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COMMISSION DECISION

of 5 February 1993

on animal health conditions and veterinary certification for imports of registered equidae and equidae for breeding and production

(93/197/EEC)

(OJ L 86, 6.4.1993, p. 16)

Amended by:

►<u>B</u>

		Of	ficial Jour	mal
		No	page	date
► <u>M1</u>	Commission Decision 93/344/EEC of 17 May 1993	L 138	11	9.6.1993
<u>M2</u>	Commission Decision 93/510/EEC of 21 September 1993	L 238	45	23.9.1993
► <u>M3</u>	Commission Decision 93/682/EC of 17 December 1993	L 317	82	18.12.1993
► <u>M4</u>	Commission Decision 94/453/EC of 29 June 1994	L 187	11	22.7.1994
► <u>M5</u>	Commission Decision 94/561/EC of 27 July 1994	L 214	17	19.8.1994
► <u>M6</u>	Commission Decision 95/322/EC of 25 July 1995	L 190	9	11.8.1995
► <u>M7</u>	Commission Decision 95/323/EC of 25 July 1995	L 190	11	11.8.1995
<u>M8</u>	Commission Decision 95/536/EC of 6 December 1995	L 304	49	16.12.1995
► <u>M9</u>	Commission Decision 96/81/EC of 12 January 1996	L 19	53	25.1.1996
► <u>M10</u>	Commission Decision 96/82/EC of 12 January 1996	L 19	56	25.1.1996
► <u>M11</u>	Commission Decision 96/279/EC of 26 February 1996	L 107	1	30.4.1996
► <u>M12</u>	Commission Decision 97/10/EC of 12 December 1996	L 3	9	7.1.1997
► <u>M13</u>	Commission Decision 97/36/EC of 18 December 1996	L 14	57	17.1.1997
► <u>M14</u>	Commission Decision 97/160/EC of 14 February 1997	L 62	39	4.3.1997
Amend	led by:			
► <u>A1</u>	Act of Accession of Austria, Sweden and Finland	C 241	21	29.8.1994
	(adapted by Council Decision 95/1/EC, Euratom, ECSC)	L 1	1	1.1.1995

Corrected by:

►<u>C1</u> Corrigendum, OJ L 78, 20.3.1997, p. 54 (97/160/EC)

COMMISSION DECISION

of 5 February 1993

on animal health conditions and veterinary certification for imports of registered equidae and equidae for breeding and production

(93/197/EEC)

THE COMMISSION OF THE EUROPEAN COMMUNITIES.

Having regard to the Treaty establishing the European Economic Community,

Having regard to Council Directive 90/426/EEC of 26 June 1990 on animal health conditions governing the movement and import from third countries of equidae (1), as last amended by Directive 92/36/EEC (2), and in particular Article 15 point (a) and Article 16 thereof,

Whereas by Council Decision 79/542/EEC (³), as last amended by Commission Decision 93/100/EEC (⁴), the list of third countries from which the Member States authorize imports of equidae in particular has been established;

Whereas it is also necessary to take into account the regionalization of certain third countries appearing on the abovementioned list, which is the subject of Commission Decision 92/160/EEC (5), as amended by Decision 92/161/EEC (6);

Whereas the responsible national veterinary authorities have undertaken to notify the Commission and the Member States, by telegram, telex or telefax, within 24 hours of the confirmation of the occurrence of any infectious or contagious disease in equidae of lists A and B of the International Office of Epizootic Diseases or of the adoption of vaccination against any of them or, within an appropriate period, of any changes in the national import rules concerning equidae;

Whereas the conditions to be established for imports of equidae for breeding and production apply without prejudice to the requirements of Countil Directive 86/469/EEC (7) that no thyreostatic, estrogenic, androgenic or gestagenic substances are used for fattening purposes in equidae;

Whereas Member States import equidae in accordance with the provisions of Council Directive 91/496/EEC (*), as last amended by Decision 92/438/EEC (*), which laid down the principles governing the organization of veterinary checks on animals entering the Community from third countries;

Whereas the existence of equivalent health situations between certain third countries justifies establishing several health zones for the importation of equidae;

Whereas the different categories of equidae have their own features and their imports are authorized for different purposes; whereas, consequently specific health requirements must be established for imports of registered equidae and equidae for breeding and production;

Whereas, given the existence of different health situations, it is therefore necessary to establish several health certificates for registered equidae and for equidae for breeding and production;

Whereas the measures provided for in this Decision are in accordance with the opinion of the Standing Veterinary Committee,

⁽¹⁾ OJ No L 224, 18. 8. 1990, p. 42.

⁽²⁾ OJ No L 157, 10. 6. 1992, p. 28.

⁽³⁾ OJ No L 146, 14. 6. 1979, p. 15.

⁽⁴⁾ OJ No L 40, 17. 2. 1993, p. 23.

⁽⁵⁾ OJ No L 71, 18. 3. 1992, p. 27.

⁽⁶⁾ OJ No L 71, 18. 3. 1992, p. 29. (7) OJ No L 275, 16. 9. 1986, p. 36.

⁽⁸⁾ OJ No L 268, 24. 9. 1991, p. 56.

⁽⁹⁾ OJ No L 243, 25. 8. 1992, p. 27.

HAS ADOPTED THIS DECISION:

Article 1

Without prejudice to Decision 92/160/EEC, Member States shall authorize imports of registered equidae and equidae for breeding and production:

- coming from third countries appearing in Annex I, and
- conforming to the requirements laid down in the appropriate specimen animal health certificate set out in Annex II.

Article 2

This Decision is addressed to the Member States.

▼<u>B</u>

ANNEX I

▼<u>A1</u>

Group A

▼<u>M11</u>

Switzerland, Greenland, Iceland

▼B

Group B

▼M11

Australia, Bulgaria, Belarus, Bosnia-Herzegovina, Cyprus, Czech Republic, Estonia, Croatia, Hungary, Lithuania, Latvia, Former Yugoslav Republic of Macedonia, New Zealand, Poland, Romania, Russia (¹) Slovenia, Slovak Republic, Ukraine

▼B

Group C

Canada, Hong Kong (²), Japan (²), ► <u>M5</u> Macau, Malaysia (peninsula), Singapore, ◀ United States of America

Group D

Argentina, Barbados (²), Bermuda (²), Bolivia (²), Brazil (¹), Chile, Cuba (²), Jamaica (²), Mexico, Paraguay, Uruguay

Group E

Algeria, Bahrein (²), $\blacktriangleright \underline{\mathbf{M8}}$ Egypt (¹) (²), \blacktriangleleft Israel, Jordan (²), Kuwait (²), $\blacktriangleright \underline{\mathbf{M14}} \blacktriangleright \underline{\mathbf{C1}}$ Lebanon (²) \blacktriangleleft , \blacktriangleleft Libya (²), Malta, Mauritius, $\blacktriangleright \underline{\mathbf{M6}}$ Morocco, \blacktriangleleft Oman (²), $\blacktriangleright \underline{\mathbf{M1}}$ Qatar, $\blacktriangleleft \blacktriangleright \underline{\mathbf{M7}}$ Syria (²), \blacktriangleleft Tunisia, United Arab Emirates (²)

▼<u>M12</u>

Group F

South Africa (1)

⁽¹⁾ Regionalization of the country as set out in Commission Decision 92/160/EEC.

