STATUTORY INSTRUMENTS

1995 No. 2702 (N.I. 13)

NORTHERN IRELAND

The Child Support (Northern Ireland) Order 1995

Made - - - - 18th October 1995
Laid before Parliament 15th November 1995
Coming into operation in accordance with Article 1(3)
and (4)

At the Court at Buckingham Palace, the 18th Day of October 1995

Present,

The Queen's Most Excellent Majesty in Council

Whereas this Order is made only for purposes corresponding to those of the Child Support Act 1995(1):

Now, therefore, Her Majesty, in exercise of the powers conferred by paragraph 1 of Schedule 1 to the Northern Ireland Act 1974(2) (as modified by section 29 (1) of the said Act of 1995) and of all other powers enabling Her in that behalf, is pleased, by and with the advice of Her Privy Council, to order, and it is hereby ordered, as follows:—

Introductory

Title and commencement

- **1.**—(1) This Order may be cited as the Child Support (Northern Ireland) Order 1995.
- (2) This Order and the Order of 1991 may be cited together as the Child Support (Northern Ireland) Orders 1991 and 1995.
- (3) This Order, except paragraph 17 of Schedule 3, shall come into operation on such day or days as the Head of the Department may by order appoint.
- (4) Paragraph 17 of Schedule 3 shall come into operation on the day appointed under Article 1(2) of the Children (Northern Ireland) Order 1995(3) for the coming into operation of paragraph 182 of Schedule 9 to that Order.

^{(1) 1995} c. 34.

^{(2) 1974} c. 28.

⁽**3**) 1995 NI 2.

Interpretation

- **2.**—(1) The Interpretation Act (Northern Ireland) 1954(4) shall apply to Article 1 and the following provisions of this Order as it applies to a Measure of the Northern Ireland Assembly.
 - (2) In this Order "the Order of 1991" means the Child Support (Northern Ireland) Order 1991(5).
- (3) Expressions in this Order which are used in the Order of 1991 have the same meaning in this Order as they have in that Order.

Departure directions, etc.

Departure from usual rules for determining maintenance assessments

3.—(1) In the Order of 1991, after Article 28 there shall be inserted the following Articles—

"Departure from usual rules for determining maintenance assessments

Application for a departure direction

- **28A.**—(1) Where a maintenance assessment ("the current assessment") is in force, the person with care, or absent parent, with respect to whom it was made may apply to the Department for a direction under Article 28F (a "departure direction").
- (2) An application for a departure direction shall state in writing the grounds on which it is made and shall, in particular, state whether it is based on—
 - (a) the effect of the current assessment; or
 - (b) a material change in the circumstances of the case since the current assessment was made.
- (3) In other respects, an application for a departure direction shall be made in such manner as may be prescribed.
 - (4) An application may be made under this Article even though—
 - (a) an application for a review has been made under Article 19 or 20 with respect to the current assessment; or
 - (b) a child support officer is conducting a review of the current assessment under Article 18 or 21.
- (5) If the Department considers it appropriate to do so, the Department may by regulations provide for the question whether a change of circumstances is material to be determined in accordance with the regulations.
 - (6) Schedule 4A shall have effect in relation to departure directions.

Preliminary consideration of applications

- **28B.**—(1) Where an application for a departure direction has been duly made to the Department, it may give the application a preliminary consideration.
- (2) Where the Department does so the Department may, on completing the preliminary consideration, reject the application if it appears to the Department—
 - (a) that there are no grounds on which a departure direction could be given in response to the application; or

^{(4) 1954} c. 33 (N.I.).

^{(5) 1991} NI 23.

- (b) that the difference between the current amount and the revised amount is less than an amount to be calculated in accordance with regulations made by the Department for the purposes of this paragraph and Article 28F(4).
- (3) In paragraph (2)—
 - "the current amount" means the amount of the child support maintenance fixed by the current assessment; and
 - "the revised amount" means the amount of child support maintenance which, but for paragraph (2)(b), would be fixed if a fresh maintenance assessment were to be made as a result of a departure direction allowing the departure applied for.
- (4) Before completing any preliminary consideration, the Department may refer the current assessment to a child support officer for it to be reviewed as if an application for a review had been made under Article 19 or 20.
- (5) A review initiated by a reference under paragraph (4) shall be conducted as if paragraph (4) of Article 19, or (as the case may be) paragraph (8) of Article 20, were omitted.
- (6) Where, as a result of a review of the current assessment under Article 18, 19, 20 or 21 (including a review initiated by a reference under paragraph (4)), a fresh maintenance assessment is made, the Department—
 - (a) shall notify the applicant and such other persons as may be prescribed that the fresh maintenance assessment has been made; and
 - (b) may direct that the application is to lapse unless, before the end of such period as may be prescribed, the applicant notifies the Department that he wishes it to stand.

Imposition of a regular payments condition

- **28**C.—(1) Where an application for a departure direction is made by an absent parent, the Department may impose on him one of the conditions mentioned in paragraph (2) ("a regular payments condition").
 - (2) The conditions are that—
 - (a) the applicant must make the payments of child support maintenance fixed by the current assessment;
 - (b) the applicant must make such reduced payments of child support maintenance as may be determined in accordance with regulations made by the Department.
- (3) Where the Department imposes a regular payments condition, the Department shall give written notice to the absent parent and person with care concerned of the imposition of the condition and of the effect of failure to comply with it.
- (4) A regular payments conditions shall cease to have effect on the failure or determination of the application.
 - (5) For the purposes of paragraph (4), an application for a departure direction fails if—
 - (a) it lapses or is withdrawn; or
 - (b) the Department rejects if on completing a preliminary consideration under Article 28R
 - (6) Where an absent parent has failed to comply with a regular payments condition—
 - (a) the Department may refuse to consider the application; and
 - (b) in prescribed circumstances the application shall lapse.

- (7) The question whether an absent parent has failed to comply with a regular payments condition shall be determined by the Department.
- (8) Where the Department determines that an absent parent has failed to comply with a regular payments condition the Department shall give that parent, and the person with care, concerned, written notice of its decision.

Determination of applications

- **28D.**—(1) Where an application for a departure direction has not failed, the Department shall—
 - (a) determine the application in accordance with the relevant provisions of, or made under, this Order; or
 - (b) refer the application to a child support appeal tribunal for the tribunal to determine it in accordance with those provisions.
 - (2) For the purposes of paragraph (1), an application for a departure direction has failed if—
 - (a) it has lapsed or been withdrawn; or
 - (b) the Department has rejected it on completing a preliminary consideration under Article 28B.
- (3) In dealing with an application for a departure direction which has been referred to it under paragraph (1)(b), a child support appeal tribunal shall have the same powers, and be subject to the same duties, as would the Department if it were dealing with the application.

