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### **COMMISSION DECISION**

of 5 February 1993

on animal health conditions and veterinary certification for imports of registered equidae and equidae for breeding and production

(93/197/EEC)

(OJ L 86, 6.4.1993, p. 16)

### Amended by:

<u>B</u>

Official Journal

		No	page	date
<u>M1</u>	Commission Decision 93/344/EEC of 17 May 1993	L 138	11	9.6.1993
► <u>M2</u>	Commission Decision 93/510/EEC of 21 September 1993	L 238	45	23.9.1993
<u>M3</u>	Commission Decision 93/682/EC of 17 December 1993	L 317	82	18.12.1993
► <u>M4</u>	Commission Decision 94/453/EC of 29 June 1994	L 187	11	22.7.1994
► <u>M5</u>	Commission Decision 94/561/EC of 27 July 1994	L 214	17	19.8.1994
<u>M6</u>	Commission Decision 95/322/EC of 25 July 1995	L 190	9	11.8.1995
<u>M7</u>	Commission Decision 95/323/EC of 25 July 1995	L 190	11	11.8.1995
<u>M8</u>	Commission Decision 95/536/EC of 6 December 1995	L 304	49	16.12.1995
► <u>M9</u>	Commission Decision 96/81/EC of 12 January 1996	L 19	53	25.1.1996
► <u>M10</u>	Commission Decision 96/82/EC of 12 January 1996	L 19	56	25.1.1996
► <u>M11</u>	Commission Decision 96/279/EC of 26 February 1996	L 107	1	30.4.1996
► <u>M12</u>	Commission Decision 97/10/EC of 12 December 1996	L 3	9	7.1.1997
► <u>M13</u>	Commission Decision 97/36/EC of 18 December 1996	L 14	57	17.1.1997
► <u>M14</u>	Commission Decision 97/160/EC of 14 February 1997	L 62	39	4.3.1997
► <u>M15</u>	Commission Decision 98/360/EC of 18 May 1998	L 163	44	6.6.1998
► <u>M16</u>	Commission Decision 98/594/EC of 6 October 1998	L 286	53	23.10.1998
► <u>M17</u>	Commission Decision 1999/228/EC of 5 March 1999	L 83	77	27.3.1999
► <u>M18</u>	Commission Decision 1999/236/EC of 17 March 1999	L 87	13	31.3.1999
► <u>M19</u>	Commission Decision 1999/252/EC of 26 March 1999	L 96	31	10.4.1999
► <u>M20</u>	Commission Decision 1999/613/EC of 10 September 1999	L 243	12	15.9.1999
► <u>M21</u>	Commission Decision 2000/209/EC of 24 February 2000	L 64	22	11.3.2000
► <u>M22</u>	Commission Decision 2001/117/EC of 26 January 2001	L 43	38	14.2.2001
► <u>M23</u>	Commission Decision 2001/611/EC of 20 July 2001	L 214	49	8.8.2001
► <u>M24</u>	Commission Decision 2001/619/EC of 25 July 2001	L 215	55	9.8.2001
► <u>M25</u>	Commission Decision 2001/754/EC of 23 October 2001	L 282	81	26.10.2001
► <u>M26</u>	Commission Decision 2001/766/EC of 25 October 2001	L 288	50	1.11.2001
► <u>M27</u>	Commission Decision 2001/828/EC of 23 November 2001	L 308	41	27.11.2001
► <u>M28</u>	Commission Decision 2002/635/EC of 31 July 2002	L 206	20	3.8.2002
► <u>M29</u>	Commission Decision 2002/841/EC of 24 October 2002	L 287	42	25.10.2002
► <u>M30</u>	Commission Decision 2003/541/EC of 17 July 2003	L 185	41	24.7.2003

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► <u>M31</u>	Commission Decision 2004/117/EC of 19 January 2004	L 36	20	7.2.2004
► <u>M32</u>	Commission Decision 2004/241/EC of 5 March 2004	L 74	19	12.3.2004
► <u>M33</u>	Commission Regulation (EC) No 1792/2006 of 23 October 2006	L 362	1	20.12.2006
► <u>M34</u>	Commission Decision 2010/266/EU of 30 April 2010	L 117	85	11.5.2010
► <u>M35</u>	Commission Decision 2010/463/EU of 20 August 2010	L 220	74	21.8.2010
► <u>M36</u>	Commission Regulation (EU) No 519/2013 of 21 February 2013	L 158	74	10.6.2013
►M37	Commission Implementing Decision 2013/718/EU of 4 December 201	13 L 326	49	6.12.2013
<b>►</b> M38	Commission Implementing Decision 2014/332/EU of 4 June 2014	L 167	52	6.6.2014
►M39	Commission Implementing Decision (EU) 2015/1009 of 24 June 2015	15 L 161	22	26.6.2015
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7 tilleliaet	u by.			
► <u>A1</u>	Act of Accession of Austria, Sweden and Finland	C 241	21	29.8.1994
	(adapted by Council Decision 95/1/EC, Euratom, ECSC)	L 1	1	1.1.1995
► <u>A2</u>	Act concerning the conditions of accession of the Czech Republic, the		33	23.9.2003
	Republic of Estonia, the Republic of Cyprus, the Republic of Latvi			
	the Republic of Lithuania, the Republic of Hungary, the Republic Malta, the Republic of Poland, the Republic of Slovenia and the Slovenia	ak		
	Republic and the adjustments to the Treaties on which the Europea	an		
	Union is founded			

# Corrected by:

►<u>C1</u> Corrigendum, OJ L 78, 20.3.1997, p. 54 (97/160/EC)

#### COMMISSION DECISION

#### of 5 February 1993

on animal health conditions and veterinary certification for imports of registered equidae and equidae for breeding and production

(93/197/EEC)

THE COMMISSION OF THE EUROPEAN COMMUNITIES,

Having regard to the Treaty establishing the European Economic Community,

Having regard to Council Directive 90/426/EEC of 26 June 1990 on animal health conditions governing the movement and import from third countries of equidae (1), as last amended by Directive 92/36/EEC (2), and in particular Article 15 point (a) and Article 16 thereof,

Whereas by Council Decision 79/542/EEC (3), as last amended by Commission Decision 93/100/EEC (4), the list of third countries from which the Member States authorize imports of equidae in particular has been established;

Whereas it is also necessary to take into account the regionalization of certain third countries appearing on the abovementioned list, which is the subject of Commission Decision 92/160/EEC (5), as amended by Decision 92/161/EEC (6);

Whereas the responsible national veterinary authorities have undertaken to notify the Commission and the Member States, by telegram, telex or telefax, within 24 hours of the confirmation of the occurrence of any infectious or contagious disease in equidae of lists A and B of the International Office of Epizootic Diseases or of the adoption of vaccination against any of them or, within an appropriate period, of any changes in the national import rules concerning equidae;

Whereas the conditions to be established for imports of equidae for breeding and production apply without prejudice to the requirements of Countil Directive 86/469/EEC (7) that no thyreostatic, estrogenic, androgenic or gestagenic substances are used for fattening purposes in equidae;

Whereas Member States import equidae in accordance with the provisions of Council Directive 91/496/EEC (8), as last amended by Decision 92/438/EEC (9), which laid down the principles governing the organization of veterinary checks on animals entering the Community from third countries;

Whereas the existence of equivalent health situations between certain third countries justifies establishing several health zones for the importation of equidae;

<sup>(1)</sup> OJ No L 224, 18. 8. 1990, p. 42.

<sup>(2)</sup> OJ No L 157, 10. 6. 1992, p. 28.

<sup>(3)</sup> OJ No L 146, 14. 6. 1979, p. 15.

<sup>(4)</sup> OJ No L 40, 17. 2. 1993, p. 23.

<sup>(5)</sup> OJ No L 71, 18. 3. 1992, p. 27.

<sup>(6)</sup> OJ No L 71, 18. 3. 1992, p. 29. (7) OJ No L 275, 16. 9. 1986, p. 36.

<sup>(8)</sup> OJ No L 268, 24. 9. 1991, p. 56.

<sup>(9)</sup> OJ No L 243, 25. 8. 1992, p. 27.

Whereas the different categories of equidae have their own features and their imports are authorized for different purposes; whereas, consequently specific health requirements must be established for imports of registered equidae and equidae for breeding and production;

Whereas, given the existence of different health situations, it is therefore necessary to establish several health certificates for registered equidae and for equidae for breeding and production;

Whereas the measures provided for in this Decision are in accordance with the opinion of the Standing Veterinary Committee,

HAS ADOPTED THIS DECISION:

### Article 1

Without prejudice to Decision 92/160/EEC, Member States shall authorize imports of registered equidae and equidae for breeding and production:

- coming from third countries appearing in Annex I, and
- conforming to the requirements laid down in the appropriate specimen animal health certificate set out in Annex II.

#### Article 2

This Decision is addressed to the Member States.

### **▼** M34

#### ANNEX I

Sanitary Group A (1)

Switzerland (CH), Falkland Islands (FK), Greenland (GL), Iceland (IS)

Sanitary Group B (1)

#### **▼** M38

Sanitary Group C(1)

Canada (CA), China (²) (³) (CN), Hong Kong (³) (HK), India (²) (³) (IN), Japan (³) (JP), Korea Republic (³) (KR), Macao (³) (MO), Malaysia (peninsula) (³) (MY), Singapore (³) (SG), Thailand (³) (TH), United States of America (US)

### **▼** M37

Sanitary Group D (1)

Argentina (AR), Barbados (³) (BB), Bermuda (³) (BM), Bolivia (³) (BO), Brazil (²) (³) (BR), Chile (CL), Cuba (³) (CU), Jamaica (³) (JM), Mexico (²) (MX), Peru (²) (³) (PE), Paraguay (PY), Uruguay (UY)

### **▼** M39

Sanitary Group E (1)

United Arab Emirates (3) (AE), Bahrain (3) (BH), Algeria (DZ), Israel (5) (IL), Jordan (3) (JO), Kuwait (3) (KW), Lebanon (3) (LB), Morocco (MA), Mauritius (3) (MU), Oman (3) (OM), Qatar (3) (QA), Saudi Arabia (2) (3) (SA), Tunisia (TN), Turkey (2) (3) (TR)

### **▼** <u>M34</u>

Sanitary Group F (1)

South Africa (2) (3) (ZA)

Sanitary Group G (1)

Saint Pierre and Miquelon (PM)

<sup>(</sup>¹) Sanitary group as indicated in column 5 of Annex I to Decision 2004/211/EC. Third countries, territories or parts thereof assigned to that group shall use the Health Certificate with the same letter set out in Annex II to this Decision.

