

# Criminal Justice and Licensing (Scotland) Act 2010 2010 asp 13

# PART 2

### CRIMINAL LAW

#### Stalking

#### **39** Offence of stalking

- (1) A person ("A") commits an offence, to be known as the offence of stalking, where A stalks another person ("B").
- (2) For the purposes of subsection (1), A stalks B where—
  - (a) A engages in a course of conduct,
  - (b) subsection (3) or (4) applies, and
  - (c) A's course of conduct causes B to suffer fear or alarm.
- (3) This subsection applies where A engages in the course of conduct with the intention of causing B to suffer fear or alarm.
- (4) This subsection applies where A knows, or ought in all the circumstances to have known, that engaging in the course of conduct would be likely to cause B to suffer fear or alarm.
- (5) It is a defence for a person charged with an offence under this section to show that the course of conduct—
  - (a) was authorised by virtue of any enactment or rule of law,
  - (b) was engaged in for the purpose of preventing or detecting crime, or
  - (c) was, in the particular circumstances, reasonable.
- (6) In this section—

"conduct" means-

- (a) following B or any other person,
- (b) contacting, or attempting to contact, B or any other person by any means,

**Changes to legislation:** There are currently no known outstanding effects for the Criminal Justice and Licensing (Scotland) Act 2010, Section 39. (See end of Document for details)

- (c) publishing any statement or other material—
  - (i) relating or purporting to relate to B or to any other person,
  - (ii) purporting to originate from B or from any other person,
- (d) monitoring the use by B or by any other person of the internet, email or any other form of electronic communication,
- (e) entering any premises,
- (f) loitering in any place (whether public or private),
- (g) interfering with any property in the possession of B or of any other person,
- (h) giving anything to B or to any other person or leaving anything where it may be found by, given to or brought to the attention of B or any other person,
- (i) watching or spying on B or any other person,
- (j) acting in any other way that a reasonable person would expect would cause B to suffer fear or alarm, and

"course of conduct" involves conduct on at least two occasions.

- (7) A person convicted of the offence of stalking is liable—
  - (a) on conviction on indictment, to imprisonment for a term not exceeding 5 years, or to a fine, or to both,
  - (b) on summary conviction, to imprisonment for a term not exceeding 12 months, or to a fine not exceeding the statutory maximum, or to both.
- (8) Subsection (9) applies where, in the trial of a person ("the accused") charged with the offence of stalking, the jury or, in summary proceedings, the court—
  - (a) is not satisfied that the accused committed the offence, but
  - (b) is satisfied that the accused committed an offence under section 38(1).
- (9) The jury or, as the case may be, the court may acquit the accused of the charge and, instead, find the accused guilty of an offence under section 38(1).

#### **Commencement Information**

II S. 39 in force at 13.12.2010 by S.S.I. 2010/413, art. 2, Sch.

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