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►<u>B</u>

COMMISSION REGULATION (EEC) No 2385/91

of 6 August 1991

laying down detailed rules for certain special cases regarding the definition of sheepmeat and goatmeat producers and producer groups

(OJ L 219, 7.8.1991, p. 15)

Amended by:

		Official Journal		
		No	page	date
► <u>M1</u>	Commission Regulation (EEC) No 2425/91 of 8 August 1991	L 221	27	9.8.1991
► <u>M2</u>	Commission Regulation (EEC) No 3676/91 of 17 December 1991	L 349	14	18.12.1991
► <u>M3</u>	Commission Regulation (EEC) No 2564/92 of 2 September 1992	L 257	12	3.9.1992
► <u>M4</u>	Commission Regulation (EC) No 609/94 of 18 March 1994	L 77	10	19.3.1994
► <u>M5</u>	Commission Regulation (EC) No 826/94 of 13 April 1994	L 95	8	14.4.1994
► <u>M6</u>	Commission Regulation (EC) No 2569/95 of 31 October 1995	L 262	32	1.11.1995
► <u>M7</u>	Commission Regulation (EC) No 2143/96 of 7 November 1996	L 286	10	8.11.1996
► <u>M8</u>	Commission Regulation (EC) No 2254/1999 of 25 October 1999	L 275	9	26.10.1999

COMMISSION REGULATION (EEC) No 2385/91 of 6 August 1991

laying down detailed rules for certain special cases regarding the definition of sheepmeat and goatmeat producers and producer groups

THE COMMISSION OF THE EUROPEAN COMMUNITIES,

Having regard to the Treaty establishing the European Economic Community,

Having regard to Council Regulation (EEC) No 3013/89 of 25 September 1989 on the common organization of the market in sheepmeat and goatmeat (¹), as last amended by Regulation (EEC) No 1741/91 (²), and in particular Article 5 (9) thereof,

Having regard to Council Regulation (EEC) No 3493/90 of 27 November 1990 laying down general rules for the grant of premiums to sheepmeat and goatmeat producers (³), and in particular Articles 1 and 2 (4),

Whereas Regulation (EEC) No 3493/90 establishes, in particular, the definitions of sheepmeat and/or goatmeat producer and producer group; whereas, furthermore, that Regulation lays down that the Commission, acting in accordance with the procedure laid down in Article 30 of Regulation (EEC) No 3013/89, is to lay down detailed rules for the application of those definitions and in particular special cases arising from contractual forms provided for in agricultural law or covered by national customs and practices under which the farmer, while assuming the risks and/or organization of the rearing, is not the owner of all or part of the flock, and detailed rules for the application of the limits provided for in Article 5 (7) of Regulation (EEC) No 3013/89 concerning producer groups;

Whereas, as regards the abovementioned contractual forms, provisions should be laid down in particular to cover cases of shared ownership, livestock lease and placing of ewes in agistment and certain situations where the shepherd of a flock is also owner of part of the latter; whereas, however, as regards livestock leases, special provisions must be laid down in the United Kingdom for the National Trust where it is the lessor in the Lake District area, since the said lessor imposes particularly strict conditions on lessees in order to ensure that the environment is protected;

Whereas the limits provided for in Article 5 (7) of Regulation (EEC) No 3013/89 may, in the case of producer groups, be applied correctly using a single premium declaration signed by all the members and by means of certain provisions on penalties intended to ensure that the group assumes liability for declarations submitted;

Whereas, for the purposes of applying the abovementioned limits, rules should also be laid down for apportioning livestock in the case of groups where the animals belonging to each member cannot be identified; whereas the formula for apportionment applicable, in the case of disbanding, to the group's assets is suitable for the purpose;

Whereas, in order to prevent the limits in question from being circumvented, the concept of group should exclude any form of association featuring a lack of independence of or real participation by the members;

Whereas Regulation (EEC) No 3493/90 lays down the conditions under which farmers practising transhumance are to be considered producers in less-favoured areas; whereas that Regulation lays down in particular that, to that end, on farmers whose holdings are located in geographical areas to be determined according to certain criteria and in accordance with the

^{(&}lt;sup>1</sup>) OJ No L 289, 7. 10. 1989, p. 1.

