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COMMISSION REGULATION (EC) No 2074/2005

of 5 December 2005

laying down implementing measures for certain products under Regulation (EC) No 853/2004 of the European Parliament and of the Council and for the organisation of official controls under Regulation (EC) No 854/2004 of the European Parliament and of the Council, derogating from Regulation (EC) No 852/2004 of the European Parliament and of the Council, derogating from Regulation (EC) No 852/2004 of the European Parliament and of the Council and amending Regulations (EC) No 853/2004 and (EC) No 854/2004

(Text with EEA relevance)

(OJ L 338, 22.12.2005, p. 27)

Amended by:

<u>B</u>

Official Journal

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►<u>M1</u> Commission Regulation (EC) No 1664/2006 of 6 November 2006 L 320 13 18.11.2006

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(Text with EEA relevance)

THE COMMISSION OF THE EUROPEAN COMMUNITIES,

Having regard to the Treaty establishing the European Community,

Having regard to Regulation (EC) No 852/2004 of the European Parliament and of the Council of 29 April 2004 on the hygiene of foodstuffs (1), and in particular Article 13(2) thereof,

Having regard to Regulation (EC) No 853/2004 of the European Parliament and of the Council of 29 April 2004 laying down specific hygiene rules for food of animal origin (2), and in particular Articles 9, 10 and 11 thereof,

Having regard to Regulation (EC) No 854/2004 of the European Parliament and of the Council of 29 April 2004 laying down specific rules for the organisation of official controls on products of animal origin intended for human consumption (3), and in particular Articles 16, 17 and 18 thereof,

Having regard to Regulation (EC) No 882/2004 of the European Parliament and of the Council of 29 April 2004 on official controls performed to ensure the compliance with feed and food law, animal health and animal welfare rules (4), and in particular Article 63 thereof,

Whereas:

- (1) Regulation (EC) No 853/2004 lays down specific requirements concerning hygiene rules for food of animal origin. It is necessary to lay down certain implementing measures for meat, live bivalve molluscs, fishery products, milk, eggs, frogs' legs and snails, and processed products thereof.
- (2) Regulation (EC) No 854/2004 lays down specific rules for the organisation of official controls on products of animal origin intended for human consumption. It is necessary to develop certain rules and further specify other requirements.
- (3) Regulation (EC) No 882/2004 establishes at Community level a harmonised framework of general rules for the organisation of official controls. It is necessary to develop certain rules and further specify other requirements.
- (4) Commission Decision 20XX/2005/EC (5) repeals certain Decisions implementing measures provided for in the Directives repealed by Directive 2004/41/EC of the European Parliament and of the Council of 21 April 2004 repealing certain Directives concerning food hygiene and health conditions for the production and placing on the market of certain products of animal origin

⁽¹⁾ OJ L 139, 30.4.2004, p. 1. Corrected by OJ L 226, 25.6.2004, p. 3.

⁽²⁾ OJ L 139, 30.4.2004, p. 55. Corrected by OJ L 226, 25.6.2004, p. 22.

⁽³⁾ OJ L 139, 30.4.2004, p. 206. Corrected by OJ L 226, 25.6.2004, p. 83.

⁽⁴⁾ OJ L 165, 30.4.2004, p. 1. Corrected by OJ L 191, 28.5.2004, p. 1.

⁽⁵⁾ Not yet published in the Official Journal.

- intended for human consumption and amending Council Directives 89/662/EEC and 92/118/EEC and Council Decision 95/408/EC (¹). Certain parts of the relevant Decisions should therefore be retained in this Regulation.
- (5) Regulation (EC) No 852/2004 requires the food business operator to keep and retain records and on request to make relevant information in these records available to the competent authority and receiving food business operator.
- (6) Regulation (EC) No 853/2004 also requires the slaughterhouse operator to request, receive, check and act upon the food chain information for all animals, other than wild game, sent or intended to be sent to the slaughterhouse. In addition, he should make sure the food chain information provides all the details required under Regulation (EC) No 853/2004.
- (7) The food chain information assists the slaughterhouse operator to organise slaughter operations and assists the official veterinarian to determine the required inspection procedures. The food chain information should be analysed by the official veterinarian and used as an integral part of the inspection procedures.
- (8) Existing systems for information flow should be used as much as possible and adapted to comply with the requirements for the food chain information laid down in Regulation (EC) No 854/2004.
- (9) In order to improve animal management at holding level and in accordance with Regulation (EC) No 854/2004, the official veter-inarian should record and, if necessary, communicate, to the food business operator of the holding of provenance and to any veter-inarian attending the holding of provenance or any competent authority involved, any disease or condition observed at the slaughterhouse in respect of individual animals or the herd/flock and which may affect public or animal health or endanger animal welfare.
- (10) Regulations (EC) Nos 853/2004 and 854/2004 set out the requirements governing parasite checks during handling of fishery products on shore and on board vessels. It is up to food business operators to carry out their own checks at all stages in the production of fishery products in accordance with the rules in Chapter V(D) of Section VIII of Annex III to Regulation (EC) No 853/2004 so that fish which are obviously infested with parasites are not released for human consumption. The adoption of detailed rules relating to visual inspections calls for the concepts of visible parasites and visual inspection to be defined and the type and frequency of the observations to be determined.
- (11) The checks provided for in Regulation (EC) No 853/2004 to prevent fishery products which are unfit for human consumption from being placed on the market may comprise certain chemical checks, including checks of total volatile basic nitrogen (TVB-N). It is necessary to set levels of TVB-N that are not to be exceeded in the case of certain species categories and to specify the analysis methods to be used. The analysis methods that are scientifically recognised for checking TVB-N should continue to be used as a matter of routine, but a reference method should be specified for use where there is doubt regarding the results or in the event of dispute.
- (12) The limits for Paralytic Shellfish Poison (PSP), Amnesic Shellfish Poison (ASP) and lipophilic toxins are laid down in Regulation (EC) No 853/2004. Bioassays are the reference method for detecting certain toxins and preventing toxic shellfish from

being harvested. Maximum levels and methods of analysis should be harmonised and implemented by the Member States to protect human health. In addition to biological testing methods, alternative detection methods, such as chemical methods and in vitro assays, should be allowed if it is demonstrated that the performance of the chosen methods is at least as effective as the biological method and that their implementation provides an equivalent level of public health protection. The proposed maximum levels for lipophilic toxins are based on provisional data and should be reassessed once new scientific evidence becomes available. A lack of reference material and the sole use of non-bioassay tests currently means that the level of public health protection provided in respect of all toxins specified is not equivalent to that afforded by biological tests. Provision should be made for the replacement of biological tests as soon as possible.

- (13) Mechanically separated meat (MSM) produced using techniques that do not alter the structure of the bones used in the production of MSM should be treated as different from MSM produced using techniques that alter the structure of the bones.
- (14) MSM of the former type produced under specified conditions and of a specified composition should be permitted in meat preparations that are clearly not intended to be consumed without first undergoing heat treatment. These conditions are linked in particular to the calcium content of MSM, which should be specified in accordance with Article 11(2) of Regulation (EC) No 853/2004. An adjustment should be made to the specified maximum calcium content set in this Regulation once detailed information is available on variations occurring where different types of raw material are used.
- (15) Article 31(2)(f) of Regulation (EC) No 882/2004 provides for Member States to maintain up-to-date lists of approved establishments. A common framework should be laid down for the presentation of relevant information to other Member States and to the public.
- (16) Section XI of Annex III to Regulation (EC) No 853/2004 sets out the requirements governing the preparation of frogs' legs and snails intended for human consumption. Specific requirements, including model health certificates, should also be laid down for imports from third countries of frogs' legs and snails intended for human consumption.
- (17) Sections XIV and XV of Annex III to Regulation (EC) No 853/2004 lay down rules on the production and placing on the market of gelatine and collagen intended for human consumption. Specific requirements, including model health certificates, should also be laid down for imports from third countries of gelatine and collagen and raw materials for the production of gelatine and collagen intended for human consumption.
- (18) Flexibility is needed so foods with traditional characteristics can continue to be produced. Member States have already granted derogations for a wide range of such foods under the legislation in force before 1 January 2006. Food business operators should be able to continue without interruption to apply existing practices after that date. A procedure allowing Member States to exercise flexibility is provided for in Regulations (EC) No 852/2004, (EC) No 853/2004 and (EC) No 854/2004. However, in most cases where derogations have already been granted it is only a question of continuing established practices, so applying a full notification procedure, including a complete hazard analysis, may place an unnecessary and disproportionate burden on the Member States. Foods with traditional characteristics should therefore be defined and general conditions applicable to such

- foods should be laid down, by way of derogation from the structural requirements laid down in Regulation (EC) No 852/2004, with due regard to food health objectives.
- (19) Since Regulations (EC) Nos 853/2004 and 854/2004 were adopted before the accession on 1 May 2004, they did not refer to the new Member States. The ISO codes for those Member States and the abbreviations for the European Community in their languages should therefore be added to the relevant provisions of those Regulations.
- (20) Section I of Annex III to Regulation (EC) No 853/2004 lays down rules on the production and placing on the market of meat from domestic ungulates. Exceptions to the complete skinning of the carcase and other parts of the body intended for human consumption are set out in Chapter IV, point 8 of that Section. Provision should be made to extend these exceptions to feet from adult bovine animals, provided they comply with the same conditions as those applying to feet of calves.
- (21) Certain practices can mislead the consumer regarding the composition of certain products. In particular in order not to disappoint consumer expectations, the sale as fresh meat of poultrymeat treated with water retention agents should be banned.
- (22) The opinion of the European Food Safety Authority adopted on 30 August 2004 has demonstrated that fishery products belonging to the family of *Gempylidae*, in particular *Ruvettus pretiosus* and *Lepidocybium flavobrunneum*, may have adverse gastrointestinal effects if consumed under certain conditions. The fishery products belonging to this family should therefore be subjected to marketing conditions.
- (23) Section IX of Annex III to Regulation (EC) No 853/2004 lays down specific hygiene rules for raw milk and dairy products. According to Part II (B)(1)(e) of Chapter I, teat dips or other udder cleaning products may be used only if they have been approved by the competent authority. However, no detailed authorisation scheme is provided in this Part. It is therefore necessary, in order to ensure a harmonised approach by Member States, to clarify the procedures under which such authorisations should be given.
- (24) Regulation (EC) No 853/2004 requires food business operators to ensure that heat treatments used to process raw milk and dairy products should conform to an internationally recognised standard. However, owing to the specificity of certain heat treatments used in this sector and their impact on food safety and animal health, clearer guidance should be given to food business operators in this regard.
- (25) Regulation (EC) No 853/2004 introduces a new definition to cover products derived from eggs that, after removal of the shell, have not yet been processed. It is, therefore, necessary to clarify the rules applying to those products and amend Section X, Chapter II of Annex III to Regulation (EC) No 853/2004 accordingly.
- (26) Section XIV of Annex III to Regulation (EC) No 853/2004 lays down specific health rules for gelatine. These rules include requirements covering the type of raw materials that may be used to produce gelatine and the transport and storage of such materials. They also lay down specifications applicable to the manufacture of gelatine. However, the rules applying to labelling of gelatine should also be laid down.
- (27) Scientific progress has led to the establishment of ISO 16649-3 as an agreed reference method for analysis of *E. coli* in bivalve molluscs. This reference method is already established for live bivalve molluscs from areas A in accordance with Commission

Regulation (EC) No 2073/2005 on microbiological criteria for foodstuffs (¹). Consequently, ISO 16649-3 should be specified as the reference MPN (most probable number) method for analysis of *E. coli* in bivalve molluscs originating in areas B and C too. The use of alternative methods should be allowed only where they are considered equivalent to the reference method.