⁽²⁾ Only registered horses.

ANNEX II

- A. Health certificate for imports of registered equidae and equidae for breeding and production from third countries assigned to group A.
- B. Health certificate for imports of registered equidae and equidae for breeding and production from third countries assigned to group B.
- C. Health certificate for imports of registered equidae and equidae for breeding and production from third countries assigned to group C.
- D. Health certificate for imports of registered equidae and equidae for breeding and production from third countries assigned to group D.
- E. Health certificate for imports of registered equidae and equidae for breeding and production from third countries assigned to group E.

▼<u>M12</u>

F. Health certificate for imports of registered equidae and equidae for breeding and production form third countries assigned to Group F.

— A —

HEALTH CERTIFICATE

					No of certi	E.aat-			
	•				ino of certi	incate:	• • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • •		•••••
nird co	untry of dispate	ch (1):		•••••					
inieter	responsible:				•				
шыну	responsible	•••••	*********	• • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • •	•••••	•••••			
ferenc	e to accompany	ing welfare cer	tificate:						
	•								
Ident	ification of the	animal							
	C:	Τ ,		1					
Ho	Species rses, ass, mule, hinny	Breed Age Sex			Method of id	entificatio	n and ident	ification (*)	
		4							
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		,				,			
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(a	passport identifying No of identifica Validated by	tion document (I	Passport):						
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(a (b ———	No of identifica Validated by	n of the anima	Passport):	(Name of o	competent authority				
(a (b)	No of identifica Validated by n and destinatio unimal is to be s	n of the anima	Passport):	(Name of c	Competent authoric	of export)			
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Origin The a	No of identifica Validated by n and destination inimal is to be s	n of the anima	Passport):	(Name of o	(Place o	y) of export)	destination)		
(a (b) Origin The a direct or or by	No of identifica Validated by n and destinatio inimal is to be s ly to:	n of the anima	Passport):	(Mame of c	(Place	of export)	destination)		
(a (b) Origin The a direct or or by	No of identifica Validated by n and destinatio minimal is to be s ly to:	n of the anima	Passport):	(Mame of c	(Place of lember State and	y) of export) i place of	destination)		
(a (b) Origin The a direct or or by	No of identifica Validated by n and destinatio minimal is to be s ly to:	n of the anima	Passport):	(Mame of c	(Place of lember State and	y) of export) i place of	destination)		
(a (b) Original The a direct or by	No of identifica Validated by n and destinatio minimal is to be s ly to:	n of the anima ent from:	Passport):	(Name of o	(Place of the state and st	of export) i place of o	destination)	s appropriat	e) (²)
(a (b) Origin The z direct or by) No of identifica) Validated by n and destination inimal is to be s ly to:	n of the anima ent from: /lorry/aircraft of transport and	Passport):	(Mame of c	(Place of the state and st	of export) I place of o	destination)	s appropriat	e) (²)
(a (b) Origin The z direct or by) No of identifica) Validated by n and destinatio unimal is to be s ly to:	n of the anima ent from: /lorry/aircraft of transport and	Passport):	(Mame of c	(Place of the state and st	of export) I place of o	destination)	s appropriat	e) (²)

III. Health information

- I, the undersigned, certify that the animal described above meets the following requirements:
- (a) it comes from a country where the following diseases are compulsorily notifiable: African horse sickness, dourine, glanders, equine encephalomyelitis (of all types including VEE), infectious anaemia, vesicular stomatitis, rabies, anthrax;
- (b) it has been examined today and shows no clinical sign of disease (3);
- (c) it is not intended for slaughter under a national programme of infectious or contagious disease eradication:
- (d) during the three months immediately preceding the exportation (▶¹⁰ or since birth if the animal is less than three months old or since entry if it was imported directly from the European Community during the previous three months ◆) it has been resident on holdings under veterinary supervision in the country of dispatch and 30 days prior to dispatch apart from equidae not of equivalent health status;
- (e) it comes from the territory or in cases of official regionalization according to Community legislation from a part of the territory of a third country in which:
 - (i) Venezuelan equine encephalomyelitis has not occurred during the last two years;
 - (ii) dourine has not occurred during the last six months;
 - (iii) glanders has not occurred during the last six months;
 - (iv) either vesicular stomatitis has not occurred during the last six months (2),

or

- ▶⁽²⁾ (v) in the case of an uncastrated male animal older than 180 days, either equine viral arteritis has not been officially recorded during the last six months (2),

or

— the animal was tested on a blood sample taken within 21 days of export on ... (4) by virus neutralization test for equine viral arteritis with negative result at a dilution of 1 in 4 (2),

OI

an aliquot of its entire semen taken within 21 days of export on ... (4) was tested by virus isolation test for equine viral arteritis with negative result (2),

or

the animal was vaccinated on ... (4) against equine viral arteritis under official veterinary supervision with a vaccine approved by the competent authority, according to the following programme for initial vaccination and has been re-vaccinated at regular intervals (2)

Programmes for initial vaccination against equine viral arteritis:

Instruction: Cross out vaccination programmes that do not apply to the animal described above.

Verify supporting certification on testing before vaccination, vaccination and re-vaccination.

- (a) Vaccination was carried out on the day a blood sample was taken that subsequently proved negative in a virus neutralization test at a dilution of 1 in 4; or
- (b) Vaccination was carried out during a period of isolation of not more than 15 days under official veterinary supervision, commencing on the day a blood sample was taken that was tested during that time with negative result in a virus neutralization test at a dilution of 1 in 4; or
- (c) Vaccination was carried out when the animal was at an age of 180 to 270 days, during a period of isolation under official veterinary supervision. During the isolation period two blood samples taken at least 10 days apart proved a stable or declining antibody titre in a virus neutralization tes for equine viral arteritis; ◄

(f)	it does not	come from	the territor	y or from	a part of	the territory	of a	third	country	considered,	in
	accordance	with EEC	legislation, a	s infected	with Afric	an horse sicl	cness				

- either it was not vaccinated against African horse sickness (2),

or

- (g) it does not come from a holding which was subject to prohibition for animal health reasons nor had contact with equidae from a holding which was subject to prohibition for animal health reasons:
 - (i) during six months in the case of equine encephalomyelitis, beginning on the date on which the equidae suffering from the disease are slaughtered;
 - (ii) in the case of infectious anaemia, until the date on which the infected animals having been slaughtered, the remaining animals have shown a negative reaction to two Coggins tests carried out three months apart;
 - (iii) during six months in the case of vesicular stomatitis;
 - (iv) during one month from the last recorded case, in the case of rabies;
 - (v) during 15 days from the last recorded case, in the case of anthrax.

