(Acts adopted under the EC Treaty/Euratom Treaty whose publication is obligatory)

REGULATIONS

COUNCIL REGULATION (EC) No 1528/2007

of 20 December 2007

applying the arrangements for products originating in certain states which are part of the African, Caribbean and Pacific (ACP) Group of States provided for in agreements establishing, or leading to the establishment of, Economic Partnership Agreements

THE COUNCIL OF THE EUROPEAN UNION,

Having regard to the Treaty establishing the European Community, and in particular Article 133 thereof,

Having regard to the proposal from the Commission,

Whereas:

- (1) The Partnership Agreement between the members of the African, Caribbean and Pacific Group of States, of the one part, and the European Community and its Member States, of the other part, signed in Cotonou on 23 June 2000 (¹) (hereinafter referred to as the 'ACP-EC Partnership Agreement') provides that Economic Partnership Agreements (EPAs) are to enter into force no later than 1 January 2008.
- (2) The ACP-EC Partnership Agreement provides for the maintenance of the trading arrangements contained in Annex V to that Agreement until 31 December 2007.
- (3) Since 2002 the Community has been negotiating Economic Partnership Agreements with the ACP Group of States in the form of six regions comprising the Caribbean, Central Africa, Eastern and Southern Africa, the Pacific Island States, the South African Development Community and West Africa. Such Economic Partnership Agreements

will be consistent with WTO obligations, support regional integration and promote the gradual integration of the ACP economies into the rules-based world trading system, thereby fostering their sustainable development and contributing to the overall effort to eradicate poverty and to enhance living conditions in the ACP countries. In a first stage, negotiations may be concluded on agreements leading to the establishment of Economic Partnership Agreements covering at least WTO compatible goods arrangements consistent with regional economic and political integration processes, to be complemented as soon as possible by complete Economic Partnership Agreements.

- (4) Those agreements establishing, or leading to the establishment of, Economic Partnership Agreements for which negotiations have been concluded provide that the parties may take steps to apply the agreement, before provisional application on a mutual basis, to the extent feasible. It is appropriate to take action to apply the agreements on the basis of these provisions.
- (5) The arrangements included in this Regulation are to be amended, as necessary, in accordance with the agreements establishing, or leading to the establishment of, Economic Partnership Agreements, as and when such agreements are signed and concluded pursuant to Article 300 of the Treaty and are either provisionally applied or in force. The arrangements are to be terminated in whole or in part if the agreements in question do not enter into force within a reasonable period of time in accordance with the Vienna Convention on the Law of Treaties.

 ^{(&}lt;sup>1</sup>) OJ L 317, 15.12.2000, p. 3. Agreement as amended by Agreement of 22 December 2005 (OJ L 209, 11.8.2005, p. 27).

- For imports into the Community, the arrangements in the (6) agreements establishing, or leading to the establishment of, Economic Partnership Agreements, should provide for duty free access and no tariff rate quotas for all products with the exception of arms. These arrangements are subject to transitional periods and arrangements for certain sensitive products and specific arrangements for the French Overseas Departments. In the light of the specificities of the situation of South Africa, products originating in South Africa should continue to benefit from the relevant provisions of the Agreement on Trade, Development and Cooperation between the European Community and its Member States, of the one part, and South Africa, of the other part (1) (hereinafter referred to as the 'TDCA'), until such time as an agreement establishing, or leading to the establishment of, Economic Partnership Agreements enters into force between the Community and South Africa.
- Instead of relying on the special arrangements for least-(7) developed countries provided for in Council Regulation (EC) No 980/2005 of 27 June 2005 applying a scheme of generalised tariff preferences (2), it is preferable that those least-developed countries which are also ACP States base their future trade relationship with the Community on Economic Partnership Agreements. In order to facilitate such a development, it is appropriate to provide that such countries which have concluded negotiations on agreements establishing, or leading to the establishment of, Economic Partnership Agreements, and which can benefit from the arrangements provided under this Regulation may continue to benefit, for a limited period of time, from the special arrangements for least-developed countries in Regulation (EC) No 980/2005 in respect of those products where the transitional arrangements set out in this Regulation are less favourable.
- (8) The rules of origin applicable to imports made under this Regulation should for a transitional period be those laid down in Annex II to this Regulation. Those rules of origin should be superseded by those annexed to any agreement with the regions or states listed in Annex I when that agreement is either provisionally applied, or enters into force, whichever is the earliest.
- (9) It is necessary to provide for the possibility of temporarily suspending the arrangements set out in this Regulation in the event of any failure to provide administrative cooperation, irregularities or fraud. Where a Member State supplies information to the Commission concerning possible fraud or failure to provide administrative cooperation, the relevant Community legislation should apply, in particular Council Regulation (EC) No 515/97 of 13 March 1997 on mutual assistance between the administrative authorities of the Member States and cooperation between the latter and

the Commission to ensure the correct application of the law on customs and agricultural matters (³).

- (10) It is appropriate that this Regulation should provide for transitional arrangements for sugar and rice, together with special transitional safeguard and surveillance mechanisms applicable after the termination of the transitional arrangements.
- (11) In the context of the transitional arrangements for sugar, according to Council Decision 2007/627/EC (⁴), Protocol 3 on ACP sugar attached to Annex V to the ACP-EC Partnership Agreement will cease to apply with effect from 1 October 2009.
- (12) Upon the termination of Protocol 3 on ACP sugar and in view of the particular sensitivity of the sugar market, it is appropriate to adopt transitional measures for that product. At the same time, it is appropriate to adopt specific transitional surveillance and safeguard measures for certain agricultural processed products with a potentially high sugar content which could be traded to circumvent the transitional specific safeguard measures for sugar imports into the Community.
- (13) It is also appropriate to adopt general safeguard measures for the products covered by this Regulation.
- (14) In view of the particular sensitivity of agricultural products, it is appropriate that bilateral safeguard measures may be taken when imports cause or threaten to cause disturbances in the markets for such products or disturbances in the mechanisms regulating those markets.
- (15) In accordance with Article 299(2) of the Treaty, due account should be taken in all Community policies of the particular structural, social and economic situations of the outermost regions of the Community specifically with reference to customs and trade policies.
- (16) Special account should therefore be taken both of the sensitivity of agricultural products, especially sugar, and of the particular vulnerability and interests of the outermost regions of the Community when laying down the rules on bilateral safeguards in an effective manner.

^{(&}lt;sup>1</sup>) OJ L 311, 4.12.1999, p. 1. Agreement as amended by the Additional Protocol of 25 June 2005 (OJ L 68, 15.3.2005, p. 33).

⁽²⁾ OJ L 169, 30.6.2005, p. 1. Regulation as last amended by Commission Regulation (EC) No 606/2007 (OJ L 141, 2.6.2007, p. 4).

 ⁽³⁾ OJ L 82, 22.3.1997, p. 1. Regulation as amended by Regulation (EC) No 807/2003 (OJ L 122, 16.5.2003, p. 36).

⁽⁴⁾ Council Decision 2007/627/EC of 28 September 2007 denouncing on behalf of the Community Protocol 3 on ACP sugar appearing in the ACP-EEC Convention of Lomé and the corresponding declarations annexed to that Convention, contained in Protocol 3 attached to Annex V to the ACP-EC Partnership Agreement, with respect to Barbados, Belize, the Republic of Congo, the Republic of Côte d'Ivoire, the Republic of the Fiji Islands, the Republic of Guyana, Jamaica, the Republic of Kenya, the Republic of Madagascar, the Republic of Malawi, the Republic of Mauritius, the Republic of Mozambique, the Federation of Saint Kitts and Nevis, the Republic of Suriname, the Kingdom of Swaziland, the United Republic of Tanzania, the Republic of Trinidad and Tobago, the Republic of Uganda, the Republic of Zambia and the Republic of Zimbabwe (OJ L 255, 29.9.2007, p. 38).

- (17) The measures necessary for the implementation of this Regulation should be adopted in accordance with Council Decision 1999/468/EC of 28 June 1999 laying down the procedures for the exercise of implementing powers conferred on the Commission (¹).
- (18) This Regulation makes it necessary to repeal the current set of regulations adopted in the context of Annex V of the ACP-EC Partnership Agreement, notably Council Regulation (EC) No 2285/2002 of 10 December 2002 on the safeguard measures provided for in the ACP-EC Partnership Agreement (²), Council Regulation (EC) No 2286/2002 of 10 December 2002 on the arrangements applicable to agricultural products and goods resulting from the processing of agricultural products originating in the African, Caribbean and Pacific States (ACP States) (³) and Article 1(2) of Council Regulation (EC) No 1964/2005 of 29 November 2005 on the tariff rates for bananas (⁴). As a consequence, all implementing measures based on those provisions which are repealed are rendered obsolete,

HAS ADOPTED THIS REGULATION:

CHAPTER I

SUBJECT MATTER, SCOPE AND MARKET ACCESS

Article 1

Subject matter

This Regulation applies the arrangements for products originating in certain states which are part of the African, Caribbean and Pacific (ACP) Group of States provided for in agreements establishing, or leading to the establishment of, Economic Partnership Agreements.

Article 2

Scope

1. This Regulation shall apply to products originating in the regions and states listed in Annex I.

2. The Council, acting by qualified majority on a proposal from the Commission, shall amend Annex I to add regions or states from the ACP Group of States which have concluded negotiations on an agreement between the Community and that region or state which at least meets the requirements of Article XXIV GATT 1994.

- ⁽²⁾ OJ L 348, 21.12.2002, p. 3.
- (3) OJ L 348, 21.12.2002, p. 5.
- (⁴) OJ L 316, 2.12.2005, p. 1.

3. Such region or state will remain on the list in Annex I unless the Council, acting by qualified majority upon a proposal from the Commission, amends Annex I to remove a region or state from that Annex, in particular where:

- (a) the region or state indicates that it intends not to ratify an agreement which has permitted it to be included in Annex I;
- (b) ratification of an agreement which has permitted a region or state to be included in Annex I has not taken place within a reasonable period of time such that the entry into force of the agreement is unduly delayed; or
- (c) the agreement is terminated, or the region or state concerned terminates its rights and obligations under the agreement but the agreement otherwise remains in force.

Article 3

Market access

1. Subject to Articles 6, 7 and 8, import duties shall be eliminated on all products of Chapters 1 to 97 but not 93 of the Harmonised System originating in a region or state listed in Annex I. Such elimination shall be subject to the transitional safeguard and surveillance mechanisms set out in Articles 9 and 10 and the general safeguards mechanism provided for in Articles 11 to 22.

2. For products of Chapter 93 of the Harmonised System originating in regions or states listed in Annex I the most favoured nation duties applied shall continue to apply.

3. Notwithstanding Article 3(2) of Regulation (EC) No 980/2005, products originating in least-developed countries listed in Annex I of that Regulation which are included in Annex I to this Regulation shall, in addition to the arrangements provided for in this Regulation, continue to benefit from the preferences provided for pursuant to Regulation (EC) No 980/2005 in respect of products:

- (a) of tariff heading 1006 except for subheading 1006 10 10, until 31 December 2009; and
- (b) of tariff heading 1701, until 30 September 2009.

4. Paragraph 1 of this Article and Articles 6, 7 and 8 shall not apply to products originating in South Africa. Such products shall be subject to the relevant provisions of the TDCA. In accordance with the procedure referred to in Article 24(3), an Annex shall be added to this Regulation setting out the regime applicable to products originating in South Africa once the relevant trade provisions of the TDCA have been superseded by the relevant provisions of an agreement establishing, or leading to the establishment of, an Economic Partnership Agreement.

 ^{(&}lt;sup>1</sup>) OJ L 184, 17.7.1999, p. 23. Decision as last amended by Decision 2006/512/EC (OJ L 200, 22.7.2006, p. 11).

5. Paragraph 1 shall not apply to products of tariff heading 0803 00 19 originating in a region or state listed in Annex I and released for free circulation in the Community's outermost regions until 1 January 2018. Paragraph 1 of this Article and Article 7 shall not apply to products of tariff heading 1701 originating in a region or state listed in Annex I and released for free circulation in the French overseas departments until 1 January 2018. Those periods shall be extended to 1 January 2028 unless otherwise agreed between the Parties to the relevant agreements. The Commission shall publish a notice in the Official Journal of the European Union informing interested parties of the termination of this provision.

CHAPTER II

RULES OF ORIGIN AND ADMINISTRATIVE COOPERATION

Article 4

Rules of Origin

1. The rules of origin set out in Annex II shall apply in order to determine whether products originate in the regions or states listed in Annex I.

2. The rules of origin set out in Annex II shall be superseded by those annexed to any agreement with the regions or states listed in Annex I when that agreement is either provisionally applied, or enters into force, whichever is the earlier. The Commission shall publish a notice in the Official Journal of the European Union to inform operators. The notice shall specify the date of provisional application or entry into force, which shall be the date from which the rules of origin in the agreement shall apply to products originating in the regions and states listed in Annex I.

3. The Commission assisted by the Customs Code Committee established by Council Regulation (EEC) 2913/92 of 12 October 1992 establishing the Community Customs Code (¹) shall monitor the implementation and application of the provisions of Annex II. Technical amendments and decisions on the management of Annex II may be adopted in accordance with the procedure referred to in Article 247 and 247a of Regulation (EEC) No 2913/92.

Article 5

Administrative cooperation

1. Where the Commission has made a finding, on the basis of objective information, of a failure to provide administrative cooperation and/or of irregularities or fraud, it may temporarily suspend the elimination of duties in Articles 3, 6 and 7 (hereafter referred to as the 'relevant treatment') in accordance with this Article.

2. For the purpose of this Article a failure to provide administrative cooperation shall mean, *inter alia*:

- (a) a repeated failure to respect relevant obligations requiring the verification of the originating status of the product(s) concerned;
- (b) a repeated refusal or undue delay in carrying out and/or communicating the results of subsequent verification of the proof of origin;
- (c) a repeated refusal or undue delay in obtaining authorisation to conduct administrative cooperation missions to verify the authenticity of documents or accuracy of information relating to the granting of the relevant treatment.

For the purpose of this Article a finding of irregularities or fraud may be made, *inter alia*, where there is a rapid increase, without satisfactory explanation, in imports of goods exceeding the usual level of production and export capacity of the region or state concerned.

3. Where the Commission, on the basis of information provided by a Member State or on its own initiative, finds that the conditions laid down in paragraphs 1 and 2 are fulfilled, the relevant treatment may be suspended in accordance with the procedure referred to in Article 24(2), provided the Commission has first:

- (a) informed the Committee provided for in Article 24;
- (b) notified the region or state concerned in accordance with any relevant procedures applicable between the Community and that state or region; and
- (c) published a notice in the Official Journal of the European Union stating that a finding has been made of a failure to provide administrative cooperation, irregularities or fraud.

4. The period of suspension under this Article shall be limited to that necessary to protect the Community's financial interests. It shall not exceed six months, which may be renewed. At the end of that period, the Commission shall decide either to terminate the suspension after informing the Committee provided for in Article 24 or to extend the period of suspension in accordance with the procedure referred to in paragraph 3 of this Article.

^{(&}lt;sup>1</sup>) OJ L 302, 19.10.1992, p. 1. Regulation as last amended by Regulation (EC) No 1791/2006 (OJ L 363, 20.12.2006, p. 1).

5. The temporary suspension procedures set out in paragraphs 2 to 4 shall be superseded by those set out in any agreement with the regions or states listed in Annex I when that agreement is either provisionally applied or enters into force, whichever is the earlier. The Commission shall publish a notice in the Official Journal of the European Union to inform operators. The notice shall specify the date of provisional application or entry into force, which shall be the date from which the temporary suspension procedures in the agreement shall apply to products covered by this Regulation.

6. In order to implement the temporary suspension provided for in any agreement with the regions or states listed in Annex I, the Commission shall, without undue delay:

- (a) inform the Committee provided for in Article 24 that a finding has been made of a failure to provide administrative cooperation, irregularities or fraud; and
- (b) publish the notice in the Official Journal of the European Union stating that a finding has been made of a failure to provide administrative cooperation, irregularities or fraud.

The decision suspending the relevant treatment shall be adopted in accordance with the procedure referred to in Article 24(2).

CHAPTER III

TRANSITIONAL ARRANGEMENTS

SECTION 1

Rice

Article 6

Zero duty tariff rate quotas and eventual elimination of duties

1. Import duties on the products of tariff heading 1006 shall be eliminated as from 1 January 2010, with the exception of import duties on the products of subheading 1006 10 10 which shall be eliminated as from 1 January 2008.

2. The following tariff rate quotas at zero duty shall be opened for products of tariff heading 1006 except for subheading 1006 10 10 originating in the regions or states listed in Annex I which form part of the CARIFORUM region:

- (a) 187 000 tonnes, husked rice equivalent, for the period from 1 January 2008 to 31 December 2008;
- (b) 250 000 tonnes, husked rice equivalent, for the period from 1 January 2009 to 31 December 2009.

3. The detailed rules for implementing the tariff quotas referred to in paragraph 2 shall be determined in accordance with the procedures referred to in Articles 13 and 26(2) of Council

Regulation (EC) No 1785/2003 of 29 September 2003 on the common organisation of the market in rice (¹).

SECTION 2

Sugar

Article 7

Zero duty tariff rate quotas and eventual elimination of duties

1. Import duties on products of tariff heading 1701 shall be eliminated as from 1 October 2009.

2. In addition to the tariff rate quotas opened and administered pursuant to Article 28 of Council Regulation (EC) No 318/2006 of 20 February 2006 on the common organisation of the markets in the sugar sector (²), the following tariff rate quotas shall be opened for products of tariff heading 1701 for the period from 1 October 2008 to 30 September 2009:

- (a) 150 000 tonnes, white sugar equivalent, at zero duty reserved for products originating in least-developed countries as listed in Annex I to Regulation (EC) No 980/2005 and which are listed in Annex I. This tariff rate quota shall be divided between regions according to quantities to be determined in conformity with the agreements qualifying regions or states for inclusion in Annex I; and
- (b) 80 000 tonnes, white sugar equivalent, at zero duty reserved for products originating in regions or states which are not least-developed countries and which are listed in Annex I. This tariff rate quota shall be divided between regions according to quantities to be determined in conformity with the agreements qualifying regions or states for inclusion in Annex I.

3. Article 30 of Regulation (EC) No 318/2006 shall apply to imports under the tariff rate quotas referred to in the previous paragraph.

4. The detailed rules for dividing by region and implementing the tariff quotas referred to in this Article shall be adopted in accordance with the procedure referred to in Article 39(2) of Regulation (EC) No 318/2006.

Article 8

Transitional arrangement

For the period from 1 October 2009 to 30 September 2012, Article 7(1) shall not apply to imports of products of CN code 1701 unless the importer undertakes to purchase such products at a price not lower than 90 % of the reference price (on a c.i.f. basis) set in Article 3 of Regulation (EC) No 318/2006 for the relevant marketing year.

 ^{(&}lt;sup>1</sup>) OJ L 270, 21.10.2003, p. 96. Regulation repealed as from 1 September 2008 by Regulation (EC) No 1234/2007 (OJ L 299, 16.11.2007, p. 1).

⁽²⁾ OJ L 58, 28.2.2006, p. 1. Regulation as last amended by Regulation (EC) No 1260/2007 (OJ L 283, 27.10.2007, p. 1).

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Article 9

Transitional safeguard mechanism for sugar

1. For the period from 1 October 2009 to 30 September 2015 the treatment granted in Article 7(1) for imports of products of tariff heading 1701 originating in regions or states listed in Annex I and which are not least-developed countries listed in Annex I to Regulation (EC) No 980/2005 may be suspended when:

- (a) imports originating in regions or states which are ACP States and which are not least-developed countries listed in Annex I to Regulation (EC) No 980/2005 exceed the following quantities:
 - (i) 1,38 million tonnes in the marketing year 2009/2010;
 - (ii) 1,45 million tonnes in the marketing year 2010/2011;
 - (iii) 1,6 million tonnes in the marketing years 2011/2012 to 2014/2015; and
- (b) imports originating in all ACP States exceed 3,5 million tonnes.

2. The quantities provided for in point (a) of paragraph 1 may be subdivided by region.

3. During the period referred to in paragraph 1, imports of products of tariff heading 1701 originating in regions or states listed in Annex I shall require an import licence.

4. The suspension of the treatment granted in Article 7(1) shall be terminated at the end of the marketing year in which it was introduced.

5. Detailed rules on the subdivision of quantities provided for in paragraph 1 and for the management of the system referred to in paragraphs 1, 3 and 4 of this Article, and suspension decisions shall be adopted in accordance with the procedure referred to in Article 39(2) of Regulation (EC) No 318/2006.

Article 10

Transitional surveillance mechanism

1. For the period from 1 January 2008 to 30 September 2015, imports of products of tariff headings 1704 90 99, 1806 10 30, 1806 10 90, 2106 90 59, 2106 90 98 originating in regions or states listed in Annex I shall be subject to the surveillance mechanism provided for in Article 308d of Commission Regulation (EEC) No 2454/93 of 2 July 1993 laying down provisions for the implementation of Regulation (EEC) No 2913/92 establishing the Community Customs Code (¹).

2. On the basis of that surveillance, the Commission shall check whether there is a cumulative increase of imports of one or more of those products originating in a particular region by more than 20 % in volume during a period of twelve consecutive months compared to the average of the yearly imports over the previous three twelve-month periods.

3. If the level referred to in paragraph 2 is reached, the Commission shall analyse the pattern of trade, the economic justification and the sugar content of such imports. If the Commission concludes that such imports are used to circumvent the tariff rate quotas, the transitional arrangements and the special safeguard mechanism provided for in Articles 7, 8 and 9, it may suspend the application of Article 3(1) to imports of products of tariff headings 1704 90 99, 1806 10 30, 1806 10 90, 2106 90 59, 2106 90 98 originating in regions or states listed in Annex I which are not least-developed countries listed in Annex I to Regulation (EC) No 980/2005 until the end of the marketing year concerned.

4. Detailed rules for the management of this system and suspension decisions shall be adopted in accordance with the procedure referred to in Article 16 of Council Regulation (EC) No 3448/93 of 6 December 1993 laying down the trade arrangements applicable to certain goods resulting from the processing of agricultural products ⁽²⁾.

CHAPTER IV

GENERAL SAFEGUARD PROVISIONS

Article 11

Definitions

For the purposes of this Chapter:

- (a) 'Community industry' shall mean the Community producers as a whole of the like or directly competitive products operating within the territory of the Community, or those Community producers whose collective output of the like or directly competitive product constitutes a major proportion of the total Community production of those products;
- (b) 'serious injury' shall mean a significant overall impairment in the position of Community producers;
- (c) 'threat of serious injury' shall mean serious injury that is clearly imminent;
- (d) 'disturbances' shall mean disorders in a sector or industry;
- (e) 'threat of disturbances' shall mean disturbances that are clearly imminent.

^{(&}lt;sup>1</sup>) OJ L 253, 11.10.1993, p. 1. Regulation as last amended by Regulation (EC) No 214/2007 (OJ L 62, 1.3.2007, p. 6).

⁽²⁾ OJ L 318, 20.12.1993, p. 18. Regulation as last amended by Regulation (EC) No 2580/2000 (OJ L 298, 25.11.2000, p. 5).

Article 12

Principles

1. A safeguard measure may be imposed in accordance with the provisions set out in this Chapter where products originating in regions or states listed in Annex I are being imported in the Community in such increased quantities and under such conditions as to cause or threaten to cause any of the following:

- (a) serious injury to the Community industry;
- (b) disturbances in a sector of the economy, particularly where those disturbances produce major social problems or difficulties which could bring about serious deterioration in the economic situation of the Community; or
- (c) disturbances in the markets of agricultural products covered by Annex I of the WTO Agreement on Agriculture or mechanisms regulating those markets.

2. In cases where products originating in regions or states listed in Annex I are being imported into the Community in such increased quantities and under such conditions as to cause or threaten to cause disturbances in the economic situation of one or several of the Community's outermost regions, a safeguard measure may be imposed in accordance with the provisions set out in this Chapter.

Article 13

Determination of the conditions to impose safeguard measures

1. The determination of serious injury or a threat thereof shall cover inter alia the following factors:

- (a) the volume of imports, in particular where there has been a significant increase, either in absolute terms or relative to production or consumption in the Community;
- (b) the price of imports, in particular where there has been a significant price undercutting as compared with the price of a like product in the Community;
- (c) the consequent impact on Community producers as indicated by trends in certain economic factors such as production, capacity utilisation, stocks, sales, market share, the depression of prices or prevention of price increases which would normally have occurred, profits, return on capital employed, cash flow, and employment;
- (d) factors other than trends in imports which are causing or may have caused injury to the Community producers concerned.

2. The determination of disturbances or a threat thereof shall be based on objective factors, including the following elements:

 (a) the increase in the volume of imports in absolute or relative terms to Community production and to imports from other sources; and

- (b) the effect of such imports on prices; or
- (c) the effect of such imports on the situation of the Community industry or the economic sector concerned, including inter alia on the levels of sales, production, financial situation and employment.

3. In determining whether imports are made under such conditions as to cause or threaten to cause disturbances in the markets of agricultural products or mechanisms regulating those markets, including regulations creating Common Market Organisations, all relevant objective factors must be taken into consideration, including one or more of the following elements:

- (a) the volume of imports as compared to previous calendar or marketing years' levels, as the case may be, internal production and consumption, and future levels planned in accordance with the reform of the Common Market Organisations;
- (b) the level of internal prices compared to the reference or target prices if applicable, and, if not applicable, compared to the average internal market prices during the same period of previous marketing years;
- (c) as of 1 October 2015, in the markets for products of tariff heading 1701: situations where the Community average market price of white sugar falls during two consecutive months below 80 % of the average Community market price for white sugar prevailing during the previous marketing year.

4. In determining whether the conditions referred to in paragraphs 1, 2 and 3 are met in the case of the Community's outermost regions, the analyses shall be restricted to the territory of the outermost region(s) concerned. Particular attention shall be paid to the size of the local industry, its financial situation and the situation of employment.

Article 14

Initiation of proceedings

1. An investigation shall be initiated upon request by a Member State or on the Commission's own initiative if it is apparent to the Commission that there is sufficient evidence to justify such initiation.

2. The Member States shall inform the Commission should trends in imports from any of the regions or states listed in Annex I appear to call for safeguard measures. That information shall include the evidence available, as determined on the basis of the criteria laid down in Article 13. The Commission shall pass that information on to all Member States within three working days.

3. Consultation with the Member States shall take place within eight working days of the Commission's sending the information to Member States as provided for in paragraph 2. Where, after consultation, it is apparent that there is sufficient evidence to justify the initiation of a proceeding, the Commission shall publish a notice in the Official Journal of the European Union. Initiation shall take place within one month of the receipt of information from a Member State.

4. If, after consulting the Member States, the Commission takes the view that the circumstances set out in Article 12 exist, it shall immediately notify the region or states listed in Annex I concerned of its intention to initiate an investigation. The notification may be accompanied by an invitation for consultations with the aim of clarifying the situation and arriving at a mutually satisfactory solution.

Article 15

The investigation

1. Following the initiation of the proceeding, the Commission shall commence an investigation.

2. The Commission may request Member States to supply information and Member States shall take whatever steps are necessary in order to give effect to any such request. Where that information is of general interest or where its transmission was requested by a Member State, the Commission shall forward it to all Member States provided it is not confidential; if it is confidential the Commission shall forward a non-confidential summary.

3. In the event of an investigation restricted to an outermost region, the Commission may request the competent local authorities to supply the information referred to in paragraph 2 via the Member State concerned.

4. The investigation shall, whenever possible, be concluded within six months of the initiation of the investigation. In exceptional circumstances, that time limit may be extended by a further period of three months.

Article 16

Imposition of provisional safeguard measures

1. Provisional safeguard measures shall be applied in critical circumstances where a delay would cause damage which it would be difficult to repair, pursuant to a preliminary determination that circumstances set out in Article 12 as appropriate exist. The Commission shall take such provisional measures after consultation with Member States or, in cases of extreme urgency, after informing the Member States. In the latter case, consultation shall take place within ten days of notification of the Member States of the action taken by the Commission.

2. In view of the particular situation of outermost regions and their vulnerability to any surge in imports, provisional safeguard measures shall be applied in proceedings that concern them where a preliminary determination has shown that imports have increased. In that case, the Commission shall inform Member States upon taking the measures and consultation shall take place within ten days of notification of the Member States of the action taken by the Commission.

3. Where a Member State requests immediate intervention by the Commission and where the conditions in paragraph 1 or 2 are met, the Commission shall take a decision within five working days of receiving the request.

4. The Commission shall immediately inform the Council and the Member States of any decision taken under paragraphs 1, 2 and 3. The Council, acting by a qualified majority, may decide differently within one month of having been informed by the Commission pursuant to this paragraph.

5. Provisional measures may take the form of an increase in the customs duty on the product concerned up to a level which does not exceed the customs duty applied to other WTO members, or tariff quotas.

6. Provisional measures shall not apply for more than 180 days. Where provisional measures are restricted to outermost regions, they may not apply for more than 200 days.

7. Should the provisional safeguard measures be repealed because the investigation shows that the conditions laid down in Articles 12 and 13 are not met, any duty collected as a result of those provisional measures shall be refunded automatically.

Article 17

Termination of investigation and proceeding without measures

Where bilateral safeguard measures are deemed unnecessary and there is no objection within the Advisory Committee referred to in Article 21, the investigation and proceeding shall be terminated by Commission decision. In all other cases, the Commission shall immediately submit to the Council a report on the results of the consultation, together with a proposal for a Council Regulation terminating the proceeding. The proceeding shall be deemed terminated if, within one month, the Council acting by qualified majority has not decided otherwise.

Article 18

Imposition of definitive measures

1. Where the facts as finally established show that the circumstances set out in Article 12, as appropriate, are met, the Commission shall request consultations with the region or state concerned meeting in the context of the appropriate institutional arrangement set up in the relevant agreements permitting a region or state to be included in Annex 1 with a view to seeking a mutually acceptable solution. 2. If the consultations referred to in paragraph 1 do not lead to a mutually satisfactory solution within thirty days of the matter's being referred to the region or state concerned, a decision to impose definitive bilateral safeguard measures shall be taken by the Commission, in consultation with Member States, within twenty working days of the end of the consultation period.

3. Any decision taken by the Commission pursuant to this Article shall be communicated to the Council and Member States. Any Member State may, within ten working days of such communication, refer the decision to the Council.

4. If a Member State refers the Commission's decision to the Council, the Council, acting by a qualified majority, may confirm, amend or revoke the decision. If within one month of the referral of the matter the Council has not taken a decision, the decision taken by the Commission shall be deemed confirmed.

5. Definitive measures may take one of the following forms:

- a suspension of the further reduction of the rate of import duty for the product concerned originating in the region or state concerned;
- an increase in the customs duty on the product concerned up to a level which does not exceed the customs duty applied to other WTO members;
- a tariff quota.

6. No bilateral safeguard measure shall be applied on the same product from the same region or state less than one year after previous such measures have lapsed or been removed.

Article 19

Duration and review of safeguard measures

1. A safeguard measure shall remain in force only for such period of time as may be necessary to prevent or remedy the serious injury or disturbances. That period shall not exceed two years, unless it is extended under paragraph 2. Where the measure is restricted to one or several of the outermost region(s) of the Community, the period of application may not exceed four years.

2. The initial period of duration of a safeguard measure may exceptionally be extended provided it is determined that the safeguard measure continues to be necessary to prevent or remedy serious injury or disturbances.

3. Extensions shall be adopted in accordance with the procedures of this Regulation applying to investigations and using the same procedures as the initial measures.

The total duration of a safeguard measure may not exceed four years, including any provisional measure. In the case of a measure restricted to outermost regions, that limit shall be extended to eight years. 4. If the duration of a safeguard measure exceeds one year, it shall be progressively liberalised at regular intervals during its period of application, including any extension.

Consultations with the region or state concerned shall be held periodically in the relevant institutional bodies of the agreements, with a view to establishing a timetable for their abolition as soon as circumstances permit.

Article 20

Surveillance measures

1. Where the trend in imports of a product originating in an ACP State is such that they could cause one of the situations referred to in Article 12, imports of that product may be subject to prior Community surveillance.

2. The decision to impose surveillance shall be taken by the Commission.

Any decision taken by the Commission pursuant to this Article shall be communicated to the Council and Member States. Any Member State may, within ten working days of such communication, refer the decision to the Council.

If a Member State refers the Commission's decision to the Council, the Council, acting by a qualified majority, may confirm, amend or revoke the decision. If within one month of the referral of the matter, the Council has not taken a decision, the decision taken by the Commission shall be deemed confirmed.

3. Surveillance measures shall have a limited period of validity. Unless otherwise provided, they shall cease to be valid at the end of the second six-month period following the first six months after the measures were introduced.

4. Surveillance measures may be restricted to the territory of one or more Community outermost region(s) where necessary.

5. The decision to impose surveillance measures shall be communicated immediately to the appropriate institutional body set up in the relevant agreements permitting a region or state to be included in Annex I for information.

Article 21

Consultations

The competent consultative committee for the purposes of this Chapter shall be the Advisory Committee provided for in Article 4 of Council Regulation (EC) No 3285/94 of 22 December 1994 on the common rules for imports (¹). In the case of products falling under CN code 1701, the competent committee shall be assisted by the committee established pursuant to Article 39 of Regulation (EC) No 318/2006.