^{(&}lt;sup>2</sup>) OJ No L 163, 26. 6. 1991, p. 41.

^{(&}lt;sup>3</sup>) OJ No L 337, 4. 12. 1990, p. 7.

procedure provided for in Article 30 of Regulation (EEC) No 3013/89 are to be taken into account; whereas those criteria lead to the determination of the areas given in the Annex hereto;

Whereas the Management Committee for Sheep and Goats has not delivered an opinion within the time limit set by its chairman,

HAS ADOPTED THIS REGULATION:

Article 1

1. Save as otherwise provided for in paragraph 4, in cases other than those referred to in Article 2 (1) where ownership of a flock of sheep and/or goats on the same farm is shared between two or more natural or legal persons, the producer within the meaning of point 1 of Article 1 (1) of Regulation (EEC) No 3439/90 shall be deemed to be the person who has the greatest share of the sale of products from the flock in question.

▼<u>M5</u>

▼<u>B</u>

2. Where the owner of a flock of sheep and/or goats places the flock in agistment, the farmer in question shall remain the producer within the meaning of point 1 of Article 1 (1) of Regulation (EEC) No 3493/90. He shall identify the agister's holding in his premium application.

3. Where a flock of ewes and/or she-goats is held, in part or in whole, under a livestock lease and the lessee receives the product of the sale of the livestock products, the lessee shall be deemed to be the producer, with regard to the part in question, within the meaning of point 1 of Article 1 (1) of Regulation (EEC) No 3493/90.

▼<u>M5</u>

4. Where the shepherd of a flock of sheep and/or goats is an employee of a producer within the meaning of point 1 of Article 1 (1) of Regulation (EEC) No 3493/90 and at the same time is himself a producer within the meaning of the same Article with regard to a part of the flock, the shepherd shall be jointly and severally liable with the other producer where the penalties provided for in Commission Regulation (EEC) No 3887/92 (¹) are applied in the event of the two parts of the flock not being identified separately.

The premium application submitted by each producer must specify the employer-employee relationship and identify the other producer.

▼<u>B</u>

Article 2

1. Where a premium application is submitted by a producer group within the meaning of point 2 of Article 1 (1) of Regulation (EEC) No 3493/90, the producer group must submit a single premium application, which must be signed by all the producers within the meaning of point 1 of the said Article; such producers shall remain subject to the obligations imposed by Regulation (EEC) No 3007/84. The premium shall be paid directly to the group.

⁽¹⁾ OJ No L 391, 31. 12. 1992, p. 36.

The rules on penalties referred to in Article 10 of Regulation (EEC) No 3887/92 shall apply to the group as such. However, the penalty provided for in that Article in the event of a false declaration intentionally made shall apply to those members who, while remaining producers in the following year, no longer form part of the group.

▼<u>B</u>

2. Premium applications must state the number of animals brought to the group by each producer.

▼<u>M2</u>

However, where the nature of the group is such that ownership of individual animals cannot be assigned to each producer, the articles of association or the rules of procedure of the group must necessarily give a formula for apportioning the sheep and/or goat flock between the various producers concerned within the meaning of point 1 of the first paragraph of Article 1 of Regulation (EEC) No 3493/90.

That formula must correspond to the way the group's assets would be apportioned between the producer between the producer (SIC!) members were the group to be disbanded and shall be notified to the competent authority. This formula shall remain unaltered in subsequent marketing years unless the structure of the group which has been notified to the authority comptent for granting the premium undergoes a substantial change; such a change shall be the result of:

- new members joining or old members leaving, or
- a change of 10 % or more in the apportionment of the members' assets as a whole.

Annual premium applications must specify the number of ewes attributed to each producer on the basis of the said formula.

