (NS) Salmo sp. TRO	Black drum	Pogonias cromis	BDM
Capelin Mallotus villosus CAP Chars (NS) Sahvelinus sp. CHR Cobia Rachycentron canadum CBA Common (Florida) pompano Trachinotus carolinus POM Gizzard shad Dorosoma cepedianum SHG Grunts (NS) Pomadasyidae GRX Hickory shad Alosa medicoris SHH Lanternfish Notoscopelus sp. LAX Mullets (NS) Mugilidae MUL North atlantic harvestfish Peprilus alepidotus (=paru) HVF Pigfish Orthopristis chrysoptera PIG Rainbow smelt Osmerus mordax SMR Red drum Sciaenops ocellatus RDM Red porgy Pagrus pagrus RPG Rough scad Trachurus lathami RSC Sand perch Diplectrum formosum PES Sheepshead Archosargus probatocephalus SPH Spot croaker Leiostomus xanthurus SPT Spotted weakfish Cynoscion regulis STG Striped bass Morone saxatilis STB Sturgeons (NS) Acipenseridae SIU Tarpon Tarpon (=megolops) atlanticus TAR Trouts (NS) Salmo sp. TRO	Black seabass	Centropristis striata	BSB
Chars (NS)  Chars (NS)  Sabelinus sp.  CHR  Cobia  Rachycentron canadum  CBA  Common (Florida) pompano  Trachinotus carolinus  POM  Gizzard shad  Dorosoma cepedianum  SHG  Grunts (NS)  Pomadaspidae  GRX  Hickory shad  Alosa mediocris  SHH  Lanternfish  Notoscopelus sp.  LAX  Mullets (NS)  Mingilidae  MUL  North atlantic harvestfish  Peprilus alepidotus (=paru)  HVF  Pigfish  Orthopristis chrysoptera  PIG  Rainbow smelt  Osmerus mordax  SMR  Red drum  Sciaenops ocellatus  RDM  Red porgy  Pagrus pagrus  RPG  Rough scad  Trachurus lathami  RSC  Sand perch  Diplectrum formosum  PES  Sheepshead  Archosargus probatocephalus  SPH  Spot croaker  Leiostomus xaruthurus  SPT  Spotted weakfish  Cymoscion regalis  Striped bass  Morone saxatilis  STB  Sturgeons (NS)  Acipenseridae  Trapon (=megalops) atlanticus  TAR  Trouts (NS)  Salmo sp.  TRO	Blueback herring	Alosa aestivalis	ВВН
Cobia Rachycentron canadium CBA Common (Florida) pompano Trachinotus carolinus POM Gizzard shad Dorosoma cepedianum SHG Grunts (NS) Pomadasyidae GRX Hickory shad Alosa mediocris SHH Lanternfish Notoscopelus sp. LAX Mullets (NS) Mugilidae MUL North atlantic harvestfish Peprilus alepidotus (=paru) HVF Pigfish Orthopristis chrysoptera PIG Rainbow smelt Osmerus mordax SMR Red drum Sciaenops ocellatus RDM Red porgy Pagrus pagrus RPG Rough scad Trachurus lathami RSC Sand perch Diplectrum formosum PES Sheepshead Archosargus probutocephalus SPH Spot croaker Leiostomus xanthurus STT Spotted weakfish Cynoscion nebulosus SWF Squeteague (Gray Weakfish) Cynoscion regalis STB Sturgeons (NS) Acipenseridae StIU Tarpon Tarpon (=megalops) atlanticus TAR Trouts (NS) Salmo sp. TRO	Capelin	Mallotus villosus	CAP
Common (Florida) pompano  Gizzard shad  Dorosoma cepedianum  SHG  Grunts (NS)  Pomadasyidae  GRX  Hickory shad  Alosa mediocris  SHH  Lanternfish  Notoscopelus sp.  LAX  Mullets (NS)  Mugilidae  MUL  North atlantic harvestfish  Peprilus alepidotus (=paru)  HVF  Piglish  Orthopristis chrysoptera  PIG  Rainbow smelt  Osmerus mordax  SMR  Red drum  Sciaenops ocellatus  RDM  Red porgy  Pagrus pagrus  RPG  Rough scad  Trachurus lathami  RSC  Sand perch  Diplectrum formosum  PES  Sheepshead  Archosargus probatocephalus  SPH  Spot croaker  Leiostomus xanthurus  Syrt  Spotted weakfish  Cynoscion nebulosus  SWF  Squeteague (Gray Weakfish)  Cynoscion regalis  Sturgeons (NS)  Acipenseridae  Trapon (=megalops) atlanticus  TAR  Trouts (NS)  Salmo sp.  TRO	Chars (NS)	Salvelinus sp.	CHR
Gizzard shad  Dorosoma cepedianum  SHG  Grunts (NS)  Pomadasyidae  GRX  Hickory shad  Alosa mediocris  SHH  Lanternfish  Notoscopelus sp.  LAX  Mullets (NS)  Mugilidae  MUL  North atlantic harvestfish  Peprilus alepidotus (=paru)  HVF  Pigfish  Orthopristis chrysoptera  PIG  Rainbow smelt  Osmerus mordax  SMR  Red drum  Sciaenops ocellatus  RDM  Red porgy  Pagrus pagrus  RPG  Rough scad  Trachurus lathami  RSC  Sand perch  Diplectrum formosum  PES  Sheepshead  Archosargus probatocephalus  SPH  Spot croaker  Leiostomus xanthurus  Syrt  Spotted weakfish  Cynoscion nebulosus  SWF  Squeteague (Gray Weakfish)  Cynoscion regalis  Striped bass  Morone saxatilis  Sturgeons (NS)  Acipenseridae  Tarpon  Tarpon (=megalops) atlanticus  TAR  Trouts (NS)	Cobia	Rachycentron canadum	CBA
Grunts (NS)  Pomadasyidae  Alosa mediocris  SHH  Lanternfish  Notoscopelus sp.  LAX  Mullets (NS)  Muglildae  MUL  North atlantic harvestfish  Peprilus alepidotus (=paru)  HVF  Pigfish  Orthopristis chrysoptera  PIG  Rainbow smelt  Osmerus mordax  SMR  Red drum  Sciaenops ocellatus  RDM  Red porgy  Pagrus pagrus  RPG  Rough scad  Trachurus lathami  RSC  Sand perch  Diplectrum formosum  PES  Sheepshead  Archosargus probatocephalus  SPH  Spot croaker  Leiostomus xanthurus  SPT  Spotted weakfish  Cynoscion nebulosus  SWF  Squeteague (Gray Weakfish)  Cynoscion regalis  Striped bass  Morone saxatilis  Sturgeons (NS)  Acipenseridae  Tarpon  Tarpon (=megalops) atlanticus  TAR  Trouts (NS)	Common (Florida) pompano	Trachinotus carolinus	POM
Hickory shad  Alosa mediocris  Notoscopelus sp.  LAX  Mullets (NS)  Muglildae  MUL  North atlantic harvestfish  Peprilus alepidotus (=paru)  HVF  Pigfish  Orthopristis chrysoptera  PIG  Rainbow smelt  Osmerus mordax  SMR  Red drum  Sciaenops ocellatus  RDM  Red porgy  Pagrus pagrus  RPG  Rough scad  Trachurus lathami  RSC  Sand perch  Diplectrum formosum  PES  Sheepshead  Archosargus probatocephalus  SPH  Spot croaker  Leiostomus xanthurus  SPT  Spotted weakfish  Cynoscion nebulosus  SWF  Squeteague (Gray Weakfish)  Cynoscion regalis  Striped bass  Morone saxatilis  Stru  Tarpon  Tarpon (=megalops) atlanticus  TAR  Trouts (NS)  LAX  MUL  LAX  MUL  AX  MUL  MUL  MUL  MUL  MUL  MUL  MUL  MU	Gizzard shad	Dorosoma cepedianum	SHG
Lanternfish  Notoscopelus sp.  Muglidae  MUL  North atlantic harvestfish  Peprilus alepidotus (=paru)  HVF  Pigfish  Orthopristis chrysoptera  PIG  Rainbow smelt  Osmerus mordax  SMR  Red drum  Sciaenops ocellatus  RDM  Red porgy  Pagrus pagrus  RPG  Rough scad  Trachurus lathami  RSC  Sand perch  Diplectrum formosum  PES  Sheepshead  Archosargus probatocephalus  SPH  Spot croaker  Leiostomus xanthurus  SPT  Spotted weakfish  Cynoscion regalis  Sturgeons (NS)  Acipenseridae  Tarpon (=megalops) atlanticus  TAR  Trouts (NS)  LAX  MUL  MUL  MUL  MUL  LAX  MUL  MUL  SPI  FVF  SMR  REDM  REDM  PES  SMR  RPG  ROM  SPH  SPO  SPO  SPO  SPO  SPO  SPO  SPO	Grunts (NS)	Pomadasyidae	GRX
Mullets (NS)  Mugilidae  Mull  North atlantic harvestfish  Peprilus alepidotus (=paru)  Pigfish  Orthopristis chrysoptera  PIG  Rainbow smelt  Osmerus mordax  SMR  Red drum  Sciaenops ocellatus  RDM  Red porgy  Pagrus pagrus  RPG  Rough scad  Trachurus lathami  RSC  Sand perch  Diplectrum formosum  PES  Sheepshead  Archosargus probatocephalus  SPH  Spot croaker  Leiostomus xanthurus  SPT  Spotted weakfish  Cynoscion nebulosus  SWF  Squeteague (Gray Weakfish)  Cynoscion regalis  Sturgeons (NS)  Acipenseridae  Tarpon (=megalops) atlanticus  TRO	Hickory shad	Alosa mediocris	SHH
North atlantic harvestfish  Peprilus alepidotus (=paru)  Pigfish  Orthopristis chrysoptera  PiG  Rainbow smelt  Osmerus mordax  SMR  Red drum  Sciaenops ocellatus  RDM  Red porgy  Pagrus pagrus  RPG  Rough scad  Trachurus lathami  RSC  Sand perch  Diplectrum formosum  PES  Sheepshead  Archosargus probatocephalus  SPH  Spot croaker  Leiostomus xanthurus  SPT  Spotted weakfish  Cynoscion nebulosus  SWF  Squeteague (Gray Weakfish)  Cynoscion regalis  STG  Striped bass  Morone saxatilis  Sturgeons (NS)  Acipenseridae  Tarpon (=megalops) atlanticus  TAR  Trouts (NS)	Lanternfish	Notoscopelus sp.	LAX
Pigfish Orthopristis chrysoptera PIG  Rainbow smelt Osmerus mordax SMR  Red drum Sciaenops ocellatus RDM  Red porgy Pagrus pagrus RPG  Rough scad Trachurus lathami RSC  Sand perch Diplectrum formosum PES  Sheepshead Archosargus probatocephalus SPH  Spot croaker Leiostomus xanthurus SPT  Spotted weakfish Cynoscion nebulosus SWF  Squeteague (Gray Weakfish) Cynoscion regalis STG  Striped bass Morone saxatilis STB  Sturgeons (NS) Acipenseridae STU  Tarpon (=megalops) atlanticus TAR  Trouts (NS) Salmo sp. TRO	Mullets (NS)	Mugilidae	MUL
Rainbow smelt  Red drum  Sciaenops ocellatus  RDM  Red porgy  Pagrus pagrus  RPG  Rough scad  Trachurus lathami  RSC  Sand perch  Diplectrum formosum  PES  Sheepshead  Archosargus probatocephalus  SPH  Spot croaker  Leiostomus xanthurus  SPT  Spotted weakfish  Cynoscion nebulosus  SWF  Squeteague (Gray Weakfish)  Cynoscion regalis  STG  Striped bass  Morone saxatilis  STB  Sturgeons (NS)  Acipenseridae  Tarpon (=megalops) atlanticus  TAR  Trouts (NS)  SMR  RDM  RDM  RDM  RDM  RPG  RPG  RPG  RPG  RPG  RPG  RPG  RP	North atlantic harvestfish	Peprilus alepidotus (=paru)	HVF
Red drum  Red porgy  Pagrus pagrus  RPG  Rough scad  Trachurus lathami  RSC  Sand perch  Diplectrum formosum  PES  Sheepshead  Archosargus probatocephalus  SPH  Spot croaker  Leiostomus xanthurus  SPT  Spotted weakfish  Cynoscion nebulosus  SWF  Squeteague (Gray Weakfish)  Cynoscion regalis  STG  Striped bass  Morone saxatilis  STB  Sturgeons (NS)  Acipenseridae  Tarpon (=megalops) atlanticus  TAR  Trouts (NS)  TRO	Pigfish	Orthopristis chrysoptera	PIG
Red porgy Pagrus pagrus RPG Rough scad Trachurus lathami RSC Sand perch Diplectrum formosum PES Sheepshead Archosargus probatocephalus SPH Spot croaker Leiostomus xanthurus SPT Spotted weakfish Cynoscion nebulosus SWF Squeteague (Gray Weakfish) Cynoscion regalis STG Striped bass Morone saxatilis STB Sturgeons (NS) Acipenseridae STU Tarpon Tarpon (=megalops) atlanticus TRO	Rainbow smelt	Osmerus mordax	SMR
Rough scad  Trachurus lathami  RSC  Sand perch  Diplectrum formosum  PES  Sheepshead  Archosargus probatocephalus  SPH  Spot croaker  Leiostomus xanthurus  SPT  Spotted weakfish  Cynoscion nebulosus  SWF  Squeteague (Gray Weakfish)  Cynoscion regalis  STG  Striped bass  Morone saxatilis  STB  Sturgeons (NS)  Acipenseridae  STU  Tarpon  Tarpon (=megalops) atlanticus  TAR  Trouts (NS)  TRO	Red drum	Sciaenops ocellatus	RDM
Sand perch  Diplectrum formosum  PES  Sheepshead  Archosargus probatocephalus  SPH  Spot croaker  Leiostomus xanthurus  SPT  Spotted weakfish  Cynoscion nebulosus  SWF  Squeteague (Gray Weakfish)  Cynoscion regalis  STG  Striped bass  Morone saxatilis  STB  Sturgeons (NS)  Acipenseridae  STU  Tarpon  Tarpon (=megalops) atlanticus  TAR  Trouts (NS)  TRO	Red porgy	Pagrus pagrus	RPG
Sheepshead Archosargus probatocephalus SPH Spot croaker Leiostomus xanthurus SPT Spotted weakfish Cynoscion nebulosus SWF Squeteague (Gray Weakfish) Cynoscion regalis STG Striped bass Morone saxatilis STB Sturgeons (NS) Acipenseridae STU Tarpon Tarpon (=megalops) atlanticus TAR Trouts (NS) Salmo sp. TRO	Rough scad	Trachurus lathami	RSC
Spot croaker  Leiostomus xanthurus  SPT  Spotted weakfish  Cynoscion nebulosus  SWF  Squeteague (Gray Weakfish)  Cynoscion regalis  STG  Striped bass  Morone saxatilis  STB  Sturgeons (NS)  Acipenseridae  STU  Tarpon  Tarpon (=megalops) atlanticus  TAR  Trouts (NS)  Salmo sp.  TRO	Sand perch	Diplectrum formosum	PES
Spotted weakfish  Cynoscion nebulosus  SWF  Squeteague (Gray Weakfish)  Cynoscion regalis  STG  Striped bass  Morone saxatilis  STB  Sturgeons (NS)  Acipenseridae  STU  Tarpon  Tarpon (=megalops) atlanticus  TAR  Trouts (NS)  Salmo sp.  TRO	Sheepshead	Archosargus probatocephalus	SPH
Squeteague (Gray Weakfish)  Cynoscion regalis  STG  Striped bass  Morone saxatilis  STB  Sturgeons (NS)  Acipenseridae  STU  Tarpon  Tarpon (=megalops) atlanticus  TAR  Trouts (NS)  Salmo sp.  TRO	Spot croaker	Leiostomus xanthurus	SPT
Striped bass Morone saxatilis STB Sturgeons (NS) Acipenseridae STU Tarpon Tarpon (=megalops) atlanticus TAR Trouts (NS) Salmo sp. TRO	Spotted weakfish	Cynoscion nebulosus	SWF
Sturgeons (NS)  Acipenseridae  Tarpon (=megalops) atlanticus  TAR  Trouts (NS)  Salmo sp.  TRO	Squeteague (Gray Weakfish)	Cynoscion regalis	STG
Tarpon Tarpon (=megalops) atlanticus TAR Trouts (NS) Salmo sp. TRO	Striped bass	Morone saxatilis	STB
Trouts (NS)  Salmo sp.  TRO	Sturgeons (NS)	Acipenseridae	STU
	Tarpon	Tarpon (=megalops) atlanticus	TAR
White perch Morone americana PEW	Trouts (NS)	Salmo sp.	TRO
	White perch	Morone americana	PEW