^{(&}lt;sup>1)</sup> OJ L 349, 31.12.1994, p. 53. Regulation as last amended by Regulation (EC) No 2200/2004 (OJ L 374, 22.12.2004, p. 1).

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Article 22

Exceptional measures with limited territorial application

Where it emerges that the conditions laid down for the adoption of bilateral safeguard measures are met in one or more Member States, the Commission may, after having examined alternative solutions, exceptionally, and in accordance with Article 134 of the Treaty, authorise the application of surveillance or safeguard measures restricted to the Member State or Member States concerned if it considers that such measures applied at that level are more appropriate than measures applied throughout the Community. Those measures must be strictly limited in time and must disrupt the operation of the internal market as little as possible.

CHAPTER V

PROCEDURAL PROVISIONS

Article 23

Adaptation to technical developments

This Regulation shall be amended in accordance with the procedure referred to in Article 24(3) in order to make any technical amendments required as a result of differences between this regulation and agreements signed with provisional application or concluded in accordance with Article 300 of the Treaty with the regions or states listed in Annex I.

Article 24

Committee

1. The Commission shall be assisted by the EPA Implementation Committee.

This Regulation shall be binding in its entirety and directly applicable in all Member States.

Done at Brussels, 20 December 2007.

For the Council The President F. NUNES CORREIA

2. Where reference is made to this paragraph, Articles 3 and 7 of Decision 1999/468/EC shall apply.

3. Where reference is made to this paragraph, Articles 5 and 7 of Decision 1999/468/EC shall apply.

4. The period laid down in Article 5(6) of Decision 1999/468/EC shall be set at three months.

CHAPTER VI

FINAL PROVISIONS

Article 25

Amendments

Article 1(2) of Regulation (EC) No 1964/2005 shall be deleted.

Article 26

Repeal

Regulations (EC) No 2285/2002 and (EC) No 2286/2002 shall be repealed.

Article 27

Entry into force

This Regulation shall enter into force on the day of its publication in the Official Journal of the European Union.

It shall apply from 1 January 2008.

ANNEX I

List of regions or states which have concluded negotiations within the meaning of Article 2(2)

ANTIGUA AND BARBUDA

THE COMMONWEALTH OF THE BAHAMAS

BARBADOS

BELIZE

THE REPUBLIC OF BOTSWANA

THE REPUBLIC OF BURUNDI

- THE REPUBLIC OF CAMEROON
- UNION OF THE COMOROS

THE REPUBLIC OF CÔTE D'IVOIRE

THE COMMONWEALTH OF DOMINICA

- THE DOMINICAN REPUBLIC
- THE REPUBLIC OF THE FIJI ISLANDS
- THE REPUBLIC OF GHANA
- GRENADA
- THE COOPERATIVE REPUBLIC OF GUYANA
- THE REPUBLIC OF HAITI
- JAMAICA
- THE REPUBLIC OF KENYA
- THE KINGDOM OF LESOTHO
- THE REPUBLIC OF MADAGASCAR
- THE REPUBLIC OF MAURITIUS
- THE REPUBLIC OF MOZAMBIQUE
- THE REPUBLIC OF NAMIBIA
- THE INDEPENDENT STATE OF PAPUA NEW GUINEA
- THE REPUBLIC OF RWANDA
- FEDERATION OF SAINT KITTS AND NEVIS
- SAINT LUCIA
- SAINT VINCENT AND THE GRENADINES
- THE REPUBLIC OF SEYCHELLES
- THE REPUBLIC OF SURINAME
- THE KINGDOM OF SWAZILAND
- THE UNITED REPUBLIC OF TANZANIA
- THE REPUBLIC OF TRINIDAD AND TOBAGO
- THE REPUBLIC OF UGANDA
- THE REPUBLIC OF ZIMBABWE

ANNEX II

Rules of origin

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TITLE I

GENERAL PROVISIONS

Article 1

Definitions

For the purposes of this Annex:

- (a) 'manufacture' shall mean any kind of working or processing including assembly or specific operations;
- (b) 'material' shall mean any ingredient, raw material, component or part, etc., used in the manufacture of the product;
- (c) 'product' shall mean the product being manufactured, even if it is intended for later use in another manufacturing operation;
- (d) 'goods' shall mean both materials and products;
- (e) 'customs value' shall mean the value as determined in accordance with the 1994 Agreement on implementation of Article VII of the General Agreement on Tariffs and Trade (WTO Agreement on customs valuation);
- (f) 'ex-works price' shall mean the price paid for the product ex works to the manufacturer in whose undertaking the last working or processing is carried out, provided the price includes the value of all the materials used, minus any internal taxes which are, or may be, repaid when the product obtained is exported;
- (g) 'value of materials' shall mean the customs value at the time of importation of the non-originating materials used, or, if this is not known and cannot be ascertained, the first ascertainable price paid for the materials in the territory concerned;
- (h) 'value of originating materials' shall mean the value of such materials as defined in point (g) applied mutatis mutandis;
- (i) 'added value' shall mean the ex-works price minus the customs value of materials imported into either the Community or the ACP States;
- (j) 'chapters' and 'headings' shall mean the chapters and the headings (four-digit codes) used in the nomenclature which makes up the Harmonised Commodity Description and Coding System, referred to in this Annex as 'the Harmonised System' or 'HS';
- (k) 'classified' shall refer to the classification of a product or material under a particular heading;
- (l) 'consignment' shall mean products which are either sent simultaneously from one exporter to one consignee or covered by a single transport document covering their shipment from the exporter to the consignee or, in the absence of such a document, by a single invoice;
- (m) 'territories' shall include territorial waters;
- (n) 'OCT' shall mean the countries and territories mentioned in Appendix 12.

TITLE II

DEFINITION OF THE CONCEPT OF 'ORIGINATING PRODUCTS'

Article 2

General requirements

1. For the purpose of the application of the provisions of this Regulation, the following products shall be considered as originating in the ACP States of Annex I, hereafter, for the purpose of this Annex, referred to as 'ACP States':

(a) products wholly obtained in the ACP States within the meaning of Article 3 of this Annex;

(b) products obtained in the ACP States incorporating materials which have not been wholly obtained there, provided that such materials have undergone sufficient working or processing in the ACP States within the meaning of Article 4 of this Annex.

2. For the purpose of the implementation of paragraph 1, the territories of the ACP States shall be considered as being one territory.

Originating products made up of materials wholly obtained or sufficiently worked or processed in two or more ACP States shall be considered as products originating in the ACP State where the last working or processing took place, provided the working or processing carried out there goes beyond that referred to in Article 5 of this Annex.

3. For products listed in Appendix 10 and in Appendix 11, paragraph 2 shall apply only after 1 October 2015 and only after 1 January 2010, respectively.

Article 3

Wholly obtained products

- 1. The following shall be considered as wholly obtained in the ACP States or in the Community:
- (a) mineral products extracted from their soil or from their seabed;
- (b) vegetable products harvested there;
- (c) live animals born and raised there;
- (d) products from live animals raised there;
- (e) (i) products obtained by hunting or fishing conducted there;
 - (ii) products of aquaculture, including mariculture, where the fish are born and raised there;
- (f) products of sea fishing and other products taken from the sea outside the territorial waters by their vessels;
- (g) products made aboard their factory ships exclusively from products covered by point (f);
- (h) used articles collected there fit only for the recovery of raw materials, including used tyres fit only for retreading or for use as waste;
- (i) waste and scrap resulting from manufacturing operations conducted there;
- (j) products extracted from marine soil or subsoil outside their territorial waters provided that they have sole rights to work that soil or subsoil;
- (k) goods produced there exclusively from the products specified in points (a) to (j).

2. The terms 'their vessels' and 'their factory ships' in points (f) and (g) of paragraph 1 shall apply only to vessels and factory ships:

- (a) which are registered in a Member State or in an ACP State;
- (b) which sail under the flag of a Member State or of an ACP State;
- (c) which meet one of the following conditions:
 - (i) they are at least 50 % owned by nationals of the ACP State or of a Member State

or

- (ii) they are owned by companies;
- which have their head offices and their main places of business in the ACP State or in a Member State; and
- which are at least 50 % owned by the ACP State, public entities of that State or nationals of that country or of a Member State.

3. Notwithstanding paragraph 2, the Community shall, upon request by an ACP State, recognise vessels chartered or leased by the ACP State to undertake fisheries activities in its exclusive economic zone as 'their vessels' under the following conditions:

- (a) that the ACP State offered the Community the opportunity to negotiate a fisheries agreement and the Community did not accept that offer;
- (b) that the charter or lease contract has been accepted by the Commission as providing adequate opportunities for the development of the capacity of the ACP State to fish on its own account and in particular as conferring on the ACP State the responsibility for the nautical and commercial management of the vessel placed at its disposal for a significant period of time.

Article 4

Sufficiently worked or processed products

1. For the purposes of this Annex, products which are not wholly obtained shall be considered to be sufficiently worked or processed in the ACP States or in the Community, when the conditions set out in the list in Appendix 2 or, alternatively, in Appendix 2A are fulfilled. The conditions referred to above indicate, for all products covered by this Regulation, the working or processing which must be carried out on non-originating materials used in manufacturing and apply only in relation to such materials. Accordingly, it follows that if a product, which has acquired originating status by fulfilling the conditions set out in the list is used in the manufacture of another product, the conditions applicable to the product in which it is incorporated do not apply to it, and no account shall be taken of the non-originating materials which may have been used in its manufacture.

2. Notwithstanding paragraph 1, non-originating materials which, according to the conditions set out in the list, should not be used in the manufacture of a given product may nevertheless be used, provided that:

- (a) their total value does not exceed 15 per cent of the ex-works price of the product;
- (b) none of the percentages given in the list for the maximum value of non-originating materials are exceeded through the application of this paragraph.

This paragraph shall not apply to products falling within chapters 50 to 63 of the Harmonised System.

- 3. (a) Notwithstanding paragraph 1 and after prior notification of the Commission by a Pacific ACP State, processed fishery products of headings 1604 and 1605 processed or manufactured in on-land premises in that State from non-originating materials of headings 0302 or 0303 that have been landed in a port of that State shall be considered as sufficiently worked or processed for the purposes of Article 2. The notification to the Commission shall indicate the development benefits to the fisheries sector in that State, and shall include the necessary information concerning the species concerned, the products to be manufactured and an indication of the respective quantities to be involved.
 - (b) A report to the Community on the implementation of point (a) shall be drawn up by the Pacific ACP State no later than three years after the notification.
 - (c) Point (a) shall apply without prejudice to sanitary and phytosanitary measures in force in the EU, effective conservation and sustainable management of fishing resources and support to combat illegal, unreported and unregulated fishing activities in the region.
- 4. Paragraphs 1 to 3 shall apply except as provided in Article 5.

Article 5

Insufficient working or processing operations

1. Without prejudice to paragraph 2, the following operations shall be considered as insufficient working or processing to confer the status of originating products, whether or not the requirements of Article 4 are satisfied:

- (a) operations to ensure the preservation of products in good condition during transport and storage (ventilation, spreading out, drying, chilling, placing in salt, sulphur dioxide or other aqueous solutions, removal of damaged parts, and like operations;
- (b) simple operations consisting of the removal of dust, sifting or screening, sorting, classifying, matching (including the making-up of sets of articles), washing, painting, cutting up;

- (c) (i) changes of packaging and breaking up and assembly of packages;
 - (ii) simple placing in bottles, flasks, bags, cases, boxes, fixing on cards or boards, etc., and all other simple packaging operations;
- (d) affixing marks, labels and other like distinguishing signs on products or their packaging;
- (e) simple mixing of products, whether or not of different kinds; mixing of sugar with any other material;
- (f) simple assembly of parts to constitute a complete product;
- (g) a combination of two or more of the operations specified in points (a) to (f);
- (h) slaughter of animals;
- (i) husking, partial or total bleaching, polishing and glazing of cereals and rice;
- (j) operations to colour sugar or form sugar lumps; partial or total milling of sugar;
- (k) peeling, stoning and shelling of fruits, nuts and vegetables.

2. All the operations carried out in either the ACP States or the Community on a given product shall be considered together when determining whether the working or processing undergone by that product is to be regarded as insufficient within the meaning of paragraph 1.

Article 6

Cumulation of origin

Cumulation with the OCT and the Community

1. Materials originating in the Community or in the OCT shall be considered as materials originating in the ACP States when incorporated into a product obtained there. It shall not be necessary for such materials to have undergone sufficient working or processing, provided they have undergone working or processing beyond that referred to in Article 5.

2. Working and processing carried out in the Community or in the OCT shall be considered as having been carried out in the ACP States when the materials undergo subsequent working or processing in the ACP States beyond that referred to in Article 5.

3. For the purpose of determining whether the products originate in the OCT, the provisions of this Annex shall apply *mutatis mutandis*.

4. For products listed in Appendix 10 and in Appendix 11, the provisions of this Article shall apply only after 1 October 2015 and only after 1 January 2010 respectively.

Cumulation with South Africa

5. Subject to the provisions of paragraphs 6, 7, 8 and 11, materials originating in South Africa shall be considered as originating in the ACP States when incorporated into a product obtained there provided they have undergone working or processing beyond that referred to in Article 5. It shall not be necessary for such materials to have undergone sufficient working or processing.

6. Products which have acquired originating status by virtue of paragraph 5 shall continue to be considered as products originating in the ACP States only when the value added there exceeds the value of the materials used that originate in South Africa. If that is not so, the products concerned shall be considered as originating in South Africa. In the allocation of origin, no account shall be taken of materials originating in South Africa which have undergone sufficient working or processing in the ACP States.

7. The cumulation provided for in paragraph 5 shall not apply to the products listed in Appendices 7, 10 and 11.

8. The cumulation provided for in paragraph 5 shall apply to the products listed in Appendix 8 only when the tariffs on those products in the framework of the Agreement on Trade, Development and Co-operation between the European Community and the Republic of South Africa have been eliminated. The Commission shall publish the date on which the conditions of this paragraph have been fulfilled in the Official Journal of the European Union (C series).

9. Without prejudice to paragraphs 7 and 8, working and processing carried out in South Africa shall be considered as having been carried out in another Member State of the South African Customs Union (SACU), being an ACP State, when the materials undergo subsequent working or processing in that other Member State of the SACU.

10. Without prejudice to paragraphs 7 and 8 and at the request of the ACP States, working and processing carried out in South Africa shall be considered as having been carried out in the ACP States when the materials undergo subsequent working or processing in an ACP State within the context of a regional economic integration agreement.

11. The requests of the ACP States shall be decided on in accordance with the procedure referred to in Article 247 and 247a of Regulation (EEC) 2913/92.

12. The cumulation provided for in paragraph 5 may be applied only where the South African materials used have acquired the status of originating products through the application of rules of origin identical to those set out in this Annex. The cumulation provided for in paragraph 9 and 10 may be applied only through the application of rules of origin identical to those set out in this Annex.

Cumulation with neighbouring developing countries

13. At the request of the ACP States, materials originating in a neighbouring developing country, other than an ACP State, belonging to a coherent geographical entity, shall be considered as materials originating in the ACP States when incorporated into a product obtained there. It shall not be necessary for such materials to have undergone sufficient working or processing, provided that:

- the working or processing carried out in the ACP State exceeds the operations listed in Article 5;
- the ACP States, the Community and the other countries concerned have concluded an agreement on adequate administrative procedures which will ensure correct implementation of this paragraph.

This paragraph shall not apply to tuna products classified under Harmonised System Chapters 3 or 16 and to rice products of HS Code 1006.

For the purpose of determining whether products originate in a neighbouring developing country, the provisions of this Annex shall apply.

The requests of the ACP States shall be decided on in accordance with the procedure referred to in Article 247 and 247a of Regulation (EEC) 2913/92. Such decisions shall also identify the products for which cumulation provided for under this paragraph may not be permitted.

Article 7

Unit of qualification

1. The unit of qualification for the application of this Annex shall be the particular product which is considered as the basic unit when determining classification using the nomenclature of the Harmonised System.

Accordingly:

- (a) when a product composed of a group or assembly of articles is classified under the terms of the Harmonised System in a single heading, the whole shall constitute the unit of qualification;
- (b) when a consignment consists of a number of identical products classified under the same heading of the Harmonised System, each product shall be taken individually when this Annex is applied.

2. Where, under General Rule 5 of the Harmonised System, packaging is included with the product for classification purposes, it shall be included for the purposes of determining origin.

Article 8

Accessories, spare parts and tools

Accessories, spare parts and tools dispatched with a piece of equipment, machine, apparatus or vehicle, which are part of the normal equipment and included in the price thereof or which are not separately invoiced shall be regarded as one with the piece of equipment, machine, apparatus or vehicle in question.

Article 9

Sets

Sets, as defined in General Rule 3 of the Harmonised System, shall be regarded as originating when all the component products are originating. Nevertheless, when a set is composed of originating and non-originating products, the set as a whole shall be regarded as originating, provided that the value of the non-originating products does not exceed 15 per cent of the ex-works price of the set.

Article 10

Neutral elements

In order to determine whether a product originates, it shall not be necessary to determine the origin of the following which might be used in its manufacture:

(a) energy and fuel;

- (b) plant and equipment;
- (c) machines and tools;
- (d) goods which do not enter and which are not intended to enter into the final composition of the product.

TITLE III

TERRITORIAL REQUIREMENTS

Article 11

Principle of territoriality

1. The conditions set out in Title II of this Annex relating to the acquisition of originating status must be fulfilled without interruption in the ACP States, save as provided in Article 6.

2. If originating goods exported from the ACP States, the Community or the OCT to another country are returned, except insofar as provided in Article 6, they shall be considered as non-originating, unless it can be demonstrated to the satisfaction of the customs authorities that:

- (a) the goods returned are the same goods as those exported; and
- (b) they have not undergone any operation beyond that necessary to preserve them in good condition while in that country or while being exported.

Article 12

Direct transport

1. The preferential treatment provided for in this Regulation shall apply only to products that satisfy the requirements of this Annex and are transported directly between the territory of the ACP States, of the Community, of the OCT or of South Africa for the purposes of Article 6 without entering any other territory. However, products constituting one single consignment may be transported through other territories with, should the occasion arise, transhipment or temporary warehousing in such territories, provided that they remain under the surveillance of the customs authorities in the country of transit or warehousing and do not undergo operations other than unloading, reloading or any operation designed to preserve them in good condition.

Originating products may be transported by pipeline across territory other than that of an ACP State or of the Community.

2. Evidence that the conditions set out in paragraph 1 have been fulfilled shall be supplied to the customs authorities of the importing country by the production of:

(a) a single transport document covering the passage from the exporting country through the country of transit; or

(b) a certificate issued by the customs authorities of the country of transit:

- (i) giving an exact description of the products;
- (ii) stating the dates of unloading and reloading of the products and, where applicable, the names of the ships or the other means of transport used; and
- (iii) certifying the conditions under which the products remained in the transit country;

or

(c) failing those, any substantiating documents.

Article 13

Exhibitions

1. Originating products sent from an ACP State for exhibition in a country other than those referred to in Article 6 and sold after the exhibition for importation into the Community shall benefit on importation from the provisions of this Regulation provided it is shown to the satisfaction of the customs authorities that:

- (a) an exporter has consigned those products from an ACP State to the country in which the exhibition is held and has exhibited them there;
- (b) the products have been sold or otherwise disposed of by that exporter to a person in the Community;
- (c) the products have been consigned during the exhibition or immediately thereafter in the state in which they were sent for exhibition; and
- (d) the products have not, since they were consigned for exhibition, been used for any purpose other than demonstration at the exhibition.

2. A proof of origin shall be issued or made out in accordance with the provisions of Title IV and submitted to the customs authorities of the importing country in the normal manner. The name and address of the exhibition shall be indicated thereon. Where necessary, additional documentary evidence of the conditions under which they have been exhibited may be required.

3. Paragraph 1 shall apply to any trade, industrial, agricultural or crafts exhibition, fair or similar public show or display which is not organised for private purposes in shops or business premises with a view to the sale of foreign products and during which the products remain under customs control.

TITLE IV

PROOF OF ORIGIN

Article 14

General requirements

1. Products originating in the ACP States shall, on importation into the Community, benefit from the provisions of this Regulation upon submission of either:

- (a) a movement certificate EUR.1, a specimen of which is given in Appendix 3; or
- (b) in the cases specified in Article 19(1), a declaration, the text of which appears in Appendix 4, given by the exporter on an invoice, a delivery note or any other commercial document which describes the products concerned in sufficient detail to enable them to be identified (hereinafter referred to as the 'invoice declaration').

2. Notwithstanding paragraph 1, originating products within the meaning of this Annex shall, in the cases specified in Article 25, benefit from the provisions of this Regulation without its being necessary to submit any of the documents referred to above.

Article 15

Procedure for the issue of a movement certificate EUR.1

1. A movement certificate EUR.1 shall be issued by the customs authorities of the exporting country on application having been made in writing by the exporter or, under the exporter's responsibility, by his authorised representative.

2. For that purpose, the exporter or his authorised representative shall fill out both the movement certificate EUR.1 and the application form, specimens of which are given in Appendix 3. Those forms shall be completed in accordance with the provisions of this Annex. If they are handwritten, they shall be completed in ink in printed characters. The description of the products shall be given in the box reserved for that purpose without leaving any blank lines. Where the box is not completely filled, a horizontal line shall be drawn below the last line of the description, the empty space being crossed through.

3. The exporter applying for the issue of a movement certificate EUR.1 shall at any time, at the request of the customs authorities of the exporting ACP State where the movement certificate EUR.1 is issued, produce all appropriate documents proving the originating status of the products concerned as well as fulfilment of the other requirements of this Annex.

4. A movement certificate EUR.1 shall be issued by the customs authorities of the exporting ACP State if the products concerned can be considered as products originating in the ACP States or in one of the other countries referred to in Article 6 and fulfil the other requirements of this Annex.

5. The issuing customs authorities shall take any steps necessary to verify the originating status of the products and the fulfilment of the other requirements of this Annex. For that purpose they shall have the right to call for any evidence and to carry out any inspection of the exporter's accounts or any other check considered appropriate. The issuing customs authorities shall also ensure that the forms referred to in paragraph 2 are duly completed. In particular, they shall check whether the space reserved for the description of the products has been completed in such a manner as to exclude all possibility of fraudulent additions.

6. The date of issue of the movement certificate EUR.1 shall be indicated in Box 11 of the certificate.

7. A movement certificate EUR.1 shall be issued by the customs authorities and made available to the exporter as soon as actual exportation has been effected or ensured.

Article 16

Movement certificates EUR.1 issued retrospectively

1. Notwithstanding Article 15(7), a movement certificate EUR.1 may exceptionally be issued after exportation of the products to which it relates if:

- (a) it was not issued at the time of exportation because of errors or involuntary omissions or special circumstances; or
- (b) it is demonstrated to the satisfaction of the customs authorities that a movement certificate EUR.1 was issued but was not accepted at importation for technical reasons.

2. For purposes the implementation of paragraph 1, the exporter shall indicate in his application the place and date of exportation of the products to which the movement certificate EUR.1 relates, and state the reasons for his request.

3. The customs authorities may issue a movement certificate EUR.1 retrospectively only after verifying that the information supplied in the exporter's application agrees with that in the corresponding file.

4. Movement certificates EUR.1 issued retrospectively shall be endorsed with the following phrase:

'ISSUED RETROSPECTIVELY'

5. The endorsement referred to in paragraph 4 shall be inserted in the 'Remarks' box of the movement certificate EUR.1.

Article 17

Issue of a duplicate movement certificate EUR.1

1. In the event of the theft, loss or destruction of a movement certificate EUR.1, the exporter may apply to the customs authorities which issued it for a duplicate made out on the basis of the export documents in their possession.

2. The duplicate issued in this way shall be endorsed with the following word:

'DUPLICATE'

3. The endorsement referred to in paragraph 2 shall be inserted in the 'Remarks' box of the duplicate movement certificate EUR.1.

4. The duplicate, which shall bear the date of issue of the original movement certificate EUR.1, shall take effect as from that date.

Article 18

Issue of movement certificates EUR.1 on the basis of a proof of origin issued or made out previously

When originating products are placed under the control of a customs office in an ACP State or in the Community, it shall be possible to replace the original proof of origin by one or more movement certificates EUR.1 for the purpose of sending all or some of those products elsewhere within the ACP States or within the Community. The replacement movement certificate(s) EUR.1 shall be issued by the customs office under the control of which the products are placed.

Article 19

Conditions for making out an invoice declaration

1. An invoice declaration as referred to in Article 14(1)(b) may be made out:

- (a) by an approved exporter within the meaning of Article 20, or
- (b) by any exporter for any consignment consisting of one or more packages containing originating products total value of which does not exceed EUR 6 000.

2. An invoice declaration may be made out if the products concerned can be considered as products originating in the ACP States or in one of the other countries referred to in Article 6 and fulfil the other requirements of this Annex.

3. The exporter making out an invoice declaration shall at any time, at the request of the customs authorities of the exporting country, produce all appropriate documents proving the originating status of the products concerned as well as fulfilment of the other requirements of this Annex.

4. An invoice declaration shall be made out by the exporter by typing, stamping or printing on the invoice the delivery note or another commercial document, the declaration the text of which appears in Appendix 4 using one of the linguistic versions set out in that Appendix and in accordance with the provisions of the domestic law of the exporting country. If the declaration is handwritten, it shall be written in ink in printed characters.

5. Invoice declarations shall bear the original signature of the exporter in manuscript. However, an approved exporter within the meaning of Article 20 shall not be required to sign such declarations provided that he gives the customs authorities of the exporting country a written undertaking that he accepts full responsibility for any invoice declaration which identifies him as if it had been signed in manuscript by him.

6. An invoice declaration may be made out by the exporter when the products to which it relates are exported, or after exportation on condition that it is presented in the importing country no longer than two years after the importation of the products to which it relates.

Article 20

Approved exporter

1. The customs authorities of the exporting country may authorise any exporter who makes frequent shipments of products under the provisions of this Regulation to make out invoice declarations irrespective of the value of the products concerned. An exporter seeking such authorisation shall offer to the satisfaction of the customs authorities all guarantees necessary to verify the originating status of the products as well as fulfilment of the other requirements of this Annex.

2. The customs authorities may grant the status of approved exporter subject to any conditions which they consider appropriate.

3. The customs authorities shall grant to the approved exporter a customs authorisation number which shall appear on the invoice declaration.

4. The customs authorities shall monitor the use of the authorisation by the approved exporter.

5. The customs authorities may withdraw the authorisation at any time. They shall do so where the approved exporter no longer offers the guarantees referred to in paragraph 1, does not fulfil the conditions referred to in paragraph 2 or otherwise makes incorrect use of the authorisation.

Article 21

Validity of proof of origin

1. A proof of origin shall be valid for ten months from the date of issue in the exporting country, and must be submitted within that period to the customs authorities of the importing country.

2. Proofs of origin which are submitted to the customs authorities of the importing country after the final date for presentation specified in paragraph 1 may be accepted for the purpose of applying preferential treatment where the failure to submit these documents by the final date set is due to exceptional circumstances.

3. In other cases of late presentation, the customs authorities of the importing country may accept the proofs of origin where the products have been submitted before the final date.

Article 22

Transit procedure

When the products enter an ACP State other than the country of origin, a further period of validity of 4 months shall begin on the date on which the customs authorities in the country of transit enter the following in box 7 of the certificate EUR.1:

- the word 'transit',
- the name of the country of transit,
- the official stamp, a specimen of which had been made available to the Commission, in conformity with Article 31, and
- the date of the endorsements.

Article 23

Submission of proof of origin

Proofs of origin shall be submitted to the customs authorities of the importing country in accordance with the procedures applicable in that country. Those authorities may require a translation of a proof of origin and may also require the import declaration to be accompanied by a statement from the importer to the effect that the products meet the conditions required for the application of the provisions of this Regulation.

Article 24

Importation by instalments

Where, at the request of the importer and on the conditions laid down by the customs authorities of the importing country, dismantled or non-assembled products within the meaning of General Rule 2(a) of the Harmonised System falling within Sections XVI and XVII or heading Nos 7308 and 9406 of the Harmonised System are imported by instalments, a single proof of origin for such products shall be submitted to the customs authorities upon importation of the first instalment.

Article 25

Exemptions from proof of origin

1. Products sent as small packages from private persons to private persons or forming part of travellers' personal luggage shall be admitted as originating products without requiring the submission of a proof of origin, provided that such products are not imported by way of trade and have been declared as meeting the requirements of this Annex and where there is no doubt as to the veracity of such a declaration. In the case of products sent by post, that declaration can be made on the customs declaration CN22/CN23 or on a sheet of paper annexed to that document.

2. Imports which are occasional and consist solely of products for the personal use of the recipients or travellers or their families shall not be considered as imports by way of trade if it is evident from the nature and quantity of the products that no commercial purpose is in view.

3. Furthermore, the total value of those products may not exceed EUR 500 in the case of small packages or EUR 1 200 in the case of products forming part of travellers' personal luggage.

Article 26

Information procedure for cumulation purposes

1. When Articles 2(2) and 6(1) are applied, evidence of the originating status within the meaning of this Annex of the materials coming from the other ACP States, the Community or the OCT shall be given by a movement certificate EUR.1 or by the supplier's declaration, a specimen of which is given in Appendix 5A, given by the exporter in the State or OCT from which the materials came.

2. When Articles 2(2), 6(2) and 6(9) are applied, evidence of the working or processing carried out in other ACP States, the Community, the OCT or South Africa shall be given by the supplier's declaration, a specimen of which appears in Appendix 5B, given by the exporter in the State or OCT from which the materials came.

3. A separate supplier's declaration shall be given by the supplier for each consignment of material on the commercial invoice relating to that shipment or in an annex to that invoice, or on a delivery note or other commercial document relating to that shipment which describes the materials concerned in sufficient detail for them to be identified.

4. The supplier's declaration may be made out on a pre-printed form.

5. The suppliers' declarations shall be signed in manuscript. However, where the invoice and the supplier's declaration are established using electronic data-processing methods, the supplier's declaration need not be signed in manuscript provided the responsible official in the supplying company is identified to the satisfaction of the customs authorities in the State where the suppliers' declarations are drawn up. Those customs authorities may lay down conditions for the implementation of this paragraph.

6. The supplier's declarations shall be submitted to the competent customs office in the exporting ACP State that has been requested to issue the movement certificate EUR.1.

7. Suppliers' declarations made and information certificates issued before the date of entry into force of this Regulation in accordance with Article 26 of Protocol 1 to Annex V of the ACP-EU Partnership Agreement shall remain valid.

Article 27

Supporting documents

The documents referred to in Articles 15(3) and 19(3) used for the purpose of proving that products covered by a movement certificate EUR.1 or an invoice declaration can be considered as products originating in an ACP State or in one of the other countries referred to in Article 6 and fulfil the other requirements of this Annex may consist inter alia of the following:

- (a) direct evidence of the processes carried out by the exporter or supplier to obtain the goods concerned, contained, for example, in his accounts or internal bookkeeping;
- (b) documents proving the originating status of materials used, issued or made out in an ACP State or in one of the other countries referred to in Article 6 where those documents are used in accordance with domestic law;
- (c) documents proving the working or processing of materials in the ACP States, in the Community or in the OCT, issued or made out in an ACP State, in the Community or in an OCT, where those documents are used in accordance with domestic law;
- (d) movement certificates EUR.1 or invoice declarations proving the originating status of materials used, issued or made out in the ACP States or in one of the other countries referred to in Article 6 and in accordance with this Annex.

Article 28

Preservation of proof of origin and supporting documents

1. The exporter applying for the issue of a movement certificate EUR.1 shall keep the documents referred to in Article 15(3) for at least three years.

2. The exporter making out an invoice declaration shall keep a copy of this invoice declaration as well as the documents referred to in Article 19(3) for at least three years.

3. The customs authorities of the exporting country issuing a movement certificate EUR.1 shall keep the application form referred to in Article 15(2) for at least three years.

4. The customs authorities of the importing country shall keep the movement certificates EUR.1 and the invoice declarations submitted to them for at least three years.

Article 29

Discrepancies and formal errors

1. The discovery of slight discrepancies between the statements made in the proof of origin and those made in the documents submitted to the customs office for the purpose of carrying out the formalities for importing the products shall not ipso facto render the proof of origin null and void if it is duly established that that document does correspond to the products submitted.

2. Obvious formal errors such as typing errors on a proof of origin should not cause that document to be rejected if those errors are not such as to create doubts concerning the correctness of the statements made in that document.

Article 30

Amounts expressed in euro

1. For purposes of the application of Article 19(1)(b) and Article 25(3) in cases where products are invoiced in a currency other than euro, amounts in the national currencies of an ACP State, of the Member States and of the other countries or territories referred to in Article 6 equivalent to the amounts expressed in euro shall be fixed annually by each of the countries concerned.

2. A consignment shall benefit from the provisions of Article 19(1)(b) or Article 25(3) by reference to the currency in which the invoice is drawn up, according to the amount fixed by the country concerned.

3. The amounts to be used in any given national currency shall be the equivalent in that currency of the amounts expressed in euro as on the first working day of October. The amounts shall be communicated to the Commission by 15 October and shall apply from 1 January the following year. The Commission shall notify all countries concerned of the relevant amounts.

