COMMISSION DIRECTIVE 2001/35/EC

of 11 May 2001

amending the Annexes to Council Directive 90/642/EEC on the fixing of maximum levels for pesticide residues in and on certain products of plant origin, including fruit and vegetables

THE COMMISSION OF THE EUROPEAN COMMUNITIES,

Having regard to the Treaty establishing the European Community,

Having regard to Council Directive 90/642/EEC of 27 November 1990 on the fixing of maximum levels for pesticide residues in and on certain products of plant origin, including fruit and vegetables (1), as last amended by Commission Directive 2000/82/EC (2), and in particular Article 7 thereof,

Whereas:

- Commission Directive 2000/42/EC (3) fixed maximum (1)residue levels (MRLs) in relation to pesticide/food combinations that were left open in Council Directives 94/29/ EC (4), 94/30/EC (5), 95/38/EC (6), 95/39/EC (7), 96/32/ EC (8), 96/33/EC (9) and Commission Directive 98/82/ EC (10). The above entries in the Annexes to the Directives were left 'open', or were fixed on a temporary basis, because there was insufficient data available, at the dates of their adoption, to justify the fixing of maximum residue limits at Community level by 1 July 2000. The objective of fixing the said deadline was to provide interested parties with sufficient time to provide the necessary data enabling, where appropriate and justified, the adoption of maximum residue levels at Community level above the lower limit of analytical determination. In the period preceding the expiry of the deadline, the available data was evaluated and in some cases not considered adequate to justify fixing maximum residue levels higher than the limit of analytical determination.
- Following publication of Directive 2000/42/EC, the (2) Commission received requests, supported by further data, to review the levels at which MRLs for certain pesticide/food combinations had been fixed by virtue of Directive 2000/42/EC. The applications and data were reviewed, and for some combinations, the data was sufficient to justify the fixing of an MRL above the lower limit of analytical determination. For other combinations the information available remains inadequate and it is appropriate to fix maximum residue levels at the lower limit of analytical determination. For other combinations

- (³) (⁴) (⁵) (⁶) (⁷) (⁸) (⁹)

- OJ L 144, 18.6.1996, p. 12. OJ L 144, 18.6.1996, p. 35.
- (¹⁰) ÓJ L 290, 29.10.1998, p. 25.

the information now available is sufficient to demonstrate that the setting of a maximum residue level above the lower limit of analytical determination may give rise to an unacceptable acute or chronic exposure of the consumer to the residues. In such cases, the maximum residue levels should remain fixed at the lower limit of analytical determination.

- (3) The lifetime exposure of consumers to these pesticides via food products that may contain residues of these pesticides arising from their uses in plant protection and, where applicable, in veterinary medicine has been assessed and evaluated in accordance with the procedures and practices used within the European Community taking account of guidelines published by the World Health Organisation (11) and it has been calculated that the maximum residue levels fixed in this Directive do not give rise to an exceeding of the acceptable daily intakes.
- (4) The acute exposure of consumers to these pesticides via each of the food products that may contain residues of these pesticides has been assessed and evaluated in accordance with the procedures and practices used within the European Community, taking account of guidelines published by the World Health Organisation. It has been calculated that the maximum residue levels fixed for open positions in the present Directive do not give rise to acute toxic effects.
- The Community's trading partners will be consulted (5) about the levels set out in this Directive through the World Trade Organisation and their comments on these levels will be considered.
- The opinions of the Scientific Committee for Plants, in (6) particular advice and recommendations concerning the protection of consumers of food products treated with pesticides, have been taken into account. The methodology described by the World Health Organisation, referred to above, as applied by rapporteur Member States, checked and evaluated by the Commission in the framework of the Standing Committee on Plant Health, is in agreement with the guidance given by the Scientifc Committee of Plants (12).

^{(&}lt;sup>1)</sup> OJ L 350, 14.12.1990, p. 71. (²⁾ OJ L 3, 6.1.2001, p. 18. (³⁾ OJ L 158, 30.6.2000, p. 51. (⁴⁾ OJ L 189, 23.7.1994, p. 67. (⁵⁾ OJ L 189, 23.7.1994, p. 70. (⁶⁾ OJ L 197, 22.8.1995, p. 14. (⁷⁾ OJ L 197, 22.8.1995, p. 29. (⁸⁾ OJ L 144 18 6.1996 p. 12

^{(&}lt;sup>11</sup>) Guidelines for predicting dietary intake of pesticide residues (revised), prepared by the GEMS/Food Programme in collaboration with the Codex Committee on Pesticide Residues, published by the World Health Organisation 1997 (WHO/FSF/FOS/97.7).