Common English Name	Scientific Name	3-Alpha Code
Alfonsinos (NS)	Beryx sp.	ALF
Spiny (=picked) dogfish	Squalus acantias	DGS
Dogfishes (NS)	Squalidae	DGX
Sand Tiger shark	Odontaspis taurus	CCT
Porbeagle	Lamna nasus	POR
Shortfin mako shark	Isurus oxyrinchus	SMA
Dusky shark	Carcharhinus obscurus	DUS
Great Blue shark	Prionace glauca	BSH
Large sharks (NS)	Squaliformes	SHX
Atlantic Sharpnose shark	Rhizoprionodon terraenovae	RHT
Black Dogfish	Centroscyllium fabricii	CFB
Boreal (Greenland) shark	Somniosus microcephalus	GSK
Basking shark	Cetorhinus maximus	BSK
Skates (NS)	Raja sp.	SKA
Little skate	Leucoraja erinacea	RJD
Arctic skate	Amblyraja hyperborea	RJG
Barndoor skate	Dipturus laevis	RJL
Winter skate	Leucoraja ocellata	RJT
Thorny skate (Starry Ray)	Amblyraja radiata	RJR
Smooth skate	Malcoraja senta	RJS
Spinytail skate (Spinetail Ray)	Bathyraja spinicauda	RJO
Finfishes (NS)		FIN

