



Aquaculture and Fisheries (Scotland) Act 2007

2007 asp 12

PART 2

GYRODACTYLUS SALARIS: CONTAINMENT AND TREATMENT

Containment and treatment: additional powers

15 **Creation of barriers to movement of fish, treatment of waters with chemical agents etc.**

After section 5 of the 1937 Act (duty to examine waters on demand of fishery board or occupier), insert—

“Gyrodactylus salaris: creation of barriers to movement of fish

- (1) The Scottish Ministers may arrange for the creation of barriers to the movement of fish in any inland waters in Scotland where they consider it appropriate to do so for either or both of the following purposes—
 - (a) to prevent the spread of the parasite *Gyrodactylus salaris*;
 - (b) to facilitate treatment with chemical agents with a view to eradicating the parasite from the waters concerned.
- (2) Where the Scottish Ministers arrange for the creation of a barrier in pursuance of subsection (1), they may arrange for the—
 - (a) maintenance;
 - (b) dismantling;
 - (c) removal,of the barrier.
- (3) If the Scottish Ministers are satisfied that it is appropriate to do so for the purpose of enabling them to exercise their power under subsection (1), they may purchase land in Scotland compulsorily.

Changes to legislation: There are currently no known outstanding effects for the *Aquaculture and Fisheries (Scotland) Act 2007*, Cross Heading: *Containment and treatment: additional powers*. (See end of Document for details)

- (4) In subsection (1), “inland waters” has the same meaning as in section 2ZB(6).

Gyrodactylus salaris: treatment of waters with chemical agents

- (1) The Scottish Ministers may, where they consider it appropriate to do so, arrange for the treatment with chemical agents of any waters mentioned in subsection (2) with a view to eradicating the parasite *Gyrodactylus salaris*.
- (2) The waters are any waters in an area designated by order under section 2 by virtue of the Scottish Ministers suspecting that they are or may become infected waters by reason of the presence of the parasite *Gyrodactylus salaris*.”

Commencement Information

II S. 15 in force at 1.8.2007 by [S.S.I. 2007/333](#), [art. 2\(1\)](#)

16 Clearance of certain fish farms

After section 5B of the 1937 Act (as inserted by section 15 above), insert—

“5C Clearance of certain fish farms

- (1) The Scottish Ministers may, where they consider it appropriate to do so, by notice in writing served on any person who carries on a business of fish farming in any inland or marine waters mentioned in subsection (2), impose any of the requirements mentioned in subsection (3).
- (2) The waters are any inland or marine waters in an area designated by order under section 2 by virtue of the Scottish Ministers suspecting that they are or may become infected waters by reason of the presence of the parasite *Gyrodactylus salaris*.
- (3) The requirements referred to in subsection (1) are—
- (a) the withdrawal of all fish from the waters of the farm;
 - (b) the draining, cleaning and disinfection of all pools and cages in the farm;
 - (c) the destruction of all—
 - (i) dead fish;
 - (ii) live fish withdrawn from the farm which show clinical signs of the disease known as gyrodactylosis caused by the parasite *Gyrodactylus salaris*;
 - (iii) live fish withdrawn from the farm which show signs of the presence of the parasite;
 - (d) the cleaning and disinfection or destruction of equipment, material or substances liable to be contaminated with the parasite;
 - (e) that the repopulation of the farm may take place only when the Scottish Ministers authorise it by notice in writing served on the person carrying on the business of the farm.
- (4) Any person who intentionally contravenes any requirement of a notice served on the person under subsection (1) is guilty of an offence.

Changes to legislation: There are currently no known outstanding effects for the Aquaculture and Fisheries (Scotland) Act 2007, Cross Heading: Containment and treatment: additional powers. (See end of Document for details)

5D Failure to comply with requirements of notice under section 5C(1): inspector's powers

- (1) If any person on whom notice under section 5C(1) is served fails to comply with any requirement of the notice, without prejudice to any proceedings in relation to such failure, an inspector may enter on the fish farm to which the notice relates and take or arrange the taking of such steps as appear to the inspector to be necessary to—
 - (a) ensure compliance with the requirement;
 - (b) remedy the consequences of a failure to comply.
- (2) An inspector acting under subsection (1) must, if required, produce evidence of the inspector's authority.
- (3) All reasonable costs of the exercise of an inspector's powers under subsection (1) are recoverable by the Scottish Ministers from the person on whom the notice under section 5C(1) was served.”.

Commencement Information

I2 S. 16 in force at 1.8.2007 by [S.S.I. 2007/333](#), [art. 2\(1\)](#)

17 Gyrodactylus salaris: Scottish Ministers' powers to take other measures

After section 5D of the 1937 Act (as inserted by section 16 above), insert—

“Gyrodactylus salaris: Scottish Ministers' powers to take other measures

- (1) The Scottish Ministers may take such other measures as they consider appropriate for the purpose of eradicating or preventing or limiting the spread of the parasite *Gyrodactylus salaris* in—
 - (a) inland waters in Scotland;
 - (b) marine waters adjacent to Scotland.
- (2) In subsection (1), “inland waters” and “marine waters adjacent to Scotland” have the same meanings as in section 2ZB(6).”.

Commencement Information

I3 S. 17 in force at 1.8.2007 by [S.S.I. 2007/333](#), [art. 2\(1\)](#)

18 Gyrodactylus salaris: Scottish Ministers' power to make payments

After section 5E of the 1937 Act (as inserted by section 17 above), insert—

“Gyrodactylus salaris: Scottish Ministers' power to make payments

- (1) The Scottish Ministers may, in accordance with a scheme made by them by order, make payments in respect of such matters, as may be specified by them

Changes to legislation: *There are currently no known outstanding effects for the Aquaculture and Fisheries (Scotland) Act 2007, Cross Heading: Containment and treatment: additional powers. (See end of Document for details)*

by order, in consequence of the exercise of their powers under section 5A, 5B, 5C or 5E.

- (2) But payments under subsection (1) may not be made in relation to fish destroyed in pursuance of the exercise of those powers.
- (3) An order under subsection (1) may, in particular, include provision—
 - (a) regulating applications for, and the method of payment of, any amount payable by virtue of this section;
 - (b) as to the amount payable and the basis on which those amounts are ascertained;
 - (c) as to conditions that must be met for payments to be made;
 - (d) as to circumstances where payments may not be made.
- (4) An order under subsection (1) may make different provision for different purposes.
- (5) An order under subsection (1) shall be made by statutory instrument, and no order shall be made unless a draft of the order has been laid before, and approved by resolution of, the Scottish Parliament.”

Commencement Information

14 S. 18 in force at 1.8.2007 by [S.S.I. 2007/333](#), [art. 2\(1\)](#)

Changes to legislation:

There are currently no known outstanding effects for the Aquaculture and Fisheries (Scotland) Act 2007, Cross Heading: Containment and treatment: additional powers.