Matters to be taken into account

- **28E.**—(1) In determining any application for a departure direction, the Department shall have regard both to the general principles set out in paragraph (2) and to such other considerations as may be prescribed.
 - (2) The general principles are that—
 - (a) parents should be responsible for maintaining their children whenever they can afford to do so;
 - (b) where a parent has more than one child, his obligation to maintain any one of them should be no less of an obligation than his obligation to maintain any other of them.
- (3) In determining any application for a departure direction, the Department shall take into account any representations made to it by the person with care or absent parent concerned.
- (4) In determining any application for a departure direction, no account shall be taken of the fact that—
 - (a) any part of the income of the person with care concerned is, or would be if a departure direction were made, derived from any benefit; or
 - (b) some or all of any child support maintenance might be taken into account in any manner in relation to any entitlement to benefit.
 - (5) In this Article "benefit" has such meaning as may be prescribed.

Departure directions

- **28F.**—(1) The Department may give a departure direction if—
 - (a) the Department is satisfied that the case is one which falls within one or more of the cases set out in Part I of Schedule 4B or in regulations made under that Part; and

- (b) it is the Department's opinion that, in all the circumstances of the case, it would be just and equitable to give a departure direction.
- (2) In considering whether it would be just and equitable in any case to give a departure direction, the Department shall have regard, in particular, to—
 - (a) the financial circumstances of the absent parent concerned,
 - (b) the financial circumstances of the person with care concerned, and
 - (c) the welfare of any child likely to be affected by the direction.
 - (3) The Department may by regulations make provision—
 - (a) for factors which are to be taken into account in determining whether it would be just and equitable to give a departure direction in any case;
 - (b) for factors which are not to be taken into account in determining such a question.
- (4) The Department shall not give a departure direction if it is satisfied that the difference between the current amount and the revised amount is less than an amount to be calculated in accordance with regulations made by the Department for the purposes of this paragraph and Article 28B(2).
 - (5) In paragraph (4)—
 - "the current amount" means the amount of the child support maintenance fixed by the current assessment, and
 - "the revised amount" means the amount of child support maintenance which would be fixed if a fresh maintenance assessment were to be made as a result of the departure direction which the Department would give in response to the application but for paragraph(4).
 - (6) A departure direction shall—
 - (a) require a child support officer to make one or more fresh maintenance assessments; and
 - (b) specify the basis on which the amount of child support maintenance is to be fixed by any assessment made in consequence of the direction.
- (7) In giving a departure direction, the Department shall comply with the provisions of regulations made under Part II of Schedule 4B.
- (8) Before the end of such period as may be prescribed, the Department shall notify the applicant for a departure direction, and such other persons as may be prescribed—
 - (a) of its decision in relation to the application, and
 - (b) of the reasons for its decision.

Effect and duration of departure directions

- **28G.**—(1) Where a departure direction is given, it shall be the duty of the child support officer to whom the case is referred to comply with the direction as soon as is reasonably practicable.
 - (2) A departure direction may be given so as to have effect—
 - (a) for a specified period; or
 - (b) until the occurrence of a specified event.
- (3) The Department may by regulations make provision for the cancellation of a departure direction in prescribed circumstances.

- (4) The Department may by regulations make provision as to when a departure direction is to take effect.
- (5) Regulations under paragraph (4) may provide for a departure direction to have effect from a date earlier than that on which the direction is given.

Appeals in relation to applications for departure directions

- **28H.**—(1) Any qualifying person who is aggrieved by any decision of the Department on an application for a departure direction may appeal to a child support appeal tribunal against that decision.
- (2) In paragraph (1), "qualifying person" means the person with care, or absent parent, with respect to whom the current assessment was made.
- (3) Except with leave of the chairman of a child support appeal tribunal, no appeal under this Article shall be brought after the end of the period of 28 days beginning with the date on which notification was given of the decision in question.
 - (4) On an appeal under this Article, the tribunal shall—
 - (a) consider the matter—
 - (i) as if it were exercising the powers of the Department in relation to the application in question; and
 - (ii) as if it were subject to the duties imposed on the Department in relation to that application;
 - (b) have regard to any representation made to it by the Department; and
 - (c) confirm the decision or replace it with such decision as the tribunal considers appropriate.

Transitional provisions

- **28I.**—(1) In the case of an application for a departure direction relating to a maintenance assessment which was made before the coming into operation of Article 28A the period within which the application must be made shall be such period as may be prescribed.
- (2) The Department may by regulations make provision for applications for departure directions to be dealt with according to an order determined in accordance with the regulations.
 - (3) The regulations may, for example, provide for—
 - (a) applications relating to prescribed descriptions of maintenance assessment, or
 - (b) prescribed descriptions of application,

to be dealt with before applications relating to other prescribed descriptions of assessment or (as the case may be) other prescribed descriptions of application.

- (4) The Department may by regulations make provision—
 - (a) enabling applications for departure directions made before the coming into operation of Article 28A to be considered even though that Article is not in operation;
 - (b) for the determination of any such application as if Article 28A and the other provisions of this Order relating to departure directions were in operation; and
 - (c) as to the effect of any departure direction given before the coming into operation of Article 28A.
- (5) Regulations under Article 28G(4) may not provide for a departure direction to have effect from a date earlier than that on which that Article came into operation."

- (2) Schedule 1 inserts in the Order of 1991 the new Schedule 4A which is referred to in paragraph (6) of the new Article 28A inserted by paragraph (1) of this Article.
- (3) Schedule 2 inserts in the Order of 1991 the new Schedule 4B which is referred to in paragraphs (1)(a) and (7) of the new Article 28F inserted by paragraph (1) of this Article.

The child maintenance bonus

The child maintenance bonus

- **4.**—(1) The Department may by regulations make provision for the payment, in prescribed circumstances, of sums to persons—
 - (a) who are or have been in receipt of child maintenance; and
 - (b) to or in respect of whom income support or a jobseeker's allowance is or has been paid.
 - (2) A sum payable under the regulations shall be known as "a child maintenance bonus".
- (3) A child maintenance bonus shall be treated for all purposes as payable by way of income support or (as the case may be) a jobseeker's allowance.
- (4) Paragraph (3) is subject to section 617 of the Income and Corporation Taxes Act 1988(6) (which, as amended by paragraph 1 of Schedule 3 to the Child Support Act 1995(7), provides for a child maintenance bonus not to taxable).
 - (5) The regulations may, in particular, provide for—
 - (a) a child maintenance bonus to be payable only on the occurrence of a prescribed event;
 - (b) a bonus not to be payable unless a claim is made before the end of the prescribed period;
 - (c) the amount of a bonus (subject to any maximum prescribed by virtue of sub-paragraph (f)) to be determined in accordance with the regulations;
 - (d) enabling amounts to be calculated by reference to periods of entitlement to income support and periods of entitlement to a jobseeker's allowance;
 - (e) treating a bonus as payable wholly by way of a jobseeker's allowance or wholly by way of income support, in a case where amounts have been calculated in accordance with provision made by virtue of sub-paragraph (d);
 - (f) the amount of a bonus not to exceed a prescribed maximum;
 - (g) a bonus not to be payable if the amount of the bonus which would otherwise be payable is less than the prescribed minimum;
 - (h) prescribed periods to be disregarded for prescribed purposes;
 - (i) a bonus which has been paid to a person to be treated, in prescribed circumstances and for prescribed purposes, as income or capital of that person or of any other member of that person's family;
 - (j) treating the whole or a prescribed part of an amount which has accrued towards a person's bonus—
 - (i) as not having accrued towards the person's bonus; but
 - (ii) as having accrued towards the bonus of another person.
 - (6) The Department may by regulations provide—
 - (a) for the whole or a prescribed part of a child maintenance bonus to be paid in such circumstances as may be prescribed to such person, other than the person who is or

^{(6) 1988} c. 1.