<sup>(\*)</sup> In accordance with a recommendation adopted by STACRES at the 1970 Annual Meeting (ICNAF Redbook 1970, Part I, Page 67), hakes of the Genus *Urophycis* are designated as follows for statistical reporting: (a) hake reported from Subareas 1, 2, and 3, and Divisions 4R, S, T and V be designated as white hake, *Urophycis tenuis*; (b) hake taken by line gears or any hake greater than 55 cm standard length, reagardless of how caught, from Divisions 4W and X, Subarea 5 and Statistical Area 6 be designated as white hake, *Urophycis tenuis*; (c) Except as noted in (b), other hake of the Genus *Urophycis* taken in Divisions 4W and X, Subarea 5 and Statistical Area 6 be designated as red hake, *Urophycis chuss*.

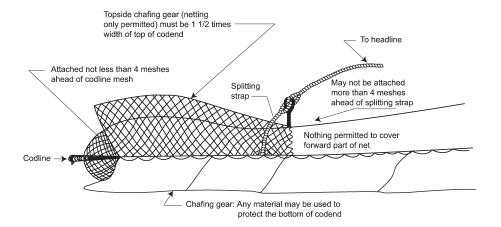
#### ANNEX VIII

#### **AUTHORISED TOPSIDE CHAFERS**

#### 1. ICNAF-type topside chafer

The ICNAF-type topside chafer is a rectangular piece of netting to be attached to the upper side of the codend of the trawl net to reduce and prevent damage so long as such netting conforms to the following conditions:

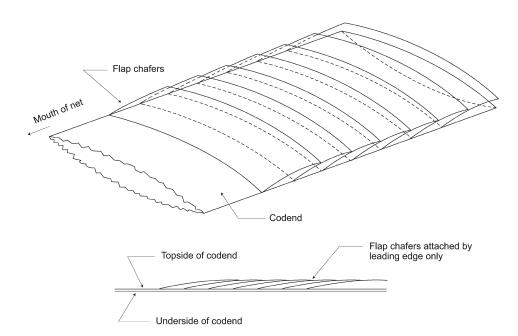
- (a) this netting shall have a mesh size not less than that specified for the codend in Article 34;
- (b) this netting may be fastened to the codend only along the forward and lateral edges of the netting and at no other place in it, and shall be fastened in such a manner that it extends forward of the splitting strap no more than four meshes and ends not less than four meshes in front of the cod line mesh; where a splitting strap is not used, the netting shall not extend to more than one-third of the codend measured from not less than four meshes in front of the cod line mesh;
- (c) the width of this netting shall be at least one and a half times the width of the area of the codend which is covered, such widths to be measured at right angles to the long axis of the codend.