- (28) Regulations (EC) Nos 853/2004 and 854/2004 should therefore be amended accordingly.
- (29) The measures provided for in this Regulation are in accordance with the opinion of the Standing Committee on the Food Chain and Animal Health,

HAS ADOPTED THIS REGULATION:

Article 1

Requirements concerning food chain information for the purpose of Regulations (EC) Nos 853/2004 and 854/2004

Requirements concerning food chain information as referred to in Section III of Annex II to Regulation (EC) No 853/2004 and in Chapter II (A) of Section I of Annex I to Regulation (EC) No 854/2004 are set out in Annex I to this Regulation.

Article 2

Requirements concerning fishery products for the purpose of Regulations (EC) Nos 853/2004 and 854/2004

Requirements concerning fishery products as referred to in Article 11(9) of Regulation (EC) No 853/2004 and Article 18(14) and (15) of Regulation (EC) No 854/2004 are set out in Annex II to this Regulation.

Article 3

Recognised testing methods for marine biotoxins for the purpose of Regulations (EC) Nos 853/2004 and 854/2004

The recognised testing methods for detecting marine biotoxins as referred to in Article 11(4) of Regulation (EC) No 853/2004 and Article 18(13)(a) of Regulation (EC) No 854/2004 are as set out in Annex III to this Regulation.

Article 4

Calcium content of mechanically separated meat for the purpose of Regulation (EC) No 853/2004

The calcium content of mechanically separated meat as referred to in Article 11(2) of Regulation (EC) No 853/2004 is as set out in Annex IV to this Regulation.

⁽¹⁾ See page 1 of this Official Journal.

Article 5

Lists of establishments for the purpose of Regulation (EC) No 882/2004

Requirements concerning the lists of establishments as referred to in Article 31(2)(f) of Regulation (EC) No 882/2004 are set out in Annex V to this Regulation.

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Article 6

Model health certificates for imports of certain products of animal origin for the purpose of Regulation (EC) No 853/2004

The model health certificates, as referred to in Article 6(1)(d) of Regulation (EC) No 853/2004, to be used when importing products of animal origin listed in Annex VI to this Regulation are as set out in that Annex VI.

Article 6a

Testing methods for raw milk and heat-treated milk

The analytical methods set out in Annex VIa to this Regulation shall be used by the competent authorities, and, where appropriate, by food business operators, to check compliance with the limits laid down in Annex III, Section IX, Chapter I, Part III to Regulation (EC) No 853/2004 and to ensure appropriate application of a pasteurisation process to dairy products as referred to in Annex III, Section IX, Chapter II, Part II to that Regulation.

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Article 7

Derogation from Regulation (EC) No 852/2004 for foods with traditional characteristics

- 1. For the purposes of this Regulation, 'foods with traditional characteristics' means foods that, in the Member State in which they are traditionally manufactured, are:
- (a) recognised historically as traditional products, or
- (b) manufactured according to codified or registered technical references to the traditional process, or according to traditional production methods, or
- (c) protected as traditional food products by a Community, national, regional or local law.
- 2. Member States may grant establishments manufacturing foods with traditional characteristics individual or general derogations from the requirements set out in:
- (a) Chapter II(1) of Annex II to Regulation (EC) No 852/2004 as regards the premises where such products are exposed to an environment necessary for the part-development of their characteristics. Such premises may in particular comprise walls, ceilings and doors that are not smooth, impervious, non-absorbent or of corrosionresistant material and natural geological walls, ceilings and floors;
- (b) Chapter II(1)(f) and Chapter V(1) of Annex II to Regulation (EC) No 852/2004 as regards the type of materials of which the instruments and the equipment used specifically for the preparation, packaging and wrapping of these products are made.

The cleaning and disinfecting measures for the premises referred in (a) and the frequency with which they are carried out shall be adapted to the activity in order to take account of their specific ambient flora.

The instruments and equipment referred to in (b) shall be maintained at all times in a satisfactory state of hygiene and be regularly cleaned and disinfected.

- 3. Member States granting the derogations provided for in paragraph 2 shall notify the Commission and the other Member States of this no later than 12 months after granting individual or general derogations. Each notification shall:
- (a) provide a short description of the requirements that have been adapted;
- (b) describe the foodstuffs and establishments concerned; and
- (c) give any other relevant information.

Article 8

Amendments to Regulation (EC) No 853/2004

Annexes II and III to Regulation (EC) No 853/2004 are amended in accordance with Annex VII to this Regulation.

Article 9

Amendments to Regulation (EC) No 854/2004

Annexes I, II and III to Regulation (EC) No 854/2004 are amended in accordance with Annex VIII to this Regulation.

Article 10

Entry into force and applicability

This Regulation shall enter into force on the twentieth day following that of its publication in the Official Journal of the European Union.

It shall apply from 1 January 2006, except for Chapters II and III of Annex V, which shall apply from 1 January 2007.

This Regulation shall be binding in its entirety and directly applicable in all Member States.

ANNEX I

FOOD CHAIN INFORMATION

SECTION I

OBLIGATIONS ON FOOD BUSINESS OPERATORS

Food business operators raising animals dispatched for slaughter shall ensure that the food chain information referred to in to Regulation (EC) No 853/2004 is included as appropriate in the documentation relating to the animals dispatched in such a way as to be accessible to the slaughterhouse operator concerned.

SECTION II

OBLIGATIONS ON COMPETENT AUTHORITIES

CHAPTER I

PROVISION OF FOOD CHAIN INFORMATION

- The competent authority at the place of dispatch shall inform the dispatching food business operator of the minimum elements of food chain information to be supplied to the slaughterhouse in accordance with Section III of Annex II to Regulation (EC) No 853/2004.
- 2. The competent authority at the place of slaughter shall verify that:
 - the food chain information is consistently and effectively communicated between the food business operator who raised or kept the animals before dispatch and the slaughterhouse operator;
 - (b) the food chain information is valid and reliable;
 - (c) feedback of relevant information to the holding, if applicable, is provided.
- 3. Where animals are dispatched for slaughter to another Member State, the competent authorities at the place of dispatch and the place of slaughter shall cooperate to ensure that the information provided by the dispatching food business operator is easily accessible to the slaughterhouse operator receiving it.

CHAPTER II

FEEDBACK TO HOLDING OF PROVENANCE

- The official veterinarian may use the model document laid down in Appendix I for the relevant inspection results that must be communicated to the holding where the animals were raised before slaughter in the same Member State in accordance with Chapter I of Section II of Annex I to Regulation (EC) No 854/2004.
- 2. The competent authority is responsible for communicating the relevant inspection results in cases where the animals are raised on a holding in another Member State and must use a version of the model document laid down in the Appendix in both the language of the dispatching country and the language of the recipient country.

Appendix to Annex I

MODEL DOCUMENT

1.1.	holding	of	provenance	(e.g.	owner

Identification details

manager)

full address

name/number

telephone number

1.2. identification numbers (attach separate list)

total number of animals (by species)

identification problems (if any)

- 1.3. herd/flock/cage identification (if applicable)
- 1.4. animal species
- 1.5. reference number of health certificate

2. Ante-mortem findings

2.1. welfare

number of animals affected

type/class/age

observations (e.g. tail-biting)

- 2.2. animals were delivered dirty
- 2.3. clinical findings (disease)

number of animals affected

type/class/age

observations

date of inspection

2.4. laboratory results (1)

⁽¹⁾ Microbiological, chemical, serological, etc. (include results as attached).

3. Post-mortem findings

3.1. (macroscopic) findings

number of animals affected

type/class/age

organ or site of animal(s) affected

date of slaughter

3.2. disease (codes can be used (1)

number of animals affected

type/class/age

organ or site of the animal(s) affected

partially or totally condemned carcase (give

date of slaughter

- 3.3. laboratory results (2)
- 3.4. other results (e.g. parasites, foreign objects, etc
- 3.5. welfare findings (e.g. broken legs)

4. Additional information

5. Contact details

5.1. slaughterhouse (approval number)

name

full address

telephone number

5.2. electronic address if available

6. Official veterinarian (print name)

signature and stamp

- 7. Date
- 8. Number of pages attached to this form:

⁽¹) The competent authorities may introduce the following codes: Code A for OIE-listed diseases; codes B100 and B200 for welfare issues (Chapter II(C) of Section I of Annex I to Regulation (EC) No 854/2004) and C100 to C290 for decisions concerning meat (Chapter V(1)(a) to (u) of Section II of Annex I to Regulation (EC) No 854/2004). The coding system can, if necessary, include further subdivisions (e.g. C141 for a mild generalised disease, C142 for a more severe disease, etc.). If codes are used, they should be readily available to the food business operator with a suitable explanation of their meaning.

⁽²⁾ Microbiological, chemical, serological, etc. (include results as attached).

ANNEX II

FISHERY PRODUCTS

SECTION I

OBLIGATIONS ON FOOD BUSINESS OPERATORS

This Section lays down detailed rules relating to visual inspections to detect parasites in fishery products.

CHAPTER I

DEFINITIONS

- 'Visible parasite' means a parasite or a group of parasites which has a dimension, colour or texture which is clearly distinguishable from fish tissues
- 'Visual inspection' means non-destructive examination of fish or fishery products with or without optical means of magnifying and under good light conditions for human vision, including, if necessary, candling.
- 'Candling' means, in respect of flat fish or fish fillets, holding up fish to a light in a darkened room to detect parasites.

CHAPTER II

VISUAL INSPECTION

- 1. Visual inspection shall be performed on a representative number of samples. The persons in charge of establishments on land and qualified persons on board factory vessels shall determine the scale and frequency of the inspections by reference to the type of fishery products, their geographical origin and their use. During production, visual inspection of eviscerated fish must be carried out by qualified persons on the abdominal cavity and livers and roes intended for human consumption. Depending on the system of gutting used, the visual inspection must be carried out:
 - (a) in the case of manual evisceration, in a continuous manner by the handler at the time of evisceration and washing;
 - (b) in the case of mechanical evisceration, by sampling carried out on a representative number of samples being not less than 10 fish per batch.
- 2. The visual inspection of fish fillets or fish slices must be carried out by qualified persons during trimming and after filleting or slicing. Where an individual examination is not possible because of the size of the fillets or the filleting operations, a sampling plan must be drawn up and kept available for the competent authority in accordance with Chapter II(4) of Section VIII of Annex III to Regulation (EC) No 853/2004. Where candling of fillets is necessary from a technical viewpoint, it must be included in the sampling plan.