^{(7) 1995} c. 34.

- had been in receipt of child maintenance, as may be determined in accordance with the regulations;
- (b) for any payments of a prescribed kind which have been collected by the Department, and retained by it, to be treated for the purposes of this Article as having been received by the appropriate person as payments of child maintenance.
- (7) In this Article—
 - "appropriate person" has such meanings as may be prescribed;
 - "child" means a person under the age of 16;
 - "child maintenance" has such meaning as may be prescribed;
 - "family" means-
 - (a) a married or unmarried couple;
 - (b) a married or unmarried couple and a member of the same household for whom one of them is, or both are, responsible and who is a child or a person of a prescribed description;
 - (c) except in prescribed circumstances, a person who is not a member of a married or unmarried couple and a member of the same household for whom that person is responsible and who is a child or a person of a prescribed description;
 - "married couple" means a man and woman who are married to each other and are members of the same household; and
 - "unmarried couple" means a man and woman who are not married to each other but are living together as husband and wife otherwise than in prescribed circumstances.
- (8) For the purposes of this Article, the Department may by regulations make provision as to the circumstances in which—
 - (a) persons are to be treated as being or not being members of the same household;
 - (b) one person is to be treated as responsible or not responsible for another.

Reviews of maintenance assessments etc.

Reviews: interim maintenance assessments

- **5.** In Article 14 of the Order of 1991 (interim maintenance assessments), for paragraph (1) there shall be substituted—
 - "(1) This Article applies where a child support officer—
 - (a) is required to make a maintenance assessment;
 - (b) is proposing to conduct a review under Article 18, 19, 20 or 21; or
 - (c) is conducting such a review.
 - (1A) If it appears to the child support officer that he does not have sufficient information to enable him—
 - (a) in a case falling within paragraph (1)(a), to make the assessment,
 - (b) in a case falling within paragraph (1)(b), to conduct the proposed review, or
 - (c) in a case falling within paragraph (1)(c), to complete the review,

he may make an interim maintenance assessment."

Reviews on change of circumstances

- **6.**—(1) Article 19 of the Order of 1991 (reviews on change of circumstances) shall be amended as follows.
 - (2) After paragraph (2) there shall be inserted—
 - "(2A) The Department shall refer to a child support officer any application under this Article which is duly made."
 - (3) In paragraph (3)—
 - (a) after "paragraph (6)" there shall be inserted ", or by virtue of paragraph (7),"; and
 - (b) for "the review applied for" there shall be substituted "a review".
 - (4) After paragraph (4) there shall be inserted—
 - "(4A) Where a child support officer is conducting a review under this Article, and the original assessment has ceased to have effect, he may continue the review as if the application for a review related to the original assessment and any subsequent assessment."
 - (5) For paragraph (5) there shall be substituted—
 - "(5) In conducting a review under this Article, the child support officer shall take into account a change of circumstance only if—
 - (a) he has been notified of it in such manner, and by such person, as may be prescribed; or
 - (b) it is one which he knows has taken place."
 - (6) In paragraph (6)—
 - (a) for "any review" there shall be substituted "a review of the original assessment"; and
 - (b) after "maintenance assessment" there shall be inserted "by reference to the circumstances of the case as at the date of the application under this Article".
 - (7) After paragraph (6) there shall be added—
 - "(7) On completing a review of any subsequent assessment under this Article, the child support officer concerned shall make a fresh maintenance assessment except in such circumstances as may be prescribed.
 - (8) In this Article "subsequent assessment" means a maintenance assessment made after the original assessment with respect to the same persons as the original assessment."

Continuation of reviews under Article 20 of the Order of 1991

- 7. In Article 20 of the Order of 1991 (reviews of decisions of child support officers), after paragraph (6) there shall be inserted—
 - "(6A) Where a child support officer is conducting a review under this Article and the maintenance assessment in question ("the original assessment") is no longer in force, he may continue the review as if the application for a review related to the original assessment and any maintenance assessment made after the original assessment with respect to the same persons as the original assessment."

Cancellation of maintenance assessments on review

8.—(1) In Article 20 of the Order of 1991 (reviews of decisions of child support officers), after paragraph (10) there shall be inserted—

- "(10A) If a child support officer conducting a review under this Article is satisfied that the maintenance assessment in question was not validly made he may cancel it with effect from the date on which it took effect."
- (2) In paragraph 16 of Schedule 1 to the Order of 1991 (termination of maintenance assessments), after sub-paragraph (4) there shall be inserted—
 - "(4A) A maintenance assessment may be cancelled by a child support officer if he is conducting a review under Article 18, 19, 20 or 21 and it appears to him—
 - (a) that the person with care with respect to whom the maintenance assessment in question was made has failed to provide him with sufficient information to enable him to complete the review; and
 - (b) where the maintenance assessment in question was made in response to an application under Article 9, that the person with care with respect to whom the assessment was made has ceased to fall within paragraph (1) of that Article."
- (3) In sub-paragraph (7) of paragraph 16 of Schedule 1 to the Order of 1991, after "sub-paragraph" there shall be inserted "(4A),".

Reviews at instigation of child support officers

9. For Article 21 of the Order of 1991 there shall be substituted—

"Reviews at instigation of child support officers

- **21.**—(1) Where a child support officer is not conducting a review under Article 18, 19 or 20, he may nevertheless review—
 - (a) a refusal to make a maintenance assessment,
 - (b) a refusal to review a maintenance assessment under Article 19,
 - (c) a maintenance assessment (whether or not in force),
 - (d) a cancellation of a maintenance assessment, or
 - (e) a refusal to cancel a maintenance assessment,

if he suspects that it may be defective for one or more of the reasons set out in paragraph (2).