# 2. Multiple flap-type topside chafer

The multiple flap-type topside chafer is defined as pieces of netting having in all their parts meshes the size of which, whether the pieces of netting are wet or dry, is not less than that of the codend, provided that:

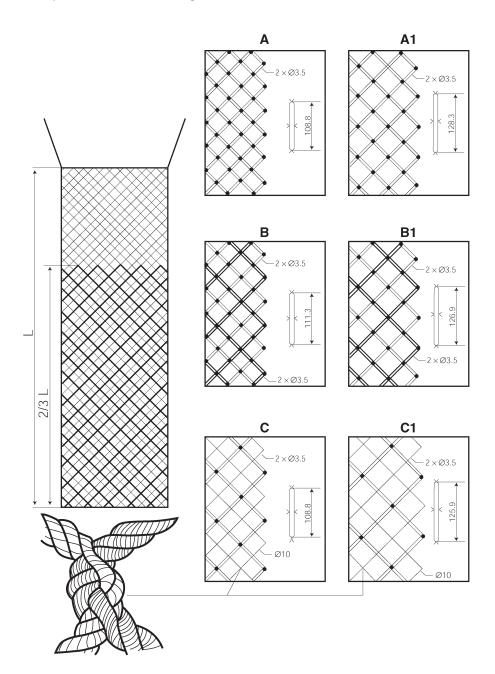
- (a) each piece of netting
  - (i) is fastened by its forward edge only across the codened at right angles to its long axis;
  - (ii) is of a width of at least the width of the codend (such width being measured at right angles to the long axis of the codend at the point of attachment); and
  - (iii) is not more than ten meshes long; and
- (b) the aggregate length of all the pieces of netting so attached does not exceed two-thirds of the length of the codend.



#### **POLISH CHAFER**

## 3. Large-mesh (modified Polish-type) topside chafer

The large-mesh topside chafer consists of a rectangular piece of netting made of the same twine material as the codend, or of a single, thick, knotless twine material, attached to the rear portion of the upper side of the codend and extending over all or any part of the upper side of the codend and having in all its parts a mesh size twice that of the codend when measured wet and fastened to the codend along the forward, lateral and rear edges only of the netting in such a way that each mesh of the netting coincides with four meshes of the codend.

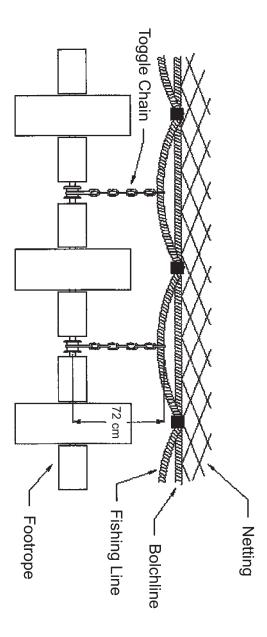


#### ANNEX IX

#### SHRIMP TRAWL TOGGLE CHAINS: NAFO REGULATORY AREA

Toggle chains are chains, ropes, or a combination of both, which attach the footrope to the fishing line or bolchline at varying intervals. The terms 'fishing line' and 'bolchline' are interchangeable. Some vessels use one line only; others use both a fishing line and a bolchline as shown in the sketch. The toggle chain length shall be measured from the center of the chain or wire running through the footrope (center of footrope) to the underside of the fishing line.

The attached sketch shows how to measure the toggle chain length.



## ANNEX X

## MINIMUM MESH SIZE (\*)

Species	Gilled and gutted fish whether or not skinned; fresh or chilled, frozen, or salted.			
	Whole	Head off	Head and Tail Off	Head Off and Split
Atlantic Cod	41 cm	27 cm	22 cm	27/25 cm (**)
Greenland halibut	30 cm	N/A	N/A	N/A
American plaice	25 cm	19 cm	15 cm	N/A
Yellowtail flounder	25 cm	19 cm	15 cm	N/A

<sup>(\*)</sup> Fish size refers to fork length for Atlantic cod; whole length for other species. (\*\*) Lower size for green salted fish.

## ANNEX XI

# RECORDING OF CATCH (LOGBOOK ENTRIES)

# FISHING LOGBOOK ENTRIES

Item of Information	Standard Code
Vessel name	01
Vessel nationality	02
Vessel registration number	03
Registration port	04
Types of gear used (separate record for different gear types)	10
Type of gear	
Date	
— day	20
— month	21
— year	22
Position	
— latitude	31
— longitude	32
— statistical area	33
No. of hauls during the 24-hour period (1)	10
No. of hours gear fished during the 24-hour period (1)	41
Species names (Annex I)	
Daily catch of each species (metric tons round fresh weight)	50
Daily catch of each species for human consumption in the form of fish	61
Daily catch of each species for reduction	62
Daily discard of each species	63
Place(s) of trans-shipment	70
Date(s) of trans-shipment	71
Master's signature	80

<sup>(1)</sup> When two or more types of gear are used in the same 24-hour period, records should be separate for the different types.

# **GEAR CODES**

Gear categories	Standard Abbreviation Code
Surrounding nets	
With purse lines (purse seines)	PS
<ul> <li>One boat operated purse seines</li> </ul>	PS1
— Two boat operated purse seines	PS2
Without purse lines (lampara)	LA
Seine nets	SB
Boat or vessel seines	SV
<ul><li>Danish seines</li></ul>	SDN
<ul><li>Scottish seines</li></ul>	SSC
— Pair seines	SPR
Seine nets (not specifed)	SX
Trawls	
Pots	FPO
Bottom trawls	
— Beam trawls	ТВВ
— Otter trawls (¹)	OTB
— Pair trawls	PTB
<ul><li>Nephrops trawls</li></ul>	TBN
— Shrimp trawls	TBS
<ul> <li>Bottom trawls (not specified)</li> </ul>	ТВ
Midwater trawls	
<ul><li>Otter trawls</li></ul>	OTM
— Pair trawls	PTM
<ul><li>Shirmp trawls</li></ul>	TMS
<ul> <li>Midwater trawls (not specified)</li> </ul>	TM
Otter twin trawls	OTT
Otter trawls (not specified)	OT
Pair trawls (not specified)	PT
Other trawls (not specified)	TX
Gillnets and entangling nets	
Set gillnets (anchored)	GNS
Drift nets	GND
Encircling gillnets	GNC
Fixed gillnets (on stakes)	GNF
Trammel nets	GTR
Combined gillnets-Trammel nets	GTN
Gillnets and entangling nets (not specified)	GEN
Gillnets (not specified)	GN
Traps	
Stationary uncovered pound-nets	FPN