SECTION II

OBLIGATIONS ON THE COMPETENT AUTHORITIES

CHAPTER I

TOTAL VOLATILE BASIC NITROGEN (TVB-N) LIMIT VALUES FOR CERTAIN CATEGORIES OF FISHERY PRODUCTS AND ANALYSIS METHODS TO BE USED

- Unprocessed fishery products belonging to the species categories listed in Chapter II shall be regarded as unfit for human consumption where organoleptic assessment has raised doubts as to their freshness and chemical checks reveal that the following TVB-N limits are exceeded:
 - (a) 25 mg of nitrogen/100 g of flesh for the species referred to in point 1 of Chapter II;
 - (b) 30 mg of nitrogen/100 g of flesh for the species referred to in point 2 of Chapter II

(c) 35 mg of nitrogen/100 g of flesh for the species referred to in point 3 of Chapter II.

The reference method to be used for checking the TVB-N limit involves distilling an extract deproteinised by perchloric acid as set out in Chapter III.

- 2. Distillation as referred to in point 1 must be performed using apparatus which complies with the diagram in Chapter IV.
- The routine methods which may be used to check the TVB-N limit are as follows:
 - microdiffusion method described by Conway and Byrne (1933),
 - direct distillation method described by Antonacopoulos (1968),
 - distillation of an extract deproteinised by trichloracetic acid (Codex Alimentarius Committee on Fish and Fishery Products (1968).
- 4. The sample must consist of about 100 g of flesh, taken from at least three different points and mixed together by grinding.

Member States shall recommend that official laboratories use, as a matter of routine, the reference method referred to above. Where the results are dubious or in the event of dispute regarding the results of analysis performed by one of the routine methods, only the reference method may be used to check the results.

CHAPTER II

SPECIES CATEGORIES FOR WHICH TVB-N LIMIT VALUES ARE FIXED

- 1. Sebastes spp., Helicolenus dactylopterus, Sebastichthys capensis.
- Species belonging to the *Pleuronectidae* family (with the exception of halibut: *Hippoglossus* spp.).
- 3. Salmo salar, species belonging to the Merlucciidae family, species belonging to the Gadidae family.

CHAPTER III

DETERMINATION OF THE CONCENTRATION OF TVB-N IN FISH AND FISHERY PRODUCTS

Reference procedure

1. Purpose and area of application

This method describes a reference procedure for identifying the nitrogen concentration of TVB-N in fish and fishery products. This procedure is applicable at TVB-N concentrations of 5 mg/100 g to at least 100 mg/100 g.

2. Definition

'TVB-N concentration' means the nitrogen content of volatile nitrogenous bases as determined by the procedure described.

The concentration shall be expressed in mg/100 g.

3. Brief description

The volatile nitrogenous bases are extracted from a sample using a solution of 0,6 mol perchloric acid. After alkalinisation the extract undergoes steam distillation and the volatile base components are absorbed by an acid receiver. The TVB-N concentration is determined by titration of the absorbed bases.

4. Chemicals

Unless otherwise indicated, reagent-grade chemicals should be used. The water used must be either distilled or demineralised and of at least the same purity. Unless otherwise indicated, 'solution' means an aqueous solution as follows:

- (a) perchloric acid solution = 6 g/100 ml;
- (b) sodium hydroxide solution = 20 g/100 ml;

(c) hydrochloric acid standard solution 0,05 mol/l ((0,05 N),

Note: When using an automatic distillation apparatus, titration should take place with a hydrochloric acid standard solution of 0,01 mol/l ((0,01 N);

- (d) boric acid solution = 3 g/100 ml;
- (e) silicone anti-foaming agent;
- (f) phenolphtalein solution = 1 g/100 ml 95 % ethanol;
- (g) indicator solution (Tashiro Mixed Indicator) 2 g methyl-red and 1 g methylene-blue are dissolved in 1 000 ml 95 % ethanol.

5. Instruments and accessories

- (a) A meat grinder to produce a sufficiently homogenous fish mince.
- (b) High-speed blender with a speed of between 8 000 and 45 000 revolutions/min.
- (c) Fluted filter, diameter 150 mm, quick-filtering.
- (d) Burette, 5 ml, graduated to 0,01 ml.
- (e) Apparatus for steam distillation. The apparatus must be able to regulate various amounts of steam and produce a constant amount of steam over a given period of time. It must ensure that during the addition of alkalising substances the resulting free bases cannot escape.

6. Execution

Warning: When working with perchloric acid, which is strongly corrosive, necessary caution and preventive measures should be taken. The samples should, if at all possible, be prepared as soon as possible after their arrival, in accordance with the following instructions:

(a) Preparing the sample

The sample to be analysed should be ground carefully using a meat grinder as described in point 5(a). Exactly $10 \text{ g} \pm 0.1 \text{ g}$ of the ground sample is weighed out into a suitable container. This is mixed with 90.0 m perchloric acid solution as specified in point 4(a), homogenised for two minutes with a blender as described in point 5(b), and then filtered.

The extract thereby obtained can be kept for at least seven days at a temperature of between approximately 2 °C and 6 °C;

(b) Steam distillation

50,0 ml of the extract obtained in accordance with point (a) is put into an apparatus for steam distillation as described in point 5(e). For a later check on the extract's alkalinisation, several drops of phenolphtalein as specified in point 4(f) are added. After adding a few drops of silicone anti-foaming agent, 6,5 ml of sodium hydroxide solution as specified in point 4(b) is added to the extract and steam distillation begins immediately.

The steam distillation is regulated so that around 100 ml of distillate is produced in 10 minutes. The distillation outflow tube is submerged in a receiver with 100 ml boric acid solution as specified in point 4(d), to which three to five drops of the indicator solution as described in point 4 (g) have been added. After exactly 10 minutes, distillation is ended. The distillation outflow tube is removed from the receiver and washed out with water. The volatile bases contained in the receiver solution are determined by titration with standard hydrochloric solution as specified in point 4(c).

The pH of the end point should be $5,0\pm0,1$.

(c) Titration

Duplicate analyses are required. The applied method is correct if the difference between the duplicates is not greater than $2\ mg/100\ g$.

(d) Blank

A blind test is carried out as described in point (b). Instead of the extract, 50,0 ml perchloric acid solution as specified in point 4(a) is used.

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7. Calculation of TVB-N

By titration of the receiver solution with hydrochloric acid as in point 4(c), the TVB-N concentration is calculated using the following equation:

$$TVB - N \; (expressed \; in \; mg/100 \; g \; sample) \; = \; \frac{(V_1 - V_0) \; \times 0, 14 \; \times 2 \; \times 100}{M}$$

 V_1 = Volume of 0,01 mol hydrochloric acid solution in ml for sample

 V_0 = Volume of 0,01 mol hydrochloric acid solution in ml for blank

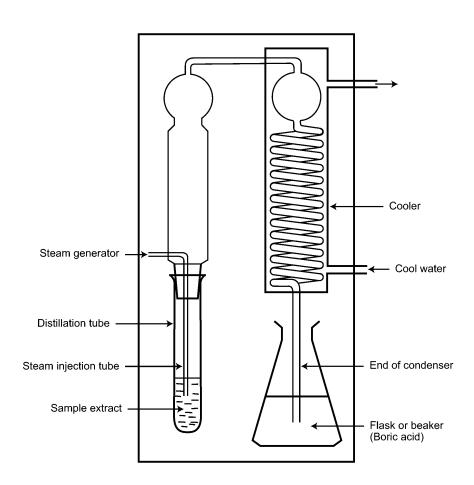
M = Weight of sample in g.

Remarks

- Duplicate analyses are required. The applied method is correct if the difference between duplicates is not greater than 2 mg/100 g.
- 2. Check the equipment by distilling solutions of NH₄Cl equivalent to 50 mg TVB-N/100 g.
- 3. Standard deviation of reproducibility $S_r=1,20~mg/100~g$. Standard deviation of comparability $S_R=2,50mg/100~g$.

CHAPTER IV

TVB-N STEAM DISTILLATION APPARATUS



ANNEX III

RECOGNISED TESTING METHODS FOR DETECTING MARINE BIOTOXINS

The following analytical methods shall be used by the competent authorities to check compliance with the limits laid down in Chapter V(2) of Section VII of Annex III to Regulation (EC) No 853/2004 and, where appropriate, by food business operators.

In accordance with Article 7(2) and (3) of Council Directive 86/609/EEC (1), elements of replacement, refinement and reduction must be taken into account when biological methods are used.

▼<u>M1</u>

CHAPTER I

PARALYTIC SHELLFISH POISON (PSP) DETECTION METHOD

- The paralytic shellfish poison (PSP) content of edible parts of molluscs (the whole body or any part edible separately) must be detected in accordance with the biological testing method or any other internationally recognised method. The so-called Lawrence method may also be used as an alternative method for the detection of those toxins as published in AOAC Official Method 2005.06 (Paralytic Shellfish Poisoning Toxins in Shellfish).
- If the results are challenged, the reference method shall be the biological method.
- 3. Points 1 and 2 will be reviewed in light of the successful completion of the harmonisation of the implementing steps of the Lawrence method by the Community Reference Laboratory for marine biotoxins.

▼B

CHAPTER II

AMNESIC SHELLFISH POISON (ASP) DETECTION METHOD

The total content of amnesic shellfish poison (ASP) of edible parts of molluscs (the entire body or any part edible separately) must be detected using the high-performance liquid chromatography (HPLC) method or any other recognised method.

If the results are challenged, the reference method shall be the HPLC method.

CHAPTER III

LIPOPHILIC TOXIN DETECTION METHODS

A. Biological methods

- 1. A series of mouse bioassay procedures, differing in the test portion (hepatopancreas or whole body) and in the solvents used for extraction and purification, may be used for detecting marine toxins as referred to in Chapter V(2)(c), (d) and (e) of Section VII of Annex III, to Regulation (EC) No 853/2004. Sensitivity and selectivity depend on the choice of solvents used for extraction and purification and this should be taken into account when a decision is made on the method to be used in order to cover the full range of toxins.
- 2. A single mouse bioassay involving acetone extraction may be used to detect okadaic acid, dinophysistoxins, pectenotoxins and yessotoxins. This assay may be supplemented, if necessary, with liquid/liquid partition steps with ethyl acetate/water or dichloromethane/water to remove potential interferences. Azaspiracid detection at regulatory levels by means of this procedure shall involve the use of the whole body as the test portion.
- 3. Three mice shall be used for each test. Where two out of three mice die within 24 hours of inoculation with an extract equivalent to 5 g hepatopancreas or 25 g whole body, this shall be considered a positive result for the presence of one or more toxins as referred to in Chapter V(2)(c),

- (d) and (e) of Section VII of Annex III to Regulation (EC) No 853/2004 at levels above those laid down.
- 4. A mouse bioassay with acetone extraction followed by liquid/liquid partition with diethylether may be used to detect okadaic acid, dinophysistoxins, pectenotoxins and azaspiracids but it cannot be used to detect yessotoxins as losses of these toxins may take place during the partition step. Three mice shall be used for each test. Where two out of three mice die within 24 hours of inoculation with an extract equivalent to 5 g hepatopancreas or 25 g whole body, this shall be considered a positive result for the presence of okadaic acid, dinophysistoxins, pectenotoxins and azaspiracids at levels above those laid down in Chapter V(2)(c) and (e) of Section VII of Annex III to Regulation (EC) No 853/2004.
- 5. A rat bioassay may be used to detect okadaic acid, dinophysistoxins and azaspiracids. Three rats shall be used for each test. A diarrhetic response in any of the three rats shall be considered a positive result for the presence of okadaic acid, dinophysistoxins and azaspiracids at levels above those laid down in Chapter V(2)(c) and (e) of Section VII of Annex III to Regulation (EC) No 853/2004.