▼<u>M5</u>

▼<u>B</u>

Article 3

1. The geographical areas referred to in the second indent of Article 2 (3) of Regulation (EEC) No 3493/90 shall be as set out in the Annex hereto.

2. Premium applications submitted by producers the registered addresses of whose farms are in one of the areas referred to in paragraph 1 and who wish to qualify under the provisions of Article 2 (3) of Regulation (EEC) No 3493/90 must indicate:

- the place or places where transhumance is to be carried out for the current marketing year,
- the period of at least 90 days referred to in the said paragraph and laid down for the current marketing year.

▼<u>M6</u>

Notwithstanding Article 1 of Regulation (EEC) No 2700/93, documents containing information and the documents referred to in paragraph 3 relating to applications for the 1995 marketing year shall be submitted by farmers in Austria by 30 November 1995.

▼<u>B</u>

3. Premium applications from producers as referred to in paragraph 2 must be accompanied by documents certifying that transhumance has actually been carried out, except in cases of *force majeure* or duly justified natural circumstances, during two previous marketing years and in particular by an attestation from the local or regional authority at the place of transhumance certifying that the latter has actually taken place during at least 90 consecutive days.

▼<u>M5</u>

▼M6 For the 1995 and 1996 marketing years, however, in the case of Austria, the attestation that transhumance took place during the previous two marketing years may be replaced by documents attesting that transhumance took place during the 1995 marketing year.

▼<u>M2</u>

Member States shall inform the Commission of the steps taken with regard to the designation or approval of the local authority competent to issue the attestations referred to in the first subparagraph.

The attestations must state:

- the place of transhumance,
- the dates of the transhumant animals' 'arrival and departure.

▼<u>B</u>

4. In order to facilitate checks, the authority receiving the premium applications shall notify the authority responsible for verification of the place of transhumance.

5. The Member States shall monitor the application of the provisions of this Article in accordance with the detailed rules laid down in Article 5 of Regulation (EEC) No 3007/84. In addition, when carrying out administrative checks on applications, they shall ensure that the place of transhumance specified in the premium application is actually within one of the areas defined in Article 3 (3), (4) and (5) of Council Directive 75/268/EEC (¹).

6. Member States shall notify the Commission of the premium applications as referred to in paragraph 2, received for the current marketing year, broken down according to the list of regions referred to in Article 3 (4) of Regulation (EEC) No 3007/84 at the same time as the communication required in that Article.

▼<u>M5</u>

▼<u>B</u>

Article 5

This Regulation shall enter into force on the third day following its publication in the *Official Journal of the European Communities*.

This Regulation shall be binding in its entirety and directly applicable in all Member States.

(¹) OJ No L 128, 19. 5. 1975, p. 1.

ANNEX

LIST OF GEOGRAPHICAL AREAS REFERRED TO IN THE SECOND INDENT OF ARTICLE 3 OF REGULATION (EEC) No 3493/90

I. SPAIN

Comunidad autónoma	Provincia	Comarcas
Andalucía	Almería	Nº 7: Campos Dalias Nº 8: Campos Níjar y Bajo Andárax
	Cádiz	
	Córdoba	Nº 3: Campiña Baja
	Jaén	Nº 6: Campiña Sur
	Granada	Nº 1: De la Vega
	Huelva	Nº 3: Andevalo Oriental
	Málaga	Nº 1: Nortes o Antequera
		Nº 3: Centro o Guadalarce
	Sevilla	Nº 2: La Vega
		Nº 5: La Campina
Aragón	Huesca	Nº 4: Hoya de Huesca
-		Nº 6: Los Monegros
		Nº 7: La Litera
		Nº 8: Bajo Cinca
	Teruel	
	Zaragoza	Nº 1: Egea de los Caballeros
		Nº 2: Borja
		Nº 5: Zaragoza
Asturias	Asturias	—
Baleares	Baleares	—
Cantabria	Cantabria	_
Castilla y León	Ávila	_
, ,, ,	Burgos	
	León	Nº 6: Tierras de León
	Palencia	Nº 2: Campos
	Salamanca	Nº 3: Salamanca
	Segovia	_
	Soria	_
	Valladolid	Nº 2: Centro
	Zamora	Nº 4: Campos-Pan
Castilla-La Mancha	Albacete	Nº 4: Centro
	Ciudad Real	Nº 2: Campos de Calatrava
		Nº 5: Pastos
	Cuenca	
	Guadalajara	
	Toledo	Nº 1: Talavera

