

Commission Implementing Decision (EU) 2015/2460 of 23 December 2015 concerning certain protective measures in relation to highly pathogenic avian influenza of subtype H5 in France (notified under document C(2015) 9818) (Only the French text is authentic) (Text with EEA relevance)

COMMISSION IMPLEMENTING DECISION (EU) 2015/2460

of 23 December 2015

concerning certain protective measures in relation to highly pathogenic avian influenza of subtype H5 in France

(notified under document C(2015) 9818)

(Only the French text is authentic)

(Text with EEA relevance)

THE EUROPEAN COMMISSION,

Having regard to the Treaty on the Functioning of the European Union,

Having regard to Council Directive 89/662/EEC of 11 December 1989 concerning veterinary checks in intra-Community trade with a view to the completion of the internal market⁽¹⁾, and in particular Article 9(4) thereof,

Having regard to Council Directive 90/425/EEC of 26 June 1990 concerning veterinary and zootechnical checks applicable in intra-Community trade in certain live animals and products with a view to the completion of the internal market⁽²⁾, and in particular Article 10(4) thereof,

Whereas:

- (1) Avian influenza is an infectious viral disease in birds, including poultry. Infections with avian influenza viruses in domestic poultry cause two main forms of that disease that are distinguished by their virulence. The low pathogenic form generally only causes mild symptoms, while the highly pathogenic form results in very high mortality rates in most poultry species. That disease may have a severe impact on the profitability of poultry farming.
- (2) Avian influenza is mainly found in birds, but under certain circumstances infections can also occur in humans even though the risk is generally very low.
- (3) In the event of an outbreak of avian influenza, there is a risk that the disease agent might spread to other holdings where poultry or other captive birds are kept. As a result it may spread from one Member State to other Member States or to third countries through trade in live birds or their products.
- (4) Council Directive 2005/94/EC⁽³⁾ sets out certain preventive measures relating to the surveillance and the early detection of avian influenza and the minimum control measures to be applied in the event of an outbreak of that disease in poultry or other

Status: Point in time view as at 24/03/2016.

Changes to legislation: There are currently no known outstanding effects for the Commission Implementing Decision (EU) 2015/2460. (See end of Document for details)

captive birds. Article 16 of that Directive provides for the establishment of protection, surveillance and further restricted zones in the event of an outbreak of highly pathogenic avian influenza. In addition, Article 30 of Directive 2005/94/EC provides for certain measures to be applied in the surveillance zones in order to prevent the spread of the disease, including certain restrictions on the movements of poultry, ready-to-lay-poultry, day-old chicks and hatching eggs.

- (5) Council Directive 2009/158/EC⁽⁴⁾ lays down rules for trade within the Union in poultry and hatching eggs, including the veterinary certificates to be used.
- (6) France notified the Commission of outbreaks of highly pathogenic avian influenza of subtype H5 in holdings on its territory where poultry are kept and it immediately took the measures required pursuant to Directive 2005/94/EC, including the establishment of protection and surveillance zones in accordance with Article 16 of that Directive.
- (7) Laboratory investigations have shown that the HPAI viruses of the H5N1, H5N2 and H5N9 subtypes detected in France are clearly different from the HPAI H5N1 virus that appeared in the mid-1990s in Asia and which was first detected in Europe in 2005. The HPAI viruses of H5 subtype currently detected in the south-west of France are of European origin.
- (8) Commission Implementing Decision (EU) 2015/2239⁽⁵⁾ was adopted in order to list, at Union level, the protection and surveillance zones established by France in accordance with Article 16 of Directive 2005/94/EC.
- (9) Due to the current epidemiological situation and the risk of further spread of the disease, France has also established a large further restricted zone around the protection and surveillance zones comprising several departments or parts thereof in the south-west of that Member State.
- (10) In order to limit the spread of the disease, France should ensure that no consignments of live poultry, ready-to-lay poultry, day-old chicks and hatching eggs are dispatched from the protection, surveillance and further restricted zone to other parts of France, other Member States or to third countries.
- (11) Day-old chicks present a negligible risk for the spread of highly pathogenic avian influenza viruses provided that they have hatched from hatching eggs originating from poultry on holdings located in the further restricted zone and outside the protection and surveillance zones and when the hatchery of dispatch can ensure by its logistics and by its biosecurity working conditions that no contact has occurred between these hatching eggs and any other hatching eggs or day-old chicks originating from poultry flocks within the protection or surveillance zones and which are therefore of a different health status.
- (12) Hatching eggs pose a very low risk for disease transmission provided they are collected from flocks that are kept in the further restricted zone and which have undergone serological testing with negative results. Another condition is that such hatching eggs and their packaging have to be disinfected before dispatch from the further restricted zone.