<sup>(2)</sup> Part of the third country or territory in accordance with Article 13(2)(a) of Directive 90/426/EEC as indicated in columns 3 and 4 of Annex I to Decision 2004/211/EC.

<sup>(3)</sup> Only registered horses.

<sup>(4)</sup> Provisional code that does not affect the definitive denomination of the country to be attributed after the conclusion of the negotiations currently taking place in the United Nations.

<sup>(5) ►</sup>M39 Hereafter understood as the State of Israel, excluding the territories under Israeli administration since June 1967, namely the Golan Heights, the Gaza Strip, East Jerusalem and the rest of the West Bank. <</p>

### ANNEX II

- A. Health certificate for imports of registered equidae and equidae for breeding and production from third countries assigned to group A.
- B. Health certificate for imports of registered equidae and equidae for breeding and production from third countries assigned to group B.
- C. Health certificate for imports of registered equidae and equidae for breeding and production from third countries assigned to group C.
- D. Health certificate for imports of registered equidae and equidae for breeding and production from third countries assigned to group D.
- E. Health certificate for imports of registered equidae and equidae for breeding and production from third countries assigned to group E.

# **▼**<u>M12</u>

F. Health certificate for imports of registered equidae and equidae for breeding and production form third countries assigned to Group F.

# **▼**<u>M25</u>

G. Health certificate for imports of registered equidae and equidae for breeding and production from third countries assigned to Group G.

# — A —

# HEALTH CERTIFICATE

				No of certificate:
1.		1. 715		
nıı	rd country of dispate	h (¹):		
<b>f</b> in	nistry responsible:			••••••
٠.		16		
eic	erence to accompany	ing weitare c	ertincate:	
1	Identification of the a	nimal		
	dentification of the a	·····iai		•
	Species	Bree		Marked of Heart Continues I (I and Continue (A))
	Horses, ass, mule, hinny	Ag Sex		Method of identification and identification (*)
				· · ·
				1
	.*			
(	(a) No of identifica	tion document	(Passport):	y be attached to this certificate provided that its number is stated:
(	(a) No of identifica	tion document	(Passport):	· · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·
(	(a) No of identifica	tion document	(Passport):	
_	(a) No of identifica	tion document	(Passport):	
-	(a) No of identifica (b) Validated by  Origin and destinatio	n of the anim	t (Passport):	(Name of competent authority)
-	(a) No of identificat (b) Validated by	n of the anim	t (Passport):	(Name of competent authority)
7	(a) No of identification (b) Validated by  Origin and destination  The animal is to be so	n of the animent	t (Passport):	(Name of competent authority)  (Place of export)
7	(a) No of identification (b) Validated by  Origin and destination  The animal is to be so	n of the animent	t (Passport):	(Name of competent authority)  (Place of export)
-	(a) No of identification (b) Validated by  Origin and destination  The animal is to be so	n of the animent	t (Passport):	(Name of competent authority)  (Place of export)
- - -	(a) No of identification (b) Validated by  Origin and destination  The animal is to be so	n of the animent	t (Passport):	(Name of competent authority)  (Place of export)
- · ·	(a) No of identification (b) Validated by  Origin and destination  The animal is to be sometime of the content of the cont	n of the animent	t (Passport):	(Name of competent authority)  (Place of export)
- C	(a) No of identification (b) Validated by  Origin and destination  The animal is to be soldirectly to:	n of the anii	t (Passport):	(Place of export)  (Member State and place of destination)
- - -	(a) No of identification (b) Validated by  Origin and destination  The animal is to be soldirectly to:	n of the anii	t (Passport):	(Name of competent authority)  (Place of export)  (Member State and place of destination)
- - - - -	(a) No of identifica (b) Validated by  Origin and destinatio  The animal is to be s  directly to:	n of the anii	mal	(Place of export)  (Member State and place of destination)
- - -	(a) No of identifica (b) Validated by  Origin and destinatio  The animal is to be s  directly to:	n of the anii	mal	(Name of competent authority)  (Place of export)  (Member State and place of destination)
- · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·	(a) No of identifica (b) Validated by  Origin and destinatio  The animal is to be s  directly to:	n of the animent from:	mal  aft/ship (2	(Name of competent authority)  (Place of export)  (Member State and place of destination)
	(a) No of identifica (b) Validated by  Origin and destinatio  The animal is to be s  directly to:	n of the animent from:	mal  aft/ship (2	(Place of export)  (Member State and place of destination)
	(a) No of identification (b) Validated by  Origin and destination  The animal is to be soldirectly to:	n of the anii	mal  aft/ship (2	(Name of competent authority)  (Place of export)  (Member State and place of destination)

#### III. Health information

I, the undersigned, certify that the animal described above meets the following requirements:

- (a) it comes from a country where the following diseases are compulsorily notifiable: African horse sickness, dourine, glanders, equine encephalomyelitis (of all types including VEE), infectious anaemia, vesicular stomatitis, rabies, anthrax;
- (b) it has been examined today and shows no clinical sign of disease (3);
- (c) it is not intended for slaughter under a national programme of infectious or contagious disease eradication:
- (d) during the three months immediately preceding the exportation (►°) or since birth if the animal is less than three months old or since entry if it was imported directly from the European Community during the previous three months (d) it has been resident on holdings under veterinary supervision in the country of dispatch and 30 days prior to dispatch apart from equidae not of equivalent health status;
- (e) it comes from the territory or in cases of official regionalization according to Community legislation from a part of the territory of a third country in which:
  - (i) Venezuelan equine encephalomyelitis has not occurred during the last two years;
  - (ii) dourine has not occurred during the last six months;
  - (iii) glanders has not occurred during the last six months;
  - (iv) either vesicular stomatitis has not occurred during the last six months (2),

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- ▶<sup>(1)</sup> (v) in the case of an uncastrated male animal older than 180 days, either equine viral arteritis has not been officially recorded during the last six months (²),

Ot

— the animal was tested on a blood sample taken within 21 days of export on ... (4) by virus neutralization test for equine viral arteritis with negative result at a dilution of 1 in 4 (2),

or

an aliquot of its entire semen taken within 21 days of export on ... (4) was tested by virus isolation test for equine viral arteritis with negative result (2),

O

— the animal was vaccinated on ... (4) against equine viral arteritis under official veterinary supervision with a vaccine approved by the competent authority, according to the following programme for initial vaccination and has been re-vaccinated at regular intervals (2)

Programmes for initial vaccination against equine viral arteritis:

Instruction: Cross out vaccination programmes that do not apply to the animal described above.

Verify supporting certification on testing before vaccination, vaccination and re-vaccination.

- (a) Vaccination was carried out on the day a blood sample was taken that subsequently proved negative in a virus neutralization test at a dilution of 1 in 4; or
- (b) Vaccination was carried out during a period of isolation of not more than 15 days under official veterinary supervision, commencing on the day a blood sample was taken that was tested during that time with negative result in a virus neutralization test at a dilution of 1 in 4; or
- (c) Vaccination was carried out when the animal was at an age of 180 to 270 days, during a period of isolation under official veterinary supervision. During the isolation period two blood samples taken at least 10 days apart proved a stable or declining antibody titre in a virus neutralization tes for equine viral arteritis; ◀

- (f) it does not come from the territory or from a part of the territory of a third country considered, in accordance with EEC legislation, as infected with African horse sickness
  - either it was not vaccinated against African horse sickness (2),

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- (g) it does not come from a holding which was subject to prohibition for animal health reasons nor had contact with equidae from a holding which was subject to prohibition for animal health reasons:
  - (i) during six months in the case of equine encephalomyelitis, beginning on the date on which the
    equidae suffering from the disease are slaughtered;
  - (ii) in the case of infectious anaemia, until the date on which the infected animals having been slaughtered, the remaining animals have shown a negative reaction to two Coggins tests carried out three months apart;
  - (iii)during six months in the case of vesicular stomatitis;
  - (iv) during one month from the last recorded case, in the case of rabies;
  - (v) during 15 days from the last recorded case, in the case of anthrax.
  - If all animals of species susceptible to the disease located on the holding have been slaughtered and the premises disinfected, the period of prohibition shall be 30 days, beginning on the day on which the animal were destroyed and the premises disinfected, except in the case of anthrax, where the period of prohibition is 15 days;
- (h) it shows no clinical signs of contagious equine metritis (CEM) and it does not come from a holding where there has been any suspicion of CEM during the past two months nor had contact indirectly or directly through coitus with equidae infected or suspected in CEM;
- (i) to the best of my knowledge, it has not been in contact with equidae suffering from an infectious or contagious disease in the 15 days prior to this declaration;
- (i) a Coggins test for equine infectious anaemia (2), or
  - (ii) in the case of Equidae which have resided in Iceland from birth, it is certified that Iceland is officially free of equine infectious anaemia(²). ◀
- IV. The animal will be sent in a vehicle cleansed and disinfected in advance with a disinfectant officially recognized in the country of dispatch and designed in a way that droppings, litter or fodder cannot escape during transportation.

