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COMMISSION DECISION

of 4 January 2006

establishing the animal health and veterinary certification requirements for imports into the Community of bovine embryos and repealing Decision 2005/217/EC

(notified under document number C(2005) 5796)

(Text with EEA relevance)

(2006/168/EC)

(OJ L 57, 28.2.2006, p. 19)

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(2006/168/EC)

THE COMMISSION OF THE EUROPEAN COMMUNITIES,

Having regard to the Treaty establishing the European Community,

Having regard to Council Directive 89/556/EEC of 25 September 1989 on animal health conditions governing intra-Community trade in and importation from third countries of embryos of domestic animals of the bovine species (1), and in particular Article 7(1) and Article 9(1) (b) thereof,

Whereas:

- (1)Directive 89/556/EEC sets out the animal health conditions governing intra-Community trade in and importation from third countries of fresh and frozen embryos of domestic animals of the bovine species.
- That Directive provides, inter alia, that bovine embryos are not to (2)be sent from one Member State to another unless they have been conceived by artificial insemination or in vitro fertilisation using semen from a donor sire standing at a semen collection centre approved by the competent authority for the collection, processing and storage of semen or semen imported in accordance with Council Directive 88/407/EEC of 14 June 1988 laying down the animal health requirements applicable to intra-Community trade in and imports of semen of domestic animals of the bovine species $(^2)$.
- Commission Decision 92/452/EEC of 30 July 1992 establishing (3) lists of embryo collection teams and embryo production teams approved in third countries for export of bovine embryos to the Community (3), provides that Member States are to import such embryos from third countries only if they have been collected, processed, including in vitro fertilisation, and stored by embryo collection teams included in the lists in that Decision.
- (4) Following trade problems relating to new, stricter requirements for bovine semen used for fertilisation introduced by Commission Decision 92/471/EEC (4), the Commission adopted Decision 2005/217/EC of 9 March 2005 establishing the animal health conditions and the veterinary certification requirements for imports into the Community of bovine embryos (5).

⁽¹⁾ OJ L 302, 19.10.1989, p. 1. Directive as last amended by Regulation (EC) No 806/2003 (OJ L 122, 16.5.2003, p. 1).

⁽²⁾ OJ L 194, 22.7.1988, p. 10. Directive as last amended by Commission Decision 2004/101/EC (OJ L 30, 4.2.2004, p. 15).

⁽³⁾ OJ L 250, 29.8.1992, p. 40. Decision as last amended by Decision 2005/774/ EC (OJ L 291, 5.11.2005, p. 46).
 (4) OJ L 270, 15.9.1992, p. 27. Decision as last amended by Decision 2004/786/

EC (OJ L 346, 23.11.2004, p. 32).

^{(&}lt;sup>5</sup>) OJ L 69, 16.3.2005, p. 41.

- (5) Decision 2005/217/EC allows for a transitional period expiring on 31 December 2006 for imports of bovine embryos collected or produced before 1 January 2006 and conceived using semen not fully complying with Directive 88/407/EEC on condition that such embryos are implanted into female bovine animals present in the Member State of destination and are excluded from intra-Community trade.
- (6) The International Embryo Transfer Society (IETS) has assessed as negligible the risk of transmission of certain contagious diseases via embryos to recipients or offspring, provided that the embryos are handled properly between their collection and their transfer. That position is also that of the World Organisation for Animal Health (OIE) as far as *in vivo* derived embryos are concerned. Nevertheless, in the interests of animal health, appropriate safeguards should be taken upstream with regard to semen used for fertilisation, in particular with respect to *in vitro* generated embryos.
- (7) Community requirements for imports of bovine embryos derived by natural (*in vivo*) fertilisation and produced by *in vitro* fertilisation, in particular as regards semen used for fertilisation, should therefore be adapted.
- (8) In the light of the risk assessment carried out by the IETS and in line with the recommendations of the OIE, the conditions governing imports of *in vivo* derived bovine embryos should be simplified while stricter animal health requirements should be maintained for imports of *in vitro* produced embryos, with special restrictions where the *zona pellucida* has been damaged during the process.
- (9) In the interests of clarity of Community legislation, Decision 2005/217/EC should be repealed and replaced by this Decision.
- (10) However, in order to enable economic operators to adapt to the new requirements set out in this Decision it is appropriate to provide for a transitional period whereby imports of embryos of domestic animals of the bovine species collected or produced before 1 January 2006 may, subject to certain conditions, be imported into the Community according to the requirements set out in Annex V to this Decision.
- (11) The measures provided for in this Decision are in accordance with the opinion of the Standing Committee on the Food Chain and Animal Health,

HAS ADOPTED THIS DECISION:

Article 1

General conditions for imports of embryos

Member States shall authorise imports of embryos of domestic animals of the bovine species (embryos) collected or produced in a third country listed in Annex I to this Decision by approved embryo collection or production teams listed in the Annex to Decision 92/452/EEC.

Article 2

Imports of in vivo derived embryos

Member States shall authorise imports of embryos derived by *in vivo* fertilisation and complying with the animal health requirements set out in the model veterinary certificate in Annex II.