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- (13) Without prejudice to the measures applicable in the protection and surveillance zone, it is therefore appropriate that the competent authority of France may authorise the dispatch of consignments of day-old chicks and hatching eggs from the further restricted zone listed in the Annex to this Decision in accordance with the above requirements and provided that prior agreement of the competent authority of the Member State or third country of destination has been obtained.
- (14) The wide extension of the further restricted zone as established by France in accordance with Article 16(4) of Directive 2005/94/EC would impose a prohibition of movements on a large proportion of the susceptible poultry population.
- (15) It is also appropriate to mitigate the risk of poultry becoming exposed to avian influenza viruses circulating in the established surveillance zones by swiftly reducing the density of the susceptible poultry population in these zones that are comprised in the further restricted zone, in particular by timely slaughter and delayed restocking of holdings in that zone.
- (16) Given the large and unexpected scale of the outbreaks and the correspondingly wide area of the surveillance zones established around each outbreak, it is necessary to quickly reduce the density of the susceptible poultry on holdings at a particular high risk for infection. A systematic clinical examination of the poultry prior to dispatch would considerably slow down that depopulation process and increase the risk of virus spread.
- (17) Therefore, it is appropriate to provide that no systematic clinical investigations of poultry on holdings located in the surveillance zones shall be carried out 24 hours prior to dispatch for direct slaughter within the surveillance zone or the further restricted zone, provided that only direct movements of poultry originating from holdings in the surveillance zones are authorised to a designated slaughterhouse located within the surveillance and further restricted zone; and these movements are carried out under stringent biosecurity measures, including a strict separation from poultry originating from the protection zone, and that cleaning and disinfection is carried out accordingly, and that restocking will be significantly delayed.
- (18) The Commission has examined the measures to control the disease and the extent of the zones put under restrictions in collaboration with France, and it deems that they are suitable to achieve the set objectives.
- (19) The Commission is also satisfied that the borders of the protection and surveillance and further restricted zone, established by the competent authority of France in accordance with Article 16 of Directive 2005/94/EC, are at a sufficient distance to the actual holdings where outbreaks were confirmed.
- (20) In order to prevent any unnecessary disturbance to trade within the Union and to avoid unjustified barriers to trade being imposed by third countries, it is necessary to rapidly define the further restricted zone established in France at Union level and to provide that no consignments of live poultry, ready-to-lay poultry, day-old chicks and hatching eggs are dispatched from the protection and surveillance zones and the further restricted zone to other parts of France, to other Member States or to third countries, except under certain authorised derogations.

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- (21) In view of the scale of the current developments of the disease outbreaks, it is no longer feasible to timely update the list of the areas established as protection and surveillance zones by a Commission Implementing Decision. Therefore, France shall publish these lists on the website of the French authorities which should also be published on the Commission's website for information purposes.
- (22) The further restricted zone around the areas of the protection and surveillance zones should be listed in the Annex to this Decision and the duration of that regionalisation fixed.
- (23) Given that France is implementing additional measures as laid down in the Implementing Decision (EU) 2015/2239 to prevent the spread of the avian influenza and for reasons of clarity, that Decision should be repealed.
- (24) The measures provided for in this Decision are in accordance with the opinion of the Standing Committee on Plants, Animals, Food and Feed,

HAS ADOPTED THIS DECISION:

Article 1

- 1 France shall establish the protection and surveillance zones in accordance with Article 16(1) of Directive 2005/94/EC, and
 - a France shall publish lists of the protection and surveillance zones established in accordance with Article 16(1) of Directive 2005/94/EC ('the lists').
 - b France shall ensure that the lists are kept up-to-date and provide any update immediately to the Commission, to other Member States and to the public.
- 2 The Commission shall publish the lists on its website, for information purposes only.