The following declaration signed by the owner or representative is part of the certificate.

V. The certificate is valid for 10 days. In the case of transport by ship the time is prolonged by the time of the voyage.

Date	Place	Stamp (*) and signature of the official veterinarian
		· ·
		·
	•	
		·

(\*) The colour of the stamp must be different to that of the printing.

	DECLARATION
I,	the undersigned
de	clare:
1.	the animal will be sent directly from the premises of dispatch to the premises of destination without comit into contact with other equidae not of the same health status.
	The transportation will be effected in such a way that health and well-being of the animal can be protected effectively;
2.	the animal has either remained in
	Member State of the European Community during the past 90 days ( $^3$ ), or entered the exporting country at lea 90 days prior to this declaration ( $^3$ ). $\blacktriangleleft$
	(Signature)

<sup>(1)</sup> Part of territory in accordance with Article 13 (2) of Council Directive 90/426/EEC.
(2) This certificate must be issued on the day of loading of the animal for dispatch to the Member State of destination or, in the case of a registered horse, on the last working day before embarkation.
(3) Delete as appropriate.
(4) Insert date.
In the case of a registered equine animal, tests carried out, their results and vaccination have to be entered in the identification document (passport).

# — В —

# HEALTH CERTIFICATE

		No of certificate:
ird country of dispatch (1	¹):	
nistry responsible:		
ference to accompanying	welfare certificate:	
Identification of the anir	mal	
Species ' Horses, ass, mule, hinny	Breed Age Sex	Method of identification and identification (*)
1.0		1.65
		122
(b) Validated by		Name of competent authority)
Origin and destination o	of the animal	Name of competent authority)
Origin and destination o	of the animal	Name of competent authority)
Origin and destination of	of the animal	Name of competent authority)  (Place of export)
Origin and destination o	of the animal	Name of competent authority)  (Place of export)
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Origin and destination o	of the animal	Name of competent authority)  (Place of export)
Origin and destination of The animal is to be sent directly to:  — on foot (2)	of the animal	(Place of export)  (Member State and place of destination)
Origin and destination of The animal is to be sent directly to:  — on foot (2) or — by railway wagon/lo	of the animal from:  orry/aircraft/ship (2)	Name of competent authority)  (Place of export)
Origin and destination of The animal is to be sent directly to:  — on foot (2) or — by railway wagon/lo	of the animal from:  orry/aircraft/ship (2)	(Place of export)  (Member State and place of destination)
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Origin and destination of The animal is to be sent directly to:  — on foot (2) or — by railway wagon/lo (indicate means of Name and address of co	of the animal from:  orry/aircraft/ship (2) transport and registrationsignor:	(Place of export)  (Member State and place of destination)
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Origin and destination of The animal is to be sent directly to:  — on foot (2) or — by railway wagon/lo (indicate means of Name and address of co	of the animal from:  orry/aircraft/ship (2) transport and registrationsignor:	(Place of export)  (Member State and place of destination)
Origin and destination of The animal is to be sent directly to:  — on foot (2) or — by railway wagon/lo (indicate means of Name and address of co	of the animal from:  orry/aircraft/ship (2) transport and registrationsignor:	(Place of export)  (Member State and place of destination)
Origin and destination of The animal is to be sent directly to:  — on foot (2) or — by railway wagon/lo (indicate means of Name and address of co Name and address of co Health information I, the undersigned, certif (a) it comes from a co	of the animal from:  orry/aircraft/ship (2) transport and registrationsignor:  onsignee:	(Place of export)  (Member State and place of destination)

- (c) it is not intended for slaughter under a national programme of infectious or contagious disease eradication;
- (d) during the three months immediately preceding the exportation (\*\*\* or since birth if the animal is less than three months old or since entry if it was imported directly from the European Community during the previous three months (\*) it has been resident on holdings under veterinary supervision in the country of dispatch and 30 days prior to dispatch apart from equidae not of equivalent health status;
- (e) it comes from the territory or in cases of official regionalization according to Community legislation from a part of the territory of a third country in which:
  - (i) Venezuelan equine encephalomyelitis has not occurred during the last two years;
  - (ii) dourine has not occurred during the last six months;
  - (iii) glanders has not occurred during the last six months;
  - (iv) either vesicular stomatitis has not occurred during the last six months (2),

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- (v) in the case of an uncastrated male animal older than 180 days, either equine viral arteritis has not been officially recorded during the last six months (2),

or

— the animal was tested on a blood sample taken within 21 days of export on ... (4) by virus neutralization test for equine viral arteritis with negative result at a dilution of 1 in 4 (2),

OI

an aliquot of its entire semen taken within 21 days of export on ... (4) was tested by virus isolation test for equine viral arteritis with negative result (2),

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— the animal was vaccinated on ... (4) against equine viral arteritis under official veterinary supervision with a vaccine approved by the competent authority, according to the following programme for initial vaccination and has been re-vaccinated at regular intervals (2)

Programmes for initial vaccination against equine viral arteritis:

Instruction: Cross out vaccination programmes that do not apply to the animal described above.

Verify supporting certification on testing before vaccination, vaccination and re-vaccination.

- (a) Vaccination was carried out on the day a blood sample was taken that subsequently proved negative in a virus neutralization test at a dilution of 1 in 4; or
- (b) Vaccination was carried out during a period of isolation of not more than 15 days under official veterinary supervision, commencing on the day a blood sample was taken that was tested during that time with negative result in a virus neutralization test at a dilution of 1 in 4; or
- (c) Vaccination was carried out when the animal was at an age of 180 to 270 days, during a period of isolation under official veterinary supervision. During the isolation period two blood samples taken at least 10 days apart proved a stable or declining antibody titre in a virus neutralization tes for equine viral arteritis; ◀

			from a part of the territory of a third country considered, in ected with African horse sickness
	- either it was	not vaccinated against	African horse sickness (2),
	or		
	— it was vaccin	ated against African ho	orse sickness on(2) (4);
	(g) it does not come contact with equ	e from a holding which idae from a holding w	was subject to prohibition for animal health reasons nor had hich was subject to prohibition for animal health reasons:
		onths in the case of e ering from the disease a	quine encephalomyelitis, beginning on the date on which the re slaughtered;
		the remaining animals l	until the date on which the infected animals having been have shown a negative reaction to two Coggins tests carried out
	(iii)during six me	onths in the case of ves	icular stomatitis;
	(iv) during one m	onth from the last reco	orded case, in the case of rabies;
	(v) during 15 da	ys from the last record	ed case, in the case of anthrax.
	premises disinfec	ted, the period of prol royed and the premises	e disease located on the holding have been slaughtered and the nibition shall be 30 days, beginning on the day on which the disinfected, except in the case of anthrax, where the period of
	where there has l	been any suspicion of C	equine metritis (CEM) and it does not come from a holding CEM during the past two months nor had contact indirectly or ected or suspected in CEM;
		knowledge, it has no e in the 15 days prior	t been in contact with equidae suffering from an infectious or to this declaration;
		to the following test car	ried out with negative result on a sample of blood taken within
		t for infectious anaemi	
	=		ine (6) at a dilution of 1 in 10,
	— a complemen	t fixation test for giant	lers (6) at a dilution of 1 in 10.
IV.		intry of dispatch and d	nsed and disinfected in advance with a disinfectant officially esigned in a way that droppings, litter or fodder cannot escape
	The following declar	ation signed by the ow	ner or representative is part of the certificate.
v.	The certificate is vali voyage.	d for 10 days. In the ca	se of transport by ship the time is prolonged by the time of the
	Date	Place	Stamp (*) and signature of the official veterinarian
	***************************************	(Name in blo	ck letters, qualification and title.)

(\*) The colour of the stamp must be different to that of the printing.

#### DECLARATION

Ι,	he undersigned
de	lare:
1.	the animal will be sent directly from the premises of dispatch to the premises of destination without coming into contact with other equidae not of the same health status.
	The transportation will be effected in such a way that health and well-being of the animal can be protected effectively;
<sup>(1)</sup> 2.	the animal has either remained in
	Member State of the European Community during the past 90 days (³), or entered the exporting country at least 90 days prior to this declaration (³). ◀
	(Place, date) (Signature)

<sup>(1)</sup> Part of territory in accordance with Article 13 (2) of Council Directive 90/426/EEC.
(2) Delete as appropriate.
(3) This certificate must be issued on the day of loading of the animal for dispatch to the Member State of destination or, in the case of a registered horse, on the last working day before embarkation.

case of a registered horse, on the last working day before emparkation.

(4) Insert date.

In the case of a registered equine animal, tests carried out, their results and vaccination have to be entered in the identification document (passport).

For the countries covered by this certificate, with the exception of Australia and New Zealand, the laboratory tests must be carried out by a laboratory approved by the Member State of destination. The test results, certified by the laboratory, have to be attached to the animal health certificate accompanying the animal. 

(5) The required tests for glanders dourine don't apply for Australia and New Zealand.