Article 3

Imports of *in vitro* produced embryos

1. Member States shall authorise imports of embryos which are produced by *in vitro* fertilisation using semen complying with Directive 88/407/EEC and which meet the animal health requirements set out in the model veterinary certificate in Annex III to this Decision.

2. Member States shall authorise imports of embryos which are produced by *in vitro* fertilisation using semen produced in approved semen collection centres or stored in semen storage centres in third countries listed in Annex I to Commission Decision 2004/639/EC (¹) and which comply with the animal health requirements set out in the model veterinary certificate in Annex IV to this Decision on condition that such embryos are:

- (a) excluded from intra-Community trade; and
- (b) implanted exclusively into female bovine animals present in the Member State of destination indicated in the veterinary certificate.

Article 4

Transitional measures

By way of derogation from Articles 2 and 3, Member States shall authorise, until 31 December 2006, the importation of embryos from the third countries listed in Annex I provided that such embryos comply with:

- (a) the animal health requirements set out in the model veterinary certificate in Annex V; and
- (b) the following conditions:
 - (i) they must be collected or produced before 1 January 2006;
 - (ii) they must only be used for implantation into female bovine animals present in the Member State of destination indicated in the veterinary certificate;
 - (iii) they must be excluded from intra-Community trade;
 - (iv) they must be accompanied by such a certificate duly completed before 1 January 2007.

Article 5

Repeal

Decision 2005/217/EC is repealed.

Article 6

Applicability

This Decision shall apply from 1 January 2006.

Article 7

Addressees

This Decision is addressed to the Member States.

	ISO code	Country	Applica	Remarks		
	AR	Argentina	ANNEX II	ANNEX III	ANNEX IV	
	AU	Australia	ANNEX II	ANNEX III	ANNEX IV	The additional guarantees set out in point 11.5.2 of the certificate in Annex II and in points 11.6.2 of the certificates in Annexes III and IV are compulsory.
	CA	Canada	ANNEX II	ANNEX III	ANNEX IV	
	СН	Switzerland (*)	ANNEX II	ANNEX III	ANNEX IV	
	HR	Croatia	ANNEX II	ANNEX III	ANNEX IV	
	IL	Israel	ANNEX II	ANNEX III	ANNEX IV	
	МК	Former Yugoslav Republic of Macedonia (**)	ANNEX II	ANNEX III	ANNEX IV	
	NZ	New Zealand	ANNEX II	ANNEX III	ANNEX IV	
▼ <u>M1</u>						
▼ <u>B</u>	US	United States of America	ANNEX II	ANNEX III	ANNEX IV	

ANNEX I

(*) Without prejudice to specific certification requirements provided for by any relevant Community agreement with third countries.
 (**) Provisional code that does not affect the definitive denomination of the country to be attributed after the conclusion of the negotiations currently taking place in the United Nations.

ANNEX II

In vivo derived embryos of domestic animals of the bovine species for import, collected in accordance with Council Directive 89/556/EEC

со	UNTR	Y	Veterinary certificate to EL
	1.1.	Consignor	1.2. I.2.a. Local reference number:
		Name	I.3. Central Competent Authority
		Address	
+		Postal code	I.4. Local Competent Authority
nen	1.5.	Consignee	1.6.
iĝi		Name	
Suc		Address	
Part I: Details of dispatched consignment		Postal code	
ţç	1.7.	Country of origin ISO code I.8. Region of origin Code	I.9. Country of ISO I.10. Region of Code destination code destination
ispa			
đ	1.11.	Place of origin	I.12. Place of destination
ils		Embryo team 🔲	Holding Embryo team Approved body
Deta		Name Approval number	Name Approval number
-		Address	Address
Part		Name Approval number	Aut 635
		Address	Postal code
		Name Approval number	
		Address	
	I.13.		I.14. Estimated date and time of arrival
	1.15.	Means of transport	l.16.
		Aeroplane Ship Railway wagon Road vehicle Other	
		Road vehicle Other I Identification:	1.17.
		Documentary references:	
	l.18.	Description of commodity	I.19. Commodity code (HS code)
			I.20. Quantity
	1.21.		I.22. Number of packages
	1.23.	Identification of container/Seal number	1.24.
	1.25.	Commodity certified for	·
		Artificial reproduction	
	1.26.	For transit to third Country vis-à-vis EU	I.27. For import or admission into EU
		third country ISO code	Definitive import
	1.28.	Identification of the animals/products	1
		Species (Scientific name) Identification mark	Category Approval number of the team
		· ·	
	1		