B. Alternative detection methods

- 1. A series of methods, such as high-performance liquid chromatography (HPLC) with fluorimetric detection, liquid chromatography (LC), mass spectrometry (MS), immunoassays and functional assays, such as the phosphatase inhibition assay, shall be used as alternatives or supplementary to the biological testing methods, provided that either alone or combined they can detect at least the following analogues, that they are not less effective than the biological methods and that their implementation provides an equivalent level of public health protection:
 - okadaic acid and dinophysistoxins: a hydrolysis step may be required to detect the presence of DTX3,
 - pectenotoxins: PTX1 and PTX2,
 - yessotoxins: YTX, 45 OH YTX, homo YTX, and 45 OH homo YTX.
 - azaspiracids: AZA1, AZA2 and AZA3.
- If new analogues of public health significance are discovered, they should be included in the analysis. Standards must be available before chemical analysis is possible. Total toxicity shall be calculated using conversion factors based on the toxicity data available for each toxin.
- The performance characteristics of these methods shall be defined after validation following an internationally agreed protocol.
- 4. Biological methods shall be replaced by alternative detection methods as soon as reference materials for detecting the toxins prescribed in Chapter V of Section VI of Annex III to Regulation (EC) No 853/2004 are readily available, the methods have been validated and this Chapter has been amended accordingly.

ANNEX IV

CALCIUM CONTENT OF MECHANICALLY SEPARATED MEAT

The calcium content of MSM as referred to in Regulation (EC) No 853/2004 shall:

- 1. not exceed 0,1 % (=100 mg/100 g or 1 000 ppm) of fresh product;
- 2. be determined by a standardised international method.

ANNEX V

LISTS OF APPROVED FOOD ESTABLISHMENTS

CHAPTER I

ACCESS TO LISTS OF APPROVED FOOD ESTABLISHMENTS

In order to assist Member States in making up-to-date lists of approved food establishments available to other Member States and to the public, the Commission shall provide a website to which each Member State shall provide a link to its national website.

CHAPTER II

FORMAT FOR NATIONAL WEBSITES

A. Masterlist

- Each Member State shall provide the Commission with a linking address to a single national website containing the masterlist of lists of approved food establishments for products of animal origin as defined in point 8(1) of Annex I to Regulation (EC) No 853/2004.
- 2. The masterlist referred to in point 1 shall consist of one sheet and shall be completed in one or more official languages of the Community.

B. Operational chart

- The website containing the masterlist shall be developed by the competent authority or, where appropriate, one of the competent authorities referred to in Article 4 of Regulation (EC) No 882/2004.
- 2. The masterlist shall include links to:
 - (a) other web pages located on the same website;
 - (b) where certain lists of approved food establishments are not maintained by the competent authority referred to in point 1, websites managed by other competent authorities, units or where appropriate, bodies.

CHAPTER III

LAYOUT AND CODES FOR LISTS OF APPROVED ESTABLISHMENTS

Layouts, including relevant information and codes, shall be established to ensure wide availability of the information concerning approved food establishments and to improve the readability of the lists.

CHAPTER IV

TECHNICAL SPECIFICATIONS

The tasks and activities referred to in Chapters II and III shall be performed in accordance with the technical specifications published by the Commission.

ANNEX VI

MODEL HEALTH CERTIFICATES FOR IMPORTS FOR FROGS' LEGS, SNAILS, GELATINE AND COLLAGEN

SECTION I

FROGS' LEGS AND SNAILS

Health certificates as referred to in Article 6(1)(d) of Regulation (EC) No 853/2004 for imports of frogs' legs and snails shall comply with the models laid down respectively in Part A and Part B of Appendix I to this Annex.

SECTION II

GELATINE

Without prejudice to other specific Community legislation, in particular to legislation on transmissible spongiform encephalopathies and hormones, health certificates as referred to in Article 6(1)(d) of Regulation (EC) No 853/2004 for imports of gelatine and raw materials for the production of gelatine shall comply with the models laid down respectively in Part A and Part B of Appendix II to this Annex.

SECTION III

COLLAGEN

Without prejudice to other specific Community legislation, in particular to legislation on transmissible spongiform encephalopathies and hormones, health certificates as referred to in Article 6(1)(d) of Regulation (EC) No 853/2004 for imports of collagen and raw materials for the production of collagen shall comply with the models laid down respectively in Part A and Part B of Appendix III to this Annex.

SECTION IV

FISHERY PRODUCTS

The health certificate as referred to in Article 6(1)(d) of Regulation (EC) No 853/2004 for imports of fishery products shall comply with the model laid down in Appendix IV to this Annex.

SECTION V

LIVE BIVALVE MOLLUSCS

The health certificate as referred to in Article 6(1)(d) of Regulation (EC) No 853/2004 for imports of live bivalve molluscs shall comply with the model laid down in Appendix V to this Annex.

SECTION VI

HONEY AND OTHER APICULTURE PRODUCTS

The health certificate as referred to in Article 6(1)(d) of Regulation (EC) No 853/2004 for imports of honey and other apiculture products shall comply with the model laid down in Appendix VI to this Annex.

Appendix I to Annex VI

PART A

MODEL HEALTH CERTIFICATE FOR IMPORTS OF CHILLED, FROZEN OR PREPARED FROGS' LEGS INTENDED FOR HUMAN CONSUMPTION

OUNTRY				Ve	terinary certificate to E
I.1. Consignor Name			I.2. Certificate refere		I.2.a.
Address			I.3. Central Compete	ent Authority	
Postal code Tel No.			I.4. Local Competent	t Authority	
Postal code Tel No. I.5. Consignee Name Address Postal code Tel No. I.7. Country of origin ISO I.11. Place of origin Name Address			1.6.		
Address					
Postal code Tel No.					
I.7. Country of origin ISO	code I.8.		1.9. Country of destina	ation ISO code	1.10.
I.11. Place of origin			1.12.		
Name	Approval nun	nber			
Address					
I.13. Place of loading			I.14. Date of departur	те	
I.15. Means of transport Aeroplane Road vehicle	Ship	Railway wagon 🔲	I.16. Entry BIP in EU		
Identification: Documentary references:			1.17.		
I.18. Description of commodity				I.19. Commodity code	(HS code)
					0208 20 I.20. Quantity
					·
I.21. Temperature of product Ambient		Chilled	F	Frozen 🗆	I.22. Number of packages
I.23. Identification of container/Seal n	umber				I.24. Type of packaging
I.25. Commodities certified for					
Human consumption					
1.26.			I.27. For import or ad	mission into EU	
I.28. Identification of the commodities					
		Approval number	of establishments		
Species (Scientific name)	Treatment type	Manufac	turing plant	Number of p	ackages Net weight

COUN	ITRY			Frogs' legs						
	II.	Health attestation	II.a. Certificate reference number	II.b.						
Part II: Certification		I, the undersigned, declare that I am aware of the relevant provisions of Regulations (EC) No 178/2002, (EC) No 852/2004 and (EC) No 853/2004 and certify that the frogs' legs described above were produced in accordance with those requirements, in particular that they: — come from (an) establishment(s) implementing a programme based on the HACCP principles in accordance with Regulation (EC No 852/2004 and — originate from frogs that have been bled, prepared and, where appropriate, chilled frozen or processed, packaged and stored in a content of the processed of the stored in the st								
Part		 originate from frogs that have been bled, prep- hygienic manner in accordance with the require 								
	Notes									
	Part I:	Box reference I.11: Place of origin: name and address Box reference I.15: Registration number (railway wag information is to be provided in the event of unloading Box reference I.23: Identification of container/seal nur	ons or container and lorries), flight numl g and reloading. mber: only where applicable.	per (aircraft) or name (ship). Separate						
	Part II:	The colour of the stamp and signature must be different	ent to that of the other particulars in the o	pertificate.						
	Official in	nspector								
	Dat	me (in capitals): e: mp:		Qualification and title: Signature:						

PART B

MODEL HEALTH CERTIFICATE FOR IMPORTS OF CHILLED, FROZEN, SHELLED, COOKED, PREPARED OR PRESERVED SNAILS INTENDED FOR HUMAN CONSUMPTION

CO	UN	TRY			Ve	eterinary certificate to EU
	l.1.	Consignor			I.2. Certificate reference number	I.2.a.
		Name				
		Address			I.3. Central Competent Authority	
=		Postal code				
Part I: Details of dispatched consignment		Tel No.			I.4. Local Competent Authority	
l G	1.5.	Consignee			1.6.	
Si.		Name				
G						
ŭ		Address				
eq		Postal code				
당		Tel No.				
at	1.7.	Country of origin	ISO code	1.8.	I.9. Country of destination ISO code	1.10.
lisp						
چ	1.11.	. Place of origin			1.12.	
S						
a:						
et		Name		Approval number		
<u> </u>		Address				
=						
a						
ш.						
	1.13	. Place of loading			I.14. Date of departure	
	I.15 	. Means of transport			I.16. Entry BIP in EU	
		Aeroplane		ip 🗌 Railway wagon 🗖		
		Road vehicle	Othe	er 🗆		
		Identification:			1.17.	
		Documentary references:				
	1.18	. Description of commodity			I.19. Commodity code	(HS code)
						I.20. Quantity
	1.21	. Temperature of product				I.22. Number of packages
		Ambient		Chilled	Frozen	
	1.23	. Identification of container/S	eal number			I.24. Type of packaging
	1.25	. Commodities certified for				
		Human consumption	П			
		numan consumption	_			
	1.26				1	
		•			I.27. For import or admission into EU	
	1.28	. Identification of the commo	dities			
				Annroval numbe	er of establishments	
		0	T			No. 1944
		Species	Tre	atment type Manufac	cturing plant Number of p	packages Net weight
		(Scientific name)				

COUN	NTRY Snails									
	II.	Health attestation	II.a.	Certificate reference number	II.b.					
Part II: Certification		I, the undersigned, declare that I am aware of the rel No 853/2004 and certify that the snails described above — come from (an) establishment(s) implementing a No 852/2004 and — have been handled and, where appropriate, sh manner in accordance with the requirements of A	elled,	produced in accordance with the amme based on the HACCP prince cooked, prepared, preserved, from	se requirements, in particular that they: ciples in accordance with Regulation (EC)					
	Nata									
	Part I: Part II:	Box reference I.11: Place of origin: name and address of Box reference I.15: Registration number (railway wagor information is to be provided in case of unloading and in Box reference I.19: Use the appropriate HS codes: 03.0 Box reference I.23: Identification of container/seal number Box reference I.28: Treatment type: chilled, frozen, shelf.	ns or co eloadir 07.60, per: on led, co	ontainer and lorries), flight numbeing. 16.05. Iy where applicable. ooked, prepared, preserved.						
	Official in: Nam Date Star	ne (in capitals): e:			ualification and title: ignature:					