Comunidad autónoma	Provincia	Comarcas
Cataluña	Barcelona	Nº 6: Anoia
		Nº 7: Bages
		Nº 11: Baix Llobregat Nº 17: Garraf
		N° 21: Maresme
		Nº 24: Osona
		Nº 40: Vallès Occidental
		N° 41: Vallès Oriental
	Girona	Nº 2: Alt Empordà
		Nº 10: Baix Empordà
		Nº 34: La Selva
	Lleida	Nº 23: Noguera
		Nº 27: Pla d'Urgell
		Nº 33: Segrià
		Nº 38: Urgell
	Tarragona	Nº 1: Alt Camp
		Nº 9: Baix Ebre
		Nº 12: Baix Penedès
		Nº 29: Priorat
		Nº 36: Tarragonès
Extremadura	Badajoz	Nº 3: Don Benito
Extrematura	Datiajoz	Nº 6: Badajoz
	Cáceres	
Galicia		_
Madrid	Madrid	—
Murcia	Murcia	Nº 4: Río Segura
		Nº 5: Suroeste y Valle de Guadalentín
Navarra	Navarra	Nº 5: La Ribera
La Rioja	La Rioja	—
Valenciana	Alicante	
valencialia	Castellón	Comoroo No 2 – Boio Maastrozgo
	Valencia	Comarca No 2 — Bajo Maestrazgo Comarca No 3 — Campos de Liria
	valencia	Comarca No 5 — La Hoya de Buñue
		Comarca No 6 — Sagunto
		Comarca No 8 — Riberas del Júcar
-		
País Vasco		

II. FRANCE

Provence-Alps-Côte d'Azur

The non-less-favoured areas in the departments of Alpes-de-Haute-Provence, Alpes Maritimes, Var and Vaucluse, and the whole of the department of Bouches-du-Rhône.

▼<u>M3</u>

Rhône-Alps

The non-less-favoured areas in the departments of Ain, Ardèche, Drôme, Isère, Loire, Rhône, Savoie and Haute-Savoie.

Midi-Pyrénées

The non-less-favoured areas in the departments of Haute-Garonne, Hautes-Pyrénées and Tarn-et-Garonne.

Aquitaine

The non-less-favoured areas in the department of Pyrénées-Atlantiques.

Alsace

The non-less-favoured areas in the departments of Bas-Rhin and Haut-Rhin.

Lorraine

The non-less-favoured areas in the departments of Meurthe-et-Moselle, Moselle and the whole of the department of Meuse.

Auvergne

The non-less-favoured areas in the departments of Allier and Puy-de-Dôme.

Languedoc-Roussillon

The non-less-favoured areas in the departments of Aude, Gard, Hérault and Eastern Pyrénées.

III. GREECE

Lowland areas from which animals are (by tradition) moved every year to mountain, hill and less-favoured areas, as specified in Articles 3 (3), 4 and 5 of Directive 75/268/EEC.

