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COMMISSION DECISION

of 5 February 1993

on animal health conditions and veterinary certification for imports of registered equidae and equidae for breeding and production

(93/197/EEC)

(OJ L 86, 6.4.1993, p. 16)

Amended by:

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		Off	icial Journ	ıal
		No	page	date
► <u>M1</u>	Commission Decision 93/344/EEC of 17 May 1993	L 138	11	9.6.1993
► <u>M2</u>	Commission Decision 93/510/EEC of 21 September 1993	L 238	45	23.9.1993
► <u>M3</u>	Commission Decision 93/682/EC of 17 December 1993	L 317	82	18.12.1993
► <u>M4</u>	Commission Decision 94/453/EC of 29 June 1994	L 187	11	22.7.1994
► <u>M5</u>	Commission Decision 94/561/EC of 27 July 1994	L 214	17	19.8.1994
► <u>M6</u>	Commission Decision 95/322/EC of 25 July 1995	L 190	9	11.8.1995
► <u>M7</u>	Commission Decision 95/323/EC of 25 July 1995	L 190	11	11.8.1995
<u>M8</u>	Commission Decision 95/536/EC of 6 December 1995	L 304	49	16.12.1995
► <u>M9</u>	Commission Decision 96/81/EC of 12 January 1996	L 19	53	25.1.1996
► <u>M10</u>	Commission Decision 96/82/EC of 12 January 1996	L 19	56	25.1.1996
► <u>M11</u>	Commission Decision 96/279/EC of 26 February 1996	L 107	1	30.4.1996
► <u>M12</u>	Commission Decision 97/10/EC of 12 December 1996	L 3	9	7.1.1997
► <u>M13</u>	Commission Decision 97/36/EC of 18 December 1996	L 14	57	17.1.1997
► <u>M14</u>	Commission Decision 97/160/EC of 14 February 1997	L 62	39	4.3.1997
► <u>M15</u>	Commission Decision 98/360/EC of 18 May 1998	L 163	44	6.6.1998
► <u>M16</u>	Commission Decision 98/594/EC of 6 October 1998	L 286	53	23.10.1998
► <u>M17</u>	Commission Decision 1999/228/EC of 5 March 1999	L 83	77	27.3.1999
► <u>M18</u>	Commission Decision 1999/236/EC of 17 March 1999	L 87	13	31.3.1999
► <u>M19</u>	Commission Decision 1999/252/EC of 26 March 1999	L 96	31	10.4.1999
► <u>M20</u>	Commission Decision 1999/613/EC of 10 September 1999	L 243	12	15.9.1999
► <u>M21</u>	Commission Decision 2000/209/EC of 24 February 2000	L 64	22	11.3.2000
► <u>M22</u>	Commission Decision 2001/117/EC of 26 January 2001	L 43	38	14.2.2001
Amend				
► <u>A1</u>	Act of Accession of Austria, Sweden and Finland	C 241	21	29.8.1994
	(adapted by Council Decision 95/1/EC, Euratom, ECSC)	L 1	1	1.1.1995

Corrected by:

►<u>C1</u> Corrigendum, OJ L 78, 20.3.1997, p. 54 (97/160/EC)

COMMISSION DECISION

of 5 February 1993

on animal health conditions and veterinary certification for imports of registered equidae and equidae for breeding and production

(93/197/EEC)

THE COMMISSION OF THE EUROPEAN COMMUNITIES.

Having regard to the Treaty establishing the European Economic Community,

Having regard to Council Directive 90/426/EEC of 26 June 1990 on animal health conditions governing the movement and import from third countries of equidae (¹), as last amended by Directive 92/36/EEC (²), and in particular Article 15 point (a) and Article 16 thereof,

Whereas by Council Decision 79/542/EEC (3), as last amended by Commission Decision 93/100/EEC (4), the list of third countries from which the Member States authorize imports of equidae in particular has been established;

Whereas it is also necessary to take into account the regionalization of certain third countries appearing on the abovementioned list, which is the subject of Commission Decision 92/160/EEC (5), as amended by Decision 92/161/EEC (6);

Whereas the responsible national veterinary authorities have undertaken to notify the Commission and the Member States, by telegram, telex or telefax, within 24 hours of the confirmation of the occurrence of any infectious or contagious disease in equidae of lists A and B of the International Office of Epizootic Diseases or of the adoption of vaccination against any of them or, within an appropriate period, of any changes in the national import rules concerning equidae;

Whereas the conditions to be established for imports of equidae for breeding and production apply without prejudice to the requirements of Countil Directive 86/469/EEC (7) that no thyreostatic, estrogenic, androgenic or gestagenic substances are used for fattening purposes in equidae;

Whereas Member States import equidae in accordance with the provisions of Council Directive 91/496/EEC (*), as last amended by Decision 92/438/EEC (*), which laid down the principles governing the organization of veterinary checks on animals entering the Community from third countries;

Whereas the existence of equivalent health situations between certain third countries justifies establishing several health zones for the importation of equidae;

Whereas the different categories of equidae have their own features and their imports are authorized for different purposes; whereas, consequently specific health requirements must be established for imports of registered equidae and equidae for breeding and production;

Whereas, given the existence of different health situations, it is therefore necessary to establish several health certificates for registered equidae and for equidae for breeding and production;

Whereas the measures provided for in this Decision are in accordance with the opinion of the Standing Veterinary Committee,

⁽¹⁾ OJ No L 224, 18. 8. 1990, p. 42.

⁽²⁾ OJ No L 157, 10. 6. 1992, p. 28.

⁽³⁾ OJ No L 146, 14. 6. 1979, p. 15.

⁽⁴⁾ OJ No L 40, 17. 2. 1993, p. 23.

⁽⁵⁾ OJ No L 71, 18. 3. 1992, p. 27.

⁽⁶⁾ OJ No L 71, 18. 3. 1992, p. 29. (7) OJ No L 275, 16. 9. 1986, p. 36.

⁽⁸⁾ OJ No L 268, 24. 9. 1991, p. 56.

⁽⁹⁾ OJ No L 243, 25. 8. 1992, p. 27.

HAS ADOPTED THIS DECISION:

Article 1

Without prejudice to Decision 92/160/EEC, Member States shall authorize imports of registered equidae and equidae for breeding and production:

- coming from third countries appearing in Annex I, and
- conforming to the requirements laid down in the appropriate specimen animal health certificate set out in Annex II.

Article 2

This Decision is addressed to the Member States.

▼<u>B</u>

ANNEX I

▼<u>A1</u>

Group A

▼M11

Switzerland, Greenland, Iceland

▼<u>B</u>

Group B

▼M15

▼B

Group C

▼M21

Canada (CA), Hong Kong (HK), Japan (JP), Republic of Korea (KR), Macau (MO), Malaysia (Peninsula) (MY), Singapore (SG), Thailand (TH), United States of America (US)

▼B

Group D

Argentina, Barbados (²), Bermuda (²), Bolivia (²), Brazil (¹), Chile, Cuba (²), Jamaica (²), Mexico, Paraguay, Uruguay

Group E

▼M17

United Arab Emirates (2) (AE), Bahrain (2) (BH), Algeria (DZ), Egypt (1) (2) (EG), Israel (IL), Jordan (2) (JO), Kuwait (2) (KW), Lebanon (2) (LB), Libya (2) (LY), Morocco (MA), Malta (MT), Mauritius (MU), Oman (2) (OM), Qatar (2) (QA), Saudi Arabia (1) (2) (SA), Syria (2) (SY), Tunisia (TN)

▼<u>M12</u>

Group F

South Africa (1)

⁽¹⁾ Regionalization of the country as set out in Commission Decision 92/160/EEC.