col	INTRY		In vivo-derived bovine embryos
	II. Health information	II.a. Certificate reference number	II.b. Local reference number
	I, the undersigned, official veterinarian of the Government of		
ion	certify that:		
ificat	1.1. the embryo collection team identified above:		
Cert	- has been approved in accordance with Chapter I of Annex A to	Directive 89/556/EEC,	
Part II: Certification	 carried out the collection, processing, storing and transport of th Directive 89/556/EEC, 	e embryos described above in accor	dance with Chapter II of Annex A to
8	— subject to inspection by an official veterinarian at least twice a y	/ear;	
	1.2. the embryos to be exported were collected in the exporting country	v, which according to official findings:	
	1.2.1. was free from rinderpest during the 12 months immediately ${\mathfrak p}$	prior to their collection;	
	1.2.2.		
	1.2.2.1. either was free from foot-and-mouth disease during vaccination against foot-and-mouth disease during th		their collection and did not carry out
	1.2.2.2. or was not free from foot-and-mouth disease during vaccination against foot-and-mouth disease during th		o their collection and/or carried out
	 the embryos were not subjected to penetration or 	f the <i>zona pellucida,</i>	
	- the embryos were stored under approved conditi	ons for at least 30 days immediately	after their collection, and
	 the donor females come from holdings on which days prior to collection and no animal of a susce 30 days prior to, and at least the 30 days after, 	ptible species showed clinical signs of	
	1.3.		
	1.3.1. within a 10 km radius of the premises on which the embryos t there was no incidence of foot-and-mouth disease, epizootic l bovine pleuropneumonia in the 30 days immediately prior to th days after their collection as well;	haemorrhagic disease, vesicular storr	natitis, Rift Valley fever or contagious
	1.3.2. from the time of collection until 30 days thereafter (or, in th exported were stored at all times on approved premises wit incidence of foot-and-mouth disease, vesicular stomatitis or f	hin a 10-km radius of which, accord	
	1.4. the donor females:		
	1.4.1. were located, during the 30 days immediately prior to collect which, according to official findings, there was no incidence vesicular stomatitis, Rift Valley fever or contagious bovine plus	of foot-and-mouth disease, bluetong	
	1.4.2. showed no clinical signs of disease on the day of collection:		
	1.4.3. spent the six months immediately prior to collection within th	e territory of the exporting country in	no more than two herds:
	- which, according to official findings, were free from tuber	culosis during that time,	
	- which, according to official findings, were free from bruce	llosis during that time,	
	 which were free from enzootic bovine leukosis or in whic previous three years, 	h no animal showed clinical signs of	enzootic bovine leukosis during the
	 in which no bovine animal showed clinical signs of infer previous 12 months; 	ctious bovine rhinotracheitis/infectiou	s pustular vulvo-vaginitis during the

1.5. the embryos to be exported provide the follo	owing additional guarantees (³):
1.5.1. either the embryos were collected in	the exporting country, which according to official findings is free from Akabane disease $\left(^{1}\right)$
1.5.2. or the embryos were collected in the	exporting country, which according to official findings is not free from Akabane disease (1), and
- the embryos were not subjected to	penetration of the zona pellucida,
- the embryos were stored under ap	pproved conditions for at least 30 days immediately after their collection, and
 the donor females underwent a ser days following their collection (¹) and 	um neutralisation test for Akabane disease, carried out on a blood sample taken not less than 2 nd giving negative results;
for the collection, processing and/or storage	by artificial insemination using semen coming from semen collection or storage centres approved of semen by the competent authority of a country listed in Annex I to Commission Decision ty of a Member State of the European Community.
Votes ¹) Delete as appropriate. ²) (Box reference No I.28 in Part I): Identification mark: corresponding to the identification Category: specify If (a) penetration or (b) non cenetra Approval number of the feam: to be filled in if different ³) See remarks for exporting country concerned in Anne ⁴) OJ L 229, 15.9.2004, p. 21. ⁵) The signature and the stamp must be of a different co	nt from box No /.11. x I to Decision 2006/168/EC.
VB: This certificate must:	
 (a) be drawn up in at least one official language of the (b) be made out to a single consignee; (c) accompany the embryos in the original. 	e Member State of destination and of the Member State where the embryos will enter Community territory
Official veterinarian	
Name (in capital letters):	Qualification and title
Date:	Signature:
(Stamp)	

ANNEX III

In vitro produced embryos of domestic animals of the bovine species for import, conceived using semen complying with Council Directive 88/407/EEC

co	UNTR	Y						Veterin	ary certifi	cate to EU
	1.1.	Consignor		1.2.				I.2.a. Local re		
		Name		I.3. Central Competent Authority						
		Address Postal code				mpetent A	-			
ŧ							,			
me	1.5.	Consignee		1.6.						
sign		Name Address								
ü		Address Postal code								
8	17		n of origin Code		Country		ISO	140 Dealers		Carla
Part I: Details of dispatched consignment	1.7.	Country of origin ISO code I.8. Regio	n or ongin Code		Country o destinatio		code	I.10. Region d destination		Code
đ	1.11.	Place of origin	l	1.12.	Place of	destination		1		
ŝ		Embryo team 🔲			Holding	a 🗆	Embryo	team 🗌	Approved	body 🗖
leta		Name Approval numb	ber			-				. –
<u></u>		Address			Name		A	pproval number		
art		Name Approval numb	ber		Address					
-		Address			Postal co	de				
		Name Approval numb	ber							
		Address								
	I.13.	l.13.			I.14. Estimated date and time of arrival					
	1.15.	15. Means of transport								
		Aeroplane Ship Railwa	ay wagon 🔲							
		Identification: Documentary references:		1.17.						
	l.18.	Description of commodity				I.19. Com	modity co	de (HS code)		
					-			I.20. Quantity		
	1.21.							I.22. Number	of package	es
	1.23.	Identification of container/Seal number						1.24.		
	1.25.	Commodity certified for								
		Artificial reproduction								
	1.26.	For transit to third country vis-à-vis EU		1.27.	For impor	nt or admis	sion into E	EU		
		third country	ISO code		Definitive	import]	
	1.28.	Identification of the animals/products								
		Species (Scientific name)	Identificatio	on marl	ĸ		Categ	ory		