⁽¹²⁾ SCP/RESI/021; SCP/RESI/024.

(7) The measures provided for in this Directive are in accordance with the opinion of the Standing Committee on Plant Health,

HAS ADOPTED THIS DIRECTIVE:

Article 1

The maximum levels for residues listed in the Annex to this Directive shall replace those listed in Annex II to Directive 90/642/EEC for the pesticides in question.

Article 2

Member States shall bring into force the laws, regulations and administrative provisions necessary to comply with this Directive by 30 June 2001 at the latest. They shall forthwith inform the Commission thereof.

They shall apply these measures as of 1 July 2001.

Article 3

When Member States adopt those provisions, they shall contain a reference to this Directive or be accompanied by such a reference on the occasion of their official publication. Member States shall determine how such reference is to be made.

Article 4

This Directive shall enter into force on the first day following its publication in the Official Journal of the European Communities.

Article 5

This Directive is addressed to the Member States.

Done at Brussels, 11 May 2001.

For the Commission David BYRNE Member of the Commission

ANNEX

		Pesticide residues and maximum residue levels (mg/kg)			
Groups and examples of individual products to which the MRLs apply		Chlorothalonil	Chlormequat	Endosulfan (sum of alpha- and beta- isomers and endosulfan- sulfate expressed as endosulfan)	Dicofol (sum of p.p- and o.p isomers)
Fruit not	es, fresh, dried or uncooked, preserved by freezing, containing added sugar; nuts				
(i)	CITRUS FRUIT	0,01 (*)	0,05 (*)	0,5	2
	Grapefruit				
	Lemons				
	Limes				
	Mandarins (including clementines and other hybrids)				
	Oranges				
	Pomelos				
	Others				
(ii)	TREE NUTS (shelled or unshelled)	0,01 (*)	0,1 (*)	0,1 (*)	0,05 (*)
	Almonds				
	Brazil nuts				
	Cashew nuts				
	Chestnuts				
	Coconuts				
	Hazelnuts				
	Macadamia				
	Pecans				
	Pine nuts				
	Pistachios				
	Walnuts				
	Others				
(iii)	POME FRUIT	1	(^a)	0,3	0,02 (*)
	Apples				
	Pears Quinces		0,5 (^t) (^a)		
	Others		0,05 (*) (^a)		
<i>(</i> •),			0.05 (*)		
(iv)	STONE FRUIT	1	0,05 (*)		0,02 (*)
	Apricots Cherries	1			
	Cherries Peaches (including nectarines and similar hybrids)	1		0,5	
	Plums	1		0,5	
				0,05 (*)	
	Others	0,01 (*)		0,05()	
(v)		0,01 (*)	0,05 (*)	0,02 ()	
(v)	Others BERRIES AND SMALL FRUIT	0,01 (*)	0,05 (*)		2 (ª)
(v)	Others BERRIES AND SMALL FRUIT (a) Table and wine grapes		0,05 (*)	0,5	2 (ª) (ª)
(v)	Others BERRIES AND SMALL FRUIT	0,01 (*) 1 3	0,05 (*)		2 (ª) (ª) (ª)

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		Chlorothalonil	Chlormequat	Endosulfan (sum of alpha- and beta- isomers and endosulfan- sulfate expressed as endosulfan)	Dicofol (sum of p.p- and o.p- isomers)
	(c) Cane fruit (other than wild)			0,05 (*)	0,02 (*)
	Blackberries	10 (ª)			
	Dewberries				
	Loganberries				
	Raspberries	10			
	Others	0,01 (*)			
	(d) Other small fruit and berries (other than wild) Bilberries			0,05 (*)	0,02 (*)
	Cranberries	2			
	Currants (red, black and white)	10			
	Gooseberries	10			
	Others	0,01 (*)			
	(e) Wild berries and wild fruit	0,01 (*)		0,05 (*)	0,02 (*)
(vi)	MISCELLANEOUS			0,05 (*)	0,02 (*)
	Avocados				
	Bananas	0,2			
	Dates				
	Figs				
	Kiwi				
	Kumquats				
	Litchis				
	Mangoes				
	Olives		0,1 (*)		
	Passion fruit				
	Pineapples				
	Pomegranate Others	0,01 (*)	0,05 (*)		
	Officis	0,01 ()	0,05 ()		
. Veg	etables, fresh or uncooked, frozen or dry		(a)		
(i)	ROOT AND TUBER VEGETABLES		0,05 (*) (ª)	0,05 (*)	0,02 (*)
	Beetroot	_			
	Carrots	1			
	Celeriac	0,5			
	Horseradish				
	Jerusalem artichokes Parsnips				
	Parsley root				
	Radishes				
	Salsify				
	Sweet potatoes				
	Swedes				
	Turnips				
	Yam				
	Others	0,01 (*)			

