

COMMISSION REGULATION (EC) No 308/2004**of 20 February 2004****redistributing unused portions of the 2003 quantitative quotas for certain products originating in the People's Republic of China**

THE COMMISSION OF THE EUROPEAN COMMUNITIES,

Having regard to the Treaty establishing the European Community,

Having regard to Council Regulation (EC) No 520/94 ⁽¹⁾ of 7 March 1994 establishing a Community procedure for administering quantitative quotas, and in particular Article 2(5) and Articles 14 and 24 thereof,

Whereas:

- (1) Council Regulation (EC) No 427/2003 ⁽²⁾ of 3 March 2003 on a transitional product-specific safeguard mechanism and amending Regulation (EC) No 519/94 on common rules for imports from certain third countries provided for annual quantitative quotas for certain products originating in the People's Republic of China listed in Annex I to that Regulation. The provisions of Regulation (EC) No 520/94 are applicable to those quotas.
- (2) The Commission adopted Regulation (EC) No 738/94 ⁽³⁾, laying down general rules for the implementation of Regulation (EC) No 520/94. These provisions apply to the administration of the above quotas subject to the provisions of this Regulation.
- (3) In accordance with Article 20 of Regulation (EC) No 520/94, the competent authorities of the Member States notified the Commission of the quantities of quotas assigned in 2003 and not used.
- (4) The unused quantities could not be redistributed in time to be used before the end of the 2003 quota year.
- (5) Examination of the data received for each of the products in question indicates that the quantities not used in the 2003 quota year should be redistributed in 2004, up to a limit of the amounts set out in Annex I to this Regulation.
- (6) The different administrative methods provided for by Regulation (EC) No 520/94 have been analysed and it is considered that the method based on traditional trade flows should be adopted. Under this method quota tranches are divided into two portions, one of which is reserved for traditional importers and the other for other applicants.
- (7) This has proved to be the best way of ensuring the continuity of business for the Community importers concerned and avoiding any disturbance of trade flows.
- (8) Quantities redistributed under this Regulation should be divided using the same criteria as for the allocation of the 2003 quotas.
- (9) It is necessary to simplify the formalities to be fulfilled by traditional importers who already hold import licences issued when the 2004 Community quotas were allocated. The competent administrative authorities already possess the requisite evidence of either 1998 or 1999 imports for all traditional importers. The latter need therefore only enclose a copy of their previous licences with their new licence applications.
- (10) Measures should be taken to provide the best conditions for the allocation of that portion of the quota reserved for non-traditional importers with a view to optimum use of quotas. To this end, it is appropriate to provide for that portion to be allocated in proportion to the quantities requested, on the basis of a simultaneous examination of import licence applications actually lodged, and grant access only to importers who can prove that they obtained and made use of at least 80 % of an import licence for the product in question during the 2003 quota year. The amount that any non-traditional importer may request should also be restricted to a set volume or value.
- (11) For the purposes of quota allocation, a time limit must be set for the submission of licence applications by importers.
- (12) With a view to optimum use of quotas, licence applications for imports of footwear under quotas which refer to several CN codes must specify the quantities required for each code.
- (13) The Member States must inform the Commission of the import licence applications received, in accordance with the procedure laid down in Article 8 of Regulation (EC) No 520/94. The information about traditional importers' previous imports must be expressed in the same units as the quota in question.

⁽¹⁾ OJ L 66, 10.3.1994, p. 1. Regulation as last amended by Regulation (EC) No 806/2003 (OJ L 122, 16.5.2003, p. 1).

⁽²⁾ OJ L 65, 8.3.2003, p. 1. Regulation as amended by Regulation (EC) No 1985/2003 (OJ L 295, 13.11.2003, p. 43).

⁽³⁾ OJ L 87, 31.3.1994, p. 47. Regulation as last amended by Regulation (EC) No 983/96 (OJ L 131, 1.6.1996, 47).

- (14) In view of the fact that the quota system will expire on 31 December 2004, the expiry date of the redistribution import licences is set at 31 December 2004.
- (15) These measures are in accordance with the opinion of the Committee for the administration of quotas set up under Article 22 of Regulation (EC) No 520/94,

HAS ADOPTED THIS REGULATION:

Article 1

This Regulation lays down specific provisions for the redistribution in 2004 of portions of the 2003 quantitative quotas referred to in Council Regulation (EC) No 427/2003 which were not used in the 2003 quota year.