4. A country may round up or down the amount resulting from the conversion of an amount expressed in euro into its national currency. The rounded-off amount may not differ from the amount resulting from the conversion by more than 5 per cent. A country may retain unchanged its national currency equivalent of an amount expressed in euro if, at the time of the annual adjustment provided for in paragraph 3, the conversion of that amount, before any rounding-off, results in an increase of less than 15 per cent in the national currency equivalent. The national currency equivalent may be retained unchanged if the conversion would result in a decrease in that equivalent value.

5. The amounts expressed in euro shall be reviewed by the Commission. When carrying out that review, the Commission shall consider the desirability of preserving the effects of the limits concerned in real terms. For that purpose, it may decide to modify the amounts expressed in euro.

TITLE V

ARRANGEMENTS FOR ADMINISTRATIVE COOPERATION

Article 31

Mutual assistance

1. The ACP States shall send the Commission specimens of the stamps used together with the addresses of the customs authorities competent to issue movement certificates EUR.1 and carry out the subsequent verification of movement certificates EUR.1 and invoice declarations.

Movement certificates EUR.1 and invoice declarations shall be accepted for the purpose of applying preferential treatment from the date the information is received by the Commission.

The Commission shall send that information to the customs authorities of the Member States.

2. In order to ensure the proper application of this Annex, the Community, the OCT and the ACP States shall assist each other, through the competent customs administrations, in checking the authenticity of movement certificates EUR.1, invoice declarations or supplier's declarations and the correctness of the information given in those documents.

The authorities consulted shall provide the relevant information concerning the conditions under which a product has been made, indicating in particular the conditions in which the rules of origin have been complied with in the various ACP States, Member States and OCT concerned.

Article 32

Verification of proofs of origin

1. Subsequent verifications of proofs of origin shall be carried out at random or whenever the customs authorities of the importing country have reasonable doubts as to the authenticity of such documents, the originating status of the products concerned or the fulfilment of the other requirements of this Annex.

2. For the purposes of implementing paragraph 1, the customs authorities of the importing country shall return the movement certificate EUR.1 and the invoice, if it has been submitted, the invoice declaration, or copies of those documents to the customs authorities of the exporting country giving, where appropriate, the reasons for the enquiry. Any documents and information obtained suggesting that the information given on the proof or origin is incorrect shall be forwarded in support of the request for verification.

3. Verification shall be carried out by the customs authorities of the exporting country. For that purpose, they shall have the right to call for any evidence and to carry out any inspection of the exporter's accounts or any other check considered appropriate.

4. If the customs authorities of the importing country decide to suspend the granting of preferential treatment to the products concerned while awaiting the results of the verification, release of the products shall be offered to the importer subject to any precautionary measures judged necessary.

5. The customs authorities requesting verification shall be informed of the results of that verification as soon as possible. Those results shall indicate clearly whether the documents are authentic and whether the products concerned can be considered as products originating in the ACP States or in one of the countries referred to in Article 6 and fulfil the other requirements of this Annex.

6. If in cases of reasonable doubt there is no reply within ten months of the date of the verification request or if the reply does not contain sufficient information to determine the authenticity of the document in question or the real origin of the products, the requesting customs authorities shall, except in exceptional circumstances, refuse entitlement to the preferences.

7. Where the verification procedure or any other information available appears to indicate that the provisions of this Annex are being contravened, appropriate enquires shall be carried out with due urgency to identify and prevent such contraventions.

Article 33

Verification of suppliers' declarations

1. Verification of suppliers' declaration may be carried out at random or whenever the customs authorities of the importing State have reasonable doubts as to the authenticity of the document or the accuracy or completeness of the information concerning the true origin of the materials in question.

2. The customs authorities to which a supplier's declaration is submitted may request the customs authorities of the State where the declaration was made to issue an information certificate, a specimen of which is given in Appendix 6. Alternatively, the customs authorities to which a supplier's declaration is submitted may request the exporter to produce an information certificate issued by the customs authorities of the State where the declaration was made.

A copy of the information certificate shall be preserved by the office which has issued it for at least three years.

3. The requesting customs authorities shall be informed of the results of the verification as soon as possible. The results shall be such as to indicate positively whether the declaration concerning the status of the materials is correct.

4. For the purpose of verification, suppliers shall keep a copy of the document containing the declaration together with all necessary evidence showing the true status of the materials for not less than three years.

5. The customs authorities in the State where the supplier's declaration is drawn up shall have the right to call for any evidence or to carry out any check which they consider appropriate in order to verify the correctness of any supplier's declaration.

6. Any movement certificate EUR.1 or invoice declaration issued or made out on the basis of an incorrect supplier's declaration shall be considered null and void.

Article 34

Penalties

Penalties shall be imposed on any person who draws up, or causes to be drawn up, a document which contains incorrect information for the purpose of obtaining preferential treatment for products.

Article 35

Free zones

1. All necessary steps shall be taken to ensure that products traded under cover of a proof of origin or a supplier's declaration and which in the course of transport use a free zone situated in their territory are not replaced by other goods and do not undergo handling other than normal operations designed to prevent their deterioration.

2. By way of exemption from the provisions of paragraph 1, when originating products are imported into a free zone under cover of a proof of origin and undergo treatment or processing, the authorities concerned shall issue a new EUR.1 certificate at the exporter's request provided that the treatment or processing undergone complies with the provisions of this Annex.

Article 36

Derogations

1. On its own initiative or in response to a request from a beneficiary country the Commission may grant a beneficiary country a temporary derogation from the provisions of this Annex where:

- (a) internal or external factors temporarily deprive it of the ability to comply with the rules for the acquisition of origin laid down in this Annex where it could do so previously, or
- (b) it requires time to prepare itself to comply with the rules for the acquisition of origin laid down in this Annex.

2. Such a temporary derogation shall be limited to the duration of the effect of the internal or external factors giving rise to it or the length of time needed for the beneficiary country to achieve compliance with the rules.

3. A request for derogation shall be made in writing to the Commission. It shall state the reasons as indicated in paragraph 1 why a derogation is required and shall include appropriate supporting documents.

4. Measures under this article shall be adopted in accordance with the procedure referred to in Article 247 and 247a of Regulation (EEC) 2913/92.

The Community shall respond positively to all requests by ACP States which are duly justified in accordance with this Article and which cannot cause serious injury to an established Community industry.

TITLE VI

CEUTA AND MELILLA

Article 37

Special conditions

1. The term 'Community' used in this Annex shall not cover Ceuta and Melilla. The term 'products originating in the Community' shall not cover products originating in Ceuta and Melilla.

2. The provisions of this Annex shall apply mutatis mutandis in determining whether products may be deemed as originating in the ACP States when imported into Ceuta and Melilla.

3. Where products wholly obtained in Ceuta, Melilla or the Community undergo working and processing in the ACP States, they shall be considered as having been wholly obtained in the ACP States.

4. When materials undergo further working or processing in the ACP States working or processing carried out in Ceuta, Melilla or the Community shall be considered as having been carried out in the ACP States.

5. For the purpose of implementation of paragraphs 3 and 4 of this Article, the insufficient operations listed in Article 5 shall not be considered as working or processing.

6. Ceuta and Melilla shall be considered as a single territory.

TITLE VII

TRANSITIONAL AND FINAL PROVISIONS

Article 38

Transitional provision for goods in transit or storage

1. The provisions of this Regulation may be applied to goods exported from any of the regions or states listed in Annex I accompanied by movement certificates EUR.1 issued in accordance with Article 15 of Protocol 1 to Annex V of the ACP-EU Partnership Agreement within ten months of the date of entry into force of this Regulation.

2. The provisions of this Regulation may be applied to goods exported from any of the regions or states listed in Annex I which comply with the provisions of this Annex and which on the date of entry into force of this Regulation are either in transit or are in the Community in temporary storage in customs warehouses or in free zones, subject to the submission to the customs authorities of the importing country, within ten months of that date, of a movement certificate EUR.1 issued retrospectively by the customs authorities of the exporting country together with the documents showing that the goods have been transported directly in accordance with the provisions of Article 12 of this Annex.

Article 39

Appendices

The Appendices to this Annex shall form an integral part thereof.

Appendix 1

Introductory notes to the list in this Annex

Note 1:

The list sets out the conditions required for all products to be considered as sufficiently worked or processed within the meaning of Article 4 of this Annex.

Note 2:

- 1. First two columns in the list describe the product obtained. The first column gives the heading number or chapter number used in the Harmonised System and the second column gives the description of goods used in that system for that heading or chapter. For each entry in the first two columns a rule is specified in columns 3 or 4. Where, in some cases, the entry in the first column is preceded by an 'ex', this signifies that the rules in columns 3 or 4 apply only to the part of that heading as described in column 2.
- 2. Where several heading numbers are grouped together in column 1 or a chapter number is given and the description of products in column 2 is therefore given in general terms, the adjacent rules in columns 3 or 4 apply to all products which, under the Harmonised System, are classified in headings of the chapter or in any of the headings grouped together in column 1.
- 3. Where there are different rules in the list applying to different products within a heading, each indent contains the description of that part of the heading covered by the adjacent rules in columns 3 or 4.
- 4. Where, for an entry in the first two columns, a rule is specified in both columns 3 and 4, the exporter may opt, as an alternative, to apply either the rule set out in column 3 or that set out in column 4. If no origin rule is given in column 4, the rule set out in column 3 has to be applied.

Note 3:

1. The provisions of Article 4 of this Annex concerning products having acquired originating status which are used in the manufacture of other products apply regardless of whether this status has been acquired inside the factory where these products are used or in another factory in the Community or in the ACP States.

Example:

An engine of heading No 8407, for which the rule states that the value of the non-originating materials which may be incorporated may not exceed 40 per cent of the ex-works price, is made from 'other alloy steel roughly shaped by forging' of heading No ex 7224.

If this forging has been forged in the Community from a non-originating ingot, it has already acquired originating status by virtue of the rule for heading No ex 7224 in the list. The forging can then count as originating in the value calculation for the engine regardless of whether it was produced in the same factory or in another factory in the Community. The value of the non-originating ingot is thus not taken into account when adding up the value of the non-originating materials used.

- 2. The rule in the list represents the minimum amount of working or processing required and the carrying out of more working or processing also confers originating status; conversely, the carrying out of less working or processing cannot confer originating status. This if a rule provides that non-originating material at a certain level of manufacture may be used, the use of such material at an earlier stage of manufacture is allowed and the use of such material at a later stage is not.
- 3. Without prejudice to Note 3.2 where a rule states that 'materials of any heading' may be used, materials of the same heading as the product may also be used, subject, however, to any specific limitations which may also be contained in the rule. However, the expression 'manufacture from materials of any heading, including other materials of heading No ...' means that only materials classified in the same heading as the product of a different description than that of the product as given in column 2 of the list may be used.

4. When a rule in the list specifies that a product may be manufactured from more than one material, this means that any one or more materials may be used. It does not require that all be used.

Example:

The rule for fabrics of heading Nos 5208 to 5212 provides that natural fibres may be used and those chemical materials, among other materials, may also be used. This does not mean that both have to be used; it is possible to use one or the other or both.

5. Where a rule in the list specifies that a product must be manufactured from a particular material, the condition obviously does not prevent the use of other materials which, because of their inherent nature, cannot satisfy the rule. (See also Note 6.3 below in relation to textiles).

Example:

The rule for prepared foods of heading No 1904 which specifically excludes the use of cereals and their derivatives does not prevent the use of mineral salts, chemicals and other additives which are not products from cereals.

However, this does not apply to products which, although they cannot be manufactured from the particular materials specified in the list, can be produced from a material of the same nature at an earlier stage of manufacture.

Example:

In the case of an article of apparel of ex Chapter 62 made from non-woven materials, if the use of only non-originating yarn is allowed for this class of article, it is not possible to start from non-woven cloth — even if non-woven cloths cannot normally be made from yarn. In such cases, the starting material would normally be at the stage before yarn — that is the fibre stage.

6. Where, in a rule in the list, two percentages are given for the maximum value of non-originating materials that can be used, then these percentages may not be added together. In other words, the maximum value of all the non-originating materials used may never exceed the highest of the percentages given. Furthermore, the individual percentages must not be exceeded in relation to the particular materials they apply to.

Note 4:

- 1. The term 'natural fibres' is used in the list to refer to fibres other than artificial or synthetic fibres. It is restricted to the stages before spinning takes place, including waste, and, unless otherwise specified, includes fibres that have been carded, combed or otherwise processed but not spun.
- 2. The term 'natural fibres' includes horsehair of heading No 0503, silk of heading Nos 5002 and 5003 as well as the wool fibres, fine or coarse animal hair of heading Nos 5101 to 5105, the cotton fibres of heading Nos 5201 to 5203 and the other vegetable fibres of heading Nos 5301 to 5305.
- 3. The terms 'textile pulp', 'chemical materials' and 'paper-making materials' are used in the list to describe the materials not classified in Chapters 50 to 63, which can be used to manufacture artificial, synthetic or paper fibres or yarns.
- 4. The term 'man-made staple fibres' is used in the list to refer to synthetic or artificial filament tow, staple fibres or waste, of heading Nos 5501 to 5507.

Note 5:

- 1. Where for a given product in the list a reference is made to this note, the conditions set out in column 3 shall not be applied to any basic textile materials, used in the manufacture of this product, which, taken together, represent 10 per cent or less of the total weight of all the basic textile materials used. (See also Notes 5.3 and 5.4 below).
- 2. However, the tolerance mentioned in Note 5.1 may only be applied to mixed products which have been made from two or more basic textile materials.

The following are the basic textile materials:

— silk,

- wool,
- coarse animal hair,
- fine animal hair,
- horsehair,
- cotton,
- paper-making materials and paper,
- flax,
- true hemp,
- jute and other textile baste fibres,
- sisal and other textile fibres of the genus Agave,
- coconut, abaca, ramie and other vegetable textile fibres,
- synthetic man-made filaments,
- artificial man-made filaments,
- current conducting filaments,
- synthetic man-made staple fibres of polypropylene,
- synthetic man-made staple fibres of polyester,
- synthetic man-made staple fibres of polyamide,
- synthetic man-made staple fibres of polyacrylonitrile,
- synthetic man-made staple fibres of polyimide,
- synthetic man-made staple fibres of polytetrafluoroethylene,
- synthetic man-made staple fibres of polyphenylene sulphide,
- synthetic man-made staple fibres of polyvinyl chloride,
- other synthetic man-made staple fibres,
- artificial man-made staple fibres of viscose,
- other artificial man-made staple fibres,
- yarn made of polyurethane segmented with flexible segments of polyether whether or not gimped,
- yarn made of polyurethane segmented with flexible segments of polyester whether or not gimped,
- products of heading No 5605 (metallised yarn) incorporating strip consisting of a core of aluminium foil or of a core of plastic film whether or not coated with aluminium powder, of a width not exceeding 5 mm, sandwiched by means of a transparent or coloured adhesive between two layers of plastic film,
- other products of heading No 5605.

Example:

A yarn of heading No 5205 made from cotton fibres of heading No 5203 and synthetic staple fibres of heading No 5506 is a mixed yarn. Therefore, non-originating synthetic staple fibres that do not satisfy the origin rules (which require manufacture from chemical materials or textile pulp) may be used up to a weight of 10 per cent of the yarn.

Example:

A woollen fabric of heading No 5112 made from woollen yarn of heading No 5107 and synthetic yarn of staple fibres of heading No 5509 is a mixed fabric. Therefore synthetic yarn which does not satisfy the origin rules (which require manufacture from chemical materials or textile pulp) or woollen yarn that does not satisfy the origin rules (which require manufacture from natural fibres, not carded or combed or otherwise prepared for spinning) or a combination of the two may be used provided their total weight does not exceed 10 per cent of the weight of the fabric.

Example:

Tufted textile fabric of heading No 5802 made from cotton yarn of heading No 5205 and cotton fabric of heading No 5210 is only a mixed product if the cotton fabric is itself a mixed fabric being made from yarns classified in two separate headings or if the cotton yarns used are themselves mixtures.

Example:

If the tufted textile fabric concerned had been made from cotton yarn of heading No 5205 and synthetic fabric of heading No 5407, then, obviously, the yarns used are two separate basic textile materials and the tufted textile fabric is accordingly a mixed product.

- 3. In the case of products incorporating 'yarn made of polyurethane segmented with flexible segments of polyether whether or not gimped' this tolerance is 20 per cent in respect of this yarn.
- 4. In the case of products incorporating 'strip consisting of a core of aluminium foil or of a core of plastic film whether or not coated with aluminium powder, of a width not exceeding 5 mm, sandwiched by means of an adhesive between two layers of plastic film', this tolerance is 30 per cent in respect of this strip.

Note 6:

1. In the case of those textile products, which are marked in the list by a footnote referring to this Introductory Note, textile trimmings and accessories which do not satisfy the rule set out in the list in column 3 for the made up products concerned may be used provided that their weight does not exceed 10 % of the total weight of all the textile materials incorporated.

Textile trimmings and accessories are those classified in Chapters 50 to 63. Linings and interlinings are not being regarded as trimmings or accessories.

- 2. Any non-textile trimmings and accessories or other materials used which contain textiles do not have to satisfy the conditions set out in column 3 even though they fall outside the scope of Note 3.5.
- 3. In accordance with Note 3.5, any non-originating non-textile trimmings and accessories or other product, which do not contain any textiles, may anyway, be used freely where they cannot be made from the materials listed in column 3.

For example (1), if a rule in the list says that for a particular textile item, such as a blouse, yarn must be used, this does not prevent the use of metal items, such as buttons, because they cannot be made from textile materials.

4. Where a percentage rule applies, the value of trimmings and accessories must be taken into account when calculating the value of the non-originating materials incorporated.

Note 7:

- 1. For the purposes of heading Nos ex 2707, 2713 to 2715, ex 2901, ex 2902 and ex 3403, the 'specific processes' are the following:
 - (a) Vacuum distillation;
 - (b) Redistillation by a very thorough fractionation process (²);
 - (c) Cracking;

⁽¹⁾ This example is given for the purpose of explanation only. It is not legally binding.

⁽²⁾ See additional Explanatory Note 4(b) to Chapter 27 of the Combined Nomenclature.

- (d) Reforming;
- (e) Extraction by means of selective solvents;
- (f) The process comprising all the following operations: processing with concentrated sulphuric acid, oleum or sulphuric anhydride; neutralisation with alkaline agents; decolourisation and purification with naturally active earth, activated earth, activated charcoal or bauxite;
- (g) Polymerisation;
- (h) Alkylation;
- (i) Isomerisation.
- 2. For the purposes of heading Nos 2710, 2711 and 2712, the 'specific processes' are the following:
 - (a) Vacuum distillation;
 - (b) Redistillation by a very thorough fractionation process (1);
 - (c) Cracking;
 - (d) Reforming;
 - (e) Extraction by means of selective solvents;
 - (f) The process comprising all the following operations: processing with concentrated sulphuric acid, oleum or sulphuric anhydride; neutralisation with alkaline agents; decolourisation and purification with naturally active earth, activated earth, activated charcoal or bauxite;
 - (g) Polymerisation;
 - (h) Alkylation;
 - (i) Isomerisation;
 - In respect of heavy oils falling within heading No ex 2710 only, desulphurisation with hydrogen resulting in a reduction of at least 85 per cent of the sulphur content of the products processed (ASTM D 1266-59 T method);
 - (k) In respect of products falling within heading No 2710 only, deparaffining by a process other than filtering;
 - (I) In respect of heavy oils falling within heading No ex 2710 only, treatment with hydrogen at a pressure of more than 20 bar and a temperature of more than 250 °C with the use of a catalyst, other than to effect desulphurisation, when the hydrogen constitutes an active element in a chemical reaction. The further treatment with hydrogen of lubricating oils of heading No ex 2710 (e.g. hydrofinishing or decolourisation) in order, more especially, to improve colour or stability shall not, however, be deemed to be a specific process;
 - (m) In respect of fuel oils falling within heading No ex 2710 only, atmospheric distillation, on condition that less than 30 per cent of these products distils, by volume, including losses, at 300 °C by the ASTM D 86 method;
 - (n) In respect of heavy oils other than gas oils and fuel oils falling within heading No ex 2710 only, treatment by means of a high-frequency electrical brush-discharge.
- 3. For the purposes of heading Nos ex 2707, 2713 to 2715, ex 2901, ex 2902 and ex 3403, simple operations such as cleaning, decanting, desalting, water separation, filtering, colouring, marking, obtaining a sulphur content as a result of mixing products with different sulphur contents, any combination of these operations or like operations do not confer origin.

⁽¹⁾ See additional Explanatory Note 4(b) to Chapter 27 of the Combined Nomenclature.

Appendix 2

List of working or processing required to be carried out on non-originating materials in order that the product manufactured can obtain originating status

The products mentioned in the list may not all be covered by this Regulation. It is therefore necessary to consult the other parts of this Regulation.

HS heading No	Description of product	Working or processing carried out on non-originating materials that confers originating stat		
(1)	(2)	(3)	or (4)	
Chapter 01	Live animals	All the animals of Chapter 1 used must be wholly obtained		
Chapter 02	Meat and edible meat offal	Manufacture in which all the materials of Chapters 1 and 2 used must be wholly obtained		
ex Chapter 03	Fish and crustaceans, molluscs and other aquatic invertebrates, except for:	Manufacture in which all the materials of Chapter 3 used must be wholly obtained		
0304	Fish fillets and other fish meat (whether or not minced), fresh, chilled of frozen	Manufacture in which the value of any materials of Chapter 3 used does not exceed 15 % of the ex-works price of the product		
0305	Fish, dried, salted or in brine; smoked fish, whether or not cooked before or during the smoking process; flours, meals and pellets of fish, fit for human consumption	Manufacture in which the value of any materials of Chapter 3 used does not exceed 15 % of the ex-works price of the product		
ex 0306	Crustaceans, whether in shell or not, dried, salted or in brine; crustaceans, in shell, cooked by steam- ing or by boiling in water, whether or not chilled, frozen, dried, salted or in brine; flours, meals and pellets of crustaceans, fit for human consumption	Manufacture in which the value of any materials of Chapter 3 used does not exceed 15 % of the ex-works price of the product		
ex 0307	Molluscs, whether in shell or not, dried, salted or in brine; aquatic invertebrates other than crusta- ceans and molluscs, dried, salted or in brine; flours, meals and pellets of crustaceans, fit for human consumption	Manufacture in which the value of any materials of Chapter 3 used does not exceed 15 % of the ex-works price of the product		
ex Chapter 04	Dairy produce; birds' eggs; natural honey; edible products of animal origin, not elsewhere speci- fied or included; except for:	Manufacture in which all the materials of Chapter 4 used must be wholly obtained		
0403	Buttermilk, curdled milk and cream, yoghurt, kephir and other fermented or acidified milk and cream, whether or not concentrated or contain- ing added sugar or other sweetening matter or flavoured or containing added fruit, nuts or cocoa	 Manufacture in which: all the materials of Chapter 4 used must be wholly obtained; any fruit juice (except those of pineapple, lime or grapefruit) of heading No 2009 used must already be originating; the value of any materials of Chapter 17 used does not exceed 30 % of the ex-works price of the product 		

HS heading No	Description of product	Working or processing carried out on non-orig	inating materials that confers originating state
(1)	(2)	(3)	or (4)
ex Chapter 05	Products of animal origin, not elsewhere specified or included; except for:	Manufacture in which all the materials of Chapter 5 used must be wholly obtained	
ex 0502	Prepared pigs', hogs' or boars' bristles and hair	Cleaning, disinfecting, sorting and straightening of bristles and hair	
Chapter 06	Live trees and other plants; bulbs, roots and the like; cut flowers and ornamental foliage	 Manufacture in which: all the materials of Chapter 6 used must be wholly obtained; the value of all the materials used does not exceed 50 % of the ex-works price of the product 	
Chapter 07	Edible vegetables and certain roots and tubers	Manufacture in which all the materials of Chapter 7 used must be wholly obtained	
Chapter 08	Edible fruit and nuts; peel of citrus fruits or melons	 Manufacture in which: all the fruit and nuts used must be wholly obtained; the value of any materials of Chapter 17 used does not exceed 30 % of the value of the ex-works price of the product 	
ex Chapter 09	Coffee, tea, maté and spices; except for:	Manufacture in which all the materials of Chapter 9 used must be wholly obtained	
0901	Coffee, whether or not roasted or decaffeinated; coffee husks and skins; coffee substitutes contain- ing coffee in any proportion	Manufacture from materials of any heading	
0902	Tea, whether or not flavoured	Manufacture from materials of any heading	
ex 0910	Mixtures of spices	Manufacture from materials of any heading	
Chapter 10	Cereals	Manufacture in which all the materials of Chapter 10 used must be wholly obtained	
ex Chapter 11	Products of the milling industry; malt; starches; inulin; wheat gluten; except for:	Manufacture in which all the cereals, edible vegetables, roots and tubers of heading No 0714 or fruit used must be wholly obtained	
ex 1106	Flour, meal and powder of the dried, shelled legu- minous vegetables of heading No 0713	Drying and milling of leguminous veg- etables of heading No 0708	
Chapter 12	Oil seeds and oleaginous fruits; miscellaneous grains, seeds and fruit; industrial or medicinal plants; straw and fodder	Manufacture in which all the materials of Chapter 12 used must be wholly obtained	
1301	Lac; natural gums, resins, gum-resins and oleores- ins (for example, balsams)	Manufacture in which the value of any materials of heading No 1301 used may not exceed 50 % of the ex-works price of the product	

HS heading No	Description of product	Working or processing carried out on non-	-originating mat	terials that confers originating statu
(1)	(2)	(3)	or	(4)
1302	Vegetable saps and extracts; pectic substances, pectinates and pectates; agar-agar and other mucilage's and thickeners, whether or not modi- fied, derived from vegetable products:			
	 Mucilage's and thickeners, modified, derived from vegetable products 	Manufacture from non-modified muc lage's and thickeners	zi-	
	– Other	Manufacture in which the value of a the materials used does not exceed 50 of the ex-works price of the product		
Chapter 14	Vegetable plaiting materials; vegetable products not elsewhere specified or included	Manufacture in which all the materia of Chapter 14 used must be whol obtained		
ex Chapter 15	Animal or vegetable fats and oils and their cleav- age products; prepared edible fats; animals or vegetable waxes; except for:	Manufacture in which all the materia used are classified within a headir other than that of the product		
1501	Pig fat (including lard) and poultry fat, other than that of heading No 0209 or 1503:			
	- Fats from bones or waste	Manufacture from materials of ar heading except those of headir Nos 0203, 0206 or 0207 or bones of heading No 0506	ng	
	– Other	Manufacture from meat or edible off of swine of heading No 0203 or 020 or of meat and edible offal of poultry of heading No 0207)6	
1502	Fats of bovine animals, sheep or goats, other than those of heading No 1503			
	- Fats from bones or waste	Manufacture from materials of ar heading except those of headir Nos 0201, 0202, 0204 or 0206 of bones of heading No 0506	ng	
	– Other	Manufacture in which all the materia of Chapter 2 used must be whol obtained		
1504	Fats and oils and their fractions, of fish or marine mammals, whether or not refined, but not chemi- cally modified:			
	- Solid fractions	Manufacture from materials of ar heading including other materials of heading No 1504		
	– Other	Manufacture in which all the materia of Chapters 2 and 3 used must be whol obtained		
ex 1505	Refined lanolin	Manufacture from crude wool grease heading No 1505	of	

HS heading No	Description of product	Working or processing carried out on non-	originating mater	rials that confers originating statu
(1)	(2)	(3)	or	(4)
1506	Other animals fats and oils and their fractions, whether or not refined, but not chemically modi- fied:			
	- Solid fractions	Manufacture from materials of an heading including other materials of heading No 1506		
	– Other	Manufacture in which all the material of Chapter 2 used must be wholl obtained		
1507 to 1515	Vegetable oils and their fractions:			
	 Soya, ground nut, palm, copra, palm kernel, babassu, tung and oiticica oil, myrtle wax and Japan wax, fractions of jojoba oil and oils for technical or industrial uses other than the manufacture of foodstuffs for human con- sumption 	Manufacture in which all the material used are classified within a headin other than that of the product		
	- Solid fractions, except for that of jojoba oil	Manufacture from other materials of heading Nos 1507 to 1515	of	
	– Other	Manufacture in which all the vegetabl materials used must be wholly obtaine		
1516	Animal or vegetable fats and oils and their frac- tions, partly or wholly hydrogenated, interesteri- fied, reesterified or elaidinised, whether or not refined, but not further prepared	 Manufacture in which: all the materials of Chapter 2 use must be wholly obtained; all the vegetable materials use must be wholly obtained. How 	d	
		must be wholly obtained. How ever, materials of headings 1507 1508, 1511 and 1513 may be use	7,	
1517	Margarine; edible mixtures or preparations of ani- mal or vegetable fats or oils or of fractions of dif- ferent fats or oils of this Chapter, other than edible fats or oils or their fractions of heading No 1516	Manufacture in which: — all the materials of Chapters and 4 used must be wholl obtained;		
		 all the vegetable materials use must be wholly obtained. How ever, materials of headings 1507 1508, 1511 and 1513 may be use 	7,	
ex Chapter 16	Preparations of meat, of fish or of crustaceans, molluscs or other aquatic invertebrates; except for:	Manufacture from animals of Chapter 1		
1604 and 1605	Prepared or preserved fish; caviar and caviar sub- stitutes prepared from fish eggs; Crustaceans, molluscs and other aquatic inverte- brates, prepared or preserved	Manufacture in which the value of an materials of Chapter 3 used does no exceed 15 % of the ex-works price of th product	ot	
ex Chapter 17	Sugars and sugar confectionery; except for:	Manufacture in which all the material used are classified within a headin other than that of the product		
ex 1701	Cane or beet sugar and chemically pure sucrose, in solid form, flavoured or coloured	Manufacture in which the value of an materials of Chapter 17 used does no exceed 30 % of the ex-works price of th product	bt	

HS heading No	Description of product	Working or processing carried out on non-c	miginating materia	is that conters originating sta
(1)	(2)	(3)	or	(4)
1702	Other sugars, including chemically pure lactose, maltose, glucose and fructose, in solid form; sugar syrups not containing added flavouring or colouring matter; artificial honey, whether or not mixed with natural honey; caramel:			
	- Chemically pure maltose and fructose	Manufacture from materials of any heading including other materials of heading No 1702		
	 Other sugars in solid form, flavoured or coloured 	Manufacture in which the value of any materials of Chapter 17 used does not exceed 30 % of the ex-works price of the product	t	
	– Other	Manufacture in which all the materials used must already be originating	5	
ex 1703	Molasses resulting from the extraction or refining of sugar, flavoured or coloured	Manufacture in which the value of any materials of Chapter 17 used does not exceed 30 % of the ex-works price of the product	t	
1704	Sugar confectionery (including white chocolate), not containing cocoa	Manufacture in which: — all the materials used are classified within a heading other than that of the product;		
		 the value of any materials of Chap- ter 17 used does not exceed 30 % of the ex-works price of the prod- uct 	5	
Chapter 18	Cocoa and cocoa preparations	 Manufacture in which: all the materials used are classified within a heading other than that of the product; the value of any materials of Chapter 17 used does not exceed 30 % of the ex-works price of the product 	f - 5	
1901	Malt extract; food preparations of flour, meal, starch or malt extract, not containing cocoa or containing less than 40 % by weight of cocoa cal- culated on a totally defatted basis, not elsewhere specified or included; food preparations of goods of heading Nos 0401 to 0404, not containing cocoa or containing less than 5 % by weight of cocoa calculated on a totally defatted basis, not elsewhere specified or included:			
	– Malt extract	Manufacture from cereals of Chapter 10		
	– Other	Manufacture in which:		
		 all the materials used are classified within a heading other than that of the product; 	f	
		 the value of any materials of Chap- ter 17 used does not exceed 30 % of the ex-works price of the prod- uct 	5	

HS heading No	Description of product	Working or processing carried out on non-	originating	materials that confers originating status
(1)	(2)	(3)	or	(4)
1902	Pasta, whether or not cooked or stuffed (with meat or other substances) or otherwise prepared, such as spaghetti, macaroni, noodles, lasagne, gnocchi, ravioli, cannelloni; couscous, whether or not prepared:			
	 Containing 20 % or less by weight of meat, meat offal, fish, crustaceans or molluscs 	Manufacture in which all the cereals an derivatives (except durum wheat and it derivatives) used must be wholl obtained	ts	
	 Containing more than 20 % by weight of meat, meat offal, fish, crustaceans or molluscs 	 Manufacture in which: all cereals and derivatives (excepdurum wheat and its derivatives used must be wholly obtained; all the materials of Chapters 	5)	
		and 3 used must be wholl obtained	y	
1903	Tapioca and substitutes therefore prepared from starch, in the form of flakes, grains, pearls, sift- ings or in similar forms	Manufacture from materials of an heading except potato starch of headin No 1108		
1904	Prepared foods obtained by the swelling or roast- ing of cereals or cereal products (for example, corn flakes); cereals (other than maize (corn)) in grain form or in the form of flakes or other worked grains (except flour and meal), pre- cooked, or otherwise prepared, not elsewhere specified or included	 Manufacture: from materials not classified withi heading No 1806; in which all the cereals and flow (except durum wheat and its der vates and Zea indurata maize) use must be wholly obtained (¹); in which the value of any material 	ır i- d	
		of Chapter 17 used does not excee 30 % of the ex-works price of th product	d	
1905	Bread, pastry, cakes, biscuits and other bakers' wares, whether or not containing cocoa; com- munion wafers, empty cachets of a kind suitable for pharmaceutical use, sealing wafers, rice paper and similar products	Manufacture from materials of an heading except those of Chapter 11	у	
ex Chapter 20	Preparations of vegetables, fruit, nuts or other parts of plants; except for:	Manufacture in which all the fruit, nut or vegetables used must be wholl obtained		
ex 2001	Yams, sweet potatoes and similar edible parts of plants containing 5 % or more by weight of starch, prepared or preserved by vinegar or ace- tic acid	Manufacture in which all the material used are classified within a headin other than that of the product		
ex 2004 and ex 2005	Potatoes in the form of flour, meal or flakes, pre- pared or preserved otherwise than by vinegar or acetic acid	Manufacture in which all the material used are classified within a headin other than that of the product		
2006	Vegetables, fruit, nuts, fruit-peel and other parts of plants, preserved by sugar (drained, glacé or crystallised)	Manufacture in which the value of an materials of Chapter 17 used does no exceed 30 % of the ex-works price of th product) bt	