Appendix II to Annex VI

PART A

MODEL HEALTH CERTIFICATE FOR IMPORTS OF GELATINE INTENDED FOR HUMAN CONSUMPTION

CO	UNTRY				Ve	terinary certificate to EU
	I.1. Consignor			I.2. Certificate refere	nce number	I.2.a.
	Name					
				I.3. Central Compete	ent Authority	
	Address					
Ĭ	Postal code			I.4. Local Competent	t Authority	
Part I: Details of dispatched consignment	Tel No.			· ·	,	
로	I.5. Consignee			1.6.		
Š	Name					
Ë	Hamo					
ၓ	Address					
þ	Postal code					
Ĕ	Tel No.					
atc	17 Country of order	1.0		10.00	ation ISO code	1140
ğ	I.7. Country of origin ISO	code I.8.		I.9. Country of destina	ation ISO code	1.10.
쁑						
Ě	I.11. Place of origin			I.12.	•	
S						
÷						
eţ	Name	Approva	al number			
Ω	Address					
						
ar						
Δ.				/		
	I.13. Place of loading			I.14. Date of departur	re	
	3					
	I.15. Means of transport			I.16. Entry BIP in EU		
	Aeroplane	Ship \square	Railway wagon	1.10. Entry Bit 111 Eo		
			Railway wagoii 🗀			
	Road vehicle	Other \square				
	Identification:			1.17.		
	Documentary references:					
	I.18. Description of commodity				I.19. Commodity code	(HS code)
						35.03
				_		I.20. Quantity
	I.21. Temperature of product					I.22. Number of packages
	Ambient		Chilled	ı	Frozen 🗌	
	I.23. Identification of container/Seal nu	mher				I.24. Type of packaging
	I.25. Commodities certified for					1
	Human consumption					
	·					
	1.26.					
				I.27. For import or ad	mission into EU	
	I.28. Identification of the commodities			1		
			Approval number	er of establishments		
	Species	Treatment type	Manufa	cturing plant	Number of pa	ackages Net weight
	(Scientific name)					

COUNTRY

Gelatine intended for human consumption

	II.	Health attestation	II.a.	Certificate reference	ce number	II.b.						
		Abodom:	4	i-i of Domile	# (FO) N-	470/0000 (EC) No 050/0004 and (E(
		I, the undersigned, declare that I am aware of the relevant provisions of Regulations (EC) No 178/2002, (EC) No 852/2004 and (EC) No 853/2004 and certify that the gelatine described above was produced in accordance with those requirements, in particular that it:										
		 comes from (an) establishment(s) implementing 	a prog	ramme based on the	HACCP princip	oles in accordance with Regulation (E0						
		No 852/2004,										
		 has been produced from raw material which met No 853/2004, 	the red	quirements of Section	n XIV, Chapters	s I and II of Annex III to Regulation (E0						
		 has been manufactured in compliance with the 	condi	itions set out in Sec	tion XIV, Chap	oter III of Annex III to Regulation (EC						
		No 853/2004,										
		 satisfies the criteria of Section XIV, Chapter IV of on microbiological criteria for foodstuffs, 	f Anne:	x III to Regulation (E	C) No 853/2004	4 and to Regulation (EC) No 2073/200						
		and (¹)										
		 if from ruminant origin, does not contain and is n 	ot deriv	ved from:								
		either (¹)										
		specified risk material as defined in Annex XI, section A, to Regulation (EC) No 999/2001 produced after 31 March 2001,										
		mechanically recovered meat obtained from bones of bovine, ovine or caprine animals produced after 31 March 2001. Afte 31 March 2001 the bovine, ovine and caprine animals, from which this product is derived, have not been slaughtered after stunning										
by means of gas injected into the cranial cavity or killed by the same method or slaughtered by laceration after stunn												
_	<u> </u> 	nervous tissue by means of an elongated rod-shaped instrument introduced into the cranial cavity. or										
bovine, ovine and caprine materials other than those derived from animals born, continuously reared and sl.												
		in(²) (³).			,							
	Notes											
	Part I:	Day reference 144, Discard spining years and address										
	_	Box reference I.11: Place of origin: name and address Box reference I.15: Registration number (railway wa		•		ber (aircraft) or name (ship). Separat						
		information is to be provided in case of unloading and		-								
	_	Box reference I.23: Identification of container/seal num Box reference I.28: Treatment type: date of manufactur										
	Part II:											
	(¹)	Delete as appropriate.										
	(2)	Insert the name of the country.		(0004								
	(3)	As listed in point 15(b) of Annex XI to Regulation (EC) The colour of the stamp and signature must be differer			lars in the certif	ficate.						
	Official ve	eterinarian										
	Nam Date	ne (in capitals):				alification and title:						
	Star				Sigi	iature.						

PART B

MODEL HEALTH CERTIFICATE FOR IMPORTS OF RAW MATERIALS FOR THE PRODUCTION OF GELATINE INTENDED FOR HUMAN CONSUMPTION

CO	UN	TRY						Ve	terinary ce	rtificate to EU
	1.1.	Consignor				I.2. Certificate refere	ence number	r	I.2.a.	
		Name								
						I.3. Central Compet	ent Authority	,		
		Address								
Ħ		Postal code				14 1 10	- 4 A - 41 14			
Part I: Details of dispatched consignment		Tel No.				I.4. Local Competer	it Authority			
Ę										
<u>5</u>	1.5.	Consignee				1.6.				
Si		Name								
٥										
<u>ာ</u>		Address								
ေ		Postal code								
등		Tel No.								
ă	17	Country of origin	ISO code	I.8. Region of origin	Code	I.9. Country of destir	nation	ISO code	I.10.	
Ğ	1.7.	Country or origin	ioo code	1.6. Region of origin	ı	1.9. Country of destin	iation I	130 0000	1.10.	
∺∺										
÷	1.11	. Place of origin		•		1.12.				
0		-								
≝										
ž		Name		Approval number						
۵		Address								
<u></u>										
t										
Pa										
_										
	1.13	. Place of loading				I.14. Date of departu	ıre			
	1.15	. Means of transport				I.16. Entry BIP in EU	J			
		Aeroplane	Sh	ip 🔲 Railway wago	n \square	,				
		_			··· —					
		Road vehicle	Oth	er 🗆						
		Identification:				1.17.				
		Documentary references:								
	1 18	. Description of commodity					I.19. Comm	nodity code	(HS code)	
		. Documpation or commissing						iouit, couc	(1.0 0000)	
									I.20. Quantity	
	121	. Temperature of product							I.22. Number of p	ackanes
				Chilled						9
		Ambient		Chilled			Frozen \square			
	1.23	. Identification of container/Se	eal number						I.24. Type of pack	aging
	1.25	. Commodities certified for								
		Human consumption								
	1.26									
						I.27. For import or a	dmission into	EU		
	128	. Identification of the commod	lities			-				
				App	roval numbe	er of establishments				
		Species	Notice					lumber of -	ackagos	Not weight
		Species	ivalure	of commodity	ivianufac	cturing plant	,	lumber of p	ackages	Net weight
		(Scientific name)								

COUNTRY

Raw materials for the production of gelatine intended for human consumption

	II.	Health attestation	II.a.	Certificate reference number	II.b.					
		I, the undersigned, declare that I am aware of the rele 2004 and (EC) No 854/2004 and certify that the raw m								
ıtion		 bones, hides and skins of domestic and farm above derive from animals which have been sla consumption following ante- and post-mortem in 	ughter	ed in a slaughterhouse and whose c						
<u>i</u> 2		and/or								
Part II: Certification		 wild game hides and skins described above derifollowing post-mortem inspection (1) 	ve from	n killed animals whose carcases have	e been found fit for human consumption					
0:	and/or and/or fish skin and bones described above come from plants manufacturing fish products for human consumption authorised									
=										
ar		and (¹)								
ъ.		 if from ruminant origin, the raw material does no 	in and is not derived from:							
		either (1)								
	specified risk material as defined in Annex XI, section A, to Regulation (EC) No 999/2001 produced after 31 March 2001, of mechanically recovered meat obtained from bones of bovine, ovine or caprine animals produced after 31 March 2001. Afte 31 March 2001 the bovine, ovine and caprine animals, from which this product is derived, have not been slaughtered after stunnin by means of gas injected into the cranial cavity or killed by the same method or slaughtered by laceration after stunning of central nervous tissue by means of an elongated rod-shaped instrument introduced into the cranial cavity									
	or									
	bovine, ovine and caprine materials other than those derived from animals born, continuously reared and slaug in									
	Notes									
	Part I:									
	_	Box reference I.8: Region of origin: if appropriate.								
	_	Box reference I.11: Place of origin: name and address Box reference I.15: Registration number (railway wa			per (aircraft) or name (ship). Separate					
		information is to be provided in ca	se of u	nloading and reloading.	, , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , ,					
		Box reference I.19: Use the appropriate HS codes: 05 Box reference I.23: Identification of container/seal nun								
	_	Box reference I.28: Nature of commodity: (hides), (skii		•						
		Manufacturing plant: includes sla processing plant.	ughter	house, factory vessel, cutting plan	nt, game handling establishment and					
	Part II:									
	(¹)	Delete as appropriate.								
	(2)	Insert the name of the country.	No ooo	0/2001 as amonded						
	(3)	As listed in point 15(b) of Annex XI to Regulation (EC) The colour of the stamp and signature must be different			icate.					
	Official veterinarian									
	Nam Date Stan				lification and title: ature:					

Appendix III to Annex VI

PART A

MODEL HEALTH CERTIFICATE FOR IMPORTS OF COLLAGEN INTENDED FOR HUMAN CONSUMPTION

NUC	ITRY						Ve	terinary certificate to
1.1.	Consignor Name				I.2. Certificate refere	ence number		I.2.a.
	Address				I.3. Central Compete	ent Authority		
	Postal code Tel No.				I.4. Local Competen	t Authority		
1.5.	Consignee Name				1.6.			
	Address							
	Postal code							
	Tel No.							
. 1.7.	Country of origin	SO code	1.8.		I.9. Country of destin	ation I	SO code	1.10.
1.11	I. Place of origin				I.12.			
	Name Address		Approval number					
1.13	3. Place of loading				I.14. Date of departur	re		
1.15	5. Means of transport				I.16. Entry BIP in EU			
	Aeroplane		Railway w	agon \square				
	Road vehicle	Othe	r 📙		147			
	Identification: Documentary references:				1.17.			
1.18	B. Description of commodity					I.19. Commo	odity code ((HS code)
					l			35.04
								I.20. Quantity
1.21	Temperature of product			_				I.22. Number of packages
	Ambient C		Chill	led \square		Frozen 🗆		
1.23	3. Identification of container/Sea	al number						I.24. Type of packaging
1.25	5. Commodities certified for							
	Human consumption							
1.26	3.				I.27. For import or ad	Imission into	EU	
1.28	3. Identification of the commodit	ties						
	Species (Scientific name)	Tre	atment type		of establishments uring plant	Nu	umber of pa	ackages Net weight