Gear categories	Standard Abbreviation Code
Fyke nets	FYK
Stow nets	FSN
Barriers, fences, weirs, etc.	FWR
Aerial traps	FAR
Traps (not specified)	FIX
Hooks and lines	
Hand-lines and pole-lines (hand operated) (2)	LHP
Hand-lines and pole-lines (mechanized) (2)	LHM
Set lines (longlines set)	LLS
Drifting longlines	LLD
Longlines (not specified)	LL
Trolling lines	LTL
Hooks and lines (not specified) (3)	LX
Grappling and wounding	
Harpoons	HAR
Dredges	
Boat dredges	DRB
Hand dredges	DRH
Lift nets	
Portable lift nets	LNP
Boat operated lift nets	LNB
Shore operated stationary lift nets	LNS
Lift nets (not specified)	LN
Falling gear	
Cast nets	FCN
Falling Gear (not specified)	FG
Harvesting machines	
Pumps	НМР
Mechanized dredges	HMD
Harvesting machines (not specified)	HMX
Miscellaneous gear (4)	MIS
Recreational fishing gear	RG
Gear not known or not specified	NK

 <sup>(</sup>¹) Fisheries agencies may indicate side and stern bottom and side and stern midwater trawls, as OTB-1 and OTB-2, and OTM-1 and OTM-2, respectively.
 (²) Including jigging lines.
 (³) Code LDV for dory operated line gears will be maintained for historical data purposes.
 (⁴) This item includes: hand and landing nets, drive-in-nets, gathering by hand with simple hand implements with or without diving equipment, poisons and explosives, trained animals, electrical fishing.

# FISHING VESSEL CODES

# A. Main vessel types

FAO Code	Type of vessel
ВО	Protection vessel
CO	Fish training vessel
DB	Dredger non continuous
DM	Dredger continuous
DO	Beamer
DOX	Dredger NEI
FO	Fish carrier
FX	Fishing vessel NEI
GO	Gill netter
HOX	Mother ship NEI
HSF	Factory mother ship
КО	Hospital ship
LH	Hand liner
LL	Long liner
LO	Liner
LP	Pole and line vessel
LT	Troller
MO	Multipurpose vessels
MSN	Seiner hand liner
MTG	Trawler drifter
MTS	Trawler purse seiner
NB	Lift netter tender
NO	Lift netter
NOX	Lift netter NEI
PO	Vessel using pumps
SN	Seine netter
SO	Seiner
SOX	Seiner NEI
SP	Purse seiner
SPE	Purse seiner european
SPT	Tuna purse seiner
TO	Trawler
TOX	Trawlers NEI
TS	Side trawler
TSF	Side trawler freezer
TSW	Side trawler wetfish
TT	Stern trawler
TTF	Stern trawler freezer



FAO Code	Type of vessel
TTP	Stern trawler factory
TU	Outrigger trawlers
WO	Trap setter
WOP	Pot vessels
WOX	Trap setters NEI
ZO	Fish research vessel
DRN	Drifnetter

NEI = Not Elsewhere Identified

# B. Main vessel activities

Alfa Code	Category
ANC	Anchoring
DRI	Drifting
FIS	Fishing
HAU	Hauling
PRO	Processing
STE	Steaming
TRX	Trans-shipping on or off loading
OTH	Others — to be specified

#### ANNEX XII

#### **NAFO AREA**

The list that follows is a partial list of stocks that needs to be reported in accordance with Article 42(2).

ANG/N3NO Lophius americanus American angler
CAA/N3LMN Anarhichas lupus Atlantic wolffish

CAP/N3LM Mallotus villosus Capelin

CAT/N3LMN Anarhichas spp. Catfishes (Wolffishes) nei

HAD/N3LNO Melanogrammus aeglefinus Haddock

HAL/N23KL Hippoglossus hippoglossus Atlantic halibut

HAL/N3M Hippoglossus hippoglossus Atlantic halibut

HAL/N3NO Hippoglossus hippoglossus Atlantic halibut

HER/N3L Clupea harengus Herring
HKR/N2J3KL Urophycis chuss Red hake
HKR/N3MNO Urophycis chuss Red hake
HKS/N3NLMO Merlucius bilinearis Silver hake

RNG/N23 Coryphaenoides rupestris Roundnose grenadier

HKW/N2J3KL Urophycis tenuis White hake

POK/N3O Pollachius virens Pollock (=Saithe)

RHG/N23 Macrourus berglax Roughhead grenadier

SKA/N2J3KL Raja spp. Skates SKA/N3M Raja spp. Skates

SQI/N56 Illex illecebrosus Short fin squid

VFF/N3LMN — Fishes unsorted, unidentified

WIT/N3M Glyptocephalus cynoglossus Witch flounder

YEL/N3M Limanda ferruginea Yellow tail flounder

## ANNEX XIII

# PROHIBITION OF DIRECTED FISHING IN CCAMLR AREA

Target species	Zone	Period of prohibition
Sharks (all species)	Convention Area	All year
Notothenia rossii	FAO 48.1 Antarctic, in the Peninsula Area FAO 48.2 Antarctic, around the South Orkneys FAO 48.3 Antarctic, around South Georgia	All year
Finfish	FAO 48.1 Antarctic (¹) FAO 48.2 Antarctic (¹)	All year
Gobionotothen gibberifrons Chaenocephalus aceratus Pseudochaenichthys georgianus Lepidonotothen squamifrons Patagonotothen guntheri	FAO 48.3	All year
Dissostichus spp	FAO 48.5 Antarctic	1.12.2006 to 30.11.2007
Dissostichus spp	FAO 88.3 Antarctic (¹) FAO 58.5.1 Antarctic (¹) (²) FAO 58.5.2 Antarctic east of 79°20'E and outside the EEZ to the west of 79°20'E (¹) FAO 88.2 Antarctic north of 65°S (¹) FAO 58.4.4 Antarctic (¹) FAO 58.6 Antarctic (¹) FAO 58.7 Antarctic (¹)	All year
Lepidonotothen squamifrons	FAO 58.4.4 (¹)	All year
All species except Champsocephalus gunnari and Dissostichus eleginoides	FAO 58.5.2 Antarctic	1.12.2006 to 30.11.2007
Dissostichus mawsoni	FAO 48.4 Antarctic (¹)	All year

Except for scientific research purposes. Excluding waters subject to national jurisdiction (EEZs).