<u>; O</u>	JNTR	RY		In vitro produced bovine embryos
	II.	Health information	II.a. Certificate reference number	II.b. Local reference number
	l, th	e undersigned, official veterinarian of the Government of		, (insert name of exporting country)
5	certi	ify that:		
	1.1.	the embryo production team identified above:		
E		- has been approved in accordance with Chapter I of Annex A to	Directive 89/556/EEC,	
гап II: Септисацои		 carried out the production, processing, storing and transport of I Directive 89/556/EEC, 	the embryos described above in accord	rdance with Chapter II of Annex A to
		— is subject to inspection by an official veterinarian at least twice	a year.	
	1.2.	the embryos to be exported were produced in the exporting count	ry, which according to official findings	::
		1.2.1. was free from rinderpest during the 12 months immediately	prior to their production;	
		1.2.2.		
		1.2.2.1. either was free from foot-and-mouth disease during vaccination against foot-and-mouth disease during t		heir production and did not carry out
		1.2.2.2. or was not free from foot-and-mouth disease durin vaccination against foot-and-mouth disease during t		o their production and/or carried out
		- the embryos were produced without penetration	of the zona pellucida,	
		- the embryos were stored under approved condit	tions for at least 30 days immediately	after their production, and
		 the donor females come from holdings on which days prior to collection and no animal of a susce 30 days prior to, and at least the 30 days after, 	eptible species showed clinical signs of	
	1.3.	the cocytes used in the production of the embryos to be exp requirements:	orted were collected from donor fer	males complying with the following
		1.3.1. the donor females:		
		- were kept in a bluetongue virus-free country or zone for	at least 60 days prior to, and during,	collection of the oocytes (1),
		or		
		1.3.2.		
		— were kept during a seasonally free period or protected fro the collection of the occytes, and the embryos were p underwent a serological test to detect antibodies to the Diagnostic Tests and Vaccines for Terrestrial Animals b the embryos were stored for at least 30 days (¹),	roduced without penetration of the z	cona pellucida, except if the donors t in accordance with the Manual of
		or		
		1.3.3.		
		 underwent a serological test to detect antibodies to the Diagnostic Tests and Vaccines for Terrestrial Animals b the embryos were stored for at least 30 days (¹), 	e bluetongue virus group, carried ou etween 21 and 60 days after collect	t in accordance with the Manual of ion and giving negative results, and
		or		
		1.3.4.		
		 underwent an agent identification test, carried out in acc Animals on a blood sample taken on the day of collection been produced, in the latter case, without penetration of 	or the day of slaughtering and giving r	