The quantities not used in the 2003 quota year shall be redistributed up to the limit of the volumes or values set out in Annex I to this Regulation.

Regulation (EC) No 738/94 shall apply subject to the specific provisions of this Regulation.

Article 2

1. The quantitative quotas referred to in Article 1 shall be allocated using the method based on traditional trade flows, referred to in Article 2(2)(a) of Regulation (EC) No 520/94.
2. The portions of each quantitative quota set aside for traditional importers and non-traditional importers are set out in Annex II to this Regulation.
3. (a) The portion set aside for non-traditional importers shall be apportioned using the method based on allocation in proportion to quantities requested; the volume requested by a single importer may not exceed that shown in Annex III. Only importers who can prove that they imported at least 80 % of the volume of the product for which they were granted an import licence pursuant to Commission Regulation (EC) No 2077/2002 ⁽¹⁾ shall be entitled to apply for import licences.
- (b) Operators that are deemed to be related persons as defined by Article 143 of Regulation (EEC) No 2454/93 ⁽²⁾ may only submit single licence application for the portion of the quota set aside for non-traditional importers regarding the goods described in the application. In addition to the statement required by Article 3(2)(g) of Regulation (EC) No 738/94, the licence application for the non-traditional quota shall state that the applicant is not related to any other operator applying for the non-traditional quota line in question.

⁽¹⁾ OJ L 319, 23.11.2002, p. 12.

⁽²⁾ OJ L 253, 11.10.1993, p. 1.

Article 3

Applications for import licences shall be lodged with the competent authorities listed in Annex IV to this Regulation from the day following the day of publication of this Regulation in the *Official Journal of the European Union* until 15.00, Brussels time, on 10 March 2004.

Article 4

1. For the purposes of allocating the portion of each quota set aside for the traditional importers, 'traditional' importers shall mean importers who can show that they have imported goods in the calendar year 1998 or 1999.

2. The supporting documents referred to in Article 7 of Regulation (EC) No 520/94 shall relate to the release for free circulation during either calendar year 1998 or 1999, as indicated by the importer, of products originating in the People's Republic of China which are covered by the quota in respect of which the application is made.

3. Instead of the documents referred to in the first indent of Article 7 of Regulation (EC) No 520/94 applicants may enclose with their licence applications documents drawn up and certified by the competent national authorities on the basis of available customs information as evidence of the imports of the product in question during calendar year 1998 or 1999 carried out by themselves or, where applicable, by the operator whose activities they have taken over.

Applicants already holding import licences issued for 2004 under Commission Regulation (EC) No 1956/2003 ⁽³⁾ or under Commission Regulation (EC) No 215/2004 ⁽⁴⁾ for products covered by the licence application may enclose a copy of their previous licences with their licence applications. In that case they shall indicate in their licence application the aggregate quantity of imports of the product in question during the chosen reference period.

Article 5

Member States shall inform the Commission no later than 1 April 2004 at 10.00, Brussels time, of the number and aggregate quantity of import licence applications and, in the case of applications from traditional importers, of the volume of previous imports carried out by traditional importers during the chosen reference period referred to in Article 4(1) of this Regulation.

Article 6

No later than 30 days after having received all the information required under Article 5, the Commission shall adopt the quantitative criteria to be used by the competent national authorities for the purpose of meeting importers' applications.

⁽³⁾ OJ L 289, 7.11.2003, p. 10.

⁽⁴⁾ OJ L 36, 7.2.2004, p. 10.

Article 7

Import licences shall be valid up to 31 December 2004.

Article 8

This Regulation shall enter into force on the day of its publication in the *Official Journal of the European Union*.

This Regulation shall be binding in its entirety and directly applicable in all Member States.

Done at Brussels, 20 February 2004.

For the Commission

Pascal LAMY

Member of the Commission

ANNEX I

Quantities to be redistributed

Product description	HS/CN code	Quantities redistributed
Footwear falling within HS/CN codes	ex 6402 99 ⁽¹⁾	9 720 296 pairs
	6403 51 6403 59	1 577 200 pairs
	ex 6403 91 ⁽¹⁾ ex 6403 99 ⁽¹⁾	1 966 283 pairs
	ex 6404 11 ⁽²⁾	4 169 083 pairs
	6404 19 10	10 151 135 pairs
Tableware, kitchenware of porcelain or china falling within HS/CN code	6911 10	10 983 tonnes
Ceramic tableware, kitchenware, other household articles and toilet articles, other than of porcelain or china falling within HS/CN code	6912 00	16 565 tonnes

⁽¹⁾ Excluding footwear involving special technology: shoes which have a cif price per pair of not less than EUR 9 for use in sporting activities, with a single- or multi-layer moulded sole, not injected, manufactured from synthetic materials specially designed to absorb the impact of vertical or lateral movements and with technical features such as hermetic pads containing gas or fluid, mechanical components which absorb or neutralise impact or materials such as low-density polymers.