# — C —

# HEALTH CERTIFICATE

		No of certificate:
aind annument of dismostate	. (1).	
eference to accompanyin	ig welfare certificate	:
Identification of the ar	nimal	
Species Horses, ass, mule, hinny	Breed Age Sex	Method of identification and identification (*)
		•
Origin and destination	of the animal	
The animal is to be sen	nt from:	
		(Place of export)
directly to:	***************************************	
directly to:	•••••	(Member State and place of destination)
•		(Member State and place of destination)
by railway wagon/lorr	ry/aircraft/ship (²):	(Member State and place of destination)
by railway wagon/lorr	ry/aircraft/ship (²):	(Member State and place of destination)
by railway wagon/lorr	ry/aircraft/ship (2): transport and registrati	(Member State and place of destination)  ion marks, flight number or registered name, as appropriate) (2)
by railway wagon/lorr	ry/aircraft/ship ( <sup>2</sup> ): transport and registraticonsignor:	(Member State and place of destination)  ion marks, flight number or registered name, as appropriate) (2)
by railway wagon/lorr (indicate means of	ry/aircraft/ship ( <sup>2</sup> ): transport and registraticonsignor:	(Member State and place of destination)  ion marks, flight number or registered name, as appropriate) (2)
by railway wagon/lorr (indicate means of Name and address of o	ry/aircraft/ship ( <sup>2</sup> ):  transport and registrati consignor:	(Member State and place of destination)  ion marks, flight number or registered name, as appropriate) (2)
by railway wagon/lorr (indicate means of Name and address of o	ry/aircraft/ship (2): transport and registraticonsignor:	ion marks, flight number or registered name, as appropriate) (2)
by railway wagon/lorr (indicate means of Name and address of o	ry/aircraft/ship (2): transport and registraticonsignor:	(Member State and place of destination)  ion marks, flight number or registered name, as appropriate) (2)
by railway wagon/lorr (indicate means of Name and address of of	ry/aircraft/ship (2): transport and registraticonsignor:	(Member State and place of destination)  ion marks, flight number or registered name, as appropriate) (2)
by railway wagon/lorr (indicate means of Name and address of of Name and address of of Health information	ry/aircraft/ship ( <sup>2</sup> ):  transport and registrati  consignor:  consignee:	(Member State and place of destination)  ion marks, flight number or registered name, as appropriate) (2)
by railway wagon/lorr (indicate means of Name and address of of Name and address of of	transport and registraticonsignor:  consignee:  tify that the animal accountry where the iglanders, equine ence	(Member State and place of destination)  ion marks, flight number or registered name, as appropriate) (2)

- (c) it is not intended for slaughter under a national programme of infectious or contagious disease eradication;
- (d) during the three months immediately preceding the exportation (▶¹¹) or since birth if the animal is less than three months old or since entry if it was imported directly from the European Community during the previous three months •) it has been resident on holdings under veterinary supervision in the country of dispatch and 30 days prior to dispatch in pre-export isolation;
- (e) it comes from the territory or in cases of official regionalization according to Community legislation from a part of the territory of a third country in which:
  - (i) Venezuelan equine encephalomyelitis has not occurred during the last two years;
  - (ii) dourine has not occurred during the last six months;
  - (iii) glanders has not occurred during the last six months;
  - (iv) either vesicular stomatitis has not occurred during the last six months (3),
- ▶<sup>(1)</sup> (v) in the case of an uncastrated male animal older than 180 days, either equine viral arteritis has not been officially recorded during the last six months (3),

or

the animal was tested on a blood sample taken within 21 days of export on ... (4) by virus neutralization test for equine viral arteritis with negative result at a dilution of 1 in 4 (3),

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an aliquot of its entire semen taken within 21 days of export on ... (4) was tested by virus isolation test for equine viral arteritis with negative result (3),

or

— the animal was vaccinated on ... (4) against equine viral arteritis under official veterinary supervision with a vaccine approved by the competent authority, according to the following programme for initial vaccination and has been re-vaccinated at regular intervals (3)

Programmes for initial vaccination against equine viral arteritis:

Instruction: Cross out vaccination programmes that do not apply to the animal described above.

Verify supporting certification on testing before vaccination, vaccination and re-vaccination.

- (a) Vaccination was carried out on the day a blood sample was taken that subsequently proved negative in a virus neutralization test at a dilution of 1 in 4; or
- (b) Vaccination was carried out during a period of isolation of not more than 15 days under official veterinary supervision, commencing on the day a blood sample was taken that was tested during that time with negative result in a virus neutralization test at a dilution of 1 in 4; or
- (c) Vaccination was carried out when the animal was at an age of 180 to 270 days, during a period of isolation under official veterinary supervision. During the isolation period two blood samples taken at least 10 days apart proved a stable or declining antibody titre in a virus neutralization tes for equine viral arteritis; ◀
- (f) it does not come from the territory or from a part of the territory of a third country considered, in accordance with EEC legislation, as infected with African horse sickness
  - either it was not vaccinated against African horse sickness (3),

or

(g) it does not come from a holding which was subject to prohibition for animal health reasons nor ha contact with equidae from a holding which was subject to prohibition for animal health reasons:
<ul> <li>during six months in the case of equine encephalomyelitis, beginning on the date on which the equidae suffering from the disease are slaughtered;</li> </ul>
(ii) in the case of infectious anaemia, until the date on which the infected animals having bee slaughtered, the remaining animals have shown a negative reaction to two Coggins tests carried or

three months apart;
(iii) during six months in the case of vesicular stomatitis;

- (iv) during one month from the last recorded case, in the case of rabies;
- (v) during 15 days from the last recorded case, in the case of anthrax,

If all animals of species susceptible to the disease located on the holding have been slaughtered and the premises disinfected, the period of prohibition shall be 30 days, beginning on the day on which the animals were destroyed and the premises disinfected, except in the case of anthrax, where the period of prohibition is 15 days;

- (h) it shows no clinical signs of contagious equine metritis (CEM) and it does not come from a holding
  where there has been any suspicion of CEM during the past two months nor had contact indirectly or
  directly through coitus with equidae infected or suspected in CEM;
- (i) to the best of my knowledge, it has not been in contact with equidae suffering from an infectious or contagious disease in the 15 days prior to this declaration;
- - a Coggins test for infectious anaemia;

(k)	either it was not vaccinated against Venezuelan equine encephalomyelitis (3)		k .
	or		
	it was vaccinated on	months	prior

- ▶ "(m) If the horse comes from China (!) (?), India (!) (?) or Thailand (?), it was subjected to a complement fixation test for glanders and for dourine carried out with negative results at a serum dilution of 1 in 10 on a sample of blood collected within 10 days prior to export on ... (\*); ◀
- ▶ (a) it was not vaccinated against West Nile Virus (3)

or

it was vaccinated against West Nile Virus with an inactivated vaccine on at least two occasions at an interval of between 21 to 42 days, the last vaccination carried out not later than 30 days prior to dispatch on .......(\*)(\*). ◀

IV. The animal will be sent in a vehicle cleansed and disinfected in advance with a disinfectant officially recognized in the country of dispatch and designed in a way that droppings, litter or fodder cannot escape during transportation.

The following declaration signed by the owner or representative is part of the certificate.

V. The certificate is valid for 10 days. In the case of transport by ship the time is prolonged by the time of the voyage.

Date	Place	Stamp (*) and signature of the official veterinarian
4.4		

(Name in block letters, qualification and title.)

(\*) The colour of the stamp must be different to that of the printing.

	DECLA	ARATION
I, th	e undersigned(owner or representative (3) of the	(insert name in block letters) animal described above)
decla	are:	
i	nto contact with other equidae not of the same h	
	The transportation will be effected in such a way the effectively;	that health and well-being of the animal can be protected
1) 2. t	the animal has either remained in(exporting coun	since birth (3), or has been imported directly from a try)
	Member State of the European Community during t 00 days prior to this declaration (³). ◀	he past 90 days (3), or entered the exporting country at least
	(Place, date)	(Signature)

<sup>(1)</sup> Part of territory in accordance with Article 13 (2) of Council Directive 90/426/EEC.
(2) This certificate must be issued on the day of loading of the animal for dispatch to the Member State of destination or, in the case of a registered horse, on the last working day before embarkation.
(3) Delete as appropriate.
(4) Insert date.
In the case of a registered equine animal, tests carried out, their results and vaccination have to be entered in the identification document (passport).
(5) WEE and EEE vaccination or testing requirements apply only to Canada and the United States of America; Japanese B-encephalitis vaccination applies to ▶<sup>(3)</sup> Hong Kong, Japan, Republic of Korea, Macau, Malaysia (peninsula), Singapore, Thailand ◀.

# — D —

# HEALTH CERTIFICATE

		No of certificate:
rd country of dispatch	(1):	
		·
create to accompanying	ig wentare certificate	1,
Identification of the ar	nimal	
Species Horses, ass, mule, hinny	Breed Age Sex	Method of identification and identification (*)
27		
*****		Name of competent authority)
Origin and destination		
ran <sup>7</sup> na ana a		(Place of export)
The animal is to be sen	nt from:	(Place of export)
The animal is to be see	nt from:	(Place of export) (Member State and place of destination)
The animal is to be see	nt from:	(Place of export)  (Member State and place of destination)
The animal is to be set directly to: by railway wagon/lorr	nt from:	(Place of export) (Member State and place of destination)
The animal is to be set directly to:	nt from:ry/aircraft/ship:	(Place of export)  (Member State and place of destination)  n marks, flight number or registered name, as appropriate) (2)
The animal is to be set directly to:	ry/aircraft/ship:  transport and registration consignor:	(Place of export)  (Member State and place of destination)  n marks, flight number or registered name, as appropriate) (2)
The animal is to be set directly to:	ry/aircraft/ship:  transport and registration consignor:	(Place of export)  (Member State and place of destination)  n marks, flight number or registered name, as appropriate) (2)
The animal is to be set directly to:	nt from:ry/aircraft/ship:f transport and registration consignor:	(Place of export)  (Member State and place of destination)  n marks, flight number or registered name, as appropriate) (2)
The animal is to be set directly to:	ry/aircraft/ship:  transport and registration consignor:	(Place of export)  (Member State and place of destination)  n marks, flight number or registered name, as appropriate) (2)
The animal is to be set directly to:	ry/aircraft/ship:  transport and registration consignor:	(Place of export)  (Member State and place of destination)  n marks, flight number or registered name, as appropriate) (2)
The animal is to be set directly to:	ry/aircraft/ship:  transport and registration consignor:	(Place of export)  (Member State and place of destination)  n marks, flight number or registered name, as appropriate) (2)
The animal is to be set directly to:	ry/aircraft/ship:  transport and registration consignor:  consignee:  tify that the animal descountry where the foll glanders, equine enceph	(Place of export)  (Member State and place of destination)  n marks, flight number or registered name, as appropriate) (2)