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		Chlorothalonil	Chlormequat	Endosulfan (sum of alpha- and beta- isomers and endosulfan- sulfate expressed as endosulfan)	Dicofol (sum of p.p- and o.p isomers)
(ii)	BULB VEGETABLES		0,05 (*) (^a)	0,05 (*)	0,02 (*)
	Garlic	0,5			
	Onions	0,5			
	Shallots	0,5			
	Spring onions Others	5 0,01 (*)			
		0,01()			
(iii)	FRUITING VEGETABLES		0,05 (*) (ª)		
	(a) Solanacea	2			(a)
	Tomatoes			0,5	1 (^a)
	Peppers			1 (ª)	
	Aubergines Others			0.05 (*)	0.02 (*) (2)
				0,05 (*)	0,02 (*) (^a)
	(b) Cucurbits — edible peel Cucumbers	1		0,05 (*)	0,2
	Gherkins	1 5			
	Courgettes	,			
	Others	0,01 (*)			
	(c) Cucurbits — inedible peel	1		0,3	0,5
	Melons				
	Squashes				
	Watermelons				
	Others				
	(d) Sweet corn	0,01 (*)		0,05 (*)	0,02 (*)
(iv)	BRASSICA VEGETABLES		0,05 (*) (ª)	0,05 (*)	0,02 (*)
	(a) Flowering brassica	3			
	Broccoli				
	Cauliflower Others				
	(b) Head brassica Brussels sprouts	0,5			
	Head cabbage	3			
	Others	0,01 (*)			
	(c) Leafy brassica	0,01 (*)			
	Chinese cabbage	0,01()			
	Kale				
	Others				
	(d) Kohlrabi	0,01 (*)			
(v)	LEAF VEGETABLES AND FRESH HERBS		0,05 (*) (ª)	0,05 (*)	0,02 (*)
	(a) Lettuce and similar	0,01 (*)			
	Cress				
	Lamb's lettuce				
	Lettuce				
	Scarole Others				

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Grou	ps and examples of individual products to which the MRLs apply	Chlorothalonil	Chlormequat	Endosulfan (sum of alpha- and beta- isomers and endosulfan- sulfate expressed as endosulfan)	Dicofol (sum of p.p- and o.p- isomers)	
	(b) Spinach and similar Spinach Beet leaves (chard) Others	0,01 (*)				
	(c) Water cress	0,01 (*)				
	(d) Witloof	0,01 (*)				
	(e) Herbs Chervil Chives Parsley Celery leaves Others	5				
(vi)	LEGUME VEGETABLES (fresh) Beans (with pods) Beans (without pods) Peas (with pods) Peas (without pods) Others	0,05 2 0,3 0.01 (*)	0,05 (*) (ª)	0,05 (*)	0,02 (*)	
		0,01 (*)				
(vii)	STEM VEGETABLES (fresh) Asparagus Cardoons Celery Fennel Globe artichokes Leek Rhubarb Others	10 10 0,01 (*)	0,05 (*) (ª)	0,05 (*)	0,02 (*)	
(viii)	FUNGI		(a)	0,05 (*)	0,02 (*)	
(,,	(a) Cultivated mushrooms(b) Wild mushrooms	2 0,01 (*)	10 (^a) 0,05 (*) (^a)			
3. Puls Bean Lenti Peas Othe	s ls	0,01 (*)	0,05 (*)	0,05 (*)	0,02 (*)	
4. Oils	seeds		0,1 (*)			
Linse	eed					
Sesar	ny seeds ne seeds lower seed	0,05				
Soya	bean			0,5		
	ard seed on seed			0,3	0,1	
Othe		0,01 (*)		0,3 0,1 (*)	0,1	

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5. Potatoes Early potatoes Ware potatoes	0,01 (*)	0,05 (*)	0,05 (*)	0,02 (*)	
6. Tea (leaves and stems, dried, fermented or otherwise, from the leaves of <i>Camellia sinensis</i>)	0,1 (*)	0,1 (*)	30	20	
7. Hops (dried), including hop pellets and unconcentrated powder	50	0,1 (*)	0,1 (*)	50	

(*) Indicates lower limit of analytical determination.
Note: For the convenience of the reader, MRLs are indicated in bold type character when they reflect changes relative to MRLs in Annexes of Directives earlier than Directive 2000/42/EC, when indicated in normal type characters, they are reiterations of existing MRLs.
(*) Indicates a change relative to Directive 2000/42/EC.
(*) Temporary MRL until 31 July 2003 based on carry over due to previous use, where presently no authorisations exist anymore.