	Νομός	Επαρχία
1.	Νομός Λακωνίας	Λακεδαίμονος, Επιδαύρου, Λιμήρας
2	Νομός Ιωαννίνων	Ιωαννίνων
3.	Νομός Φωκίδος	Παρνασσίδος, Δωρίδος
4.	Νομός Πρέβεζας	Νικοπόλεως
5.	Νομός Κιλκίς	Κιλκίς
6.	Νομός Αττικής	Μεγαφίδος, Αττικής, Πειφαιώς
7.	Νομός Αχαΐας	Πατρών, Αιγιαλείας
8.	Νομός Αργολίδας	Άργους, Ναυπλίου
9.	Νομός Βοιωτίας	Λιβαδειάς, Θήβας
10.	Νομός Αρκαδίας	Κοινουρίας, Μαντινείας
11.	Νομός Ημαθίας	Νάουσας, Βέροιας
12.	Νομός Ηλείας	Ηλείας, Ολυμπίας
13.	Νομός Μαγνησίας	Βόλου, Αλμυρού
14.	Νομός Κορινθίας	Κορινθίας
15.	Νομός Ροδόπης	Κομοτινής
16.	Νομός Πέλλας	Έδεσσας, Αλμωπίας, Γιαννιτσών
17.	Νομός Φθιώτιδας	Φθιώτιδος, Δομοκού, Λοκρίδος
18.	Νομός Χανίων	Κυδωνίας, Κισάμου, Αποκοφώνου
19.	Νομός Ευβοίας	Χαλκίδας, Καφιστίας, Ιστιαίας
20.	Νομός Αιτωλοακαρνανίας	Μεσολογγίου, Τριχωνίδας, Βάλτου, Ξηρομέρου, Ναυπάχτου
21.	Νομός Μεσσηνίας	Τριφυλίας, Μεσσήνης, Πυλίας
22.	Νομός Τρικάλων	Τρικάλων
23.	Νομός Ρεθύμνης	Ρεθύμνης
24.	Νομός Πιερίας	Πιερίας
25.	Νομός Δράμας	Δφάμας
26.	Νομός Άρτας	Άφτας
27.	Νομός Θεσσαλονίκης	Θεσσαλονίκης, Λαγκαδά
28.	Νομός Θεσποωτίας	Θιάμιδος

Νομός	Επαρχία
	Καφδίτσας, Σοφάδων, Παλαμά, Μουζαχίου Καβάλας, Παγγαίου Λάφισας, Φαφσάλων, Αγιάς, Ελασσώνας, Τυφνάβου

▼<u>M2</u>

IV. GERMANY

Baden-Württemberg (in the following urban and rural districts):

Stuttgart (town) Böblingen Esslingen Göppingen Ludwigsburg Rems-Murr-Kreis Heilbronn (town) Heilbronn Hohenlohekreis Schwäbisch Hall Main-Tauber-Kreis Heidenheim Ostalbkreis Baden-Baden (town) Rastatt Karlsruhe (town) Karlsruhe Heidelberg (town) Mannheim (town) Sigmaringen Rhein-Neckar-Kreis Neckar-Odenwald-Kreis Pforzheim (town) Enzkreis Calw Freudenstadt Freiburg im Breisgau (town) Breisgau Hochschwarzwald Emmendingen Ortenaukreis Konstanz Lörrach Waldshut Reutlingen Tübingen Zollernalbkreis Ulm (town) Alb-Donau-Kreis Biberach

Bodenseekreis Ravensburg Bavaria (in the following urban and rural districts): Alchach-Friedberg Altötting Ansbach (zone north-west) Aschaffenburg Augsburg Bad Tölz-Wolfratshausen (zone north) Berchtesgadener Land (zone north) Dachau Deggendorf Dilligen Dingolfing-Landau Donau-Ries Ebersberg Eichstätt (south) Erding Erlangen (south) Freising Fürstenfeldbruck Fürth Günzburg Kelheim Kitzingen Landsberg/Lech Landshut Lindau (west) Main-Spessart (south) Miesbach (zone north) Miltenberg Mühldorf Munich Neuburg-Schrobenhausen Neustadt/Aisch - Bad Windsheim (west) Neu Ulm Nürnberger Land (west) Ostallgäu (zone north) Passau (zone south-west) Pfaffenhofen Regensburg Rosenheim (zone north) Rottal-Inn Starnberg Straubing-Bogen Schweinfurt Traunstein (zone north) Unterallgäu Würzburg

▼<u>M2</u>

\overline{\mathbf{W}} Brandenburg (in the following urban and rural districts):