- (c) it is not intended for slaughter under a national programme of infectious or contagious disease eradication;
- (d) during the three months immediately preceding the exportation (►") or since birth if the animal is less than three months old or since entry if it was imported directly from the European Community during the previous three months () it has been resident on holdings under veterinary supervision in the country of dispatch and 30 days prior to dispatch in pre-export isolation;
- (e) it comes from the territory or in cases of official regionalization according to Community legislation from a part of the territory of a third country in which:
  - (i) Venezuelan equine encephalomyelitis has not occurred during the last two years;
  - (ii) dourine has not occurred during the last six months;
  - (iii) glanders has not occurred during the last six months;
  - (iv)— either vesicular stomatitis has not occurred during the last six months (3),
- ▶<sup>(1)</sup>(v) in the case of an uncastrated male animal older than 180 days, either equine viral arteritis has not been officially recorded during the last six months (<sup>3</sup>),

or

— the animal was tested on a blood sample taken within 21 days of export on ... (4) by virus neutralization test for equine viral arteritis with negative result at a dilution of 1 in 4 (3),

O

an aliquot of its entire semen taken within 21 days of export on ... (4) was tested by virus isolation test for equine viral arteritis with negative result (3),

or

— the animal was vaccinated on ... (4) against equine viral arteritis under official veterinary supervision with a vaccine approved by the competent authority, according to the following programme for initial vaccination and has been re-vaccinated at regular intervals (3)

Programmes for initial vaccination against equine viral arteritis:

Instruction: Cross out vaccination programmes that do not apply to the animal described above.

Verify supporting certification on testing before vaccination, vaccination and re-vaccination.

- (a) Vaccination was carried out on the day a blood sample was taken that subsequently proved negative in a virus neutralization test at a dilution of 1 in 4; or
- (b) Vaccination was carried out during a period of isolation of not more than 15 days under official veterinary supervision, commencing on the day a blood sample was taken that was tested during that time with negative result in a virus neutralization test at a dilution of 1 in 4; or
- (c) Vaccination was carried out when the animal was at an age of 180 to 270 days, during a period of isolation under official veterinary supervision. During the isolation period two blood samples taken at least 10 days apart proved a stable or declining antibody titre in a virus neutralization tes for equine viral arteritis; ◄
- (f) it does not come from the territory or from a part of the territory of a third country considered, in accordance with EEC legislation, as infected with African horse sickness
  - either it was not vaccinated against African horse sickness (3),

or

- (g) it does not come from a holding which was subject to prohibition for animal health reasons nor had contact with equidae from a holding which was subject to prohibition for animal health reasons:

- (i) during six months in the case of equine encephalomyelitis, beginning on the date on which the equidae suffering from the disease are slaughtered;
- (ii) in the case of infectious anaemia, until the date on which the infected animals having been slaughtered, the remaining animals have shown a negative reaction to two Coggins tests carried out three months apart;
- (iii) during six months in the case of vesicular stomatitis;
- (iv) during one month from the last recorded case, in the case of rabies;
- (v) during 15 days from the last recorded case, in the case of anthrax.

If all animals of species susceptible to the disease located on the holding have been slaughtered and the premises disinfected, the period of prohibition shall be 30 days, beginning on the day on which the animals were destroyed and the premises disinfected, except in the case of anthrax, where the period of prohibition is 15 days;

- (h) it shows no clinical signs of contagious equine metritis (CEM) and it does not come from a holding where there has been any suspicion of CEM during the past two months nor had contact indirectly or directly through coitus with equidae infected or suspected in CEM;
- (i) to the best of my knowledge, it has not been in contact with equidae suffering from an infectious or contagious disease in the 15 days prior to this declaration;
- (j) it was subjected to the following tests carried out with negative results on samples of blood taken within 21 days of export on .......(4):
  - a Coggins test for infectious anaemia,
  - a complement fixation test for dourine at a dilution of 1 in 10,
  - a complement fixation test for glanders at a dilution of 1 in 10;
  - ▶<sup>(1)</sup>——•
- (k) either it was not vaccinated against Venezuelan equine encephalomyelitis (3) or

it was vaccinated on .......(4), this being at least six months prior to pre-export isolation (3);

- IV. The animal will be sent in a vehicle cleansed and disinfected in advance with a disinfectant officially recognized in the country of dispatch and designed in a way that droppings, litter or fodder cannot escape during transportation.

The following declaration signed by the owner or representative is part of the certificate.

V. The certificate is valid for 10 days. In the case of transport by ship the time is prolonged by the time of the voyage.

Date	Place	Stamp (*) and signature of the official veterinarian
*.		
1		

(Name in block letters, qualification and title.)

(\*) The colour of the stamp must be different to that of the printing.

#### DECLARATION

I,	the undersigned	animal described above) (insert name in block letters
de	clare:	
1.	the animal will be sent directly from the premises of into contact with other equidae not of the same h	of dispatch to the premises of destination without coming tealth status.
	The transportation will be effected in such a way effectively;	that health and well-being of the animal can be protected
· <sup>(1)</sup> 2.	the animal has either remained in(exporting coun	since birth (3), or has been imported directly from a try)
	Member State of the European Community during t 90 days prior to this declaration (³). ◀	he past 90 days (3), or entered the exporting country at least
	(Place, date)	(Signature)

<sup>(1)</sup> Part of territory in accordance with Article 13 (2) of Council Directive 90/426/EEC.
(2) This certificate must be issued on the day of loading of the animal for dispatch to the Member State of destination or, in the case of a registered horse, on the last working day before embarkation.
(3) Delete as appropriate.
(4) Insert date.

In the case of a registered equine animal, tests carried out, their results and vaccination have to be entered in the identification document (passport).

# — E —

# HEALTH CERTIFICATE

(indicate means of transport and registration marks, flight number or registered name, as appropriate)			g welfare certificate: imal  Breed Age	istry responsible: rence to accompanying dentification of the an
Identification of the animal  Species Horses, ass, mule, Age Method of identification and identification (*) Sex  Method of identification and identification (*)  (*) A passport identifying the equine animal may be attached to this certificate provided that its number is st.  (a) No of identification document (Passport): (b) Validated by  (Name of competent authority)  Origin and destination of the animal  The animal is to be sent from:  (Place of export)  directly to:  (Member State and place of destination) by railway wagon/lorry/aircraft/ship:  (indicate means of transport and registration marks, flight number or registered name, as appropriate)  Name and address of consignor:			g welfare certificate: imal  Breed Age	dentification of the and
Identification of the animal  Species Horses, ass, mule, Age Method of identification and identification (*) Sex  Method of identification and identification (*)  No of identification document (Passport):  (b) Validated by  (Name of competent authority)  Origin and destination of the animal  The animal is to be sent from:  (Place of export)  directly to:  (Member State and place of destination)  by railway wagon/lorry/aircraft/ship:  (indicate means of transport and registration marks, flight number or registered name, as appropriate)  Name and address of consignor:			g welfare certificate: imal  Breed Age	dentification of the and
Species Breed Age Method of identification and identification (*)  (*) A passport identifying the equine animal may be attached to this certificate provided that its number is st. (a) No of identification document (Passport): (b) Validated by (Name of competent authority)  Origin and destination of the animal  The animal is to be sent from: (Place of export)  directly to: (Member State and place of destination)  by railway wagon/lorry/aircraft/ship: (indicate means of transport and registration marks, flight number or registered name, as appropriate)  Name and address of consignor:			Breed Age	Species Horses, ass, mule,
Species Horses, ass, mule, hinny Sex Method of identification and identification (*)  (*) A passport identifying the equine animal may be attached to this certificate provided that its number is st. (a) No of identification document (Passport): (b) Validated by (Name of competent authority)  Origin and destination of the animal  The animal is to be sent from: (Place of export)  directly to: (Member State and place of destination)  by railway wagon/lorty/aircraft/ship: (indicate means of transport and registration marks, flight number or registered name, as appropriate)  Name and address of consignor:	ication (*)	Method of identification and iden	Breed Age	Species Horses, ass, mule,
Species Horses, ass, mule, hinny Sex Method of identification and identification (*)  (*) A passport identifying the equine animal may be attached to this certificate provided that its number is st. (a) No of identification document (Passport): (b) Validated by (Name of competent authority)  Origin and destination of the animal  The animal is to be sent from: (Place of export)  directly to: (Member State and place of destination)  by railway wagon/lorty/aircraft/ship: (indicate means of transport and registration marks, flight number or registered name, as appropriate)  Name and address of consignor:	ocation (*)	Method of identification and iden	Breed Age	Species Horses, ass, mule,
Horses, ass, mule, hinny  Age Sex  Method of identification and identification (*)  (*) A passport identifying the equine animal may be attached to this certificate provided that its number is st  (a) No of identification document (Passport):  (b) Validated by  (Name of competent authority)  Origin and destination of the animal  The animal is to be sent from:  (Place of export)  directly to:  (Member State and place of destination)  by railway wagon/lorry/aircraft/ship:  (indicate means of transport and registration marks, flight number or registered name, as appropriate)  Name and address of consignor:	ication (*)	Method of identification and iden	Age	Horses, ass, mule,
Horses, ass, mule, hinny  Age Sex  Method of identification and identification (*)  (*) A passport identifying the equine animal may be attached to this certificate provided that its number is st  (a) No of identification document (Passport):  (b) Validated by  (Name of competent authority)  Origin and destination of the animal  The animal is to be sent from:  (Place of export)  directly to:  (Member State and place of destination)  by railway wagon/lorry/aircraft/ship:  (indicate means of transport and registration marks, flight number or registered name, as appropriate)  Name and address of consignor:	Scation (*)	Method of identification and iden	Age	Horses, ass, mule,
hinmy  Sex  *) A passport identifying the equine animal may be attached to this certificate provided that its number is st  (a) No of identification document (Passport):  (b) Validated by  (Name of competent authority)  Origin and destination of the animal  The animal is to be sent from:  (Place of export)  directly to:  (Member State and place of destination)  by railway wagon/lorry/aircraft/ship:  (indicate means of transport and registration marks, flight number or registered name, as appropriate)  Name and address of consignor:				
(a) No of identification document (Passport): (b) Validated by	.*		4	
(a) No of identification document (Passport): (b) Validated by			4	
(a) No of identification document (Passport): (b) Validated by				
(a) No of identification document (Passport): (b) Validated by				
(a) No of identification document (Passport): (b) Validated by				
(a) No of identification document (Passport):  (b) Validated by				1
(a) No of identification document (Passport): (b) Validated by				
(a) No of identification document (Passport):  (b) Validated by				
(a) No of identification document (Passport):  (b) Validated by			3	
The animal is to be sent from:  (Place of export)  directly to:  (Member State and place of destination)  by railway wagon/lorry/aircraft/ship:  (indicate means of transport and registration marks, flight number or registered name, as appropriate)  Name and address of consignor:				
The animal is to be sent from:  (Place of export)  directly to:  (Member State and place of destination)  by railway wagon/lorry/aircraft/ship:  (indicate means of transport and registration marks, flight number or registered name, as appropriate)  Name and address of consignor:		* 100		
(Place of export)  directly to:		9	of the animal	Origin and destination
(Place of export)  directly to:		9	t from:	The animal is to be sen
(Member State and place of destination) by railway wagon/lorry/aircraft/ship:  (indicate means of transport and registration marks, flight number or registered name, as appropriate)  Name and address of consignor:				W 0
(Member State and place of destination) by railway wagon/lorry/aircraft/ship:  (indicate means of transport and registration marks, flight number or registered name, as appropriate)  Name and address of consignor:				irectly to:
(indicate means of transport and registration marks, flight number or registered name, as appropriate)  Name and address of consignor:				
(indicate means of transport and registration marks, flight number or registered name, as appropriate)  Name and address of consignor:	by railway wagon/lorry/aircraft/ship:			
(indicate means of transport and registration marks, flight number or registered name, as appropriate)  Name and address of consignor:				
	(indicate means of transport and registration marks, flight number or registered name, as appropriate) (2)			
	Name and address of consignor:			
Name and address of consignee:	E			