⁽²⁾ Only registered horses.

ANNEX II

- A. Health certificate for imports of registered equidae and equidae for breeding and production from third countries assigned to group A.
- B. Health certificate for imports of registered equidae and equidae for breeding and production from third countries assigned to group B.
- C. Health certificate for imports of registered equidae and equidae for breeding and production from third countries assigned to group C.
- D. Health certificate for imports of registered equidae and equidae for breeding and production from third countries assigned to group D.
- E. Health certificate for imports of registered equidae and equidae for breeding and production from third countries assigned to group E.

▼<u>M12</u>

F. Health certificate for imports of registered equidae and equidae for breeding and production form third countries assigned to Group F.

— A —

HEALTH CERTIFICATE

			No of certificate: .	•••••
nird country of dispa	tch (1):			•••••
inistry responsible: .	***************************************			
ference to accompan	ying welfare certi	ficate:		•••••
Identification of the	animal			
identification of the	anniai		•	
	T			
Species Horses, ass, mule, hinny	Breed Age Sex		Method of identificatio	n and identification (*)
	i	1		*
. *		İ	i i	
(a) No of identific	cation document (Pa	ssport):	-	ded that its number is stated
(a) No of identific	cation document (Pa	ssport):	-	
(a) No of identific	cation document (Pa	ssport):	······································	
(a) No of identific (b) Validated by	cation document (Pa	ssport):	······································	
(a) No of identific	cation document (Pa	ssport):	······································	
(a) No of identific (b) Validated by	on of the animal	(Name	of competent authority)	
(a) No of identific (b) Validated by Origin and destinati	on of the animal	(Name	······································	
(a) No of identifice (b) Validated by Origin and destination The animal is to be	on of the animal	(Name	of competent authority) (Place of export)	
(a) No of identifice (b) Validated by Origin and destination The animal is to be	on of the animal	(Name	of competent authority) (Place of export)	
(a) No of identifice (b) Validated by Origin and destination The animal is to be	on of the animal	(Name	of competent authority) (Place of export)	
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(a) No of identific (b) Validated by Origin and destinati The animal is to be directly to:	on of the animal	(Name	of competent authority) (Place of export) (Member State and place of	
(a) No of identific (b) Validated by Origin and destinate The animal is to be directly to:	on of the animal sent from:	(Name	of competent authority) (Place of export) (Member State and place of	destination)
(a) No of identific (b) Validated by Origin and destinate The animal is to be directly to:	on of the animal sent from:	(Name	of competent authority) (Place of export) (Member State and place of	destination)
(a) No of identific (b) Validated by Origin and destinati The animal is to be directly to:	on of the animal sent from:	ship (2):	of competent authority) (Place of export) (Member State and place of	destination)
(a) No of identific (b) Validated by Origin and destinati The animal is to be directly to:	on of the animal sent from:	ssport): (Name	of competent authority) (Place of export) (Member State and place of	destination) red name, as appropriate) (2)

III. Health information

- I, the undersigned, certify that the animal described above meets the following requirements:
- (a) it comes from a country where the following diseases are compulsorily notifiable: African horse sickness, dourine, glanders, equine encephalomyelitis (of all types including VEE), infectious anaemia, vesicular stomatitis, rabies, anthrax;
- (b) it has been examined today and shows no clinical sign of disease (3);
- (c) it is not intended for slaughter under a national programme of infectious or contagious disease eradication:
- (d) during the three months immediately preceding the exportation (▶¹⁰ or since birth if the animal is less than three months old or since entry if it was imported directly from the European Community during the previous three months ◆) it has been resident on holdings under veterinary supervision in the country of dispatch and 30 days prior to dispatch apart from equidae not of equivalent health status;
- (e) it comes from the territory or in cases of official regionalization according to Community legislation from a part of the territory of a third country in which:
 - (i) Venezuelan equine encephalomyelitis has not occurred during the last two years;
 - (ii) dourine has not occurred during the last six months;
 - (iii) glanders has not occurred during the last six months;
 - (iv) either vesicular stomatitis has not occurred during the last six months (2),

or

- (v) in the case of an uncastrated male animal older than 180 days, either equine viral arteritis has not been officially recorded during the last six months (2),

or

— the animal was tested on a blood sample taken within 21 days of export on ... (4) by virus neutralization test for equine viral arteritis with negative result at a dilution of 1 in 4 (2),

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an aliquot of its entire semen taken within 21 days of export on ... (4) was tested by virus isolation test for equine viral arteritis with negative result (2),

or

the animal was vaccinated on ... (4) against equine viral arteritis under official veterinary supervision with a vaccine approved by the competent authority, according to the following programme for initial vaccination and has been re-vaccinated at regular intervals (2)

Programmes for initial vaccination against equine viral arteritis:

Instruction: Cross out vaccination programmes that do not apply to the animal described above.

Verify supporting certification on testing before vaccination, vaccination and re-vaccination.

- (a) Vaccination was carried out on the day a blood sample was taken that subsequently proved negative in a virus neutralization test at a dilution of 1 in 4; or
- (b) Vaccination was carried out during a period of isolation of not more than 15 days under official veterinary supervision, commencing on the day a blood sample was taken that was tested during that time with negative result in a virus neutralization test at a dilution of 1 in 4; or
- (c) Vaccination was carried out when the animal was at an age of 180 to 270 days, during a period of isolation under official veterinary supervision. During the isolation period two blood samples taken at least 10 days apart proved a stable or declining antibody titre in a virus neutralization tes for equine viral arteritis; ◄

(f)	it does not come	e from the te	rritory or from	a part of the	territory of	f a third	country	considered,	in
	accordance with	EEC legislati	on, as infected	with African	horse sickne	ess			

- either it was not vaccinated against African horse sickness (2),

or

- (g) it does not come from a holding which was subject to prohibition for animal health reasons nor had contact with equidae from a holding which was subject to prohibition for animal health reasons:
 - (i) during six months in the case of equine encephalomyelitis, beginning on the date on which the equidae suffering from the disease are slaughtered;
 - (ii) in the case of infectious anaemia, until the date on which the infected animals having been slaughtered, the remaining animals have shown a negative reaction to two Coggins tests carried out three months apart;
 - (iii) during six months in the case of vesicular stomatitis;
 - (iv) during one month from the last recorded case, in the case of rabies;
 - (v) during 15 days from the last recorded case, in the case of anthrax.