UC has dive No	Description of readuct	Waling an annual and an an ai	
HS heading No	Description of product		ginating materials that confers originating status
(1)	(2)		or (4)
2007	Jams, fruit jellies, marmalades, fruit or nut purée and fruit or nut pastes, being cooked prepara- tions, whether or not containing added sugar or other sweetening matter	 Manufacture in which: all the materials used are classified within a heading other than that of the product; the value of any materials of Chapter 17 used does not exceed 30 % of the ex-works price of the prod- 	
ex 2008	– Nuts, not containing added sugar or spirit	Manufacture in which the value of the originating nuts and oil seeds of heading Nos 0801, 0802 and 1202 to 1207 used exceeds 60 % of the ex-works price of the product	
	 Peanut butter; mixtures based on cereals; palm hearts; maize (corn) 	Manufacture in which all the materials used are classified within a heading other than that of the product	
	 Other except for fruit and nuts cooked other- wise than by steaming or boiling in water, not containing added sugar, frozen 	 Manufacture in which: all the materials used are classified within a heading other than that of the product; 	
		 the value of any materials of Chap- ter 17 used does not exceed 30 % of the ex-works price of the prod- uct 	
2009	Fruit juices (including grape must) and vegetable juices, unfermented and not containing added spirit, whether or not containing added sugar or other sweetening matter	 Manufacture in which: all the materials used are classified within a heading other than that of the product; the value of any materials of Chap- 	
		ter 17 used does not exceed 30 % of the ex-works price of the prod- uct	
ex Chapter 21	Miscellaneous edible preparations; except for:	Manufacture in which all the materials used are classified within a heading other than that of the product	
2101	Extracts, essences and concentrates, of coffee, tea or maté and preparations with a basis of these products or with a basis of coffee, tea or maté; roasted chicory and other roasted coffee substi- tutes, and extracts, essences and concentrates thereof	 Manufacture in which: all the materials used are classified within a heading other than that of the product; all the chicory used must be wholly obtained 	
2103	Sauces and preparations therefore; mixed condi- ments and mixed seasonings; mustard flour and meal and prepared mustard:		
	 Sauces and preparations therefore; mixed con- diments and mixed seasonings 	Manufacture in which all the materials used are classified within a heading other than that of the product. However, mustard flour or meal or prepared mus- tard may be used	
	- Mustard flour and meal and prepared mustard	Manufacture from materials of any heading	
ex 2104	Soups and broths and preparations therefore	Manufacture from materials of any heading except prepared or preserved vegetables of heading Nos 2002 to 2005	

HS heading No	Description of product	Working or processing carried out on non-or	iginating materials that confers originating status
(1)	(2)	(3)	or (4)
2106	Food preparations not elsewhere specified or included	 Manufacture in which: all the materials used are classified within a heading other than that of the product; the value of any materials of Chapter 17 used does not exceed 30 % of the ex-works price of the product 	
ex Chapter 22	Beverages, spirits and vinegar; except for:	 Manufacture in which: all the materials used are classified within a heading other than that of the product; all the grapes or any material derived from grapes used must be wholly obtained 	
2202	Waters, including mineral waters and aerated waters, containing added sugar or other sweeten- ing matter or flavoured, and other non-alcoholic beverages, not including fruit or vegetable juices of heading No 2009	 Manufacture in which: all the materials used are classified within a heading other than that of the product; the value of any materials of Chapter 17 used does not exceed 30 % of the ex-works price of the product; any fruit juice used (except for pineapple, lime and grapefruit juices) must already be originating 	
2207	Undenatured ethyl alcohol of an alcoholic strength by volume of 80 % vol. or higher; ethyl alcohol and other spirits, denatured, of any strength.	 Manufacture: sing materials not classified in headings 2207 or 2208, in which all the grapes or any materials derived from grapes used must be wholly obtained or if all the other materials used are already originating, arrack may be used up to a limit of 5 % by volume 	
2208	Undenatured ethyl alcohol of an alcoholic strength by volume of less than 80 % vol.; spirits, liqueurs and other spirituous beverages	 Manufacture: from materials not classified within heading Nos 2207 or 2208, in which all the grapes or any material derived from grapes used must be wholly obtained or if all the other materials used are already originating, arrack may be used up to a limit of 5 % by volume 	
ex Chapter 23	Residues and waste from the food industries; pre- pared animal fodder; except for:	Manufacture in which all the materials used are classified within a heading other than that of the product	
ex 2301	Whale meal; flours, meals and pellets of fish or of crustaceans, molluscs or other aquatic inverte- brates, unfit for human consumption	Manufacture in which all the materials of Chapters 2 and 3 used must be wholly obtained	

HS heading No	Description of product	Working or processing carried out on non-ori	ginating materials that confers originating status
(1)	(2)	(3)	or (4)
ex 2303	Residues from the manufacture of starch from maize (excluding concentrated steeping liquors), of a protein content, calculated on the dry prod- uct, exceeding 40 % by weight	Manufacture in which all the maize used must be wholly obtained	
ex 2306	Oil cake and other solid residues resulting from the extraction of olive oil, containing more than 3 % of olive oil	Manufacture in which all the olives used must be wholly obtained	
2309	Preparations of a kind used in animal feeding	 Manufacture in which: all the cereals, sugar or molasses, meat or milk used must already be originating; all the materials of Chapter 3 used must be wholly obtained 	
ex Chapter 24	Tobacco and manufactured tobacco substitutes; except for:	Manufacture in which all the materials of Chapter 24 used must be wholly obtained	
2402	Cigars, cheroots, cigarillos and cigarettes, of tobacco or of tobacco substitutes	Manufacture in which at least 70 % by weight of the unmanufactured tobacco or tobacco refuse of heading No 2401 used must already be originating	
ex 2403	Smoking tobacco	Manufacture in which at least 70 % by weight of the unmanufactured tobacco or tobacco refuse of heading No 2401 used must already be originating	
ex Chapter 25	Salt; sulphur; earths and stone; plastering materi- als, lime and cement; except for:	Manufacture in which all the materials used are classified within a heading other than that of the product	
ex 2504	Natural crystalline graphite, with enriched carbon content, purified and ground	Enriching of the carbon content, purify- ing and grinding of crude crystalline graphite	
ex 2515	Marble, merely cut, by sawing or otherwise, into blocks or slabs of a rectangular (including square) shape, of a thickness not exceeding 25 cm	Cutting, by sawing or otherwise, of marble (even if already sawn) of a thickness exceeding 25 cm	
ex 2516	Granite, porphyry, basalt, sandstone and other monumental and building stone, merely cut, by sawing or otherwise, into blocks or slabs of a rectangular (including square) shape, of a thick- ness not exceeding 25 cm	Cutting, by sawing or otherwise, of stone (even if already sawn) of a thick- ness exceeding 25 cm	
ex 2518	Calcined dolomite	Calcinations of dolomite not calcined	
ex 2519	Crushed natural magnesium carbonate (magne- tite), in hermetically-sealed containers, and mag- nesium oxide, whether or not pure, other than fused magnesia or dead-burned (sintered) magne- sia	Manufacture in which all the materials used is classified within a heading other than that of the product. However, natu- ral magnesium carbonate (magnetite) may be used	
ex 2520	Plasters specially prepared for dentistry	Manufacture in which the value of all the materials used does not exceed 50 % of the ex-works price of the product	
ex 2524	Natural asbestos fibres	Manufacture from asbestos concentrate	
ex 2525	Mica powder	Grinding of mica or mica waste	

HS heading No	Description of product	Working or processing carried out on non-or	iginating materials that confers originating statu
(1)	(2)	(3)	or (4)
ex 2530	Earth colours, calcined or powdered	Calcinations or grinding of earth colours	
Chapter 26	Ores, slag and ash	Manufacture in which all the materials used are classified within a heading other than that of the product	
ex Chapter 27	Mineral fuels, mineral oils and products of their distillation; bituminous substances; mineral waxes; except for:	Manufacture in which all the materials used are classified within a heading other than that of the product	
ex 2707	Oils in which the weight of the aromatic con- stituents exceeds that of the non-aromatic con- stituents, being oils similar to mineral oils obtained by distillation of high temperature coal tar, of which more than 65 % by volume distils at a temperature of up to 250 °C (including mix- tures of petroleum spirit and benzole), for use as power or heating fuels	Operations of refining and/or one or more specific process(es) (²) or Other operations in which all the mate- rials used are classified within a heading other than that of the product. However, materials classified within the same heading may be used provided their value does not exceed 50 % of the ex-works price of the product	
ex 2709	Crude oils obtained from bituminous minerals	Destructive distillation of bituminous materials	
2710	Petroleum oils and oils obtained from bitumi- nous materials, other than crude; preparations not elsewhere specified or included, containing by weight 70 % or more of petroleum oils or of oils obtained from bituminous materials, these oils being the basic constituents of the prepara- tions	Operations of refining and/or one or more specific process(es) (³) or Other operations in which all the mate- rials used are classified within a heading other than that of the product. However, materials classified within the same heading may be used provided their value does not exceed 50 % of the ex-works price of the product	
2711	Petroleum gases and other gaseous hydrocarbons	Operations of refining and/or one or more specific process(es) (³) or Other operations in which all the mate- rials used are classified within a heading other than that of the product. However, materials classified within the same heading may be used provided their value does not exceed 50 % of the ex-works price of the product	
2712	Petroleum jelly; paraffin wax, microcrystalline petroleum wax, slack wax, ozokerite, lignite wax, peat wax, other mineral waxes and similar prod- ucts obtained by synthesis or by other processes, whether or not coloured	Operations of refining and/or one or more specific process(es) (³) or Other operations in which all the mate- rials used are classified within a heading other than that of the product. However, materials classified within the same heading may be used provided their value does not exceed 50 % of the ex-works price of the product	

HS heading No	Description of product	Working or processing carried out on non-ori	ginating materials that confers originating status
(1)	(2)	(3)	or (4)
2713	Petroleum coke, petroleum bitumen and other residues of petroleum oils or of oils obtained from bituminous materials	Operations of refining and/or one or more specific process(es) (²) or Other operations in which all the mate- rials used are classified within a heading other than that of the product. However, materials classified within the same	
		heading may be used provided their value does not exceed 50 % of the ex-works price of the product	
2714	Bitumen and asphalt, natural; bituminous or oil shale and tar sands; asphaltites and asphaltic rocks	Operations of refining and/or one or more specific process(es) ⁽²⁾ or Other operations in which all the mate-	
		rials used are classified within a heading other than that of the product. However, materials classified within the same heading may be used provided their value does not exceed 50 % of the ex-works price of the product	
2715	Bituminous mixtures based on natural asphalt, on natural bitumen, on petroleum bitumen, on mineral tar or on mineral tar pitch (for example, bituminous mastics, cut-backs)	Operations of refining and/or one or more specific process(es) ⁽²⁾ or Other operations in which all the mate- rials used are classified within a heading other than that of the product. However, materials classified within the same heading may be used provided their value does not exceed 50 % of the ex-works price of the product	
ex Chapter 28	Inorganic chemicals; organic or inorganic com- pounds of precious metals, of rare-earth metals, of radioactive elements or of isotopes; except for:	Manufacture in which all the materials used are classified within a heading other than that of the product. However, materials classified within the same heading may be used provided their value does not exceed 20 % of the ex-works price of the product	Manufacture in which the value of all th materials used does not exceed 40 % of the ex-works price of the product
ex 2805	'Mischmetall'	Manufacture by electrolytic or thermal treatment in which the value of all the materials used does not exceed 50 % of the ex-works price of the product	
ex 2811	Sulphur trioxide	Manufacture from sulphur dioxide	Manufacture in which the value of all the materials used does not exceed 40 % of the ex-works price of the product
ex 2833	Aluminium sulphate	Manufacture in which the value of all the materials used does not exceed 50 % of the ex-works price of the product	
ex 2840	Sodium perborate	Manufacture from disodium tetraborate pentahydrate	Manufacture in which the value of all the materials used does not exceed 40 % o the ex-works price of the product

HS heading No	Description of product	Working or processing carried out on non-ori	ginating materials that confers originating status
(1)	(2)	(3)	or (4)
ex Chapter 29	Organic chemicals; except for:	Manufacture in which all the materials used are classified within a heading other than that of the product. However, materials classified within the same heading may be used provided their value does not exceed 20 % of the ex-works price of the product	Manufacture in which the value of all the materials used does not exceed 40 % of the ex-works price of the product
ex 2901	Acyclic hydrocarbons for use as power or heat- ing fuels	Operations of refining and/or one or more specific process(es) (²) or	
		Other operations in which all the mate- rials used are classified within a heading other than that of the product. However, materials classified within the same heading may be used provided their value does not exceed 50 % of the ex-works price of the product	
ex 2902	Cyclanes and cyclenes (other than azulenes), ben- zene, toluene, xylenes, for use as power or heat- ing fuels	Operations of refining and/or one or more specific process(es) (²) or	
		Other operations in which all the mate- rials used are classified within a heading other than that of the product. However, materials classified within the same heading may be used, provided their value does not exceed 50 % of the ex-works price of the product	
ex 2905	Metal alcoholates of alcohols of this heading and of ethanol	Manufacture from materials of any heading, including other materials of heading No 2905. However, metal alco- holates of this heading may be used, provided their value does not exceed 20 % of the ex-works price of the prod- uct	Manufacture in which the value of all the materials used does not exceed 40 % of the ex-works price of the product
2915	Saturated acyclic monocarboxylic acids and their anhydrides, halides, peroxides and peroxyacids; their halogenated, sulphonated, nitrated or nitro- sated derivatives	Manufacture from materials of any heading. However, the value of all the materials of headings Nos 2915 and 2916 used may not exceed 20 % of the ex-works price of the product	Manufacture in which the value of all the materials used does not exceed 40 % of the ex-works price of the product
ex 2932	 Internal ethers and their halogenated, sulpho- nated, nitrated or nitrosated derivatives 	Manufacture from materials of any heading. However, the value of all the materials of heading No 2909 used may not exceed 20 % of the ex-works price of the product	Manufacture in which the value of all the materials used does not exceed 40 % of the ex-works price of the product
	 Cyclic acetals and internal hemiacetals and their halogenated, sulphonated, nitrated or nitrosated derivatives 	Manufacture from materials of any heading	Manufacture in which the value of all the materials used does not exceed 40 % of the ex-works price of the product
2933	Heterocyclic compounds with nitrogen hetero- atom(s) only	Manufacture from materials of any heading. However, the value of all the materials of headings Nos 2932 and 2933 used may not exceed 20 % of the ex-works price of the product	Manufacture in which the value of all the materials used does not exceed 40 % of the ex-works price of the product

HS heading No	Description of product	Working or processing carried out on non-ori	ginating materials that confers originating status
(1)	(2)	(3)	or (4)
2934	Nucleic acids and their salts; other heterocyclic compounds	Manufacture from materials of any heading. However, the value of all the materials of headings Nos 2932, 2933 and 2934 used may not exceed 20 % of the ex-works price of the product	Manufacture in which the value of all the materials used does not exceed 40 % of the ex-works price of the product
ex Chapter 30	Pharmaceutical products; except for:	Manufacture in which all the materials used are classified within a heading other than that of the product. However, materials classified within the same heading may be used provided their value does not exceed 20 % of the ex-works price of the product	
3002	 Human blood; animal blood prepared for therapeutic, prophylactic or diagnostic uses; antisera and other blood fractions and modified immunological products, whether or not obtained by means of biotechnological processes; vaccines, toxins, cultures of micro-organisms (excluding yeasts) and similar products: Products consisting of two or more constitu- 	Manufacture from materials of any	
	ents which have been mixed together for therapeutic or prophylactic uses or unmixed products for these uses, put up in measured doses or in forms or packing's for retail sale	heading, including other materials of heading No 3002. The materials of this description may also be used, provided their value does not exceed 20 % of the ex-works price of the product	
	– Other:		
	–– human blood	Manufacture from materials of any heading, including other materials of heading No 3002. The materials of this description may also be used, provided their value does not exceed 20 % of the ex-works price of the product	
	 – animal blood prepared for therapeutic or prophylactic uses 	Manufacture from materials of any heading, including other materials of heading No 3002. The materials of this description may also be used, provided their value does not exceed 20 % of the ex-works price of the product	
	 – blood fractions other than antisera, haemo- globin, blood globulins and serum globulins 	Manufacture from materials of any heading, including other materials of heading No 3002. The materials of this description may also be used, provided their value does not exceed 20 % of the ex-works price of the product	
	 – haemoglobin, blood globulins and serum globulins 	Manufacture from materials of any heading, including other materials of heading No 3002. The materials of this description may also be used, provided their value does not exceed 20 % of the ex-works price of the product	
	–– other	Manufacture from materials of any heading, including other materials of heading No 3002. The materials of this description may also be used, provided their value does not exceed 20 % of the ex-works price of the product	

HS heading No	Description of product	Working or processing carried out on non-ori	ginating materials that conters originating status
(1)	(2)	(3)	or (4)
3003 and 3004	Medicaments (excluding goods of heading No 3002, 3005 or 3006):		
	 Obtained from amikacin of heading No 2941 	Manufacture in which all the materials used is classified within a heading other than that of the product. However, materials of heading No 3003 or 3004 may be used provided their value, taken together, does not exceed 20 % of the ex-works price of the product	
	– Other	Manufacture in which:	
		 all the materials used are classified within a heading other than that of the product. However, materials of heading No 3003 or 3004 may be used provided their value, taken together, does not exceed 20 % of the ex-works price of the product; 	
		 the value of all the materials used does not exceed 50 % of the ex-works price of the product 	
ex Chapter 31	Fertilisers; except for:	Manufacture in which all the materials used are classified within a heading other than that of the product. However, materials classified within the same heading may be used provided their value does not exceed 20 % of the ex-works price of the product	Manufacture in which the value of all the materials used does not exceed 40 % of the ex-works price of the product
ex 3105	 Mineral or chemical fertilisers containing two or three of the fertilising elements nitrogen, phosphorous and potassium; other fertilisers; goods of this Chapter, in tablets or similar forms or in packages of a gross weight not exceeding 10 kg, except for: sodium nitrate calcium cyanamide potassium sulphate magnesium potassium sulphate 	 Manufacture in which: all the materials used are classified within a heading other than that of the product. However, materials classified within the same heading may be used provided their value does not exceed 20 % of the ex-works price of the product; the value of all the materials used does not exceed 50 % of the ex-works price of the product 	Manufacture in which the value of all the materials used does not exceed 40 % of the ex-works price of the product
ex Chapter 32	Tanning or dyeing extracts; tannins and their derivatives; dyes, pigments and other colouring matter; paints and varnishes; putty and other mastics; inks; except for:	Manufacture in which all the materials used are classified within a heading other than that of the product. However, materials classified within the same heading may be used provided their value does not exceed 20 % of the ex-works price of the product	Manufacture in which the value of all the materials used does not exceed 40 % of the ex-works price of the product
ex 3201	Tannins and their salts, ethers, esters and other derivatives	Manufacture from tanning extracts of vegetable origin	Manufacture in which the value of all the materials used does not exceed 40 % of the ex-works price of the product
3205	Colour lakes; preparations as specified in Note 3 to this Chapter based on colour lakes (4)	Manufacture from materials of any heading, except headings Nos 3203, 3204 and 3205. However, materials from heading No 3205 may be used provided their value does not exceed 20 % of the ex-works price of the prod- uct	Manufacture in which the value of all the materials used does not exceed 40 % of the ex-works price of the product

HS heading No	Description of product	Working or processing carried out on non-ori	ginating materials that confers originating status
(1)	(2)	(3)	or (4)
ex Chapter 33	Essential oils and resinoids; perfumery, cosmetic or toilet preparations; except for:	Manufacture in which all the materials used are classified within a heading other than that of the product. However, materials classified within the same heading may be used provided their value does not exceed 20 % of the ex-works price of the product	Manufacture in which the value of all the materials used does not exceed 40 % of the ex-works price of the product
3301	Essential oils (terpeneless or not), including con- cretes and absolutes; resinoids; extracted oleores- ins; concentrates of essential oils in fats, in fixed oils, in waxes or the like, obtained by effleurage or maceration; terpenic by-products of the deter- penation of essential oils; aqueous distillates and aqueous solutions of essential oils	Manufacture from materials of any heading, including materials of a different 'group' (⁵) in this heading. However, materials of the same group may be used, provided their value does not exceed 20 % of the ex-works price of the product	Manufacture in which the value of all the materials used does not exceed 40 % of the ex-works price of the product
ex Chapter 34	Soap, organic surface-active agents, washing preparations, lubricating preparations, artificial waxes, prepared waxes, polishing or scouring preparations, candles and similar articles, model- ling pastes, 'dental waxes' and dental preparations with a basis of plaster; except for:	Manufacture in which all the materials used are classified within a heading other than that of the product. However, materials classified within the same heading may be used provided their value does not exceed 20 % of the ex-works price of the product	Manufacture in which the value of all the materials used does not exceed 40 % of the ex-works price of the product
ex 3403	Lubricating preparations containing petroleum oils or oils obtained from bituminous minerals, provided they represent less than 70 % by weight	Operations of refining and/or one or more specific process(es) (²) or Other operations in which all the mate- rials used are classified within a heading other than that of the product. However, materials classified within the same heading may be used provided their value does not exceed 50 % of the ex-works price of the product	
3404	Artificial waxes and prepared waxes:		
	 With a basis of paraffin, petroleum waxes, waxes obtained from bituminous minerals, slack wax or scale wax 	Manufacture in which all the materials used are classified within a heading other than that of the product. However, materials classified within the same heading may be used provided their value does not exceed 50 % of the ex-works price of the product	
	– Other	 Manufacture from materials of any heading, except: hydrogenated oils having the character of waxes of heading No 1516; fatty acids not chemically defined or industrial fatty alcohols having the character of waxes of heading No 3823; materials of heading No 3404 However, these materials may be used provided their value does not exceed 20 % of the ex-works price of the prod- 	Manufacture in which the value of all the materials used does not exceed 40 % of the ex-works price of the product

HS heading No	Description of product	Working or processing carried out on non-ori	ginating materials that confers originating status
(1)	(2)	(3)	or (4)
ex Chapter 35	Albuminoidal substances; modified starches; glues; enzymes; except for:	Manufacture in which all the materials used are classified within a heading other than that of the product. However, materials classified within the same heading may be used provided their value does not exceed 20 % of the ex-works price of the product	Manufacture in which the value of all the materials used does not exceed 40 % of the ex-works price of the product
3505	Dextrins and other modified starches (for example, pregelatinised or esterified starches); glues based on starches, or on dextrins or other modified starches:		
	– Starch ethers and esters	Manufacture from materials of any heading, including other materials of heading No 3505	Manufacture in which the value of all the materials used does not exceed 40 % of the ex-works price of the product
	– Other	Manufacture from materials of any heading, except those of heading No 1108	Manufacture in which the value of all the materials used does not exceed 40 % of the ex-works price of the product
ex 3507	Prepared enzymes not elsewhere specified or included	Manufacture in which the value of all the materials used does not exceed 50 % of the ex-works price of the product	
Chapter 36	Explosives; pyrotechnic products; matches; pyro- phoric alloys; certain combustible preparations	Manufacture in which all the materials used are classified within a heading other than that of the product. However, materials classified within the same heading may be used provided their value does not exceed 20 % of the ex-works price of the product	Manufacture in which the value of all the materials used does not exceed 40 % of the ex-works price of the product
ex Chapter 37	Photographic or cinematographic goods; except for:	Manufacture in which all the materials used are classified within a heading other than that of the product. However, materials classified within the same heading may be used provided their value does not exceed 20 % of the ex-works price of the product	Manufacture in which the value of all the materials used does not exceed 40 % of the ex-works price of the product
3701	Photographic plates and film in the flat, sensi- tised, unexposed, of any material other than paper, paperboard or textiles; instant print film in the flat, sensitised, unexposed, whether or not in packs:		
	 Instant print film for colour photography, in packs 	Manufacture in which all the materials used is classified within a heading other than heading Nos 3701 or 3702. How- ever, materials from heading No 3702 may be used provided their value does not exceed 30 % of the ex-works price of the product	Manufacture in which the value of all the materials used does not exceed 40 % of the ex-works price of the product
	– Other	Manufacture in which all the materials used are classified within a heading other than heading No 3701 or 3702. However, materials from heading Nos 3701 and 3702 may be used pro- vided their value taken together, does not exceed 20 % of the ex-works price of the product	Manufacture in which the value of all the materials used does not exceed 40 % of the ex-works price of the product
3702	Photographic film in rolls, sensitised, unexposed, of any material other than paper, paperboard or textiles; instant print film in rolls, sensitised, unexposed	Manufacture in which all the materials used are classified within a heading other than heading Nos 3701 or 3702	Manufacture in which the value of all the materials used does not exceed 40 % of the ex-works price of the product

HS heading No	Description of product	Working or processing carried out on non-ori	ginating materials that confers originating status
(1)	(2)	(3)	or (4)
3704	Photographic plates, film paper, paperboard and textiles, exposed but not developed	Manufacture in which all the materials used are classified within a heading other than heading Nos 3701 to 3704	Manufacture in which the value of all the materials used does not exceed 40 % of the ex-works price of the product
ex Chapter 38	Miscellaneous chemical products; except for:	Manufacture in which all the materials used are classified within a heading other than that of the product. However, materials classified within the same heading may be used provided their value does not exceed 20 % of the ex-works price of the product	Manufacture in which the value of all the materials used does not exceed 40 % of the ex-works price of the product
ex 3801	 Colloidal graphite in suspension in oil and semi colloidal graphite; carbonaceous pastes for electrodes 	Manufacture in which the value of all the materials used does not exceed 50 % of the ex-works price of the product	
	 Graphite in paste form, being a mixture of more than 30 % by weight of graphite with mineral oils 	Manufacture in which the value of all the materials of heading No 3403 used does not exceed 20 % of the ex-works price of the product	Manufacture in which the value of all the materials used does not exceed 40 % of the ex-works price of the product
ex 3803	Refined tall oil	Refining of crude tall oil	Manufacture in which the value of all the materials used does not exceed 40 % of the ex-works price of the product
ex 3805	Spirits of sulphate turpentine, purified	Purification by distillation or refining of raw spirits of sulphate turpentine	Manufacture in which the value of all the materials used does not exceed 40 % of the ex-works price of the product
ex 3806	Ester gums	Manufacture from resin acids	Manufacture in which the value of all the materials used does not exceed 40 % of the ex-works price of the product
ex 3807	Wood pitch (wood tar pitch)	Distillation of wood tar	Manufacture in which the value of all the materials used does not exceed 40 % of the ex-works price of the product
3808	Insecticides, rodenticides, fungicides, herbicides, anti-sprouting products and plant-growth regu- lators, disinfectants and similar products, put up in forms or packing's for retail sale or as prepa- rations or articles (for example, sulphur-treated bands, wicks and candles, and fly-papers)	Manufacture in which the value of all the materials used does not exceed 50 % of the ex-works price of the products	
3809	Finishing agents, dye carriers to accelerate the dyeing or fixing of dyestuffs and other products and preparations (for example, dressings and mordant's), of a kind used in the textile, paper, leather or like industries, not elsewhere specified or included	Manufacture in which the value of all the materials used does not exceed 50 % of the ex-works price of the products	
3810	Pickling preparations for metal surfaces; fluxes and other auxiliary preparations for soldering, brazing or welding; soldering, brazing or welding powders and pastes consisting of metal and other materials; preparations of a kind used as cores or coatings for welding electrodes or rods	Manufacture in which the value of all the materials used does not exceed 50 % of the ex-works price of the products	

HS heading No	Description of product	Working or processing carried out on non-or	iginating ma	terials that confers originating statu
(1)	(2)	(3)	or	(4)
3811	Anti-knock preparations, oxidation inhibitors, gum inhibitors, viscosity improvers, anti- corrosive preparations and other prepared addi- tives, for mineral oils (including gasoline) or for other liquids used for the same purposes as min- eral oils:			
	 Prepared additives for lubricating oil, contain- ing petroleum oils or oils obtained from bitu- minous minerals 	Manufacture in which the value of all the materials of heading No 3811 used does not exceed 50 % of the ex-works price of the product		
	– Other	Manufacture in which the value of all the materials used does not exceed 50 % of the ex-works price of the product		
3812	Prepared rubber accelerators; compound plasti- cizers for rubber or plastics, not elsewhere speci- fied or included; anti-oxidising preparations and other compound stabilisers for rubber or plastics	Manufacture in which the value of all the materials used does not exceed 50 % of the ex-works price of the product		
3813	Preparations and charges for fire-extinguishers; charged fire-extinguishing grenades	Manufacture in which the value of all the materials used does not exceed 50 % of the ex-works price of the product		
3814	Organic composite solvents and thinners, not elsewhere specified or included; prepared paint or vanish removers	Manufacture in which the value of all the materials used does not exceed 50 % of the ex-works price of the product		
3818	Chemical elements doped for use in electronics, in the form of discs, wafers or similar forms; chemical compounds doped for use in electron- ics	Manufacture in which the value of all the materials used does not exceed 50 % of the ex-works price of the product		
3819	Hydraulic brake fluids and other prepared liquids for hydraulic transmission, not containing or containing less than 70 % by weight of petroleum oils or oils obtained from bituminous minerals	Manufacture in which the value of all the materials used does not exceed 50 % of the ex-works price of the product		
3820	Anti-freezing preparations and prepared de-icing fluids	Manufacture in which the value of all the materials used does not exceed 50 % of the ex-works price of the product		
3822	Diagnostic or laboratory reagents on a backing and prepared diagnostic or laboratory reagents, whether or not on a backing, other than those of heading No 3002 or 3006	Manufacture in which the value of all the materials used does not exceed 50 % of the ex-works price of the product		
3823	Industrial monocarboxylic fatty acids; acid oils from refining; industrial fatty alcohols.			
	 Industrial monocarboxylic fatty acids, acid oils from refining 	Manufacture in which all the materials used are classified within a heading other than that of the product		
	 Industrial fatty alcohols 	Manufacture from materials of any heading including other materials of heading No 3823		

HS heading No	Description of product	Working or processing carried out on non-ori	ginating materials that confers originating status
(1)	(2)	(3)	or (4)
3824	Prepared binders for foundry moulds or cores; chemical products and preparations of the chemi- cal or allied industries (including those consisting of mixtures of natural products), not elsewhere specified or included; residual products of the chemical or allied industries, not elsewhere speci- fied or included:		
	 The following of this heading: Prepared binders for foundry moulds or cores based on natural resinous products Naphthenic acids, their water insoluble salts and their esters Sorbitol other than that of heading No 2905 Petroleum sulphonates, excluding petroleum sulphonates of alkali metals, of ammonium or of ethanolamine's; thiophenated sulphonic acids of oils obtained from bituminous minerals, and their salts Ion exchangers Getters for vacuum tubes Alkaline iron oxide for the purification of gas Ammoniacal gas liquors and spent oxide produced in coal gas purification Sulphonaphthenic acids, their water insoluble salts and their esters Fusel oil and Dippel's oil Mixtures of salts having different anions Copying pastes with a basis of gelatine, whether or not on a paper or textile backing 	Manufacture in which all the materials used are classified within a heading other than that of the product. However, materials classified within the same heading may be used provided their value does not exceed 20 % of the ex-works price of the product	Manufacture in which the value of all th materials used does not exceed 40 % of the ex-works price of the product
	– Other	Manufacture in which the value of all the materials used does not exceed 50 % of the ex-works price of the product	
3901 to 3915	Plastics in primary forms, waste, parings and scrap, of plastic; except for heading Nos ex 3907 and 3912 for which the rules are set out below:		
	 Addition homopolymerisation products in which a single monomer contributes more than 99 % by weight to the total polymer con- tent 	 Manufacture in which: the value of all the materials used does not exceed 50 % of the ex-works price of the product; the value of any materials of Chapter 39 used does not exceed 20 % of the ex-works price of the product (⁶) 	Manufacture in which the value of all th materials used does not exceed 25 % of the ex-works price of the product
	– Other	Manufacture in which the value of the materials of Chapter 39 used does not exceed 20 % of the ex-works price of the product (⁶)	Manufacture in which the value of all th materials used does not exceed 25 % of the ex-works price of the product