#### ▶ "III. Health information

I, the undersigned certify that the animal described above meets the following requirements:

- (a) it comes from a country where the following diseases are compulsorily notifiable: African horse sickness, dourine, glanders, equine encephalomyelitis (of all types including VEE), infectious anaemia, vesicular stomatitis, rabies, anthrax;
- (b) it has been examined today and shows no clinical signs of disease (2);
- (c) it is not intended for slaughter under a national programme of infectious or contagious disease eradication;
- (d) during the three months immediately preceding the exportation (or since birth, if the animal is less than three months old, or since entry, if it was imported directly from the European Community during the previous three months) it has been resident on holdings under veterinary supervision in the country of dispatch and it has been kept in an approved isolation center, protected from vector insects, either
  - during the 40 days prior to dispatch (3),

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- during 30 days prior to dispatch from the United Arab Emirates (AE) (3);
- (e) it comes from the territory or in cases of official regionalisation according to EEC legislation from a part of the territory of a third country in which:
  - (i) Venezuelan equine encephalomyelitis has not occurred during the last two years;
  - (ii) dourine has not occurred during the last six months;
  - (iii) glanders has not occurred during the last six months;
  - (iv) vesicular stomatitis has not occurred during the last six months (3);

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the animal was tested on a sample of blood taken within 21 days of export on......(4) by a virus neutralisation test for vesicular stomatitis with negative result at a dilution of 1 in 12 (3) (5);

(v) in the case of an uncastrated male animal older than 180 days, either equine viral arteritis has not been officially recorded during the last six months (3);

or

or

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 the animal was vaccinated on...........(\*) against equine viral arteritis under official veterinary supervision with a vaccine approved by the competent authority, according to the following programme for initial vaccination and has been revaccinated at regular intervals (3) (4).

Programmes for initial vaccination against equine viral arteritis:

Instruction: cross out vaccination programmes that do not apply to the animal described above.

- (a) Vaccination was carried out on the day a blood sample was taken that subsequently proved negative in a virus neutralisation test at a dilution of 1 in 4 (3); or
- (b) vaccination was carried out during a period of isolation of not more than 15 days under official veterinary supervision, commencing on the day a blood sample was taken that was tested during that time with negative result in a virus neutralisation test at a dilution of 1 in 4 (5); or
- (c) vaccination was carried out when the animal was at an age of 180 to 270 days, during a period of isolation under official veterinary supervision. During the isolation period two blood samples taken at least 10 days apart proved a stable or declining antibody titre in a virus neutralisation test for equine viral arteritis (3);
- (f) it does not come from the territory or from a part of the territory of a third country considered, in accordance with EEC legislation, as infected with African horse sickness.
  - It was not vaccinated against African horse sickness (3).
- (g) it does not come from a holding which was subject to prohibition for animal health reasons nor had contact with equidae from a holding which was subject to prohibition for animal health reasons:
  - (i) during six months in the case of equine encephalomyelitis, beginning on the date on which the equidae suffering from the disease are slaughtered; ◀

- ▶ (ii) in the case of infectious anaemia, until the date on which, the infected animals having been slaughtered, the remaining animals have shown a negative reaction to two Coggins tests carried out three months apart;
  - (iii) during six months in the case of vesicular stomatitis
  - (iv) during one month from the last recorded case, in the case of rabies;
  - (v) during 15 days from the last recorded case, in the case of anthrax.

If all the animals of species susceptible to the disease located on the holding have been slaughtered and the premises disinfected, the period of prohibition shall be 30 days, beginning on the day on which the animals were destroyed and the premises disinfected, except in the case of anthrax, where the period of prohibition is 15 days;

- (h) it shows no clinical signs of contagious equine metritis (CEM) and it does not come from a holding where there has been any suspicion of CEM during the past two months nor had contact indirectly or directly through coitus with equidae infected or suspected of CEM;
- (i) to the best of my knowledge, it has not been in contact with equidae suffering from an infectious or contagious disease in the 15 days prior to this declaration;
- (j) it was subjected to the following blood tests:
  - a Coggins test for infectious anaemia on ..................(4), this being within 30 days of export, with negative result (4) (7),
  - a complement fixation test for dourine on......(4), this being within ▶<sup>(2)</sup> 21 days o of export, with negative result at a dilution of 1 in 10 (4) (3),
  - a complement fixation test for glanders on . . . . . . . . (4), this being within ▶<sup>(2)</sup> 21 days o f export, with negative result at a dilution of 1 in 10 (4) (5),
  - a test for African horse sickness as described in Annex D to Directive 90/426/EEC either
    - (i) on two occasions, carried out on samples of blood taken with an interval of between 21 and 30 days on......(\*) and on.....(\*), the second of which must have been taken within 10 days of export (\*), either with negative reactions, if it has not been vaccinated (\*) (\*) (\*), or without increase in antibody count, if it has been vaccinated (\*) (\*) (\*)
    - (ii) on one occasion, carried out on a sample of blood taken within 10 days of export on . . . . . . . . (4) with negative reaction, if it is to be dispatched from the United Arab Emirates (AE) (1) (4). ◀
- IV. The animal will be sent in a vehicle cleansed and disinfected in advance with a disinfectant officially recognized in the country of dispatch and designed in a way that droppings, litter or fodder cannot escape during transportation.

The following declaration signed by the owner or representative is part of the certificate.

V. The certificate is valid for 10 days. In the case of transport by ship the time is prolonged by the time of the voyage.

Date	Place	Stamp (*) and signature of the official veterinarian
•		

(Name in block letters, qualification and title.)

.....

(\*) The colour of the stamp must be different to that of the printing.

#### DECLARATION

I,	the undersigned	(insert name in block letters) animal described above)		
de	clare:			
1.	the animal will be sent directly from the premises of into contact with other equidae not of the same he	f dispatch to the premises of destination without coming		
	The transportation will be effected in such a way the effectively;	nat health and well-being of the animal can be protected		
▶ <sup>(1)</sup> 2.	the animal has either remained in(exporting country	since birth (3), or has been imported directly from a		
	Member State of the European Community during the past 90 days (³), or entered the exporting country at leas 90 days prior to this declaration (³). ◀			
	(Place, date)	(Signature)		

<sup>(1)</sup> Part of territory in accordance with Article 13 (2) of Council Directive 90/426/EEC.
(2) This certificate must be issued on the day of loading of the animal for dispatch to the Member State of destination or, in the case of a registered horse, on the last working day before embarkation.
(3) Delete as appropriate.

 <sup>(3)</sup> Delete as appropriate.
 (4) Insert date.
 In the case of a registered equine animal, tests carried out, their results and vaccination have to be entered in the identification document (passport).

 (5) The laboratory tests required in accordance with the conditions in this animal health certificate must be carried out by a laboratory approved by the Member State of destination. The test results, certified by the laboratory, have to be attached to the animal health certificate accompanying the animal. These provisions apply to the following countries: Turkey (TR). 

