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COMMISSION DECISION

of 5 February 1993

on animal health conditions and veterinary certification for imports of registered equidae and equidae for breeding and production

(93/197/EEC)

(OJ L 86, 6.4.1993, p. 16)

Amended by:

►<u>B</u>

		Off	ficial Journ	nal
		No	page	date
► <u>M1</u>	Commission Decision 93/344/EEC of 17 May 1993	L 138	11	9.6.1993
►M2	Commission Decision 93/510/EEC of 21 September 1993	L 238	45	23.9.1993
►M3	Commission Decision 93/682/EC of 17 December 1993	L 317	82	18.12.1993
► <u>M4</u>	Commission Decision 94/453/EC of 29 June 1994	L 187	11	22.7.1994
► <u>M5</u>	Commission Decision 94/561/EC of 27 July 1994	L 214	17	19.8.1994
► <u>M6</u>	Commission Decision 95/322/EC of 25 July 1995	L 190	9	11.8.1995
► <u>M7</u>	Commission Decision 95/323/EC of 25 July 1995	L 190	11	11.8.1995
<u>M8</u>	Commission Decision 95/536/EC of 6 December 1995	L 304	49	16.12.1995
► <u>M9</u>	Commission Decision 96/81/EC of 12 January 1996	L 19	53	25.1.1996
► <u>M10</u>	Commission Decision 96/82/EC of 12 January 1996	L 19	56	25.1.1996
► <u>M11</u>	Commission Decision 96/279/EC of 26 February 1996	L 107	1	30.4.1996
► <u>M12</u>	Commission Decision 97/10/EC of 12 December 1996	L 3	9	7.1.1997
► <u>M13</u>	Commission Decision 97/36/EC of 18 December 1996	L 14	57	17.1.1997
► <u>M14</u>	Commission Decision 97/160/EC of 14 February 1997	L 62	39	4.3.1997
► <u>M15</u>	Commission Decision 98/360/EC of 18 May 1998	L 163	44	6.6.1998
► <u>M16</u>	Commission Decision 98/594/EC of 6 October 1998	L 286	53	23.10.1998
► <u>M17</u>	Commission Decision 1999/228/EC of 5 March 1999	L 83	77	27.3.1999
► <u>M18</u>	Commission Decision 1999/236/EC of 17 March 1999	L 87	13	31.3.1999
► <u>M19</u>	Commission Decision 1999/252/EC of 26 March 1999	L 96	31	10.4.1999
► <u>M20</u>	Commission Decision 1999/613/EC of 10 September 1999	L 243	12	15.9.1999
Amend				
► <u>A1</u>	Act of Accession of Austria, Sweden and Finland	C 241	21	29.8.1994
	(adapted by Council Decision 95/1/EC, Euratom, ECSC)	L 1	1	1.1.1995

Corrected by:

►C1 Corrigendum, OJ L 78, 20.3.1997, p. 54 (97/160/EC)

COMMISSION DECISION

of 5 February 1993

on animal health conditions and veterinary certification for imports of registered equidae and equidae for breeding and production

(93/197/EEC)

THE COMMISSION OF THE EUROPEAN COMMUNITIES.

Having regard to the Treaty establishing the European Economic Community,

Having regard to Council Directive 90/426/EEC of 26 June 1990 on animal health conditions governing the movement and import from third countries of equidae (¹), as last amended by Directive 92/36/EEC (²), and in particular Article 15 point (a) and Article 16 thereof,

Whereas by Council Decision 79/542/EEC (³), as last amended by Commission Decision 93/100/EEC (⁴), the list of third countries from which the Member States authorize imports of equidae in particular has been established;

Whereas it is also necessary to take into account the regionalization of certain third countries appearing on the abovementioned list, which is the subject of Commission Decision 92/160/EEC (5), as amended by Decision 92/161/EEC (6);

Whereas the responsible national veterinary authorities have undertaken to notify the Commission and the Member States, by telegram, telex or telefax, within 24 hours of the confirmation of the occurrence of any infectious or contagious disease in equidae of lists A and B of the International Office of Epizootic Diseases or of the adoption of vaccination against any of them or, within an appropriate period, of any changes in the national import rules concerning equidae;

Whereas the conditions to be established for imports of equidae for breeding and production apply without prejudice to the requirements of Countil Directive 86/469/EEC (7) that no thyreostatic, estrogenic, androgenic or gestagenic substances are used for fattening purposes in equidae;

Whereas Member States import equidae in accordance with the provisions of Council Directive 91/496/EEC (8), as last amended by Decision 92/438/EEC (9), which laid down the principles governing the organization of veterinary checks on animals entering the Community from third countries;

Whereas the existence of equivalent health situations between certain third countries justifies establishing several health zones for the importation of equidae;

Whereas the different categories of equidae have their own features and their imports are authorized for different purposes; whereas, consequently specific health requirements must be established for imports of registered equidae and equidae for breeding and production;

Whereas, given the existence of different health situations, it is therefore necessary to establish several health certificates for registered equidae and for equidae for breeding and production;

Whereas the measures provided for in this Decision are in accordance with the opinion of the Standing Veterinary Committee,

⁽¹⁾ OJ No L 224, 18. 8. 1990, p. 42.

⁽²⁾ OJ No L 157, 10. 6. 1992, p. 28.

⁽³⁾ OJ No L 146, 14. 6. 1979, p. 15.

⁽⁴⁾ OJ No L 40, 17. 2. 1993, p. 23.

⁽⁵⁾ OJ No L 71, 18. 3. 1992, p. 27.

⁽⁶⁾ OJ No L 71, 18. 3. 1992, p. 29. (7) OJ No L 275, 16. 9. 1986, p. 36.

⁽⁸⁾ OJ No L 268, 24. 9. 1991, p. 56.

⁽⁹⁾ OJ No L 243, 25. 8. 1992, p. 27.

HAS ADOPTED THIS DECISION:

Article 1

Without prejudice to Decision 92/160/EEC, Member States shall authorize imports of registered equidae and equidae for breeding and production:

- coming from third countries appearing in Annex I, and
- conforming to the requirements laid down in the appropriate specimen animal health certificate set out in Annex II.

Article 2

This Decision is addressed to the Member States.