- (2) The reasons are that the refusal, assessment or cancellation—
 - (a) was made in ignorance of a material fact;
 - (b) was based on a mistake as to a material fact; or
 - (c) was wrong in law.
- (3) If, on completing such a review, the child support officer is satisfied that the refusal, assessment or cancellation is defective for one or more of those reasons, he may—
 - (a) take no further action;
 - (b) in the case of a maintenance assessment which has been cancelled, set aside the cancellation;
 - (c) make a maintenance assessment;
 - (d) make a fresh maintenance assessment;
 - (e) cancel the maintenance assessment in question.
- (4) Where a child support officer sets a cancellation aside under paragraph (3), the maintenance assessment in question shall have effect as if it had never been cancelled.

- (5) Any cancellation of a maintenance assessment under this Article shall have effect from such date as may be determined by the child support officer.
- (6) Where a child support officer suspects that if an application for a review of a maintenance assessment were to be made under Article 19 it would be appropriate to make one or more fresh maintenance assessments, he may review the maintenance assessment even though no application for its review has been made under that Article.
- (7) If, on completing a review by virtue of paragraph (6), the child support officer is satisfied that it would be appropriate to make one or more fresh maintenance assessments, he may do so."

Appeals

Lapse of appeals to child support appeal tribunals

10. In the Order of 1991, after Article 22 there shall be inserted—

"Lapse of appeals

- **22A.**—(1) This Article applies where—
 - (a) a person has brought an appeal under Article 22; and
 - (b) before the appeal is heard, the decision appealed against is reviewed under Article 21.
- (2) If the child support officer conducting the review considers that the decision which he has made on the review is the same as that which would have been made on the appeal had every ground of the appeal succeeded, the appeal shall lapse.
- (3) In any other case, the review shall be of no effect and the appeal shall proceed accordingly."

Determination of questions other than by Child Support Commissioners

11. In Schedule 4 to the Order of 1991 (matters concerning Child Support Commissioners), after paragraph 1 there shall be inserted—

"Determination of questions by other officers

- **1A.**—(1) The Lord Chancellor may by regulations provide—
 - (a) for officers authorised by him to determine any question which is determinable by a Child Support Commissioner and which does not involve the determination of any appeal, application for leave to appeal or reference;
 - (b) for the procedure to be followed by any such officer in determining any such question;
 - (c) for the manner in which determinations of such questions by such officers may be called in question.
- (2) A determination which would have the effect of preventing an appeal, application for leave to appeal or reference being determined by a Child Support Commissioner is not a determination of the appeal, application or reference for the purposes of sub-paragraph (1)."

Miscellaneous

Deferral of right to apply for maintenance assessment

- **12.**—(1) In Article 7 of the Order of 1991 (right of person with care or absent parent to apply for maintenance assessment), at the end there shall be inserted—
 - "(10) No application may be made at any time under this Article with respect to a qualifying child or any qualifying children if—
 - (a) there is in force a written maintenance agreement made before 5th April 1993, or a maintenance order, in respect of that child or those children and the person who is, at that time, the absent parent; or
 - (b) benefit is being paid to, or in respect of, a parent with care of that child or those children.
 - (11) In paragraph (10) "benefit" means any benefit which is mentioned in, or prescribed by regulations under, Article 9(1)."
- (2) In Article 10 of the Order of 1991 (role of the courts with respect to maintenance for children), after paragraph (3) there shall be inserted—
 - "(3A) In any case in which Article 7(10) prevents the making of an application for a maintenance assessment, and—
 - (a) no application has been made for a maintenance assessment under Article 9, or
 - (b) such an application has been made but no maintenance assessment has been made in response to it,

paragraph (3) shall have effect with the omission of the word "vary"."

- (3) In Article 11 of the Order of 1991 (maintenance agreements), at the beginning of paragraph (3) there shall be inserted "Subject to Article 7(10)(a)," and after paragraph (5) there shall be inserted—
 - "(6) In any case in which Article 7(10) prevents the making of an application for a maintenance assessment, and—
 - (a) no application has been made for a maintenance assessment under Article 9, or
 - (b) such an application has been made but no maintenance assessment has been made in response to it,

paragraph (5) shall have effect with the omission of sub-paragraph (b)."

- (4) The Department may by order repeal any of the provisions of this Article.
- (5) Article 7(10) of the Order of 1991 shall not apply in relation to a maintenance order made in the circumstances mentioned in paragraph (7) or (8) of Article 10 of the Order of 1991.
- (6) The Department may by regulations make provision for Article 7(10) of the Order of 1991 not to apply in relation to such other cases as may be prescribed.
- (7) Part I of the Schedule to the Child Support (1991 Order) (Commencement No. 3 and Transitional Provisions) Order (Northern Ireland) 1992(8) (phased take-on of certain cases) is hereby revoked.
- (8) At any time before 7th April 1997, neither Article 10(3), nor Article 11(5)(b), of the Order of 1991 shall apply in relation to any case which fell within paragraph 4(2) of the Schedule to the Order of 1992 (pending cases during the transitional period set by that order).

Non-referral of applications for maintenance assessments

- **13.** In Article 13 of the Order of 1991, after paragraph (1)(referral of application for maintenance assessment to child support officer) there shall be inserted—
 - "(1A) Where-
 - (a) an application for a maintenance assessment is made under Article 9, but
 - (b) the Department becomes aware, before referring the application to a child support officer, that the claim mentioned in paragraph (1) of that Article has been disallowed or withdrawn,

the Department shall, subject of paragraph (1B), treat the application as if it had not been made.

- (1B) If it appears to the Department that paragraph (10) of Article 7 would not have prevent the parent with care concerned from making an application for a maintenance assessment under that Article the Department shall—
 - (a) notify that parent of the effect of this paragraph, and
 - (b) if, before the end of the period of 28 days beginning with the day on which notice was sent to that parent, that parent asks the Department to do so, treat the application as having been made not under Article 9 but under Article 7.
- (1C) Where the application is not preserved under paragraph (1B) (and so is treated as not having been made) the Department shall notify—
 - (a) the parent with care concerned; and
 - (b) the absent parent (or alleged absent parent), where it appears to him that that person is aware of the application."

Fees for scientific tests

14. After Article 27 of the Order of 1991 there shall be inserted—

"Recovery of fees for scientific tests

- **27A.**—(1) This Article applies in any case where—
 - (a) an application for a maintenance assessment has been made or a maintenance assessment is in force;
 - (b) scientific tests have been carried out (otherwise than under a direction) in relation to bodily samples obtained from a person who is alleged to be a parent of a child with respect to whom the application or assessment is made;
 - (c) the results of the tests do not exclude the alleged parent from being one of the child's parents; and
 - (d) one of the conditions set out in paragraph (2) is satisfied.
- (2) The conditions are that—
 - (a) the alleged parent does not deny that he is one of the child's parents; or
 - (b) in proceedings under Article 28, a court has made a declaration that the alleged parent is a parent of the child in question.
- (3) In any case to which this Article applies, any fee paid by the Department in connection with scientific tests may be recovered by it from the alleged parent as a debt due to the Crown.
 - (4) In this Article—

- "bodily sample" means a sample of bodily fluid or bodily tissue taken for the purpose of scientific tests;
- "direction" means a direction given by a court under Article 8 of the Family Law Reform (Northern Ireland) Order 1977(9) (tests to determine paternity); and
- "scientific tests" means scientific tests made with the object of ascertaining the inheritable characteristics of bodily fluids or bodily tissue.
- (5) Any sum recovered by the Department under this Article shall be paid by the Department into the Consolidated Fund."