 1.4. Unline a 10 km radius of the premises on which the occytes used in the production of the embryos to be exported were collected and processed, according to official finding there was no incidence of foct-and-modif desase, Usefargue, epizodo hamomoraly disease, vesicular standats, RH valley fewer or contragious boxine placemonian in the 30 days interest, the entrys to their collection at well. 1.2.2 from the mod collection will 30 days interest, the entrys to be exported: 1.5.1. were located, during the 30 days interest, the entrys to be exported. 1.5.1. were located, during the 30 days interest, the entrys to be exported. 1.5.2. showed on collection gas of days interediately prior to collection of the entrys of the according to difficial findings. Here was no incidence of foct-and-modif desase, vescular standates of RH Valley free? 1.5.2. showed no cilcular signs of dayses on the day of collection. 1.5.3. spent the six months immediately prior to collection within the tentory of the excording country in no more than two herds: which, according to official findings, were free from brocelesis during that tree. which an excords to official findings, were free from brocelesis during that tree. which according to official findings, were free from brocelesis during that tree. which according to official findings, were free from brocelesis during that tree. which according to official findings, were free from brocelesis during that tree. which according to official findings, were free from brocelesis during that tree. which according to official findings, were free from brocelesis during that tree. which according to official findings. in which a country in a days of accelesis of the production at well and according to official findings is free from Akabare disease (1). 1.6. the entrys were produced in the exporting country, which according to official findings is			
 processed, according to official findings there was no indéence of fock-and-mouth disease, blueforgue, epizocion namentagia disease, inter a service of entryos certified under 11.2.2. In the 30 days after their collection as well: 1.2.2. From the time of collection will 30 days thereafter, the embryos to be exported we solved at all times on approved premises within a 10 km radius of which, according to official findings, there was no incidence of fock-and-mouth disease, we cut a stamatis or Ritt Valley twee; 1.5. the denors of occytes used in the production of the embryos to be exported wests, on premises within a 10 km radius of which, according to official findings, there was no incidence of fock-and-mouth disease, blueforgue, epizotio haemorrhagic disease, contagious vesicular stamatis, RIT Valley twee; or contagious boline placeupreumonia; 1.5.2. showed no clinical signs of disease on the day of collection; 1.5.3. spent the dix months limmediately prior to collection within the territory of the exporting country in no more than two herds: which, according to official findings, were free from brucelicsis during that time, which, according to official findings, were free from brucelicsis during that time, which were free from accords bruine leukosis or in which no animal showed clinical signs of enzostic bovine leukosis during the previous 12 months; I.6. the embryos to be exported were produced in the exporting country, which according to official findings is free from Akabane disease (1), and the embryos to be exported were produced in the exporting country, which according to official findings is free from Akabane disease (1), and the embryos to be exported were produced in the exporting country, which according to official findings is free from Akabane disease (1), and the embryos were produced i	1.4.		
10 km radius of which, according to official findings, there was no incidence of foct-and-mouth disease, vecicular stomattis or Ritt Valley fever: 1.5. the donos of occytes used in the production of the embryos to be exported: 1.5. In were located, using the 30 days immediately prior to collection of the cocytes, on premises within a 10 km radius of which, according to atomatis, Rith Valley fever or contagious bovine pauropneumonia: 1.5.2. showed no clinical signs of disease on the day of collection; 1.5.3. spent the six months immediately prior to collection within the territory of the exporting country in no more than two herds: — which, according to official findings, were free from tuberculosis during that time, — which, according to official findings, were free from tuberculosis during that time, — which were free from enzocitic bovine leukosis or in which no animal showed clinical signs of enzocitic bovine leukosis during the previous three years. — In which no bovine earinal showed clinical signs of infectious bovine thinotrachelis/infectious pustular vulvo-vaginitis during the previous 12 months: 1.6. the embryos to be exported provide the following additional guarantees (?): 1.8.1. either the embryos were produced in the exporting country, which according to official findings is free from Akabane disease (?), and — the embryos were produced without peretration of the zone pel/koidd: — in which no covies used in the exporting country, which according to official findings is free from Akabane disease (?), and . the embryos were produced wit	1.4.1.	processed, according to official findings there was no incidence vesicular stomatitis, Rift Valley fever or contagious bovine ple	e of foot-and-mouth disease, bluetongue, epizootic haemorrhagic disease, europneumonia in the 30 days immediately prior to their collection and, in
 1.5.1. were located, during the 30 days immediately prior to collection of the occytes, on premises within a 10 km radius of which, according to official findings, there was no incidence of toot-and-mouth disease, buildongue, epizocilo haemorrhagic disease, contagious vesicular stomattis. Filt Valley lever or contagious bovine pieuroparemonia: 1.5.2. showed no clinical signs of disease on the day of collection: 1.5.3. spent the six months immediately prior to collection within the territory of the exporting country in no more than two herds: which, according to official findings, were free from tuberculosis during that tree, which, according to official findings, were free from trubceliceis during that tree, which were free from emotodic bovine leukosis or in which no animal showed clinical signs of enzootic bovine leukosis during the previous three years. in which no bovine animal showed clinical signs of infectious bovine thinotrachetils/infectious pustular vulvo-vaginitis during the previous tree years. 1.6. the embryos to be exported provide the following additional guarantees (?): 1.6.1. ether the embryos to be exported were produced in the exporting country, which according to official findings is free from Akabane disease (?). 1.6.2. or the embryos were produced without penetration of the zona pel/kuida; the embryos were stored under approved conditions for at least 30 days immediately after production, and the embryos were stored under approved conditions for at least 30 days immediately after production, and the embryos were consolved by <i>in witho</i> fartilisation using senten consign for same collection or storage contest located in a abood sample taken not its days of lowing day of state of the European. Community or in a third country and approved in accordance with Article 5(1) and Article 5(1) respectively of Directive 88/407/EEC (?). Note: 10 the	1.4.2.	10 km radius of which, according to official findings, there was	os to be exported were stored at all times on approved premises within a a no incidence of foot-and-mouth disease, vesicular stomatitis or Rift Valley
 official findings, there was no incidence of foot-and-mouth disease, buildingue, épizocio naemorrhagic disease, contagious vesicular stomatiks, Riff Valley lever or contagious bovine pleurpownenois: 1.5.2. showed no clinical signs of disease on the day of collection: 1.5.3. spent the six months immediately prior to collecton within the territory of the exporting country in no more than two herds: which, according to official findings, were free from tuberculosis during that time, which, according to official findings, were free from buberculosis during that time, which were free from encode bovine leukosis or in which no animal showed clinical signs of enzootic bovine leukosis during the previous three years. in which no bovine animal showed clinical signs of infectious bovine rhinotrachelia/infectious pustular vulvo-vaginitis during the previous 12 months; 1.6. the embryos to be exported provide the following additional guarantees (?): 1.6.1. ether the embryos to be exported were produced in the exporting country, which according to official findings is free from Akabane disease (1), and the embryos were stored under approved conditions for at least 30 days immediately after production, and the embryos were stored under approved conditions for at least 30 days immediately after production, and the donos of the cooptes used in the exociting country and days low that Animals on a blood sample taken on the day of slate of this European Community or in a third country and days of slate of the S(1) and Antele S(1) respectively of Directive 88/407/EEC (?). 1.7. the embryos to be exported were the donor coves and the date of collecton. Category seet(1) and Antele S(1) respectively of Directive 88/407/EEC (?). News (1) Date adaptering (1): 1.7. The embryos to be exported were the donor coves and the date of collecton. Category seet(1) and Antele S(1) r	1.5. the d	donors of oocytes used in the production of the embryos to be	exported:
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Stamp			
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ANNEX IV