Article 2

- 1 Without prejudice to the measures to be applied in the protection and surveillance zones in accordance with Article 1 of this Decision, France shall establish a further restricted zone in accordance with Article 16(4) of Directive 2005/94/EC which includes at least the areas listed as further restricted zone in the Annex to this Decision.
- 2 France shall ensure that no consignments of live poultry, ready-to-lay poultry, day-old chicks and hatching eggs are dispatched from the areas listed in the Annex.
- 3 By way of derogation from paragraph 2, the competent authority of France may authorise the dispatch of consignments of day-old chicks from the areas listed in the Annex outside the established protection and surveillance zones to holdings located within that Member State or to other Member States or to third countries provided that:
 - a they are hatched from hatching eggs originating from poultry holdings located outside the protection and surveillance zones;
 - b the hatchery of dispatch can ensure by its logistics and biosecurity working conditions that no contact has occurred between these hatching eggs and any other hatching eggs or day-old-chicks originating from poultry flocks within established protection and surveillance zones and which are therefore of a different health status;
 - c the competent authority of the Member State or third country of destination is given written notification in advance and has agreed to receive the consignments of the day-

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old chicks and to notify the date of arrival of the consignments at the holding of destination on its territory to the competent authority of France.

4 By way of derogation from paragraph 2, the competent authority of France may authorise the dispatch of consignments of hatching eggs from the areas listed in the Annex outside the established protection and surveillance zones to hatcheries located within that Member State, other Member States or third countries provided that they are collected from holdings situated on the day of collection in the further restricted zone listed in the Annex, and on which the poultry have tested negative in a serological survey for avian influenza capable of detecting 5 % prevalence of disease with at least a 95 % level of confidence and traceability is ensured.

5 France shall ensure that the veterinary certificates provided for in Annex IV to Directive 2009/158/EC accompanying the consignments referred to in paragraph 2 of this Article to be dispatched to other Member States include the words:

The consignment complies with the animal health conditions laid down in Commission Implementing Decision (EU) 2015/2460⁽⁶⁾.

Article 3

The competent authority of France shall authorise the dispatch of poultry for direct slaughter from the areas in the surveillance zones listed in accordance with paragraph 1 of Article 1 to a designated slaughterhouse located within the surveillance or the further restricted zone provided that such movement is carried out:

- (a) without any undue delay as a single trip;
- (b) under stringent biosecurity measures including a strict separation from poultry originating from other regions, as well as cleaning and disinfection measures.

Article 4

Implementing Decision (EU) 2015/2239 is repealed.

Article 5

This Decision shall apply until [F¹15 September 2016].

Textual Amendments

- F1** Substituted by [Commission Implementing Decision \(EU\) 2016/447 of 22 March 2016 amending Implementing Decision \(EU\) 2015/2460 concerning certain protective measures in relation to highly pathogenic avian influenza of subtype H5 in France \(notified under document C\(2016\) 1608\)](#) (Only the French text is authentic) (Text with EEA relevance).

Article 6

This Decision is addressed to the French Republic.

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1^{F2} ANNEX

Textual Amendments

F2 Substituted by [Commission Implementing Decision \(EU\) 2016/237 of 17 February 2016 amending the Annex to Implementing Decision \(EU\) 2015/2460 concerning certain protective measures in relation to highly pathogenic avian influenza of subtype H5 in France \(notified under document C\(2016\) 826\)](#) (Only the French text is authentic) (Text with EEA relevance).