Disputed parentage

- **15.**—(1) Article 28 of the Order of 1991 (reference to court for declaration of parentage) shall be amended as set out in paragraphs (2) to (4).
 - (2) For paragraph (1) there shall be substituted—
 - "(1) Paragraph (1A) applies in any case where—
 - (a) an application for a maintenance assessment has been made, or a maintenance assessment is in force, with respect to a person ("the alleged parent") who denies that he is a parent of a child with respect to whom the application or assessment was made; and
 - (b) a child support officer to whom the case is referred is not satisfied that the case falls within one of those set out in Article 27(2).
 - (1A) In any case where this paragraph applies, the Department or the person with care may apply to a court of summary jurisdiction for a declaration as to whether or not the alleged parent is one of the child's parents."
 - (3) In paragraph (2), for "(1)" there shall be substituted "(1A)".
 - (4) For paragraph (3), there shall be substituted—
 - "(3) A declaration under this Article shall have effect only for the purposes of—
 - (a) this Order; and
 - (b) proceedings in which a court is considering whether to make a maintenance order in the circumstances mentioned in paragraph (6), (7) or (8) of Article 10."

Child support maintenance: arrears and overpayments

16. In the Order of 1991, after Article 38 there shall be inserted—

"Arrears: alternative to interest payments

- **38A.**—(1) The Department may by regulations make provision for the payment by absent parents who are in arrears with payments of child support maintenance of sums determined in accordance with the regulations.
- (2) A sum payable under any such regulations is referred to in this Article as an "additional sum".
- (3) Any liability of an absent parent to pay an additional sum shall not affect any liability of his to pay the arrears of child support maintenance concerned.
- (4) The Department shall exercise its powers under this Article and those under Article 38(3) in such a way as to ensure that no absent parent is liable to pay both interest and an

additional sum in respect of the same period (except by reference to different maintenance assessments).

- (5) Regulations under paragraph (1) may, in particular, make provision—
 - (a) as to the calculation of any additional sum;
 - (b) as to the time at which, and person to whom, any additional sum shall be payable;
 - (c) as to the circumstances in which, in a case where the Department has been acting under Article 9, any additional sum may be retained by it;
 - (d) for the Department, in a case where it has been acting under Article 9 and in such circumstances as may be prescribed, to waive any additional sum (or part of any additional sum).
- (6) The provisions of this Order with respect to—
 - (a) the collection of child support maintenance;
 - (b) the enforcement of any obligation to pay child support maintenance,

shall apply equally to additional sums payable by virtue of regulations made under this Article.

(7) Any sum retained by the Department by virtue of this Article shall be paid by the Department into the Consolidated Fund.

Repayment of overpaid child support maintenance

- **38B.**—(1) This Article applies where it appears to the Department that an absent parent has made a payment by way of child support maintenance which amounts to an overpayment by him of that maintenance and that—
 - (a) it would not be possible for the absent parent to recover the amount of overpayment by way of an adjustment of the amount payable under a maintenance assessment; or
 - (b) it would be inappropriate to rely on an adjustment of the amount payable under a maintenance assessment as the means of enabling the absent parent to recover the amount of the overpayment.
- (2) The Department may make such payment to the absent parent by way of reimbursement, or partial reimbursement, of the overpayment as the Department considers appropriate.
- (3) Where the Department has made a payment under this Article the Department may, in such circumstances as may be prescribed, require the relevant person to pay to it the whole, or a specified proportion, of the amount of that payment.
- (4) Any such requirement shall be imposed by giving the relevant person a written demand for the amount which the Department wishes to recover from him.
- (5) Any sum which a person is required to pay to the Department under this Article shall be recoverable from him by the Department as a debt due to the Crown.
- (6) The Department may by regulations make provision in relation to any case in which—
 - (a) one or more overpayments of child support maintenance are being reimbursed to the Department by the relevant person; and
 - (b) child support maintenance has continued to be payable by the absent parent concerned to the person with care concerned, or again becomes so payable.

- (7) For the purposes of this Article any payments made by a person under a maintenance assessment which was not validly made shall be treated as overpayment of child support maintenance made by an absent parent.
- (8) In this Article "relevant person", in relation to an overpayment, means the person with care to whom the overpayment was made.
- (9) Any sum recovered by the Department under this Article shall be paid by the Department into the Consolidated Fund."

Compensation payments

- 17.—(1) The Department may by regulations make provision for the payment by it, in prescribed circumstances and to or in respect of qualifying persons, of sums by way of compensation or partial compensation for any reduction which is attributable to one or more prescribed changes in child support legislation.
 - (2) For the purposes of this Article—
 - "child support legislation" means—
 - (a) the provision of the Order of 1991 and this Order;
 - (b) any provision made under that Order or this Order; and
 - (c) such other provisions (if any) of primary or subordinate legislation with respect to child support maintenance as may be prescribed;
 - "compensation payment" means any sum payable under the regulations;
 - "qualifying person" means a person with care—
 - (a) with respect to whom a maintenance assessment ("the revised assessment") is in force or was made after the change or changes took effect;
 - (b) to or in respect of whom family credit or disability working allowance is or has been paid; and
 - (c) with respect to whom an earlier maintenance assessment was in force at the relevant time;
 - "reduction" means a reduction in the amount of child support maintenance payable under the revised assessment when compared with the amount payable under the earlier assessmen; and
 - "relevant time" has such meaning as may be prescribed.
 - (3) The regulations may include provision—
 - (a) as to the calculation of the amount of any compensation payment;
 - (b) for any compensation payment to be made in instalments or as a lump sum;
 - (c) as to the manner in which any compensation payment is to be made;
 - (d) for a compensation payment which would otherwise be made under the regulations not to be made if the amount of the payment would be less than the prescribed minimum.
- (4) The Department may by order provide that, for the purposes of specified provisions of the Social Security Administration (Northern Ireland) Act 1992(10), a compensation payment is to be treated as if it were a payment of a benefit (as defined by section 167(1) of that Act) or of a benefit of a prescribed kind.

Payment of benefit where maintenance payments collected by the Department

18. In the Social Security Administration (Northern Ireland) Act 1992, after section 72 (income support and other payments), there shall be inserted—

"Payment of benefit where maintenance payments collected by Department.