If all animals of species susceptible to the disease located on the holding have been slaughtered and the premises disinfected, the period of prohibition shall be 30 days, beginning on the day on which the animal were destroyed and the premises disinfected, except in the case of anthrax, where the period of prohibition is 15 days;

- (h) it shows no clinical signs of contagious equine metritis (CEM) and it does not come from a holding where there has been any suspicion of CEM during the past two months nor had contact indirectly or directly through coitus with equidae infected or suspected in CEM;
- (i) to the best of my knowledge, it has not been in contact with equidae suffering from an infectious or contagious disease in the 15 days prior to this declaration;
- (j) it was subjected to the following test carried out with negative result on a sample of blood taken within 30 days of export on(4):
- (i) a Coggins test for equine infectious anaemia (2), or
 - (ii) in the case of Equidae which have resided in Iceland from birth, it is certified that Iceland is officially free of equine infectious anaemia(²). ◄
- IV. The animal will be sent in a vehicle cleansed and disinfected in advance with a disinfectant officially recognized in the country of dispatch and designed in a way that droppings, litter or fodder cannot escape during transportation.

The following declaration signed by the owner or representative is part of the certificate.

V. The certificate is valid for 10 days. In the case of transport by ship the time is prolonged by the time of the voyage.

Date	Place	Stamp (*) and signature of the official veterinarian
		•

(Name in block letters, qualification and title.)

(*) The colour of the stamp must be different to that of the printing.

DECLARATION

I, 1	(owner or representative (2) of the animal description	,
de	cclare:	
1.	the animal will be sent directly from the premises of dispatch into contact with other equidae not of the same health status	
	The transportation will be effected in such a way that health effectively;	and well-being of the animal can be protected
▶ ⁽¹⁾ 2.	the animal has either remained insince (exporting country)	birth (3), or has been imported directly from a
	Member State of the European Community during the past 90 d 90 days prior to this declaration (³). ◀	ays (3), or entered the exporting country at least
	(Place, date)	(Signature)

Part of territory in accordance with Article 13 (2) of Council Directive 90/426/EEC.
 Delete as appropriate.
 This certificate must be issued on the day of loading of the animal for dispatch to the Member State of destination or, in the case of a registered horse, on the last working day before embarkation.
 Insert date.

In the case of an registered equine animal, tests carried out, their results and vaccination have to be entered in the identification document (passport).

— B —

HEALTH CERTIFICATE

equidae and equidae Cyprus, Czech Republ	for breeding and p ic, Estonia, Croatia, Zealand, Poland, Re	registered horses from Kyrgyzstan (¹) and of registered reduction from Australia, ▶²¹ Bulgaria, Belarus, Hungary, Lithuania, Latvia, Former Yugoslav Repub- omania, Russia (¹), Slovak Republic, Slovenia, Ukraine, federal Republic of Yugoslavia
		No of certificate:
Third country of dispatch	(1):	
Ministry responsible:		
Reference to accompanyi		
Species Horses, ass, mule, hinny	Breed Age Sex	Method of identification and identification (*)
		N
		•
II. Origin and destination The animal is to be s		(Place of export)
directly to:		(Member State and place of destination)
— on foot (2)		
or		
 by railway wagon 	/lorry/aircraft/ship (2]:
		tion marks, flight number or registered name, as appropriate) (2)
Name and address of	consignee:	
II. Health information		
I, the undersigned, ce	rtify that the animal d	escribed above meets the following requirements:
sickness, dourine,		ollowing diseases are compulsorily notifiable: African horse phalomyelitis (of all types including VEE), infectious anaemia,
(b) it has been examin	ned today and shows r	no clinical sign of disease (3);

- (c) it is not intended for slaughter under a national programme of infectious or contagious disease eradication;
- (d) during the three months immediately preceding the exportation (▶¹¹) or since birth if the animal is less than three months old or since entry if it was imported directly from the European Community during the previous three months ◄) it has been resident on holdings under veterinary supervision in the country of dispatch and 30 days prior to dispatch apart from equidae not of equivalent health status;
- (e) it comes from the territory or in cases of official regionalization according to Community legislation from a part of the territory of a third country in which:
 - (i) Venezuelan equine encephalomyelitis has not occurred during the last two years;
 - (ii) dourine has not occurred during the last six months;
 - (iii) glanders has not occurred during the last six months;
 - (iv) either vesicular stomatitis has not occurred during the last six months (2),

or

- ▶⁽²⁾ (v) in the case of an uncastrated male animal older than 180 days, either equine viral arteritis has not been officially recorded during the last six months (2),

`^*

— the animal was tested on a blood sample taken within 21 days of export on ... (4) by virus neutralization test for equine viral arteritis with negative result at a dilution of 1 in 4 (2),

or

an aliquot of its entire semen taken within 21 days of export on ... (4) was tested by virus isolation test for equine viral arteritis with negative result (2),

or

— the animal was vaccinated on ... (4) against equine viral arteritis under official veterinary supervision with a vaccine approved by the competent authority, according to the following programme for initial vaccination and has been re-vaccinated at regular intervals (2)

Programmes for initial vaccination against equine viral arteritis:

Instruction: Cross out vaccination programmes that do not apply to the animal described above.

Verify supporting certification on testing before vaccination, vaccination and re-vaccination.

- (a) Vaccination was carried out on the day a blood sample was taken that subsequently proved negative in a virus neutralization test at a dilution of 1 in 4; or
- (b) Vaccination was carried out during a period of isolation of not more than 15 days under official veterinary supervision, commencing on the day a blood sample was taken that was tested during that time with negative result in a virus neutralization test at a dilution of 1 in 4; or
- (c) Vaccination was carried out when the animal was at an age of 180 to 270 days, during a period of isolation under official veterinary supervision. During the isolation period two blood samples taken at least 10 days apart proved a stable or declining antibody titre in a virus neutralization tes for equine viral arteritis; ◄

v.