▼<u>B</u>

ANNEX I

▼<u>A1</u>

Group A

▼M11

Switzerland, Greenland, Iceland

▼<u>B</u>

Group B

▼M15

Australia (AU), Bosnia-Herzegovina (BA), Bulgaria (BG), Belarus (BY), Cyprus (CY), Czech Republic (CZ), Estonia (EE), Croatia (HR), Hungary (HU), ► M18 Kyrgyzstan (¹) (²) (KG), ■ Lithuania (LI), Latvia (LV), Former Yugoslav Republic of Macedonia (807), New Zealand (NZ), Poland (PL), Romania (RO), Russia (¹) (RU), Slovak Republic (SK), Slovenia (SL), Ukraine (UA), Federal Republic of Yugoslavia (YU)

▼B

Group C

Canada, Hong Kong (²), Japan (²), ► M5 Macau, Malaysia (peninsula), Singapore, ► M16 Thailand, ► United States of America

Group D

Argentina, Barbados (²), Bermuda (²), Bolivia (²), Brazil (¹), Chile, Cuba (²), Jamaica (²), Mexico, Paraguay, Uruguay

Group E

▼<u>M17</u>

United Arab Emirates (²) (AE), Bahrain (²) (BH), Algeria (DZ), Egypt (¹) (²) (EG), Israel (IL), Jordan (²) (JO), Kuwait (²) (KW), Lebanon (²) (LB), Libya (²) (LY), Morocco (MA), Malta (MT), Mauritius (MU), Oman (²) (OM), Qatar (²) (QA), Saudi Arabia (¹) (²) (SA), Syria (²) (SY), Tunisia (TN)

▼<u>M12</u>

Group F

South Africa (1)

⁽¹⁾ Regionalization of the country as set out in Commission Decision 92/160/EEC.

⁽²⁾ Only registered horses.

ANNEX II

- A. Health certificate for imports of registered equidae and equidae for breeding and production from third countries assigned to group A.
- B. Health certificate for imports of registered equidae and equidae for breeding and production from third countries assigned to group B.
- C. Health certificate for imports of registered equidae and equidae for breeding and production from third countries assigned to group C.
- D. Health certificate for imports of registered equidae and equidae for breeding and production from third countries assigned to group D.
- E. Health certificate for imports of registered equidae and equidae for breeding and production from third countries assigned to group E.

▼<u>M12</u>

F. Health certificate for imports of registered equidae and equidae for breeding and production form third countries assigned to Group F.

— A —

HEALTH CERTIFICATE

			No of certificate:	
dad annual of the	L /1\.			
ard country of dispate	ch (*):			•••••
inistry responsible:	•••••			
ference to accompany	ing welfare certif	ficate:	•••••	
	<i>6</i>			
Identification of the	animal			
Species	Breed			******
Horses, ass, mule, hinny	Age Sex	-	Method of identification and identification (*)	
	,			
		٠, ا		
	1	1		
(a) No of identifica	ation document (Pas	ssport):	tached to this certificate provided that its number is sta	
(a) No of identifica	ation document (Pas	ssport):		
(a) No of identifica	ation document (Pas	ssport):		
(a) No of identifica (b) Validated by	ation document (Pas	ssport):		
(a) No of identifica	ation document (Pas	ssport):		
(a) No of identifica (b) Validated by	on of the animal	(Name	of competent authority)	
(a) No of identifica (b) Validated by Origin and destination	on of the animal	(Name	of competent authority)	
(a) No of identifica (b) Validated by Origin and destination	on of the animal	(Name	of competent authority) (Place of export)	
(a) No of identifica (b) Validated by Origin and destination The animal is to be s	on of the animal	(Name	of competent authority) (Place of export)	
(a) No of identifica (b) Validated by Origin and destination The animal is to be s	on of the animal	(Name	of competent authority) (Place of export)	
(a) No of identifica (b) Validated by Origin and destination The animal is to be some directly to:	on of the animal	(Name	of competent authority) (Place of export)	
(a) No of identifica (b) Validated by Origin and destination The animal is to be something to the somet	on of the animal	(Name	of competent authority) (Place of export)	
(a) No of identifica (b) Validated by Origin and destination The animal is to be something directly to: — on foot (2) or — by railway wagon	on of the animal sent from:	(Name	(Place of export) (Member State and place of destination)	
(a) No of identifica (b) Validated by Origin and destination The animal is to be some directly to: — on foot (2) or — by railway wagon	on of the animal sent from:	(Name	(Place of export) (Member State and place of destination)	
(a) No of identifica (b) Validated by Origin and destination The animal is to be some directly to:	on of the animal sent from:	(Name	of competent authority) (Place of export) (Member State and place of destination) arks, flight number or registered name, as appropriate	
(a) No of identifica (b) Validated by Origin and destination The animal is to be some directly to:	on of the animal sent from:	(Name	(Place of export) (Member State and place of destination)) (2)
(a) No of identifica (b) Validated by Origin and destination The animal is to be seed in the content of th	on of the animal sent from:	(Name	of competent authority) (Place of export) (Member State and place of destination) arks, flight number or registered name, as appropriate) (2)

III. Health information

- I, the undersigned, certify that the animal described above meets the following requirements:
- (a) it comes from a country where the following diseases are compulsorily notifiable: African horse sickness, dourine, glanders, equine encephalomyelitis (of all types including VEE), infectious anaemia, vesicular stomatitis, rabies, anthrax;
- (b) it has been examined today and shows no clinical sign of disease (3);
- (c) it is not intended for slaughter under a national programme of infectious or contagious disease eradication:
- (d) during the three months immediately preceding the exportation (▶¹⁰ or since birth if the animal is less than three months old or since entry if it was imported directly from the European Community during the previous three months ◆) it has been resident on holdings under veterinary supervision in the country of dispatch and 30 days prior to dispatch apart from equidae not of equivalent health status;
- (e) it comes from the territory or in cases of official regionalization according to Community legislation from a part of the territory of a third country in which:
 - (i) Venezuelan equine encephalomyelitis has not occurred during the last two years;
 - (ii) dourine has not occurred during the last six months;
 - (iii) glanders has not occurred during the last six months;
 - (iv) either vesicular stomatitis has not occurred during the last six months (2),

or

- •(v) in the case of an uncastrated male animal older than 180 days, either equine viral arteritis has not been officially recorded during the last six months (2),

or

— the animal was tested on a blood sample taken within 21 days of export on ... (4) by virus neutralization test for equine viral arteritis with negative result at a dilution of 1 in 4 (2),

OI

an aliquot of its entire semen taken within 21 days of export on ... (4) was tested by virus isolation test for equine viral arteritis with negative result (2),

or

the animal was vaccinated on ... (4) against equine viral arteritis under official veterinary supervision with a vaccine approved by the competent authority, according to the following programme for initial vaccination and has been re-vaccinated at regular intervals (2)

Programmes for initial vaccination against equine viral arteritis:

Instruction: Cross out vaccination programmes that do not apply to the animal described above.

Verify supporting certification on testing before vaccination, vaccination and re-vaccination.