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#### HEALTH CERTIFICATE

 $ightharpoonup^{(0)}$  for imports into the European Union of registered equidae and equidae for breeding and production in accordance with Decision 2004/211/EC 

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Cer	ificate No:
Thi	rd country of dispatch (1):
Mir	istry responsible:
I.	Identification of the animal  (a) Identification document No (passport):
	(b) Validated by:
II.	Origin and destination of the horse
	The horse is to be sent from:
	directly to: (Member State and place of destination)
	by aircraft (3):
	or
	by vessel (3):
	Name and address of consignor:
	Name and address of consignee:
III.	Health information
	I, the undersigned official veterinarian of

- certify that the horse described above
- (a) comes from a country where the following diseases are compulsorily notifiable: African horse sickness, dourine, glanders, equine encephalomyelitis of all types including Venezuelan equine encephalomyelitis, equine infectious anaemia, vesicular stomatitis, rabies, anthrax;
- (b) has been examined today and shows no clinical signs of disease (2);
- (c) is not intended for slaughter under a national programme of infectious or contagious disease eradication;
- (d) has been resident on the territory of the country of dispatch during 90 days immediately preceding the exportation (or since birth if less than 90 days old or since entry if it was imported directly from a Member State of the European Union during the previous 90 days) and during 60 days immediately preceding the exportation in the part of the country (i) considered free of African horse sickness in accordance with Community legislation (or since birth if less than 60 days old or since entry if it was imported directly from a Member State of the European Union during the previous 60 days);

# **▼**<u>M31</u>

(e)		undergone the pre-export isolation during the last 40 days immediately preceding the exportation from( $^5$ ) to, under the following ditions:
	(i)	either the horse was accommodated permanently under vector-protected conditions ( $^3$ ),
		or
	(ii)	the horse has been confined to the vector-protected stables at least from two hours prior to sunset until two hours after sunrise the next day and exercise was provided under official veterinary supervision, following the application of effective insect repellents prior to the removal from the stables, and in strict isolation from equidae not being prepared for export under conditions at least as strict as required for temporary admission or imports into the European Union (3);
(f)	con	nes from the territory of a country (1) in which:
	(i)	Venezuelan equine encephalomyelitis has not occurred during the last two years;
	(ii)	dourine has not occurred during the last six months;
	(iii)	glanders has not occurred during the last six months;
	(iv)	vesicular stomatitis has not occurred during the last six months (3),
		or
		was tested on a sample of blood taken within 21 days of export on(5), by virus neutralisation test for vesicular stomatitis, with negative result at a dilution of one in 12 (3) (4),
	(v)	in the case of an uncastrated male animal older than 180 days:
		$1. \ \ either equine viral arteritis \ has \ not \ been \ officially \ recorded \ during \ the \ last \ six \ months \ (^3);$
		or
		2. the animal was tested:
		— either on a blood sample taken within 21 days of export on
		or
		— on an aliquot of the entire semen of the horse taken within 21 days of export on $(5)$ , by virus isolation test for equine viral arteritis with negative result $(3)$ $(4)$ ;
		ОГ
		3. the animal was vaccinated on
	Pı	rogrammes for initial vaccination against equine viral arteritis:
	In	struction: Cross out vaccination programmes that do not apply to the animal described above
	(a)	Vaccination was carried out on the day a blood sample was taken that subsequently proved negative in a virus neutralisation test for equine viral arteritis at a dilution of one in four.
	(b	Vaccination was carried out during a period of isolation of not more than 15 days under official veterinary supervision commencing on the day a blood sample was taken that was tested during that time with negative result in a virus neutralisation test for equine viral arteritis at a dilution of one in four.
	(c)	Vaccination was carried out when the animal was at an age of 180 to 270 days, during a period of isolation under official veterinary supervision. During the isolation period two blood samples taken at least 10 days apart proved a stable or declining antibody titre in a virus neutralisation test for equine viral arteritis.
▶ <sup>(1)</sup> (g)		es not come from the territory of a country (¹) considered, in accordance with EC legislation, as ected with African horse sickness and was either:
	_	not vaccinated against African horse sickness (3),
		or
	_	was vaccinated against African horse sickness on

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- (h) does not come from a holding which was subject to a prohibition order for animal health reasons which laid down the following conditions:
  - (i) if not all the animals of species susceptible to the disease located on the holding were slaughtered, the prohibition lasted for:
    - six months in the case of equine encephalomyelitis, beginning on the date on which the equidae suffering from the disease are slaughtered,
    - a period required to carry out with negative results two Coggins tests three months apart on the animals remaining after the infected animals have been slaughtered in the case of infectious anaemia,
    - six months in the case of vesicular stomatitis,
    - one month from the last recorded case, in the case of rabies.
    - 15 days from the last recorded case, in the case of anthrax;
  - (ii) If all the animals of species susceptible to the disease located on the holding were slaughtered, the prohibition lasted for 30 days, or 15 days in the case of anthrax, beginning on the day on which following the destruction of the animals the disinfection of the premises was satisfactorily completed;
- (i) shows no clinical signs of contagious equine metritis and does not come from a holding where there has been any suspicion of contagious equine metritis during the past two months nor had contact indirectly or directly through coitus with equidae infected or suspected of being infected with contagious equine metritis;
- (j) has, to the best of my knowledge and according to the declaration of the owner or his representative, not been in contact with animals showing clinical signs of an infectious or contagious disease transmissible to equidae during 15 days prior to pre-export isolation;
- - a Coggins test for equine infectious anaemia,
  - a complement fixation test for dourine at a dilution of one in five;
- (l) was subjected to a test for African horse sickness as described in Annex D to Directive 90/426/EEC

  - - with negative reactions, if it has not been vaccinated (3) (4), or
    - without increase in antibody level, if it has been vaccinated  $(^3)$   $(^4)\text{,}$
- - with negative reactions (3) (4), or
  - without increase in antibody level (3) (4).
- IV. The horse will be sent directly from the quarantine station
  - (a) either to the airport under vector-protected conditions and will be sent to the Member State of the European Union without coming into contact with other equidae not accompanied by an EC certificate either for permanent imports or for temporary admission and will be transported in an aircraft which was cleansed and disinfected in advance with a disinfectant officially recognised in the country of dispatch and sprayed against vector insects just prior to take off (\*);

or

(b) to the port of Cape Town under vector-protected conditions and will be sent to the Member State of the European Union without coming into contact with other equidae not accompanied by an EC certificate either for permanent imports or for temporary admission and will be transported on a vessel which is scheduled directly to a port in the European Union without calling into a port situated on the territory of a country (1) not approved for imports into the European Union of equidae in stalls which were cleansed and disinfected in advance with a disinfectant officially recognised in the country of dispatch and sprayed against vector insects just prior to departure (2).

The attached declaration signed by the owner or representative is part of the certificate.

# **▼**<u>M31</u>

V. The certificate is valid for 10 days. In the case of transport by sea, the time is prolonged by the time of the sea journey

Date	Place	Stamp and signature of the official veterinarian (6)		
(mame in block capitals and capacity)				

<sup>(1)</sup> Territory of a country means the whole territory or the part of the territory in accordance with Article 13(2) of Directive 90/426/EEC as laid down in Commission Decision 92/160/EEC, as last amended..
(2) The certificate must be issued on the day of loading of the horse for dispatch to the Member State of destination or on the last working day before embarkation and accompanied by the identification document (passport) during the time of residence in the European Union.
(3) Delete as appropriate.
(4) The test(s) carried out, their results and the vaccination have to be entered in the identification document (passport).
(5) Insert date.
(6) The colour of the stamp and the signature must be different to that of the printing.

# **▼**<u>M31</u>

### DECLARATION

I, t	undersigned,
of	e horse described above declare:
1.	he horse will be sent directly from the quarantine station at(insert place of quarantine station)
	o the premises of destination without coming into contact with other equidae not accompanied by a certificate for emporary admission or permanent importation of equidae into the European Union.
2.	he animal has either remained in (exporting country (¹)) since birth or entered the exporting country (¹) at least 60 days prior to this declaration.
3.	ouring 15 days prior to pre-export isolation the horse has not been in contact with animals suffering from infectious or ontagious diseases transmissible to equidae.
4.	according to the instructions of the official veterinarian I have made all arrangements to comply with the conditons in ection IV and in particular to ensure that the declaration provided for in Annex IV of Commission Decision 97/10/EC will be duly completed and signed by the captain of the aircraft or the master of the vessel upon arrival in a port situated in the territory of the European Union and approved in accordance with Directive 91/496/EEC as a border inspection ost for registered horses.
	(Place, date) (Signature)
Но	th certificate No:
	(signature of the official veterinarian signing the certificate) (²)

<sup>(</sup>¹) Delete as appropriate.
(²) The colour of the stamp and the signature must be different to that of the printing.