	alab -		A.C. 1 11 (2)
		not vaccinated against	African horse sickness (2),
	or it was vaccina	stad against African ha	orse sickness on(2) (4);
	— it was vaccina	ited against African in	(*);
(g)	it does not come contact with equi-	from a holding which dae from a holding w	was subject to prohibition for animal health reasons nor ha hich was subject to prohibition for animal health reasons:
		onths in the case of e ing from the disease a	quine encephalomyelitis, beginning on the date on which the cre slaughtered;
	(ii) in the case o slaughtered, th three months	ne remaining animals h	until the date on which the infected animals having been nave shown a negative reaction to two Coggins tests carried ou
	(iii) during six mos	nths in the case of ves	sicular stomatitis;
	(iv) during one mo	onth from the last reco	orded case, in the case of rabies;
	(v) during 15 day	s from the last recorde	ed case, in the case of anthrax.
	premises disinfecto	ed, the period of prol oyed and the premises	ne disease located on the holding have been slaughtered and the hibition shall be 30 days, beginning on the day on which the disinfected, except in the case of anthrax, where the period o
/L\			CENA LINE
	it shows no clinic where there has be directly through co	al signs of contagious een any suspicion of C oitus with equidae info knowledge, it has no	CEM during the past two months nor had contact indirectly of ected or suspected in CEM; . t been in contact with equidae suffering from an infectious of
(i)	it shows no clinic where there has be directly through of to the best of my contagious disease	al signs of contagious een any suspicion of C oitus with equidae info knowledge, it has no in the 15 days prior	CEM during the past two months nor had contact indirectly of ected or suspected in CEM; t been in contact with equidae suffering from an infectious of to this declaration;
(i)	it shows no clinic where there has be directly through of to the best of my contagious disease it was subjected to 21 days of export	al signs of contagious een any suspicion of Coitus with equidae information with the second contagination of the following test car on	CEM during the past two months nor had contact indirectly of ected or suspected in CEM; t been in contact with equidae suffering from an infectious of the this declaration; ried out with negative result on a sample of blood taken within
(i)	it shows no clinic where there has be directly through of to the best of my contagious disease it was subjected to 21 days of export — a Coggins test	al signs of contagious een any suspicion of Coitus with equidae information in the 15 days prior to the following test car on	CEM during the past two months nor had contact indirectly of ected or suspected in CEM; t been in contact with equidae suffering from an infectious of the this declaration; ried out with negative result on a sample of blood taken within
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(i)	it shows no clinic where there has be directly through of to the best of my contagious disease it was subjected to 21 days of export — a Coggins test — a complement	al signs of contagious een any suspicion of Coitus with equidae information in the 15 days prior of the following test car on	CEM during the past two months nor had contact indirectly of ected or suspected in CEM; t been in contact with equidae suffering from an infectious of to this declaration; ried out with negative result on a sample of blood taken within
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(i) (j) Therece during the Therece the There t	it shows no clinic where there has be directly through of the best of my contagious disease it was subjected to 21 days of export — a Coggins test — a complement — a complement e animal will be sognized in the couring transportation e following declarate certificate is validate.	al signs of contagious een any suspicion of Coitus with equidae information with equidae information to the 15 days prior of the following test car on for infectious anaemi fixation test for dour fixation test for glands eent in a vehicle clean try of dispatch and distribution signed by the own of the care of the car	CEM during the past two months nor had contact indirectly of ected or suspected in CEM; It been in contact with equidae suffering from an infectious of the tothis declaration; Tried out with negative result on a sample of blood taken within
(i) (j) Therece during the Therece the There t	it shows no clinic where there has be directly through of the best of my contagious disease it was subjected to 21 days of export — a Coggins test — a complement — a complement e animal will be sognized in the couring transportation e following declarate certificate is validate.	al signs of contagious een any suspicion of Coitus with equidae information in the 15 days prior of the following test car on	CEM during the past two months nor had contact indirectly of ected or suspected in CEM; It been in contact with equidae suffering from an infectious of the tothis declaration; Tried out with negative result on a sample of blood taken within
(i) (j) Therece during the Therece the There t	it shows no clinic where there has be directly through of the best of my contagious disease it was subjected to 21 days of export — a Coggins test — a complement — a complement e animal will be sognized in the couring transportation e following declarate certificate is validate.	al signs of contagious een any suspicion of Coitus with equidae information in the 15 days prior of the following test car on	CEM during the past two months nor had contact indirectly of ected or suspected in CEM; It been in contact with equidae suffering from an infectious of the total

(Name in block letters, qualification and title.) (*) The colour of the stamp must be different to that of the printing.

DECLARATION

Ι, 1		esentative (2) of the animal described above)	(insert name in block letters)
dec	clare:		
1.	the animal will be sent directly fro into contact with other equidae no	om the premises of dispatch to the premises of of the same health status.	of destination without coming
	The transportation will be effected effectively;	d in such a way that health and well-being o	of the animal can be protected
▶ ⁽²⁾ 2.	the animal has either remained in .	since birth (3), or has (exporting country)	been imported directly from a
	Member State of the European Con 90 days prior to this declaration (3).	nmunity during the past 90 days (³), or entered. ◀	d the exporting country at least
	(Place, date)	(S	ignature)

Part of territory in accordance with Article 13 (2) of Council Directive 90/426/EEC.
 Delete as appropriate.
 This certificate must be issued on the day of loading of the animal for dispatch to the Member State of destination or, in the

case of a registered horse, on the last working day before embarkation.

(4) Insert date.

In the case of a registered equine animal, tests carried out, their results and vaccination have to be entered in the

identification document (passport).

▶ (1/5) For the countries covered by this certificate, with the exception of Australia, Cyprus and New Zealand, the laboratory tests must be carried out by a laboratory approved by the Member State of destination. The test results, certified by the laboratory, have to be attached to the animal health certificate accompanying the animal. ◄

(6) The required tests for glanders dourine don't apply for Australia and New Zealand.

— C —

HEALTH CERTIFICATE

		No of certificate:
ird country of dispatch	(1):	
Tara Tara		:
referee to accompanying	g wenare certificate	
Identification of the ar	nimal	
Species Horses, ass, mule, hinny	Breed Age Sex	Method of identification and identification (*)
		,
(*) A ====== id==±i6=i==		y be attached to this certificate provided that its number is stated
(a) No of identification	on document (Passnort	
(b) Validated by Origin and destination	of the animal	- (Name of competent authority)
(b) Validated by Origin and destination	of the animal	- (Name of competent authority)
(b) Validated by Origin and destination The animal is to be set	of the animal	(Place of export)
(b) Validated by Origin and destination The animal is to be set directly to:	of the animal	(Place of export) (Member State and place of destination)
(b) Validated by Origin and destination The animal is to be set directly to:	of the animal	(Place of export) (Member State and place of destination)
Origin and destination The animal is to be set directly to:	of the animal nt from:	(Place of export) (Member State and place of destination)
Origin and destination The animal is to be set directly to:	of the animal nt from:	(Place of export) (Member State and place of destination)
Origin and destination The animal is to be set directly to:	of the animal nt from: y/aircraft/ship (2): transport and registrati	(Place of export) (Member State and place of destination) ion marks, flight number or registered name, as appropriate) (2)
Origin and destination The animal is to be set directly to:	of the animal nt from: y/aircraft/ship (2): transport and registrationsignor:	(Place of export) (Member State and place of destination) ion marks, flight number or registered name, as appropriate) (2)
Origin and destination The animal is to be set directly to:	of the animal nt from: y/aircraft/ship (²): transport and registrationsignor:	(Place of export) (Member State and place of destination) ton marks, flight number or registered name, as appropriate) (2)
Origin and destination The animal is to be set directly to:	of the animal nt from: y/aircraft/ship (²): transport and registrationsignor:	(Place of export) (Member State and place of destination) ton marks, flight number or registered name, as appropriate) (2)
(b) Validated by Origin and destination The animal is to be set directly to:	of the animal nt from: y/aircraft/ship (2): transport and registrationsignor:	(Place of export) (Member State and place of destination) on marks, flight number or registered name, as appropriate) (2)
(b) Validated by Origin and destination The animal is to be set directly to: by railway wagon/lorr (indicate means of Name and address of of	of the animal nt from: y/aircraft/ship (2): transport and registrationsignor:	(Place of export) (Member State and place of destination) on marks, flight number or registered name, as appropriate) (2)
Origin and destination The animal is to be set directly to:	of the animal nt from: y/aircraft/ship (2): transport and registrationsignor: consignor:	(Place of export) (Member State and place of destination) on marks, flight number or registered name, as appropriate) (2)
Origin and destination The animal is to be set directly to: by railway wagon/lorr (indicate means of Name and address of of Health information I, the undersigned, cere	of the animal nt from: y/aircraft/ship (2): transport and registrati consignor: consignee:	(Place of export) (Member State and place of destination) ion marks, flight number or registered name, as appropriate) (2)