- (a) Vaccination was carried out on the day a blood sample was taken that subsequently proved negative in a virus neutralization test at a dilution of 1 in 4; or
- (b) Vaccination was carried out during a period of isolation of not more than 15 days under official veterinary supervision, commencing on the day a blood sample was taken that was tested during that time with negative result in a virus neutralization test at a dilution of 1 in 4; or
- (c) Vaccination was carried out when the animal was at an age of 180 to 270 days, during a period of isolation under official veterinary supervision. During the isolation period two blood samples taken at least 10 days apart proved a stable or declining antibody titre in a virus neutralization tes for equine viral arteritis; ◄

(f)) it does not come from the territory or from a part of the territory of a thir	d country considered, in
	accordance with EEC legislation, as infected with African horse sickness	

- either it was not vaccinated against African horse sickness (2),

or

- (g) it does not come from a holding which was subject to prohibition for animal health reasons nor had contact with equidae from a holding which was subject to prohibition for animal health reasons:
 - (i) during six months in the case of equine encephalomyelitis, beginning on the date on which the equidae suffering from the disease are slaughtered;
 - (ii) in the case of infectious anaemia, until the date on which the infected animals having been slaughtered, the remaining animals have shown a negative reaction to two Coggins tests carried out three months apart;
 - (iii) during six months in the case of vesicular stomatitis;
 - (iv) during one month from the last recorded case, in the case of rabies;
 - (v) during 15 days from the last recorded case, in the case of anthrax.

If all animals of species susceptible to the disease located on the holding have been slaughtered and the premises disinfected, the period of prohibition shall be 30 days, beginning on the day on which the animal were destroyed and the premises disinfected, except in the case of anthrax, where the period of prohibition is 15 days;

- (h) it shows no clinical signs of contagious equine metritis (CEM) and it does not come from a holding where there has been any suspicion of CEM during the past two months nor had contact indirectly or directly through coitus with equidae infected or suspected in CEM;
- (i) to the best of my knowledge, it has not been in contact with equidae suffering from an infectious or contagious disease in the 15 days prior to this declaration;
- ▶⁽¹⁾— (i) a Coggins test for equine infectious anaemia (²), or
 - (ii) in the case of Equidae which have resided in Iceland from birth, it is certified that Iceland is officially free of equine infectious anaemia(²). ◄
- IV. The animal will be sent in a vehicle cleansed and disinfected in advance with a disinfectant officially recognized in the country of dispatch and designed in a way that droppings, litter or fodder cannot escape during transportation.

The following declaration signed by the owner or representative is part of the certificate.

V. The certificate is valid for 10 days. In the case of transport by ship the time is prolonged by the time of the voyage.

Date	Place	Stamp (*) and signature of the official veterinarian
		`
		•

(Name in block letters, qualification and title.)

(*) The colour of the stamp must be different to that of the printing.

DECLARATION

I, 1	the undersigned	(owner or representative (2) of the a		(insert name in block letters)
de	clare:		•	
1.		be sent directly from the premises of ith other equidae not of the same he		of destination without coming
	The transportate effectively;	tion will be effected in such a way th	at health and well-being o	f the animal can be protected
▶ ⁽¹⁾ 2.	the animal has	either remained in(exporting countr	* * * * * * * * * * * * * * * * * * * *	been imported directly from a
		of the European Community during the this declaration (³). ◀	e past 90 days (3), or entered	the exporting country at least
		(Place, date)	(Si	gnature)

⁽¹⁾ Part of territory in accordance with Article 13 (2) of Council Directive 90/426/EEC.
(2) Delete as appropriate.
(3) This certificate must be issued on the day of loading of the animal for dispatch to the Member State of destination or, in the case of a registered horse, on the last working day before embarkation.
(4) Insert date.

In the case of an registered equine animal, tests carried out, their results and vaccination have to be entered in the identification document (passport).

— B —

HEALTH CERTIFICATE

	uidae and equidae for l a, Belarus, Cyprus, Cz	breeding and p ech Republic, l donia, New Zea	of registered horses from Kyrgyzstan(¹) and of registered roduction from Australia, Bosnia and Herzegovina, Bulga- Estonia, Croatia, Hungary, Lithuania, Latvia, Former Yu- aland, Poland, Romania, Russia(¹), Slovak Republic, Slo- e, Federal Republic of Yugoslavia∢
			No of certificate:
Th	ird country of dispatch (1	¹):	
Mi	nistry responsible:		
Re	ference to accompanying	welfare certifica	te:
I.	Identification of the anim	mal	
	Species Horses, ass, mule, hinny	Breed Age Sex	Method of identification and identification (*)
			-
II.	(b) Validated by Origin and destination of	of the animal	(Name of competent authority)
II.	(b) Validated by Origin and destination of the animal is to be sent	of the animal	(Place of export)
II.	(b) Validated by Origin and destination of the animal is to be sent	of the animal	(Name of competent authority) (Place of export)
I.	Origin and destination of The animal is to be sent directly to:	of the animal	(Name of competent authority) (Place of export)
II.	Origin and destination of The animal is to be sent directly to:	of the animal	(Name of competent authority) (Place of export)
II.	Origin and destination of The animal is to be sent directly to: — on foot (2) or	of the animal	(Place of export) (Member State and place of destination)
II.	(b) Validated by Origin and destination of the animal is to be sent directly to:	of the animal from:	(Name of competent authority) (Place of export) (Member State and place of destination)
II.	(b) Validated by Origin and destination of the animal is to be sent directly to:	of the animal from: orry/aircraft/shi	(Name of competent authority) (Place of export) (Member State and place of destination) p (2): stration marks, flight number or registered name, as appropriate) (2)
ıı.	(b) Validated by Origin and destination of the animal is to be sent directly to:	of the animal from: orry/aircraft/ship transport and regionsignor:	(Name of competent authority) (Place of export) (Member State and place of destination) p (2): stration marks, flight number or registered name, as appropriate) (2)
ī.	(b) Validated by Origin and destination of The animal is to be sent directly to:	of the animal from: orry/aircraft/shi transport and regionsignor:	(Name of competent authority) (Place of export) (Member State and place of destination) p (2): stration marks, flight number or registered name, as appropriate) (2)
ıı.	(b) Validated by Origin and destination of the animal is to be sent directly to:	of the animal from: orry/aircraft/shi transport and regionsignor: onsignee:	(Place of export) (Member State and place of destination) p (2): stration marks, flight number or registered name, as appropriate) (2)
	(b) Validated by Origin and destination of the animal is to be sent directly to:	of the animal from: orry/aircraft/shi transport and regionsignor: onsignee:	(Place of export) (Member State and place of destination) p (2):
	(b) Validated by Origin and destination of the animal is to be sent directly to:	of the animal from: orry/aircraft/shi transport and regionsignor: onsignee:	(Place of export) (Member State and place of destination) p (2): stration marks, flight number or registered name, as appropriate) (2)

(b) it has been examined today and shows no clinical sign of disease (3);