HS heading No	Description of product	Working or processing carried out on non-ori	ginating materials that confers originating status
(1)	(2)	(3)	or (4)
ex 3907	 Copolymer, made from polycarbonate and acrylonitrile-butadiene-styrene copolymer (ABS) 	Manufacture in which all the materials used are classified within a heading other than that of the product. However, materials classified within the same heading may be used provided their value does not exceed 50 % of the ex-works price of the product (⁶)	
	– Polyester	Manufacture in which the value of any materials of Chapter 39 used does not exceed 20 % of the ex-works price of the product and/or manufacture from poly- carbonate of tetrabromo-(bisphenol A)	
3912	Cellulose and its chemical derivatives, not else- where specified or included, in primary forms	Manufacture in which the value of any materials classified in the same heading as the product does not exceed 20 % of the ex-works price of the product	
3916 to 3921	Semi-manufactures and articles of plastics; except for headings Nos ex 3916, ex 3917, ex 3920 and ex 3921, for which the rules are set out below:		
	 Flat products, further worked than only surface-worked or cut into forms other than rectangular (including square); other products, further worked than only surface-worked 	Manufacture in which the value of any materials of Chapter 39 used does not exceed 50 % of the ex-works price of the product	Manufacture in which the value of all the materials used does not exceed 25 % of the ex-works price of the product
	– Other:		
	 Addition homopolymerisation products in which a single monomer contributes more than 99 % by weight to the total polymer content 	 Manufacture in which: the value of all the materials used does not exceed 50 % of the ex-works price of the product; the value of any materials of Chapter 39 used does not exceed 20 % of the ex-works price of the product (⁶) 	Manufacture in which the value of all the materials used does not exceed 25 % of the ex-works price of the product
	Other	Manufacture in which the value of any materials of Chapter 39 used does not exceed 20 % of the ex-works price of the product (⁶)	Manufacture in which the value of all the materials used does not exceed 25 % of the ex-works price of the product
ex 3916 and ex 3917	Profile shapes and tubes	 Manufacture in which: the value of all the materials used does not exceed 50 % of the ex-works price of the product; the value of any materials classified within the same heading as the product does not exceed 20 % of the ex-works price of the product 	Manufacture in which the value of all the materials used does not exceed 25 % of the ex-works price of the product

HS heading No	Description of product	Working or processing carried out on non-ori	ginating materials that confers originating status
(1)	(2)	(3)	or (4)
ex 3920	– Ionomer sheet or film	Manufacture from a thermoplastic par- tial salt which is a copolymer of ethyl- ene and metacrylic acid partly neutralised with metal ions, mainly zinc and sodium	Manufacture in which the value of all the materials used does not exceed 25 % of the ex-works price of the product
	 Sheets of regenerated cellulose, polyamides or polyethylene 	Manufacture in which the value of any materials classified in the same heading as the product does not exceed 20 % of the ex-works price of the product	
ex 3921	Foils of plastic, metallised	Manufacture from highly transparent polyester foils with a thickness of less than 23 micron (⁷)	Manufacture in which the value of all the materials used does not exceed 25 % of the ex-works price of the product
3922 to 3926	Articles of plastics	Manufacture in which the value of all the materials used does not exceed 50 % of the ex-works price of the product	
ex Chapter 40	Rubber and articles thereof; except for:	Manufacture in which all the materials used are classified within a heading other than that of the product	
ex 4001	Laminated slabs of crepe rubber for shoes	Lamination of sheets of natural rubber	
4005	Compounded rubber, unvulcanised, in primary forms or in plates, sheets or strip	Manufacture in which the value of all the materials used, except natural rub- ber, does not exceed 50 % of the ex-works price of the product	
4012	Retreaded or used pneumatic tyres of rubber; solid or cushion tyres, interchangeable tyre treads and tyre flaps, of rubber:		
	- Retreaded pneumatic, solid or cushion tyres, of rubber	Retreading of used tyres	
	– Other	Manufacture from materials of any heading, except those of heading Nos 4011 or 4012	
ex 4017	Articles of hard rubber	Manufacture from hard rubber	
ex Chapter 41	Raw hides and skins (other than furskins) and leather; except for:	Manufacture in which all the materials used are classified within a heading other than that of the product	
ex 4102	Raw skins of sheep or lambs, without wool on	Removal of wool from sheep or lamb skins, with wool on	
4104 to 4107	Leather, without hair or wool, other than leather of heading Nos 4108 or 4109	Retanning of pre-tanned leather or	
		Manufacture in which all the materials used are classified within a heading other than that of the product	
4109	Patent leather and patent laminated leather; met- allised leather	Manufacture from leather of heading Nos 4104 to 4107 provided its value does not exceed 50 % of the ex-works price of the product	
Chapter 42	Articles of leather; saddlery and harness; travel goods, handbags and similar containers; articles of animal gut (other than silk worm gut)	Manufacture in which all the materials used are classified within a heading other than that of the product	
ex Chapter 43	Furskins and artificial fur; manufactures thereof; except for:	Manufacture in which all the materials used are classified within a heading other than that of the product	

HS heading No	Description of product	Working or processing carried out on non-ori	ginating materials that confers originating statu
(1)	(2)	(3)	or (4)
ex 4302	Tanned or dressed furskins, assembled:		
	- Plates, crosses and similar forms	Bleaching or dyeing, in addition to cut- ting and assembly of non-assembled tanned or dressed furskins	
	– Other	Manufacture from non-assembled, tanned or dressed furskins	
4303	Articles of apparel, clothing accessories and other articles of furskin	Manufacture from non-assembled tanned or dressed furskins of heading No 4302	
ex Chapter 44	Wood and articles of wood; wood charcoal; except for:	Manufacture in which all the materials used are classified within a heading other than that of the product	
ex 4403	Wood roughly squared	Manufacture from wood in the rough, whether or not stripped of its bark or merely roughed down	
ex 4407	Wood sawn or chipped lengthwise, sliced or peeled, of a thickness exceeding 6 mm, planed, sanded or finger-jointed	Planning, sanding or finger-jointing	
ex 4408	Veneer sheets and sheets for plywood, of a thick- ness not exceeding 6 mm, spliced, and other wood sawn lengthwise, sliced or peeled of a thick- ness not exceeding 6 mm, planed, sanded or finger-jointed	Splicing, planning, sanding or finger- jointing	
ex 4409	Wood continuously shaped along any of its edges or faces, whether or not planed, sanded or finger- jointed:		
	- Sanded or finger-jointed	Sanding or finger-jointing	
	- Beadings and mouldings	Beading or moulding	
ex 4410 to ex 4413	Beadings and mouldings, including moulded skirting and other moulded boards	Beading or moulding	
ex 4415	Packing cases, boxes, crates, drums and similar packing's, of wood	Manufacture from boards not cut to size	
ex 4416	Casks, barrels, vats, tubs and other coopers' prod- ucts and parts thereof, of wood	Manufacture from riven staves, not fur- ther worked than sawn on the two prin- cipal surfaces	
ex 4418	- Builders' joinery and carpentry of wood	Manufacture in which all the materials used are classified within a heading other than that of the product. However, cellular wood panels, shingles and shakes may be used	
	- Beadings and mouldings	Beading or moulding	
ex 4421	Match splints; wooden pegs or pins for footwear	Manufacture from wood of any heading except drawn wood of heading No 4409	
ex Chapter 45	Cork and articles of cork; except for:	Manufacture in which all the materials used are classified within a heading other than that of the product	
4503	Articles of natural cork	Manufacture from cork of heading No 4501	
Chapter 46	Manufactures of straw, of esparto or of other plaiting materials; basket ware and wickerwork	Manufacture in which all the materials used are classified within a heading other than that of the product	

HS heading No	Description of product	Working or processing carried out on non-or	iginating materials that confers originating stat
(1)	(2)	(3)	or (4)
Chapter 47	Pulp of wood or of other fibrous cellulosic mate- rial; recovered (waste and scrap) paper or paper- board	Manufacture in which all the materials used are classified within a heading other than that of the product	
ex Chapter 48	Paper and paperboard; articles of paper pulp, of paper or of paperboard; except for:	Manufacture in which all the materials used are classified within a heading other than that of the product	
ex 4811	Paper and paperboard, ruled, lined or squared only	Manufacture from paper-making mate- rials of Chapter 47	
4816	Carbon paper, self-copy paper and other copying or transfer papers (other than those of heading No 4809), duplicator stencils and offset plates, of paper, whether or not put up in boxes	Manufacture from paper-making mate- rials of Chapter 47	
4817	Envelopes, letter cards, plain postcards and cor- respondence cards, of paper or paperboard; boxes, pouches, wallets and writing compendi- ums, of paper or paperboard, containing an assortment of paper stationery	 Manufacturing in which: all the materials used are classified within a heading other than that of the product; the value of all the materials used does not exceed 50 % of the ex-works price of the product 	
ex 4818	Toilet paper	Manufacture from paper-making mate- rials of Chapter 47	
ex 4819	Cartons, boxes, cases, bags and other packing containers, of paper, paperboard, cellulose wad- ding or webs of cellulose fibres	Manufacture in which:	
		 all the materials used are classified within a heading other than that of the product; 	
		 the value of all the materials used does not exceed 50 % of the ex-works price of the product 	
ex 4820	Letter pads	Manufacture in which the value of all the materials used does not exceed 50 % of the ex-works price of the product	
ex 4823	Other paper, paperboard, cellulose wadding and webs of cellulose fibres, cut to size or shape	Manufacture from paper-making mate- rials of Chapter 47	
ex Chapter 49	Printed books, newspapers, pictures and other products of the printing industry; manuscripts, typescripts and plans; except for:	Manufacture in which all the materials used are classified within a heading other than that of the product	
4909	Printed or illustrated postcards; printed cards bearing personal greetings, messages or announcements, whether or not illustrated, with or without envelopes or trimmings	Manufacture from materials not classi- fied within heading Nos 4909 or 4911	
4910	Calendars of any kind, printed, including calen- dar blocks:		
	 Calendars of the 'perpetual' type or with replaceable blocks mounted on bases other than paper or paperboard 	 Manufacture in which: all the materials used are classified within a heading other than that of the product; 	
		 the value of all the materials used does not exceed 50 % of the ex-works price of the product 	
	– Other	Manufacture from materials not classi- fied in heading Nos 4909 or 4911	

HS heading No	Description of product	Working or processing carried out on non-orig	ginating materials that confers originating status
(1)	(2)	(3)	or (4)
ex Chapter 50	Silk; except for:	Manufacture in which all the materials used are classified within a heading other than that of the product	
ex 5003	Silk waste (including cocoons unsuitable for reel- ing, yarn waste and garneted stock), carded or combed	Carding or combing of silk waste	
5004 to ex 5006	Silk yarn and yarn spun from silk waste	 Manufacture from (⁸): raw silk or silk waste carded or combed or otherwise prepared for spinning, other natural fibres not carded or combed or otherwise prepared for spinning, 	
		 chemical materials or textile pulp, or paper-making materials 	
5007	Woven fabrics of silk or of silk waste:	Manufacture from yarn (⁸)	Printing accompanied by at least two pre- paratory or finishing operations (such as scouring, bleaching, mercerising, heat set- ting, raising, calendaring, shrink resis- tance processing, permanent finishing, decatising, impregnating, mending and burling) where the value of the unprinted fabric used does not exceed 47,5 % of the ex-works price of the prod- uct
ex Chapter 51	Wool, fine or coarse animal hair; horsehair yarn and woven fabric; except for:	Manufacture in which all the materials used are classified within a heading other than that of the product	
5106 to 5110	Yarn of wool, of fine or coarse animal hair or of horsehair	 Manufacture from (⁸): raw silk or silk waste carded or combed or otherwise prepared for spinning, natural fibres not carded or combed or otherwise prepared for spinning, chemical materials or textile pulp, or paper-making materials 	
5111 to 5113	Woven fabrics of wool, of fine or coarse animal hair or of horsehair:	Manufacture from yarn (⁸)	Printing accompanied by at least two pre- paratory or finishing operations (such as scouring, bleaching, mercerising, heat set- ting, raising, calendaring, shrink resis- tance processing, permanent finishing, decatising, impregnating, mending and burling) where the value of the unprinted fabric used does not exceed 47,5 % of the ex-works price of the prod- uct
ex Chapter 52	Cotton; except for:	Manufacture in which all the materials used are classified within a heading other than that of the product	

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HS heading No	Description of product	Working or processing carried out on non-ori	ginating materials that confers originating status
(1)	(2)	(3)	or (4)
5204 to 5207	Yarn and thread of cotton	 Manufacture from (⁸): raw silk or silk waste carded or combed or otherwise prepared for spinning, natural fibres not carded or combed or otherwise prepared for spinning, chemical materials or textile pulp, or paper-making materials 	
5208 to 5212	Woven fabrics of cotton:	Manufacture from yarn (⁸)	Printing accompanied by at least two pre- paratory or finishing operations (such as scouring, bleaching, mercerising, heat set- ting, raising, calendaring, shrink resis- tance processing, permanent finishing decatising, impregnating, mending and burling) where the value of the unprinted fabric used does not exceed 47,5 % of the ex-works price of the prod- uct
ex Chapter 53	Other vegetable textile fibres; paper yarn and woven fabrics of paper yarn; except for:	Manufacture in which all the materials used are classified within a heading other than that of the product	
5306 to 5308	Yarn of other vegetable textile fibres; paper yarn	 Manufacture from (⁸): raw silk or silk waste carded or combed or otherwise prepared for spinning, natural fibres not carded or combed or otherwise prepared for spinning, chemical materials or textile pulp, or paper-making materials 	
5309 to 5311	Woven fabrics of other vegetable textile fibres; woven fabrics of paper yarn:	Manufacture from yarn (⁸)	Printing accompanied by at least two pre- paratory or finishing operations (such as scouring, bleaching, mercerising, heat set- ting, raising, calendaring, shrink resis- tance processing, permanent finishing decatising, impregnating, mending and burling) where the value of the unprinted fabric used does not exceed 47,5 % of the ex-works price of the prod- uct
5401 to 5406	Yarn, monofilament and thread of man-made filaments	 Manufacture from (⁸): raw silk or silk waste carded or combed or otherwise prepared for spinning, natural fibres not carded or combed or otherwise prepared for spinning, chemical materials or textile pulp, or paper-making materials 	

HS heading No	Description of product	Working or processing carried out on non-ori	iginating materials that confers originating status
(1)	(2)	(3)	or (4)
5407 and 5408	Woven fabrics of man-made filament yarn:	Manufacture from yarn (⁸)	Printing accompanied by at least two pre- paratory or finishing operations (such as scouring, bleaching, mercerising, heat set- ting, raising, calendaring, shrink resis- tance processing, permanent finishing, decatising, impregnating, mending and burling) where the value of the unprinted fabric used does not exceed 47,5 % of the ex-works price of the prod- uct
5501 to 5507	Man-made staple fibres	Manufacture from chemical materials or textile pulp	
5508 to 5511	Yarn and sewing thread of man-made staple fibres	 Manufacture from (⁸): raw silk or silk waste carded or combed or otherwise prepared for spinning, natural fibres not carded or combed or otherwise prepared for spinning, chemical materials or textile pulp, or paper-making materials 	
5512 to 5516	Woven fabrics of man-made staple fibres:	Manufacture from yarn (⁸)	Printing accompanied by at least two pre- paratory or finishing operations (such as scouring, bleaching, mercerising, heat set- ting, raising, calendaring, shrink resis- tance processing, permanent finishing, decatising, impregnating, mending and burling) where the value of the unprinted fabric used does not exceed 47,5 % of the ex-works price of the prod- uct
ex Chapter 56	Wadding, felt and non-wovens; special yarns; twine, cordage, ropes and cables and articles thereof; except for:	Manufacture from (⁸): — coir yarn, — natural fibres, — chemical materials or textile pulp, or — paper making materials	
5602	Felt, whether or not impregnated, coated, covered or laminated:		
	– Needle loom felt	Manufacture from (⁸): — natural fibres, — chemical materials or textile pulp	
	– Other	Manufacture from (⁸): — natural fibres, — man-made staple fibres, or — chemical materials or textile pulp	

HS heading No	Description of product	Working or processing carried out on nor	n-originating mate	rials that confers originating sta
(1)	(2)	(3)	or	(4)
5604	Rubber thread and cord, textile covered; textile yarn, and strip and the like of heading No 5404 or 5405, impregnated, coated, covered or sheathed with rubber or plastics:			
	- Rubber thread and cord, textile covered	Manufacture from rubber thread cord, not textile covered	or	
	– Other	 Manufacture from (⁸): natural fibres not carded combed or otherwise processed f spinning, chemical materials or textile pu or paper-making materials 	for	
5605	Metallised yarn, whether or not gimped, being textile yarn, or strip or the like of heading No 5404 or 5405, combined with metal in the form of thread, strip or powder or covered with metal	 Manufacture from (⁸): natural fibres, man-made staple fibres not card or combed or otherwise process for spinning, chemical materials or textile put or paper-making materials 	ed	
5606	Gimped yarn, and strip and the like of heading No 5404 or 5405, gimped (other than those of heading No 5605 and gimped horsehair yarn); chenille yarn (including flock chenille yarn; loop wale-yarn	 Manufacture from (⁸): natural fibres, man-made staple fibres not card or combed or otherwise process for spinning, chemical materials or textile put or paper-making materials 	ed	
Chapter 57	Carpets and other textile floor coverings:			
	– Of needle loom felt	Manufacture from (⁸): — natural fibres, or — chemical materials or textile pul However jute fabric may be used backing	-	
	– Of other felt	Manufacture from (⁸): — natural fibres not carded combed or otherwise processed f spinning, or — chemical materials or textile pul	for	
	– Other	Manufacture from yarn (⁸). However jute fabric may be used backing	as	

HS heading No	Description of product	Working or processing carried out on non-or	iginating materials that confers originating status
(1)	(2)	(3)	or (4)
ex Chapter 58	Special woven fabrics; tufted textile fabrics; lace; tapestries; trimmings; embroidery; except for:	Manufacture from yarn (⁸)	Printing accompanied by at least two pre- paratory or finishing operations (such as scouring, bleaching, mercerising, heat set- ting, raising, calendaring, shrink resis- tance processing, permanent finishing, decatising, impregnating, mending and burling) where the value of the unprinted fabric used does not exceed 47,5 % of the ex-works price of the prod- uct
5805	Hand-woven tapestries of the types gobelins, Flanders, aubusson, Beauvais and the like, and needle-worked tapestries (for example, petit point, cross stitch), whether or not made up	Manufacture in which all the materials used are classified within a heading other than that of the product	
5810	Embroidery in the piece, in strips or in motifs	Manufacture in which the value of all the materials used does not exceed 50 % of the ex-works price of the product	
5901	Textile fabrics coated with gum or amylaceous substances, of a kind used for the outer covers of books or the like; tracing cloth; prepared paint- ing canvas; buckram and similar stiffened textile fabrics of a kind used for hat foundations	Manufacture from yarn	
5902	Tyre cord fabric of high tenacity yarn of nylon or other polyamides, polyesters or viscose rayon:	Manufacture from yarn	
5903	Textile fabrics impregnated, coated, covered or laminated with plastics, other than those of head- ing No 5902	Manufacture from yarn	Printing accompanied by at least two pre- paratory or finishing operations (such as scouring, bleaching, mercerising, heat set- ting, razing, calendaring, shrink resistance processing, permanent finishing, decatis- ing, impregnating, mending and burling) where the value of the unprinted fabric used does not exceed 47,5% of the ex-works price of the product
5904	Linoleum, whether or not cut to shape; floor cov- erings consisting of a coating or covering applied on a textile backing, whether or not cut to shape	Manufacture from yarn (⁸)	
5905	Textile wall coverings:	Manufacture from yarn	Printing accompanied by at least two pre- paratory or finishing operations (such as scouring, bleaching, mercerising, heat set- ting, raising, calendaring, shrink resis- tance processing, permanent finishing, decatising, impregnating, mending and burling) where the value of the unprinted fabric used does not exceed 47,5 % of the ex-works price of the prod- uct
5906	Rubberised textile fabrics, other than those of heading No 5902:	Manufacture from yarn	
5907	Textile fabrics otherwise impregnated, coated or covered; painted canvas being theatrical scenery, studio back-cloths or the like	Manufacture from yarn	Printing accompanied by at least two pre- paratory or finishing operations (such as scouring, bleaching, mercerising, heat set- ting, razing, calendaring, shrink resistance processing, permanent finishing, decatis- ing, impregnating, mending and burling) where the value of the unprinted fabric used does not exceed 47,5% of the ex-works price of the product

HS heading No	Description of product	Working or processing carried out on non-ori	ginating materials that confers originating status
(1)	(2)	(3)	or (4)
5908	Textile wicks, woven, plaited or knitted, for lamps, stoves, lighters, candles or the like; incan- descent gas mantles and tubular knitted gas mantle fabric therefore, whether or not impreg- nated:		
	- Incandescent gas mantles, impregnated	Manufacture from tubular knitted gas mantle fabric	
	– Other	Manufacture in which all the materials used are classified within a heading other than that of the product	
5909 to 5911	Textile articles of a kind suitable for industrial use:		
	 Polishing discs or rings other than of felt of heading No 5911 	Manufacture from yarn or waste fabrics or rags of heading No 6310	
	 Woven fabrics, of a kind commonly used in papermaking or other technical uses, felted or not, whether or not impregnated or coated, tubular or endless with single or multiple warp and/or weft, or flat woven with multiple warp and/or weft of heading No 5911 	Manufacture from yarn (⁸):	
	– Other	Manufacture from yarn (⁸):	
Chapter 60	Knitted or crocheted fabrics	Manufacture from yarn (⁸):	
Chapter 61	Articles of apparel and clothing accessories, knit- ted or crocheted:		
	 Obtained by sewing together or otherwise assembling, two or more pieces of knitted or crocheted fabric which have been either cut to form or obtained directly to form 	Manufacture from fabric	
	– Other	Manufacture from yarn (⁸):	
ex Chapter 62	Articles of apparel and clothing accessories, not knitted or crocheted; except for:	Manufacture from fabric	
6213 and 6214	Handkerchiefs, shawls, scarves, mufflers, mantil- las, veils and the like:		
	– Embroidered	Manufacture from yarn (⁸) (⁹)	Manufacture from unembroidered fabric provided the value of the unembroidered fabric used does not exceed 40 % of the ex-works price of the product (⁸)
	– Other	Manufacture from yarn (⁸) (⁹)	Making up followed by printing accom- panied by at least two preparatory or fin- ishing operations (such as scouring, bleaching, mercerising, heat setting, rais- ing, calendaring, shrink resistance pro- cessing, permanent finishing, decatising, impregnating, mending and burling) where the value of the unprinted goods of heading Nos 6213 and 6214 used does not exceed 47,5 % of the ex-works price of the product

HS heading No	Description of product	Working or processing carried out on non-ori	iginating materials that confers originating status
(1)	(2)	(3)	or (4)
6217	Other made up clothing accessories; parts of gar- ments or of clothing accessories, other than those of heading No 6212:		
	– Embroidered	Manufacture from yarn (⁸)	Manufacture from unembroidered fabric provided the value of the unembroidered fabric used does not exceed 40 % of the ex-works price of the product (⁸)
	 Fire-resistant equipment of fabric covered with foil of aluminised polyester 	Manufacture from yarn (⁸)	Manufacture from uncoated fabric pro- vided the value of the uncoated fabric used does not exceed 40 % of the ex-works price of the product (⁸)
	- Interlinings for collars and cuffs, cut out	Manufacture in which:	
		 all the materials used are classified within a heading other than that of the product; 	
		 the value of all the materials used does not exceed 40 % of the ex-works price of the product 	
ex Chapter 63	Other made-up textile articles; sets; worn cloth- ing and worn textile articles; rags; except for:	Manufacture in which all the materials used are classified within a heading other than that of the product	
6301 to 6304	Blankets, travelling rugs, bed linen etc.; curtains etc.; other furnishing articles:		
	- Of felt, of non-wovens	Manufacture from (⁸): — fibres, or — chemical materials or textile pulp	
	– Other:		
	– – Embroidered	Manufacture from yarn (º) (10)	Manufacture from unembroidered fabric (other than knitted or crocheted) pro- vided the value of the unembroidered fab- ric used does not exceed 40 % of the ex-works price of the product
	Other	Manufacture from yarn (⁸) (⁹)	
6305	Sacks and bags, of a kind used for the packing of goods	Manufacture from yarn (⁸):	
6306	Tarpaulins, awnings and sunblinds; tents; sails for boats, sailboards or land craft; camping goods:	Manufacture from fabric	
6307	Other made-up articles, including dress patterns	Manufacture in which the value of all the materials used does not exceed 40 % of the ex-works price of the product	
6308	Sets consisting of woven fabric and yarn, whether or not with accessories, for making up into rugs, tapestries, embroidered table cloths or serviettes, or similar textile articles, put up in packings for retail sale	Each item in the set must satisfy the rule which would apply to it if it were not included in the set. However, non- originating articles may be incorporated provided their total value does not exceed 25 % of the ex-works price of the set	

HS heading No	Description of product	Working or processing carried out on non-or	iginating materials that confers originating status
(1)	(2)	(3)	or (4)
ex Chapter 64	Footwear, gaiters and the like; except for:	Manufacture from materials of any heading except for assemblies of uppers affixed to inner soles or to other sole components of heading No 6406	
6406	Parts of footwear (including uppers whether or not attached to soles other than outer soles); removable in-soles, heel cushions and similar articles; gaiters, leggings and similar articles, and parts thereof	Manufacture in which all the materials used are classified within a heading other than that of the product	
ex Chapter 65	Headgear and parts thereof, except for:	Manufacture in which all the materials used are classified within a heading other than that of the product	
6503	Felt hats and other felt headgear, made from the hat bodies, hoods or plateaux of heading No 6501, whether or not lined or trimmed	Manufacture from yarn or textile fibres (°)	
6505	Hats and other headgear, knitted or crocheted, or made up from lace, felt or other textile fabric, in the piece (but not in strips), whether or not lined or trimmed; hair-nets of any material, whether or not lined or trimmed	Manufacture from yarn or textile fibres (9)	
ex Chapter 66	Umbrellas, sun umbrellas, walking-sticks, seat- sticks, whips, riding-crops, and parts thereof; except for:	Manufacture in which all the materials used are classified within a heading other than that of the product	
6601	Umbrellas and sun umbrellas (including walking- stick umbrellas, garden umbrellas and similar umbrellas)	Manufacture in which the value of all the materials used does not exceed 50 % of the ex-works price of the product	
Chapter 67	Prepared feathers and down and articles made of feathers or of down; artificial flowers; articles of human hair	Manufacture in which all the materials used are classified within a heading other than that of the product	
ex Chapter 68	Articles of stone, plaster, cement, asbestos, mica or similar materials; except for:	Manufacture in which all the materials used are classified within a heading other than that of the product	
ex 6803	Articles of slate or of agglomerated slate	Manufacture from worked slate	
ex 6812	Articles of asbestos; articles of mixtures with a basis of asbestos or of mixtures with a basis of asbestos and magnesium carbonate	Manufacture from materials of any heading	
ex 6814	Articles of mica, including agglomerated or reconstituted mica, on a support of paper, paper- board or other materials	Manufacture from worked mica (includ- ing agglomerated or reconstituted mica)	
Chapter 69	Ceramic products	Manufacture in which all the materials used are classified within a heading other than that of the product	
ex Chapter 70	Glass and glassware; except for:	Manufacture in which all the materials used are classified within a heading other than that of the product	
ex 7003, ex 7004 and ex 7005	Glass with a non-reflecting layer	Manufacture from materials of heading No 7001	

HS heading No	Description of product	Working or processing carried out on non-o	riginating mater	ials that confers originating status
(1)	(2)	(3)	or	(4)
7006	Glass of heading No 7003, 7004 or 7005, bent, edge worked, engraved, drilled, enamelled or oth- erwise worked, but not framed or fitted with other materials:			
	 glass plate substrate coated with dielectric thin film, semi conductor grade, in accordance with SEMII standards (¹¹) 	Manufacture from non-coated glass plate substrate of heading No 7006		
	– other	Manufacture from materials of heading No 7001		
7007	Safety glass, consisting of toughened (tempered) or laminated glass	Manufacture from materials of heading No 7001		
7008	Multiple-walled insulating units of glass	Manufacture from materials of heading No 7001		
7009	Glass mirrors, whether or not framed, including rear-view mirrors	Manufacture from materials of heading No 7001		
7010	Carboys, bottles, flasks, jars, pots, phials, ampoules and other containers, of glass, of a kind used for the conveyance or packing of goods; preserving jars of glass; stoppers, lids and other	Manufacture in which all the materials used are classified within a heading other than that of the product or		
	closures, of glass	Cutting of glassware, provided the value of the uncut glassware does not exceed 50 % of the ex-works price of the prod- uct		
7013	Glassware of a kind used for table, kitchen, toilet, office, indoor decoration or similar purposes (other than that of heading No 7010 or 7018)	Manufacture in which all the materials used are classified within a heading other than that of the product or		
		Cutting of glassware, provided the value of the uncut glassware does not exceed 50 % of the ex-works price of the prod- uct		
		or Hand-decoration (with the exception of silk-screen printing) of hand-blown glassware, provided the value of the hand-blown glassware does not exceed 50 % of the ex-works price of the prod- uct		
ex 7019	Articles (other than yarn) of glass fibres	Manufacture from: — uncoloured slivers, rovings, yarn or chopped strands, or — glass wool		
ex Chapter 71	Natural or cultured pearls, precious or semi pre- cious stones, precious metals, metals clad with precious metal, and articles thereof; imitation jewellery; coin; except for:	Manufacture in which all the materials used are classified within a heading other than that of the product		
ex 7101	Natural or cultured pearls, graded and tempo- rarily strung for convenience of transport	Manufacture in which the value of all the materials used does not exceed 50 % of the ex-works price of the product		
ex 7102, ex 7103 and ex 7104	Worked precious or semi precious stones (natu- ral, synthetic or reconstructed)	Manufacture from unworked precious or semi precious stones		

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HS heading No	Description of product	Working or processing carried out on non-o	originating mater	rials that confers originating status
(1)	(2)	(3)	or	(4)
7106,	Precious metals:			
7108 and 7110	– Unwrought	Manufacture from materials not classi fied within heading No 7106, 7108 o 7110		
		or Electrolytic, thermal or chemical separa tion of precious metals of heading No 7106, 7108 or 7110	-	
		or		
		Alloying of precious metals of heading No 7106, 7108 or 7110 with each othe or with base metals		
	- Semi-manufactured or in powder form	Manufacture from unwrought preciou metals	S	
ex 7107, ex 7109 and ex 7111	Metals clad with precious metals, semi manufac- tured	Manufacture from metals clad with pre cious metals, unwrought	-	
7116	Articles of natural or cultured pearls, precious or semi precious stones (natural, synthetic or recon- structed)	Manufacture in which the value of al the materials used does not exceed 50 % of the ex-works price of the product		
7117	Imitation jewellery	Manufacture in which all the material used are classified within a heading other than that of the product		
		or Manufacture from base metal parts, no plated or covered with precious metals provided the value of all the material used does not exceed 50 % of the ex-works price of the product	, S	
ex Chapter 72	Iron and steel; except for:	Manufacture in which all the material used are classified within a heading other than that of the product		
7207	Semi-finished products of iron or non-alloy steel	Manufacture from materials of heading No 7201, 7202, 7203, 7204 or 7205	3	
7208 to 7216	Flat-rolled products, bars and rods, angles, shapes and sections of iron or non-alloy steel	Manufacture from ingots or other pri mary forms of heading No 7206	-	
7217	Wire of iron or non-alloy steel	Manufacture from semi finished materi als of heading No 7207	-	
ex 7218, 7219 to 7222	Semi-finished products, flat-rolled products, bars and rods, angles, shapes and sections of stainless steel	Manufacture from ingots or other pri mary forms of heading No 7218	-	
7223	Wire of stainless steel	Manufacture from semi finished materi als of heading No 7218	-	
ex 7224, 7225 to 7228	Semi-finished products, flat-rolled products, hot- rolled bars and rods, in irregularly wound coils; angles, shapes and sections, of other alloy steel; hollow drill bars and rods, of alloy or non-alloy steel	Manufacture from ingots or other pri mary forms of heading No 7206, 7218 or 7224		
7229	Wire of other alloy steel	Manufacture from semi finished materi als of heading No 7224	-	
ex Chapter 73	Articles of iron or steel; except for:	Manufacture in which all the material used are classified within a heading other than that of the product		
ex 7301	Sheet piling	Manufacture from materials of heading No 7206	3	