- (c) it is not intended for slaughter under a national programme of infectious or contagious disease eradication;
- (d) during the three months immediately preceding the exportation (▶") or since birth if the animal is less than three months old or since entry if it was imported directly from the European Community during the previous three months ≼) it has been resident on holdings under veterinary supervision in the country of dispatch and 30 days prior to dispatch in pre-export isolation;
- (e) it comes from the territory or in cases of official regionalization according to Community legislation from a part of the territory of a third country in which:
 - (i) Venezuelan equine encephalomyelitis has not occurred during the last two years;
 - (ii) dourine has not occurred during the last six months;
 - (iii) glanders has not occurred during the last six months;
 - (iv) either vesicular stomatitis has not occurred during the last six months (3),

or

- ▶⁽²⁾ (v) in the case of an uncastrated male animal older than 180 days, either equine viral arteritis has not been officially recorded during the last six months (3),

OI

— the animal was tested on a blood sample taken within 21 days of export on ... (4) by virus neutralization test for equine viral arteritis with negative result at a dilution of 1 in 4 (3),

0

an aliquot of its entire semen taken within 21 days of export on ... (4) was tested by virus isolation test for equine viral arteritis with negative result (3),

ΩГ

— the animal was vaccinated on ... (4) against equine viral arteritis under official veterinary supervision with a vaccine approved by the competent authority, according to the following programme for initial vaccination and has been re-vaccinated at regular intervals (3)

Programmes for initial vaccination against equine viral arteritis:

Instruction: Cross out vaccination programmes that do not apply to the animal described above.

Verify supporting certification on testing before vaccination, vaccination and re-vaccination.

- (a) Vaccination was carried out on the day a blood sample was taken that subsequently proved negative in a virus neutralization test at a dilution of 1 in 4; or
- (b) Vaccination was carried out during a period of isolation of not more than 15 days under official veterinary supervision, commencing on the day a blood sample was taken that was tested during that time with negative result in a virus neutralization test at a dilution of 1 in 4; or
- (c) Vaccination was carried out when the animal was at an age of 180 to 270 days, during a period of isolation under official veterinary supervision. During the isolation period two blood samples taken at least 10 days apart proved a stable or declining antibody titre in a virus neutralization tes for equine viral arteritis; ◄
- (f) it does not come from the territory or from a part of the territory of a third country considered, in accordance with EEC legislation, as infected with African horse sickness
 - either it was not vaccinated against African horse sickness (3),

or

- (g) it does not come from a holding which was subject to prohibition for animal health reasons nor had contact with equidae from a holding which was subject to prohibition for animal health reasons:
 - (i) during six months in the case of equine encephalomyelitis, beginning on the date on which the equidae suffering from the disease are slaughtered;
 - (ii) in the case of infectious anaemia, until the date on which the infected animals having been slaughtered, the remaining animals have shown a negative reaction to two Coggins tests carried out three months apart;
 - (iii) during six months in the case of vesicular stomatitis;
 - (iv) during one month from the last recorded case, in the case of rabies;
 - (v) during 15 days from the last recorded case, in the case of anthrax.

If all animals of species susceptible to the disease located on the holding have been slaughtered and the premises disinfected, the period of prohibition shall be 30 days, beginning on the day on which the animals were destroyed and the premises disinfected, except in the case of anthrax, where the period of prohibition is 15 days;

- (h) it shows no clinical signs of contagious equine metritis (CEM) and it does not come from a holding where there has been any suspicion of CEM during the past two months nor had contact indirectly or directly through coitus with equidae infected or suspected in CEM;
- (i) to the best of my knowledge, it has not been in contact with equidae suffering from an infectious or contagious disease in the 15 days prior to this declaration;
- (j) it was subjected to the following test carried out with negative result on a sample of blood taken within 30 days of export on(4):
 - a Coggins test for infectious anaemia;

(k) either it was not vaccinated against Venezuelan equine encephalomyelitis (3)	i	
	or	,	
	it was vaccinated on(4), this being at least six months pre-export isolation (3);	prior	to

- b⁽¹⁾(m) if the equidae comes from Thailand, it was subjected to a complement fixation test for glanders on(4) and for dourine on(4), this within 21 days of export with negative results at 1 in 10 (4). ◄
- IV. The animal will be sent in a vehicle cleansed and disinfected in advance with a disinfectant officially recognized in the country of dispatch and designed in a way that droppings, litter or fodder cannot escape during transportation.

The following declaration signed by the owner or representative is part of the certificate.

V. The certificate is valid for 10 days. In the case of transport by ship the time is prolonged by the time of the voyage.

Date	Place	Stamp (*) and signature of the official veterinarian			
,					
,					

(Name in block letters, qualification and title.

(*) The colour of the stamp must be different to that of the printing.

DECLARATION

	Ι, 1	(insert name in block letters (owner or representative (3) of the animal described above)
	dec	are:
	1.	the animal will be sent directly from the premises of dispatch to the premises of destination without coming into contact with other equidae not of the same health status.
		The transportation will be effected in such a way that health and well-being of the animal can be protected effectively;
> (1)	2.	the animal has either remained insince birth (3), or has been imported directly from (exporting country)
		Member State of the European Community during the past 90 days (³), or entered the exporting country at leas 90 days prior to this declaration (³). ◀
		(Place, date) (Signature)

⁽¹⁾ Part of territory in accordance with Article 13 (2) of Council Directive 90/426/EEC.
(2) This certificate must be issued on the day of loading of the animal for dispatch to the Member State of destination or, in the case of a registered horse, on the last working day before embarkation.
(3) Delete as appropriate.
(4) Insert date.

 ⁽⁷⁾ Insert date.
 In the case of a registered equine animal, tests carried out, their results and vaccination have to be entered in the identification document (passport).
 (5) WEE and EEE vacination or testing requirements apply only to Canada and the United States of America; Japanese B-encephalitis vaccination applies to ▶⁽³⁾ Hong Kong, Japan, Republic of Korea, Macau, Malaysia (peninsula), Singapore, The life of the control Thailand ◀.