In vitro produced embryos of domestic animals of the bovine species conceived using semen coming from semen collection or storage centres approved by the competent authority of the exporting country

coi	JNTR	Y							Veterinary certi	ficate to EU
	1.1.	Consignor			1.2.				I.2.a. Local reference n	umber:
		Name			1.3.	Central (Competent	Authority		
		Address								
ŧ		Postal code			1.4.	Local Co	ompetent A	uthority		
Part I: Details of dispatched consignment	1.5.	Consignee			1.6.					
sign		Name								
ű		Address Postal code								
B	1.7.	Country of origin ISO code	I.8. Region of origin	Code	1.9.	Country	of	ISO	I.10. Region of	Code
atch	1.7.	Country of origin 150 code	1.6. Hegion of origin	, Obde	1.5.	destinati		code	destination	, Oude
disp										
٠,	1.11.	Place of origin			1.12	Place of	destination	ו		
ails		Embryo team				Holdin	ig 🗖	Embryo	team 🗌 Approved	l body 🗖
Del			pproval number			Name		А	pproval number	
Ë		Address				Address				
Ра		Name A Address	pproval number							
			pproval number			Postal c	ode			
		Address	pprovar number							
	1.13.	Addross			1.14	Estimate	d date and	I time of a	rrival	
		Means of transport								
	1.15.	Aeroplane Ship	Railway wagon	-	I.16.					
		Road vehicle Other		-						
		Identification:			1.17.					
		Documentary references:								
	l.18.	Description of commodity					I.19. Com	modity co	de (HS code)	
									I.20. Quantity	
	1.21.								I.22. Number of packag	IRS
	1.23.	Identification of container/Seal	number						1.24.	
	1.25.	Commodity certified for								
		Artificial repro	oduction 🗌							
	1.26.	For transit to third country vis-	à-vis EU		1.27.	For impo	rt or admis	sion into E	EU	
		third country	ISO	code		Definitive	import			
	1.28.	Identification of the animals/pr	oducts		-					
		Species (Scientific nan	ne)	Identificatio	on ma	ĸ		Categ	ory	

COUNTRY In vitro produced bovine embryos using semen from semen centres approved by the exporting country Health information II.a. Certificate reference number I.b. Local reference number II. I, the undersigned, official veterinarian of the Government of ., (insert name of exporting country) certify that: Certification 1.1. the embryo production team identified above: - has been approved in accordance with Chapter I of Annex A to Directive 89/556/EEC, Part II: (- carried out the production, processing, storing and transport of the embryos described above in accordance with Chapter II of Annex A to Directive 89/556/EEC, - is subject to inspection by an official veterinarian at least twice a year; 1.2. the embryos to be exported were produced in the exporting country, which according to official findings: 1.2.1. was free from rinderpest during the 12 months immediately prior to the production of the embryos; 1.2.2. 1.2.2.1. either was free from foot-and-mouth disease during the 12 months immediately prior to the production of the embryos and did not carry out vaccination against foot-and-mouth disease during that period (¹), 1.2.2.2. or was not free from foot-and-mouth disease during the 12 months immediately prior to the production of the embryos and/or carried out vaccination against foot-and-mouth disease during that period, and - the embryos were produced without penetration of the zona pellucida. - the embryos were stored under approved conditions for at least 30 days immediately after production, and the donor females come from holdings on which no animal was vaccinated against foot-and-mouth disease during the 30 days prior to collection and no animal of a susceptible species showed clinical signs of foot-and-mouth disease during the 30 days prior to, and at least the 30 days after, the occytes were collected (¹); 1.3. the cocytes used in the production of the embryos to be exported were collected from donor females complying with the following requirements: 1.3.1. the donor females: - were kept in a bluetongue virus-free country or zone for at least 60 days prior to, and during, the collection of the oocytes (1), or 1.3.2. — were kept during a seasonally free period or protected from the competent vector *Cullcoldes* for at least 60 days prior to, and during, the collection of the occytes and the embryos were produced without penetration of the *zona pellucida*, except if the donors underwent a serological test to detect antibodies to the bluetongue virus group, carried out in accordance with the Manual of Diagnostic Tests and Vaccines for Terrestral Animals between 21 and 60 days after collection and giving negative results, and the embryos were stored for at least 30 days (¹), or 1.3.3. underwent a serological test to detect antibodies to the bluetongue virus group, carried out in accordance with the Manual of Diagnostic Tests and Vaccines for Terrestrial Animals between 21 and 60 days after collection and giving negative results, and the embryos were stored for at least 30 days (¹), or 1.3.4. underwent an agent identification test, carried out in accordance with the Manual of Diagnostic Tests and Vaccines for Terrestrial Animals on a blood sample taken on the day of collection or the day of slaughtering and giving negative results — the embryos having been produced, in the latter case, without penetration of the zona pellucida (¹);