If all animals of species susceptible to the disease located on the holding have been slaughtered and the premises disinfected, the period of prohibition shall be 30 days, beginning on the day on which the animal were destroyed and the premises disinfected, except in the case of anthrax, where the period of prohibition is 15 days;

- (h) it shows no clinical signs of contagious equine metritis (CEM) and it does not come from a holding where there has been any suspicion of CEM during the past two months nor had contact indirectly or directly through coitus with equidae infected or suspected in CEM;
- (i) to the best of my knowledge, it has not been in contact with equidae suffering from an infectious or contagious disease in the 15 days prior to this declaration;
- (j) it was subjected to the following test carried out with negative result on a sample of blood taken within 30 days of export on(4):
- (i) a Coggins test for equine infectious anaemia (2), or
 - (ii) in the case of Equidae which have resided in Iceland from birth, it is certified that Iceland is officially free of equine infectious anaemia(2). ◄
- IV. The animal will be sent in a vehicle cleansed and disinfected in advance with a disinfectant officially recognized in the country of dispatch and designed in a way that droppings, litter or fodder cannot escape during transportation.

The following declaration signed by the owner or representative is part of the certificate.

V. The certificate is valid for 10 days. In the case of transport by ship the time is prolonged by the time of the voyage.

Date	Place	Stamp (*) and signature of the official veterinarian
		•

(Name in block letters, qualification and title.)

(*) The colour of the stamp must be different to that of the printing.

DECLARATION

[, 1	, the undersigned	•	block letters
de	leclare:	•	
1.	1. the animal will be sent directly from the premises of dispinto contact with other equidae not of the same health		ithout coming
	The transportation will be effected in such a way that he effectively;	alth and well-being of the animal ca	n be protected
2.	2. the animal has either remained in		since birth or
			* · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·
	(Place, date)	(Signature)	

⁽¹⁾ Part of territory in accordance with Article 13 (2) of Council Directive 90/426/EEC.

 ⁽²⁾ Delete as appropriate.
 (3) This certificate must be issued on the day of loading of the animal for dispatch to the Member State of destination or, in the

case of a registered horse, on the last working day before embarkation.

(4) Insert date.

In the case of a registered equine animal, tests carried out, their results and vaccination have to be entered in the

in the case of a registered equite animal, tests carried out, their results and vaccination have to be shocked in the identification document (passport).

*(1)(5) For the countries covered by this certificate, with the exception of Australia, Cyprus and New Zealand, the laboratory tests must be carried out by a laboratory approved by the Member State of destination. The test results, certified by the laboratory, have to be attached to the animal health certificate accompanying the animal. *(6) The required tests for glanders dourine don't apply for Australia and New Zealand.

— B —

HEALTH CERTIFICATE

ustralia, Bulgaria, Belari	is, Bosnia-Herzego Yugoslav Republic	tered <i>equidae</i> and <i>equidae</i> for breeding and production from ovina, Cyprus, Czech Republic, Estonia, Croatia, Hungary, c of Macedonia, New Zealand, Poland, Romania, Russia (1), lovak Republic, Ukraine
		No of certificate:
hird country of dispatch (1):	
linistry responsible:		
eference to accompanying Identification of the anir		
Species Horses, ass, mule, hinny	Breed Age Sex	Method of identification and identification (*)
		•
Origin and destination of The animal is to be sent		(Place of export)
directly to:		
		(Member State and place of destination)
— on foot (²)		
or — by railway wagon/lo	rry/aircraft/ship (²	2):
(indicate means of	transport and registra	tion marks, flight number or registered name, as appropriate) (2)
. Health information		1. 9.11
(a) it comes from a co	untry where the f	lescribed above meets the following requirements: ollowing diseases are compulsorily notifiable: African horse phalomyelitis (of all types including VEE), infectious anaemia
vesicular stomatitis,	rabies, anthrax;	no clinical sign of disease (3);

- (c) it is not intended for slaughter under a national programme of infectious or contagious disease eradication;
- (d) during the three months immediately preceding the exportation (▶¹¹) or since birth if the animal is less than three months old or since entry if it was imported directly from the European Community during the previous three months ◄) it has been resident on holdings under veterinary supervision in the country of dispatch and 30 days prior to dispatch apart from equidae not of equivalent health status;
- (e) it comes from the territory or in cases of official regionalization according to Community legislation from a part of the territory of a third country in which:
 - (i) Venezuelan equine encephalomyelitis has not occurred during the last two years;
 - (ii) dourine has not occurred during the last six months;
 - (iii) glanders has not occurred during the last six months;
 - (iv) either vesicular stomatitis has not occurred during the last six months (2),

or

- ▶⁽²⁾ (v) in the case of an uncastrated male animal older than 180 days, either equine viral arteritis has not been officially recorded during the last six months (2),

or

— the animal was tested on a blood sample taken within 21 days of export on ... (4) by virus neutralization test for equine viral arteritis with negative result at a dilution of 1 in 4 (2),

OI

an aliquot of its entire semen taken within 21 days of export on ... (4) was tested by virus isolation test for equine viral arteritis with negative result (2),

or

— the animal was vaccinated on ... (4) against equine viral arteritis under official veterinary supervision with a vaccine approved by the competent authority, according to the following programme for initial vaccination and has been re-vaccinated at regular intervals (2)

Programmes for initial vaccination against equine viral arteritis:

Instruction: Cross out vaccination programmes that do not apply to the animal described above.