— D —

HEALTH CERTIFICATE

for imports into Community territory of registered horses from Barbados, Bermuda, Bolivia, Cuba and Jamaica and of registered equidae and equidae for breading and production from Argentina, Brazil, Chile, Mexico, Paraguay and Uruguay

			No of certificate:					
TI	hird country of dispatch	n (¹):						
M	inistry responsible:							
Re	eference to accompanying	ng welfare certificate:						
I.	Identification of the animal							
	Species Horses, ass, mule, hinny	Breed Age Sex	Method of identification and identification (*)					
	(a) No of identificat	ion document (Passport):	be attached to this certificate provided that its number is stated (Name of competent authority)					
II.	Origin and destination The animal is to be se							
	(Place of export)							
	directly to:	•••••	(Member State and place of destination)					
	by railway wagon/lor	ry/aircraft/ship:						
			on marks, flight number or registered name, as appropriate) (2)					
	Name and address of consignor:							
		••••••						
	Name and address of	consignee:						

III.	Health information							
٠	I, the undersigned, certify that the animal described above meets the following requirements:							
	(a) it comes from a country where the following diseases are compulsorily notifiable: African horse sickness, dourine, glanders, equine encephalomyelitis (of all types including VEE), infectious anaemia, vesicular stomatitis, rabies, anthrax;							
	(b) it has been examin	ed today and shows i	no clinical sign of disease (2):					

- (c) it is not intended for slaughter under a national programme of infectious or contagious disease eradication;
- (d) during the three months immediately preceding the exportation (▶") or since birth if the animal is less than three months old or since entry if it was imported directly from the European Community during the previous three months ◄) it has been resident on holdings under veterinary supervision in the country of dispatch and 30 days prior to dispatch in pre-export isolation;
- (e) it comes from the territory or in cases of official regionalization according to Community legislation from a part of the territory of a third country in which:
 - (i) Venezuelan equine encephalomyelitis has not occurred during the last two years;
 - (ii) dourine has not occurred during the last six months;
 - (iii) glanders has not occurred during the last six months;
 - (iv) either vesicular stomatitis has not occurred during the last six months (3),

0

- ▶⁽³⁾ (v) in the case of an uncastrated male animal older than 180 days, either equine viral arteritis has not been officially recorded during the last six months (³),

OI

— the animal was tested on a blood sample taken within 21 days of export on ... (4) by virus neutralization test for equine viral arteritis with negative result at a dilution of 1 in 4 (3),

Ωī

an aliquot of its entire semen taken within 21 days of export on ... (4) was tested by virus isolation test for equine viral arteritis with negative result (3),

or

— the animal was vaccinated on ... (4) against equine viral arteritis under official veterinary supervision with a vaccine approved by the competent authority, according to the following programme for initial vaccination and has been re-vaccinated at regular intervals (3)

Programmes for initial vaccination against equine viral arteritis:

Instruction: Cross out vaccination programmes that do not apply to the animal described above.

Verify supporting certification on testing before vaccination, vaccination and re-vaccination.

- (a) Vaccination was carried out on the day a blood sample was taken that subsequently proved negative in a virus neutralization test at a dilution of 1 in 4; or
- (b) Vaccination was carried out during a period of isolation of not more than 15 days under official veterinary supervision, commencing on the day a blood sample was taken that was tested during that time with negative result in a virus neutralization test at a dilution of 1 in 4; or
- (c) Vaccination was carried out when the animal was at an age of 180 to 270 days, during a period of isolation under official veterinary supervision. During the isolation period two blood samples taken at least 10 days apart proved a stable or declining antibody titre in a virus neutralization tes for equine viral arteritis; ◄
- (f) it does not come from the territory or from a part of the territory of a third country considered, in accordance with EEC legislation, as infected with African horse sickness
 - either it was not vaccinated against African horse sickness (3), or

(g) it does not come from a holding which was subject to prohibition for animal health reasons nor had contact with equidae from a holding which was subject to prohibition for animal health reasons:

- (i) during six months in the case of equine encephalomyelitis, beginning on the date on which the equidae suffering from the disease are slaughtered;
- (ii) in the case of infectious anaemia, until the date on which the infected animals having been slaughtered, the remaining animals have shown a negative reaction to two Coggins tests carried out three months apart;
- (iii) during six months in the case of vesicular stomatitis;
- (iv) during one month from the last recorded case, in the case of rabies;
- (v) during 15 days from the last recorded case, in the case of anthrax.

If all animals of species susceptible to the disease located on the holding have been slaughtered and the premises disinfected, the period of prohibition shall be 30 days, beginning on the day on which the animals were destroyed and the premises disinfected, except in the case of anthrax, where the period of prohibition is 15 days;

- (h) it shows no clinical signs of contagious equine metritis (CEM) and it does not come from a holding where there has been any suspicion of CEM during the past two months nor had contact indirectly or directly through coitus with equidae infected or suspected in CEM;
- (i) to the best of my knowledge, it has not been in contact with equidae suffering from an infectious or contagious disease in the 15 days prior to this declaration;
- (j) it was subjected to the following tests carried out with negative results on samples of blood taken within 21 days of export on(4):
 - a Coggins test for infectious anaemia,
 - a complement fixation test for dourine at a dilution of 1 in 10,
 - a complement fixation test for glanders at a dilution of 1 in 10;
 - **▶**⁽¹⁾——
- (k) either it was not vaccinated against Venezuelan equine encephalomyelitis (3)

it was vaccinated on(4), this being at least six months prior to pre-export isolation (3);

- IV. The animal will be sent in a vehicle cleansed and disinfected in advance with a disinfectant officially recognized in the country of dispatch and designed in a way that droppings, litter or fodder cannot escape during transportation.

The following declaration signed by the owner or representative is part of the certificate.

V. The certificate is valid for 10 days. In the case of transport by ship the time is prolonged by the time of the voyage.

Date	Place	Stamp (*) and signature of the official veterinarian					
٠.							
		•					

(Name in block letters, qualification and title.)

(*) The colour of the stamp must be different to that of the printing.

DECLARATION

I,	the undersigned	etters)
de	lare:	
1.	the animal will be sent directly from the premises of dispatch to the premises of destination without c into contact with other equidae not of the same health status.	oming
	The transportation will be effected in such a way that health and well-being of the animal can be pro- effectively;	tected
▶ ⁽¹⁾ 2.	the animal has either remained in since birth (3), or has been imported directly to (exporting country)	rom a
	Member State of the European Community during the past 90 days (³), or entered the exporting country a 90 days prior to this declaration (³). ◀	t least
	(Place, date) (Signature)	•••••

⁽¹⁾ Part of territory in accordance with Article 13 (2) of Council Directive 90/426/EEC.
(2) This certificate must be issued on the day of loading of the animal for dispatch to the Member State of destination or, in the case of a registered horse, on the last working day before embarkation.
(3) Delete as appropriate.
(4) Insert date.

In the case of a registered equine animal, tests carried out, their results and vaccination have to be entered in the identification document (passport).