HS heading No	Description of product	Working or processing carried out on non-or	iginating materia	als that confers originating statu
(1)	(2)	(3)	or	(4)
7302	Railway or tramway track construction materials of iron or steel, the following: rails, checkrails and rack rails, switch blades, crossing frogs, point rods and other crossing pieces, sleepers (cross- ties), fish-plates, chairs, chair wedges, sole pates (base plates), rail clips, bedplates, ties and other material specialised for jointing or fixing rails	Manufacture from materials of heading No 7206		
7304, 7305 and 7306	Tubes, pipes and hollow profiles, of iron (other than cast iron) or steel	Manufacture from materials of heading No 7206, 7207, 7218 or 7224		
ex 7307	Tube or pipe fittings of stainless steel (ISO No X5CrNiMo 1712), consisting of several parts	Turning, drilling, reaming, threading, deburring and sandblasting of forged blanks the value of which does not exceed 35 % of the ex-works price of the product		
7308	Structures (excluding prefabricated buildings of heading No 9406) and parts of structures (for example, bridges and bridge-sections, lock-gates, towers, lattice masts, roofs, roofing frame-works, doors and windows and their frames and thresh- olds for doors, shutters, balustrades, pillars and columns), of iron or steel; plates, rods, angles, shapes, sections, tubes and the like, prepared for use in structures, of iron or steel	Manufacture in which all the materials used are classified within a heading other than that of the product. However, welded angles, shapes and sections of heading No 7301 may not be used		
ex 7315	Skid chain	Manufacture in which the value of all the materials of heading No 7315 used does not exceed 50 % of the ex-works price of the product		
ex Chapter 74	Copper and articles thereof; except for:	 Manufacture in which: all the materials used are classified within a heading other than that of the product; the value of all the materials used does not exceed 50 % of the ex-works price of the product 		
7401	Copper mattes; cement copper (precipitated copper)	Manufacture in which all the materials used are classified within a heading other than that of the product		
7402	Unrefined copper; copper anodes for electrolytic refining	Manufacture in which all the materials used are classified within a heading other than that of the product		
7403	Refined copper and copper alloys, unwrought:			
	 Refined copper 	Manufacture in which all the materials used are classified within a heading other than that of the product		
	 Copper alloys and refined copper containing other elements 	Manufacture from refined copper, unwrought, or waste and scrap of cop- per		
7404	Copper waste and scrap	Manufacture in which all the materials used are classified within a heading other than that of the product		
7405	Master alloys of copper	Manufacture in which all the materials used are classified within a heading other than that of the product		

HS heading No	Description of product	Working or processing carried out on n	on-originating ma	aterials that confers originating statu
(1)	(2)	(3)	or	(4)
ex Chapter 75	Nickel and articles thereof; except for:	Manufacture in which:		
		 all the materials used are class within a heading other than the the product; 		
		 the value of all the materials does not exceed 50 % of ex-works price of the product 	the	
7501 to 7503	Nickel mattes, nickel oxide sinters and other intermediate products of nickel metallurgy; unwrought nickel; nickel waste and scrap	Manufacture in which all the mate used are classified within a hea other than that of the product		
ex Chapter 76	Aluminium and articles thereof; except for:	Manufacture in which:		
ex chapter / 0		 all the materials used are class within a heading other than the the product; 		
		 the value of all the materials does not exceed 50 % of ex-works price of the product 		
7601	Unwrought aluminium	Manufacture in which:		
/ 001	Unwrought aluminium	 all the materials used are class within a heading other than the the product; and 		
		 the value of all the materials does not exceed 50 % of ex-works price of the product 	the	
		or Manufacture by thermal or electro treatment from unalloyed aluminium waste and scrap of aluminium		
7602	Aluminium waste or scrap	Manufacture in which all the mate used are classified within a hea other than that of the product		
ex 7616	Aluminium articles other than gauze, cloth, grill,	Manufacture in which:		
	netting, fencing, reinforcing fabric and similar materials (including endless bands) of aluminium wire, and expanded metal of aluminium	 all the materials used are class within a heading other than the product. However, ga cloth, grill, netting, fencing, n forcing fabric and similar mate (including endless bands) of minium wire, or expanded n of aluminium may be used; 	at of uze, rein- rials alu- netal	
		 the value of all the materials does not exceed 50 % of ex-works price of the product 	the	
Chapter 77	Reserved for possible future use in HS			
ex Chapter 78	Lead and articles thereof; except for:	Manufacture in which: — all the materials used are class within a heading other than the the product;		
		 the value of all the materials does not exceed 50 % of ex-works price of the product 	the	

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HS heading No	Description of product	Working or processing carried out on non-	-originating ma	aterials that confers originating statu
(1)	(2)	(3)	or	(4)
7801	Unwrought lead:			
	– Refined lead	Manufacture from 'bullion' or 'wor lead	k'	
	– Other	Manufacture in which all the materia used are classified within a headir other than that of the product. Howeve waste and scrap of heading No 780 may not be used	ng er,	
7802	Lead waste and scrap	Manufacture in which all the materia used are classified within a headir other than that of the product		
ex Chapter 79	Zinc and articles thereof; except for:	Manufacture in which:		
		 all the materials used are classified within a heading other than that the product; 	of	
		 the value of all the materials use does not exceed 50 % of th ex-works price of the product 		
7901	Unwrought zinc	Manufacture in which all the materia used is classified within a heading oth than that of the product. Howeve waste and scrap of heading No 790 may not be used	er er,	
7902	Zinc waste and scrap	Manufacture in which all the materia used are classified within a headir other than that of the product		
ex Chapter 80	Tin and articles thereof; except for:	Manufacture in which:		
		 all the materials used are classified within a heading other than that the product; 	of	
		 the value of all the materials use does not exceed 50 % of th ex-works price of the product 		
8001	Unwrought tin	Manufacture in which all the materia used is classified within a heading oth than that of the product. Howeve waste and scrap of heading No 800 may not be used	er er,	
8002 and 8007	Tin waste and scrap; other articles of tin	Manufacture in which all the materia used are classified within a headir other than that of the product		
Chapter 81	Other base metals; cermets; articles thereof:			
	- Other base metals, wrought; articles thereof	Manufacture in which the value of a the materials classified within the sam heading as the product used does no exceed 50 % of the ex-works price of th product	ne ot	
	– Other	Manufacture in which all the materia used are classified within a headir other than that of the product		
ex Chapter 82	Tools, implements, cutlery, spoons and forks, of base metal; parts thereof of base metal; except for:	Manufacture in which all the materia used are classified within a headir other than that of the product		

HS heading No	Description of product	Working or processing carried out on non-or	iginating materia	als that confers originating sta
(1)	(2)	(3)	or	(4)
8206	Tools of two or more of the heading Nos 8202 to 8205, put up in sets for retail sale	Manufacture in which all the materials used are classified within a heading other than heading Nos 8202 to 8205. However, tools of heading Nos 8202 to 8205 may be incorporated into the set provided their value does not exceed 15 % of the ex-works price of the set		
8207	Interchangeable tools for hand tools, whether or not power-operated, or for machine-tools (for example, for pressing, stamping, punching, tap- ping, threading, drilling, boring, broaching, mill- ing, turning, or screw driving), including dies for drawing or extruding metal, and rock drilling or earth boring tools	 Manufacture in which: all the materials used are classified within a heading other than that of the product; the value of all the materials used does not exceed 40 % of the ex-works price of the product 		
8208	Knives and cutting blades, for machines or for mechanical appliances	 Manufacture in which: all the materials used are classified within a heading other than that of the product; the value of all the materials used does not exceed 40 % of the ex-works price of the product 		
ex 8211	Knives with cutting blades, serrated or not (including pruning knives), other than knives of heading No 8208	Manufacture in which all the materials used is classified within a heading other than that of the product. However, knife blades and handles of base metal may be used		
8214	Other articles of cutlery (for example, hair clip- pers, butchers' or kitchen cleavers, choppers and mincing knives, paper knives); manicure or pedi- cure sets and instruments (including nail files)	Manufacture in which all the materials used is classified within a heading other than that of the product. However, handles of base metal may be used		
8215	Spoons, forks, ladles, skimmers, cake-servers, fish-knives, butter-knives, sugar tongs and simi- lar kitchen or tableware	Manufacture in which all the materials used is classified within a heading other than that of the product. However, handles of base metal may be used		
ex Chapter 83	Miscellaneous articles of base metal; except for:	Manufacture in which all the materials used are classified within a heading other than that of the product		
ex 8302	Other mountings, fittings and similar articles suit- able for buildings, and automatic door closers	Manufacture in which all the materials used is classified within a heading other than that of the product. However, the other materials of heading No 8302 may be used provided their value does not exceed 20 % of the ex-works price of the product		
ex 8306	Statuettes and other ornaments, of base metal	Manufacture in which all the materials used is classified within a heading other than that of the product. However, the other materials of heading No 8306 may be used provided their value does not exceed 30 % of the ex-works price of the product		

HS heading No	Description of product	Working or processing carried out on non-ori	ginating materials that confers originating status
(1)	(2)	(3)	or (4)
ex Chapter 84	Nuclear reactors, boilers, machinery and mechanical appliances; parts thereof; except for:	 Manufacture in which: all the materials used are classified within a heading other than that of the product; the value of all the materials used does not exceed 40 % of the 	Manufacture in which the value of all the materials used does not exceed 30 % of the ex-works price of the product
ex 8401	Nuclear fuel elements	ex-works price of the product Manufacture in which all the materials used are classified within a heading other than that of the product (¹²)	Manufacture in which the value of all the materials used does not exceed 30 % o the ex-works price of the final product
8402	Steam or other vapour generating boilers (other than central heating hot water boilers capable also of producing low pressure steam); super heated water boilers	 Manufacture in which: all the materials used are classified within a heading other than that of the product; 	Manufacture in which the value of all the materials used does not exceed 25 % of the ex-works price of the product
		 the value of all the materials used does not exceed 40 % of the ex-works price of the product 	
8403 and ex 8404	Central heating boilers other than those of head- ing No 8402 and auxiliary plant for central heat- ing boilers	Manufacture in which all the materials used are classified within a heading other than heading No 8403 or 8404	Manufacture in which the value of all the materials used does not exceed 40 % o the ex-works price of the product
8406	Steam turbines and other vapour turbines	Manufacture in which the value of all the materials used does not exceed 40 % of the ex-works price of the product	
8407	Spark-ignition reciprocating or rotary internal combustion piston engines	Manufacture in which the value of all the materials used does not exceed 40 % of the ex-works price of the product	
8408	Compression-ignition internal combustion pis- ton engines (diesel or semi diesel engines)	Manufacture in which the value of all the materials used does not exceed 40 % of the ex-works price of the product	
8409	Parts suitable for use solely or principally with the engines of heading No 8407 or 8408	Manufacture in which the value of all the materials used does not exceed 40 % of the ex-works price of the product	
8411	Turbo-jets, turbo propellers and other gas turbines	 Manufacture in which: all the materials used are classified within a heading other than that of the product; the value of all the materials used 	Manufacture in which the value of all the materials used does not exceed 25 % o the ex-works price of the product
		does not exceed 40 % of the ex-works price of the product	
8412	Other engines and motors	Manufacture in which the value of all the materials used does not exceed 40 % of the ex-works price of the product	
ex 8413	Rotary positive displacement pumps	 Manufacture in which: all the materials used are classified within a heading other than that of the product; 	Manufacture in which the value of all the materials used does not exceed 25 % of the ex-works price of the product
		 the value of all the materials used does not exceed 40 % of the ex-works price of the product 	

HS heading No	Description of product	Working or processing carried out on non-ori	ginating materials that confers originating status
(1)	(2)	(3)	or (4)
ex 8414	Industrial fans, blowers and the like	 Manufacture in which: all the materials used are classified within a heading other than that of the product; the value of all the materials used does not exceed 40 % of the ex-works price of the product 	Manufacture in which the value of all the materials used does not exceed 25 % of the ex-works price of the product
8415	Air conditioning machines, comprising a motor- driven fan and elements for changing the tem- perature and humidity, including those machines in which the humidity cannot be separately regu- lated	Manufacture in which the value of all the materials used does not exceed 40 % of the ex-works price of the product	
8418	Refrigerators, freezers and other refrigerating or freezing equipment, electric or other; heat pumps other than air conditioning machines of heading No 8415	 Manufacture in which: all the materials used are classified within a heading other than that of the product; the value of all the materials used does not exceed 40 % of the ex-works price of the product; the value of all the non-originating materials used does not exceed the value of the originating materials used 	Manufacture in which the value of all the materials used does not exceed 25 % of the ex-works price of the product
ex 8419	Machines for wood, paper pulp and paperboard industries	 Manufacture: in which the value of all the materials used does not exceed 40 % of the ex-works price of the product; where, within the above limit, the materials classified within the same heading as the product are only used up to a value of 25 % of the ex-works price of the product 	Manufacture in which the value of all the materials used does not exceed 30 % of the ex-works price of the product
8420	Calendaring or other rolling machines, other than for metals or glass, and cylinders therefore	 Manufacture: in which the value of all the materials used does not exceed 40 % of the ex-works price of the product; where, within the above limit, the materials classified within the same heading as the product are only used up to a value of 25 % of the ex-works price of the product 	Manufacture in which the value of all the materials used does not exceed 30 % of the ex-works price of the product
8423	Weighing machinery (excluding balances of a sensitivity of 5 cg or better), including weight operated counting or checking machines; weigh- ing machine weights of all kinds	 Manufacture in which: all the materials used are classified within a heading other than that of the product; the value of all the materials used does not exceed 40 % of the ex-works price of the product 	Manufacture in which the value of all the materials used does not exceed 25 % of the ex-works price of the product

HS heading No	Description of product	Working or processing carried out on non-ori	ginating materials that confers originating status
(1)	(2)	(3)	or (4)
8425 to 8428	Lifting, handling, loading or unloading machinery	 Manufacture: in which the value of all the materials used does not exceed 40 % of the ex-works price of the product; where, within the above limit, the materials classified within heading No 8431 are only used up to a value of 10 % of the ex-works price of the product 	Manufacture in which the value of all the materials used does not exceed 30 % of the ex-works price of the product
8429	Self-propelled bulldozers, angle dozers, graders, levellers, scrapers, mechanical shovels, excava- tors, shovel loaders, tamping machines and road rollers:		
	– Road rollers	Manufacture in which the value of all the materials used does not exceed 40 % of the ex-works price of the product	
	– Other	 Manufacture: in which the value of all the materials used does not exceed 40 % of the ex-works price of the product; where, within the above limit, the materials classified within heading No 8431 are only used up to a value of 10 % of the ex-works price of the product 	Manufacture in which the value of all the materials used does not exceed 30 % of the ex-works price of the product
8430	Other moving, grading, levelling, scraping, exca- vating, tamping, compacting, extracting or bor- ing machinery, for earth, minerals or ores; pile- drivers and pile-extractors; snow-ploughs and snow-blowers	 Manufacture: in which the value of all the materials used does not exceed 40 % of the ex-works price of the product; where, within the above limit, the value of the materials classified within heading No 8431 are only used up to a value of 10 % of the ex-works price of the product 	Manufacture in which the value of all the materials used does not exceed 30 % of the ex-works price of the product
ex 8431	Parts suitable for use solely or principally with road rollers	Manufacture in which the value of all the materials used does not exceed 40 % of the ex-works price of the product	
8439	Machinery for making pulp of fibrous cellulosic material or for making or finishing paper or paperboard	 Manufacture: in which the value of all the materials used does not exceed 40 % of the ex-works price of the product; where, within the above limit, the materials classified within the same heading as the product are only used up to a value of 25 % of the ex-works price of the product 	Manufacture in which the value of all the materials used does not exceed 30 % of the ex-works price of the product

HS heading No	Description of product	Working or processing carried out on non-ori	iginating materials that confers originating status
(1)	(2)	(3)	or (4)
8441	Other machinery for making up paper pulp, paper or paperboard, including cutting machines of all kinds	 Manufacture: in which the value of all the materials used does not exceed 40 % of the ex-works price of the product; where, within the above limit, the materials classified within the same heading as the product are only used up to a value of 25 % of the ex-works price of the product 	Manufacture in which the value of all the materials used does not exceed 30 % of the ex-works price of the product
8444 to 8447	Machines of these headings for use in the textile industry	Manufacture in which the value of all the materials used does not exceed 40 % of the ex-works price of the product	
ex 8448	Auxiliary machinery for use with machines of headings Nos 8444 and 8445	Manufacture in which the value of all the materials used does not exceed 40 % of the ex-works price of the product	
8452	Sewing machines, other than book-sewing machines of heading No 8440; furniture, bases and covers specially designed for sewing machines; sewing machine needles:		
	 Sewing machines (lock stitch only) with heads of a weight not exceeding 16 kg without motor or 17 kg with motor 	 Manufacture: in which the value of all the materials used does not exceed 40 % of the ex-works price of the product; where the value of all the nonoriginating materials used in assembling the head (without motor) does not exceed the value of the originating materials used; the thread tension, crochet and zigzag mechanisms used are already originating 	
	– Other	Manufacture in which the value of all the materials used does not exceed 40 % of the ex-works price of the product	
8456 to 8466	Machine-tools and machines and their parts and accessories of headings Nos 8456 to 8466	Manufacture in which the value of all the materials used does not exceed 40 % of the ex-works price of the product	
8469 to 8472	Office machines (for example, typewriters, calcu- lating machines, automatic data processing machines, duplicating machines, stapling machines)	Manufacture in which the value of all the materials used does not exceed 40 % of the ex-works price of the product	
8480	Moulding boxes for metal foundry; mould bases; moulding patterns; moulds for metal (other than ingot moulds), metal carbides, glass, mineral materials, rubber or plastics	Manufacture in which the value of all the materials used does not exceed 50 % of the ex-works price of the product	

HS heading No	Description of product	Working or processing carried out on non-ori	ginating materials that confers originating status
(1)	(2)	(3)	or (4)
8482	Ball or roller bearings	 Manufacture in which: all the materials used are classified within a heading other than that of the product; the value of all the materials used does not exceed 40 % of the ex-works price of the product 	Manufacture in which the value of all the materials used does not exceed 25 % of the ex-works price of the product
8484	Gaskets and similar joints of metal sheeting com- bined with other material or of two or more lay- ers of metal; sets or assortments of gaskets and similar joints, dissimilar in composition, put up in pouches, envelopes or similar packing's; mechanical seals	Manufacture in which the value of all the materials used does not exceed 40 % of the ex-works price of the product	
8485	Machinery parts, not containing electrical con- nectors, insulators, coils, contacts or other elec- trical features, not specified or included elsewhere in this Chapter	Manufacture in which the value of all the materials used does not exceed 40 % of the ex-works price of the product	
ex Chapter 85	Electrical machinery and equipment and parts thereof; sound recorders and reproducers, televi- sion image and sound recorders and reproducers, and parts and accessories of such articles; except for:	 Manufacture in which all the materials used are classified within a heading other than that of the product; the value of all the materials used does not exceed 40 % of the ex-works price of the product 	Manufacture in which the value of all the materials used does not exceed 30 % of the ex-works price of the product
8501	Electric motors and generators (excluding gener- ating sets)	 Manufacture: in which the value of all the materials used does not exceed 40 % of the ex-works price of the product; where, within the above limit, the materials classified within heading No 8503 are only used up to a value of 10 % of the ex-works price of the product 	Manufacture in which the value of all the materials used does not exceed 30 % of the ex-works price of the product
8502	Electric generating sets and rotary converters	 Manufacture: in which the value of all the materials used does not exceed 40 % of the ex-works price of the product; where, within the above limit, the materials classified within heading No 8501 or 8503, taken together, are only used up to a value of 10 % of the ex-works price of the product 	Manufacture in which the value of all the materials used does not exceed 30 % of the ex-works price of the product
ex 8504	Power supply units for automatic data-processing machines	Manufacture in which the value of all the materials used does not exceed 40 % of the ex-works price of the product	

HS heading No	Description of product	Working or processing carried out on non-ori	ginating materials that confers originating status
(1)	(2)	(3)	or (4)
ex 8518	Microphones and stands therefore; loudspeakers, whether or not mounted in their enclosures; audio-frequency electric amplifiers; electric sound amplifier sets	 Manufacture: in which the value of all the materials used does not exceed 40 % of the ex-works price of the product; where the value of all the non-originating materials used does not exceed the value of the originating materials used 	Manufacture in which the value of all the materials used does not exceed 25 % of the ex-works price of the product
8519	Turntables (record-decks), record-players, cassette- players and other sound reproducing apparatus, not incorporating a sound recording device	 Manufacture: in which the value of all the materials used does not exceed 40 % of the ex-works price of the product; where the value of all the non-originating materials used does not exceed the value of the originating materials used 	Manufacture in which the value of all the materials used does not exceed 30 % of the ex-works price of the product
8520	Magnetic tape recorders and other sound record- ing apparatus, whether or not incorporating a sound reproducing device	 Manufacture: in which the value of all the materials used does not exceed 40 % of the ex-works price of the product; where the value of all the non-originating materials used does not exceed the value of the originating materials used 	Manufacture in which the value of all the materials used does not exceed 30 % of the ex-works price of the product
8521	Video recording or reproducing apparatus, whether or not incorporating a video tuner	 Manufacture: in which the value of all the materials used does not exceed 40 % of the ex-works price of the product; where the value of all the non-originating materials used does not exceed the value of the originating materials used 	Manufacture in which the value of all the materials used does not exceed 30 % of the ex-works price of the product
8522	Parts and accessories suitable for use solely or principally with the apparatus of heading Nos 8519 to 8521	Manufacture in which the value of all the materials used does not exceed 40 % of the ex-works price of the product	
8523	Prepared unrecorded media for sound recording or similar recording of other phenomena, other than products of Chapter 37	Manufacture in which the value of all the materials used does not exceed 40 % of the ex-works price of the product	

HS heading No	Description of product	Working or processing carried out on non-ori	ginating materials that confers originating state
(1)	(2)	(3)	or (4)
8524	Records, tapes and other recorded media for sound or other similarly recorded phenomena, including matrices and masters for the produc- tion of records, but excluding products of Chap- ter 37:		
	 Matrices and masters for the production of records 	Manufacture in which the value of all the materials used does not exceed 40 % of the ex-works price of the product	
	– Other	 Manufacture: in which the value of all the materials used does not exceed 40 % of the ex-works price of the product; where, within the above limit, the materials classified within heading No 8523 are only used up to a value of 10 % of the ex-works price of the product 	Manufacture in which the value of all t materials used does not exceed 30 % the ex-works price of the product
8525	Transmission apparatus for radio-telephony, radio-telegraphy, radio-broadcasting or televi- sion, whether or not incorporating reception apparatus or sound recording or reproducing apparatus; television cameras; still image video cameras and other video camera recorders	 Manufacture: in which the value of all the materials used does not exceed 40 % of the ex-works price of the product; where the value of all the non-originating materials used does not exceed the value of the originating materials used 	Manufacture in which the value of all t materials used does not exceed 25 % the ex-works price of the product
8526	Radar apparatus, radio navigational aid apparatus and radio remote control apparatus	 Manufacture: in which the value of all the materials used does not exceed 40 % of the ex-works price of the product; where the value of all the non-originating materials used does not exceed the value of the originating materials used 	Manufacture in which the value of all 1 materials used does not exceed 25 % the ex-works price of the product
8527	Reception apparatus for radio-telephony, radio- telegraphy or radio broadcasting, whether or not combined, in the same housing, with sound recording or reproducing apparatus or a clock	 Manufacture: in which the value of all the materials used does not exceed 40 % of the ex-works price of the product; where the value of all the nonoriginating materials used does not exceed the value of the originating materials used 	Manufacture in which the value of all t materials used does not exceed 25 % the ex-works price of the product

HS heading No	Description of product	Working or processing carried out on non-ori	ginating materials that confers originating status
(1)	(2)	(3)	or (4)
8528	Reception apparatus for television, whether or not incorporating radio broadcast receivers or sound or video recording or reproducing appara- tus; video monitors and video projectors	 Manufacture: in which the value of all the materials used does not exceed 40 % of the ex-works price of the product; where the value of all the non-originating materials used does not exceed the value of the originating materials used 	Manufacture in which the value of all the materials used does not exceed 25 % of the ex-works price of the product
8529	Parts suitable for use solely or principally with the apparatus of heading Nos 8525 to 8528:		
	 Suitable for use solely or principally with video recording or reproducing apparatus 	Manufacture in which the value of all the materials used does not exceed 40 % of the ex-works price of the product	
	– Other	 Manufacture: in which the value of all the materials used does not exceed 40 % of the ex-works price of the product; where the value of all the nonoriginating materials used does not exceed the value of the originating materials used 	Manufacture in which the value of all the materials used does not exceed 25 % of the ex-works price of the product
8535 and 8536	Electrical apparatus for switching or protecting electrical circuits, or for making connections to or in electrical circuits	 Manufacture: in which the value of all the materials used does not exceed 40 % of the ex-works price of the product; where, within the above limit, the materials classified within heading No 8538 are only used up to a value of 10 % of the ex-works price of the product 	Manufacture in which the value of all the materials used does not exceed 30 % of the ex-works price of the product
8537	Boards, panels, consoles, desks, cabinets and other bases, equipped with two or more appara- tus of heading No 8535 or 8536, for electric con- trol or the distribution of electricity, including those incorporating instruments or apparatus of Chapter 90, and numerical control apparatus, other than switching apparatus of heading No 8517	 Manufacture: in which the value of all the materials used does not exceed 40 % of the ex-works price of the product; where, within the above limit, the materials classified within heading No 8538 are only used up to a value of 10 % of the ex-works price of the product 	Manufacture in which the value of all the materials used does not exceed 30 % of the ex-works price of the product
ex 8541	Diodes, transistors and similar semi conductor devices, except wafers not yet cut into chips	 Manufacture in which: all the materials used are classified within a heading other than that of the product; the value of all the materials used does not exceed 40 % of the ex-works price of the product 	Manufacture in which the value of all the materials used does not exceed 25 % of the ex-works price of the product

HS heading No	Description of product	Working or processing carried out on non-ori	ginating materials that confers originating status
(1)	(2)	(3)	or (4)
8542	Electronic integrated circuits and micro assemblies	 Manufacture: in which the value of all the materials used does not exceed 40 % of the ex-works price of the product; where, within the above limit, the materials classified within heading No 8541 or 8542, taken together, are only used up to a value of 10 % of the ex-works price of the product 	Manufacture in which the value of all the materials used does not exceed 25 % of the ex-works price of the product
8544	Insulated (including enamelled or anodised) wire, cable (including coaxial cable) and other insulated electric conductors, whether or not fitted with connectors; optical fibre cables, made up of indi- vidually sheathed fibres, whether or not assembled with electric conductors or fitted with connectors	Manufacture in which the value of all the materials used does not exceed 40 % of the ex-works price of the product	
8545	Carbon electrodes, carbon brushes, lamp car- bons, battery carbons and other articles of graph- ite or other carbon, with or without metal, of a kind used for electrical purposes	Manufacture in which the value of all the materials used does not exceed 40 % of the ex-works price of the product	
8546	Electrical insulators of any material	Manufacture in which the value of all the materials used does not exceed 40 % of the ex-works price of the product	
8547	Insulating fittings for electrical machines, appli- ances or equipment, being fittings wholly of insu- lating materials apart from any minor components of metal (for example, threaded sockets) incorporated during moulding solely for purposes of assembly other than insulators of heading No 8546; electrical conduit tubing and joints therefore, of base metal lined with insulat- ing material	Manufacture in which the value of all the materials used does not exceed 40 % of the ex-works price of the product	
8548	Waste and scrap of primary cells, primary batter- ies and electric accumulators; spent primary cells, spent primary batteries and spent electric accu- mulators; electrical parts of machinery or appa- ratus, not specified or included elsewhere in this Chapter	Manufacture in which the value of all the materials used does not exceed 40 % of the ex-works price of the product	
ex Chapter 86	Railway or tramway locomotives, rolling-stock and parts thereof; railway or tramway track fix- tures and fittings and parts thereof; mechanical (including electro-mechanical) traffic signalling equipment of all kinds; except for:	Manufacture in which the value of all the materials used does not exceed 40 % of the ex-works price of the product	
8608	Railway or tramway track fixtures and fittings; mechanical (including electro-mechanical) signal- ling, safety or traffic control equipment for rail- ways, tramways, roads, inland waterways, parking facilities, port installations or airfields; parts of the foregoing	 Manufacture in which: all the materials used are classified within a heading other than that of the product; the value of all the materials used does not exceed 40 % of the ex-works price of the product 	Manufacture in which the value of all the materials used does not exceed 30 % of the ex-works price of the product
ex Chapter 87	Vehicles other than railway or tramway rolling- stock, and parts and accessories thereof; except for:	Manufacture in which the value of all the materials used does not exceed 40 % of the ex-works price of the product	

HS heading No	Description of product	Working or processing carried out on non-ori	ginating materials that confers originating status
(1)	(2)	(3)	or (4)
8709	Works trucks, self-propelled, not fitted with lift- ing or handling equipment, of the type used in factories, warehouses, dock areas or airports for short distance transport of goods; tractors of the type used on railway station platforms; parts of the foregoing vehicles	 Manufacture in which: all the materials used are classified within a heading other than that of the product; the value of all the materials used does not exceed 40 % of the ex-works price of the product 	Manufacture in which the value of all the materials used does not exceed 30 % of the ex-works price of the product
8710	Tanks and other armoured fighting vehicles, motorised, whether or not fitted with weapons, and parts of such vehicles	 Manufacture in which: all the materials used are classified within a heading other than that of the product; the value of all the materials used does not exceed 40 % of the ex-works price of the product 	Manufacture in which the value of all the materials used does not exceed 30 % of the ex-works price of the product
8711	Motorcycles (including mopeds) and cycles fitted with an auxiliary motor, with or without side- cars; side-cars:		
	 With reciprocating internal combustion pis- ton engine of a cylinder capacity: 		
	– – Not exceeding 50 cc	 Manufacture: in which the value of all the materials used does not exceed 40 % of the ex- works price of the product; where the value of all the non-originating materials used does not exceed the value of the originating materials used 	Manufacture in which the value of all the materials used does not exceed 20 % of the ex-works price of the product
	– – Exceeding 50 cc	 Manufacture: in which the value of all the materials used does not exceed 40 % of the ex-works price of the product; where the value of all the non-originating materials used does not exceed the value of the originating materials used 	Manufacture in which the value of all the materials used does not exceed 25 % of the ex-works price of the product
	– Other	 Manufacture: in which the value of all the materials used does not exceed 40 % of the ex-works price of the product; where the value of all the nonoriginating materials used does not exceed the value of the originating materials used 	Manufacture in which the value of all the materials used does not exceed 30 % of the ex-works price of the product
ex 8712	Bicycles without ball bearings	Manufacture from materials not classi- fied in heading No 8714	Manufacture in which the value of all the materials used does not exceed 30 % of the ex-works price of the product

HS heading No	Description of product	Working or processing carried out on non-ori	ginating materials that confers originating status
(1)	(2)	(3)	or (4)
8715	Baby carriages and parts thereof	 Manufacture in which: all the materials used are classified within a heading other than that of the product; the value of all the materials used does not exceed 40 % of the ex-works price of the product 	Manufacture in which the value of all the materials used does not exceed 30 % of the ex-works price of the product
8716	Trailers and semi trailers; other vehicles, not mechanically propelled; parts thereof	 Manufacture in which: all the materials used are classified within a heading other than that of the product; the value of all the materials used does not exceed 40 % of the ex-works price of the product 	Manufacture in which the value of all the materials used does not exceed 30 % of the ex-works price of the product
ex Chapter 88	Aircraft, spacecraft, and parts thereof; except for:	Manufacture in which all the materials used are classified within a heading other than that of the product	Manufacture in which the value of all the materials used does not exceed 40 % of the ex-works price of the product
ex 8804	Rotochutes	Manufacture from materials of any heading including other materials of heading No 8804	Manufacture in which the value of all the materials used does not exceed 40 % of the ex-works price of the product
8805	Aircraft launching gear; deck-arrestor or similar gear; ground flying trainers; parts of the forego- ing articles	Manufacture in which all the materials used are classified within a heading other than that of the product	Manufacture in which the value of all the materials used does not exceed 30 % of the ex-works price of the product
Chapter 89	Ships, boats and floating structures	Manufacture in which all the materials used are classified within a heading other than that of the product. However, hulls of heading No 8906 may not be used	Manufacture in which the value of all the materials used does not exceed 40 % of the ex-works price of the product
ex Chapter 90	Optical, photographic, cinematographic, measur- ing, checking, precision, medical or surgical instruments and apparatus; parts and accessories thereof; except for:	 Manufacture in which: all the materials used are classified within a heading other than that of the product; the value of all the materials used does not exceed 40 % of the ex-works price of the product 	Manufacture in which the value of all the materials used does not exceed 30 % of the ex-works price of the product
9001	Optical fibres and optical fibre bundles; optical fibre cables other than those of heading No 8544; sheets and plates of polarising material; lenses (including contact lenses), prisms, mirrors and other optical elements, of any material, unmounted, other than such elements of glass not optically worked	Manufacture in which the value of all the materials used does not exceed 40 % of the ex-works price of the product	
9002	Lenses, prisms, mirrors and other optical ele- ments, of any material, mounted, being parts of or fittings for instruments or apparatus, other than such elements of glass not optically worked	Manufacture in which the value of all the materials used does not exceed 40 % of the ex-works price of the product	
9004	Spectacles, goggles and the like, corrective, pro- tective or other	Manufacture in which the value of all the materials used does not exceed 40 % of the ex-works price of the product	