- **72A.**—(1) This section applies where—
 - (a) a person ("the claimant") is entitled to a benefit to which this section applies;
 - (b) the Department is collecting periodical payments of child or spousal maintenance made in respect of the claimant or a member of the claimant's family; and
 - (c) the inclusion of any such periodical payment in the claimant's relevant income would, apart from this section, have the effect of reducing the amount of the benefit to which the claimant is entitled.
- (2) The Department may, to such extent as it considers appropriate, treat any such periodical payment as not being relevant income for the purposes of calculating the amount of benefit to which the claimant is entitled.
- (3) The Department may, to the extent that any periodical payment collected by it is treated as not being relevant income for those purposes, retain the whole or any part of that payment.
- (4) Any sum retained by the Department under subsection (3) shall be paid by the Department into the Consolidated Fund.
 - (5) In this section—
 - "child" means a person under the age of 16.
 - "child maintenance", "spousal maintenance" and "relevant income" have such meaning as may be prescribed;
 - "family" means-
 - (a) a married or unmarried couple;
 - (b) a married or unmarried couple and a member of the same household for whom one of them is, or both are, responsible and who is a child or a person of a prescribed description;
 - (c) except in prescribed circumstances, a person who is not a member of a married or unmarried couple and a member of the same household for whom that person is responsible and who is a child or a person of a prescribed description;
 - "married couple" means a man and woman who are married to each other and are members of the same household; and
 - "unmarried couple" means a man and woman who are not married to each other but are living together as husband and wife otherwise than in prescribed circumstances.
- (6) For the purposes of this section, the Department may by regulations make provision as to the circumstances in which—
 - (a) persons are to be treated as being or not being members of the same household;
 - (b) one person is to be treated as responsible or not responsible for another.
- (7) The benefits to which this section applies are income support, an income-based jobseeker's allowance and such other benefits (if any) as may be prescribed."

Supplemental

Regulations and orders

19.—(1) Any power under this Order to make regulations or orders includes power—

- (a) to make such incidental, supplemental, consequential or transitional provision as appears to the Department to be expedient; and
- (b) to provide for a person to exercise a discretion in dealing with any matter.
- (2) Paragraph (3) applies to—
 - (a) the first regulations made under Article 4;
 - (b) any order made under Article 12(4);
 - (c) the first regulations made under Article 17.
- (3) A statutory rule to which this paragraph applies shall be laid before the Assembly after being made and shall take effect on such date as may be specified in the regulations, but shall (without prejudice to the validity of anything done thereunder or the making of new regulations) cease to have effect upon the expiration of a period of 6 months from that date unless at some time before the expiration of that period the regulations have been approved by a resolution of the Assembly.
- (4) Any other statutory rule made under this Order, other than an order made under Article 1(3), shall be subject to negative resolution.

Co-ordination with Great Britain

- **20.**—(1) The Department may make arrangements with the Secretary of State with a view to securing, to the extent allowed for in the arrangements, that—
 - (a) the provision made by or under Articles 4 and 17 ("the provision made for Northern Ireland"); and
 - (b) the provision made by or under sections 10 and 24 of the Child Support Act 1995(11) ("the provision made for Great Britain"),

provide for a single system within the United Kingdom.

- (2) The Department may make regulations for giving effect to any such arrangements.
- (3) The regulations may, in particular—
 - (a) adapt legislation (including subordinate legislation) for the time being in force in Northern Ireland so as to secure its reciprocal operation with the provision made for Great Britain; and
 - (b) make provision to secure that acts, omissions and events which have any effect for the purposes of the provision made for Great Britain have a corresponding effect for the purposes of the provision made for Northern Ireland.

Minor and consequential amendments

21. Schedule 3, which makes minor and consequential amendments, shall have effect.

N. H. Nicholls Clerk of the Privy Council

SCHEDULES

SCHEDULE 1

Article 3(2).

Departure Directions

The following Schedule shall be inserted in the Order of 1991, after Schedule 4—

"Schedule 4A

Departure Directions

Interpretation

- 1. In this Schedule—
 - "departure application" means an application for a departure direction;
 - "regulations" means regulations made by the Department;
 - "review" means a review under Article 18, 19, 20 or 21.

Applications for departure directions

- 2. Regulations may make provision—
 - (a) as to the procedure to be followed in considering a departure application;
 - (b) as to the procedure to be followed when a departure application is referred to a child support appeal tribunal under Article 28D(1)(b);
 - (c) for the giving of a direction by the Department as to the order in which, in a particular case, a departure application and a review are to be dealt with;
 - (d) for the reconsideration of a departure application in a case where further information becomes available to the Department after the application has been determined.

Completion of preliminary consideration

3. Regulations may provide for determining when the preliminary consideration of a departure application is to be taken to have been completed.

Information

- **4.**—(1) Regulations may make provision for the use for any purpose of this Order of—
 - (a) information acquired by the Department in connection with an application for, or the making of, a departure direction;
 - (b) information acquired by a child support officer or the Department in connection with an application for, or the making of, a maintenance assessment.
- (2) If any information which is required (by regulations under this Order) to be furnished to the Department in connection with a departure application has not been furnished within such period as may be prescribed, the Department may nevertheless proceed to determine the application.

Anticipation of change of circumstances

- **5.**—(1) A departure direction may be given so as to provide that if the circumstances of the case change in such manner as may be specified in the direction a fresh maintenance assessment is to be made
- (2) Where any such provision is made, the departure direction may provide for the basis on which the amount of child support maintenance is to be fixed by the fresh maintenance assessment to differ from the basis on which the amount of child support maintenance was fixed by any earlier maintenance assessment made as a result of the direction.

Reviews and departure directions

- **6.** Regulations may make provision—
 - (a) with respect to cases in which a child support officer is conducting a review of a maintenance assessment which was made as a result of a departure direction;
 - (b) with respect to cases in which a departure direction is made at a time when a child support officer is conducting a review.

Subsequent departure directions

- 7.—(1) Regulations may make provision with respect to any departure application made with respect to a maintenance assessment which was made as a result of a departure direction.
- (2) The regulations may, in particular, provide for the application to be considered by reference to the maintenance assessment which would have been made had the departure direction not been given.

Joint consideration of departure applications and appeals

- **8.**—(1) Regulations may provide for two or more departure applications with respect to the same current assessment to be considered together.
 - (2) A child support appeal tribunal considering—
 - (a) a departure application referred to it under Article 28D(1)(b), or
 - (b) an appeal under Article 28H,

may consider it at the same time as hearing an appeal under Article 22 in respect of the current assessment, if it considers that to be appropriate.

Child support appeal tribunals

- 9.—(1) Regulations may provide that, in prescribed circumstances, where—
 - (a) a departure application is referred to a child support appeal tribunal under Article 28D(1) (b), or
 - (b) an appeal is brought under Article 28H,

the application or appeal may be dealt with by a tribunal constituted by the chairman sitting alone.