 $\label{thm:continuous} \mbox{Verify supporting certification on testing before vaccination, vaccination and re-vaccination.}$

- (a) Vaccination was carried out on the day a blood sample was taken that subsequently proved negative in a virus neutralization test at a dilution of 1 in 4; or
- (b) Vaccination was carried out during a period of isolation of not more than 15 days under official veterinary supervision, commencing on the day a blood sample was taken that was tested during that time with negative result in a virus neutralization test at a dilution of 1 in 4; or
- (c) Vaccination was carried out when the animal was at an age of 180 to 270 days, during a period of isolation under official veterinary supervision. During the isolation period two blood samples taken at least 10 days apart proved a stable or declining antibody titre in a virus neutralization tes for equine viral arteritis; ◄

v.

	accordance with EEC legislation, as infected with African horse sickness — either it was not vaccinated against African horse sickness (2),						
		ot vaccinated against	t African horse sickness (2),				
	or		(2) (4)				
	— it was vaccina	teo against African n	orse sickness on(2) (4);				
(g)	it does not come contact with equi-	from a holding which dae from a holding w	h was subject to prohibition for animal health reasons nor he was subject to prohibition for animal health reasons:				
		onths in the case of e	equine encephalomyelitis, beginning on the date on which tare slaughtered;				
	(ii) in the case o slaughtered, th three months a	ne remaining animals	, until the date on which the infected animals having be have shown a negative reaction to two Coggins tests carried o				
	(iii) during six mor	nths in the case of ve	sicular stomatitis;				
	(iv) during one mo	onth from the last rec	orded case, in the case of rabies;				
	(v) during 15 days	s from the last record	led case, in the case of anthrax.				
	premises disinfecte	ed, the period of pro oyed and the premise	he disease located on the holding have been slaughtered and the shibition shall be 30 days, beginning on the day on which the salisinfected, except in the case of anthrax, where the period				
	where there has be	een any suspicion of	s equine metritis (CEM) and it does not come from a holding CEM during the past two months nor had contact indirectly fected or suspected in CEM;				
		knowledge, it has no in the 15 days prior	or been in contact with equidae suffering from an infectious to this declaration;				
(j)	it was subjected to 21 days of export	the following test ca	rried out with negative result on a sample of blood taken with(4) (5):				
		for infectious anaem					
			rine (6) at a dilution of 1 in 10,				
	— a complement	fixation test for gian	ders (6) at a dilution of 1 in 10.				
The		ntry of dispatch and o					
The rece	ognized in the cour ing transportation.	ntry of dispatch and o					
The rece dur The	ognized in the cour ing transportation. e following declara	ntry of dispatch and o	designed in a way that droppings, litter or fodder cannot esca				
The rece dur The	ognized in the cour ing transportation. c following declara c certificate is valid	ntry of dispatch and o	designed in a way that droppings, litter or fodder cannot esca				
The rece dur The	ognized in the cour ing transportation. e following declara e certificate is valid age.	tion signed by the over for 10 days. In the c	designed in a way that droppings, litter or fodder cannot escale where or representative is part of the certificate. ase of transport by ship the time is prolonged by the time of the certificate.				
The rece dur The	ognized in the cour ing transportation. e following declara e certificate is valid age.	ntry of dispatch and on tion signed by the over for 10 days. In the c	designed in a way that droppings, litter or fodder cannot esca wner or representative is part of the certificate. ase of transport by ship the time is prolonged by the time of t				
The rece dur The	ognized in the cour ing transportation. e following declara e certificate is valid age.	ntry of dispatch and on tion signed by the over for 10 days. In the c	ase of transport by ship the time is prolonged by the time of t				

(Name in block letters, qualification and title.)

(*) The colour of the stamp must be different to that of the printing.

DECLARATION

Ι, ι	the undersigned(owner or representative (2) of t		(insert name in block letters)
dec	clare:		
1.	the animal will be sent directly from the premises into contact with other equidae not of the same The transportation will be effected in such a way effectively;	health status.	- · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·
2.	the animal has either remained inentered the exporting country at least 90 days p		rting country) since birth or
	(Place, date)	(Si	gnature)

⁽¹⁾ Part of territory in accordance with Article 13 (2) of Council Directive 90/426/EEC.

 ⁽²⁾ Delete as appropriate.
 (3) This certificate must be issued on the day of loading of the animal for dispatch to the Member State of destination or, in the

case of a registered horse, on the last working day before embarkation.

(4) Insert date.

In the case of a registered equine animal, tests carried out, their results and vaccination have to be entered in the

in the case of a registered equite animal, tests carried out, their results and vaccination have to be shocked in the identification document (passport).

*(1)(5) For the countries covered by this certificate, with the exception of Australia, Cyprus and New Zealand, the laboratory tests must be carried out by a laboratory approved by the Member State of destination. The test results, certified by the laboratory, have to be attached to the animal health certificate accompanying the animal.
*(6) The required tests for glanders dourine don't apply for Australia and New Zealand.

-c

HEALTH CERTIFICATE

fo	r imports into Commur (peninsula) and Singap	ore 4 and of registe	ered horses from > Hong Kong, Japan, Macau, Malaysia red equidae and equidae for breeding and production from United States of America
	•		No of certificate:
T	hird country of dispatch	n (¹):	
M	inistry responsible:		
Re	eference to accompanying	ng welfare certificate:	
I.	Identification of the a	nimal	
	Species Horses, ass, mule, hinny	Breed Age Sex	Method of identification and identification (*)
	· .		
	(a) No of identificat	ion document (Passport):	be attached to this certificate provided that its number is stated
	(b) Validated by		(Name of competent authority)
п.	Origin and destination		
	The animal is to be se	ent from:	(Many of arrays)
			(Place of export)
	directly to:	••••••	(Member State and place of destination)
	by railway wagon/lor	ry/aircraft/ship (²):	
	(indicate means of	transport and registratio	n marks, flight number or registered name, as appropriate) (2)
	Name and address of	consignor:	
	•••••		
	Name and address of	consignee:	
Ш	. Health information		
	I, the undersigned, cer	tify that the animal de	escribed above meets the following requirements:
		glanders, equine encep	ollowing diseases are compulsorily notifiable: African horse shalomyelitis (of all types including VEE), infectious anaemia,
	(b) it has been examin	ed today and shows n	o clinical sign of disease (2);

- (c) it is not intended for slaughter under a national programme of infectious or contagious disease eradication;
- (d) during the three months immediately preceding the exportation (▶") or since birth if the animal is less than three months old or since entry if it was imported directly from the European Community during the previous three months ≼) it has been resident on holdings under veterinary supervision in the country of dispatch and 30 days prior to dispatch in pre-export isolation;
- (e) it comes from the territory or in cases of official regionalization according to Community legislation from a part of the territory of a third country in which:
 - (i) Venezuelan equine encephalomyelitis has not occurred during the last two years;
 - (ii) dourine has not occurred during the last six months;
 - (iii) glanders has not occurred during the last six months;
 - (iv) either vesicular stomatitis has not occurred during the last six months (3),

or

- ▶⁽²⁾ (v) in the case of an uncastrated male animal older than 180 days, either equine viral arteritis has not been officially recorded during the last six months (3),

'n

— the animal was tested on a blood sample taken within 21 days of export on ... (4) by virus neutralization test for equine viral arteritis with negative result at a dilution of 1 in 4 (3),

0

an aliquot of its entire semen taken within 21 days of export on ... (4) was tested by virus isolation test for equine viral arteritis with negative result (3),

or

— the animal was vaccinated on ... (4) against equine viral arteritis under official veterinary supervision with a vaccine approved by the competent authority, according to the following programme for initial vaccination and has been re-vaccinated at regular intervals (3)

Programmes for initial vaccination against equine viral arteritis:

Instruction: Cross out vaccination programmes that do not apply to the animal described above.