Further restricted zone as referred to in Article 2(1):

ISO Country Code	Member State	Name (Department number)		
FR	France	Areas comprising the departments of:		
		DORDOGNE (24) GERS (32) GIRONDE (33) HAUTE-VIENNE (87) HAUTES-PYRÉNÉES (65) LANDES (40) LOT-ET-GARONNE (47) PYRÉNÉES-ATLANTIQUES (64) LOT (46) HAUTE-GARONNE (31) ARIÈGE (09) AVEYRON (12) CORRÈZE (19) TARN (81) TARN-ET-GARONNE (82)		
		Areas comprising parts of the departments of:		
		CHARENTE (16) the commune of:	16254	PALLUAUD
		AUDE (11) the communes of:	11002 11009 11011	AIROUX ALZONNE ARAGON

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11026	BARAIGNE
11030	BELFLOU
11033	BELPECH
11049	BRAM
11052	BROUSSES-ET-
11054	VILLARET
11056	LES BRUNELS
11057	CABRESPINE
11070	CAHUZAC
11072	CARLIPA
11074	LA
11075	CASSAIGNE
11076	LES CASSES
11079	CASTANS
11087	CASTELNAUDARY
11089	CAUDEBRONDE
11114	CAZALRENOUX
11115	CENNE-
11134	MONESTIES
11136	CUMIES
11138	CUXAC-
11149	CABARDES
11150	FAJAC-LA-
11154	RELENQUE
11156	FANJEAUX
11159	FENDEILLE
11162	FONTERS-DU-
11166	RAZES
11174	FONTIERS-
11175	CABARDES
11178	FOURNES-
11180	CABARDES
11181	FRAISSE-
11182	CABARDES
11184	GAJA-LA-
11189	SELVE
11192	GENERVILLE
11194	GOURVIEILLE
11195	LES ILHES
11196	ISSEL
11200	LABASTIDE-
11205	D'ANJOU
11208	LABASTIDE-
11218	ESPARBAIRENQUE
11221	LABECEDE-
11222	LAURAGAIS
11225	LACOMBE
11226	LAFAGE
11231	LAPRADE
11232	LASBORDES
11234	LASTOURS
11236	LAURABUC
11238	LAURAC

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11239	LESPINASSIERE
11243	LIMOUSIS
11252	LA LOUVIERE-
11253	LAURAGAIS
11259	MARQUEIN
11268	LES MARTYS
11275	MAS-
11277	CABARDES
11278	MAS-SAINTE-
11281	PUELLES
11283	MAYREVILLE
11284	MEZERVILLE
11290	MIRAVAL-
11291	CABARDES
11292	MIREVAL-
11297	LAURAGAIS
11300	MOLANDIER
11308	MOLLEVILLE
11312	MONTAURIOL
11313	MONTFERRAND
11319	MONTMAUR
11331	MONTOLIEU
11334	MOUSSOULENS
11339	ORSANS
11348	PAYRA-SUR-
11356	L'HERS
11357	PECHARIC-ET-
11359	LE-PY
11361	PECH-LUNA
11362	PEXIORA
11365	PEYREFITTE-
11367	SUR-L'HERS
11368	PEYRENS
11371	PLAIGNE
11372	PLAVILLA
11382	LA
11383	POMAREDE
11385	PRADELLES-
11391	CABARDES
11395	PUGINIER
11399	RAISSAC-SUR-
11404	LAMPY
11407	RIBOUISSE
11411	RICAUD
11413	ROQUEFERE
11418	SAINT-AMANS
11419	SAINTE-
11428	CAMELLE
11430	SAINT-DENIS
11434	SAINT-
11438	JULIEN-DE-
11439	BRIOLA

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				SAINT-MARTIN-LALANDE SAINT-MARTIN-LE-VIEIL SAINT-MICHEL-DE-LANES SAINT-PAPOUL SAINT-PAULET SAINT-SERNIN SAISSAC SALLELES-CABARDES SALLES-SUR-L'HERS SALSIGNE SOUILHANELS SOUILHE SOUPEX LA TOURETTE-CABARDES TRASSANEL TREVILLE VENTENAC-CABARDES VERDUN-EN-LAURAGAIS VILLANIERE VILLARDONNEL VILLASAVARY VILLAUTOU VILLEMAGNE VILLENEUVE-LA-COMPTAL VILLEPINTE VILLESISCLE VILLESPIY
		CANTAL (15) the communes of:	15003 15011 15012 15014 15016 15018 15021 15024 15027 15028	ALLY ARNAC ARPAJON-SUR-CERE AURILLAC AYRENS BARRIAC-LES-BOSQUETS BOISSET BRAGEAC