HS heading No	Description of product	Working or processing carried out on non-ori	ginating materials that confers originating status
(1)	(2)	(3)	or (4)
ex 9005	Binoculars, monocular, other optical telescopes, and mountings therefore, except for astronomi- cal refracting telescopes and mountings therefore	 Manufacture in which: all the materials used are classified within a heading other than that of the product; the value of all the materials used does not exceed 40 % of the ex-works price of the product; the value of all the non-originating materials used does not exceed the value of the originating materials used 	Manufacture in which the value of all the materials used does not exceed 30 % of the ex-works price of the product
ex 9006	Photographic (other than cinematographic) cam- eras; photographic flashlight apparatus and flash- bulbs other than electrically ignited flashbulbs	 Manufacture in which: all the materials used are classified within a heading other than that of the product; the value of all the materials used does not exceed 40 % of the ex-works price of the product; the value of all the non-originating materials used does not exceed the value of the originating materials used 	Manufacture in which the value of all the materials used does not exceed 30 % of the ex-works price of the product
9007	Cinematographic cameras and projectors, whether or not incorporating sound recording or reproducing apparatus	 Manufacture in which: all the materials used are classified within a heading other than that of the product; the value of all the materials used does not exceed 40 % of the ex-works price of the product; the value of all the non-originating materials used does not exceed the value of the originating materials used 	Manufacture in which the value of all the materials used does not exceed 30 % of the ex-works price of the product
9011	Compound optical microscopes, including those for photomicrography, cinephotomicrography or micro projection	 Manufacture in which: all the materials used are classified within a heading other than that of the product; the value of all the materials used does not exceed 40 % of the ex-works price of the product; the value of all the non-originating materials used does not exceed the value of the originating materials used 	Manufacture in which the value of all the materials used does not exceed 30 % of the ex-works price of the product
ex 9014	Other navigational instruments and appliances	Manufacture in which the value of all the materials used does not exceed 40 % of the ex-works price of the product	

HS heading No	Description of product	Working or processing carried out on non-ori	ginating materials that confers originating statu
(1)	(2)	(3)	or (4)
9015	Surveying (including photogram metrical survey- ing), hydrographic, oceanographic, hydrological, meteorological or geophysical instruments and appliances, excluding compasses; rangefinders	Manufacture in which the value of all the materials used does not exceed 40 % of the ex-works price of the product	
9016	Balances of a sensitivity of 5 cg or better, with or without weights	Manufacture in which the value of all the materials used does not exceed 40 % of the ex-works price of the product	
9017	Drawing, marking-out or mathematical calculat- ing instruments (for example, drafting machines, pantographs, protractors, drawing sets, slide rules, disc calculators); instruments for measuring length, for use in the hand (for example, measur- ing rods and tapes, micrometers, callipers), not specified or included elsewhere in this Chapter	Manufacture in which the value of all the materials used does not exceed 40 % of the ex-works price of the product	
9018	Instruments and appliances used in medical, sur- gical, dental or veterinary sciences, including scin- tigraphic apparatus, other electro-medical apparatus and sight-testing instruments:		
	 Dentists' chairs incorporating dental appli- ances or dentists' spittoons 	Manufacture from materials of any heading, including other materials of heading No 9018	Manufacture in which the value of all th materials used does not exceed 40 % of the ex-works price of the product
	– Other	 Manufacture in which: all the materials used are classified within a heading other than that of the product; the value of all the materials used does not exceed 40 % of the 	Manufacture in which the value of all th materials used does not exceed 25 % of the ex-works price of the product
		ex-works price of the product	
9019	Mechano-therapy appliances; massage apparatus;	Manufacture in which:	Manufacture in which the value of all th
/01/	psychological aptitude-testing apparatus; ozone therapy, oxygen therapy, aerosol therapy, artifi- cial respiration or other therapeutic respiration	 all the materials used are classified within a heading other than that of the product; 	materials used does not exceed 25 % of the ex-works price of the product
	apparatus	 the value of all the materials used does not exceed 40 % of the ex-works price of the product 	
9020	Other breathing appliances and gas masks,	Manufacture in which:	Manufacture in which the value of all th
	excluding protective masks having neither mechanical parts nor replaceable filters	 all the materials used are classified within a heading other than that of the product; 	materials used does not exceed 25 % of the ex-works price of the product
		 the value of all the materials used does not exceed 40 % of the ex-works price of the product 	
9024	Machines and appliances for testing the hardness, strength, compressibility, elasticity or other mechanical properties of materials (for example, metals, wood, textiles, paper, plastics)	Manufacture in which the value of all the materials used does not exceed 40 % of the ex-works price of the product	
9025	Hydrometers and similar floating instruments, thermometers, pyrometers, barometers, hygrom- eters and psychrometers, recording or not, and any combination of these instruments	Manufacture in which the value of all the materials used does not exceed 40 % of the ex-works price of the product	

HS heading No	Description of product	Working or processing carried out on non-or	iginating materials that confers originating status
(1)	(2)	(3)	or (4)
9026	Instruments and apparatus for measuring or checking the flow, level, pressure or other vari- ables of liquids or gases (for example, flow meters, level gauges, manometers, heat meters), exclud- ing instruments and apparatus of heading No 9014, 9015, 9028 or 9032	Manufacture in which the value of all the materials used does not exceed 40 % of the ex-works price of the product	
9027	Instruments and apparatus for physical or chemi- cal analysis (for example, Polari meters, refract meters, spectrometers, gas or smoke analysis apparatus); instruments and apparatus for mea- suring or checking viscosity, porosity, expansion, surface tension or the like; instruments and appa- ratus for measuring or checking quantities of heat, sound or light (including exposure meters); microtomes	Manufacture in which the value of all the materials used does not exceed 40 % of the ex-works price of the product	
9028	Gas, liquid or electricity supply or production meters, including calibrating meters therefore:		
	- Parts and accessories	Manufacture in which the value of all the materials used does not exceed 40 % of the ex-works price of the product	
	– Other	 Manufacture: in which the value of all the materials used does not exceed 40 % of the ex-works price of the product; where the value of all the non-originating materials used does not exceed the value of the originating materials used 	Manufacture in which the value of all the materials used does not exceed 30 % of the ex-works price of the product
9029	Revolution counters, production counters, taxi- meters, mileometers, pedometers and the like; speed indicators and tachometers, other than those of heading Nos 9014 or 9015; strobo- scopes	Manufacture in which the value of all the materials used does not exceed 40 % of the ex-works price of the product	
9030	Oscilloscopes, spectrum analysers and other instruments and apparatus for measuring or checking electrical quantities, excluding meters of heading No 9028; instruments and apparatus for measuring or detecting alpha, beta, gamma, X-ray, cosmic or other ionising radiations	Manufacture in which the value of all the materials used does not exceed 40 % of the ex-works price of the product	
9031	Measuring or checking instruments, appliances and machines, not specified or included else- where in this Chapter; profile projectors	Manufacture in which the value of all the materials used does not exceed 40 % of the ex-works price of the product	
9032	Automatic regulating or controlling instruments and apparatus	Manufacture in which the value of all the materials used does not exceed 40 % of the ex-works price of the product	
9033	Parts and accessories (not specified or included elsewhere in this Chapter) for machines, appli- ances, instruments or apparatus of Chapter 90	Manufacture in which the value of all the materials used does not exceed 40 % of the ex-works price of the product	

HS heading No	Description of product	Working or processing carried out on non-orig	ginating materials that confers originating status
(1)	(2)	(3)	or (4)
ex Chapter 91	Clocks and watches and parts thereof; except for:	Manufacture in which the value of all the materials used does not exceed 40 % of the ex-works price of the product	
9105	Other clocks	 Manufacture: in which the value of all the materials used does not exceed 40 % of the ex-works price of the product; where the value of all the non-originating materials used does not exceed the value of the originating materials used 	Manufacture in which the value of all the materials used does not exceed 30 % of the ex-works price of the product
9109	Clock movements, complete and assembled	 Manufacture: in which the value of all the materials used does not exceed 40 % of the ex-works price of the product; where the value of all the nonoriginating materials used does not exceed the value of the originating materials used 	Manufacture in which the value of all the materials used does not exceed 30 % of the ex-works price of the product
9110	Complete watch or clock movements, unas- sembled or partly assembled (movement sets); incomplete watch or clock movements, assembled; rough watch or clock movements	 Manufacture: in which the value of all the materials used does not exceed 40 % of the ex-works price of the product; where, within the above limit, the materials classified within heading No 9114 are only used up to a value of 10 % of the ex-works price of the product 	Manufacture in which the value of all the materials used does not exceed 30 % of the ex-works price of the product
9111	Watch cases and parts thereof	 Manufacture in which: all the materials used are classified within a heading other than that of the product; the value of all the materials used does not exceed 40 % of the ex-works price of the product 	Manufacture in which the value of all the materials used does not exceed 30 % of the ex-works price of the product
9112	Clock cases and cases of a similar type for other goods of this Chapter, and parts thereof	 Manufacture in which: all the materials used are classified within a heading other than that of the product; the value of all the materials used does not exceed 40 % of the ex-works price of the product 	Manufacture in which the value of all the materials used does not exceed 30 % of the ex-works price of the product

HS heading No	Description of product	Working or processing carried out on non-ori	ginating materials that confers originating status
(1)	(2)	(3)	or (4)
9113	Watch straps, watch bands and watch bracelets, and parts thereof:		
	 Of base metal, whether or not gold- or silver- plated, or of metal clad with precious metal 	Manufacture in which the value of all the materials used does not exceed 40 % of the ex-works price of the product	
	– Other	Manufacture in which the value of all the materials used does not exceed 50 % of the ex-works price of the product	
Chapter 92	Musical instruments; parts and accessories of such articles	Manufacture in which the value of all the materials used does not exceed 40 % of the ex-works price of the product	
Chapter 93	Arms and ammunition; parts and accessories thereof	Manufacture in which the value of all the materials used does not exceed 50 % of the ex-works price of the product	
ex Chapter 94	Furniture; bedding, mattresses, mattress supports, cushions and similar stuffed furnishings; lamps and lighting fittings, not elsewhere specified or included; illuminated signs, illuminated name- plates and the like; prefabricated buildings; except for:	Manufacture in which all the materials used are classified within a heading other than that of the product	Manufacture in which the value of all the materials used does not exceed 40 % of the ex-works price of the product
ex 9401 and ex 9403	Base metal furniture, incorporating unstuffed cot- ton cloth of a weight of 300 g/m2 or less	Manufacture in which all the materials used are classified in a heading other than that of the product or	Manufacture in which the value of all the materials used does not exceed 40 % of the ex-works price of the product
		Manufacture from cotton cloth already made up in a form ready for use of heading No 9401 or 9403, provided:	
		 its value does not exceed 25 % of the ex-works price of the product; 	
		 all the other materials used are already originating and are classi- fied in a heading other than head- ing No 9401 or 9403 	
9405	Lamps and lighting fittings including searchlights and spotlights and parts thereof, not elsewhere specified or included; illuminated signs, illumi- nated name-plates and the like, having a perma- nently fixed light source, and parts thereof not elsewhere specified or included	Manufacture in which the value of all the materials used does not exceed 50 % of the ex-works price of the product	
9406	Prefabricated buildings	Manufacture in which the value of all the materials used does not exceed 50 % of the ex-works price of the product	
ex Chapter 95	Toys, games and sports requisites; parts and accessories thereof; except for:	Manufacture in which all the materials used are classified within a heading other than that of the product	
9503	Other toys; reduced-size ('scale') models and simi- lar recreational models, working or not; puzzles of all kinds	Manufacture in which: — all the materials used are classified within a heading other than that of the product;	
		 the value of all the materials used does not exceed 50 % of the ex-works price of the product 	

HS heading No	Description of product	Working or processing carried out on non-or	iginating materials that confers originating statu	
(1)	(2)	(3)	or (4)	
ex 9506	Golf clubs and parts thereof	Manufacture in which all the materials used is classified within a heading other than that of the product. However, roughly shaped blocks for making golf club heads may be used		
ex Chapter 96	Miscellaneous manufactured articles; except for:	Manufacture in which all the materials used is classified within a heading other than that of the product		
ex 9601 and ex 9602	Articles of animal, vegetable or mineral carving materials	Manufacture from 'worked' carving materials of the same heading		
ex 9603	Brooms and brushes (except for besoms and the like and brushes made from marten or squirrel hair), hand-operated mechanical floor sweepers, not motorised, paint pads and rollers, squeegees and mops	Manufacture in which the value of all the materials used does not exceed 50 % of the ex-works price of the product		
9605	Travel sets for personal toilet, sewing or shoe or clothes cleaning	Each item in the set must satisfy the rule, which would apply to it if it were not included in the set. However, non- originating articles may be incorpo- rated, provided their total value does not exceed 15 % of the ex-works price of the set		
9606	Buttons, press-fasteners, snap-fasteners and press-studs, button moulds and other parts of these articles; button blanks	 Manufacture in which: all the materials used are classified within a heading other than that of the product; the value of all the materials used does not exceed 50 % of the ex-works price of the product 		
9608	Ball-points pens; felt-tipped and other porous- tipped pens and markers; fountain pens, stylo- graph pens and other pens; duplicating stylos; propelling or sliding pencils; penholders, pencil- holders and similar holders; parts (including caps and clips) of the foregoing articles, other than those of heading No 9609	Manufacture in which all the materials used are classified within a heading other than that of the product. However, nibs or nib-points classified within the same heading may be used		
9612	Typewriter or similar ribbons, inked or otherwise prepared for giving impressions, whether or not on spools or in cartridges; ink-pads, whether or not inked, with or without boxes	 Manufacture in which: all the materials used are classified within a heading other than that of the product; the value of all the materials used does not exceed 50 % of the ex-works price of the product 		

HS heading No	Description of product	Working or processing carried out on non-originating materials that confers originating status		
(1)	(2)	(3)	or	(4)
ex 9613	Lighters with piezo-igniter	Manufacture in which the value of all the materials of heading No 9613 used does not exceed 30 % of the ex-works price of the product		
ex 9614	Smoking pipes and pipe bowls	Manufacture from roughly shaped blocks		
Chapter 97	Works of art, collectors' pieces and antiques	Manufacture in which all the materials used are classified within a heading other than that of the product		

⁽¹⁾ The exception concerning the Zea indurata maize is applicable until 31.12.2002.

(2) For the special conditions relating to 'specific processes' see Introductory Notes 7.1 and 7.3.

(3) For the special conditions relating to 'specific processes' see Introductory Note 7.2.

(4) Note 3 to Chapter 32 says that these preparations are those of a kind used for colouring any material or used as ingredients in the manufacturing of colouring preparations, provided they are not classified in another heading in Chapter 32.

(5) A 'group' is regarded as any part of the heading separated from the rest by a semi colon.

(6) In the case of the products composed of materials classified within both heading Nos 3901 to 3906, on the one hand, and within heading Nos 3907 to 3911, on the other hand, this restriction only applies to that group of materials which predominates by weight in the product.

(7) The following foils shall be considered as highly transparent: foils, the optical dimming of which - measured according to ASTM-D 1003-16 by Gardner Hazemeter (i.e. Hazefactor) - is less than 2 percent.

(8) For special conditions relating to products made of a mixture of textile materials, see Introductory Note 5.

(9) See Introductory Note 6.

(¹⁰) For knitted or crocheted articles, not elastic or rubberized, obtained by sewing or assembly pieces of knitted or crocheted fabrics (cut out or knitted directly to shape), see Introductory Note 6.

(11) SEMII-Semiconductor Equipment and Materials Institute Incorporated

(¹²) This rule shall apply until 31 December 2005.

Appendix 2A

Derogations from the list of working or processing required to be carried out on non-originating materials in order that the product manufactured can obtain originating status, accordingly to Article 4 of this Annex

The products mentioned in the list may not all be covered by the Regulation. It is therefore necessary to consult the other parts of the Regulation.

Common provisions

- 1. For the products described in the table below, the following rules may also apply instead of the rules set out in Appendix 2.
- 2. A proof of origin issued or made out pursuant to this Appendix shall contain the following statement in English: 'Derogation Appendix 2A of Annex II of Council Regulation (EC) No 1528/2007 Materials of HS heading No ... originating from ... used.' These statements shall be contained in box 7 of movement certificates EUR.1 referred to in Article 17 of Annex II of Council Regulation (EC) No 1528/2007, or shall be added to the invoice declaration referred to in Articles 14 and 19 of Annex II of Council Regulation (EC) No 1528/2007.
- 3. The ACP States and the Member States shall take the measures necessary on their part to implement this Appendix.

HS heading	Description of product	Working or processing, carried out on non-originating materials, which confers originating status		
ex Chapter 4	Dairy produce,	Manufacture in which all the materials of Chap- ter 4 used are wholly obtained		
	- with a content of materials of Chapter 17 not more than 20 % by weight			
Chapter 6	Live trees and other plants; bulbs, roots and the like; cut flowers and orna- mental foliage Manufacture in which all the materials of 0 ter 6 used are wholly obtained.			
ex Chapter 8	Edible fruit and nuts; peel of citrus fruits or melons,	Manufacture in which all the materials of Chap- ter 8 used are wholly obtained,		
	- with a content of materials of Chapter 17 not more than 20 % by weight	ter o used are whony obtained,		
1101	Wheat or meslin flour	Manufacture from materials of any heading except that of the product		
Chapter 12	Oil seed, oleaginous fruits; miscellaneous grain, seed, fruit; industrial or medical plants; straw and fodder	Manufacture from materials of any heading except that of the product		
1301	Lac; natural gums, resins, gum-resins and oleoresins (for example, balsams)	Manufacture in which the value of all the materials of heading 1301 used does not exceed 60 % of the ex-works price of the product		
ex 1302	Vegetable saps and extracts; pectics substances, pectinates and pectates; agar-agar and other mucilages and thickeners, whether or not modified, derived from vegetable products:	Manufacture in which the value of all the materials used does not exceed 60 % of the ex-works price of the product		
	 other than mucilages and thickeners, modified, derived from vegetable products 			
ex 1506	Other animal fats and oils and their fractions, whether or not refined, but not chemically modified;	Manufacture from materials of any heading except that of the product		
	- other than solid fractions			
ex 1507 to ex 1515	Vegetable oils and their fractions:			
cx 1919	 Soya, ground nut, palm, copra, palm kernel, babassu, tung and oiticica oil, myrtle wax and Japan wax, fractions of jojoba oil and oils for techni- cal or industrial uses other than the manufacture of foodstuffs for human consumption 	Manufacture from materials of any subheading except that of the product		
	- other than olive oils under headings 1509 and 1510	Manufacture from materials of any heading except that of the product		
ex 1516	Animal or vegetable fats and oils and their fractions, partly or wholly hydrogenated, inter-esterified, re-esterified or elaidinised, whether or not refined, but not further prepared:	Manufacture from materials classified in a head- ing other than that of the product		
	 fats and oils and their fractions of hydrogenated castor oil, so called 'opal wax' 			
ex Chapter 18	Cocoa and cocoa preparations,	Manufacture from materials of any heading, except that of the product		
	- with a content of materials of Chapter 17 not more than 20 % by weight	except that of the product		
ex 1901	Food preparations of flour, groats, meal, starch or malt extract, not contain- ing cocoa in more than 40 % by weight calculated on a totally defatted basis, not elsewhere specified or included; food preparations of goods of heading 0401 to 0404, not containing cocoa in more than 5 % by weight calculated on a totally defatted basis, not elsewhere specified or included.	Manufacture from materials of any heading, except that of the product		
	– with a content of materials of Chapter 17 not more than 20 % by weight			

HS heading	Description of product	Working or processing, carried out on non-originating materials, which confers originating status
1902	Pasta, whether or not cooked or stuffed (with meat or other substances) or otherwise prepared, such as spaghetti, macaroni, noodles, lasagne, gnocchi, ravioli, cannelloni; couscous, whether or not prepared	
	 containing 20 % or less by weight of meat, meat offal, fish, crustaceans or molluscs 	Manufacture in which all the products of Chap- ter 11 used are originating
	 containing more than 20 % by weight of meat, meat offal, fish, crusta- ceans or molluscs 	Manufacture in which:
		- all the products of Chapter 11 used are origi- nating,
		- all the materials of Chapters 2 and 3 used are wholly obtained
1903	Tapioca and substitutes thereof prepared from starch, in the form of flakes, grains, pearls, sifting or similar forms:	Manufacture from materials of any heading, except that of the product
	 with a content of materials of heading 1108.13 (potato starch) not more than 20 % by weight 	
1904	Prepared foods obtained by the swelling or roasting of cereals or cereal products (for example, corn flakes); cereals (other than maize (corn)) in grain form or in the form of flakes or other worked grains (except flour, groats and meal), pre-cooked or otherwise prepared, not elsewhere specified or included:	Manufacture: - from materials of any heading, except those of heading 1806,
	- with a content of materials of Chapter 17 not more than 20 % by weight	- in which all the products of Chapter 11 used are originating
1905	Bread, pastry, cakes, biscuits and other bakers' wares, whether or not con- taining cocoa; communion wafers, empty cachets of a kind suitable for pharmaceutical use, sealing wafers, rice paper and similar products	Manufacture in which all the products of Chap- ter 11 used are originating
ex Chapter 20	 Preparations of vegetables, fruit, nuts or other parts of plants: from materials other than those of subheading 0711 51 	Manufacture in which the value of all the materi- als used does not exceed 60 % of the ex-works price of the product
	- from materials other than of headings 2002, 2003, 2008 and 2009	
	- with a content of materials of Chapter 17 not more than 20 % by weight	
ex Chapter 21	Miscellaneous edible preparations:	Manufacture in which the value of all the materials used does not exceed 60 % of the ex-works
	 with a content of materials of Chapters 4 and 17 not more than 20 % by weight 	price of the product
ex Chapter 23	Residues and waste from the food industries; prepared animal fodder:	Manufacture in which the value of all the materials used does not exceed 60 % of the ex-works
	 with a content of maize or materials of Chapters 2, 4 and 17 not more than 20 % by weight 	price of the product

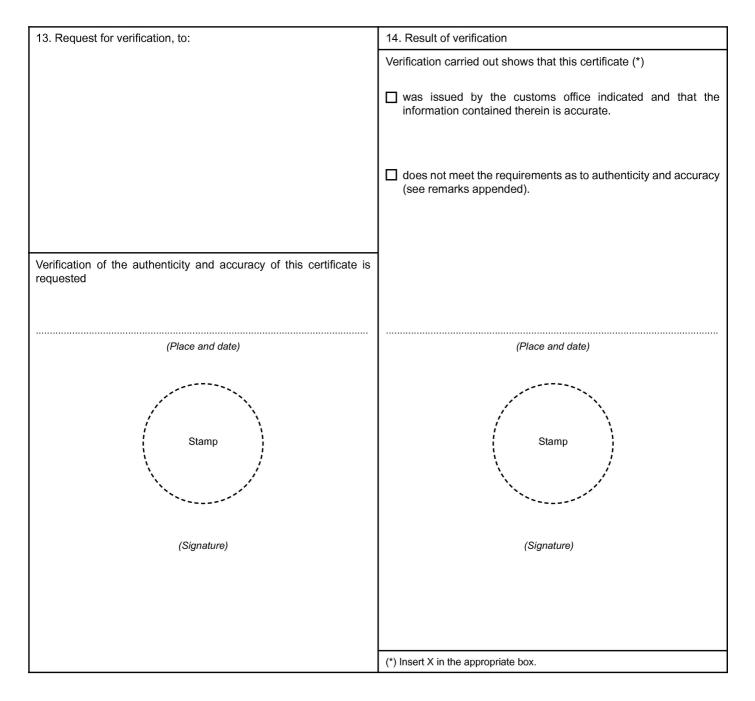
Appendix 3

Form for movement certificate

- 1. Movement certificates EUR.1 shall be made out on the form of which a specimen appears in this Appendix. This form shall be printed in one or more of the languages in which the Regulation is drawn up. Certificates shall be made out in one of these languages and in accordance with the provisions of the domestic law of the exporting State if they are handwritten, they shall be completed in ink and in capital letters.
- 2. Each certificate shall measure 210×297 mm, a tolerance of up to plus 8mm or minus 5 mm in the length may be allowed. The paper used must be white, sized for writing, not containing mechanical pulp and weighing not less than 25 g/m². It shall have a printed green guilloche pattern background making any falsification by mechanical or chemical means apparent to the eye.
- 3. The exporting States may reserve the right to print the certificates themselves or may have them printed by approved printers. In the latter case each certificate must include a reference to such approval. Each certificate must bear the name and address of the printer or a mark by which the printer can be identified. It shall also bear a serial number, either printed or not, by which it can be identified.

MOVEMENT CERTIFICATE

1. Exporter (name, full address, country)		EUR.1 N	No A 000.000	
		See notes ov	erleaf before comple	eting this form
		2. Certificate	e used in preferentia	Il trade between
3. Consignee (name, full address, country) (Optional)		and		
		(inse	ert appropriate countrie	s, groups of countries or territories)
		or territor	group of countries y in which the are considered as g	5. Country, group of countries or territory of destination
6. Transport details <i>(Optional)</i>		7. Remarks		L
8. Item number; Marks and numbers; Number and kind o package ('); Description of goods	f		iss (kg) or other (litres, m³, etc.)	10. Invoices <i>(Optional)</i>
11. CUSTOMS ENDORSEMENT Declaration certified Export document (²) Form No Customs office Issuing country or territory Date	Stamp		I, the unders described abo for the issue of P 	N BY THE EXPORTER igned, declare that the goods ve meet the conditions required this certificate.
 (Signature) (') If goods are not packed, indicate number of articles or state 'I (2) Complete only where the regulations of the exporting country 			(S	ignature)



NOTES

- 1. Certificates must not contain erasures or words written over one another. Any alterations must be made by deleting the incorrect particulars and adding any necessary corrections. Any such alteration must be initialled by the person who completed the certificate and endorsed by the customs authorities of the issuing country or territory.
- 2. No spaces must be left between the items entered on the certificate and each item must be preceded by an item number. A horizontal line must be drawn immediately below the last item. Any unused space must be struck through in such a manner as to make any later additions impossible.
- 3. Goods must be described in accordance with commercial practice and with sufficient detail to enable them to be identified.

APPLICATION FOR A MOVEMENT CERTIFICATE

1. Exporter (name, full address, country)	EUR.1 No A 000.000			
	See notes overleaf before completing this form			
	 Application for a certificate to be used in preferential trade between 			
3. Consignee (name, full address, country) (Optional)	and			
	(insert appropriate countries or groups of countries or territories)			
	 4. Country, group of countries or territory in which the products are considered as originating 5. Country, group of countries or territory of destination 			
6 Tropport details (Optional)	7. Remarks			
6. Transport details (Optional)	7. Remarks			
 Item number; Marks and numbers; Number and kind of packages ('); Description of goods 	 9. Gross mass (kg) or other measure (litres, m³, etc.) 10. Invoices (Optional) 			
(') If goods are not packed, indicate number of articles or state 'In bulk' as a	appropriate			

DECLARATION BY THE EXPORTER

I, the undersigned, exporter of the goods described overleaf,

DECLARE	that the goods meet the conditions required for the issue of the attached certificate;
SPECIFY	as follows the circumstances which have enabled these goods to meet the above conditions:
SUBMIT	the following supporting documents (')
UNDERTAKE	to submit, at the request of the appropriate authorities, any supporting evidence which these authorities may require for the purpose of issuing the attached certificate, and undertake, if required, to agree to any inspection of my accounts and to any check on the processes of manufacture of the above goods, carried out by the said authorities;
REQUEST	the issue of the attached certificate for these goods.

(Place and date)

(Signature)

^{(&#}x27;) For example, import documents, movement certificates, manufacturer's declarations, etc. referring to the products used in manufacture or to the goods re-exported in the same state.

Appendix 4

Invoice declaration

The invoice declaration, the text of which is given below, must be made out in accordance with the footnotes. However, the footnotes do not have to be reproduced.

Bulgarian version

Износителят на продуктите, обхванати от този документ (митническо разрешение № … (¹)) декларира, че освен където е отбелязано друго, тези продукти са с … преференциален произход (²).

Spanish version

El exportador de los productos incluidos en el presente documento (autorización aduanera $n^{\circ} \dots (^{1})$) declara que, salvo indicación en sentido contrario, estos productos gozan de un origen preferencial $\dots (^{2})$.

Czech version

Vývozce výrobků uvedených v tomto dokumentu (číslo povolení \dots (¹)) prohlašuje, že kromě zřetelně označených mají tyto výrobky preferenční původ v \dots (²).

Danish version

Eksportøren af varer, der er omfattet af nærværende dokument, (toldmyndighedernes tilladelse nr. ... (1)), erklærer, at varerne, medmindre andet tydeligt er angivet, har præferenceoprindelse i ... (2).

German version

Der Ausführer (Ermächtigter Ausführer; Bewilligungs-Nr. ... (¹)) der Waren, auf die sich dieses Handelspapier bezieht, erklärt, dass diese Waren, soweit nicht anders angegeben, präferenzbegünstigte ... (²) Ursprungswaren sind.

Estonian version

Käesoleva dokumendiga hõlmatud toodete eksportija (tolli kinnitus nr \dots (1)) deklareerib, et need tooted on \dots (2) sooduspäritoluga, välja arvatud juhul, kui on selgelt näidatud teisiti.

Greek version

Ο εξαγωγέας των προϊόντων που καλύπτονται από το παρόν έγγραφο (άδεια τελωνείου υπ'αριθ. ... (1)) δηλώνει ότι, εκτός εάν δηλώνεται σαφώς άλλως, τα προϊόντα αυτά είναι προτιμησιακής καταγωγής ... (2).

English version

The exporter of the products covered by this document (customs authorisation No \dots (1)) declares that, except where otherwise clearly indicated, these products are of \dots (2) preferential origin.

French version

L'exportateur des produits couverts par le présent document (autorisation douanière n° ... (¹)) déclare que, sauf indication claire du contraire, ces produits ont l'origine préférentielle ... (²).

⁽¹⁾ When the invoice declaration is made out by an approved exporter within the meaning of Article 22 of the Annex, the authorisation number of the approved exporter must be entered in this space. When the invoice declaration is not made out by an approved exporter, the words in brackets shall be omitted or the space left blank.

⁽²⁾ Origin of products has to be indicated. When the invoice declaration relates in whole or in part, to products originating in Ceuta and Melilla within the meaning of Article 41 of the Annex, the exporter must clearly indicate them in the document on which the declaration is made out by means of the symbol 'CM'.

Italian version

L'esportatore delle merci contemplate nel presente documento (autorizzazione doganale n. ... (¹)) dichiara che, salvo indicazione contraria, le merci sono di origine preferenziale ... (²).

Latvian version

To produktu eksportētājs, kuri ietverti šajā dokumentā (muitas atļauja Nr. ... (¹)), deklarē, ka, izņemot tur, kur ir citādi skaidri noteikts, šiem produktiem ir preferenciāla izcelsme no ... (²).

Lithuanian version

Šiame dokumente išvardintų prekių eksportuotojas (muitinės liudijimo Nr. ... (¹)) deklaruoja, kad, jeigu kitaip aiškiai nenurodyta, tai yra ... (²) preferencinės kilmės prekės.

Hungarian version

A jelen okmányban szereplő áruk exportőre (vámfelhatalmazási szám: ... (¹)) kijelentem, hogy eltérő egyértelmű jelzés hianyában az áruk preferenciális ... (²) származásúak.

Maltese version

L-esportatur tal-prodotti koperti b'dan id-dokument (awtorizzazzjoni tad-dwana Nru ... (¹)) jiddikjara li, hlief fejn indikat b'mod ċar li mhux hekk, dawn il-prodotti huma ta' oriĝini preferenzjali ... (²).

Dutch version

De exporteur van de goederen waarop dit document van toepassing is (douanevergunning nr. ... (¹)), verklaart dat, behoudens uitdrukkelijke andersluidende vermelding, deze goederen van preferentiële ... oorsprong zijn (²).

Polish version

Eksporter produktów objętych tym dokumentem (upoważnienie władz celnych nr \dots (¹)) deklaruje, że z wyjątkiem gdzie jest to wyraźnie określone, produkty te mają \dots (²) preferencyjne pochodzenie.

Portuguese version

O exportador dos produtos cobertos pelo presente documento (autorização aduaneira n.º ... (¹)), declara que, salvo expressamente indicado em contrário, estes produtos são de origem preferencial ... (²).

Romanian version

Exportatorul produselor ce fac obiectul acestui document (autorizația vamală nr. ... (1)) declară că, exceptând cazul în care în mod expres este indicat altfel, aceste produse sunt de origine preferențială ... (2).

Slovenian version

Izvoznik blaga, zajetega s tem dokumentom (pooblastilo carinskih organov št. ... (1)) izjavlja, da, razen če ni drugače jasno navedeno, ima to blago preferencialno ... (2) poreklo.

⁽¹⁾ When the invoice declaration is made out by an approved exporter within the meaning of Article 22 of the Annex, the authorisation number of the approved exporter must be entered in this space. When the invoice declaration is not made out by an approved exporter, the words in brackets shall be omitted or the space left blank.

⁽²⁾ Origin of products has to be indicated. When the invoice declaration relates in whole or in part, to products originating in Ceuta and Melilla within the meaning of Article 41 of the Annex, the exporter must clearly indicate them in the document on which the declaration is made out by means of the symbol 'CM'.