Verify supporting certification on testing before vaccination, vaccination and re-vaccination.

- (a) Vaccination was carried out on the day a blood sample was taken that subsequently proved negative in a virus neutralization test at a dilution of 1 in 4; or
- (b) Vaccination was carried out during a period of isolation of not more than 15 days under official veterinary supervision, commencing on the day a blood sample was taken that was tested during that time with negative result in a virus neutralization test at a dilution of 1 in 4; or
- (c) Vaccination was carried out when the animal was at an age of 180 to 270 days, during a period of isolation under official veterinary supervision. During the isolation period two blood samples taken at least 10 days apart proved a stable or declining antibody titre in a virus neutralization tes for equine viral arteritis; ◄
- (f) it does not come from the territory or from a part of the territory of a third country considered, in accordance with EEC legislation, as infected with African horse sickness
 - either it was not vaccinated against African horse sickness (3),

or

- (g) it does not come from a holding which was subject to prohibition for animal health reasons nor had contact with equidae from a holding which was subject to prohibition for animal health reasons:
 - (i) during six months in the case of equine encephalomyelitis, beginning on the date on which the equidae suffering from the disease are slaughtered;
 - (ii) in the case of infectious anaemia, until the date on which the infected animals having been slaughtered, the remaining animals have shown a negative reaction to two Coggins tests carried out three months apart;
 - (iii) during six months in the case of vesicular stomatitis;
 - (iv) during one month from the last recorded case, in the case of rabies;
 - (v) during 15 days from the last recorded case, in the case of anthrax.

If all animals of species susceptible to the disease located on the holding have been slaughtered and the premises disinfected, the period of prohibition shall be 30 days, beginning on the day on which the animals were destroyed and the premises disinfected, except in the case of anthrax, where the period of prohibition is 15 days;

- (h) it shows no clinical signs of contagious equine metritis (CEM) and it does not come from a holding where there has been any suspicion of CEM during the past two months nor had contact indirectly or directly through coitus with equidae infected or suspected in CEM;
- (i) to the best of my knowledge, it has not been in contact with equidae suffering from an infectious or contagious disease in the 15 days prior to this declaration;
- (j) it was subjected to the following test carried out with negative result on a sample of blood taken within
 - a Coggins test for infectious anaemia;

(k)	either it was not vaccinated against Venezuelan equine encephalomyelitis (3)
	or ·
	it was vaccinated on
(1)	either it was vaccinated against western and eastern equine encephalomyelitis with inactivated vaccine on (3) (4) (5)
	or
	Temporary D. emperatively and 1. (3) (4) (5) (1) 1 (1) (1) (1)

at least 30 days of export, or it was subjected to haemagglutination inhibition tests to western and eastern equine encephalomyelitis on two occasions, carried out on samples of blood taken with an interval of 21 days on(4) and on(4), the second of which must have taken within 10 days of export either with negative reactions, if it has not been vaccinated (3), or without increase in antibody count, if it has been vaccinated more than six months ago (3).

IV. The animal will be sent in a vehicle cleansed and disinfected in advance with a disinfectant officially recognized in the country of dispatch and designed in a way that droppings, litter or fodder cannot escape during transportation.

The following declaration signed by the owner or representative is part of the certificate.

V. The certificate is valid for 10 days. In the case of transport by ship the time is prolonged by the time of the voyage.

Date	Place	Stamp (*) and signature of the official veterinarian
•		

(*) The colour of the stamp must be different to that of the printing.

DECLARATION

I,		(insert name in block letters) of the animal described above)
de	eclare:	
1.	the animal will be sent directly from the preminto contact with other equidae not of the sa	ses of dispatch to the premises of destination without coming me health status.
	The transportation will be effected in such a veffectively;	way that health and well-being of the animal can be protected
2.	the animal has either remained inentered the exporting country at least 90 day	(exporting country) since birth or s prior to this declaration.
	(Place, date)	(Signature)

⁽¹⁾ Part of territory in accordance with Article 13 (2) of Council Directive 90/426/EEC.

⁽²⁾ This certificate must be issued on the day of loading of the animal for dispatch to the Member State of destination or, in the case of a registered horse, on the last working day before embarkation.

(3) Delete as appropriate.

 ^(*) Institute:

 In the case of a registered equine animal, tests carried out, their results and vaccination have to be entered in the identification document (passport).

 (5) WEE and EEE vacination or testing requirements apply only to Canada and the United States of America; Japanese B-encephalitis vaccination applies to ▶⁽¹⁾ Hong Kong, Japan, Macau, Malaysia (peninsula) and Singapore ◄.

-D-

HEALTH CERTIFICATE

for imports into Community territory of registered horses from Barbados, Bermuda, Bolivia, Cuba and Jamaica and of registered equidae and equidae for breading and production from Argentina, Brazil, Chile, Mexico, Paraguay and Uruguay

	No of certificate:						
TI	hird country of dispatch	ı (¹):					
M	inistry responsible:						
Re	eference to accompanying	ng welfare certificate:					
I.							
	Species Horses, ass, mule, hinny	Breed Age Sex	Method of identification and identification (*)				
	(a) No of identificati (b) Validated by	ion document (Passport)	be attached to this certificate provided that its number is stated (Name of competent authority)				
11.	Origin and destination The animal is to be se						
	,		(Place of export)				
	directly to:						
			(Member State and place of destination)				
	by railway wagon/lor	ry/aircraft/ship:					
			on marks, flight number or registered name, as appropriate) (2)				
	Name and address of	consignor:					
	Name and address of	consignee:					
III.	Health information						
	I, the undersigned, cer	tify that the animal d	escribed above meets the following requirements:				
	(a) it comes from a country where the following diseases are compulsorily notifiable: African horse sickness, dourine, glanders, equine encephalomyelitis (of all types including VEE), infectious anaemia, vesicular stomatitis, rabies, anthrax;						
	(h) it has been evamin	ed today and shows t	o clinical sign of disease (2).				