#### ANNEX XIV

# CATCH AND BY-CATCH LIMITS FOR NEW AND EXPLORATORY FISHERIES IN THE AREA OF CCAMLR IN 2006/07

Subaarea/	Region	Season	SSRU	Dissostichus	Ву-са	By-catch Catch Limit (tonnes)			
Division	Region	SeaSOII	SSKU	spp. Catch Limit (tonnes)	Skates and rays	Macrourus spp.	Other species		
48.6	All Division	1.12.2006 to 30.11.2007		455 T north of 60° S 455 T south of 60° S	All division 50	All division 73	All division 20		
58.4.1	All Division	1.12.2006 to 30.11.2007	A B C D E F G H Total Sub-	0 0 200 0 200 0 200 0 600	All Division: 50	All Division: 96	All Division: 20		
58.4.2	All Division	1.12.2006 to 30.11.2007	A B C D E Total Sub-	260 0 260 0 260 780	All Division: 50	All Division: 124	All Division: 20		
58.4.3a)	All Division outside Areas of National Jur- isdiction	1.05.2007 to 31.08.2007	N/A	250	All Division: 50	All Division: 26	All Division: 20		
58.4.3b)	All Division outside Areas of National Jur- isdiction	1.05.2007 to 31.08.2007	N/A	300	All Division: 50	All Division:	All Division:		
88.1	All Subarea	1.12.2006 to 31.08.2007	A B, C, G D E F H, I, K J L Total Sub-area	0 356 (¹) 0 0 0 1 936 (¹) 564 (¹) 176 (¹) 3 032 (¹)	0 50 (¹) 0 0 0 97 (¹) 50 (¹) 50 (¹)	0 57 (¹) 0 0 0 310 (¹) 90 (¹) 28 (¹) 484 (¹)	0 60 (¹) 0 0 60 (¹) 20 (¹) 20 (¹)		
88.2	All Subarea	1.12.2006 to 31.08.2007	A B C, D, F, G E Total Subarea	0 0 206 (¹) 341 (¹) 547 (¹)	0 0 50 (¹) 50 (¹) 50 (¹)	0 0 33 (¹) 55 (¹) 88 (¹)	0 0 20 (¹) 20 (¹) 0		

Rules for catch limits for by-catch species per SSRU, applicable within total by-catch limits per Subarea:

— Skates and rays: 5 % of the catch limit for Dissostichus spp. or 50 tonnes, whichever is greatest

— Macrourus spp.: 16 % of the catch limit for Dissostichus spp.

— Other species: 20 tonnes per SSRU.

Name and title

Date

Signature

## ANNEX XV

## PART I

## Port State control forms

PORT STATE CONTROL FORM — PSC 1

## PART A: To be completed by the master of the vessel

Name of vessel	IMO Number (1)	Radio Call Sign	Flag State	
Inmarsat Number	Telefax Number	Telephone Number	E-mail ado	lress
Port of landing or	transhipment	Estimated Time of Arrival		
	Date:	Tim	e (UTC):	
Total catch on boa	rd	Catch to be landed (2)		
Species (3) Produc	et (4) ICES area of catch	Product Species (3) Product (4) weight (kg)	ICES area of catch	Product
	PART B: For officia	l use only — to be completed by the Fla		weight (kg)
		l use only — to be completed by the Fla		weight (kg
Ü	he vessel must respond to 'Yes' or 'No	l use only — to be completed by the Flather the following questions by marking		Weight (kg)
Ü	he vessel must respond to 'Yes' or 'No ressel declared to have caus	l use only — to be completed by the Flatthe following questions by marking	ng State	
<ul><li>a) The fishing v the species d</li><li>b) The quantitie</li></ul>	he vessel must respond to 'Yes' or 'No ressel declared to have cauge clared	l use only — to be completed by the Flather the following questions by marking	ng State	
a) The fishing vector the species d b) The quantities the calculation	he vessel must respond to 'Yes' or 'No ressel declared to have cauge clared  s on board have been duly on of any catch or effort linesessel declared to have caugle	the following questions by marking that the fish had sufficient quota for reported and taken into account for	ng State	

Official Stamp

	PART C: For officia	ll use only — to	o be compl	eted by the Por	rt State	
Name of Port State	Authorisation give	n Da	te	Signature		Stamp
	Yes					
(¹) Fishing vessels not assig (²) If necessary an addition (³) FAO 3-alpha Species Co (⁴) Product presentations	nal form or forms shall boodes.	al Maritime Organ e used.	isation) numb	er shall provide th	eir external r	egistration number.
PORT STATE CONTRO	DL FORM — PSC 2 (¹)					
	PART A: To	be completed b	y the mast	er of the vessel	1	
Name of vessel IMO	Number (²)	Radio	Call Sign		Flag Sta	te
Inmarsat Number Telef	ax Number	Telep	hone Numbe	er	E-mail a	address
Port of landing or tran	shipment Estimate	ed Time of Arriv	<i>r</i> al			
	Date:			Time	(UTC):	
Catch information for o	donor vessels					
Name of vessel	IMO Number (²)		Radio C	all Sign		Flag State
Total catch on board			Catch to	be landed (3)		
Species Product (5)	ICES area of catch	Product weight (kg)	Species (4)	Product (5)		ICES areaProduct of catch weight (kg)
	PART B: For officia	ıl use only — t	o be compl	eted by the Fla	g State	
The Flag State of the vo	essel must respond to 'Yes' or 'Ne		estions by n	marking	Yes	No
a) The fishing vesse the species declar	l declared to have caused	ght the fish had	sufficient qu	ota for		
	board have been duly f any catch or effort lin					
c) The fishing vessel the area declared	declared to have caugl	nt he fish had aut	horisation to	o fish in		

the presence of the fishing vessel in the area of catch declared has been verified according to VMS data  $\,$ 

Flao	State	confirmation
Tag	State	Commination

I confirm that the above information is complete, true and correct to best of my knowledge and belief.

Name and title

Date

Signature

Official Stamp

## PART C: For official use only — to be completed by the Port State

Name of Port State	Authorisation given	Date	Signature	Stamp
	Yes			

- (¹) A separate form shall be completed for each donor vessel.
  (²) Fishing vessels not assigned an IMO number shall provide their external registration number.
  (²) If necessary an additional form or forms shall be used.
  (\*) FAO 3-alpha Species Codes.
  (²) Product presentations as set out in Appendix to Annex XV.

#### PART II

REPORT ON PORT STATE CONTROL INSPECTION (PSC 3) (1)

#### INSPECTION REFERENCE

Port State		Port of landing or transhipment	
Vessel name Flag State		IMO Number (²)	Int. Radio call sign
Landing/transhipment started	Date	Time	
Landing/transhipment ended	Date	Time	
B. INSPECTION DETAILS			
Name of donor vessel	IMO Number (²)	Radio call sign	Flag State
B1. fish landed or transhipped			
Species (3) Product (4)	ICES Area	Product weight Diff. (kg) between	en Diff. (%) between

in kg

of catch

Product weight and PSC 1 or 2

Product weight and PSC 1 or 2

B2. information a	bout landii	ngs author	rised without confirm	nation from the flag	state		
N	ame of sto	rage, nam	e of competent auth	orities, deadline for	receiving c	onfirmatio	on.
B3. fish retained of	on board						
Species ( <sup>3</sup> )	Produ	ıct ( <sup>4</sup> )	ICES Area of catch	Product weight in kg	weight a	(kg) Product and PSC r 2	Diff. (%) between Product weight and PSC 1 or 2
C. RESULTS OF	INSPECTIC	DΝ					
Inspection started				Date		Time	
Inspection ended				Date	Time		
Observations							
Infringements Noted	d (5)						
Article		Cite NE.	AFC provision(s) vio	lated and summarise	pertinent	facts	
Inspectors name				Inspectors signatur	re	Date and	d place
D. OBSERVATIO	ns by thi	E MASTEI	3				
I, the undersigned, I signature does not of Signature.	Master of the	ne vesselho acceptance	ereby confirm that a e of any part of the	copy of this report he contents of this repo	nas been de ort, except	elivered to my own o	me on this date. My