COUNTRY Collagen intended for human consumption Health attestation Certificate reference number I, the undersigned, declare that I am aware of the relevant provisions of Regulations (EC) No 178/2002, (EC) No 852/2004 and (EC) Part II: Certification No 853/2004 and certify that the collagen described above was produced in accordance with those requirements, in particular that it: comes from (an) establishment(s) implementing a programme based on the HACCP principles in accordance with Regulation (EC) No 852/2004, has been produced from raw material which met the requirements of Section XV, Chapters I and II of Annex III to Regulation (EC) No 853/2004, has been manufactured in compliance with the conditions set out in Section XV, Chapter III of Annex III to Regulation (EC) No 853/2004, and satisfies the criteria of Section XV, Chapter IV of Annex III to Regulation (EC) No 853/2004 and to Regulation (EC) No 2073/2005 on microbiological criteria for foodstufffs. Notes Part I: Box reference I.11: Place of origin: name and address of the dispatch establishment. Box reference I.15: Registration number (railway wagons or container and lorries), flight number (aircraft) or name (ship). Separate information is to be provided in case of unloading and reloading. Box reference I.23: Identification of container/seal number: only where applicable. Box reference I.28: Treatment type: date of manufacture (dd/mm/yyyy). Part II: The colour of the stamp and signature must be different to that of the other particulars in the certificate. Official veterinarian Name (in capitals): Qualification and title: Date: Signature: Stamp:

PART B

MODEL HEALTH CERTIFICATE FOR IMPORTS OF RAW MATERIALS FOR THE PRODUCTION OF COLLAGEN INTENDED FOR HUMAN CONSUMPTION

jO	UN	ITRY						Ve	terinary cei	rtificate to EL
	I.1.	Consignor				I.2. Certificate refere	ence number	r	I.2.a.	
		Name								
						I.3. Central Compete	ent Authority			
ਦ		Address								
<u>ا</u> و		Postal code Tel No.				I.4. Local Competen	nt Authority			
틸										
<u></u>	1.5.	Consignee				1.6.				
S		Name								
႘		Address								
ರ್ಥ		Postal code								
ڄ		Tel No.								
ਜ਼ੋਂ	17	Country of origin ISO	code I.8. Region of	origin	Code	I.9. Country of destin	ation	ISO code	I.10.	
g		l	i.e. region of	ong	1	1.0. Godina y or doodin				
ਰ∣										
ਰ ∣	1.11	. Place of origin				I.12.				
<u>s</u>										
ĭa		Name	Approva	l number						
Part I: Details of dispatched consignment		Address	•							
::										
ar ar										
ם						//				
	I.13	. Place of loading				I.14. Date of departu	re			
	1.15	. Means of transport				I.16. Entry BIP in EU	1			
		Aeroplane	Ship \square	Railway wagon						
		Road vehicle	Other							
		Identification:				1.17.				
		Documentary references:								
ŀ	I.18	. Description of commodity					I.19. Comm	nodity code	(HS code)	
		,							` ´	
									I.20. Quantity	
	1.21	. Temperature of product			_		_		I.22. Number of pa	ackages
		Ambient		Chilled [Frozen 🗆			
	1.23	. Identification of container/Seal n	umber						I.24. Type of pack	aging
	1.25	. Commodities certified for								
		Human consumption								
		numan consumption L								
ŀ	1.26	<u> </u>				1				
	20	•				I.27. For import or ac	dmission into	EU		
	1.28	Identification of the commodities	•							
				Δρογο	wal numbo	of establishments				
		Canadaa	Notice of	Appro				lumber of	ackagaa	Noti=b+
		Species (Scientific name)	Nature of commodity		ivianurac	turing plant	,	lumber of pa	ackages	Net weight
		(Goldmin name)								

COUN	TRY	Raw materials for the	prod	luction of collagen inten	ded for human consumption					
	II.	Health attestation	II.a.	Certificate reference number	П.Б.					
Part II: Certification		I, the undersigned, declare that I am aware of the (EC) No 853/2004 and 854/2004 and certify that the raw — hides and skins of domestic and farmed ruminal sinews described above derive from animals whi found fit for human consumption following anter-and/or — wild game hides and skins described above consumption following post-mortem inspection (*) and/or — fish skin and bones described above derive for export (*).	materia nt anima ch have and pos derive f	al described above complies with the als/pig skins, bones and intestine to been slaughtered in a slaughter theorem inspection (1), and the algorithm of the alg	nose requirements, in particular that: s/poultry skin and bones/tendons and nouse and whose carcases have been uses have been found fit for human					
	Notes									
	Notes									
	Part I:									
	_	Box reference I.8: Region of origin: if appropriate.								
	_	Box reference I.11: Place of origin: name and address of the dispatch establishment. Box reference I.15: Registration number (railway wagons or container and lorries), flight number (aircraft) or name (ship). Separate information is to be provided in case of unloading and reloading.								
	_	Box reference I.19: Use the appropriate HS codes: 05.04, 05.05, 05.06, 05.11.91, 05.11.99.								
	_	Box reference I.23: Identification of container/seal number	er: only	/ where applicable.						
	_	Box reference I.28: Nature of commodity: (hides) (skins), (bones), (intestines), (tendons) and sinews); Manufacturing plant: includes slaughterhouse, factory vessel, cutting plant, game handling establishment and processing plant.								
	Part II:									
	(¹)	Delete as appropriate.								
	_	The colour of the stamp and signature must be different	to that	of the other particulars in the cert	ificate.					
	Official ve	eterinarian								
	Name (in capitals): Date: Stamp:				alification and title: gnature:					

Appendix IV to Annex VI

MODEL HEALTH CERTIFICATE FOR IMPORTS OF FISHERY PRODUCTS INTENDED FOR HUMAN CONSUMPTION

СО	UN	TRY				Veterinary certificate to EU						
	l.1.	Consignor			I.2. Certificate reference number I.2.a.							
		Name	I.3. Central Competent Authority									
۱		Address				1.5. Central Competent Authority						
eut		Postal code				I.4. Local Competent Authority						
E	Tel No. 1.5. Consignee 1.6.											
sig	1.5.	Consignee Name			1.6.							
ÖÜ		Turne .										
၂ ၁		Address										
he		Postal code Tel No.										
atc	1.7.	Country of origin	ISO code	I.8. Region of o	rigin	Code	I.9. Country of destir	nation	ISO code	I.10.		
Part I: Details of dispatched consignment									1			
) to	1.11.	Place of origin					I.12.					
<u>s</u>												
tai		Name		Approval r	umber							
ے		Address										
"												
Pal												
	I.13.	. Place of loading					I.14. Date of departure					
	1.45	M					I.16. Entry BIP in EU					
	1.15	. Means of transport Aeroplane	Sh	ip 🗆	Railway wagon		1. To. Entry bir in Eo					
		Road vehicle		er 🗆	, ,							
		Identification:					1.17.					
		Documentary references:										
	1.18.	.18. Description of commodity						I.19. Com	modity code	(HS code)		
										I.20. Quantity		
	1.21.	. Temperature of product	_		,	_		_	-	I.22. Number of packages		
	100	Ambient			Chilled [Frozen		104 7 6 1		
	1.23.	. Identification of container/	Seal number							I.24. Type of packa	ging	
	1.25.	. Commodities certified for								•		
		Human consumption										
	1.26	•					I.27. For import or admission into EU					
	_											
	1.28	. Identification of the comm	odities									
					proval number of establishments							
		Species Nature of commodity Treatment type (Scientific name)					Manufacturing plant Number of packages Net weight				Net weight	

COUNTRY Fishery products

COOM	INI			risilery products							
	II.	Health attestation	II.a. Certificate reference number	II.b.							
_	II.1.	Public health attestation									
Part II: Certification		I, the undersigned, declare that I am aware of the relevant provisions of Regulations (EC) No 178/2002, (EC) No 852/2004, (EC) No 853/2004 and (EC) No 854/2004 and certify that the fishery products described above were produced in accordance with those requirements, in particular that they:									
Cert		 come from (an) establishment(s) implementing a programme based on the HACCP principles in accordance with Regulation (EC) No 852/2004, 									
art II:		 have been caught and handled on board ves thawed hygienically in compliance with the requ No 853/2004, 									
_		 satisfy the health standards laid down in Section VIII, Chapter V of Annex III to Regulation (EC) No 853/2004 and down in Regulation (EC) No 2073/2005 on microbiological criteria for foodstuffs, 									
		 have been packaged, stored and transported in No 853/2004, 	tored and transported in compliance with Section VIII, Chapters VI to VIII of Annex III to Regulation (EC)								
		 have been marked in accordance with Section I 	of Annex II to Regulation (EC) No 853/200	4							
		 the guarantees covering live animals and production accordance with Directive 96/23/EC, and in part 		vided by the residue plans submitted in							
		and									
		 have satisfactorily undergone the official control 	s laid down in Annex III to Regulation (EC)	No 854/2004.							
	II.2.	(¹) [Animal health attestation for products of	aquaculture origin								
		I, the undersigned, declare that the fishery products of the day of harvest, and have been transported under particular that:		-							
		 (¹)[(²) if from species susceptible (³) to ISA and/o 	or EHN, they:								
		 (¹) [originate from a source (⁴) considered Standard (⁵)], 	free from ISA and/or EHN in accordance	with the relevant EU legislation or OIE							
		 (¹) [have been slaughtered and eviscerated]].								
		 (¹)[(ê) if from species susceptible (³) to VHS and/ 	or IHN, they:								
		 (¹) originate from a source (⁴) considered Standard (⁵)], 	free from (¹) VHS/(¹) IHN in accordance	with the relevant EU legislation or OIE							
		(¹) [have been slaughtered and eviscerated]]]]•								

▼M1

Notes Part I: Box reference I.8: Region of origin: For products of aquaculture origin and if appropriate, indicate zones as listed in Commission Decisions 2002/308/EC and 2003/634/EC. For frozen or processed bivalve molluscs, indicate the production area. Box reference I.11: Place of origin: name and address of the dispatch establishment. Box reference I.15: Registration number (railway wagons or container and lorries), flight number (aircraft) or name (ship). Separate information is to be provided in the event of unloading and reloading Box reference I.19: Use the appropriate HS codes: 03.01, 03.02, 03.03, 03.04, 03.05, 03.06, 03.07, 05.11.91, 15.04, 15.18.00, 16.03, 16.04, 16.05. Box reference I.23: Identification of container/seal number: only where applicable. Box reference I.28: Nature of commodity: specify if aquaculture or wild origin. Treatment type: live, chilled, frozen, processed. Manufacturing plant: includes factory vessel, freezer vessel, cold store, processing plant. Part II: Part II.2 is not relevant for consignments intended for retail, provided they comply with the rules applying to packaging and labelling laid down in Regulation (EC) No 853/2004. (¹) This part of the animal health certificate is only relevant if the consignment comprises species referred to as susceptible to ISA and/or EHN. $(^{2})$ The requirement applies to exports to all Member States, whereby one of the two statements should be retained, unless the consignment is intended for further processing in an approved import centre. $(^{3})$ Known susceptible species Susceptible host species Disease EHN Redfin perch (Perca fluviatilis), rainbow trout (Oncorhynchus mykiss) ISA Atlantic salmon (Salmo salar), rainbow trout (Oncorhynchus mykiss), brown trout (Salmo trutta), VHS Atlantic cod (Gadus morhua), Atlantic herring (Clupea harengus), brown trout (Salmo trutta), chinook salmon (Oncorhynchus tshawytscha), coho salmon (O. kisutch), grayling (Thymallus thymallus), haddock (Melanogrammus aeglefinus), Pacific cod (Gadus macrocephalus), Pacific herring (Clupea harengus pallasi), pike (Esox lucius), rainbow trout (Oncorhynchus mykiss), rockling (Rhinonemus cimbrius), sprat (Sprattus sprattus), turbot (Scophthalmus maximus), whitefish (Coregonus sp.) IHN Rainbow or steelhead trout (Oncorhynchus mykiss), the Pacific salmon species (chinook salmon (O. tshawytscha), sockeye salmon (O. nerka), chum salmon (O. keta), masou salmon (O. masou), pink salmon (O. rhodurus) and coho salmon (O. kisutch)), and Atlantic salmon (Salmo salar). (4) Source may be a country, zone, or an individual farm. Freedom according to the provisions laid down in Annex B or C to Directive 91/67/EEC, and Commission Decisions 2001/183/EEC and 2003/466/EC. Freedom according to the most current edition of the OIE Code and Manual is also recognised. (6)This part of the animal health certificate is only relevant if the consignment comprises species referred to as susceptible to VHS and/or IHN. In order for the consignment to be authorised into a Member State or part thereof (boxes I.9 and I.10 of Part I of the certificate) declared free from VHS, and/or IHN, or undergoing a programme for such freedom, one of the two statements must be retained, unless the consignment is intended for further processing in an approved import centre. A list of such Member States and zones are listed in Commission Decisions 2002/308/EC and 2003/634/EC. The colour of the stamp and signature must be different from that of the most particulars in the certificate. Official inspector Name (in capitals): Qualification and title: Signature: Stamp:

Appendix V to Annex VI

PART A

MODEL HEALTH CERTIFICATE FOR IMPORTS OF LIVE BIVALVE MOLLUSCS INTENDED FOR HUMAN CONSUMPTION

OUN	ITRY						Ve	terinary cer	tificate to E
1.1.	Consignor				I.2. Certificate refere	ence numbe	ır	I.2.a.	
	Name								
			I.3. Central Competent Authority						
ا ي	Address								
5	Postal code			I.4. Local Competer	nt Authority				
i	Tel No.								
ואס 1.5.	Consignee			1.6.					
2	Name								
§									
5	Address Postal code								
<u> </u>	Tel No.								
}									
1.7.	Country of origin	ISO code	I.8. Region of origin	Code	I.9. Country of destir	nation	ISO code	1.10.	
<u> </u>									
1.11	I. Place of origin				I.12.				
5									
, l									
₹	Name Address		Approval number						
1.5.	Address								
<u>:</u>									
<u>.</u>									
1.13	3. Place of loading				I.14. Date of departu	ıre			
1.15	5. Flace of loading				1. 14. Date of departu	iie			
1.15	5. Means of transport				I.16. Entry BIP in EU				
1.10	Aeroplane	Ch.	ip 🔲 Railway wagon		1. 10. Entry bir in Ed	,			
	Road vehicle		er 🗌						
		Oth	er 🗀						
	Identification:				1.17.				
	Documentary references:				nodity code				
1.18	Description of commodity								
								L20 Oversity	03 07
								I.20. Quantity	
1.21	1,							I.22. Number of pa	ıckages
								'	
122	3. Identification of container/Se	and missaches						LOA Time of neek	naina
1.23	s. Identification of container/se	eai number						I.24. Type of packa	aging
1.25	5. Commodities certified for							1	
	Human consumption								
1.26	3.				I.27. For import or ac	dmission int	o EII		
					1.27. For import of ac	annosion ini	0 20		
-		***							
1.28	Identification of the commod	tities							
			naaA	oval number	r of establishments				
	Species	Natur	e of commodity		turing plant	1	Number of pa	ackages	Net weight
	(Scientific name)	Hatan	5 5. Sommouny	manuad	aig pidit	,	. cambor or pe	252900	110t Weight
	,								
- 1									

COUNTRY Live bivalve molluscs

	II.	Health attestation	II.a. Certificate reference number	II.b.							
	II.1.	Public health attestation									
Part II: Certification		I, the undersigned, declare that I am aware of the relevant provisions of Regulations (EC) No 178/2002, (EC) No 852/2004, (EC) No 853/2004 and (EC) No 854/2004 and certify that the live bivalve molluscs described above were produced in accordance with those requirements, in particular that they:									
tifica		 come from (an) establishment(s) implementing a programme based on the HACCP principles in accordance with Regulation (EC) No 852/2004, 									
: Cer		 have been harvested, where necessary relayed and transported in accordance with Section VII, Chapters I and II of Annex Regulation (EC) No 853/2004, 									
art II		 were handled, where necessary purified, and packaged in compliance with Section VII, Chapters III and IV of Annex III to Regulati (EC) No 853/2004, 									
ď		 satisfy the health standards laid down in Section VII, Chapter V of Annex III to Regulation (EC) No 853/2004 down in Regulation (EC) No 2073/2005 on microbiological criteria for foodstuffs, 									
		 have been packaged, stored and transported in (EC) No 853/2004, 	VI and VIII of Annex III to Regulation								
		 have been marked and labelled in accordance v (EC) No 853/2004, 	with Section I of Annex II and Section VII,	Chapter VII of Annex III to Regulation							
		 in the case of pectinidae harvested outside cl Section VII, Chapter IX of Annex III to Regulation 		he specific requirements laid down in							
		and									
		 have satisfactorily undergone the official controls 	laid down in Annex III to Regulation (EC)	No 854/2004.							
	II.2.	(¹) [Animal health attestation									
		the undersigned, declare that the live molluscs described above originate from a source (2) where there are no unresolved abnormal nortality in the mollusc population, and certify, in particular that:									
		 (¹)[(³) if from species susceptible (⁴) to infections v Perkinsus marinus, P. olseni/atlanticus; Haplospo 									
		 (¹) [originate from a source (²) considered (Marteilia sydneyi); mikrocytosis (Mikrocytos (Haplosporidium nelsoni and H. costale) and the relevant EU legislation or OIE Standard 	mackini); perkinsosis (Perkinsus marinus a d Withering syndrome (Candidatus Xenoh	nd <i>P. olseni/atlanticus</i>); haplosporidiosis							
		 (¹) [are dispatched as unprocessed or process 	ssed products]],								
		— (¹)[(⁶) if from species susceptible (³) to infections	with <i>Marteilia refringens</i> or <i>Bonamia ostrea</i>	a, they:							
		 (¹) [originate from a source (²) considered free EU legislation or OIE Standard (⁵)], 	ee from (¹) <i>Marteilia refringens l</i> (¹) <i>Bonamia</i>	a ostrea in accordance with the relevant							

— (¹) [are dispatched as unprocessed or processed products]],]

▼M1

Notes Part I: Box reference I.8: Region of origin: indicate the production area. Box reference I.11: Place of origin: name and address of the dispatch establishment. Box reference I.15: Registration number (railway wagons or container and lorries), flight number (aircraft) or name (ship). Separate information is to be provided in the event of unloading and reloading Box reference I.23: Identification of container/seal number: only where applicable. Box reference I.28: Manufacturing plant: includes dispatch centre, purification centre. Part II: Part II.2 is not relevant for consignments intended for retail, provided they comply with the rules applying to packaging and labelling laid down in Regulation (EC) No 853/2004. (¹) Delete as appropriate (²) Source may be a country, zone, or an individual farm. (3) This requirement applies to exports to all Member States. However, it is only relevant if the consignment comprises species susceptible to bonamiosis (Bonamia exitiosa and Mikrocytos roughleyi); marteiliosis (Marteilia sydneyi); mikrocytosis (Mikrocytos mackini); perkinsosis (Perkinsus marinus and P. olseni/atlanticus); haplosporidiosis (Haplosporidium nelsoni and H. costale) and Withering syndrome (Candidatus Xenohaliotis californiensis), whereby one or the two statements must be retained. (4) Known susceptible species Disease (Infection with) Susceptible host species Bonamia exitiosa Tiostrea chilensis and Ostrea angasi Bonamia ostrea Ostrea edulis Mikrocytos roughleyi Saccostrea (commercialis) glomerata Marteilia sydneyi Saccostrea (commercialis) glomerata Marteilia refringens Ostrea edulis Mikrocytos mackini Crassostrea gigas; C. virginica; Ostrea edulis; O. conchaphila Perkinsus marinus Crassostrea virginica and C. gigas Perkinsus olseni/atlanticus Haliotis ruber; H. cyclobates; H. scalaris; H. laevigata. Ruditapes philippinarum and R. decussatus Haplosporidium nelsoni Crassostrea virginica and C. gigas Haplosporidium costale Crassostrea virginica Xenohaliotis californiensis black abalone (Haliotis. cracherodii), red abalone (H. rufescens), pink abalone (H. corrugata), green abalone (H. fulgens) and white abalone (H. sorenseni) Freedom according to the provisions laid down in Annex B or C to Directive 91/67/EEC, and Commission Decisions 2002/878/EEC. (⁵) Freedom according to the current edition of the OIE Code and Manual is also recognised. (⁶) This part of the animal health certificate is only relevant if the consignment comprises species referred to as susceptible species to infections with Marteilia refringens and/or Bonamia ostrea. In order for the consignment to be authorised into a Member State or part thereof (boxes I.9 and I.10 of Part I of the certificate) declared free from Marteilia refringens and/or Bonamia ostrea, or undergoing a programme for such freedom, one of the two statements must be retained. List of such Member States and zones are laid down in Commission Decisions 2002/300/EC and 1994/722/EEC. The colour of the stamp and signature must be different to that of the other particulars in the certificate. Official inspector Qualification and title Name (in capitals): Date: Signature: Stamp:

PART B

ADDITIONAL MODEL HEALTH ATTESTATION FOR PROCESSED BIVALVE MOLLUSCS BELONGING TO THE SPECIES $ACANTHOCARDIA\ TUBERCULATUM$

The official inspector hereby certifies that the processed bivalve molluscs of the species Acanthocardia tuberculatum, certified in the health certificate reference No:

1. were harvested in production areas clearly identified, monitored and authorised by the competent authority for the purpose of Commission Decision 2006/766/EC (¹), and where the PSP level in the edible parts of these molluscs is lower than 300 μg for 100g;

2. were transported in containers or vehicles sealed by the competent authority, directly to the establishment:

(name and official approval number of the establishment, especially authorised by the competent authority to carry out their treatment);

- were accompanied during the transport to this establishment by a document issued by the competent authority which authorises the transport, attesting to the nature and quantity of the product, area of origin and establishment of destination;
- 4. were subjected to the heat treatment to the Annex to Decision 96/77/EC;
- do not contain a PSP level detectable by the bioassay method, as demonstrated by the attached analytical report(s) of the test undertaken on each lot included in the consignment covered by this attestation.

The official inspector hereby certifies that the competent authority has verified that the 'own health' checks implemented in the establishment referred to in point 2 are specifically applied to the heat treatment referred to in point 4.

The undersigned official inspector hereby declares that he/she is aware of the provisions of Decision 96/77/EC and that the attached analytical report(s) correspond(s) to the test carried out in the products after processing.

Official inspector

Name (in capitals): Qualification and title:
Date: Signature:
Stamp:

⁽¹⁾ See page 53 of this Official Journal.