- (c) it is not intended for slaughter under a national programme of infectious or contagious disease eradication;
- (d) during the three months immediately preceding the exportation (▶¹¹) or since birth if the animal is less than three months old or since entry if it was imported directly from the European Community during the previous three months ◄) it has been resident on holdings under veterinary supervision in the country of dispatch and 30 days prior to dispatch apart from equidae not of equivalent health status;
- (e) it comes from the territory or in cases of official regionalization according to Community legislation from a part of the territory of a third country in which:
 - (i) Venezuelan equine encephalomyelitis has not occurred during the last two years;
 - (ii) dourine has not occurred during the last six months;
 - (iii) glanders has not occurred during the last six months;
 - (iv) either vesicular stomatitis has not occurred during the last six months (2),

or

- ▶⁽²⁾ (v) in the case of an uncastrated male animal older than 180 days, either equine viral arteritis has not been officially recorded during the last six months (2),

or

— the animal was tested on a blood sample taken within 21 days of export on ... (4) by virus neutralization test for equine viral arteritis with negative result at a dilution of 1 in 4 (2),

or

an aliquot of its entire semen taken within 21 days of export on ... (4) was tested by virus isolation test for equine viral arteritis with negative result (2),

or

— the animal was vaccinated on ... (4) against equine viral arteritis under official veterinary supervision with a vaccine approved by the competent authority, according to the following programme for initial vaccination and has been re-vaccinated at regular intervals (2)

Programmes for initial vaccination against equine viral arteritis:

Instruction: Cross out vaccination programmes that do not apply to the animal described above.

 $\label{thm:continuous} \mbox{Verify supporting certification on testing before vaccination, vaccination and re-vaccination.}$

- (a) Vaccination was carried out on the day a blood sample was taken that subsequently proved negative in a virus neutralization test at a dilution of 1 in 4; or
- (b) Vaccination was carried out during a period of isolation of not more than 15 days under official veterinary supervision, commencing on the day a blood sample was taken that was tested during that time with negative result in a virus neutralization test at a dilution of 1 in 4; or
- (c) Vaccination was carried out when the animal was at an age of 180 to 270 days, during a period of isolation under official veterinary supervision. During the isolation period two blood samples taken at least 10 days apart proved a stable or declining antibody titre in a virus neutralization tes for equine viral arteritis; ◄

	(f) it does not come accordance with	e from the territory or EEC legislation, as inf	from a part of the territory of a third country considered, in fected with African horse sickness			
			African horse sickness (2),			
	or		()			
	— it was vaccin	ated against African ho	orse sickness on(2) (4);			
	(g) it does not come contact with equ	from a holding which idae from a holding wl	was subject to prohibition for animal health reasons nor had hich was subject to prohibition for animal health reasons:			
	 (i) during six months in the case of equine encephalomyelitis, beginning on the date on which equidae suffering from the disease are slaughtered; 					
	(ii) in the case of infectious anaemia, until the date on which the infected animals having be slaughtered, the remaining animals have shown a negative reaction to two Coggins tests carried three months apart;					
	(iii)during six me	onths in the case of ves	icular stomatitis;			
	(iv) during one m	onth from the last reco	orded case, in the case of rabies;			
	(v) during 15 day	ys from the last recorde	ed case, in the case of anthrax.			
	premises disinfec	ted, the period of prol royed and the premises	ne disease located on the holding have been slaughtered and the hibition shall be 30 days, beginning on the day on which the disinfected, except in the case of anthrax, where the period of			
	where there has b	peen any suspicion of C	equine metritis (CEM) and it does not come from a holding CEM during the past two months nor had contact indirectly or ected or suspected in CEM;			
		knowledge, it has not e in the 15 days prior	t been in contact with equidae suffering from an infectious or to this declaration;			
	(j) it was subjected to 21 days of expor	o the following test car t on	ried out with negative result on a sample of blood taken within(4) (5):			
		t for infectious anaemi				
			ine (6) at a dilution of 1 in 10,			
	— a complemen	t fixation test for gland	ders (6) at a dilution of 1 in 10.			
IV.		intry of dispatch and d	nsed and disinfected in advance with a disinfectant officially esigned in a way that droppings, litter or fodder cannot escape			
	The following declar	ation signed by the ow	mer or representative is part of the certificate.			
v.	The certificate is vali	d for 10 days. In the ca	ase of transport by ship the time is prolonged by the time of the			
	Date	Place	Stamp (*) and signature of the official veterinarian			

(Name in block letters, qualification and title.)

(*) The colour of the stamp must be different to that of the printing.

DECLARATION

I,	the undersigned .		of the animal described above)	(insert name in block letters)
de	clare:		•	
1.		e sent directly from the prem h other equidae not of the sa	ises of dispatch to the premises of time health status.	destination without coming
	The transportati effectively;	on will be effected in such a	way that health and well-being of	the animal can be protected
▶ ⁽²⁾ 2.	the animal has ei	ther remained in(exporting	since birth (3), or has by country)	een imported directly from a
		the European Community dur his declaration (³). ◀	ring the past 90 days (3), or entered	the exporting country at least
	***************************************	(Place, date)	/C:-	nature)
		(Liace, date)	(Sig	marure/



Part of territory in accordance with Article 13 (2) of Council Directive 90/426/EEC.
 Delete as appropriate.
 This certificate must be issued on the day of loading of the animal for dispatch to the Member State of destination or, in the

case of a registered horse, on the last working day before embarkation.

(4) Insert date.

In the case of a registered equine animal, tests carried out, their results and vaccination have to be entered in the

identification document (passport).

▶ (1/5) For the countries covered by this certificate, with the exception of Australia, Cyprus and New Zealand, the laboratory tests must be carried out by a laboratory approved by the Member State of destination. The test results, certified by the laboratory, have to be attached to the animal health certificate accompanying the animal. ◄

(6) The required tests for glanders dourine don't apply for Australia and New Zealand.

-c

HEALTH CERTIFICATE

	nom Canada a	and United States of America
		No of certificate:
nird country of dispatch	(1):	
inistry responsible:	•••••	
ference to accompanyin	g welfare certificate	e:
Identification of the an	imal	
Species Horses, ass, mule, hinny	Breed Age Sex	Method of identification and identification (*)
(*) A passport identifying	the equine animal ma	ay be attached to this certificate provided that its number is stated
(a) No of identification	on document (Passpor	t):
(a) No of identification	on document (Passpor	·
(a) No of identification	on document (Passpor	t):
(a) No of identification (b) Validated by	on document (Passpor	t):
(a) No of identification (b) Validated by Origin and destination	of the animal	t):
(a) No of identification (b) Validated by	of the animal	t):
(a) No of identification (b) Validated by Origin and destination The animal is to be sen	of the animal	t): - (Name of competent authority)
(a) No of identification (b) Validated by Origin and destination The animal is to be sen	of the animal	t): . (Name of competent authority) (Place of export)
(a) No of identification (b) Validated by Origin and destination The animal is to be sendirectly to:	of the animal	t): . (Name of competent authority) (Place of export)
(a) No of identification (b) Validated by Origin and destination The animal is to be sendirectly to:	of the animal of trom: y/aircraft/ship (2):	(Place of export) (Member State and place of destination)
(a) No of identification (b) Validated by Origin and destination The animal is to be set directly to:	of the animal of the animal of trom: y/aircraft/ship (²): transport and registrates	(Place of export) (Member State and place of destination) tion marks, flight number or registered name, as appropriate) (2)
(a) No of identification (b) Validated by Origin and destination The animal is to be sendirectly to:	of the animal of the animal of trom: y/aircraft/ship (²): transport and registrates consignor:	(Place of export) (Member State and place of destination) tion marks, flight number or registered name, as appropriate) (2)
(a) No of identification (b) Validated by Origin and destination The animal is to be sendirectly to:	of the animal of the animal of trom: y/aircraft/ship (2): transport and registrat consignor: consignee:	(Place of export) (Member State and place of destination) tion marks, flight number or registered name, as appropriate) (2)
(a) No of identification (b) Validated by Origin and destination The animal is to be sendirectly to:	of the animal of the animal of trom: y/aircraft/ship (2): transport and registrat consignor: consignee:	(Place of export) (Member State and place of destination) tion marks, flight number or registered name, as appropriate) (2)