-E

HEALTH CERTIFICATE

,		No of certificate:
ird country of dispatch	(¹):	
nistry responsible:	**********	
ference to accompanying	welfare certificate:	
Identification of the an	imal	,
Species	Breed	
Horses, ass, mule,	Age	Method of identification and identification (*)
hinny	Sex	
		,
		•
	``	
(a) No of identification	on document (Passport):	
(a) No of identification (b) Validated by Origin and destination	on document (Passport):	(Name of competent authority)
(a) No of identification (b) Validated by Origin and destination	on document (Passport):	(Name of competent authority)
(a) No of identification (b) Validated by Origin and destination The animal is to be sen	of the animal	(Name of competent authority) (Place of export)
(a) No of identification (b) Validated by Origin and destination The animal is to be sen	of the animal	(Place of export) (Member State and place of destination)
(a) No of identification (b) Validated by Origin and destination The animal is to be sen	of the animal	(Place of export) (Member State and place of destination)
(a) No of identification (b) Validated by Origin and destination The animal is to be sendirectly to:	of the animal at from:	(Place of export) (Member State and place of destination)
(a) No of identification (b) Validated by Origin and destination The animal is to be sendirectly to:	of the animal at from:	(Place of export) (Member State and place of destination) on marks, flight number or registered name, as appropriate) (2)
(a) No of identification (b) Validated by Origin and destination The animal is to be sendirectly to:	of the animal at from:	(Place of export) (Member State and place of destination) on marks, flight number or registered name, as appropriate) (2)
(a) No of identification (b) Validated by Origin and destination The animal is to be sendirectly to:	of the animal at from:	(Place of export) (Member State and place of destination) on marks, flight number or registered name, as appropriate) (2)
(a) No of identification (b) Validated by Origin and destination The animal is to be sendirectly to:	of the animal of the animal of trom: y/aircraft/ship: transport and registrationsignor:	(Place of export) (Member State and place of destination) on marks, flight number or registered name, as appropriate) (2)
(a) No of identification (b) Validated by Origin and destination The animal is to be sendirectly to:	of the animal of the animal of trom: y/aircraft/ship: transport and registrationsignor:	(Place of export) (Member State and place of destination)
(a) No of identification (b) Validated by Origin and destination The animal is to be sendirectly to:	of the animal of the animal of trom: y/aircraft/ship: transport and registrationsignor:	(Place of export) (Member State and place of destination) on marks, flight number or registered name, as appropriate) (2)
(a) No of identification (b) Validated by Origin and destination The animal is to be sendirectly to:	on document (Passport): of the animal of from: y/aircraft/ship: transport and registration onsignor: onsignee:	(Place of export) (Member State and place of destination) on marks, flight number or registered name, as appropriate) (2)

- (c) it is not intended for slaughter under a national programme of infectious or contagious disease eradication;
- **(d) during the three months immediately preceding the exportation (or since birth, if the animal is less than three months old, or since entry, if it was imported directly from the European Community during the previous three months) it has been resident on holdings under veterinary supervision in the country of dispatch and it has been kept in an approved isolation centre, protected from vector insects, either
 - during the 40 days prior to dispatch (3),

0

- during 30 days prior to dispatch from the United Arab Emirates (AE) (3); ◀
- (e) it comes from the territory or in cases of official regionalization according to Community legislation from a part of the territory of a third country in which:
 - (i) Venezuelan equine encephalomyelitis has not occurred during the last two years;
 - (ii) dourine has not occurred during the last six months;
 - (iii) glanders has not occurred during the last six months;
 - (iv) either vesicular stomatitis has not occurred during the last six months (3),

OF

- ▶"(v) in the case of an uncastrated male animal older than 180 days, either equine viral arteritis has not been officially recorded during the last six months (3),

OI

— the animal was tested on a blood sample taken within 21 days of export on ... (4) by virus neutralization test for equine viral arteritis with negative result at a dilution of 1 in 4 (3),

Of

an aliquot of its entire semen taken within 21 days of export on ... (4) was tested by virus isolation test for equine viral arteritis with negative result (3),

or

— the animal was vaccinated on ... (4) against equine viral arteritis under official veterinary supervision with a vaccine approved by the competent authority, according to the following programme for initial vaccination and has been re-vaccinated at regular intervals (3)

Programmes for initial vaccination against equine viral arteritis:

Instruction: Cross out vaccination programmes that do not apply to the animal described above.

Verify supporting certification on testing before vaccination, vaccination and re-vaccination.

- (a) Vaccination was carried out on the day a blood sample was taken that subsequently proved negative in a virus neutralization test at a dilution of 1 in 4; or
- (b) Vaccination was carried out during a period of isolation of not more than 15 days under official veterinary supervision, commencing on the day a blood sample was taken that was tested during that time with negative result in a virus neutralization test at a dilution of 1 in 4; or
- (c) Vaccination was carried out when the animal was at an age of 180 to 270 days, during a period of isolation under official veterinary supervision. During the isolation period two blood samples taken at least 10 days apart proved a stable or declining antibody titre in a virus neutralization tes for equine viral arteritis; ◄
- (f) it does not come from the territory or from a part of the territory of a third country considered, in accordance with EEC legislation, as infected with African horse sickness
 - either it was not vaccinated against African horse sickness (4),

or

- (g) it does not come from a holding which was subject to prohibition for animal health reasons nor had contact with equidae from a holding which was subject to prohibition for animal health reasons:
 - (i) during six months in the case of equine encephalomyelitis, beginning on the date on which the equidae suffering from the disease are slaughtered;
 - (ii) in the case of infectious anaemia, until the date on which the infected animals having been slaughtered, the remaining animals have shown a negative reaction to two Coggins tests carried out three months apart;
 - (iii) during six months in the case of vesicular stomatitis;
 - (iv) during one month from the last recorded case, in the case of rabies;
 - (v) during 15 days from the last recorded case, in the case of anthrax.

If all animals of species susceptible to the disease located on the holding have been slaughtered and the premises disinfected, the period of prohibition shall be 30 days, beginning on the day on which the animals were destroyed and the premises disinfected, except in the case of anthrax, where the period of prohibition is 15 days;

- (h) it shows no clinical signs of contagious equine metritis (CEM) and it does not come from a holding where there has been any suspicion of CEM during the past two months nor had contact indirectly or directly through coitus with equidae infected or suspected in CEM;
- (i) to the best of my knowledge, it has not been in contact with equidae suffering from an infectious or contagious disease in the 15 days prior to this declaration;
- - a Coggins test for infectious anaemia,
 - a complement fixation test for dourine at a dilution of 1 in 10,
 - a complement fixation test for glanders at a dilution of 1 in 10;
 - **▶**⁽¹⁾——
- ▶ (a) it was subjected to a test for African horse sickness as described in Annex D to Council Directive 90/426/EEC either
 - on two occasions, carried out on samples of blood taken with an interval of between 21 and 30 days on ...
 (4) and on ... (4), the second of which must have been taken within 10 days of export (3), either with negative reactions, if it has not been vaccinated (3), or without increase in antibody count, if it has been vaccinated (3)

10

- on one occasion, carried out on a sample of blood taken within 10 days of export on ... (4) with negative reaction, if it is to be dispatched from the United Arab Emirates (AE)(³). ◄
- IV. The animal will be sent in a vehicle cleansed and disinfected in advance with a disinfectant officially recognized in the country of dispatch and designed in a way that droppings, litter or fodder cannot escape during transportation.

The following declaration signed by the owner or representative is part of the certificate.

V. The certificate is valid for 10 days. In the case of transport by ship the time is prolonged by the time of the voyage.

Date	Place	Stamp (*) and signature of the official veterinarian					
* ,							
,							
							

(Name in block letters, qualification and title.)

(*) The colour of the stamp must be different to that of the printing.

DECLARATION

I,	the undersigned) of the animal described above)	. (insert name in block letters		
de	clare:					
ac	Ciaic.					
1.		be sent directly from the pre- ith other equidae not of the	mises of dispatch to the premises same health status.	of destination without coming		
	The transporta effectively;	tion will be effected in such a	a way that health and well-being	of the animal can be protected		
▶ ⁽¹⁾ 2.	the animal has		since birth (³), or ha	s been imported directly from a		
	Member State of the European Community during the past 90 days (3), or entered the exporting country at leas 90 days prior to this declaration (3). \blacktriangleleft					
		(Place, date)	(:	Signature)		

⁽¹⁾ Part of territory in accordance with Article 13 (2) of Council Directive 90/426/EEC.
(2) This certificate must be issued on the day of loading of the animal for dispatch to the Member State of destination or, in the case of a registered horse, on the last working day before embarkation.