- (c) it is not intended for slaughter under a national programme of infectious or contagious disease eradication;
- (d) during the three months immediately preceding the exportation (▶") or since birth if the animal is less than three months old or since entry if it was imported directly from the European Community during the previous three months ◄) it has been resident on holdings under veterinary supervision in the country of dispatch and 30 days prior to dispatch in pre-export isolation;
- (e) it comes from the territory or in cases of official regionalization according to Community legislation from a part of the territory of a third country in which:
 - (i) Venezuelan equine encephalomyelitis has not occurred during the last two years;
 - (ii) dourine has not occurred during the last six months;
 - (iii) glanders has not occurred during the last six months;
 - (iv) either vesicular stomatitis has not occurred during the last six months (3),

0

- ▶⁽²⁾ (v) in the case of an uncastrated male animal older than 180 days, either equine viral arteritis has not been officially recorded during the last six months (3),

or

— the animal was tested on a blood sample taken within 21 days of export on ... (4) by virus neutralization test for equine viral arteritis with negative result at a dilution of 1 in 4 (3),

OI

an aliquot of its entire semen taken within 21 days of export on ... (4) was tested by virus isolation test for equine viral arteritis with negative result (3),

or

— the animal was vaccinated on ... (4) against equine viral arteritis under official veterinary supervision with a vaccine approved by the competent authority, according to the following programme for initial vaccination and has been re-vaccinated at regular intervals (3)

Programmes for initial vaccination against equine viral arteritis:

Instruction: Cross out vaccination programmes that do not apply to the animal described above.

Verify supporting certification on testing before vaccination, vaccination and re-vaccination.

- (a) Vaccination was carried out on the day a blood sample was taken that subsequently proved negative in a virus neutralization test at a dilution of 1 in 4; or
- (b) Vaccination was carried out during a period of isolation of not more than 15 days under official veterinary supervision, commencing on the day a blood sample was taken that was tested during that time with negative result in a virus neutralization test at a dilution of 1 in 4; or
- (c) Vaccination was carried out when the animal was at an age of 180 to 270 days, during a period of isolation under official veterinary supervision. During the isolation period two blood samples taken at least 10 days apart proved a stable or declining antibody titre in a virus neutralization tes for equine viral arteritis; ◄
- (f) it does not come from the territory or from a part of the territory of a third country considered, in accordance with EEC legislation, as infected with African horse sickness
 - either it was not vaccinated against African horse sickness (3), or
- (g) it does not come from a holding which was subject to prohibition for animal health reasons nor had contact with equidae from a holding which was subject to prohibition for animal health reasons:

- (i) during six months in the case of equine encephalomyelitis, beginning on the date on which the equidae suffering from the disease are slaughtered;
- (ii) in the case of infectious anaemia, until the date on which the infected animals having been slaughtered, the remaining animals have shown a negative reaction to two Coggins tests carried out three months apart;
- (iii) during six months in the case of vesicular stomatitis;
- (iv) during one month from the last recorded case, in the case of rabies;
- (v) during 15 days from the last recorded case, in the case of anthrax.

If all animals of species susceptible to the disease located on the holding have been slaughtered and the premises disinfected, the period of prohibition shall be 30 days, beginning on the day on which the animals were destroyed and the premises disinfected, except in the case of anthrax, where the period of prohibition is 15 days;

- (h) it shows no clinical signs of contagious equine metritis (CEM) and it does not come from a holding where there has been any suspicion of CEM during the past two months nor had contact indirectly or directly through coitus with equidae infected or suspected in CEM;
- (i) to the best of my knowledge, it has not been in contact with equidae suffering from an infectious or contagious disease in the 15 days prior to this declaration;
- (j) it was subjected to the following tests carried out with negative results on samples of blood taken within 21 days of export on(4):
 - a Coggins test for infectious anaemia,
 - a complement fixation test for dourine at a dilution of 1 in 10,
 - a complement fixation test for glanders at a dilution of 1 in 10;
 - **▶**(1)
- (k) either it was not vaccinated against Venezuelan equine encephalomyelitis (3)

it was vaccinated on(4), this being at least six months prior to pre-export isolation (3);

- IV. The animal will be sent in a vehicle cleansed and disinfected in advance with a disinfectant officially recognized in the country of dispatch and designed in a way that droppings, litter or fodder cannot escape during transportation.

The following declaration signed by the owner or representative is part of the certificate.

V. The certificate is valid for 10 days. In the case of transport by ship the time is prolonged by the time of the voyage.

Place	Stamp (*) and signature of the official veterinarian					
	Place					

(Name in block letters, qualification and title.)

(*) The colour of the stamp must be different to that of the printing.

DECLARATION

l, ti	the undersigned(owner or representative (2)	(insert name in block letters)					
dec	clare:						
	the animal will be sent directly from the premises of dispatch to the premises of destination without coming into contact with other equidae not of the same health status.						
	The transportation will be effected in such a way that health and well-being of the animal can be protected effectively;						
	the animal has either remained inentered the exporting country at least 90 da		ting country) since birth or				
	(Place, date)	(Sig	mature)				

⁽¹⁾ Part of territory in accordance with Article 13 (2) of Council Directive 90/426/EEC.
(2) This certificate must be issued on the day of loading of the animal for dispatch to the Member State of destination or, in the case of a registered horse, on the last working day before embarkation.
(3) Delete as appropriate.
(4) Insert date.

In the case of a registered equine animal, tests carried out, their results and vaccination have to be entered in the identification document (passport).

— E —

HEALTH CERTIFICATE

	for imports into Community territory of registered horses from Bahrein, ▶'®Egypt, ◄ Jordan, Kuwait, ▶'®Lebanon, ◄ Libya, Oman ▶'®, Syria ◄ and the United Arab Emirates and of registered equidae and equidae for breeding and production from Algeria, Israel, Malta, Mauritius ▶®, Morocco ◄ ▶®, Qatar ◄ and Tunisia						
	,		No of certificate:				
Tl	nird country of dispatch	(¹):	***************************************				
M	inistry responsible:						
Re	eference to accompanyin	g welfare certificate	bi				
I.	Identification of the ar	Identification of the animal					
	Species Horses, ass, mule, hinny	Breed Age Sex	Method of identification and identification (*)				
		\ \ \ \ \ \ \ \ \ \ \ \ \ \ \ \ \ \ \					
	(a) No of identificati	on document (Passpor	ay be attached to this certificate provided that its number is stated t): (Name of competent authority)				
Π.	Origin and destination The animal is to be set						
			(Place of export)				
	directly to:	· ·	(Member State and place of destination)				
	by railway wagon/lorry/aircraft/ship:						
			tion marks, flight number or registered name, as appropriate) (2)				
	Name and address of consignor:						
	***************************************	***************************************					