- .. comes from a country where the following diseases are compulsorily notifiable: African horse sickness, dourine, glanders, equine encephalomyelitis (of all types including VEE), infectious anaemia, vesicular stomatitis, rabies, anthrax;
- (b) it has been examined today and shows no clinical sign of disease (2);

- (c) it is not intended for slaughter under a national programme of infectious or contagious disease eradication;
- (d) during the three months immediately preceding the exportation (▶") or since birth if the animal is less than three months old or since entry if it was imported directly from the European Community during the previous three months ≼) it has been resident on holdings under veterinary supervision in the country of dispatch and 30 days prior to dispatch in pre-export isolation;
- (e) it comes from the territory or in cases of official regionalization according to Community legislation from a part of the territory of a third country in which:
 - (i) Venezuelan equine encephalomyelitis has not occurred during the last two years;
 - (ii) dourine has not occurred during the last six months;
 - (iii) glanders has not occurred during the last six months;
 - (iv) either vesicular stomatitis has not occurred during the last six months (3),

or

- ▶⁽²⁾ (v) in the case of an uncastrated male animal older than 180 days, either equine viral arteritis has not been officially recorded during the last six months (3),

'n

— the animal was tested on a blood sample taken within 21 days of export on ... (4) by virus neutralization test for equine viral arteritis with negative result at a dilution of 1 in 4 (3),

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an aliquot of its entire semen taken within 21 days of export on ... (4) was tested by virus isolation test for equine viral arteritis with negative result (3),

or

— the animal was vaccinated on ... (4) against equine viral arteritis under official veterinary supervision with a vaccine approved by the competent authority, according to the following programme for initial vaccination and has been re-vaccinated at regular intervals (3)

Programmes for initial vaccination against equine viral arteritis:

Instruction: Cross out vaccination programmes that do not apply to the animal described above.

Verify supporting certification on testing before vaccination, vaccination and re-vaccination.

- (a) Vaccination was carried out on the day a blood sample was taken that subsequently proved negative in a virus neutralization test at a dilution of 1 in 4; or
- (b) Vaccination was carried out during a period of isolation of not more than 15 days under official veterinary supervision, commencing on the day a blood sample was taken that was tested during that time with negative result in a virus neutralization test at a dilution of 1 in 4; or
- (c) Vaccination was carried out when the animal was at an age of 180 to 270 days, during a period of isolation under official veterinary supervision. During the isolation period two blood samples taken at least 10 days apart proved a stable or declining antibody titre in a virus neutralization tes for equine viral arteritis; ◄
- (f) it does not come from the territory or from a part of the territory of a third country considered, in accordance with EEC legislation, as infected with African horse sickness
 - either it was not vaccinated against African horse sickness (3),

or

- (g) it does not come from a holding which was subject to prohibition for animal health reasons nor had contact with equidae from a holding which was subject to prohibition for animal health reasons:
 - (i) during six months in the case of equine encephalomyelitis, beginning on the date on which the equidae suffering from the disease are slaughtered;
 - (ii) in the case of infectious anaemia, until the date on which the infected animals having been slaughtered, the remaining animals have shown a negative reaction to two Coggins tests carried out three months apart;
 - (iii) during six months in the case of vesicular stomatitis;
 - (iv) during one month from the last recorded case, in the case of rabies;
 - (v) during 15 days from the last recorded case, in the case of anthrax.

If all animals of species susceptible to the disease located on the holding have been slaughtered and the premises disinfected, the period of prohibition shall be 30 days, beginning on the day on which the animals were destroyed and the premises disinfected, except in the case of anthrax, where the period of prohibition is 15 days;

- (h) it shows no clinical signs of contagious equine metritis (CEM) and it does not come from a holding where there has been any suspicion of CEM during the past two months nor had contact indirectly or directly through coitus with equidae infected or suspected in CEM;
- (i) to the best of my knowledge, it has not been in contact with equidae suffering from an infectious or contagious disease in the 15 days prior to this declaration;
- (j) it was subjected to the following test carried out with negative result on a sample of blood taken within 30 days of export on(4):
 - a Coggins test for infectious anaemia;

(k)	either it was not vaccinated against Venezuelan equine encephalomyelitis (3)			
	or ·		*	
	it was vaccinated on(4), this being at least six m pre-export isolation (3);	onths p	prior	to

- (m) if the equidae comes from Thailand, it was subjected to a complement fixation test for glanders on(4) and for dourine on(4), this within 21 days of export with negative results at 1 in 10 (4). ◄
- IV. The animal will be sent in a vehicle cleansed and disinfected in advance with a disinfectant officially recognized in the country of dispatch and designed in a way that droppings, litter or fodder cannot escape during transportation.

The following declaration signed by the owner or representative is part of the certificate.

V. The certificate is valid for 10 days. In the case of transport by ship the time is prolonged by the time of the voyage.

Date	Place	Stamp (*) and signature of the official veterinarian
,		
, ,		

(Name in block letters, qualification and title

(*) The colour of the stamp must be different to that of the printing.

DECLARATION

Ι,	the undersigned(owner or representative (3) of the an	· ·
de	clare:	
1.	the animal will be sent directly from the premises of into contact with other equidae not of the same hea	
	The transportation will be effected in such a way the effectively;	t health and well-being of the animal can be protected
▶ ⁽²⁾ 2.	the animal has either remained in(exporting country	•
	Member State of the European Community during the 90 days prior to this declaration (³). ◀	past 90 days (3), or entered the exporting country at leas
	(Place, date)	(Signature)

⁽¹⁾ Part of territory in accordance with Article 13 (2) of Council Directive 90/426/EEC.

 ⁽²⁾ This certificate must be issued on the day of loading of the animal for dispatch to the Member State of destination or, in the case of a registered horse, on the last working day before embarkation.
 (3) Delete as appropriate.