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HEALTH CERTIFICATE	TH CERTIFICA	TE
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for imports into Community territory of registered equidae and equidae for breeding and production from Saint Pierre and Miquelon					
Cer	tificate No:				
Thi	rd country of dispatch (¹):				
Mir	nistry responsible:				
I.	Identification of the animal				
	Species (horse, ass, mule, hinny)  Species Age Sex  Method of identification and identification (*)				
	(*) A passport identifying the equine animal may be attached to this certificate provided that its number is stated.  (a) No of identification document (passport)  (b) Validated by				
п	Origin and destination of the equine animal				
11.	The equine animal is to be sent from: (place of export)				
	directly to: (Member State and place of destination)				
	by aircraft (³)/ship (³):				
	Name and address of consignor:				
	Name and address of consignee:				
III.	Health information				
	I, the undersigned official veterinarian of				
	certify that the animal described above:				
	(a) comes from a country where the following diseases are compulsorily notifiable: African horse sickness, dourine, glanders, equine encephalomyelitis of all types including Venezuelan equine encephalomyelitis, equine infectious anaemia, vesicular stomatitis, rabies, anthrax;				
	(b) has been examined today and shows no clinical signs of disease (2);				

### **▼** M25

- (c) is not intended for slaughter under a national programme of infectious or contagious disease eradication;
- (d) has either been resident on the territory of the country (¹) of dispatch during at least 90 days immediately preceding the exportation (or since birth if the animal is less than 90 days old or since entry if it was imported directly from the European Community during the previous 90 days), or it was resident in the country of dispatch for at least 60 days since entry, if it was imported directly under the conditions specified in the attached 'Import and quarantine requirements' from a third country during a period of less than 90 days prior to embarkation to the European Community; and in any case it has been separated from equidae not of the same health status during the last 30 days prior to embarkation;
- (e) comes from the territory of a country (1) in which:
  - (i) Venezuelan equine encephalomyelitis has not occurred during the last two years;
  - (ii) dourine has not occurred during the last six months;
  - (iii) glanders has not occurred during the last six months;
  - (iv) vesicular stomatitis has not occurred during the last six months (3);

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it was tested on a sample of blood taken within 21 days of export  $(^3)$  or during post-import quarantine  $(^3)$  on ...... $(^3)$ , by virus neutralisation test for vesicular stomatitis, with negative result at a dilution of 1 in 12  $(^3)$   $(^4)$ ;

- (v) in the case of an uncastrated male animal older than 180 days and more than 90 days resident in the country of dispatch:
  - either equine viral arteritis has not been officially recorded during the last six months (3),

or

or

— an aliquot of the entire semen of the animal taken within 21 days of export (\*) or during post-import quarantine (\*), on . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . (\*) was tested with negative result by virus isolation test for equine viral arteritis (\*) (\*),

or

Programmes for initial vaccination against equine viral arteristis:

Instruction: Cross out vaccination programmes that do not apply to the animal described above.

- (a) Vaccination was carried out on the day a blood sample was taken that subsequently proved negative in a virus isolation test for equine viral arteritis at a dilution of 1 in 4.
- (b) Vaccination was carried out during a period of isolation of not more than 15 days under official veterinary supervision commencing on the day a blood sample was taken that was tested during that time with negative result in a virus neutralisation test for equine viral arteritis at a dilution of 1 in 4.
- (c) Vaccination was carried out when the animal was at an age of 180 to 270 days, during a period of isolation under official veterinary supervision. During the isolation period two blood samples taken at least 10 days apart proved a stable or declining antibody titre in a virus neutralisation test for equine viral arteritis;
- (f) does not come from the territory of a country (¹) considered, in accordance with EC legislation, as infected with African horse sickness and was either:
  - not vaccinated against African horse sickness (3),

or

### **▼** M25

- (g) does not come from a holding which was subject to a prohibition order for animal health reasons which laid down the following conditions:
  - (i) If not all the animals of species susceptible to the disease located on the holding were slaughtered, the prohibition lasted for:
    - six months in the case of equine encephalomyelitis, beginning on the date on which the equidae suffering from the disease are slaughtered,
    - a period required to carry out with negative results two Coggins tests three months apart on the animals remaining after the infected animals have been slaughtered in the case of infectious anaemia,
    - six months in the case of vesicular stomatitis,
    - one month from the last recorded case, in the case of rabies,
    - 15 days from the last recorded case, in the case of anthrax
  - (ii) If all the animals of species susceptible to the disease located on the holding were slaughtered, the prohibition lasted for 30 days, or 15 days in the case of anthrax, beginning on the day on which, following the destruction of the animals, the disinfection of the premises was satisfactorily competed;
- (h) it was subjected to a Coggins test for equine infectious anaemia carried out with negative result on a sample of blood
- (i) shows no clinical signs of contagious equine metritis and does not come from a holding where there has been any suspicion of contagious equine metritis during the past two months nor had contact indirectly or directly through coitus with equidae infected or suspected of being infected with contagious equine metritis;
- (j) has, to the best of my knowledge and according to the declaration of the owner or his representative, not been in contact with animals showing clinical signs of an infectious or contagious disease transmissible to equidae during 15 days prior to export.
- IV. The equine animal will be sent directly to the Member State of destination of the European Community without coming into contact with other equidae not certified at least to the standards of the European Community for permanent importation. The aircraft will be cleansed and disinfected in advance with a disinfectant officially recognized in the

The attached declaration signed by the owner or representative is part of the certificate.

The attached "Import and quarantine ocnditions" are part of the certificate.

V. The certificate is valid for 10 days. In the case of transport by ship the time is prolonged by the time of the voyage.

Date	Place	Stamp and signature of the official veterinarian (*)
	(name in block capitals	s and capacity)
(*) The colour of the stamp and the	signature must be different to that o	f the printing.

<sup>(</sup>i) Territory of a country means the whole territory or the part of the territory in accordance with Article 13(2) of Directive 90/426/EEC as laid down in Commission Decision 92/160/JEEC as last amended.

The certificate must be issued on the day of loading of the equine animal for dispatch to the Member State of destination or on the last working

day before embarkation.

Delete as appropriate.

The test(s) carried out, their results and the vaccination have to be entered in the identification document (passport). (4) The test(s) (5) Insert date.

# **▼**<u>M25</u>

### DECLARATION

Re	ference to health certificate No:
I, t	he undersigned,
of	the equine animal described above declare:
1.	The equine animal will be sent directly from the premises of dispatch to the premises of destination without coming into contact with other equidae not at least accompanied by a certificate for permanent importation into the European Community.
2.	The animal has either remained in (exporting country) since birth or entered the exporting country at least 60 days prior to this declaration.
3.	During 15 days prior to export the equine animal has not been in contact with animals suffering from infectious or contagious diseases transmissible to equidae.
	(Place, date) (Signature)
	(signature of the official veterinarian signing the certificate) (2)

<sup>(</sup>¹) Delete as appropriate.
(²) The colour of the stamp and the signature must be different to that of the printing.

### **▼** M25

# Import and quarantine conditions for equidae imported into Saint Pierre and Miquelon during a period of less than three months prior to export to the European Community

Equidae imported into Saint Pierre and Miquelon during the 90 days preceding export to the European Community must comply with the following requirements:

#### 1. Residence and quarantine

- (1) The animals must have been resident in Saint Pierre and Miquelon for at least 60 days.
- (2) Immediately after arrival from a third country the animals must be isolated in an approved quarantine station for at least 40 days, protected from vector insects.
- (3) The quarantine premises must at least comply with the conditions set up in Section III (g) of the Health Certificate in Annex II (G) to Decision 93/197/EEC and meet the minimum standards laid down in Annex B to Directive 91/496/EEC, as last amended.
- (4) During the quarantine period the equine animal must not come into contact with equidae not eligible for imports into the European Union.

#### 2. Animal health tests

- (1) The animal must be subjected to the following tests carried out with the specified results on samples of blood taken, if not specified otherwise, not earlier than 21 days after the commencing of the isolation period:
  - (a) a Coggins test for equine infectious anaemia with negative result;
  - (b) a complement fixation test for dourine with negative results at a dilution of 1 in 5;
  - (c) a complement fixation test for glanders with negative results at a dilution of 1 in 5;
  - (d) a test for African horse sickness as described in Annex D to Directive 90/426/EEC and two occasions, carried out on samples of blood taken with an interval of between 21 and 30 days, the second of which must have been taken within 10 days of release from quarantine either:
    - with negative reactions, if it has not been vaccinated, or
    - without increase in antibody level, if it has been vaccinated. This vaccination must have been officially certified
      in its import certificate (¹)/passport (¹);
  - (e) an ELISA test for equine encephalosis on two occasions, carried out on samples of blood taken with an interval of between 21 and 30 days, the second of which must have been taken within 10 days of completing the quarantine either:
    - with negative reactions, or
    - without increase in antibody level;
  - (f) a virus neutralisation test for vesicular stomatitis with negative result at a dilution of 1 in 12;
  - (g) a haemagglutination inhibition test for Venezuelan equine encephalomyelitis as described in detail in Chapter 2.5.12 of the OIE-Manual of Standards for Diagnostic Tests and Vaccines, 4th Edition, 2000, on two occasions, carried out on samples of blood taken with an interval of between 21 and 30 days, the second of which must have been taken within 10 days of completing the quarantine either:
    - with negative reactions, if it has not been vaccinated, or
    - without increase in antibody level, if the animal was vaccinated with a TC-83 based attenuated vaccine and this
      vaccination was carried out at least six months prior to imports. This vaccination must have been officially
      certified in its import certificate (¹)/passport (¹);
  - (h) a haemagglutination inhibition test to western and eastern equine encephalomyelitis on two occasions, carried out on samples of blood taken with an interval of at least 21 days, the second of which must have been taken within 10 days of completing the quarantine either:
    - with negative reactions, if it has not been vaccinated, or
    - without increase in antibody count, if the animal was vaccinated against western and eastern equine encephalomyelitis with inactivated vaccine at least 30 days and not more than six months prior to imports. This vaccination must have been officially certified in its import certificate (!)/passport (!);
  - (i) an IG-M capture ELISA test for the detection of antibodies against the Japanese B-encephalitis virus carried out with negative result or either a virus neutralisation test or haemagglutination inhibition test carried out on two occasions on blood samples taken with an interval of at least 21 days, the second of which must have been taken within 10 days of completing the quarantine, with either negative result in each case or without a more than fourfold increase in antibody titres.

<sup>(1)</sup> Delete as appropriate.

# **▼**<u>M25</u>

- (2) The test required for equine viral arteritis in Section III(e)(v) must be carried out during the quarantine period for uncastrated male animals older than 180 days and resident on Saint Pierre and Miquelon for less than 90 days.
- (3) The laboratory tests must be carried out in an approved laboratory in the European Community.
- (4) All laboratory tests and their results and vaccinations must be entered in the identification document (passport) or attached in copy to the certificate.