⁽²⁾ Excluding:

- (a) footwear which is designed for a sporting activity and has, or has provision for the attachment of, spikes, sprigs, stops, clips, bars or the like, with a non-injected sole;
- (b) footwear involving special technology: shoes which have a cif price per pair of not less than EUR 9 for use in sporting activities, with a single- or multi-layer moulded sole, not injected, manufactured from synthetic materials specially designed to absorb the impact of vertical or lateral movements and with technical features such as hermetic pads containing gas or fluid, mechanical components which absorb or neutralise impact or materials such as low-density polymers.

ANNEX II

Allocation of the quotas

Product description	HS/CN code	Portion reserved for traditional importers 75 %	Portion reserved for non-traditional importers 25 %
Footwear falling within HS/CN codes	ex 6402 99 ⁽¹⁾	7 290 222 pairs	2 430 074 pairs
	6403 51 6403 59	1 182 900 pairs	394 300 pairs
	ex 6403 91 ⁽¹⁾ ex 6403 99 ⁽¹⁾	1 474 712 pairs	491 571 pairs
	ex 6404 11 ⁽²⁾	3 126 812 pairs	1 042 271 pairs
	6404 19 10	7 613 351 pairs	2 537 784 pairs
Tableware, kitchenware of porcelain or china falling within HS/CN code	6911 10	8 237 tonnes	2 746 tonnes
Ceramic tableware, kitchenware, other household articles and toilet articles, other than of porcelain or china falling within HS/CN code	6912 00	12 424 tonnes	4 141 tonnes

⁽¹⁾ Excluding footwear involving special technology: shoes which have a cif price per pair of not less than EUR 9 for use in sporting activities, with a single- or multi-layer moulded sole, not injected, manufactured from synthetic materials specially designed to absorb the impact of vertical or lateral movements and with technical features such as hermetic pads containing gas or fluid, mechanical components which absorb or neutralise impact or materials such as low-density polymers.

⁽²⁾ Excluding:

- (a) footwear which is designed for a sporting activity and has, or has provision for the attachment of, spikes, sprigs, stops, clips, bars or the like, with a non-injected sole;
- (b) footwear involving special technology: shoes which have a cif price per pair of not less than EUR 9 for use in sporting activities, with a single- or multi-layer moulded sole, not injected, manufactured from synthetic materials specially designed to absorb the impact of vertical or lateral movements and with technical features such as hermetic pads containing gas or fluid, mechanical components which absorb or neutralise impact or materials such as low-density polymers.

ANNEX III

Maximum quantity which may be requested by each non-traditional importer

Product description	HS/CN code	Predetermined maximum quantity
Footwear falling within HS/CN codes	ex 6402 99 ⁽¹⁾	5 000 pairs
	6403 51 6403 59	5 000 pairs
	ex 6403 91 ⁽¹⁾ ex 6403 99 ⁽¹⁾	5 000 pairs
	ex 6404 11 ⁽²⁾	5 000 pairs
	6404 19 10	5 000 pairs
Tableware, kitchenware of porcelain or china falling within HS/CN code	6911 10	5 tonnes
Ceramic tableware, kitchenware, other household articles and toilet articles, other than of porcelain or china falling within HS/CN code	6912 00	5 tonnes

⁽¹⁾ Excluding footwear involving special technology: shoes which have a cif price per pair of not less than EUR 9 for use in sporting activities, with a single- or multi-layer moulded sole, not injected, manufactured from synthetic materials specially designed to absorb the impact of vertical or lateral movements and with technical features such as hermetic pads containing gas or fluid, mechanical components which absorb or neutralise impact or materials such as low-density polymers.

⁽²⁾ Excluding:

- (a) footwear which is designed for a sporting activity and has, or has provision for the attachment of, spikes, sprigs, stops, clips, bars or the like, with a non-injected sole;
- (b) footwear involving special technology: shoes which have a cif price per pair of not less than EUR 9 for use in sporting activities, with a single- or multi-layer moulded sole, not injected, manufactured from synthetic materials specially designed to absorb the impact of vertical or lateral movements and with technical features such as hermetic pads containing gas or fluid, mechanical components which absorb or neutralise impact or materials such as low-density polymers.