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15029	CALVINET
15030	CARLAT
15036	CASSANIOUZE
15046	CAYROLS
15056	CHALVIGNAC
15057	CHAUSSENAC
15058	CRANDELLES
15064	CROS-DE-
15071	MONTVERT
15072	CROS-DE-
15074	RONESQUE
15076	ESCORAILLES
15082	FOURNOULES
15083	FREIX-
15084	ANGLARDS
15085	GIOU-DE-
15087	MAMOU
15088	GLENAT
15089	JUNHAC
15090	JUSSAC
15093	LABESSERETTE
15094	LABROUSSE
15103	LACAPELLE-
15104	DEL-FRAISSE
15117	LACAPELLE-
15118	VIESCAMP
15120	LADINHAC
15122	LAFEUILLADE-
15134	EN-VEZIE
15135	LAPEYRUGUE
15136	LAROQUEBROU
15140	LEUCAMP
15143	LEYNHAC
15144	MARCOLES
15147	MARMANHAC
15150	MAURIAC
15153	MAURS
15156	MONTSALVY
15157	MONTVERT
15160	MOURJOU
15163	NAUCELLES
15165	NIEUDAN
15166	OMPS
15167	PARLAN
15172	PERS
15175	PLEAUX
15179	PRUNET
15181	QUEZAC
15182	REILHAC
15183	ROANNES-
15184	SAINT-MARY
15186	ROUFFIAC
15189	ROUMEGOUX

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15191	ROUZIERS
15194	SAINT-
15196	ANTOINE
15200	SAINT-
15204	CERNIN
15211	SAINT-
15212	CIRGUES-DE-
15214	MALBERT
15215	SAINT-
15217	CONSTANT
15221	SAINT-
15222	ETIENNE-
15224	CANTALES
15226	SAINT-
15228	ETIENNE-DE-
15233	CARLAT
15234	SAINT-
15242	ETIENNE-DE-
15255	MAURS
15257	SAINTE-
15260	EULALIE
15264	SAINT-
15266	GERONS
15267	SAINT-ILLIDE
15268	SAINT-
15269	JULIEN-DE-
	TOURSAC
	SAINT-
	MAMET-LA-
	SALVETAT
	SAINT-
	MARTIN-
	CANTALES
	SAINT-PAUL-
	DES-LANDES
	SAINT-
	SANTIN-
	CANTALES
	SAINT-
	SANTIN-DE-
	MAURS
	SAINT-SAURY
	SAINT-SIMON
	SAINT-VICTOR
	SANSAC-DE-
	MARMIESSE
	SANSAC-
	VEINAZES
	LA
	SEGALASSIERE
	SENEZERGUES
	SIRAN

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			TEISSIERES- DE-CORNET TEISSIERES- LES-BOULIES LE TRIOULOU VEZAC VEZELS- ROUSSY VIEILLEVIE VITRAC YOLET YTRAC LE ROUGET BESSE]
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- (1) [OJ L 395, 30.12.1989, p. 13.](#)
- (2) [OJ L 224, 18.8.1990, p. 29.](#)
- (3) Council Directive 2005/94/EC of 20 December 2005 on Community measures for the control of avian influenza and repealing Directive 92/40/EEC ([OJ L 10, 14.1.2006, p. 16](#)).
- (4) Council Directive 2009/158/EC of 30 November 2009 on animal health conditions governing intra-Community trade in, and imports from third countries of, poultry and hatching eggs ([OJ L 343, 22.12.2009, p. 74](#)).
- (5) Commission Implementing Decision (EU) 2015/2239 of 2 December 2015 concerning certain protective measures in relation to highly pathogenic avian influenza of subtypes H5N1 and H5N2 in France ([OJ L 317, 3.12.2015, p. 37](#)).
- (6) [OJ L 339, 24.12.2015, p. 52](#)'.

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