 ^(*) Insert date.
 In the case of a registered equine animal, tests carried out, their results and vaccination have to be entered in the identification document (passport).
 (5) WEE and EEE vacination or testing requirements apply only to Canada and the United States of America; Japanese B-encephalitis vaccination applies to ▶⁽¹⁾ Hong Kong, Japan, Macau, Malaysia (peninsula), Singapore and Thailand ◄.

-D-

HEALTH CERTIFICATE

for imports into Community territory of registered horses from Barbados, Bermuda, Bolivia, Cuba and Jamaica and of registered equidae and equidae for breading and production from Argentina, Brazil, Chile, Mexico, Paraguay and Uruguay

	No of certificate:							
T	hird country of dispatcl	h (¹):						
M	linistry responsible:	•••••						
Re	eference to accompanyi	ng welfare certificate:						
I.	Identification of the a	Identification of the animal						
	Species Horses, ass, mule, hinny	Breed Age Sex	Method of identification and identification (*)					
	(a) No of identificat	ion document (Passport)	be attached to this certificate provided that its number is stated (Name of competent authority)					
II.	•	Origin and destination of the animal The animal is to be sent from:						
	i ne animai is to be so	ent from:	(Place of export)					
	directly to:							
	·		(Member State and place of destination)					
	by railway wagon/lor	ry/aircraft/ship:						
			on marks, flight number or registered name, as appropriate) (2)					
	Name and address of consignor:							
	•••••							
	Name and address of	consignee:						
Ш	. Health information							
٠	I, the undersigned, cer	rtify that the animal d	escribed above meets the following requirements:					
		glanders, equine encep	ollowing diseases are compulsorily notifiable: African horse phalomyelitis (of all types including VEE), infectious anaemia,					
	(h) it has been evamin	and today and shows	no clinical sign of disease (2).					

- (c) it is not intended for slaughter under a national programme of infectious or contagious disease eradication;
- (d) during the three months immediately preceding the exportation (▶") or since birth if the animal is less than three months old or since entry if it was imported directly from the European Community during the previous three months ◄) it has been resident on holdings under veterinary supervision in the country of dispatch and 30 days prior to dispatch in pre-export isolation;
- (e) it comes from the territory or in cases of official regionalization according to Community legislation from a part of the territory of a third country in which:
 - (i) Venezuelan equine encephalomyelitis has not occurred during the last two years;
 - (ii) dourine has not occurred during the last six months;
 - (iii) glanders has not occurred during the last six months;
 - (iv) either vesicular stomatitis has not occurred during the last six months (3),

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- ▶⁽²⁾ (v) in the case of an uncastrated male animal older than 180 days, either equine viral arteritis has not been officially recorded during the last six months (3),

OI

— the animal was tested on a blood sample taken within 21 days of export on ... (4) by virus neutralization test for equine viral arteritis with negative result at a dilution of 1 in 4 (3),

OI

an aliquot of its entire semen taken within 21 days of export on ... (4) was tested by virus isolation test for equine viral arteritis with negative result (3),

or

— the animal was vaccinated on ... (4) against equine viral arteritis under official veterinary supervision with a vaccine approved by the competent authority, according to the following programme for initial vaccination and has been re-vaccinated at regular intervals (3)

Programmes for initial vaccination against equine viral arteritis:

Instruction: Cross out vaccination programmes that do not apply to the animal described above.

Verify supporting certification on testing before vaccination, vaccination and re-vaccination.

- (a) Vaccination was carried out on the day a blood sample was taken that subsequently proved negative in a virus neutralization test at a dilution of 1 in 4; or
- (b) Vaccination was carried out during a period of isolation of not more than 15 days under official veterinary supervision, commencing on the day a blood sample was taken that was tested during that time with negative result in a virus neutralization test at a dilution of 1 in 4; or
- (c) Vaccination was carried out when the animal was at an age of 180 to 270 days, during a period of isolation under official veterinary supervision. During the isolation period two blood samples taken at least 10 days apart proved a stable or declining antibody titre in a virus neutralization tes for equine viral arteritis; ◄
- (f) it does not come from the territory or from a part of the territory of a third country considered, in accordance with EEC legislation, as infected with African horse sickness
 - either it was not vaccinated against African horse sickness (3), or

(g) it does not come from a holding which was subject to prohibition for animal health reasons nor had contact with equidae from a holding which was subject to prohibition for animal health reasons:

- (i) during six months in the case of equine encephalomyelitis, beginning on the date on which the equidae suffering from the disease are slaughtered;
- (ii) in the case of infectious anaemia, until the date on which the infected animals having been slaughtered, the remaining animals have shown a negative reaction to two Coggins tests carried out three months apart;
- (iii) during six months in the case of vesicular stomatitis;
- (iv) during one month from the last recorded case, in the case of rabies;
- (v) during 15 days from the last recorded case, in the case of anthrax.

If all animals of species susceptible to the disease located on the holding have been slaughtered and the premises disinfected, the period of prohibition shall be 30 days, beginning on the day on which the animals were destroyed and the premises disinfected, except in the case of anthrax, where the period of prohibition is 15 days;

- (h) it shows no clinical signs of contagious equine metritis (CEM) and it does not come from a holding where there has been any suspicion of CEM during the past two months nor had contact indirectly or directly through coitus with equidae infected or suspected in CEM;
- (i) to the best of my knowledge, it has not been in contact with equidae suffering from an infectious or contagious disease in the 15 days prior to this declaration;
- - a Coggins test for infectious anaemia,
 - a complement fixation test for dourine at a dilution of 1 in 10,
 - a complement fixation test for glanders at a dilution of 1 in 10;
 - **▶**⁽¹⁾——
- (k) either it was not vaccinated against Venezuelan equine encephalomyelitis (3)

- IV. The animal will be sent in a vehicle cleansed and disinfected in advance with a disinfectant officially recognized in the country of dispatch and designed in a way that droppings, litter or fodder cannot escape during transportation.

The following declaration signed by the owner or representative is part of the certificate.

V. The certificate is valid for 10 days. In the case of transport by ship the time is prolonged by the time of the voyage.

Date	Place	Stamp (*) and signature of the official veterinarian						
٠.								
		·						

(Name in block letters, qualification and title.)

(*) The colour of the stamp must be different to that of the printing.

DECLARATION

Ι,	the undersigned	· · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·
de	clare:	•
1.	the animal will be sent directly from the premises of dispatch to the into contact with other equidae not of the same health status.	premises of destination without coming
	The transportation will be effected in such a way that health and we effectively;	ell-being of the animal can be protected
▶ ⁽¹⁾ 2.	the animal has either remained insince birth (exporting country)	(3), or has been imported directly from a
	Member State of the European Community during the past 90 days (³), 90 days prior to this declaration (³). ◀	or entered the exporting country at least
	(Place, date)	(Signature)

⁽¹⁾ Part of territory in accordance with Article 13 (2) of Council Directive 90/426/EEC.
(2) This certificate must be issued on the day of loading of the animal for dispatch to the Member State of destination or, in the case of a registered horse, on the last working day before embarkation.
(3) Delete as appropriate.
(4) Insert date.