Appendix VI to Annex VI

MODEL HEALTH CERTIFICATE FOR IMPORTS OF HONEY AND OTHER APICULTURE PRODUCTS INTENDED FOR HUMAN CONSUMPTION

CO	UN	TRY			Veterinary certificate to EU					
	1.1.	Consignor Name			I.2. Certificate refere	ence numbe	r	I.2.a.		
		Address			I.3. Central Competent Authority					
nent		Postal code Tel No.			I.4. Local Competer	nt Authority				
Part I: Details of dispatched consignment	1.5.	Consignee Name			1.6.					
con		Address								
hed		Postal code Tel No.								
oatc	1.7.	I.7. Country of origin ISO		1.8.	I.9. Country of destination ISO coo			1.10.		
dist										
s of	1.11	. Place of origin			I.12.					
etail		Name								
<u> </u>		Address								
art										
_										
	1.13	. Place of loading			I.14. Date of departure					
	1.15	. Means of transport Aeroplane	O.	ip ☐ Railway wagon ☐	I.16. Entry BIP in EU					
		Road vehicle		er 🗌						
		Identification:		I.17.						
	1.18	Documentary references: Description of commodity			I.19. Comr	modity code ((HS code)			
								I.20. Quantity		
	1.21	. Temperature of product						I.22. Number of packages		
		Ambient \square		Chilled		Frozen 🗆				
	1.23	. Identification of container/Seal nu	mber					I.24. Type of packaging		
	1.25	. Commodities certified for								
		Human consumption								
	1.26			I.27. For import or admission into EU						
	1.28	. Identification of the commodities								
				Approval number	er of establishments					
		Species (Scientific name)	eatment type Manufact	uring plant	ı	Number of pa	ackages Net weight			

COUN	TRY			Н	oney and apiculture products			
	II.	Health attestation	II.a.	Certificate reference number	II.b.			
Part II: Certification		I, the undersigned, declare that I am aware of the relevant provisions of Regulations (EC) No 178/2002, (EC) No 852/2004 and No 853/2004 and certify that honey and apiculture products described above were produced in accordance with those requirement particular that they: — come from (an) establishment(s) implementing a programme based on the HACCP principles in accordance with Reg (EC) No 852/2004, — have been handled and, where appropriate, prepared, packaged and stored in a hygienic manner in accordance with requirements of Annex II to Regulation (EC) No 852/2004 and — the guarantees covering live animals and products thereof provided by the residue plans submitted in accordance Directive 96/23/EC, and in particular Article 29 thereof, are fulfilled.						
	Notes Part I: Part II:	Box reference I.11: Place of origin: name and address Box reference I.15: Registration number (railway wage Separate information is to be provided in case of unlos Box reference I.19: Use the appropriate HS codes: 04 Box reference I.23: Identification of container/seal number of the stamp and signature must be different to the stamp and signature must be different processing the stamp and signature m	ons or c ading ar .09, 04. nber: or	container and lorries), flight numbe nd reloading. 10. nly where applicable.				
	Official in Nar Dat Star	me (in capitals): e:			ualification and title: ignature:			

ANNEX VIa

TESTING METHODS FOR RAW MILK AND HEAT-TREATED MILK

CHAPTER I

DETERMINATION OF PLATE COUNT AND SOMATIC CELL COUNT

- When checking against the criteria laid down in Annex III, Section IX, Chapter I, Part III to Regulation (EC) No 853/2004, the following standards must be applied as reference methods:
 - (a) EN/ISO 4833 for the plate count at 30 °C;
 - (b) ISO 13366-1 for the somatic cell count.
- 2. The use of alternative analytical methods is acceptable:
 - (a) For the plate count at 30 °C, when the methods are validated against the reference method mentioned in point 1(a) in accordance with the protocol set out in EN/ISO standard 16140 or other similar internationally accepted protocols.
 - In particular the conversion relationship between an alternative method and the reference method mentioned in point 1(a) is established according to ISO standard 21187.
 - (b) For the somatic cell count, when the methods are validated against the reference method mentioned in point 1(b) in accordance with the protocol set out in ISO 8196 and when operated in accordance with ISO standard 13366-2 or other similar internationally accepted protocols.

CHAPTER II

DETERMINATION OF ALKALINE PHOSPHATASE ACTIVITY

- When determining alkaline phosphatase activity, ISO standard 11816-1 must be applied as reference method.
- 2. The alkaline phosphatase activity is expressed as milliunits of enzyme activity per litre (mU/l). A unit of alkaline phosphatase activity is the amount of alkaline phosphatase enzyme that catalyses the transformation of 1 micromole of substrate per minute.
- An alkaline phosphatase test is considered to give a negative result if the measured activity in cow's milk is not higher than 350 mU/l.
- 4. The use of alternative analytical methods is acceptable when the methods are validated against the reference method mentioned in point 1 in accordance with internationally accepted protocols.

ANNEX VII

AMENDMENTS TO REGULATION (EC) No 853/2004

Annexes II and III to Regulation (EC) No 853/2004 are amended as follows:

- 1. Annex II, Section I(B) is amended as follows:
 - (a) in point 6, the second subparagraph is replaced by the following:

'BE, CZ, DK, DE, EE, GR, ES, FR, IE, IT, CY, LV, LT, LU, HU, MT, NL, AT, PL, PT, SI, SK, FI, SE and UK';

- (b) point 8 is replaced by the following:
 - '8. When applied in an establishment located within the Community, the mark must be oval in shape and include the abbreviation CE, EC, EF, EG, EK, EY, ES, EÜ, EK, EB or WE';
- 2. Annex III is amended as follows:
 - (a) in Section I, Chapter IV, point 8 is replaced by the following:
 - '8. Carcases and other parts of the body intended for human consumption must be completely skinned, except in the case of porcine animals, the heads of ovine and caprine animals and calves and the feet of bovine, ovine and caprine animals. Heads and feet must be handled in such a way as to avoid contamination;'
 - (b) in Section II, the following Chapter VII is added:

'CHAPTER VII: WATER RETENTION AGENTS

Food business operators shall ensure that poultrymeat that has been treated specifically to promote water retention is not placed on the market as fresh meat but as meat preparations or used for the production of processed products.'

- (c) in Section VIII, Chapter V(E), point 1 is replaced by the following:
 - '1. Fishery products derived from poisonous fish of the following families must not be placed on the market: Tetraodontidae, Molidae, Diodontidae and Canthigasteridae. Fresh, prepared and processed fishery products belonging to the family Gempylidae, in particular Ruvettus pretiosus and Lepidocybium flavobrunneum, may only be placed on the market in wrapped/packaged form and must be appropriately labelled to provide information to the consumer on preparation/cooking methods and on the risk related to the presence of substances with adverse gastrointestinal effects. The scientific name must accompany the common name on the label';
- (d) Section IX is amended as follows:
 - (i) in Chapter I(II)(B)(1), point (e) is replaced by the following:
 - '(e) that teat dips or sprays are used only after authorisation or registration in accordance with the procedures laid down in Directive 98/8/EC of the European Parliament and of the Council of 16 February 1998 concerning the placing of biocidal products on the market (*).
 - (*) OJ L 123, 24.4.1998, p. 1.';
 - (ii) in Chapter II(II), point 1 is replaced by the following:
 - '1. When raw milk or dairy products undergo heat treatment, food business operators must ensure that this satisfies the requirements laid down in Chapter XI of Annex II to Regulation (EC) No 852/2004. In particular, they shall ensure, when using the following processes, that they comply with the specifications mentioned:
 - (a) Pasteurisation is achieved by a treatment involving:
 - (i) a high temperature for a short time (at least 72 °C for 15 seconds);
 - (ii) a low temperature for a long time (at least 63 °C for 30 minutes); or

(iii) any other combination of time-temperature conditions to obtain an equivalent effect,

such that the products show, where applicable, a negative reaction to an alkaline phosphatase test immediately after such treatment.

- (b) Ultra high temperature (UHT) treatment is achieved by a treatment:
 - (i) involving a continuous flow of heat at a high temperature for a short time (not less than 135 °C in combination with a suitable holding time) such that there are no viable micro-organisms or spores capable of growing in the treated product when kept in an aseptic closed container at ambient temperature; and
 - (ii) sufficient to ensure that the products remain microbiologically stable after incubating for 15 days at 30 °C in closed containers or for 7 days at 55 °C in closed containers or after any other method demonstrating that the appropriate heat treatment has been applied.';
- (e) in Section X, Chapter II is amended as follows:
 - (i) in Part III, point 5 is replaced by the following:
 - '5. After breaking, each particle of the liquid egg must undergo processing as quickly as possible to eliminate microbiological hazards or to reduce them to an acceptable level. A batch that has been insufficiently processed may immediately undergo processing again in the same establishment if this processing renders it fit for human consumption. Where a batch is found to be unfit for human consumption, it must be denatured to ensure that it is not used for human consumption.';
 - (ii) in Part V, point 2 is replaced by the following:
 - '2. In the case of liquid egg, the label referred to in point 1 must also bear the words: "non-pasteurised liquid egg to be treated at place of destination" and indicate the date and hour of breaking.';
- (f) in Section XIV, the following Chapter V is added:

'CHAPTER V: LABELLING

Wrapping and packaging containing gelatine must bear the words "gelatine fit for human consumption" and must indicate the date of preparation.'

ANNEX VIII

AMENDMENTS TO REGULATION (EC) No 854/2004

Annexes I, II and III to Regulation (EC) No 854/2004 are amended as follows:

- 1. Annex I, Section I, Chapter III(3) is amended as follows:
 - (a) in point (a), the second subparagraph is replaced by the following:
 - 'BE, CZ, DK, DE, EE, GR, ES, FR, IE, IT, CY, LV, LT, LU, HU, MT, NL, AT, PL, PT, SI, SK, FI, SE and UK;'
 - (b) point (c) is replaced by the following:
 - '(c) when applied in a slaughterhouse within the Community, the mark must include the abbreviation CE, EC, EF, EG, EK, EY, ES, EÜ, EK, EB or WE':
- 2. in Annex II, Chapter II(A), points 4 and 5 are replaced by the following:
 - '4. The competent authority may classify as being of Class B areas from which live bivalve molluscs may be collected and only placed on the market for human consumption after treatment in a purification centre or after relaying so as to meet the health standards referred to in paragraph 3. Live bivalve molluscs from these areas must not exceed 4 600E. coli per 100 g of flesh and intravalvular liquid. The reference method for this analysis is the five-tube, three dilution Most Probable Number (MPN) test specified in ISO 16649-3. Alternative methods may be used if they are validated against this reference method in accordance with the criteria in EN/ISO 16140.
 - 5. The competent authority may classify as being of Class C areas from which live bivalve molluscs may be collected and only placed on the market after relaying over a long period so as to meet the health standards referred to in paragraph 3. Live bivalve molluscs from these areas must not exceed 46 000*E. coli* per 100 g of flesh and intravalvular liquid. The reference method for this analysis is the five-tube, three dilutions MPN test specified in ISO 16649-3. Alternative methods may be used if they are validated against this reference method in accordance with the criteria in EN/ISO 16140.';
- 3. in Annex III, Chapter II(G), point 1 is replaced by the following:
 - '1. Fishery products derived from poisonous fish of the following families must not be placed on the market: Tetraodontidae, Molidae, Diodontidae and Canthigasteridae. Fresh, prepared and processed fishery products belonging to the family Gempylidae, in particular Ruvettus pretiosus and Lepidocybium flavobrunneum, may only be placed on the market in wrapped/packaged form and must be appropriately labelled to provide information to the consumer on preparation/cooking methods and on the risk related to the presence of substances with adverse gastrointestinal effects. The scientific name must accompany the common name on the label.'