(2) Sub-paragraph (1) does not apply in relation to any appeal which is being heard together with an appeal under Article 22.

Current assessments which are replaced by fresh assessments

10. Regulations may make provision as to the circumstances in which prescribed references in this Order to a current assessment are to have effect as if they were references to any later maintenance assessment made with respect to the same persons as the current assessment."

SCHEDULE 2

Article 3(3).

Departure Directions: The Cases and Controls
The following Schedule shall be inserted in the Order of 1991, after Schedule 4A—

"Schedule 4B

Departure Directions: The Cases and Controls

Part I

The Cases

General

- 1.—(1) The cases in which a departure direction may be given are those set out in this Part or in regulations made under this Part.
- (2) In this Schedule "applicant" means the person whose application for a departure direction is being considered.

Special expenses

- **2.**—(1) A departure direction may be given with respect to special expenses of the applicant which were not, and could not have been, taken into account in determining the current assessment in accordance with the provisions of, or made under, Part I of Schedule 1.
- (2) In this paragraph "special expenses" means the whole, or any prescribed part, of expenses which fall within a prescribed description of expenses.
- (3) In prescribing descriptions of expenses for the purposes of this paragraph, the Department may, in particular, make provision with respect to—
 - (a) costs incurred in travelling to work;
 - (b) costs incurred by an absent parent in maintaining contact with the child, or with any of the children, with respect to whom he is liable to pay child support maintenance under the current assessment;
 - (c) costs attributable to a long-term illness or disability of the applicant or of a dependant of the applicant;
 - (d) debts incurred, before the absent parent became an absent parent in relation to a child with respect to whom the current assessment was made—
 - (i) for the joint benefit of both parents;
 - (ii) for the benefit of any child with respect to whom the current assessment was made; or
 - (iii) for the benefit of any other child falling within a prescribed category;

- (e) pre-1993 financial commitments from which it is impossible for the parent concerned to withdraw or from which it would be unreasonable to expect that parent to have to withdraw;
- (f) costs incurred by a parent in supporting a child who is not his child but who is part of his family.
- (4) For the purposes of sub-paragraph (3)(c)—
 - (a) the question whether one person is a dependant of another shall be determined in accordance with regulations made by the Department;
 - (b) "disability" and "illness" have such meaning as may be prescribed; and
 - (c) the question whether an illness or disability is long-term shall be determined in accordance with regulations made by the Department.
- (5) For the purposes of sub-paragraph (3)(e), "pre-1993 financial commitments" means financial commitments of a prescribed kind entered into before 5th April 1993 in any case where—
 - (a) a court order of a prescribed kind was in forced with respect to the absent parent and the person with care concerned at the time when they were entered into; or
 - (b) an agreement between them of a prescribed kind was in force at that time.
- (6) For the purposes of sub-paragraph (3)(f), a child who is not the child of a particular person is a part of that person's family in such circumstances as may be prescribed.

Property or capital transfers

- 3.—(1) A departure direction may be given if—
 - (a) before 5th April 1993—
 - (i) a court order of a prescribed kind was in force with respect to the absent parent and either the person with care with respect to whom the current assessment was made or the child, or any of the children, with respect to whom that assessment was made; or
 - (ii) an agreement of a prescribed kind between the absent parent and any of those persons was in force;
 - (b) in consequence of one or more transfers of property of a prescribed kind—
 - (i) the amount payable by the absent parent by way of maintenance was less then would have been the case had that transfer or those transfers not been made; or
 - (ii) no amount was payable by the absent parent by way of maintenance; and
 - (c) the effect of that transfer, or those transfers, is not properly reflected in the current assessment.
- (2) For the purposes of sub-paragraph (1)(b), "maintenance" means periodical payments of maintenance made (otherwise than under this Order) with respect to the child, or any of the children, with respect to whom the current assessment was made.
- (3) For the purposes of sub-paragraph (1)(c), the question whether the effect of one or more transfers of property is properly reflected in the current assessment shall be determined in accordance with regulations made by the Department.
 - 4.—(1) A departure direction may be given if—
 - (a) before 5th April 1993—
 - (i) a court order of a prescribed kind was in force with respect to the absent parent and either the person with care with respect to whom the current assessment was made or the child, or any of the children, with respect to whom that assessment was made, or

- (ii) an agreement of a prescribed kind between the absent parent and any of those persons was in force;
- (b) in pursuance of the court order or agreement, the absent parent has made one or more transfers of property of a prescribed kind;
- (c) the amount payable by the absent parent by way of maintenance was not reduced as a result of that transfer or those transfers;
- (d) the amount payable by the absent parent by way of child support maintenance under the current assessment has been reduced as a result of that transfer or those transfers, in accordance with provisions of or made under this Order; and
- (e) it is nevertheless inappropriate, having regard to the purposes for which the transfer or transfers was or were made, for that reduction to have been made.
- (2) For the purposes of sub-paragraph (1)(c), "maintenance" means periodical payments of maintenance made (otherwise than under this Order) with respect to the child, or any of the children, with respect to whom the current assessment was made.

Additional cases

- **5.**—(1) The Department may by regulations prescribe other cases in which a departure may be given.
- (2) Regulations under this paragraph may, for example, make provision with respect to cases where—
 - (a) assets which do not produce income are capable of producing income;
 - (b) a person's life-style is inconsistent with the level of his income;
 - (c) housing costs are unreasonably high;
 - (d) housing costs are in part attributable to housing persons whose circumstances are such as to justify disregarding a part of those costs;
 - (e) travel costs are unreasonably high; or
 - (f) travel costs should be disregarded.

Part II

Regulatory Controls

- **6.**—(1) The Department may by regulations make provision with respect to the directions which may be given in a departure direction.
 - (2) No directions may be given other than those which are permitted by the regulations.
- (3) Regulations under this paragraph may, in particular, make provision for a departure direction to require—
 - (a) the substitution, for any formula set out in Part I of Schedule 1, of such other formula as may be prescribed;
 - (b) any prescribed amount by reference to which any calculation is to be made in fixing the amount of child support maintenance to be increased or reduced in accordance with the regulations;
 - (c) the substitution, for any provision in accordance with which any such calculation is to be made, of such other provision as may be prescribed.

- (4) Regulations may limit the extent to which the amount of the child support maintenance fixed by a maintenance assessment made as a result of a departure direction may differ from the amount of the child support maintenance which would be fixed by a maintenance assessment made otherwise than as a result of the direction.
- (5) Regulations may provide for the amount of any special expenses to be taken into account in a case falling within paragraph 2, for the purposes of a departure direction, not to exceed such amount as may be prescribed or as may be determined in accordance with the regulations.
- (6) No departure direction may be given so as to have the effect of denying to an absent parent the protection of paragraph 6 of Schedule 1.
- (7) Sub-paragraph (6) does not prevent the modification of the provisions of, or made under, paragraph 6 of Schedule 1 to the extent permitted by regulations under this paragraph.
- (8) Any regulations under this paragraph may make different provision with respect to different levels of income."