In the case of a registered equine animal, tests carried out, their results and vaccination have to be entered in the identification document (passport).

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HEALTH CERTIFICATE

Method of identification and identification (*) ached to this certificate provided that its number is stated
Method of identification and identification (*)
Method of identification and identification (*)
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nched to this certificate provided that its number is stated
nched to this certificate provided that its number is stated
nched to this certificate provided that its number is stated
(Place of export)
Member State and place of destination)
······································
ks, flight number or registered name, as appropriate) (2)
· ·

,

ed above meets the following requirements:
ng diseases are compulsorily notifiable: African h

- (c) it is not intended for slaughter under a national programme of infectious or contagious disease eradication;
- **(d) during the three months immediately preceding the exportation (or since birth, if the animal is less than three months old, or since entry, if it was imported directly from the European Community during the previous three months) it has been resident on holdings under veterinary supervision in the country of dispatch and it has been kept in an approved isolation centre, protected from vector insects, either
 - during the 40 days prior to dispatch (3)

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- during 30 days prior to dispatch from the United Arab Emirates (AE) (3); ◀
- (e) it comes from the territory or in cases of official regionalization according to Community legislation from a part of the territory of a third country in which:
 - (i) Venezuelan equine encephalomyelitis has not occurred during the last two years;
 - (ii) dourine has not occurred during the last six months;
 - (iii) glanders has not occurred during the last six months;
 - (iv) either vesicular stomatitis has not occurred during the last six months (3),

OF

- ▶⁽¹⁾(v) in the case of an uncastrated male animal older than 180 days, either equine viral arteritis has not been officially recorded during the last six months (3),

O

— the animal was tested on a blood sample taken within 21 days of export on ... (4) by virus neutralization test for equine viral arteritis with negative result at a dilution of 1 in 4 (3),

OT

an aliquot of its entire semen taken within 21 days of export on ... (4) was tested by virus isolation test for equine viral arteritis with negative result (3),

or

the animal was vaccinated on ... (4) against equine viral arteritis under official veterinary supervision with a vaccine approved by the competent authority, according to the following programme for initial vaccination and has been re-vaccinated at regular intervals (3)

Programmes for initial vaccination against equine viral arteritis:

Instruction: Cross out vaccination programmes that do not apply to the animal described above.

Verify supporting certification on testing before vaccination, vaccination and re-vaccination.

- (a) Vaccination was carried out on the day a blood sample was taken that subsequently proved negative in a virus neutralization test at a dilution of 1 in 4; or
- (b) Vaccination was carried out during a period of isolation of not more than 15 days under official veterinary supervision, commencing on the day a blood sample was taken that was tested during that time with negative result in a virus neutralization test at a dilution of 1 in 4; or
- (c) Vaccination was carried out when the animal was at an age of 180 to 270 days, during a period of isolation under official veterinary supervision. During the isolation period two blood samples taken at least 10 days apart proved a stable or declining antibody titre in a virus neutralization tes for equine viral arteritis; ◄
- (f) it does not come from the territory or from a part of the territory of a third country considered, in accordance with EEC legislation, as infected with African horse sickness
 - either it was not vaccinated against African horse sickness (4),

or

- (g) it does not come from a holding which was subject to prohibition for animal health reasons nor had contact with equidae from a holding which was subject to prohibition for animal health reasons:
 - (i) during six months in the case of equine encephalomyelitis, beginning on the date on which the equidae suffering from the disease are slaughtered;
 - (ii) in the case of infectious anaemia, until the date on which the infected animals having been slaughtered, the remaining animals have shown a negative reaction to two Coggins tests carried out three months apart;
 - (iii) during six months in the case of vesicular stomatitis;
 - (iv) during one month from the last recorded case, in the case of rabies;
 - (v) during 15 days from the last recorded case, in the case of anthrax.

If all animals of species susceptible to the disease located on the holding have been slaughtered and the premises disinfected, the period of prohibition shall be 30 days, beginning on the day on which the animals were destroyed and the premises disinfected, except in the case of anthrax, where the period of prohibition is 15 days;

- (h) it shows no clinical signs of contagious equine metritis (CEM) and it does not come from a holding where there has been any suspicion of CEM during the past two months nor had contact indirectly or directly through coitus with equidae infected or suspected in CEM;
- (i) to the best of my knowledge, it has not been in contact with equidae suffering from an infectious or contagious disease in the 15 days prior to this declaration;
- - a Coggins test for infectious anaemia,
 - a complement fixation test for dourine at a dilution of 1 in 10,
 - a complement fixation test for glanders at a dilution of 1 in 10;
 - **▶**⁽¹⁾—— **◄**
- ▶ (a) it was subjected to a test for African horse sickness as described in Annex D to Council Directive 90/426/EEC either
 - on two occasions, carried out on samples of blood taken with an interval of between 21 and 30 days on ...
 (4) and on ... (4), the second of which must have been taken within 10 days of export (3), either with negative reactions, if it has not been vaccinated (3), or without increase in antibody count, if it has been vaccinated (3)

or

- on one occasion, carried out on a sample of blood taken within 10 days of export on ... (4) with negative reaction, if it is to be dispatched from the United Arab Emirates (AE)(³). ◄
- IV. The animal will be sent in a vehicle cleansed and disinfected in advance with a disinfectant officially recognized in the country of dispatch and designed in a way that droppings, litter or fodder cannot escape during transportation.

The following declaration signed by the owner or representative is part of the certificate.

V. The certificate is valid for 10 days. In the case of transport by ship the time is prolonged by the time of the voyage.

Date	Place	Stamp (*) and signature of the official veterinarian					
Water reprint							
• .							

(Name in block letters, qualification and title.)

(*) The colour of the stamp must be different to that of the printing.

DECLARATION

Ι, 1	(owner or representative (3) of the				
de	clare:				
1.	the animal will be sent directly from the premises into contact with other equidae not of the same l	of dispatch to the premises of destination without coming nealth status.			
	The transportation will be effected in such a way effectively;	that health and well-being of the animal can be protected			
▶ ⁽¹⁾ 2.	the animal has either remained in(exporting coun	since birth (³), or has been imported directly from a try)			
	Member State of the European Community during the past 90 days (³), or entered the exporting country at leas 90 days prior to this declaration (³). ◀				
	(Place, date)	(Signature)			

⁽¹⁾ Part of territory in accordance with Article 13 (2) of Council Directive 90/426/EEC.
(2) This certificate must be issued on the day of loading of the animal for dispatch to the Member State of destination or, in the case of a registered horse, on the last working day before embarkation.

⁽³⁾ Delete as appropriate.
(4) Insert date.
In the case of a registered equine animal, tests carried out, their results and vaccination have to be entered in the identification document (passport).