Ш,	Health information	· · · · · ·					
	I, the undersigned, cert	tify that the animal	described above meets the following requirements:				
			following diseases are compulsorily notifiable: African horse ephalomyelitis (of all types including VEE), infectious anaemia,				

 $\stackrel{(1)}{\triangleright} \frac{\mathbf{M1}}{\mathbf{M6}}$ $\stackrel{(2)}{\triangleright} \frac{\mathbf{M6}}{\mathbf{M7}}$ $\stackrel{(4)}{\triangleright} \frac{\mathbf{M8}}{\mathbf{M8}}$

vesicular stomatitis, rabies, anthrax;

(b) it has been examined today and shows no clinical sign of disease (2);

- ►⁽⁵⁾ <u>M14</u>

- (c) it is not intended for slaughter under a national programme of infectious or contagious disease eradication;
- (d), during the three months immediately preceding the exportation (▶") or since birth if the animal is less than three months old or since entry if it was imported directly from the European Community during the previous three months ◆) it has been resident on holdings under veterinary supervision in the country of dispatch and 40 days prior to dispatch in an approved isolation centre, protected from vector insects;
- (e) it comes from the territory or in cases of official regionalization according to Community legislation from a part of the territory of a third country in which:
 - (i) Venezuelan equine encephalomyelitis has not occurred during the last two years;
 - (ii) dourine has not occurred during the last six months;
 - (iii) glanders has not occurred during the last six months;
 - (iv) either vesicular stomatitis has not occurred during the last six months (3),

or

- ▶⁽²⁾ (v) in the case of an uncastrated male animal older than 180 days, either equine viral arteritis has not been officially recorded during the last six months (³),

OI

— the animal was tested on a blood sample taken within 21 days of export on ... (4) by virus neutralization test for equine viral arteritis with negative result at a dilution of 1 in 4 (3),

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an aliquot of its entire semen taken within 21 days of export on ... (4) was tested by virus isolation test for equine viral arteritis with negative result (3),

OI

— the animal was vaccinated on ... (4) against equine viral arteritis under official veterinary supervision with a vaccine approved by the competent authority, according to the following programme for initial vaccination and has been re-vaccinated at regular intervals (3)

Programmes for initial vaccination against equine viral arteritis:

Instruction: Cross out vaccination programmes that do not apply to the animal described above.

Verify supporting certification on testing before vaccination, vaccination and re-vaccination.

- (a) Vaccination was carried out on the day a blood sample was taken that subsequently proved negative in a virus neutralization test at a dilution of 1 in 4; or
- (b) Vaccination was carried out during a period of isolation of not more than 15 days under official veterinary supervision, commencing on the day a blood sample was taken that was tested during that time with negative result in a virus neutralization test at a dilution of 1 in 4; or
- (c) Vaccination was carried out when the animal was at an age of 180 to 270 days, during a period of isolation under official veterinary supervision. During the isolation period two blood samples taken at least 10 days apart proved a stable or declining antibody titre in a virus neutralization tes for equine viral arteritis; ◄
- (f) it does not come from the territory or from a part of the territory of a third country considered, in accordance with EEC legislation, as infected with African horse sickness
 - either it was not vaccinated against African horse sickness (4),

or

- (g) it does not come from a holding which was subject to prohibition for animal health reasons nor had contact with equidae from a holding which was subject to prohibition for animal health reasons:
 - (i) during six months in the case of equine encephalomyelitis, beginning on the date on which the equidae suffering from the disease are slaughtered;
 - (ii) in the case of infectious anaemia, until the date on which the infected animals having been slaughtered, the remaining animals have shown a negative reaction to two Coggins tests carried out three months apart;
 - (iii)during six months in the case of vesicular stomatitis;
 - (iv) during one month from the last recorded case, in the case of rabies;
 - (v) during 15 days from the last recorded case, in the case of anthrax.

If all animals of species susceptible to the disease located on the holding have been slaughtered and the premises disinfected, the period of prohibition shall be 30 days, beginning on the day on which the animals were destroyed and the premises disinfected, except in the case of anthrax, where the period of prohibition is 15 days;

- (h) it shows no clinical signs of contagious equine metritis (CEM) and it does not come from a holding where there has been any suspicion of CEM during the past two months nor had contact indirectly or directly through coitus with equidae infected or suspected in CEM;
- (i) to the best of my knowledge, it has not been in contact with equidae suffering from an infectious or contagious disease in the 15 days prior to this declaration;
- - a Coggins test for infectious anaemia,
 - a complement fixation test for dourine at a dilution of 1 in 10,
 - a complement fixation test for glanders at a dilution of 1 in 10;
 - (I)_____ **4**
- IV. The animal will be sent in a vehicle cleansed and disinfected in advance with a disinfectant officially recognized in the country of dispatch and designed in a way that droppings, litter or fodder cannot escape during transportation.

The following declaration signed by the owner or representative is part of the certificate.

V. The certificate is valid for 10 days. In the case of transport by ship the time is prolonged by the time of the voyage.

Date	Place	Stamp (*) and signature of the official veterinarian
* ,		
•	٠	
	<u> </u>	<u> </u>

(*) The colour of the stamp must be different to that of the printing.

DEC	I AK	AI	11 110

I, the undersigned(owner or representative (3) of the		•			
de	eclare:				
1.	the animal will be sent directly from the premises of dispatch to the premises of destination without coming into contact with other equidae not of the same health status.				
	The transportation will be effected in such a way the effectively;	at health and well-being of the animal can be protected			
2.	the animal has either remained in (exporting country) since birth of entered the exporting country at least 90 days prior to this declaration.				
	(Place, date)	(Signature)			

⁽¹⁾ Part of territory in accordance with Article 13 (2) of Council Directive 90/426/EEC.
(2) This certificate must be issued on the day of loading of the animal for dispatch to the Member State of destination or, in the case of a registered horse, on the last working day before embarkation.
(3) Delete as appropriate.
(4) Insert date.
In the case of a registered equine animal, tests carried out, their results and vaccination have to be entered in the identification document (passport).