⁽³⁾ Delete as appropriate.
(4) Insert date.
In the case of a registered equine animal, tests carried out, their results and vaccination have to be entered in the identification document (passport).

-F-

HEALTH CERTIFICATE

for imports into Community territory of registered horses from South Africa (1)

Certif	icate No:
Third	country of dispatch (1):
	try responsible:
l. I	dentification of the horse
(a	a) Identification document No (passport):
(1	b) Validated by:
	(name of competent authority)
II. C	Origin and destination of the horse
7	The horse is to be sent from:
	(place of export)
d	lirectly to:
	(Member State and place of destination)
b	y aircraft:
	(indicate flight number)
N	Name and address of consignor:
_	
V	Vame and address of consignee:
	Total to to form or all or
	Health information
l,	the undersigned official veterinarian of
	ertify that the horse described above:
(a	 comes from a country where the following diseases are compulsorily notifiable: African horse sick- ness, dourine, glanders, equine encephalomyelitis of all types including Venezuelan equine encepha- lomyelitis, equine infectious anaemia, vesicular stomatitis, rabies, anthrax;
	o) has been examined today and shows no clinical signs of disease (2);
•	 is not intended for slaughter under a national programme of infectious or contagious disease eradi- cation;
(c	h) has been resident on the territory of the country (1) of dispatch during three months immediately preceding the exportation (or since birth if less than three months old or since entry if it was imported directly from a Member State of the European Community during the previous three months)
	and has undergone the pre-export isolation during the last 40 days immediately preceding the exportation from
	(i) the horse was accommodated permanently under vector-protected conditions (3); or
	(ii) the horse has been confined to the vector-protected stables at least from two hours prior to sunset until two hours after sunrise the next day and exercise was provided under official veterinary supervision, following the application of effective insect repellents prior to the removal from the stables, and in strict isolation from equidae not being prepared for export under conditions at least as strict as required for temporary admission or imports into the European

Community (3);

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- (e) comes from the territory of a country (1) in which:
 - (i) Venezuelan equine encephalomyelitis has not occurred during the last two years;
 - (ii) dourine has not occurred during the last six months;
 - (iii) glanders has not occurred during the last six months;
 - (iv) vesicular stomatitis has not occurred during the last six months (3)

or

- (v) in the case of an uncastrated male animal older than 180 days:
 - either equine viral arteritis has not been officially recorded during the last six months (3),

or

Of

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Programmes for initial vaccination against equine viral arteritis:

Instruction: Cross out vaccination programmes that do not apply to the animal described above.

- (a) Vaccination was carried out on the day a blood sample was taken that subsequently proved negative in a virus isolation test for equine viral arteritis at a dilution of 1 in 4.
- (b) Vaccination was carried out during a period of isolation of not more than 15 days under official veterinary supervision commencing on the day a blood sample was taken that was tested during that time with negative result in a virus neutralization test for equine viral arteritis at a dilution of 1 in 4.
- (c) Vaccination was carried out when the animal was at an age of 180 to 270 days, during a period of isolation under official veterinary supervision. During the isolation period two blood samples taken at least 10 days apart proved a stable or declining antibody titre in a virus neutralization test for equine viral arteritis.
- (f) does not come from the territory of a country (¹) considered, in accordance with EC legislation, as infected with African horse sickness and was either:
 - not vaccinated against African horse sickness (3),

or

- (g) does not come from a holding which was subject to a prohibition order for animal health reasons which laid down the following conditions:
 - (i) If not all the animals of species susceptible to the disease located on the holding were slaughtered, the prohibition lasted for:
 - six months in the case of equine encephalomyelitis, beginning on the date on which the
 equidae suffering from the disease are slaughtered,
 - a period required to carry out with negative results two Coggins tests three months apart on the animals remaining after the infected animals have been slaughtered in the case of infectious anaemia.
 - six months in the case of vesicular stomatitis,
 - one month from the last recorded case, in the case of rabies,
 - 15 days from the last recorded case, in the case of anthrax.

▼M12

- (ii) If all the animals of species susceptible to the disease located on the holding were slaughtered, the prohibition lasted for 30 days, or 15 days in the case of anthrax, beginning on the day on which following the destruction of the animals the disinfection of the premises was satisfactorily completed;
- (h) shows no clinical signs of contagious equine metritis and does not come from a holding where there has been any suspicion of contagious equine metritis during the past two months nor had contact indirectly or directly through coitus with equidae infected or suspected of being infected with contagious equine metritis;
- (i) has, to the best of my knowledge and according to the declaration of the owner or his representative, not been in contact with animals showing clinical signs of an infectious or contagious disease transmissible to equidae during 15 days prior to pre-export isolation;
- - a Coggins test for equine infectious anaemia,
 - a complement fixation test for dourine at a dilution of 1 in 5;
- - with negative reactions, if it has not been vaccinated (3) (4),

or

- without increase in antibody level, if it has been vaccinated (3) (4);
- - with negative reactions (3) (4),

Of

- without increase in antibody level (3) (4).
- IV. The horse will be sent directly from the quarantine station to the airport under vector-protected conditions and will be sent to the Member State of the European Community without coming into contact with other equidae not accompanied by an EC certificate either for permanent importation or for temporary admission of registered horses. The aircraft will be cleansed and disinfected in advance with a disinfectant officially recognized in the country of dispatch and sprayed against vector insects just prior to take off.

The attached declaration signed by the owner or representative is part of the certificate.

V. The certificate is valid for 10 days.

Date	Place	Stamp and signature of the official veterinarian (°)				
	(name in block capitals and capacit	y)				

^{(&#}x27;) Territory of a country means the whole territory or the part of the territory in accordance with Article 13 (2) of Directive 90/426/EEC as laid down in Commission Decision 92/160/EEC as last amended.

⁽²⁾ The certificate must be issued on the day of loading of the horse for dispatch to the Member State of destination or on the last working day before embarkation and accompanied by the identification document (passport) during the time of residence in the Community.

⁽³⁾ Delete as appropriate

^(*) The test(s) carried out, their results and the vaccination have to be entered in the identification document (passport).

s) Insert date

⁽⁶⁾ The colour of the stamp and the signature must be different to that of the printing.

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Declaration

I,	I, the undersigned	, own	er (¹)	or	representative	of	the	owner (¹)
of	(insert of the horse described above de	name in block letters) eclare:						
1.	Č	ly from the quarantine station nto contact with other equida ortation of equidae into the l	e not	accor	mpanied by a			
2.	The transportation will be effectively.	cted in such a way that the he	alth a	nd we	ll-being of the	animal (can be	protected
3.	During 15 days prior to pre-extious or contagious diseases to the second s		t been	in co	ntact with anim	als suffe	ring fi	rom infec-
	(place, date)					(signatu	 ıre)	•••••
H	Health certificate No:							
•••	(signature of the official vetering	nrian signing the certificate) (²)	•					

⁽¹⁾ Delete as appropriate.
(2) The colour of the stamp and the signature must be different to that of the printing.