1.4.	
proc vesi	in a 10 km radius of the premises on which the occytes used in the production of the embryos to be exported were collected and sessed, according to official findings there was no incidence of foot-and-mouth disease, bluetongue, epizootic haemorrhagic disease, oular stomatitis, Rift Valley fever or contagious bovine pleuropneumonia in the 30 days immediately prior to their collection and, in case of embryos certified under 11.2.2.2, in the 30 days after their collection as well;
	n the time of collection until 30 days thereafter, the embryos to be exported were stored at all times on approved premises within a km radius of which, according to official findings, there was no incidence of foot-and-mouth disease, vesicular stomatitis or Rift Valley ar;
1.5. the donors	of oocytes used in the production of the embryos to be exported:
offic	e located, during the 30 days immediately prior to collection of the occytes, on premises within a 10 km radius of which, according to ial findings, there was no incidence of foot-and-mouth disease, bluetongue, epizootic haemorrhagic disease, contagious vesicular natitis, Rift Valley fever or contagious bovine pleuropneumonia;
1.5.2. sho	wed no clinical signs of disease on the day of collection;
1.5.3. spe	nt the six months immediately prior to collection within the territory of the exporting country in no more than two herds:
	which, according to official findings, were free from tuberculosis during that time,
	which, according to official findings, were free from brucellosis during that time,
	which were free from enzootic bovine leukosis or in which no animal showed clinical signs of enzootic bovine leukosis during the previous three years,
	n which no bovine animal showed clinical signs of infectious bovine rhinotracheitis/infectious pustular vulvo-vaginitis during the previous 12 months;
1.6. the embry	os to be exported provide the following additional guarantees (³):
	er the embryos to be exported were produced in the exporting country, which according to official findings is free from Akabane ase (1),
	he embryos to be exported were produced in the exporting country, which according to official findings is not free from Akabane iase (¹), and
- 1	they were produced without penetration of the zona pellucida;
- 1	hey were stored under approved conditions for at least 30 days immediately after production, and
	the donors of the oocytes used in the production of the embryos underwent a serum neutralisation test for Akabane disease giving negative results, carried out on a blood sample taken not less than 21 days following their collection, or an agent identification test parried out in accordance with the Manual of Diagnostic Tests and Vaccines for Terrestrial Animals on a blood sample taken on the day of slaughtering (¹);
the collect	os to be exported were conceived by <i>in vitro</i> fertilisation using semen coming from semen collection or storage centres approved for ion, processing and/or storage of semen by the competent authority of a country listed in Annex I to Commission Decision EC (⁵) or by the competent authority of a Member State of the European Community.
Notes	
 (¹) Delete as app (²) (Box reference 	ropriate. 9 No I.28 in Part I):
Identification r	nark: corresponding to the identification of the donor cows and the date of collection. cify if (a) penetration or (b) non penetration of <i>zona pellucida</i> .
(3) See remarks	for exporting country concerned in Annex I to Decision 2006/168/EC. and the stamp must be of a different colour from that of the printed form.
NB: This certificat	e must:
(b) be made out	in at least one official language of the Member State of destination and of the Member State where the embryos will enter Community territory; to a single consignee; e embryos in the original.
	cordance with Article 3(a) of Council Directive 89/556/EEC, embryos imported under the conditions laid down in this certificate are excluded from intra-
Official veterina	rian
Name (in ca	apital letters): Qualification and title
Date:	Signature:
1	
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ANNEX V

VETERINARY CERTIFICATE EMBRYOS OF DOMESTIC ANIMALS OF THE BOVINE SPECIES FOR IMPORTS COLLECTED OR PRODUCED BEFORE 1 JANUARY 2006

1.	Country of provenance and co	ompetent authority.		2. Health certificate No:	
		,	A. ORIGIN C	DF EMBRYOS	
3.	Approval number of the em	bryo collection team or	embryo pro	oduction team (¹):	
4.	Name and address of the production team (1):	embryo collection team	or embryo	5. Name and address of the con-	signor:
6.	Country and place of loading:			7. Means of transport:	
		В. [DESTINATIO	N OF EMBRYOS	
8.	Member State of destination:			9. Name and address of the con-	signee:
		C. ID	ENTIFICATIO	DN OF EMBRYOS	
10.1.	Identification mark of embryos (²)	10.2. Number of embryos	(a) Derived	uced embryos (¹) by <i>in vitro</i> fertilisation ed to penetration of <i>zona pellucida</i>	10.4. Date of collection or production
			(a) yes/no((b) yes/no(
			(a) yes/no((b) yes/no(
			(a) yes/no((b) yes/no(
			(a) yes/no((b) yes/no(
			(a) yes/no((b) yes/no(
			(a) yes/no((b) yes/no(
			(a) yes/no((b) yes/no(
			(a) yes/no((b) yes/no(