-F-

HEALTH CERTIFICATE

for imports into Community territory of registered horses from South Africa (1)

Cert	tificate No:
Γhi	rd country of dispatch (¹):
	istry responsible:
I.	Identification of the horse
	(a) Identification document No (passport):
	(b) Validated by:
	(name of competent authority)
II.	Origin and destination of the horse
	The horse is to be sent from:
	(place of export)
	directly to:
	(Member State and place of destination)
	by aircraft:
	(indicate flight number)
	Name and address of consignor:
	Name and address of consignee:
	· · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·
III.	Health information
	I, the undersigned official veterinarian of
	(insert name of country)
	certify that the horse described above:
	(a) comes from a country where the following diseases are compulsorily notifiable: African horse sick-
	ness, dourine, glanders, equine encephalomyelitis of all types including Venezuelan equine encephalomyelitis, equine infectious anaemia, vesicular stomatitis, rabies, anthrax;
	(b) has been examined today and shows no clinical signs of disease (2);
	(c) is not intended for slaughter under a national programme of infectious or contagious disease eradication;
	(d) has been resident on the territory of the country (¹) of dispatch during three months immediately
	preceding the exportation (or since birth if less than three months old or since entry if it was imported directly from a Member State of the European Community during the previous three
	months)
	and
	has undergone the pre-export isolation during the last 40 days immediately preceding the exportation from
	atunder the following conditions:
	(i) the horse was accomodated permanently under vector-protected conditions (3);
	or
	(ii) the horse has been confined to the vector-protected stables at least from two hours prior to sunset until two hours after sunrise the next day and exercise was provided under official veter-
	inary supervision, following the application of effective insect repellents prior to the removal
	from the stables, and in strict isolation from equidae not being prepared for export under condi-
	tions at least as strict as required for temporary admission or imports into the European Community (3);

▼M12

- (e) comes from the territory of a country (1) in which:
 - (i) Venezuelan equine encephalomyelitis has not occurred during the last two years;
 - (ii) dourine has not occurred during the last six months;
 - (iii) glanders has not occurred during the last six months;
 - (iv) vesicular stomatitis has not occurred during the last six months (3)

or

- (v) in the case of an uncastrated male animal older than 180 days:
 - either equine viral arteritis has not been officially recorded during the last six months (3),

or

Of

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Programmes for initial vaccination against equine viral arteritis:

Instruction: Cross out vaccination programmes that do not apply to the animal described above.

- (a) Vaccination was carried out on the day a blood sample was taken that subsequently proved negative in a virus isolation test for equine viral arteritis at a dilution of 1 in 4.
- (b) Vaccination was carried out during a period of isolation of not more than 15 days under official veterinary supervision commencing on the day a blood sample was taken that was tested during that time with negative result in a virus neutralization test for equine viral arteritis at a dilution of 1 in 4.
- (c) Vaccination was carried out when the animal was at an age of 180 to 270 days, during a period of isolation under official veterinary supervision. During the isolation period two blood samples taken at least 10 days apart proved a stable or declining antibody titre in a virus neutralization test for equine viral arteritis.
- (f) does not come from the territory of a country (¹) considered, in accordance with EC legislation, as infected with African horse sickness and was either:
 - not vaccinated against African horse sickness (3),

or

- (g) does not come from a holding which was subject to a prohibition order for animal health reasons which laid down the following conditions:
 - (i) If not all the animals of species susceptible to the disease located on the holding were slaughtered, the prohibition lasted for:
 - six months in the case of equine encephalomyelitis, beginning on the date on which the
 equidae suffering from the disease are slaughtered,
 - a period required to carry out with negative results two Coggins tests three months apart on the animals remaining after the infected animals have been slaughtered in the case of infectious anaemia.
 - six months in the case of vesicular stomatitis,
 - one month from the last recorded case, in the case of rabies,
 - 15 days from the last recorded case, in the case of anthrax.

▼M12

- (ii) If all the animals of species susceptible to the disease located on the holding were slaughtered, the prohibition lasted for 30 days, or 15 days in the case of anthrax, beginning on the day on which following the destruction of the animals the disinfection of the premises was satisfactorily completed;
- (h) shows no clinical signs of contagious equine metritis and does not come from a holding where there has been any suspicion of contagious equine metritis during the past two months nor had contact indirectly or directly through coitus with equidae infected or suspected of being infected with contagious equine metritis;
- (i) has, to the best of my knowledge and according to the declaration of the owner or his representative, not been in contact with animals showing clinical signs of an infectious or contagious disease transmissible to equidae during 15 days prior to pre-export isolation;
- - a Coggins test for equine infectious anaemia,
 - a complement fixation test for dourine at a dilution of 1 in 5;
- - with negative reactions, if it has not been vaccinated (3) (4),

or

- without increase in antibody level, if it has been vaccinated (3) (4);
- - with negative reactions (3) (4),

Of

- without increase in antibody level (3) (4).
- IV. The horse will be sent directly from the quarantine station to the airport under vector-protected conditions and will be sent to the Member State of the European Community without coming into contact with other equidae not accompanied by an EC certificate either for permanent importation or for temporary admission of registered horses. The aircraft will be cleansed and disinfected in advance with a disinfectant officially recognized in the country of dispatch and sprayed against vector insects just prior to take off.

The attached declaration signed by the owner or representative is part of the certificate.

V. The certificate is valid for 10 days.

Date	Place	Stamp and signature of the official veterinarian (6)				
		,				
(name in block capitals and capacity)						

^{(&#}x27;) Territory of a country means the whole territory or the part of the territory in accordance with Article 13 (2) of Directive 90/426/EEC as laid down in Commission Decision 92/160/EEC as last amended.

⁽²⁾ The certificate must be issued on the day of loading of the horse for dispatch to the Member State of destination or on the last working day before embarkation and accompanied by the identification document (passport) during the time of residence in the Community.

⁽³⁾ Delete as appropriate

^(*) The test(s) carried out, their results and the vaccination have to be entered in the identification document (passport).

⁽⁵⁾ Insert date

⁽⁶⁾ The colour of the stamp and the signature must be different to that of the printing.

▼<u>M12</u>

Declaration

I,	I, the undersigned	, own	er (¹)	or	representative	of	the	owner (¹)
of	(insert of the horse described above de	name in block letters) eclare:						
1.	Č	ly from the quarantine station nto contact with other equida ortation of equidae into the l	e not	accor	mpanied by a			
2.	The transportation will be effectively.	cted in such a way that the he	alth a	nd we	ll-being of the	animal (can be	protected
3.	During 15 days prior to pre-extious or contagious diseases to the second s		t been	in co	ntact with anim	als suffe	ring fi	rom infec-
	(place, date)					(signatu	 ıre)	•••••
H	Health certificate No:							
•••	(signature of the official vetering	nrian signing the certificate) (²)	•					

⁽¹⁾ Delete as appropriate.
(2) The colour of the stamp and the signature must be different to that of the printing.