-F-

HEALTH CERTIFICATE

for imports into Community territory of registered horses from South Africa (1)

Cer	tificate No:				
Γhi	rd country of dispatch (¹):				
	istry responsible:				
****	topolistic.				
I.	Identification of the horse				
	(a) Identification document No (passport):				
	(b) Validated by:				
	(name of competent authority)				
II.	Origin and destination of the horse				
	The horse is to be sent from:				
	(place of export)				
	directly to:				
	(Member State and place of destination)				
	by aircraft:				
	(indicate flight number)				
	Name and address of consignor:				
	<u> </u>				
	Name and address of consignee:				
II.	Health information				
	I, the undersigned official veterinarian of				
	(insert name of country)				
	certify that the horse described above:				
	(a) comes from a country where the following diseases are compulsorily notifiable: African horse sickness, dourine, glanders, equine encephalomyelitis of all types including Venezuelan equine encephalomyelitis, equine infectious anaemia, vesicular stomatitis, rabies, anthrax;				
	(b) has been examined today and shows no clinical signs of disease (2);				
	(c) is not intended for slaughter under a national programme of infectious or contagious disease eradication;				
	(d) has been resident on the territory of the country (1) of dispatch during three months immediately preceding the exportation (or since birth if less than three months old or since entry if it was imported directly from a Member State of the European Community during the previous three months)				
	and has undergone the pre-export isolation during the last 40 days immediately preceding the exporta-				
	tion from				
	(i) the horse was accomodated permanently under vector-protected conditions (3);				
	or				
	(ii) the horse has been confined to the vector-protected stables at least from two hours prior to sunset until two hours after sunrise the next day and exercise was provided under official veterinary supervision, following the application of effective insect repellents prior to the removal from the stables, and in strict isolation from equidae not being prepared for export under conditions at least as strict as required for temporary admission or imports into the European				

Community (3);

▼M12

- (e) comes from the territory of a country (1) in which:
 - (i) Venezuelan equine encephalomyelitis has not occurred during the last two years;
 - (ii) dourine has not occurred during the last six months;
 - (iii) glanders has not occurred during the last six months;
 - (iv) vesicular stomatitis has not occurred during the last six months (3)

or

- (v) in the case of an uncastrated male animal older than 180 days:
 - either equine viral arteritis has not been officially recorded during the last six months (3),

or

Of

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Programmes for initial vaccination against equine viral arteritis:

Instruction: Cross out vaccination programmes that do not apply to the animal described above.

- (a) Vaccination was carried out on the day a blood sample was taken that subsequently proved negative in a virus isolation test for equine viral arteritis at a dilution of 1 in 4.
- (b) Vaccination was carried out during a period of isolation of not more than 15 days under official veterinary supervision commencing on the day a blood sample was taken that was tested during that time with negative result in a virus neutralization test for equine viral arteritis at a dilution of 1 in 4.
- (c) Vaccination was carried out when the animal was at an age of 180 to 270 days, during a period of isolation under official veterinary supervision. During the isolation period two blood samples taken at least 10 days apart proved a stable or declining antibody titre in a virus neutralization test for equine viral arteritis.
- (f) does not come from the territory of a country (¹) considered, in accordance with EC legislation, as infected with African horse sickness and was either:
 - not vaccinated against African horse sickness (3),

or

- (g) does not come from a holding which was subject to a prohibition order for animal health reasons which laid down the following conditions:
 - (i) If not all the animals of species susceptible to the disease located on the holding were slaughtered, the prohibition lasted for:
 - six months in the case of equine encephalomyelitis, beginning on the date on which the
 equidae suffering from the disease are slaughtered,
 - a period required to carry out with negative results two Coggins tests three months apart on the animals remaining after the infected animals have been slaughtered in the case of infectious anaemia.
 - six months in the case of vesicular stomatitis,
 - one month from the last recorded case, in the case of rabies,
 - 15 days from the last recorded case, in the case of anthrax.

▼M12

- (ii) If all the animals of species susceptible to the disease located on the holding were slaughtered, the prohibition lasted for 30 days, or 15 days in the case of anthrax, beginning on the day on which following the destruction of the animals the disinfection of the premises was satisfactorily completed;
- (h) shows no clinical signs of contagious equine metritis and does not come from a holding where there has been any suspicion of contagious equine metritis during the past two months nor had contact indirectly or directly through coitus with equidae infected or suspected of being infected with contagious equine metritis;
- (i) has, to the best of my knowledge and according to the declaration of the owner or his representative, not been in contact with animals showing clinical signs of an infectious or contagious disease transmissible to equidae during 15 days prior to pre-export isolation;
- - a Coggins test for equine infectious anaemia,
 - a complement fixation test for dourine at a dilution of 1 in 5;
- - with negative reactions, if it has not been vaccinated (3) (4),

or

- without increase in antibody level, if it has been vaccinated (3) (4);
- - with negative reactions (3) (4),

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- without increase in antibody level (3) (4).
- IV. The horse will be sent directly from the quarantine station to the airport under vector-protected conditions and will be sent to the Member State of the European Community without coming into contact with other equidae not accompanied by an EC certificate either for permanent importation or for temporary admission of registered horses. The aircraft will be cleansed and disinfected in advance with a disinfectant officially recognized in the country of dispatch and sprayed against vector insects just prior to take off.

The attached declaration signed by the owner or representative is part of the certificate.

V. The certificate is valid for 10 days.

Date	Place	Stamp and signature of the official veterinarian (6)			
		,			
	name in block capitals and capacit	y)			

^{(&#}x27;) Territory of a country means the whole territory or the part of the territory in accordance with Article 13 (2) of Directive 90/426/EEC as laid down in Commission Decision 92/160/EEC as last amended.

⁽²⁾ The certificate must be issued on the day of loading of the horse for dispatch to the Member State of destination or on the last working day before embarkation and accompanied by the identification document (passport) during the time of residence in the Community.

⁽³⁾ Delete as appropriate

^(*) The test(s) carried out, their results and the vaccination have to be entered in the identification document (passport).

⁽⁵⁾ Insert date

⁽⁶⁾ The colour of the stamp and the signature must be different to that of the printing.

▼<u>M12</u>

Declaration

I,	the undersigned		, owner (1)	or	representative	of	the	owner (¹)
of	the horse described	(insert name in block letters) above declare:						
1.	destination without c	nt directly from the quaranti- coming into contact with oth ent importation of equidae	er equidae not	acco	mpanied by a c			
2.	The transportation will effectively.	l be effected in such a way th	nat the health a	ind we	ell-being of the a	ınimal	can be	protected
3.		o pre-export isolation the hor iseases transmissible to equi		in co	ntact with anima	als suff	ering f	rom infec-
	(pl	ace, date)				(signat	 ure)	
H	ealth certificate No:							
•••		l veterinarian signing the certifi						

⁽¹⁾ Delete as appropriate.
(2) The colour of the stamp and the signature must be different to that of the printing.