D. HEALTH INFORMATION			
11. I, the undersigned official veterinarian of the Government of			
certify that:			
11.1. the embryo collection (¹)/production (¹) team identified above:			
- is approved in accordance with Chapter I of Annex A to Council Directive 89/556/EEC (3),			
 carried out the collection, processing, production (¹) and storing and transport of the embryos described above in accordance v Chapter II of Annex A to Directive 89/556/EEC, 			
- is subjected at least twice a year to inspection by an official veterinarian;			
11.2. the embryos to be exported were collected (1) or produced (1) in the exporting country, which according to official findings:			
11.2.1. has been free from rinderpest during 12 months immediately prior to the collection (1) or production (1) of the embryos;			
11.2.2.			
11.2.2.1. either has been free from foot-and-mouth disease during the 12 months immediately prior to collection (¹) or production (¹ or pro	1)		
or			
11.2.2.2. has not been free from foot-and-mouth disease for the 12 months immediately prior to the collection (¹) or production (¹) or the embryos and/or has practised vaccination against foot-and-mouth disease during this period, and	of		
 the embryos have been stored in approved conditions for a minimum period of 30 days immediately after collection and 	٦,		
 the donor females and the donors of ovaries, cocytes and other tissues used in the production of embryos come from holding in which no animal has shown clinical signs of foot-and-mouth disease nor was vaccinated against foot-and mouth disease during the 30 days prior to collection (¹); 	a 1-		
11.2.3.			
11.2.3.1. either has been free from bluetongue and epizootic haemorrhagic disease (EHD) for the 12 months immediately prior t collection (1) or production (1) of the embryos to be exported and has not practiced vaccination against these disease during this period (1).			
or			
11.2.3.2. has not been free from bluetongue and epizootic haemorrhagic disease (EHD) for the 12 months immediately prior t collection (') or production (') of the embryos to be exported and/or has practised vaccination against these disease during this period, and			
 the embryos have been stored in approved conditions for a minimum period of 30 days immediately after collection and 	٦,		
— the donor females and the donors of ovaries, oocytes and other tissues used in the production of embryos wer subjected to an agar gel immuno diffusion test and a serum neutralisation test for the detection of antibodies agains the epizootic haemorrhagic disease virus carried out with negative results on a blood sample taken not less than 2 days following collection (¹);	st		
11.3.			
11.3.1. the premises on which the embryos to be exported or the ovaries, oocytes and other tissues used in the production of embryos to be exported were collected and processed were at the time of collection situated in the centre of an area of 20 km diameter in which according to official findings there had been no incidence of foot-and-mouth disease, bluetongue, epizootic haemorrhagic disease, vesicular stomatitis, Rift Valley fever or contagious bovine pleuropneumonia for 30 days immediately prior to collection and in the case of embryos certified under 11.2.2.2 and 11.2.3.2 for 30 days after collection;			
11.3.2. between the time of collection or production of the embryos to be exported and their dispatch, they were stored continuously i approved premises which were situated in the centre of an area of 20 km in diameter in which according to official findings there wa no incidence of foot-and-mouth disease, vesicular stomatitis or Rift Valley fever;			

11.4. the donor females and the dor	nors of ovaries, oocytes and other tissues used in	the production of embryos:		
11.4.1. were located during the 30 days immediately prior to collection of the embryos to be exported in premises situated in the centre or an area of 20 km in diameter in which according to official findings there was during this period no incidence of foot-and-mouth disease, bluetongue, epizootic haemorrhagic disease, vesicular stomatitis, Rift Valley fever or contagious bovine pleuropneumonia				
11.4.2. showed no clinical sign of disease on the day of collection;				
11.4.3. have spent the six months immediately prior to collection in the territory of the exporting country in a maximum of two herds:				
- which, according to official findings, have been free from tuberculosis,				
- which, according to official findings, have been free from brucellosis,				
 — which have been free from enzootic bovine leukosis or in which no bovine animal has shown clinical signs of enzootic bovine leukosis during the previous three years, 				
 — in which no bovine animal has shown clinical signs of infectious bovine rhinotracheitis/infectious pustular vulvo-vaginitis during the previous 12 months; 				
11.5. the embryos comply with the following additional guarantees (*):				
11.5.1. either the embryos to be exported were collected (¹) or produced (¹) in the exporting country, which according to official findings is free of Akabane disease (¹).				
or				
11.5.2. the embryos to be exported were collected (1) or produced (1) in the exporting country, which according to official findings is not free of Akabane disease (1), and				
- the embryos have been stored in approved conditions for a minimum period of 30 days immediately after collection, and				
— the donor females and the donors of ovaries, oocytes and other tissues used in the production of embryos were subjected to a serum neutralisation test for Akabane disease carried out with negative results on a blood sample taken not less than 21 days following collection (¹).				
11.6. The embryos to be exported were conceived as a result of attificial insemination or <i>in vitro</i> fertilisation with semen from a donor sire standing at a semen collection centre approved by the competent authority for the collection, processing and storage of semen or with semen imported from the European Community.				
E. VALIDITY				
12. Date and place	13. Name and qualification of the official veterinarian	14. Signature and stamp of the official veterinarian (⁵)		
Note for guidance: (¹) Delete as appropriate. (²) Corresponding to the identification of the donor cows and date of collection. (³) Oul L 302, 19.10.1989, p. 1. (⁴) See the remarks for the exporting country concerned in Annex I to Decision 2006/168/EC (OJ L 57, 28.2.2006, p. 19). (⁶) The signature and the stamp must be in a colour different to that of printing.				
Note: This certificate must:				
 (a) be drawn up in at least one of the official languages of the Member State of destination and the Member State where the embryos will enter Community territory; (b) be made out to a single consignee; (c) accompany the embryos in the original; (d) not to be used after the date indicated in Article 4 of Decision 2006/168/EC. 				
Information: In accordance with Article 3(a) of Community trade.	Information: In accordance with Article 3(a) of Council Directive 89/556/EEC, embryos imported under the conditions laid down in this certificate are not eligible for intra- Community trade.			