Slovak version

Vývozca výrobkov uvedených v tomto dokumente (číslo povolenia ... (¹)) vyhlasuje, že okrem zreteľne označených, majú tieto výrobky preferenčný pôvod v ... (²).

Finnish version

Tässä asiakirjassa mainittujen tuotteiden viejä (tullin lupa N:o ... (¹)) ilmoittaa, että nämä tuotteet ovat, ellei toisin ole selvästi merkitty, etuuskohteluun oikeutettuja ... alkuperätuotteita (²).

Swedish version

Exportören av de varor som omfattas av detta dokument (tullmyndighetens tillstånd nr ... (1)) försäkrar att dessa varor, om inte annat tydligt markerats, har förmånsberättigande ... ursprung (2).

... (3)

(Place and date)

... (4)

(Signature of the exporter; in addition the name of the person signing the declaration has to be indicated in clear script)

⁽¹⁾ When the invoice declaration is made out by an approved exporter within the meaning of Article 22 of the Annex, the authorisation number of the approved exporter must be entered in this space. When the invoice declaration is not made out by an approved exporter, the words in brackets shall be omitted or the space left blank.

⁽²⁾ Origin of products has to be indicated. When the invoice declaration relates in whole or in part, to products originating in Ceuta and Melilla within the meaning of Article 41 of the Annex, the exporter must clearly indicate them in the document on which the declaration is made out by means of the symbol 'CM'.

⁽³⁾ These indications may be omitted if the information is contained on the document itself.

⁽⁴⁾ See Article 19(5) of this Annex. In cases where the exporter is not required to sign, the exemption of signature also implies the exemption of the name of the signatory.

Appendix 5A

Supplier declaration for products having preferential origin status

Note

The abovementioned text, suitably completed in conformity with the footnotes below, constitutes a supplier's declaration. The footnotes do not have to be reproduced.

munity customs office holding any EUR.1 (s) concerned, giving the No of the certificate(s) concerned and, if possible, the relevant customs entry No involved.

⁽³⁾ Place and date

⁽⁴⁾ Name and function in company

⁽⁵⁾ Signature

Appendix 5B

Supplier declaration for products not having preferential original status

Note

The abovementioned text, suitably completed in conformity with the footnotes below, constitutes a supplier's declaration. The footnotes do not have to be reproduced.

⁽²⁾ The Community, Member State, ACP State, OCT or South Africa.

⁽³⁾ Description is to be given in all cases. The description must be adequate and should be sufficiently detailed to allow the tariff classification of the goods concerned to be determined.

⁽⁴⁾ Customs values to be given only if required.

⁽⁵⁾ Country of origin to be given only if required. The origin to be given must be a preferential origin, all other origins to be given as 'third country'.

^{(6) &#}x27;and have undergone the following processing in [the Community] [Member State] [ACP State] [OCT] [South Africa]', to be added with a description of the processing carried out if this information is required.

⁽⁷⁾ Place and date

⁽⁸⁾ Name and function in company

⁽⁹⁾ Signature

Appendix 6

Information Certificate

- 1. The form of information certificate given in this Appendix shall be used and be printed in one or more of the official languages in which the Regulation is drawn up and in accordance with the provisions of the domestic law of the exporting State. Information certificates shall be completed in one of those languages; if they are handwritten, they shall be completed in ink in capital letters. They shall bear a serial number, whether or not printed, by which they can be identified.
- 2. The information certificate shall measure 210×297 mm, a tolerance of up to plus 8mm or minus 5 mm in the length may be allowed. The paper must be white, sized for writing, not containing mechanical pulp and weighing not less than 25 g/m^2 .
- 3. The national administrators may reserve the right to print the forms themselves or may have them printed by printers approved by them. In the latter case, each form must include a reference to such approval. The forms shall bear the name and address of the printer or a mark by which the printer can be identified.

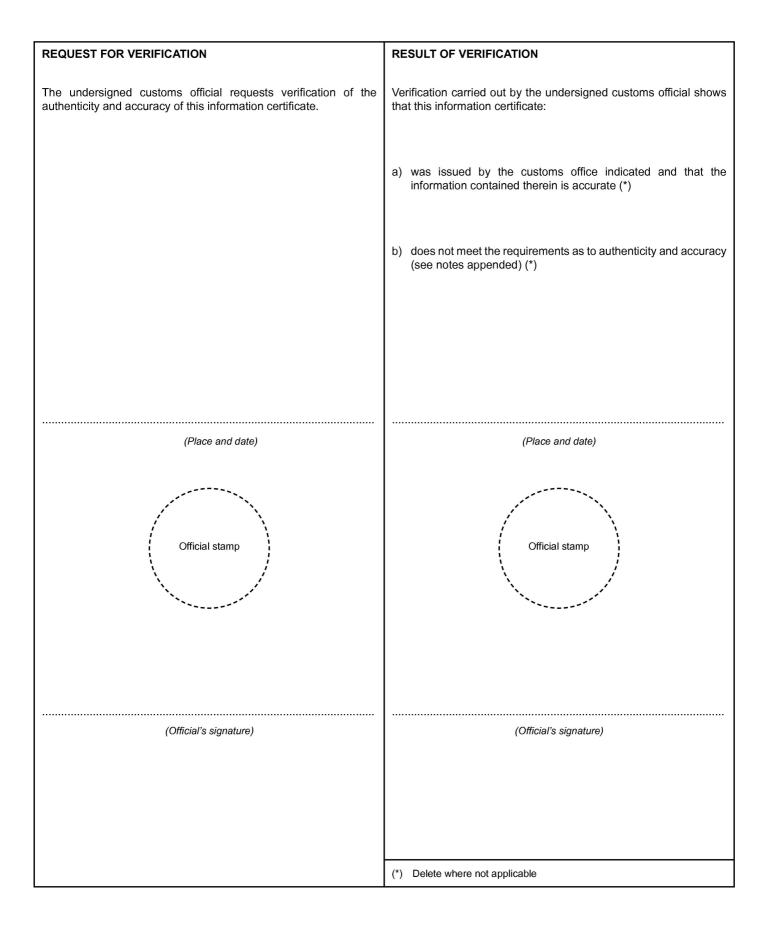
1.	Supplier (')	INFORMATION CERTIFICATE		
		to facilitate the issue of a		
		MOVEMENT CERTIFICATE		
2.	Consignee (')	for preferential trade between the		
2.				
		EUROPEAN COMMUNITY		
		and		
		THE ACP STATES		
3.	Processor (*)	4. State in which the working or processing has been carried out		
6. Customs office of importation (')		5. For official use		
7.	Import document (²)			
	Form: No:			
	Series:			
	Date:			
	GOODS SENT TO THE MEME	ER STATES OF DESTINATION		
8.	Marks, numbers, quantity and kind of package9.Harmonised Commodity Des heading/subheading number	r (HS code) 10. Quantity (')		
		11. Value (*)		

IMPORTED	GOODS U	SED		
12. Harmonised Commodity Description and Coding System headi subheading number (HS code)	ng/	13. Country of origin	14. Quantity (°)	15. Value (²)(°)
16. Nature of the working or processing carried out				
17. Remarks				
18. CUSTOMS ENDORSEMENT	19. DE	CLARATION BY TH		
Declaration certified:	cer	he undersigned, o tificate is accurate.		formation on this
(Signature)			(Signature)	

(') Name of individual or business and full address.

- (²) Optional information.
- (³) Kg, hl, m³ or other measure.
- (*) Packaging shall be considered as forming a whole with the goods contained therein. However, this provision shall not apply to packaging which is not of the normal type for the article packed, and which has a lasting utility value of its own, apart from its function as packaging.

($^{\circ}$) The value must be indicated in accordance with the provisions on rules of origin.



Appendix 7

Products to which Article 6(5) of this Annex shall not be applicable

Industrial Products (1)

CN code 96

Motor cars and other motor vehicles

Chassis fitted with engines

Bodies (including cabs), for the motor vehicles

Parts and accessories of the motor vehicles

31.12.2007 EN

0/009010
87085090
87086010
87086091
87086099
87087010
87087050
87087091
87087099
87088010
87088090
87089110
87089190
87089210
87089290
87089310
87089390
87089410
87089490
87089910
87089930
87089950
87089992
87089998
Industrial Products (2)
Unwrought aluminium
-
76011000
76012010
76012091
76012099
Aluminium powders and flakes
76031000
76032000
/0092000
Agricultural Products (1)
Live horses, asses, mules and hinnies
01012010
01012010
Milk and cream, not concentrated
04011010
04011090
04012011
04012019
04012091
04012099
04013011
04013019
04013031
04013039
04013091
04013099

Buttermilk, curdled milk and cream, yogurt, kephir Potatoes, fresh or chilled Leguminous vegetables, shelled or unshelled, fresh or chilled Other vegetables, fresh or chilled Vegetables (uncooked or cooked by steaming or boiled) Vegetables provisionally preserved Dates, figs, pineapples, avocados, guavas, mangoes Grapes, fresh or dried 08061029 (3) (12) Melons (including watermelons) and papaws (papayas) Apricots, cherries, peaches (including nectarines) 08093011 (5) (12) 08093051 (6) (12) Other fruit, fresh

Fruit and nuts, provisionally preserved

08121000
08122000
08129050
08129060
08129070
08129095

Fruit, dried

Pepper of the genus Piper; dried or crushed

Soya-bean oil and its fractions

Sunflower-seed, safflower or cotton-seed oil

Rape, colza or mustard oil and fractions thereof

Fruit, nuts and other edible parts of plants

Fruit juices (including grape must)

Unmanufactured tobacco; tobacco refuse

0	EIN	Official journal of the European Official
	24011041	
	24011041	
	24011049	
	24011060 24012010	
	24012010	
	24012041 24012060	
	24012000	
	240120/0	
	Agricultural Prod	icts (2)
	Cut flowers and flower bud	S
	06031055	
	06031061	
	06031069 (11)	
	Onions, shallots, garlic, le	ks
	07031011	
	07031019	
	07031090	
	07039000	
	Cabbages, cauliflowers, kol	Irabi, kale and similar
	07041005	
	07041010	
	07041080 07042000	
	07042000	
	07049090	
	0/01/0/0	
	Lettuce (Lactuca sativa) an	ł chicory
	07051105	
	07051110	
	07051180	
	07051900	
	07052100	
	07052900	
	Carrots, turnips, salad beet	root, salsify, celeriac
	07061000	
	07069005	
	07069011	
	07069017	
	07069030	
	07069090	
		lled or unshelled, fresh or chilled
	07081090	
	07082020	
	07082090	
	07002005	

Other vegetables, fresh or chilled

07091030 (12)
07093000
07094000
07095110
07095150
07097000
07099010
07099020
07099040
07099050
07099090

Vegetables (uncooked or cooked by steaming or boiled)

Vegetables provisionally preserved

Dried vegetables, whole, cut, sliced, broken

Manioc, arrowroot, salep, Jerusalem artichokes

Other nuts, fresh or dried, whether or not shelled

Bananas, including plantains, fresh or dried

Dates, figs, pineapples, avocados, guavas, mangoes 08042010 Citrus fruit, fresh or dried 08052021 (1) (12) 08052023 (1) (12) 08052025 (1) (12) 08052027 (1) (12) 08052029 (1) (12) 08053090 08059000 Grapes, fresh or dried 08061095 08061097 Apples, pears and quinces, fresh 08081010 (12) 08082010 (12) 08082090 Apricots, cherries, peaches (including nectarines) 08091010 (12) 08091050 (12) 08092019 (12) 08092029 (12) 08093011 (7) (12) 08093019 (12) 08093051 (8) (12) 08093059 (12) 08094040 (12) Other fruit, fresh 08101005 08102090 08103010 08103030 08103090 08104090 08105000 Fruit and nuts, uncooked or cooked by steaming 08112011 08112031 08112039 08112059 08119011 08119019 08119039 08119075 08119080 08119095 Fruit and nuts, provisionally preserved 08129010

Fruit, dried

Wheat and meslin

Buckwheat, millet and canary seed; other cereals

Flour, meal, powder, flakes, granules and pellets

Flour, meal and powder of the dried leguminous vegetables

Fats and oils and their fractions, of fish

Other prepared or preserved meat, meat offal

Vegetables, fruit, nuts and other edible parts

Mushrooms and truffles, prepared or preserved

Other vegetables prepared or preserved otherwise Other vegetables prepared or preserved otherwise Vegetables, fruit, nuts, fruit-peel Jams, fruit jellies, marmalades, fruit or nut puree Fruit, nuts and other edible parts of plants

20088039
20088050
20088070
20088091
20088099
20089923
20089925
20089926
20089928
20089936
20089945
20089946
20089949
20089953
20089955
20089961
20089962
20089968
20089972
20089974
20089979
20089999

Fruit juices (including grape must)

20099094
20099095
20099096
20099097
20099098
Other fermented beverages (for example, cider)
Other Jermenteu beveruges (for example, cluer)
22060010
Wine loss and
Wine lees; argol
23070019
Vegetable materials and vegetable waste
23089019
Agricultural Products (3)
0
Live swine
01039110
01039211
01039219
01037217
Live sheep and goats
01041030
01041080
01042090
Live poultry, that is to say, fowls of the species
01051111
01051119
01051191
01051199
01051200
01051920
01051990
01059200
01059300
01059910
01059920
01059930
01059950
Meat of swine, fresh, chilled or frozen
02031110
02031110
02031211
02031211 02031219
02031211 02031219 02031911
02031211 02031219 02031911 02031913
02031211 02031219 02031911
02031211 02031219 02031911 02031913
02031211 02031219 02031911 02031913 02031915
02031211 02031219 02031911 02031913 02031915 02031955 02031959
02031211 02031219 02031911 02031913 02031915 02031955 02031959 02032110
02031211 02031219 02031911 02031913 02031915 02031955 02031959 02032110 02032211
02031211 02031219 02031911 02031913 02031915 02031955 02031959 02032110 02032211 02032219
02031211 02031219 02031911 02031913 02031915 02031955 02031955 02032110 02032211 02032219 02032911
02031211 02031219 02031911 02031913 02031915 02031955 02031959 02032110 02032211 02032219

31.12.2007

EN

Meat of sheep or goats, fresh, chilled or frozen

L 348	118
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02072620

02072630
02072640
02072650
02072660
02072670
02072680
02072699
02072710
02072720
02072730
02072740
02072750
02072760
02072770
02072780
02072799
02073211
02073215
02073219
02073251
02073259
02073290
02073311
02073319
02073351
02073359
02073390
02073511
02073515
02073521
02073523
02073525
02073531
02073541
02073551
02073553
02073561
02073563
02073571
02073579
02073599
02073611
02073615
02073621
02073623
02073625
02073631
02073641
02073651
02073653
02073661
02073663
02073671
02073679
02073690

Pig fat, free of lean meat, and poultry fat 02090011 02090019

02090030
02090090

Meat and edible meat offal, salted, in brine

02101111
02101111
02101131
02101139
02101190
02101211
02101219
02101290
02101910
02101920
02101930
02101940
02101951
02101959
02101960
02101970
02101981
02101989
02101990
02109011
02109019
02109021
02109029
02109031
02109039
Milk and cream, concentrated
04029111
04029119
04029131
04029139
04029151
04029159
04029191
04029199
04029911
04029919
04029931
04029939
04029991
04029999

Buttermilk, curdled milk and cream, yogurt, kephir

Whey, whether or not concentrated

04041058
04041062
04041072
04041074
04041076
04041078
04041078
04041082
04041084
Cheese and curd
04061020 (11)
04061080 (11)
04062090 (11)
04063010 (11)
04063031 (11)
04063039 (11)
04063090 (11)
04064090 (11)
04069001 (11)
04069021 (11)
04069050 (11)
04069069 (11)
04069078 (11)
04069086 (11)
04069087 (11)
04069088 (11)
04069093 (11)
04069099 (11)
Dinds' agon in shall firsh museumed on sochod
Birds' eggs, in shell, fresh, preserved or cooked
04070011
04070019
04070030
Birds' eggs, not in shell, and egg yolks, fresh
04081180
04081981
04081989
04089180
04089980
01007700
National have as
Natural honey
04090000
Tomatoes, fresh or chilled
07020015 (12)
07020020 (12)
07020025 (12)
07020030 (12)
07020035 (12)
07020040 (12)
· · · ·
07020045 (12)
07020050 (12)
Cucumbers and gherkins, fresh or chilled
07070010 (12)

07070015 (12)

07070020 (12) 07070025 (12) 07070030 (12) 07070035 (12) 07070040 (12) 07070090 Other vegetables, fresh or chilled 07091010 (12) 07091020 (12) 07092000 07099039 07099075 (12) 07099077 (12) 07099079 (12) Vegetables provisionally preserved 07112090 Dried vegetables, whole, cut, sliced, broken 07129019 Manioc, arrowroot, salep, Jerusalem artichokes 07141010 07141091 07141099 07142090 Citrus fruit, fresh or dried 08051037 (2) (12) 08051038 (2) (12) 08051039 (2) (12) 08051042 (2) (12) 08051046 (2) (12) 08051082 08051084 08051086 08052011 (12) 08052013 (12) 08052015 (12) 08052017 (12) 08052019 (12) 08052021 (10) (12) 08052023 (10) (12) 08052025 (10) (12) 08052027 (10) (12) 08052029 (10) (12) 08052031 (12) 08052033 (12) 08052035 (12) 08052037 (12) 08052039 (12) Grapes, fresh or dried 08061021 (12) 08061029 (4) (12)

08061030 (12)

08061050 (12) 08061061 (12) 08061069 (12) 08061093

Apricots, cherries, peaches (including nectarines)

08091020 (12) 08091030 (12) 08091040 (12) 08092011 (12) 08092021 (12) 08092031 (12) 08092039 (12) 08092041 (12) 08092049 (12) 08092051 (12) 08092059 (12) 08092061 (12) 08092069 (12) 08092071 (12) 08092079 (12) 08093021 (12) 08093029 (12) 08093031 (12) 08093039 (12) 08093041 (12) 08093049 (12) 08094020 (12) 08094030 (12) Other fruit, fresh 08101010 08101080 08102010 Fruit and nuts, uncooked or cooked by steaming 08111011 08111019 Wheat and meslin 10011000 10019091 10019099 Rye 10020000 Barley 10030010 10030090 Oats

10040000

Buckwheat, millet and canary seed; other cereals

Wheat or meslin flour

Cereal flours other than of wheat or meslin

Cereal groats, meal and pellets

Cereal grains otherwise worked

Flour, meal and powder of the dried leguminous vegetables

Malt, whether or not roasted

Locust beans, seaweeds and other algae, sugar beet

Pig fat (including lard) and poultry fat

Olive oil and its fractions, whether or not refined

Other oils and their fractions

Degras

Sausages and similar products, of meat, meat offal

Other prepared or preserved meat, meat offal

Other sugars, including chemically pure lactose Pasta, whether or not cooked or stuffed Jams, fruit jellies, marmalades, fruit or nut puree Fruit, nuts and other edible parts of plants

Fruit juices (including grape must)

Food preparations not elsewhere specified

Wine of fresh grapes, including fortified wines

Undenatured ethyl alcohol

Bran, sharps and other residues

Oil-cake and other solid residues

Preparations of a kind used in animal feeding

Albumins

Agricultural Products (4)

Buttermilk, curdled milk and cream, yogurt, kephir

Butter and other fats and oils derived from milk

Vegetable saps and extracts; pectic substances

Margarine

Other sugars, including chemically pure lactose

Sugar confectionery (including white chocolate)

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Chocolate and other food preparations

Malt extract; food preparations of flour, meal

Pasta, whether or not cooked or stuffed

Tapioca and substitutes

Prepared foods

Bread, pastry, cakes, biscuits
19051000
19052010
19052030
19052090
19053011
19053019
19053030
19053051
19053059
19053091
19053099
19054010
19054090
19059010
19059020
19059030
19059040
19059045
19059055
19059060
19059090
Vegetables, fruit, nuts
20019040
20019040
Other weastables
Other vegetables
20041091
Other vegetables
20052010
Fruit, nuts and other edible parts of plants
20089985
20089991
Fruit juices (including grape must)
,
20098069
Extracts, essences and concentrates, of coffee
21011111
21011119
21011292
21011298
21012098
21013011
21013019
21013091
21013099

Yeasts (active or inactive)

Sauces and preparations therefore; mixed condiments

Ice cream and other edible ice

Food preparations not elsewhere specified or included

Waters, including mineral waters and aerated water

Vinegar and substitutes for vinegar

Acyclic alcohols and their halogenated derivatives

Mixtures of odoriferous substances and mixtures

Finishing agents, dye carriers

Prepared binders for foundry moulds or cores

Agricultural Products (5)

Cut flowers and flower buds

06031015 (11) 06031029 (11) 06031051 (11) 06031065 (11) 06039000 (11)

Fruit and nuts, uncooked or cooked by steaming

08111090 (11)

Fruit, nuts and other edible parts of plants

20084051 (11) 20084059 (11) 20084071 (11) 20084079 (11) 20084091 (11) 20084099 (11) 20085061 (11) 20085069 (11) 20085071 (11) 20085079 (11) 20085092 (11) 20085094 (11) 20085099 (11) 20087061 (11) 20087069 (11) 20087071 (11) 20087079 (11) 20087092 (11) 20087094 (11) 20087099 (11) 20089259 (11) 20089272 (11) 20089274 (11) 20089278 (11) 20089298 (11) Fruit juices (including grape must) 20091199 (11) 20094030 (11)

20097011 (11) 20097011 (11) 20097030 (11) 20097091 (11) 20097093 (11) 20097099 (11)

Wine of fresh grapes, including fortified wines

22042179 (11) 22042180 (11) 22042183 (11) 22042184 (11)

Agricultural Products (6)

Live bovine animals

Meat of bovine animals, fresh or chilled:

Meat of bovine animals, frozen

Edible offal of bovine animals, swine, sheep, goats

Meat and edible meat offal, salted, in brine

Milk and cream, concentrated

Buttermilk, curdled milk and cream, yogurt, kephir Whey, whether or not concentrated

Butter and other fats and oils derived from milk Cut flowers and flower buds Other vegetables, fresh or chilled Vegetables (uncooked or cooked by steaming or boiling) Vegetables provisionally preserved

Bananas, including plantains, fresh or dried

08030019

Citrus fruit, fresh or dried

08051001 (12) 08051005 (12) 08051009 (12) 08051011 (12) 08051015 (2) 08051019 (2) 08051021 (2) 08051025 (12) 08051029 (12) 08051031 (12) 08051033 (12) 08051035 (12) 08051037 (9) (12) 08051038 (9) (12) 08051039 (9) (12) 08051042 (9) (12) 08051044 (12) 08051046 (9) (12) 08051051 (2) 08051055 (2) 08051059 (2) 08051061 (2) 08051065 (2) 08051069 (2) 08053020 (2) 08053030 (2) 08053040 (2) Grapes, fresh or dried 08061040 (12) Apples, pears and quinces, fresh 08081051 (12) 08081053 (12) 08081059 (12) 08081061 (12) 08081063 (12) 08081069 (12) 08081071 (12) 08081073 (12) 08081079 (12) 08081092 (12) 08081094 (12) 08081098 (12) 08082031 (12) 08082037 (12) 08082041 (12) 08082047 (12) 08082051 (12) 08082057 (12)

08082067 (12)

Maize (corn)

Rice

Cereal groats, meal and pellets

Cereal grains otherwise worked

11041950
11041991
11042310
11042330
11042390
11042399
11043090
Starches; inulin
11081100
11081200
11081300
11001400

Wheat gluten, whether or not dried

Other prepared or preserved meat, meat offal

Cane or beet sugar and chemically pure sucrose

Other sugars, including chemically pure lactose

Vegetables, fruit, nuts and other edible parts 20019030

Tomatoes prepared or preserved

20021010
20021090
20029011
20029019
20029031
20029039
20029091
20029099

Other vegetables prepared or preserved

Other vegetables prepared or preserved

Jams, fruit jellies, marmalades, fruit or nut puree

Fruit, nuts and other edible parts of plants

Fruit juices (including grape must)

Food preparations not elsewhere specified or included

Wine of fresh grapes, including fortified wines

Vermouth and other wine of fresh grapes

Undenatured ethyl alcohol

Undenatured ethyl alcohol

Bran, sharps and other residues

Residues of starch manufacture and similar residues

Dextrins and other modified starches

Agricultural Products (7)

Cheese and curd

04069004
04069005
04069006
04069007
04069008
04069009
04069012
04069014
04069016
04069018
04069019
04069023
04069025
04069027
04069029
04069031
04069033
04069035
04069037
04069039
04069061
04069063
04069073
04069075
04069076
04069079
04069081
04069082
04069084
04069085
Wine of fresh grapes, including fortified wines
22041011
22041091
22042111
22042112
22042113
22042117
22042118
22042119
22042122
22042124
22042126

220421/6
22042177
22042178
22042187
22042188
22042189
22042191
22042192
22042192
22042195
22042196
22042197
22042912
22042913
22042917
22042918
22042942
22042943
22042944
22042946
22042947
22042948
22042971
22042972
22042981
22042982
22042987
22042988
22042989
22042991
22042992
22042993
22042995
22042996
22042997
Undenatured ethyl alcohol
22082012
22082012
22082014
22082020
22082027
22082062
22082084
22082087
22083011
22083019
22083032
22083032
22083052
22083052
22083072
22083072
22089041
22089045

Footnotes

- (1) (16/5-15/9)
- (2) (1/6-15/10)
- (3) (1/1-31/5) Excluding Emperor variety
- (4) Emperor variety or (1/6-31/12)
- (5) (1/1-31/3)
- (6) (1/10-31/12)
- (7) (1/4-31/12)
- (8) (1/1-30/9)
- (9) (16/10-31/5)
- (10) (16/9-15/5)
- (11) Under the Agreement on Trade, Development and Co-operation between the European Community and the Republic of South Africa, the annual growth factor (agf) will be applied annually to the relevant basic quantities.
- (12) Under the Agreement on Trade, Development and Co-operation between the European Community and the Republic of South Africa, the full specific duty is payable if the respective Entry Price is not reached.

Appendix 8

Fishery products to which Article 6(5) of this Annex shall temporarily not be applicable

Fish Products (1)

CN code 96

Live fish

Fish, fresh or chilled, excluding fish fillets

Fish, frozen, excluding fish fillets

Fish fillets and other fish meat Pasta, whether or not cooked or stuffed

Fish Products (2)

Live fish

Fish, fresh or chilled, excluding fish fillets

Fish, frozen, excluding fish fillets

Fish fillets and other fish meat

Fish, dried, salted or in brine; smoked fish

Crustaceans, whether in shell or not, live, fresh

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Molluscs, whether in shell or not, live, fresh

Prepared or preserved fish; caviar and caviar substitutes

Crustaceans, molluscs and other aquatic invertebra

Fish Products (3)

Live fish

Fish, fresh or chilled, excluding fish fillets 03021190

Fish, frozen, excluding fish fillets

Fish fillets and other fish meat

Prepared or preserved fish; caviar and caviar substitutes 16041311

Fish Products (4)

Live fish

0,01,,,,0

Fish, fresh or chilled, excluding fish fillets

03023999

03024005
03024098
03025010
03025090
03026110
03026130
03026190
03026198
03026405
03026498
03026925
03026935
03026955
03026961
03026975
03026987
03026991
03026993
03026994
03026995
Fish, frozen, excluding fish fillets
03033190
03033200
03033920
03033930
03033980
03034190
03034290
03034390
03034990
03035005
03035098
03036011
03036019
03036090
03037110
03037130
03037190
03037198
03037410
03037420
03037490
03037700
03037931
03037941
03037955
03037965
03037971
03037975
03037991
03037995

Fish fillets and other fish meat 03041031 03041033

03041094
03041096
03041098
03042045
03042051
03042053
03042075
03042079
03042081
03042085
03042096
03049005
03049020
03049027
03049035
03049038
03049051
03049055
03049061
03049065

Fish, dried, salted or in brine; smoked fish

Crustaceans, whether in shell or not, live, fresh

Prepared or preserved fish; caviar and caviar substitutes

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Fish Products (5)

Fish, fresh or chilled, excluding fish fillets

Fish, frozen, excluding fish fillets

Fish fillets and other fish meat

Prepared or preserved fish; caviar and caviar substitutes

Appendix 9

Neighbouring developing countries

For the implementation of Article 6(13) of this Annex, the expression 'neighbouring developing country belonging to a coherent geographical entity' shall refer to the following list of countries:

Africa: Algeria, Egypt, Libya, Morocco, Tunisia;

Caribbean: Colombia, Costa Rica, Cuba, El Salvador, Guatemala, Honduras, Nicaragua, Panama, Venezuela.

Appendix 10

Products for which the cumulation provisions referred to in Articles 2(2), 6(1) and 6(2) of this Annex apply after 1 October 2015 and to which the provisions of Articles 6(5), 6(9) and 6(12) of this Annex shall not be applicable

CN-Code	Description
1701	Cane or beet sugar and chemically pure sucrose, in solid form.
1702	Other sugars, including chemically pure lactose, maltose, glucose and fructose, in solid form; suga syrups not containing added flavouring or colouring matter; artificial honey, whether or not mixed with natural honey; caramel.
1704 90 99	Sugar confectionery (including white chocolate), not containing cocoa: - other: other: other: other: other:
1806 10 30	Chocolate and other food preparations containing cocoa: - cocoa powder, containing added sugar or other sweetening matter: containing 65 % or more but less than 80 % by weight of sucrose (including invert suga expressed as sucrose) or isoglucose expressed as sucrose
1806 10 90	Chocolate and other food preparations containing cocoa: - cocoa powder, containing added sugar or other sweetening matter: - containing 80 % or more by weight of sucrose (including invert sugar expressed as sucrose or isoglucose expressed as sucrose
1806 20 95	Chocolate and other food preparations containing cocoa: - other preparations in blocks, slabs or bars weighing more than 2 kg or in liquid, paste, powder granular or other bulk form in containers or immediate packings, of a content exceeding 2 kg: other: other
1901 90 99	Malt extract, food preparations of flour, groats, meal, starch or malt extract, nit containing coco or containing less than 40 % by weight of cocoa calculated on a totally defatted basis, not else where specified or included, food preparations of goods of headings 0401 to 0404, not contain ing cocoa or containing less than 5 % by weight of cocoa calculated on a totally defatted basis not elsewhere specified or included: - other: other: other
2101 12 98	 Extracts, essences and concentrates, of coffee, tea or maté and preparations with a basis of thes products or with a basis of coffee, tea or maté; roasted chicory and other roasted coffee substitutes, and extracts, essences and concentrates thereof: – extracts, essences and concentrates, of coffee, and preparations with a basis of these extracts essences or concentrates or with a basis of coffee: – preparations with a basis of these extracts, essences or concentrates or with a basis of coffee – other
2101 20 98	 Extracts, essences and concentrates, of coffee, tea or maté and preparations with a basis of thes products or with a basis of coffee, tea or maté; roasted chicory and other roasted coffee substitutes, and extracts, essences and concentrates thereof: – extracts, essences and concentrates, of tea or maté, and preparations with a basis of thes extracts, essences or concentrates, or with a basis of tea or maté: – preparations: – – other

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CN-Code	Description
2106 90 59	Food preparations not elsewhere specified or included:
	– other:
	flavoured or coloured sugar syrups:
	other:
	other
2106 90 98	Food preparations not elsewhere specified or included:
	– other:
	– – other:
	other
3302 10 29	Mixtures of odoriferous substances and mixtures (including alcoholic solutions) with a basis of one or more of these substances, of a kind used as raw materials in industry; other preparations based on odoriferous substances, of a kind used for the manufacture of beverages:
	- of a kind used in the food or drink industries:
	of the type used in the drink industries:
	preparations containing all flavouring agents characterising a beverage:
	other:
	other

Appendix 11

Products for which the cumulation provisions referred to in Articles 2(2), 6(1) and 6(2) of this Annex apply after 1 January 2010 and to which the provisions of Articles 6(5), 6(9) and 6(12) of this Annex shall not be applicable

CN-Code	Description
ex 1006	Rice other than rice under code 1006 10 10

Appendix 12

Overseas Countries and Territories

Within the meaning of this Annex 'overseas countries and territories' shall mean the countries and territories referred to in Part Four of the Treaty establishing the European Community listed below:

(This list does not prejudge the status of these countries and territories, or future changes in their status.)

- 1. Country having special relations with the Kingdom of Denmark:
 - Greenland.
- 2. Overseas territories of the French Republic:
 - New Caledonia and Dependencies,
 - French Polynesia,
 - French Southern and Antarctic Territories,
 - Wallis and Futuna Islands.
- 3. Territorial collectivities of the French Republic:
 - Mayotte,
 - Saint Pierre and Miquelon.
- 4. Overseas countries of the Kingdom of the Netherlands:
 - Aruba,
 - Netherlands Antilles:
 - Bonaire,
 - Curaçao,
 - Saba,
 - Sint Eustatius,
 - Sint Maarten.
- 5. British overseas countries and territories:
 - Anguilla,
 - Cayman Islands,
 - Falkland Islands,
 - South Georgia and South Sandwich Islands,
 - Montserrat,
 - Pitcairn,
 - Saint Helena, Ascension Island, Tristan da Cunha,
 - British Antarctic Territory,
 - British Indian Ocean Territory,
 - Turks and Caicos Islands,
 - British Virgin Islands.