ANNEX IV

List of the competent national authorities in the Member States

1. BELGIQUE/BELGIË

Service public fédéral Économie, PME, Classes moyennes & énergie

Administration du Potentiel économique
Politiques d'accès aux marchés, Service Licences

Federale Overheidsdienst Economie, K.M.O., Middenstand en Energie

Bestuur Economisch Potentieel
Markttoegangsbeleid, Dienst Vergunningen
Generaal Lemanstraat 60, Rue Général-Leman 60
B-1040 Brussel/Bruxelles
Tél./Tel.: (32-2) 206 58 16
Télécopieur/Fax: (32-2) 230 83 22/231 14 84

2. DANMARK

Erhvervs- og Boligstyrelsen

Vejlsøvej 29
DK-8600 Silkeborg
Tlf. (45) 35 46 64 30
Fax (45) 35 46 64 01

3. DEUTSCHLAND

Bundesamt für Wirtschaft und Ausfuhrkontrolle (BAFA)

Frankfurter Straße 29-35
D-65760 Eschborn
Tel. (49) 619 69 08-0
Fax (49) 619 69 42 26/(49) 619 69 08-800

4. GREECE

Ministry of Economy & Finance

General Directorate of Policy Planning & Implementation
Directorate of International Economic Issues
1, Kornarou Street
GR-105-63 Athens
Tel.: (30-210) 328-60 31/328 60 32
Fax: (30-210) 328 60 94/328 60 59

5. ESPAÑA

Ministerio de Economía y Hacienda

Dirección General de Comercio Exterior
Paseo de la Castellana 162
E-28046 Madrid
Tel.: (34) 913 49 38 94/913 49 37 78
Fax: (34) 913 49 38 32/913 49 37 40

6. FRANCE

Service des titres du commerce extérieur

8, rue de la Tour-des-Dames
F-75436 Paris Cedex 09
Tél. (33) 155 07 46 69/95
Télécopieur (33) 155 07 48 32/34/35

7. IRELAND

Department of Enterprise, Trade and Employment

Licensing Unit, Block C
Earlsfort Centre
Hatch Street
Dublin 2
Ireland
Tel. (353-1) 631 25 41
Fax (353-1) 631 25 62

8. ITALIA

Ministero Attività Produttive

Direzione Generale Politica Commerciale e la Gestione del regime degli scambi
Div. VII
Viale Boston 25
I-00144 Roma
Tel. (39-6) 599 32 489/(39-6) 599 32 487
Fax (39-6) 592 55 56

9. LUXEMBOURG

Ministère des affaires étrangères

Office des licences
Boîte postale 113
L-2011 Luxembourg
Tel. (352) 22 61 62
Fax (352) 46 61 38

10. NEDERLAND

Belastingdienst/Douane

Engelse Kamp 2
Postbus 30003
9700 RD Groningen
Nederland
Tel. (31-50) 523 91 11
Fax (31-50) 523 22 10

11. ÖSTERREICH

Bundesministerium für Wirtschaft und Arbeit

Außenwirtschaftsadministration
Abteilung C2/2
Stubenring 1
A-1011 Wien
Tel. (43-1) 71 10 00
Fax (43-1) 711 00 83 86

12. PORTUGAL

Ministério das Finanças

Direcção-Geral das Alfândegas e dos Impostos Especiais sobre o Consumo, Edifício da Alfândega de Lisboa
Largo do Terreiro do Trigo
P-1100 Lisboa
Tel.: (351-21) 881 4263
Fax: (351) -21 881 4261

13. SUOMI

Tullihallitus/Tullstyrelsen

Erottajankatu/Skillnadsgatan 2
FIN-00101 Helsinki/Helsingfors
P./Tel: (358-9) 6141
F. (358-9) 614 28 52

14. SVERIGE

Kommerskollegium

Box 6803
S-113 86 Stockholm
Tfn (46-8) 690 48 00
Fax (46-8) 30 67 59

15. UNITED KINGDOM

Department of Trade and Industry

Import Licensing Branch
Queensway House
West Precinct
Billingham
TS23 2NF
United Kingdom
Tel. (44-1642) 36 43 33/36 43 34
Fax (44-1642) 53 35 57