#### DISTRIBUTION E.

Copy to flag State	Copy to NEAFC Secretary

<sup>(</sup>¹) In case where a vessel has engaged in transhipment operations. A separate form shall be used for each donor vessel.
(²) Fishing vessels not assigned an IMO number shall provide their external registration number.
(²) FAO 3-alpha Species Codes.
(⁴) Product presentations as set out in Appendix to Annex XV.
(²) In case of infringements related to fish caught in the NEAFC Convention Area a reference should be made to the relevant article of the NEAFC Scheme of Control and Enforcement adopted on 17 November 2006.

# Appendix 1 to Annex XV

# Products and packing

## A. **Product form codes**

Code	Product form
A	Round — Frozen
В	Round — Frozen (Cooked)
С	Gutted Head on — Frozen
D	Gutted Head Off — Frozen
Е	Gutted Head Off — Trimmed — Frozen
F	Skinless Fillets — Frozen
G	Skin on Fillets — Frozen
Н	Salted Fish
I	Pickled Fish
J	Canned Products
K	Oil
L	Meal Produced from Round Fish
M	Meal Produced from Offal
N	Other (Specify)

# B. Type of packing

Code	Туре
CRT	Cartons
BOX	Boxes
BGS	Bags
BLC	Blocks

#### PART I

#### SEAFO transhipment declaration

Name of vessel and radio Call sign if any:				External identification: SEAFO number:		1 •	In case of transhipment Name and/or call sign, external identification and nationality of recipient vessel:					
	Day	Month	Hour	Year	2   0		Agent's name:		Master's na	ame:		
Departure					from							
Return				to			Signature:		Signature:			
Transhipment												
Indicate the we	ight in kilograms	or the unit used	(e.g. box, basket	t) and the landed	weight in kilogra	ams of this unit	:	kilograms (1) (2)				
Species	Port of Transhipment	Presentation (4)	Presentation (4)	Presentation (4)	Presentation (4)	Presentation (4)	Presentation (4)	Presentation (4)	Presentation (4)	Presentation (4)	Presentation (4)	
	Name of Port, Country	Whole	Gutted	Head off	Filleted							

- (1) Give the unit of weight used (e.g. basket, box, etc.) for landing fish and the weight of the unit in kilograms. This unit may be different from that used in the logbook.
- (2) Give the weight or quantities actually trans-shipped for all species covered by the SEAFO Convention. The weight should correspond to the weight of fish as landed, i.e. after any processing on board.
- (3) Name of Port, Country refers to the port and country in which the transhipment will take place.
- (4) "Presentation" means the way fish has been processed. Indicate the nature of this processing if any: GUT for gutting, HEAD for heading, FILLET for filleting, etc. Where no processing has taken place, WHOLE for whole fish.

#### TRANSHIPMENT DECLARATION

#### (1) General rule

In the case of transhipment, the master of the fishing vessel shall enter the quantities on the transhipment declaration. A copy of the transhipment declaration shall be handed to the master of the recipient vessel.

#### (2) Procedure for completion

- (a) Entries on transhipment declaration shall be legible and indelible.
- (b) No entry on the transhipment declaration may be erased or altered. If a mistake is made, the incorrect entry shall be struck out with a line and followed by a new entry initialled by the master or his agent.
- (c) One transhipment declaration should be completed for each transhipment operations.
- (d) Each page of the transhipment declaration shall be signed by the master.

#### (3) Responsibilities of the master in respect of the landing declaration and the transhipment declaration

The master of the vessel shall certify with his initials and signature that the estimated quantities entered on the transhipment declaration are reasonable. The copies of the transhipment declaration must be kept for one year.

#### (4) Information to be provided

The estimates of the quantities trans-shipped are to be indicated on the SEAFO transhipment declaration form, as specified in the footnotes to this form, for each species, and in respect of a particular voyage

#### (5) Procedure of transmission

- (a) In the case of transhipment to a vessel flying the flag of a Contracting Party State or registered in a Contracting Party, the first copy of the transhipment declaration shall be handed over to the master of the recipient vessel. The original shall be handed over or dispatched, as the case may be, to the authorities of the Contracting Party whose flag the vessel is flying or in which it is registered, within 48 hours of completion of landing or on arrival in port.
- (b) In the case of transhipment to a vessel flying the flag of a non-Contracting Party, the original document shall be handed over or sent, as the case may be, as soon as possible to the Contracting Party whose flag the fishing vessel is flying or in which it is registered.
- (c) In cases where it is impossible for the master to dispatch the original of the transhipment declarations to the authorities of the Contracting Party whose flag the vessel is flying or in which it is registered within the time limits specified, the information required in respect of the declaration shall be transmitted by radio or by other means to the authorities concerned.

The information shall be transmitted via the radio stations usually used, preceded by the name, the call sing and external identification of the vessel, and the name of its master.

In cases where it is not possible for the message to be transmitted by the vessel, it may be transmitted on the vessel's behalf by another vessel or by any other method.

The master shall ensure that information transmitted to radio stations is passed on in writing to the relevant authorities.

#### PART II

#### Guidelines for Design and Deployment of Tori Lines

- 1. These guidelines are designed to assist in the preparation and implementation of tori line regulations for longline fishing vessels. While these guidelines are relatively explicit, improvement in tori line effectiveness through experimentation is encouraged. The guidelines take into account environmental and operational variables such as weather conditions, setting speed and ship size, all of which influence tori line performance and design in protecting baits from birds. Tori line design and use may change to take account of these variables provided that line performance is not compromised. Ongoing improvement in tori line design is envisaged and consequently review of these guidelines should be undertaken in the future.
- 2. Tori Line Design
- 2.1. It is recommended that a tori line 150 m in length be used. The diameter of the section of the line in the water may be greater than that of the line above water. This increases drag and hence reduces the need for greater line length and takes account of setting speeds and length of time taken for baits to sink. The section above water should be a string fine line (e; g. about 3 mm diameter) of a conspicuous colour such as red or orange.
- 2.2. The above water section of the line should be sufficiently light that its movement is unpredictable to avoid habituation by birds and sufficiently heavy to avoid deflection of the line by wind.
- 2.3. The line is best attached to the vessel with a robust barrel swivel to reduce tangling of the line.
- 2.4. The streamers should be made of material that is conspicuous and produces an unpredictable lively action (e.g. strong fine line sheathed in red polyurethane tubing) suspended from a robust three-way swivel (that again reduces tangles) attached to the tori line, and should hang just clear of the water.
- 2.5. There should be a maximum of 5-7 m between each streamer. Ideally each streamer should be paired.
- 2.6. Each streamer pair should be detachable by means of a clip so that line stowage is more efficient.
- 2.7. The number of streamers should be adjusted for the setting speed of the vessel, with more streamers necessary at slower setting speeds. Three pairs are appropriate for a setting speed of 10 knots.
- 3. Deployment of Tori Lines
- 3.1. The line should be suspended from a pole affixed to the vessel. The tori pole should be set as high as possible so that the line protects bait a good distance astern of the vessel and will not tangle with the fishing gear. Grater pole height provides greater bait protection. For example, a height of around 6 m above the water line can give about 100 m of bait protection.
- 3.2. The tori line should be set so that streamers pass over baited hooks in the water.
- 3.3. Deployment of multiple tori lines is encouraged to provide even greater protections of baits from birds.

