

2011 CHAPTER 9

Dog licences

Exemptions

- **1.**—(1) Article 5 of the Dogs Order (exemptions) is amended as follows.
- (2) For paragraph (b) substitute—
 - "(b) a dog kept and used by a disabled person (within the meaning of the Disability Discrimination Act 1995 (c. 50)) wholly or mainly for the purpose of assisting that person to carry out normal day-to-day activities;".

Microchipping

- 2.—(1) In Article 6 of the Dogs Order (issue of dog licences) at the end add—
 - "(7) A district council shall not—
 - (a) issue a dog licence in respect of a dog, or
 - (b) issue a transfer certificate in respect of a new dog,

unless that dog has been microchipped; and any licence or transfer certificate purporting to be issued in respect of a dog which has not been microchipped is void.

- (8) For the purposes of paragraph (7) a dog is microchipped if (and only if)—
 - (a) a microchip has been implanted in the dog before the coming into operation of section 2(1) of the Dogs (Amendment) Act (Northern Ireland) 2011; or

- (b) a microchip is implanted in the dog in accordance with regulations under Article 31(1)(f).
- (9) Paragraph (7) does not apply if the keeper of the dog produces to the council a certificate signed by a veterinary surgeon to the effect that implantation (or continued implantation) of a microchip in the dog would have an adverse effect on the health of the dog."
- (2) In Article 31(1) of the Dogs Order (regulations with respect to dogs) after sub-paragraph (e) insert—
 - "(f) prescribe and regulate the microchipping of dogs and regulate the reading of any microchip implanted in a dog.".
 - (3) In Article 31 of the Dogs Order after paragraph (1) insert—
 - "(1A) Regulations under paragraph (1)(f) may in particular provide—
 - (a) for the use of microchipping as a means of—
 - (i) identification of a dog and its keeper;
 - (ii) licence identification;
 - (b) for conferring powers on officers in connection with such identification;
 - (c) that a dog is microchipped for the purposes of Article 6(7) if (and only if)—
 - (i) the microchip is of a prescribed class or description or of a class or description approved by a prescribed body or person;
 - (ii) the microchip is implanted in the dog by a person of a prescribed class or description;
 - (iii) any prescribed conditions in relation to the keeping and making available to councils of information in connection with the use of the microchip as mentioned in subparagraph (a) are satisfied; and
 - (iv) any other prescribed conditions are satisfied.".

Licensing of dangerous dogs

- **3.**—(1) Article 6 of the Dogs Order (issue of dog licences) is amended as follows.
 - (2) After paragraph (9) (inserted by section 2) insert—
 - "(10) A district council shall not—
 - (a) issue a dog licence in respect of a dog to which Article 25A applies, or
 - (b) issue a transfer certificate in respect of such a dog, unless the dog is exempted from the prohibition in Article 25A(3).".

Fees

4.—(1) For Article 7 of the Dogs Order substitute—

"Fees for dog licences

- 7.—(1) On the issue of a dog licence, the person to whom the licence is issued must pay the appropriate fee.
 - (2) Paragraph (1) does not apply to—
 - (a) a licence issued to a person over the age of 65 in respect of the first or only dog kept by that person;
 - (b) a licence issued to any prescribed person or in any prescribed circumstances.
 - (3) The appropriate fee is £5 in the case of—
 - (a) a licence issued to a person over the age of 65, other than a licence falling within paragraph (2)(a);
 - (b) a licence issued to a person in receipt of an income-related benefit (within the meaning of the Social Security Administration (Northern Ireland) Act (Northern Ireland) 1992 (c. 8)) at the time of the application for the licence;
 - (c) a licence issued in respect of a sterilised dog.
 - (4) In any other case the appropriate fee is £12.50.
- (5) Paragraphs (2) and (3) do not apply in the case of a licence issued in respect of a dog to which Article 25A applies (and accordingly in the case of such a licence the appropriate fee is that mentioned in paragraph (4)).
- (6) The Department may by order made with the consent of the Department of Finance and Personnel amend a sum for the time being specified in paragraph (3) or (4).
- (7) An order under paragraph (6) shall not be made unless the Department has consulted such organisations as appear to the Department to be representative of interests substantially affected by the order.
 - (8) Where within 30 days from the date of the issue of a dog licence—
 - (a) the holder of the licence does not take possession of a dog, or
 - (b) the holder takes possession of a dog but subsequently disposes of the dog, or
 - (c) the dog dies,

the holder of the licence may apply to the district council by which the licence was issued for a refund of the sum paid on the issue of the licence.

(9) An application for a refund under paragraph (8) shall be in the prescribed form.".

Status: This is the original version (as it was originally enacted).

(2) In Article 8(4) of the Dogs Order (fee for block licence) for "£12.50" substitute "£32".