SCHEDULE 3

Minor and Consequential Amendments

Child Support (Northern Ireland) Order 1991 (NI 23)

- 1. The Order of 1991 shall be amended as follows.
- 2. In Article 2(2) (interpretation)—
 - (a) insert the following definitions in the appropriate places—
 - ""application for a departure direction" means an application under Article 28A;
 - "current assessment", in relation to an application for a departure direction, means (subject to any regulations made under paragraph 10 of Schedule 4A) the maintenance assessment with respect to which the application is made;
 - "departure direction" has the meaning given in Article 28A; and
 - "parent with care" means a person who is, in relation to a child, both a parent and a person with care;"; and
 - (b) in the definition of "benefit Acts" for "Social Security (Northern Ireland) Acts 1975 to 1991" substitute "Social Security Contributions and Benefits (Northern Ireland) Act 1992 and the Social Security Administration (Northern Ireland) Act 1992".
- 3.—(1) In Article 16 (information required by the Department), after paragraph (1) insert—
 - "(1A) Regulations under paragraph (1) may make provision for notifying any person who is required to furnish any information or evidence under the regulations of the possible consequences of failing to do so."
- (2) In Article 16, after paragraph (2) insert—
 - "(2A) Where the Department has in its possession any information acquired by it in connection with its functions under this Order, it may—
 - (a) make use of that information for purposes of any of the benefit Acts or of the Jobseekers (Northern Ireland) Order 1995; or

- (b) disclose it to the Secretary of State for purposes of any enactment corresponding to any of those Acts or to that Order, and having effect with respect to Great Britain."
- 4. In Article 20 (review of decisions by child support officers), after paragraph (6)(b) insert "or".
- 5. In Article 22 (appeals to child support appeal tribunals), after paragraph (2) insert—
 - "(2A) A tribunal hearing an appeal under this Article may, at the request of any party to the appeal, take into account—
 - (a) any later maintenance assessment made with respect to the same parties;
 - (b) any change in the circumstances of the case."
- **6.** In Article 23 (1) (functions of child support appeal tribunals), add at the end "and have such other functions as are conferred by this Order".
 - 7.—(1) Article 25 (appeal to Child Support Commissioner) shall be amended as follows.
 - (2) After paragraph (1) insert—
 - "(1A) The Department may appeal to a Child Support Commissioner on question of law in relation to any decision of a child support appeal tribunal made in connection with an application for a departure direction."
 - (3) In paragraph (3), for sub-paragraph (c) substitute—
 - "(c) on an appeal by the Department, refer the case to a child support appeal tribunal with directions for its determination; or
 - (d) on any other appeal, refer the case to a child support officer or, if he considers it appropriate, to a child support appeal tribunal with directions for its determination."
- **8.** In Article 30 (collection and enforcement of maintenance payments other than child support maintenance), at the end add—
 - "(4A) Regulations made under paragraph (1) or (2) prescribing payments which may be collected by the Department may make provision for the payment to the Department by such person or persons as may be prescribed of such fees as may be prescribed."
- **9.** In Article 38 (retention by Department of arrears recovered by it in benefit cases) for paragraph (2) substitute—
 - "(2) Where the Department recovers any such arrears it may, in such circumstances as may be prescribed and to such extent as may be prescribed, retain them if it is satisfied that the amount of any benefit paid to or in respect of the person with care of the child or children in question would have been less had the absent parent made the payment or payments of child support maintenance in question.
 - (2A) In determining for the purposes of paragraph (2) whether the amount of any benefit paid would have been less at any time than the amount which was paid at that time, in a case where the maintenance assessment had effect from a date earlier than that on which it was made, the assessment shall be taken to have been in force at that time."
- **10.** In Article 43(5) (circumstances in which a child support officer may give a reduced benefit direction), after "may" insert ", except in prescribed circumstances,".
 - 11. In Article 44 (fees), in paragraph (1) after "takes" insert ", or proposes to take,".
- **12.** In Article 45 (conduct of proceedings), for "person authorised" substitute "officers of the Department who is authorised".
 - 13. In Article 48(2) (statutory rules subject to confirmatory procedure)—

- (a) after "14(2)," insert "28C(2)(b), 28F(3), 30(4A)";
- (b) after "or (4)" insert "38A 38B(6)"; and
- (c) after "Schedule 1" insert "or under Schedule 4B".
- 14. In paragraph 2 of Schedule 3 (constitution of child support appeal tribunals), add at the end—
 "(4) This paragraph is subject to the provisions of any regulations made under paragraph
 9 of Schedule 4A."
- 15. In Schedule 4 (matters concerning Child Support Commissioners), after paragraph 3 insert—

"Expenses of persons required to attend proceedings

- **3A.**—(1) The Lord Chancellor may pay to any person required to attend at any proceedings before a Child Support Commissioner such travelling and other allowances as, with the consent of the Treasury, he may determine.
- (2) In sub-paragraph (1), references to travelling and other allowances include references to compensation for loss of remunerative time.
- (3) No compensation for loss of remunerative time shall be paid to any person under this paragraph in respect of any time during which he is in receipt of other remuneration so paid."

Social Security Administration (Northern Ireland) Act 1992 (c. 8)

- **16.** In section 149(5) of the Social Security Administration (Northern Ireland) Act 1992 (functions of the Social Security Advisory Committee in relation to legislation and regulations) in the definition of "the relevant enactments", after paragraph (aa) insert—
 - "(ab) Article 4 of the Child Support (Northern Ireland) Order 1995;".

Children (Northern Ireland) Order 1995 (NI 2)

17. In Schedule 9 to the Children (Northern Ireland) Order 1995 (amendments), in paragraph 182(a) for "paragraph (1)" substitute "paragraph (1A)".

EXPLANATORY NOTE

(This note is not part of the Order)

This Order is made only for purposes corresponding to those of the Child Support Act 1995. The Order amends the Child Support (Northern Ireland) Order 1991 ("the Order of 1991") to improve the provision for the assessment, collection and enforcement of payments of child support maintenance. It introduces a system of departure directions which will allow the amount of child support maintenance payable by an absent parent to be varied in a small minority of cases (Article 3).

Provisions is also made for—

(a) a child maintenance bonus to be payable to certain persons who have been receiving child maintenance while in receipt of income support or jobseeker's allowance (Article 4);

Status: This is the original version (as it was originally made).

- (b) improving the review and appeal procedures in the Order of 1991 (Articles 5 to 11);
- (c) deferring the application of the Order of 1991 in certain cases (Article 12);
- (d) refining the process for determining the parentage of children (Article 15); and
- (e) compensating those persons with care on family credit or disability working allowance whose income is reduced as a result of changes in the child support legislation (Article 17).