- 3.4. Because there is the potential for line breakage and tangling, spare tori lines should be carried on board to replace damaged lines and to ensure fishing operations can continue uninterrupted.
- 3.5. When fishers use a bait casting machine (BCM) they must ensure co-ordination of the tori line and machine by:
  - a) ensuring the BCM throws directly under the tori line protection and;
  - b) when using a BCM that allows throwing to port and starboard, ensure that two tori lines are used.
- 3.6. Fishermen are encouraged to install manual, electric of hydraulic winches to improve ease of deployment and retrieval of tori lines.

#### ANNEX XVII

#### Vessels engaged in illegal, unreported and unregulated fisheries in the North Atlantic

#### 1. NORTH-EAST ATLANTIC

- 1.1. The Commission shall without delay inform Member States of vessels flying flags of non-contracting Parties to the Convention on Future Multilateral Co-operation in North-East Atlantic Fisheries (hereinafter referred to as 'the Convention') that have been sighted engaging in fishing activities in the Regulatory Area of the Convention and placed by the North-East Atlantic Fisheries Commission (NEAFC) on a provisional list of vessels that are being presumed to be undermining the Recommendations established under the Convention. The following measures shall apply to these vessels:
  - (a) vessels that enter ports are not authorised to land or tranship therein and shall be inspected by the competent authorities. Such inspections shall include the vessel's documents, log books, fishing gear, catch onboard and any other matter relating to the vessel's activities in the Regulatory Area of the Convention. Information on the result of the inspections shall immediately be transmitted to the Commission;
  - (b) fishing vessels, support vessels, refuel vessels, mother-ships and cargo vessels flying the flag of a Member State shall not in any way assist the vessels or participate in any transhipment or joint fishing operations with the vessels:
  - (c) the vessels shall not be supplied in ports with provisions, fuel or other services.
- 1.2. Vessels that have been placed by the North-East Atlantic Fisheries Commission on the list of vessels that have been confirmed as having engaged in illegal, unreported and unregulated fisheries (hereinafter referred to as 'IUU vessels') are listed in Appendix 1. In addition to the measures referred to in point 1.1 the following measures shall apply to these vessels:
  - (a) IUU vessels shall be prohibited to enter a Community port;
  - (b) IUU vessels shall not be authorised to fish in Community waters and be prohibited to be chartered;
  - (c) imports of fish coming from IUU vessels shall be prohibited;
  - (d) Member States shall refuse the granting of their flag to IUU vessels and encourage importers, transporters and other sectors concerned to refrain from negotiating and from transhipping of fish caught by such vessels.
- 1.3. The Commission shall amend the list of IUU vessels to be in accordance with the NEAFC IUU list as soon as NEAFC adopts a new IUU list.

# 2. **NORTHWEST ATLANTIC**

- 2.1. Vessels that have been placed by the Northwest Atlantic Fisheries Organisation (NAFO) on the list of IUU vessels are listed in Appendix 2. The following measures shall apply to these vessels:
  - (a) Fishing vessels, support vessels, refuel vessels, mother-ship and cargo vessels flying the flag of a Member State shall not in any way assist IUU vessels, engage in fish processing operations or participate in any transhipment or joint fishing operations with vessels on the IUU vessels list;
  - (b) IUU vessels shall not be supplied in ports with provisions, fuel or other services;
  - (c) IUU vessels shall not be authorised to entry into port of a Member State, except in case of force majeure;

- (d) IUU vessels shall not be authorised to change the crew, except as required in relation to force majeure;
- (e) IUU vessels shall not be authorised to fish in Community waters and be prohibited to be chartered;
- (f) Member States shall refuse the granting of their flag to IUU vessels and encourage importers, transporters and other sectors concerned to refrain from negotiating and from transhipping of fish caught by such vessels;
- (g) Imports of fish coming from IUU vessels shall be prohibited.
- 2.2. The Commission shall amend the IUU vessels list to be in accordance with the NAFO list as soon as NAFO adopts a new list.

#### Appendix 1 to Annex XVII

# List of vessels that have been confirmed by NEAFC as having engaged in illegal, unreported and unregulated fisheries (IUU vessels)

IMO (¹) ship identification number	Vessel's name (²)	Flag State (²)
8522030	CARMEN	Georgia
7700104	CEFEY	Ex Panama
8422852	DOLPHIN	Georgia
8522119	EVA	Georgia
7321374	FONTE NOVA	Panama
6719419	GRAN SOL	Panama
7332218	IANNIS I	Panama
8028424	ICE BAY	Cambodia
8422838	ISABELLA	Georgia
8522042	JUANITA	Georgia
6614700	KABOU	Guinea Conakry
7351161	KERGUELEN	Guinea Conakry
7385174	MURTOSA	Togo
8326319	PAVLOVSK	Georgia
8914221	POLESTAR	Panama
8522169	ROSITA	Georgia
8421937	SANTA NIKOLAS	Honduras
7347407	SUNNY JANE	
8209078	THORGULL	Bahamas
8606836	ULLA	Georgia

International Maritime Organisation.
Any changes of names and flags and additional information on the vessels are available on the NEAFC website: www.neafc.org'

# Appendix 2 to Annex XVII List of vessels that have been confirmed by NAFO as having engaged in illegal, unreported and unregulated fisheries (IUU vessels)

Vessel Name (+ known previous name)	Current Flag State (known prev. Flag State)	Radio Call Sing (RC)	IMO (¹) Number
Carmen (Ostovets)	Georgia (Dominica)	4LSK	8522030
Eva (Oyra)	Georgia (Dominica)	4LPH	8522119
Isabella (Olchan)	Georgia (Dominica)	4LSH	8422838
Juanita (Ostroe)	Georgia (Dominica)	4LSM	8522042
Ulla (Lisa, Kadri)	Georgia (Dominica)	unknown	8606836

<sup>(1)</sup> International Maritime Organisation.