Prignitz Uckermark Märkisch-Oderland Elbe-Elster Dahme-Spreewald Teltow-Fläming Oder-Spree Oberhavel Ostprignitz Spree-Neiße Potsdam-Mittelmark Oberspreewald-Lausitz

▼<u>M2</u>

Hesse (in the following urban and rural districts):

Wetteraukreis Gießen Marburg-Biedenkopf Fulda Kassel Limburg-Weilburg

Lower Saxony (in the following urban and rural districts):

Gifhorn Göttingen Peine Hannover Hildesheim Holzminden Hameln Nienburg Schaumburg Uelzen Verden

▶<u>M7</u> Lüneburg ◀

▼<u>M7</u>

Mecklenburg-Western Pomerania (in the following urban and rural districts):

- Bad Doberan Demmin Güstrow Ludwigslust
- Mecklenburg-Strelitz
- Nordvorpommern
- Nordwestmecklenburg
- Ostvorpommern
- Parchim
- Uecker-Randow

▼<u>M2</u> Rhineland-Palatinate (in the following rural districts and towns):

Koblenz Ahrweiler Bad Kreuznach Cochem-Zell Mayen-Koblenz Neuwied Rhein-Lahn-Kreis Trier Bernkastel-Wittlich Trier-Saarburg Frankenthal Kaiserslautern (town and rural district) Landau i.d. Pfalz Ludwigshafen (town and rural district) Mainz Neustadt a.d.W. Speyer Worms Zweibrücken Alzey-Worms Bad-Dürkheim Germersheim Südliche Weinstraße Mainz-Bingen Pirmasens Donnerbergkreis

▼<u>M7</u>

Saxony (in the following urban and rural districts):

Torgau-Oschatz Delitzsch Muldentalkreis Riesa-Großenhain Meißen-Radebeul Sächsische Schweiz Bautzen Löbau-Zittau Niederschlesischer Oberlausitzkreis Freiberg Chemnitzer Land Zwickauer Land Kamenz Saxony-Anhalt (in the following urban and rural districts): Anhalt-Zerbst

Sangerhausen Weißenfels Ohrekreis Jerichower Land Halberstadt

▼<u>M7</u>

Salzwedel

Stendal

Thuringia (in the following urban and rural districts):

Nordhausen Kyffhäuser Kreis Unstrut-Hainich-Kreis Sömmerda Wartburg Kreis Gotha Weimar-Land Ilm-Kreis Holzlandkreis Altenburg Erfurt Weimar

▼<u>M2</u>

V. ITALY

Non-less-favoured areas of the regions

Tuscany Umbria Marche Sicily Sardinia Lazio Abbruzzo (SIC! Abruzzo) Molise Campania Basilicata Puglia Calabria

Non-less-favoured areas of the provinces

Cuneo Vercelli Bergamo Brescia Treviso Pavia Parma Reggio Emilia Modena Bologna Forlì

VI. AUSTRIA

Non-less-favoured areas in *Gemeinde* or parts of *Gemeinde* in the following *Bezirke*:

Bundesland Vorarlberg:

Feldkirch Dornbirn Bregenz

Bundesland Kärnten:

Klagenfurt Klagenfurt-Land Wolfsberg

Bundesland Salzburg:

Salzburg Salzburg-Umgebung

Bundesland Steiermark:

Graz Graz-Umgebung Leibnitz Radkersburg Weiz Feldbach Fürstenfeld Hartberg

Bundesland Oberösterreich:

Braunau am Inn Ried im Innkreis Schärding Vöcklabruck Gieskirchen Eferding Wels-Land Gmunden Urfahr-Umgebung Kirchdorf an der Krems Steyr-Land Linz und Perg

Bundesland Niederösterreich:

Amstetten Melk Scheibbs St. Pölten-Land Wien-Umgebung Krems an der Donau Krems-Land Horn Mödling

▼<u>M6</u>

▼<u>M6</u>

Baden Neunkirchen Wiener Neustadt-Land

Bundesland Burgenland:

Neusiedl am See Eisenstadt-Land Mattersburg Oberpullendorf Oberwart Güssing